



You make **possible**



# Cisco DNA Wireless Assurance

Isolate critical wireless problems for faster troubleshooting using the power of data

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**CISCO** *Live!*

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BRKEWN-2034

# Session Abstract

In this session you will get see various examples and workflow of Cisco DNA Assurance from a Wireless Use-cases perspective. It will cover all of the necessary steps to collect and correlate Wireless network operation information.

## This session focuses on:

- Wireless Network SLA Management using Health and Sensor Dashboards
- Wireless Client Troubleshooting – through Intelligent Capture
- Wireless Anomaly detection, Root cause and Trend Analysis – Cisco AI Network Analytics
- Network Device remediation – Cisco Machine Reasoning Engine

# Agenda

- Introducing Cisco DNA Assurance
- Key Use Cases for Wireless Network Troubleshooting
- New Innovations in Cisco DNA Assurance
- Cisco DNA Center Under the Hood
- Cisco DNA Center Assurance Deployment Best Practices
- Q&A



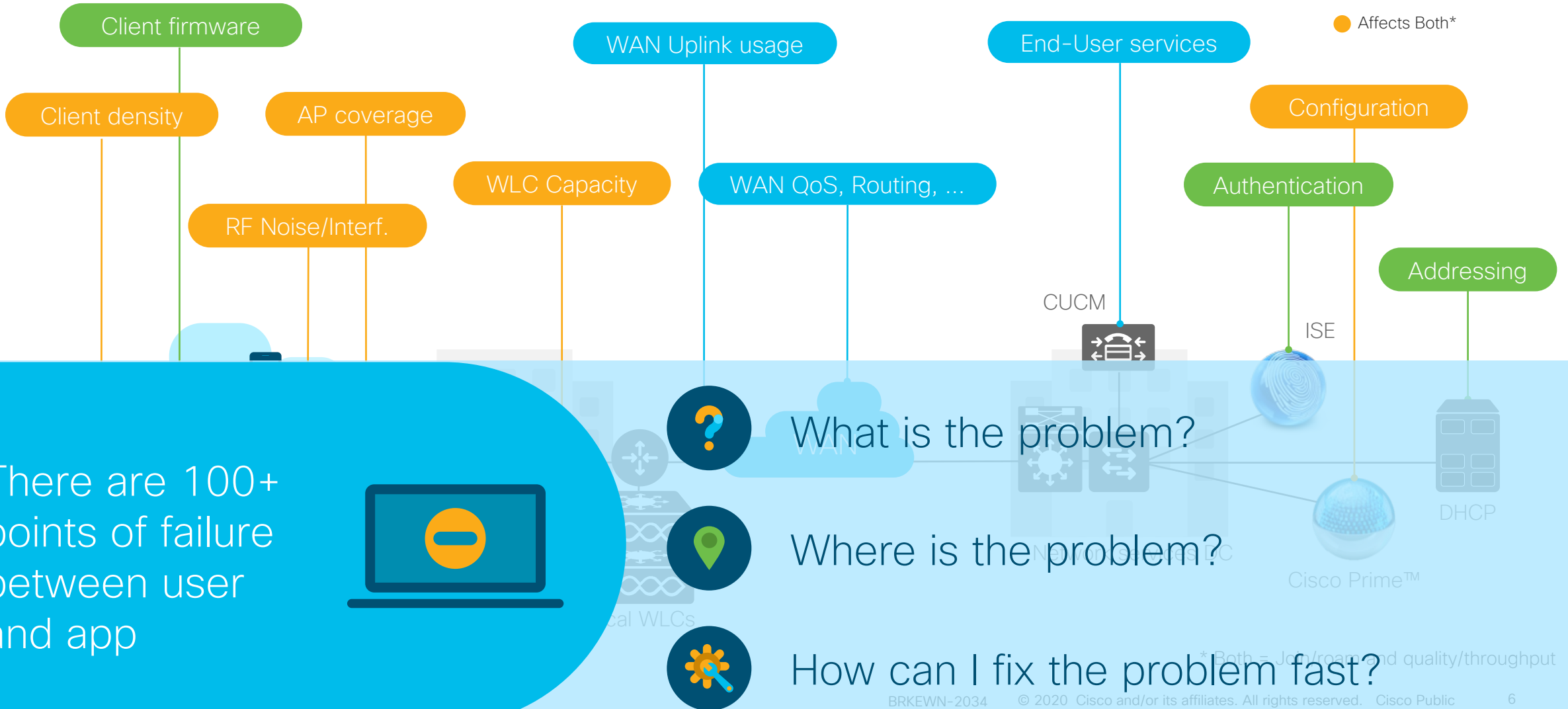
# Introducing Cisco DNA Assurance

Unlock the power of data using contextual analytics architecture

# Network Assurance is a complex, end-to-end problem

“Re: Wi-Fi is Slow” – What’s the root cause?

- Affects Join/Roam
- Affects Quality/Throughput
- Affects Both\*



# Humans Need Help

## The Power of Mass Production

The Industrial Revolution liberated humans from the limits of their **physical** capabilities



## The Power of Big Data

The Digital Revolution liberates humans from the limits of their **mental** capabilities



- **AI and ML**
- Contextualized Analytics
- Real-time Processing

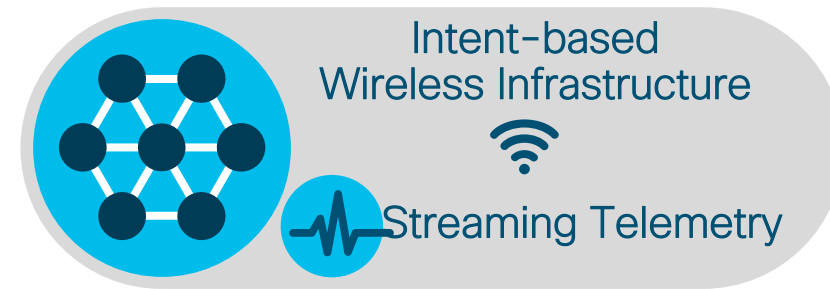
Intent-Based Networking

# Streaming Telemetry from Network Infrastructure provides right data with the right context

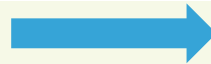
## Traditional Telemetry



## Streaming Telemetry

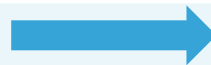


Pull based data import



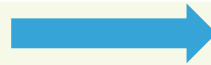
Push based data export

CPU overhead with data crawlers



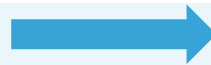
Low CPU overhead

Data intensive without optimizations



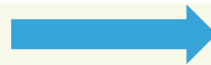
Optimized for Data export (KPI, Events)

No real time notification and false alarms



Notification send seconds after change

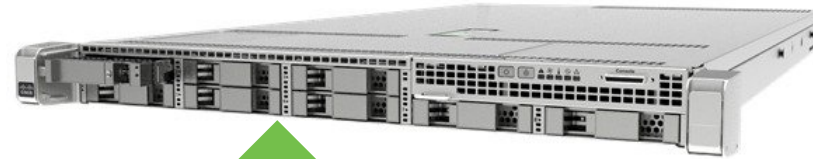
Min polling has too many black holes



Reduced delay in management data

# Wireless Streaming Telemetry Architecture Purpose-Built for Cisco DNA Center Assurance

Cisco DNA Center



gRPC/Protobuf

AP1/2/3/4800K/Catalyst 9K



- HTTP 2.0/gRPC based
- Anomaly Event, RF Stat, ICAP, Spectrum
- Scheduled and Automated

https/JWT

ME, WLC3504/5520/8540



- Supported from AireOS 8.5
- Real-Time client event
- 256 types of Client Onboard Events

TLS/TDL

Catalyst 9800 Series



- KPI Parity with AireOS
- Immediate Event Update
- Embedded Wireless in Cat9300

AP WSA/JWT

Active Sensor AP1800S



- HTTPS for Automation and reporting
- PnP-based Provisioning
- Fully Managed by DNAC

**cisco** *Live!*

# Wireless Assurance provide feature Parity between AireOS and IOS-XE based Controller



AireOS 8.5 or 8.8+

Use JWT – JSON Web Token



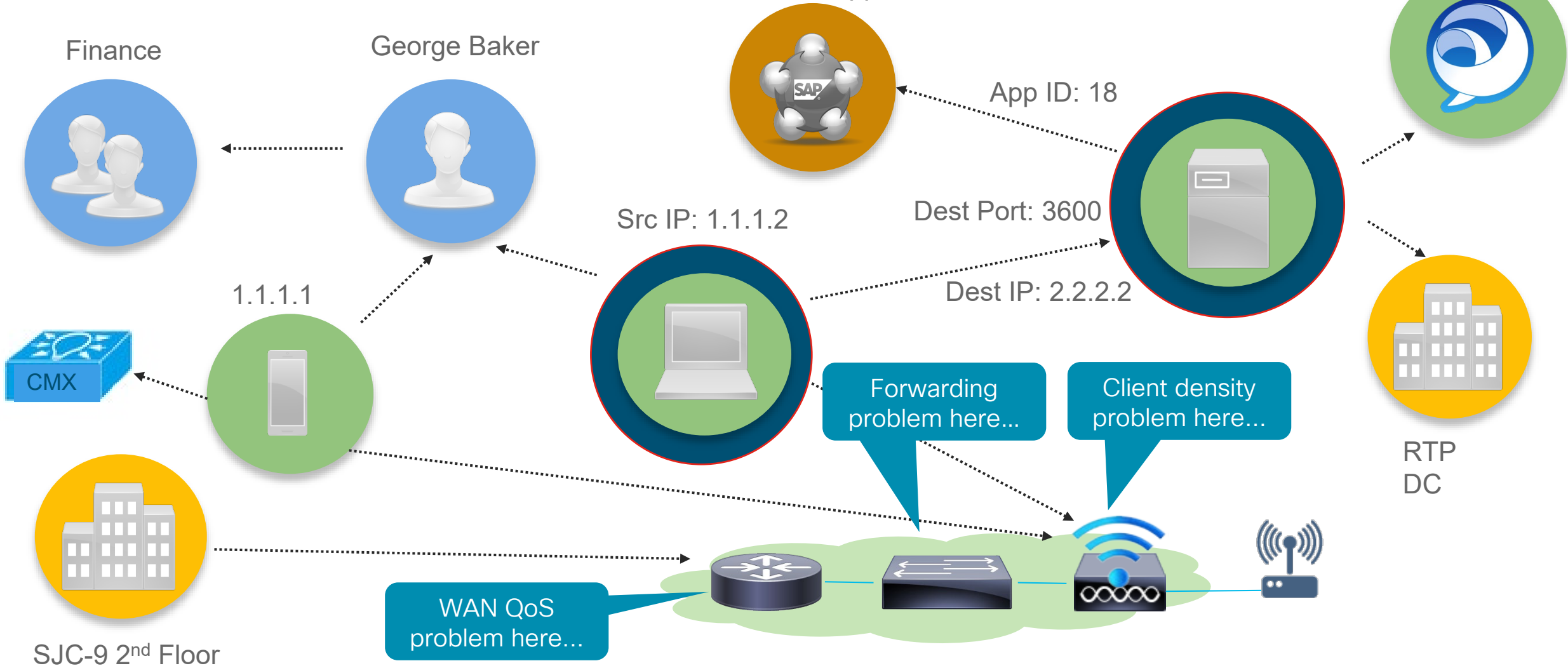
Catalyst 16.10.1 or later

Use TDL – Binary encoded, model-based JSON

# Putting all this data into context....

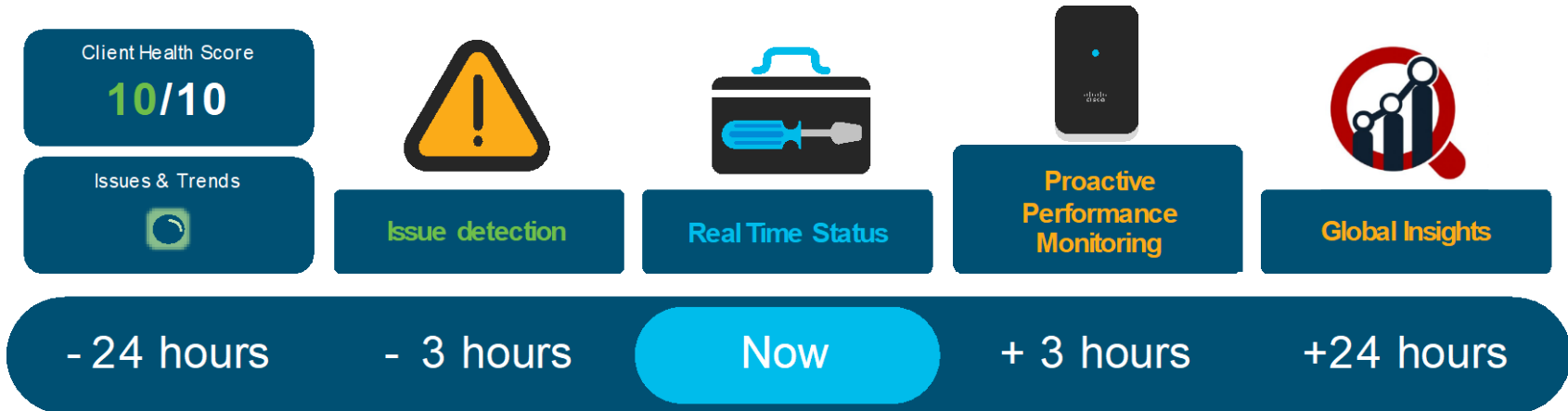
Big Data Processing

Business Applications




- Netflow
- AVC
- DDI
- ISE/Radius
- Topology
- CMX, DNAC
- Device
- Sensors

# Network Time Travel



 Unique Temporal Graph Technology captures network state information

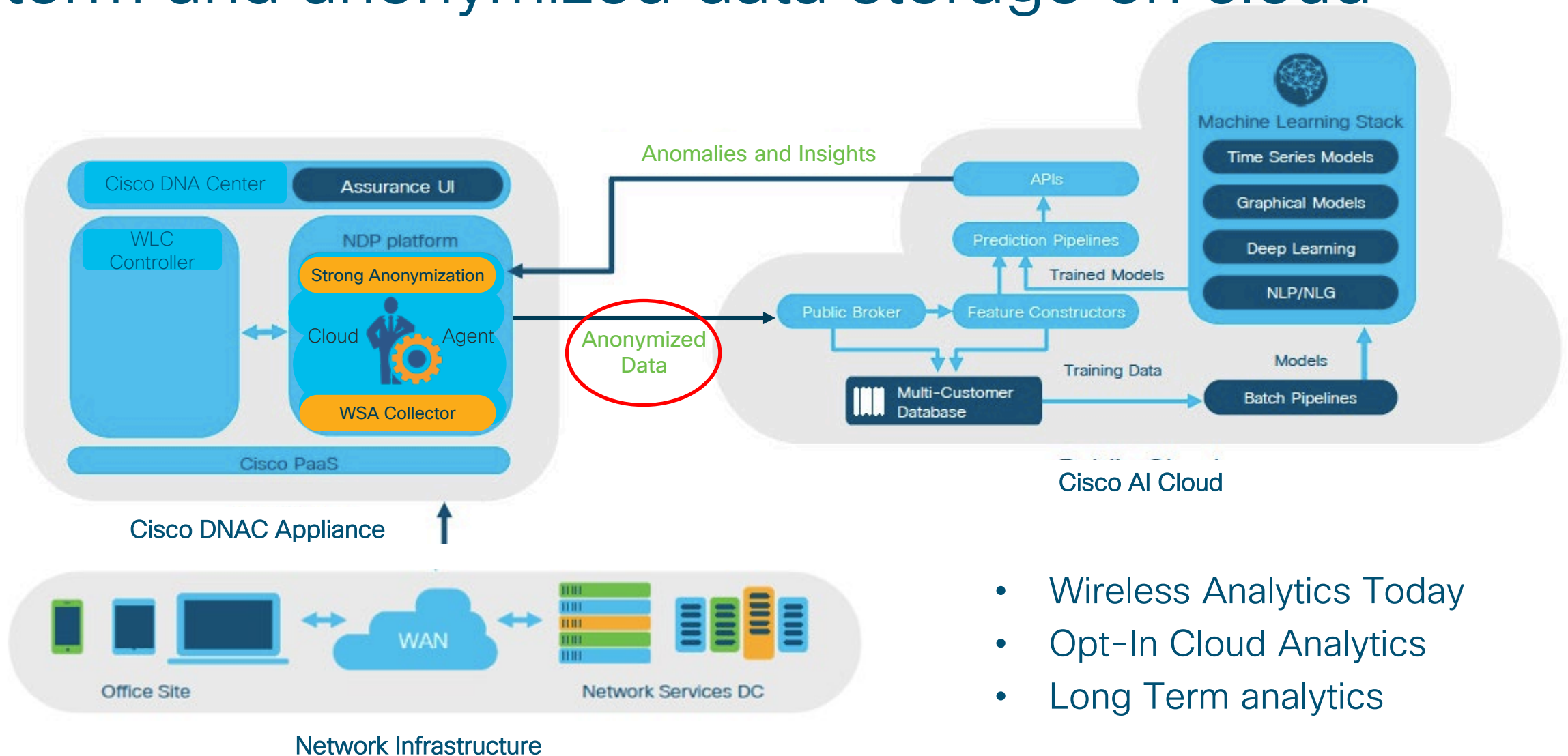
 Full contextual state stored for 14 days to allow time travel and recreate problem in data

 5.4B+ context aware search graph entries created every 24 hours

 Lowers Mean Time to Resolution and Increases end user productivity and experience



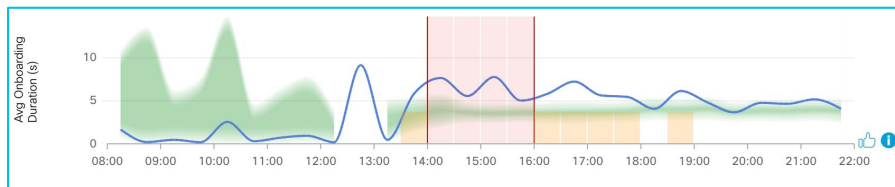
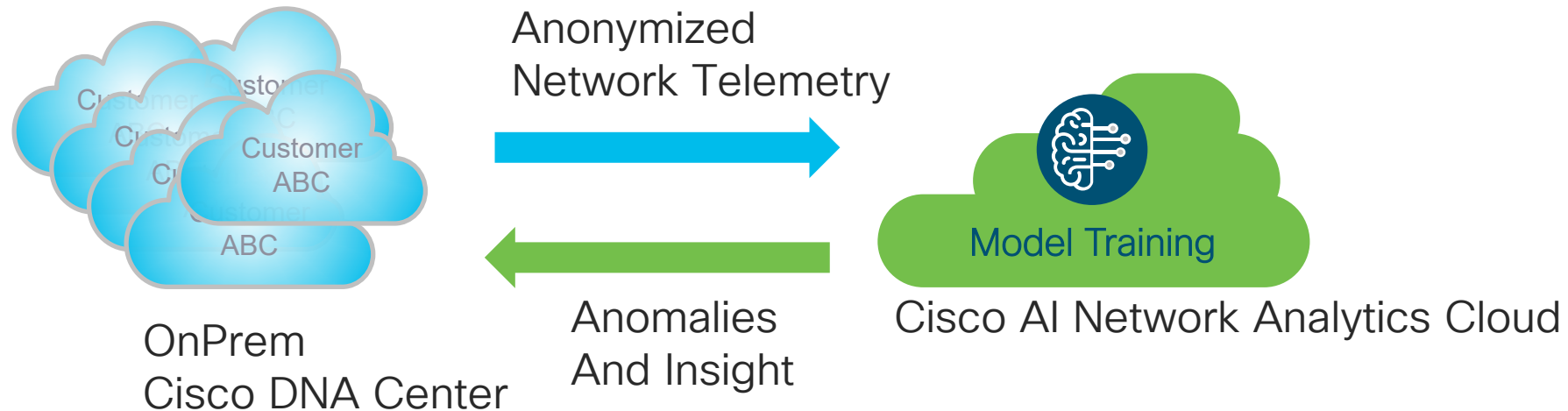
# Cisco AI Network Analytics powered by Long-term and anonymized data storage on cloud



- Wireless Analytics Today
- Opt-In Cloud Analytics
- Long Term analytics

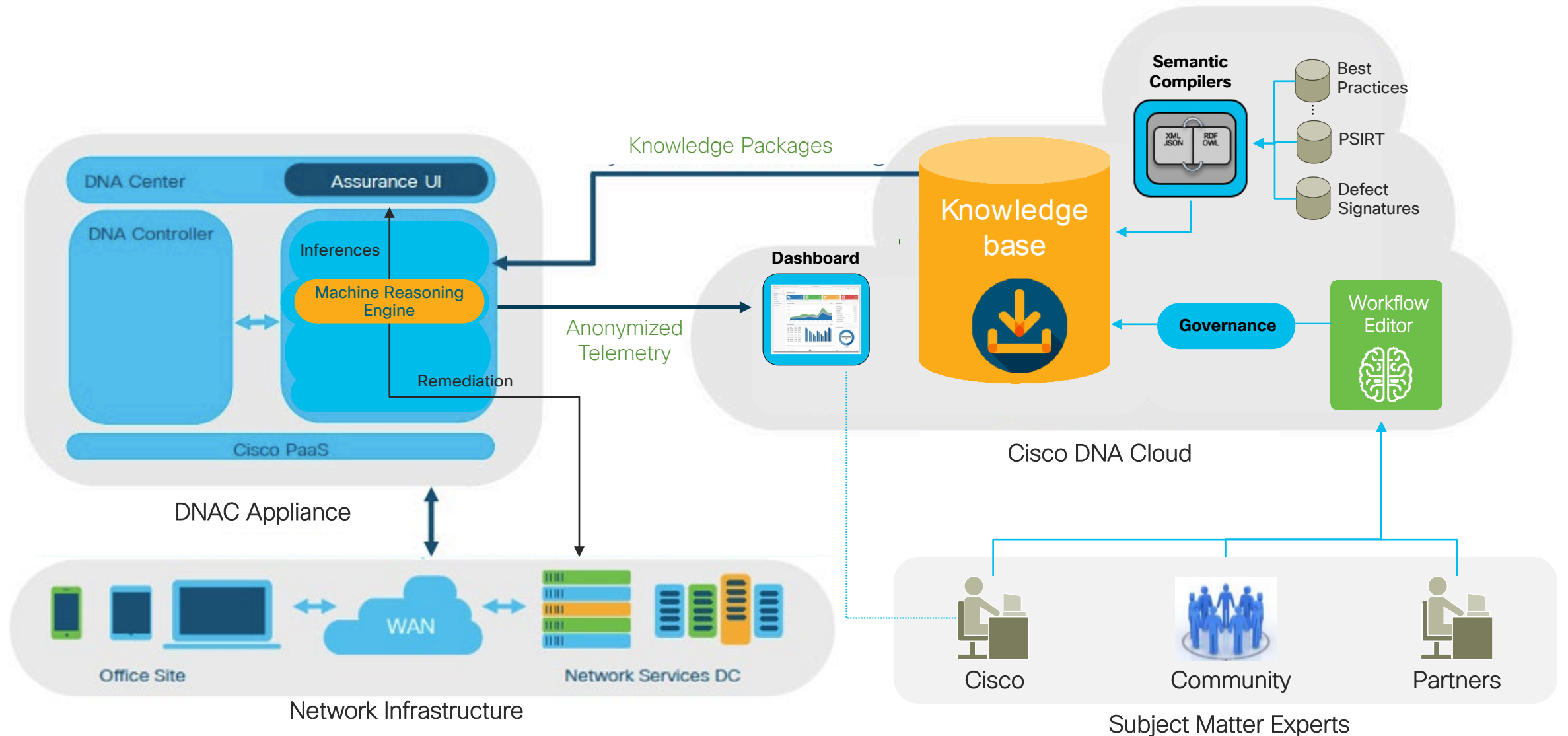
# Closed-loop Cloud-based AI/ML model

- Send Network Telemetry in anonymized, encrypted, compressed way

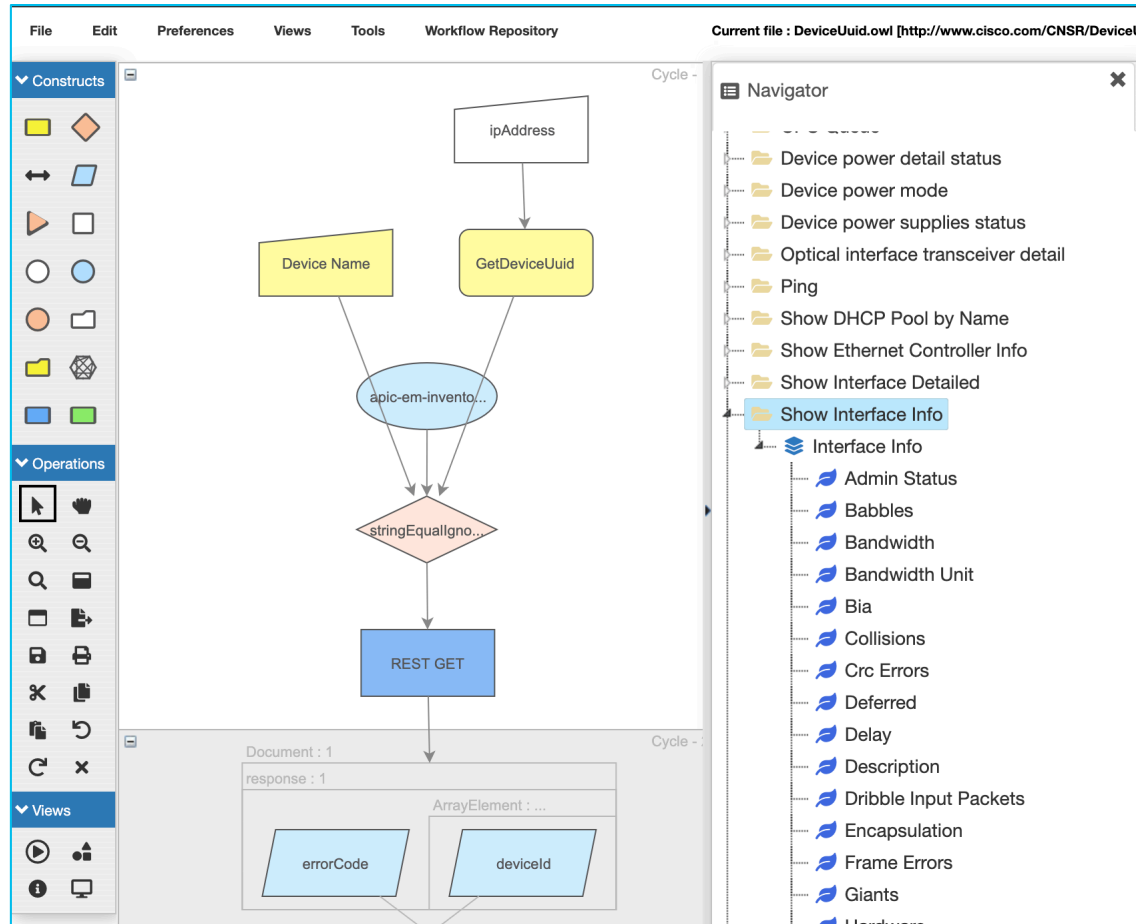


- Use Millions KPIs Stats to train Prediction model
- Get re-trained every week

# Machine Reasoning Engine Architecture



# Extensible knowledge-based model for capturing experts knowledge and propagate across organization



Machine Reasoning Workflow Editor

- Expert can create/contribute new network troubleshooting workflow
- Knowledge Based workflow
- Cisco DNA Center can get additional knowledge-base through Cisco Cloud
- Flow Chart Editor become Network Troubleshooting tool
- Extensible per PSIRT/CX/TAC DB

# Machine Reasoning Process

## 1 Detect & Notification

DNA Dashboard

Top 10 Issues Jun 08, 2019 1:30 pm to Jun 09, 2019 1:30 pm

- P1 Availability Network device unreachable from controller Instance Count: 7 Jun 9, 2019 3:07 am
- P2 Connectivity Layer 2 loop symptoms Instance Count: 3 Jun 8, 2019 5:04 pm**
- P3 Device Device Sime has drifted from DNA Instance Count: 1 Jun 9, 2019 1:40 pm

Email Notification

WLC (Device is unreachable) Error Notification

Cisco DNA Center

Cisco DNA Consumer,

You're receiving this message, based on the email notification preference(s) set by Cisco DNA Center Administrator. Here are the details about the event notification.

Event ID	NETWORK-NON-FABRIC_WIRED-1-251
Event Timestamp	156055486642
Event Name	
Event Type	NETWORK
DNA Center Event Context link	<a href="https://172.20.56.153/dna/assurance/home#issue/">https://172.20.56.153/dna/assurance/home#issue/</a>
<b>Event Details</b>	
Type	Network Device
Assurance Issue Details	Interface GigabitEthernet0/11 connecting the following two network devices is down. Local Node: Icap-3504-153, Peer Node: Icap-3504-153
Assurance Issue Priority	P1
Device	172.20.126.153
Assurance Issue Category	Connectivity
Assurance Issue Name	Interface GigabitEthernet0/11 is Down on Network Device 172.20.126.153

## 2 Machine Reasoning

Layer 2 loop symptoms

### Host flaps observed in 1 VLAN(s)

Status: Open

Device: FT14\_CAT3750-E-24

Time: Jun 8, 2019 4:52 pm

Location: --

Potential Root Cause: MAC\_FLAPPING

INITIAL ASSESSMENT

- 1 VLANs in the Potential Loop
- 2 Ports in the Potential Loop

Problem Details

Root Cause Analysis MRE Reasoning Activity Conclusions (1) Run Again

Machine Reasoning Completed

View Details

## 3 Conclusion

Layer 2 loop symptoms

### Host flaps observed in 1 VLAN(s)

Status: Open

Device: FT16-9300-22

Time: Jun 8, 2019 4:52 pm

Location: --

Potential Root Cause: MAC\_FLAPPING

INITIAL ASSESSMENT

- 1 VLANs in the Potential Loop
- 2 Ports in the Potential Loop

Problem Details

Root Cause Analysis MRE Reasoning Activity Conclusions (1) Run Again

No STP loop found on VLAN 301

Activity Details

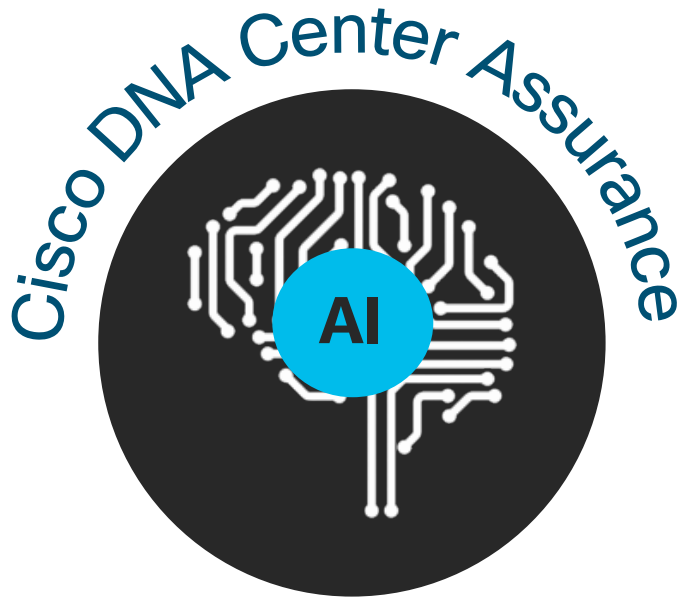
Device Command Output

```
Device: FT16-9300-22 IP Address: 17.1.105.16
show spanning-tree vlan 301
VLAN0301
Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
Root ID: 33869
  Address: 001d.7100.8280
  Cost: 8
  Port: 15 (GigabitEthernet0/15)
  Hello Time: 2 sec Max Age: 20 sec Hold Time: 10 sec
Bridge ID: 33869 (priority)
  Address: 0029.c296.8100
  Hello Time: 2 sec Max Age: 20 sec Hold Time: 10 sec
```

# Key Use Cases for Network Operators

## Troubleshooting Wireless Networks

# Troubleshooting Tool-kits for a Network operator



Streaming Telemetry



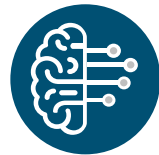
Intelligent Capture Auto PCAPs



Active Sensor Testing



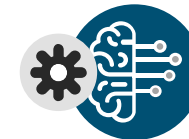
iOS and Samsung Analytics



AI Anomaly Baseline



AI Network Insight



Machine Reasoning

Active Sensor for Wireless Network SLA assessment



Cisco APs with Intelligent Capture

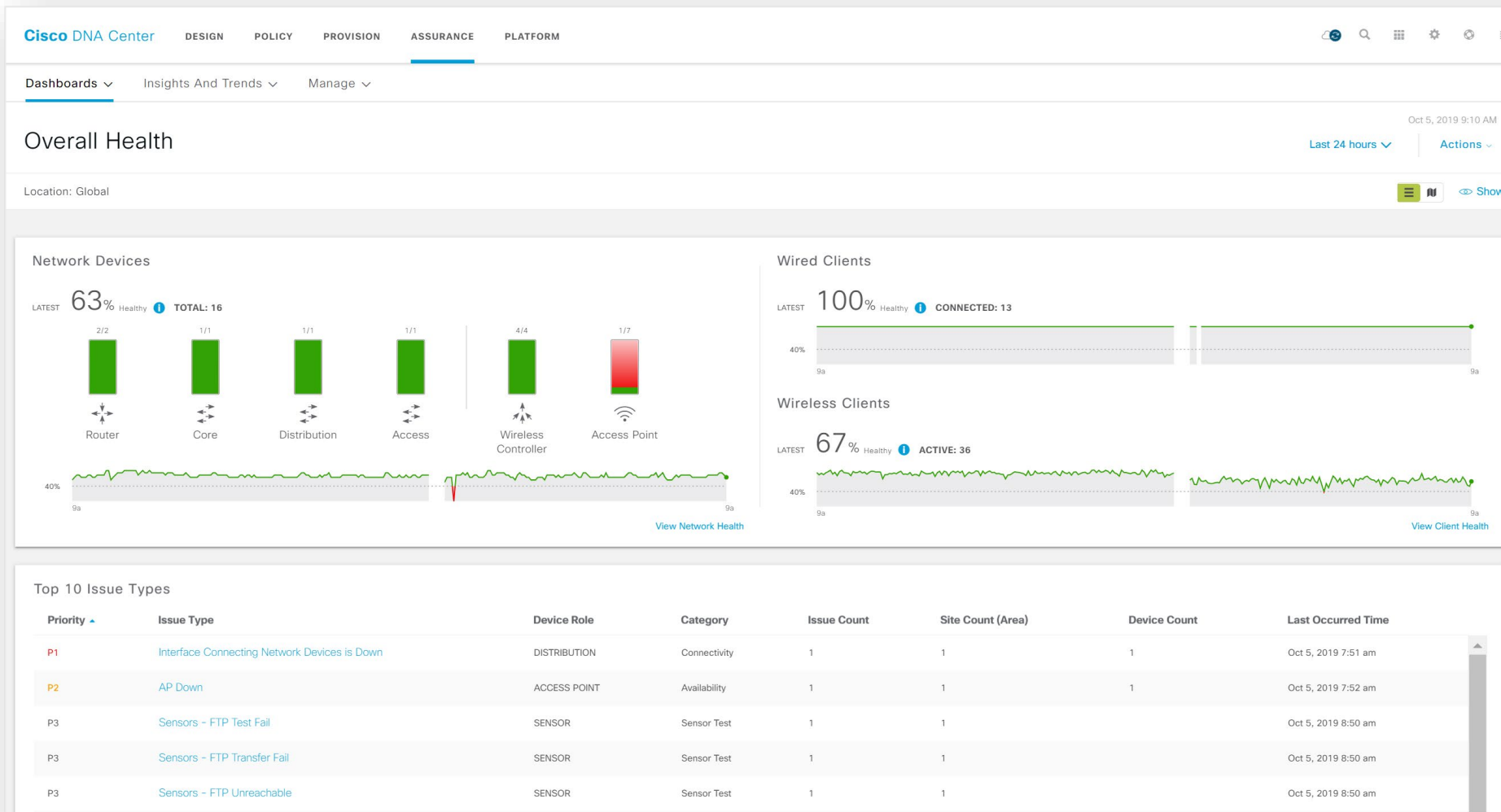




# Use case 1: Health State of my Network

## What is in my network and how is it doing?

Overall Health Dashboard for summary view



What is in my network and where are the hotspots?

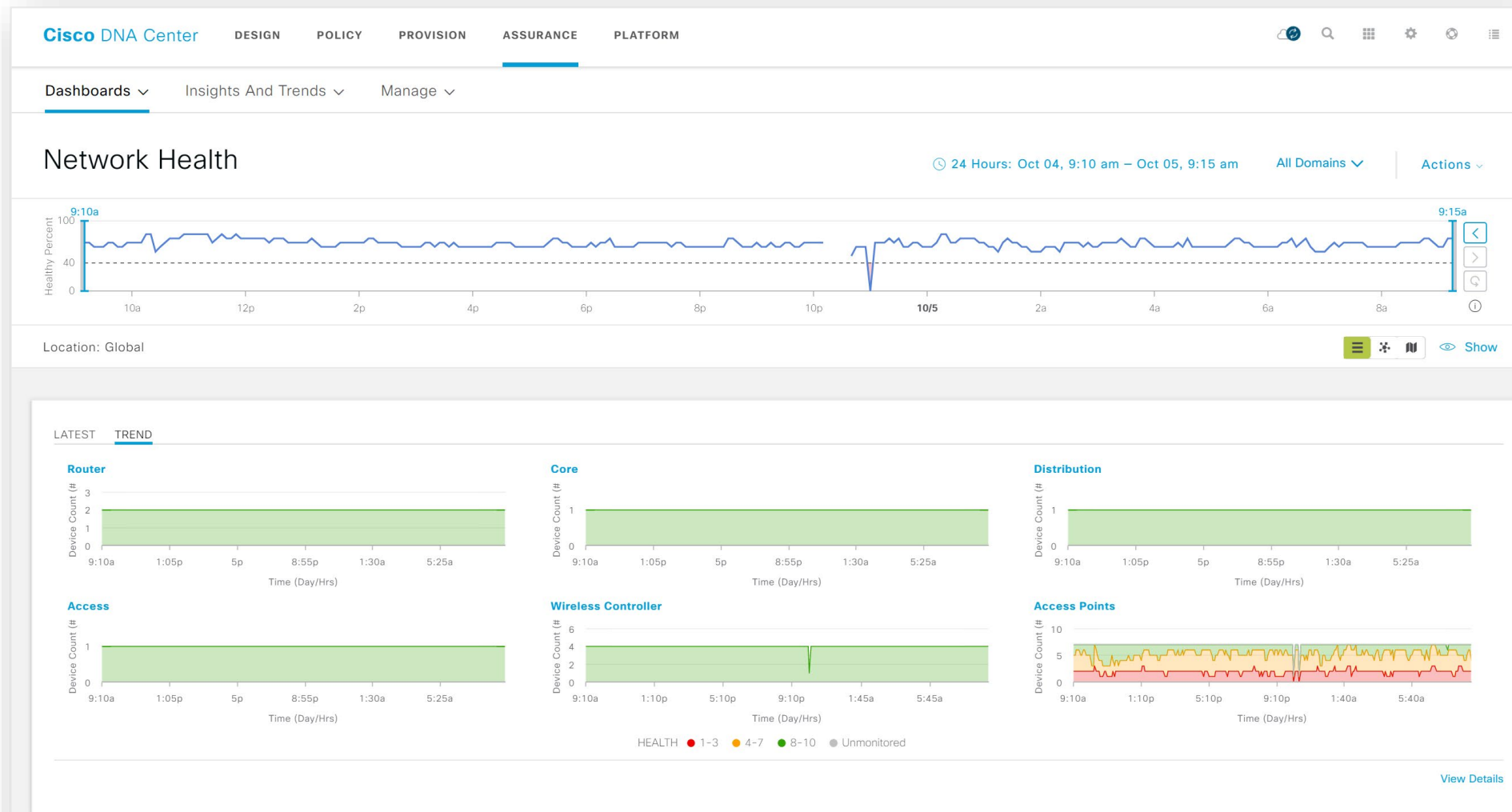
What are the top issues affecting my network?



# Use case 1: Network Visibility

## How is my Network Infrastructure doing?

Network Health Dashboard for Top Reasons Impacting Network Health



Did it change recently?

How many devices have fair/poor health and why?

New

# Use case 1: Network Visibility Executive Summary Report

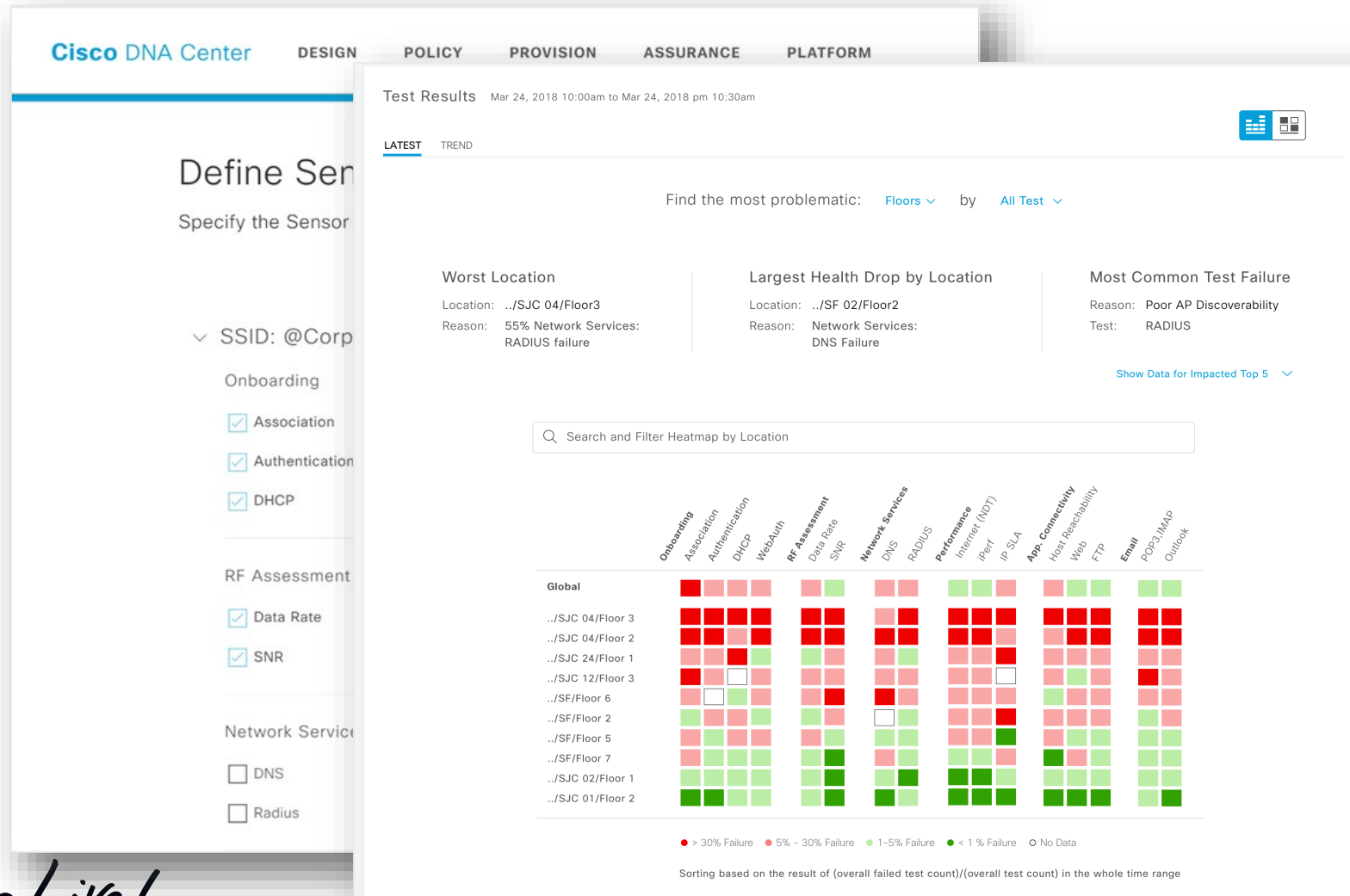
- Single Assurance Report captures Network/Client Health, Inventory and Issue summary
- 7 Days + 7 Days, Emphasize *delta* from last period



# Use case 2: Managing Network SLAs

## How does my Wireless Network assessment look like?

### Sensor Test and Dashboard

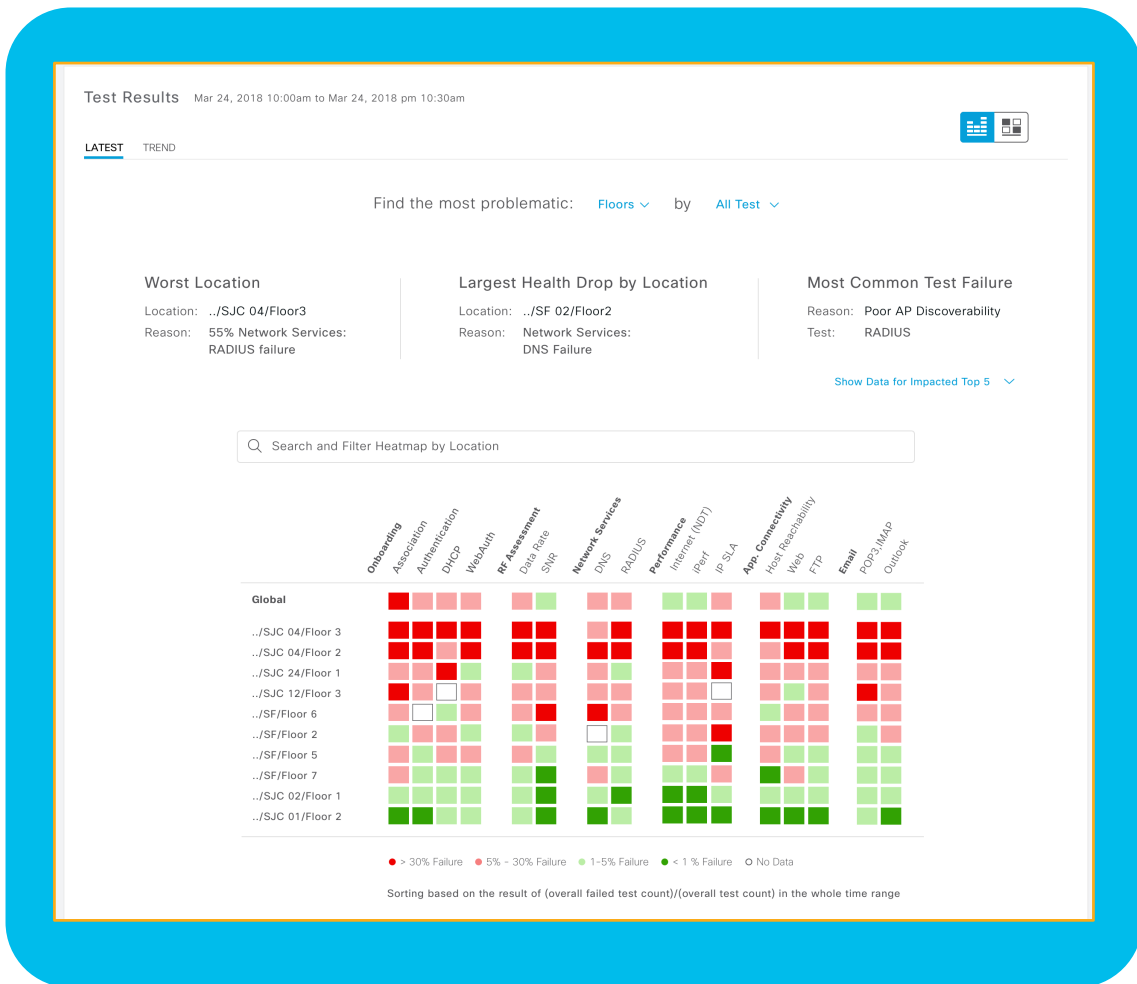


Automate tests across multiple sites

Proactively monitor problematic sites from Sensor Dashboards

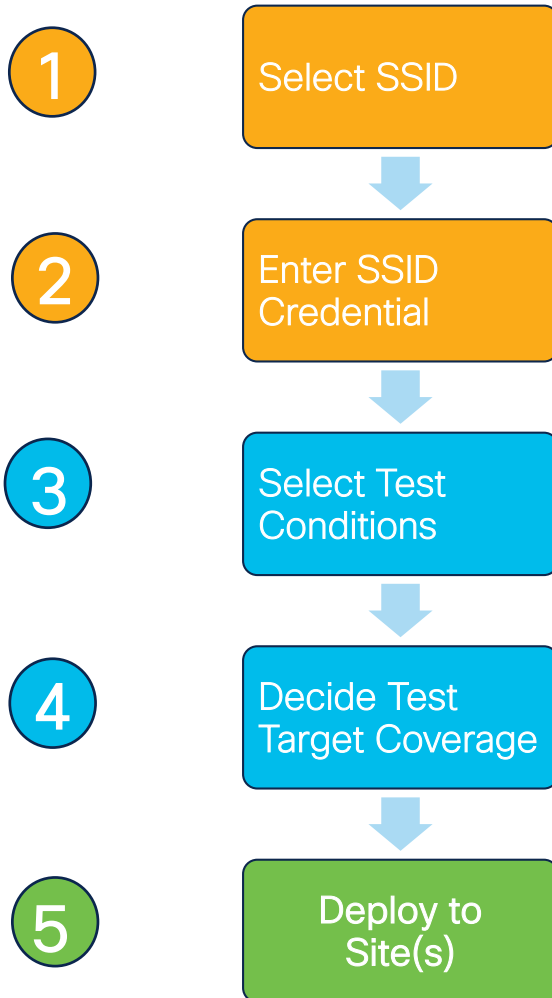
New

# Sensor Dashboard Heatmap-based Navigation



- Network Time Travel with Sensor Test Result
- Customizable Color grading threshold
- Insight View – Worst Location, Largest Health Drop by Location, Most Common Test Failure with reason code, expandable to top 5 on each category
- Search Bar to find any location/site
- Insight page for Actionable, Location-based insight
- Familiar Assurance Workflow – Network Time Travel, LATEST/TREND
- Drill-Down View to Test Result Detail

# 5 Easy Steps to Define a Sensor Test Template

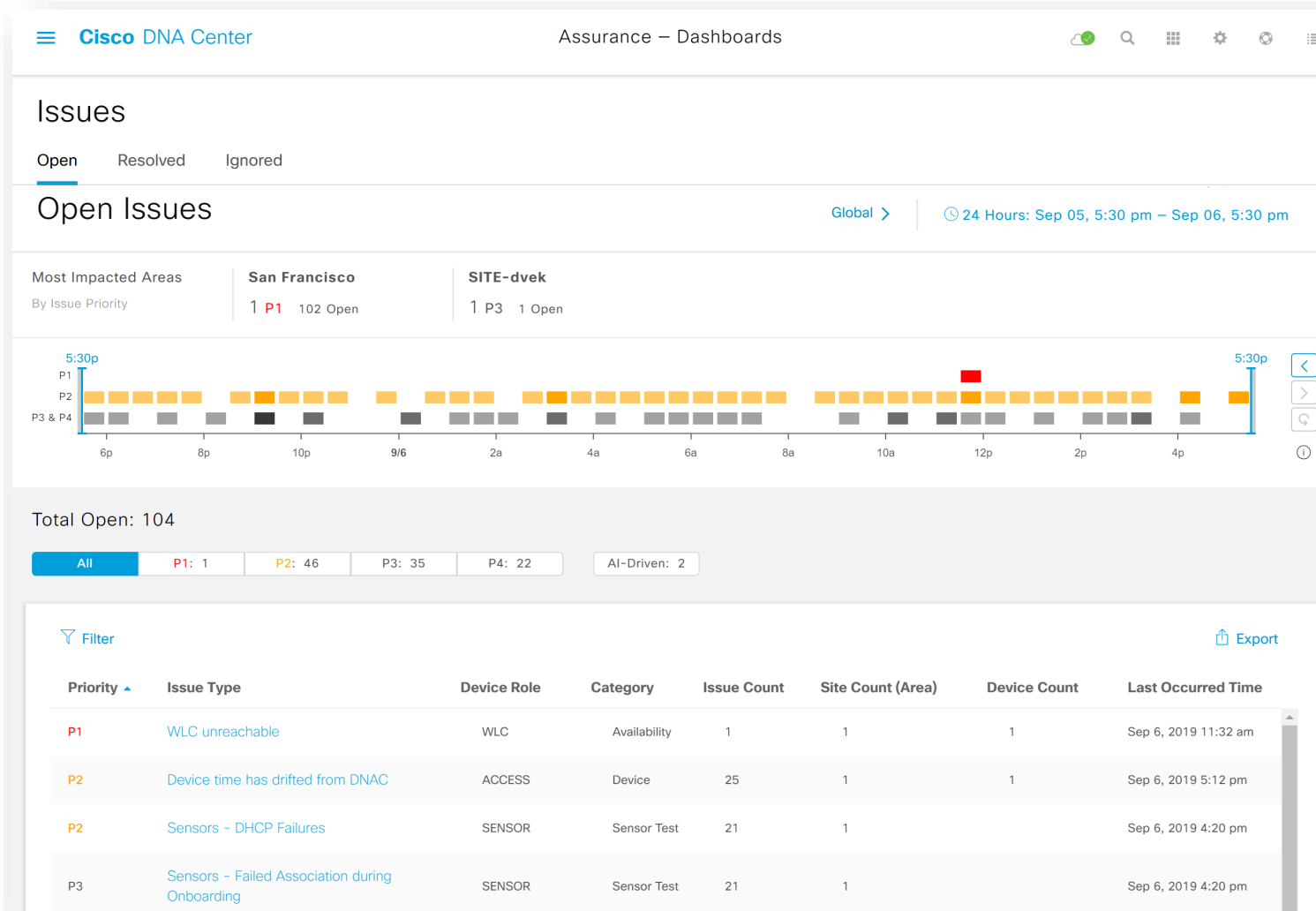


- Create Once, Unlimited Reuse - Location-based Template (Global/Site/Building/Floor level control)
- Per-Site or or per-Sensor assignment
- Intuitive, Easy to use, DNAC Workflow 2.0 based automation flow.
- Single Test Template per Sensor
- Easy Template Edit
- Unique Sensor Test Case scenario per SSID
- Band-specific Test Coverage Control
- Resource Protection based on Sensor Test Estimation
- New Scheduling option - 7 min./ 15min Interval, Time of day, Continuous

# Use case 3: Network Infrastructure is Unreachable

## How can I get visibility into issues impacting my Network?

Issue Dashboard to analyze high priority issues and top sites having issues



- 1 What are the top sites that need attention?
- 2 When did the problem happen?
- 3 How can I quickly get to the issue?

# Use case 3: Network Infrastructure is Unreachable

## How can I get visibility into issues impacting my Network?

### Troubleshooting Spanning Tree

The screenshot displays the Cisco DNA Center interface for troubleshooting a network issue. The main view is titled "Host flaps observed in 1 VLAN(s)" with a status of "Open". The device is identified as SF-D9300-1, a Distribution role, located at Global/USA/SFO/Bldg1, with a MAC\_FLAPPING potential root cause. An initial assessment shows 1 VLAN in the potential loop and 2 ports in the potential loop. The root cause analysis, last run on Oct 5, 2019 11:47 AM, identifies a loop detected on VLAN 31. A table below lists the devices and ports involved in the loop.

Layer 2 loop symptoms > Issue Instance

### Host flaps observed in 1 VLAN(s)

Status: **Open** ▾

Device: [SF-D9300-1](#)  
Role: Distribution  
Time: Oct 5, 2019 11:28 am  
Location: Global/USA/SFO/Bldg1  
Potential Root Cause: MAC\_FLAPPING

INITIAL ASSESSMENT

- 1 VLANs in the Potential Loop
- 2 Ports in the Potential Loop

Problem Details

#### Root Cause Analysis <sup>MRE</sup>

Reasoning Activity | **Conclusions (1)**

⚠ Loop detected on VLAN 31.

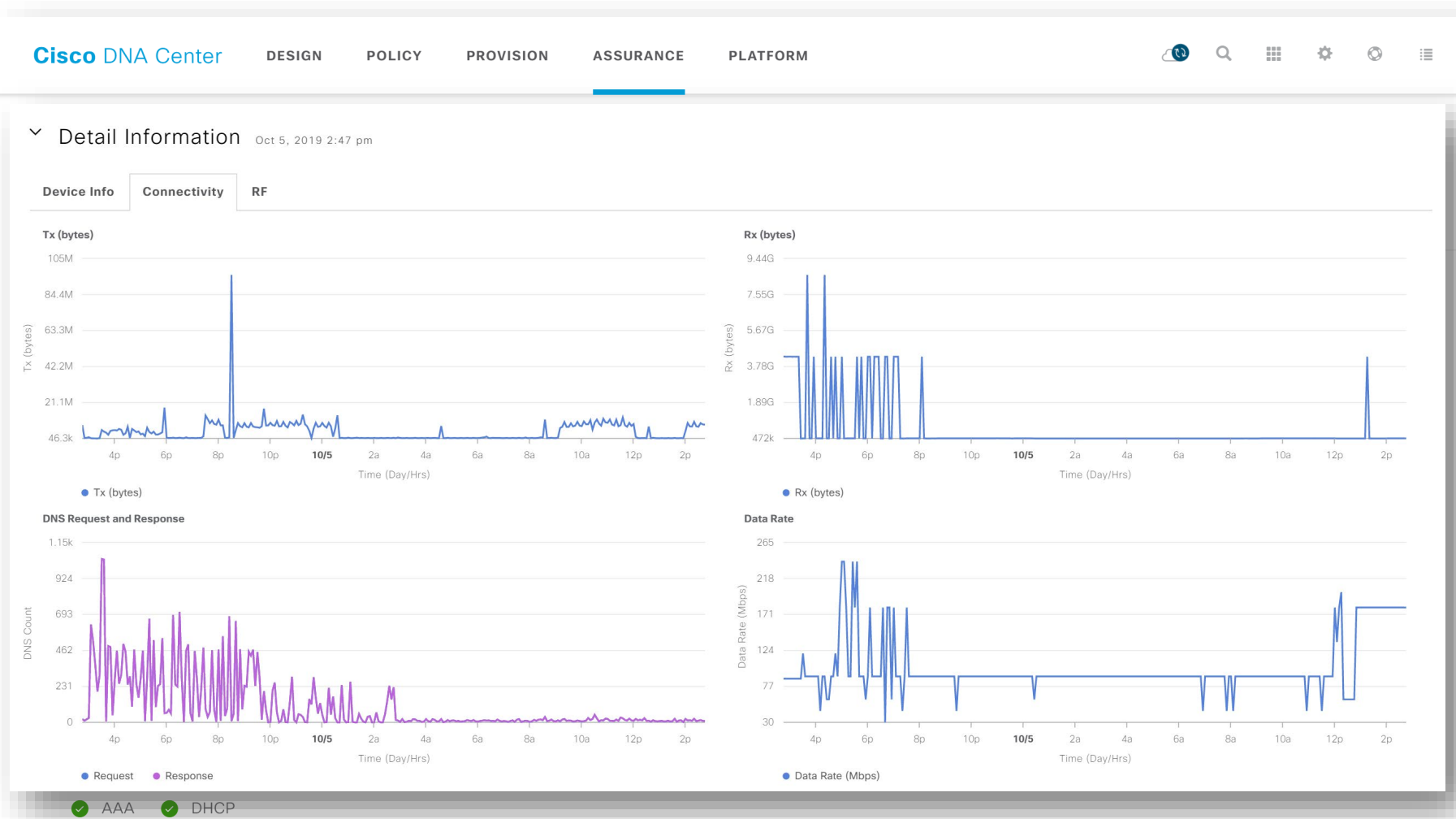
Device	Port
SF-D9300-1	GigabitEthernet1/0/13
SF-D9300-2	GigabitEthernet1/0/13
SF-D9300-2	GigabitEthernet1/0/24
SF-A3850-1	GigabitEthernet1/0/24
SF-A3850-1	GigabitEthernet1/0/23
SF-D9300-1	GigabitEthernet1/0/23

Run Again

# Use case 4: Clients failing to onboard to Wi-Fi Network

## How can I troubleshoot a client problem quickly?

Client 360 for contextual troubleshooting of client problems



Event Viewer for Onboarding and Roaming Troubleshooting

Network time travel for troubleshooting issues in the past

Detailed Trending of Connectivity and KPIs



# Use case 4: Clients failing to onboard to Wi-Fi Network

## How can I troubleshoot a client problem quickly?

### Advanced Troubleshooting with Intelligent Capture

The screenshot displays the Cisco Intelligent Capture interface for a client named 'android-a5d4f6cf958dafef'. At the top, there are controls for 'Run Data Packet Capture' and 'Start Live Capture'. A purple callout box points to the 'Start Live Capture' button with the text 'Start and Stop Full Packet Capture for /AP4800'. A blue callout box points to the 'Start Live Capture' button with the text 'Real-Time Live Mode'. Below the controls is a 'Network Time Travel' timeline showing a capture period from 10:55a to 3:55p on Jun 08. On the left, an 'Onboarding Events' table lists various events with their times and durations. An orange callout box points to the 'KeyExchange' event with the text 'Real-Time Client Event Viewer'. The 'KeyExchange' event details show a failure to connect due to a 4-way handshake timeout, with fields for AP MAC, AP Name, Frequency, WLC Name, WLAN, and Radio. Below this is a 'Client Location' map showing the client's movement trail across a floor plan with APs like AP4800-606E and AP4800-90A4. A grey callout box over the map says 'Real-time Client location Map with trail of movement'. At the bottom, the 'Auto Packet Analyzer' shows a sequence of packets, with a green callout box pointing to a specific packet labeled 'Onboard Packet stage identifier' and another green callout box pointing to a packet labeled 'Anomaly Packet Sequence'. A green callout box also points to the 'Download Onboard Packet' button.

Time	Duration
11:40:20 am	754,271 ms
11:40:08 am	2,511 ms
11:36:49 am	3,988 ms
11:37:23 am	
11:37:13 am	
11:36:53 am	
11:36:53 am	
11:36:49 am	
11:36:49 am	
11:27:05 am	5,093 ms
11:25:58 am	1,016 ms
11:14:34 am	601,172 ms
	2,467 ms
	1 ms
	0,596 ms

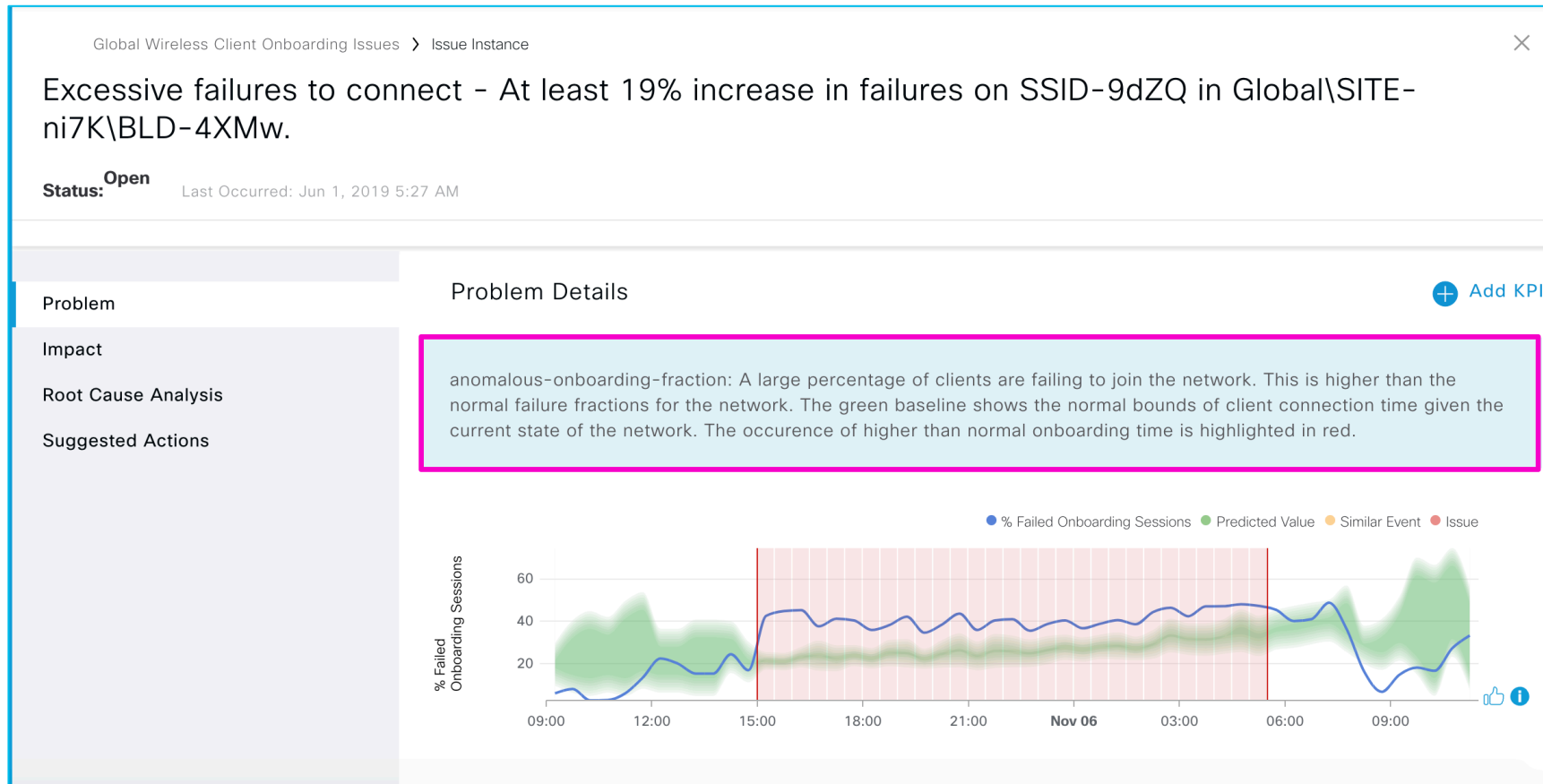
Realtime troubleshooting of Client

Automated anomaly packet capture

# Use case 5: Identify locations with slow Wi-Fi

## How can I spot connectivity issues due to coverage hole?

AI-Driven Client Issues call out deviations from normal along with probable cause



Machine learning algorithms catch deviations from normal behavior of network

Probable Causes help narrow down the problem

# Use case 5: Identify locations with slow Wi-Fi

## How can I spot connectivity issues?

### Root Cause Analysis

Who / What / When / Where / Why / How

**3** When

**4** Where

**6** How

**5** Why

**1** Who

**2** What

“Clients are facing timeouts and failures during authentication and addressing”

**Cisco DNA Center Assurance – Dashboards**

Global Wireless Client Onboarding Issues > Issue Instance

### Excessive time to connect - At least 18% increase in time on SSID-9dZQ in Global\SITE-ni7K\BLD-vMgA.

Status: **Open** Last Occurred: Jun 8, 2019 2:02 PM

**Cisco AI** This issue is triggered based on a deviation from a predicted baseline for your specific environment. [Learn More](#)

The network is experiencing excessive onboarding time compared to usual. Clients are taking longer than the usual time to connect to SSID-9dZQ.

**IMPACTED SUMMARY FOR THIS NETWORK**

1 Impacted Sites

175 Impacted Clients

Time: June 4, 2019 2:00 pm - 3:30 pm

Location: Global / SITE-ni7K / BLD-vMgA

**Potential Root Causes**

**Network Causes** Failed Distribution Failed Percentage Failed Count

Addressing and Authentication: Clients are facing timeouts and failures during authentication and addressing

**Avg Onboarding Duration (s)**

**Probable network causes**

- # DHCP Timeout
- # EAP Timeout

# Use case 5: Identify locations with poor RF coverage

## How can I spot connectivity issues due to coverage hole?

### Coverage Hole Problems

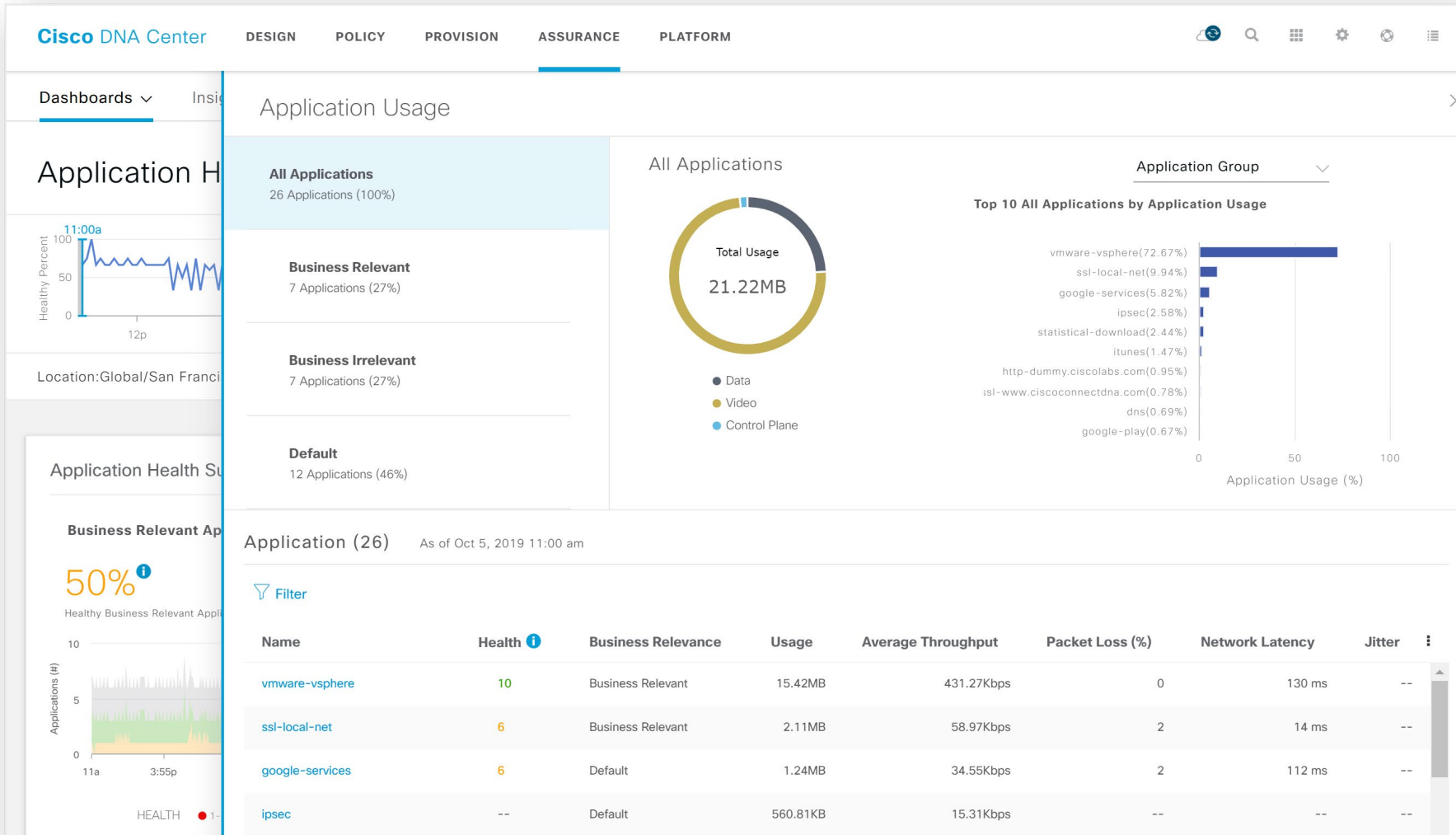
The screenshot displays the Cisco DNA Center Assurance interface. The main header includes 'Cisco DNA Center' and navigation tabs for 'DESIGN', 'POLICY', 'PROVISION', and 'ASSURANCE'. The left sidebar shows 'Dashboards' and 'Open Issues' with a filter for 'AP Coverage'. The main content area shows an issue for AP 'SJC24-12A-AP20' with a status of 'Open' and a description: 'This AP "SJC24-12A-AP20" is currently experiencing coverage hole on the 5 GHz band. "1" client(s) have had RSSI lower than threshold -60 dBm over the last 3 minutes. These client(s) are considered to be in a coverage hole because they are unable to roam to neighboring AP(s) with improved coverage because the AP(s) are not available.' A floor map shows the AP location and a heatmap of signal strength, with a legend ranging from -35 dBm (green) to -90 dBm (red). Suggested actions include checking Wi-Fi coverage and AP power levels.

Get visibility of coverage holes in your floor based on real client data

# Use case 6: Application Visibility

## What applications are flowing through in my Network?

Application Health Dashboard for monitoring Top Applications by Usage

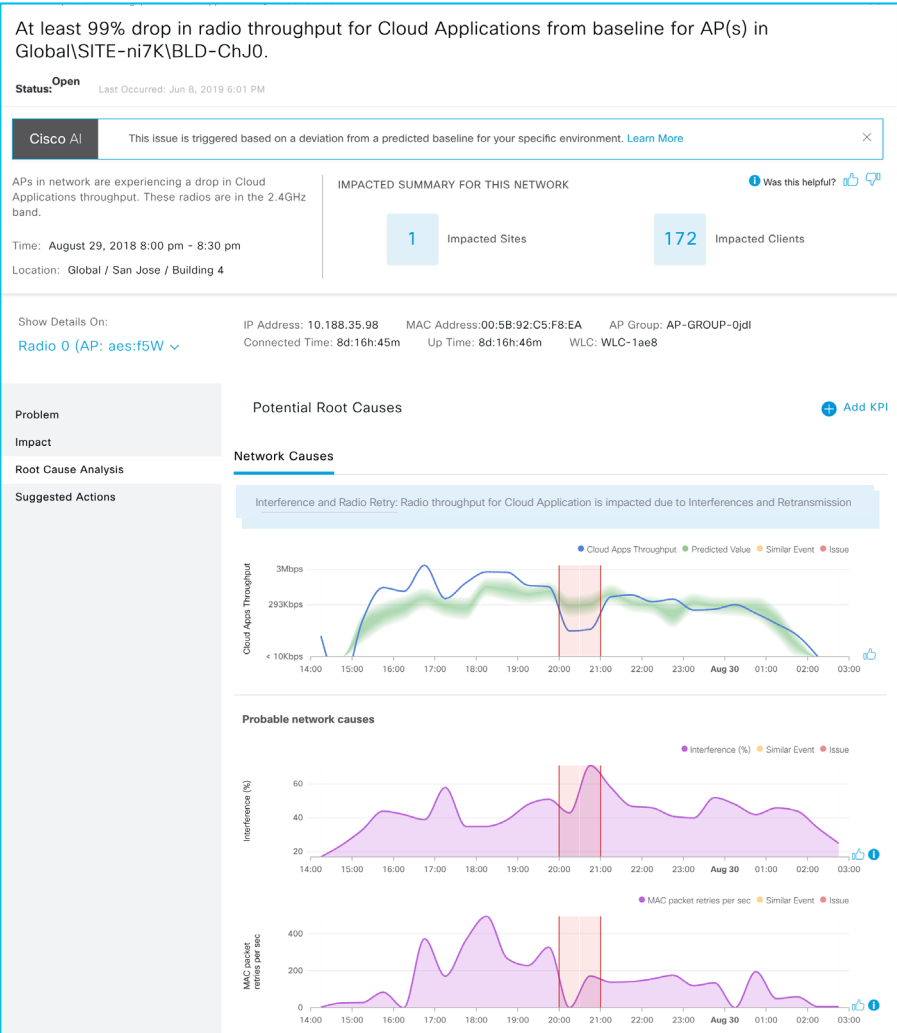


Application Distribution by Group or Traffic Class

What are the Top Application Traffic seen in my Network?

# Use case 7: Clients having poor Application experience

## How can I troubleshoot an application problem quickly?



➔ Add More KPI



Interference and Radio Retry is Probable Network cause

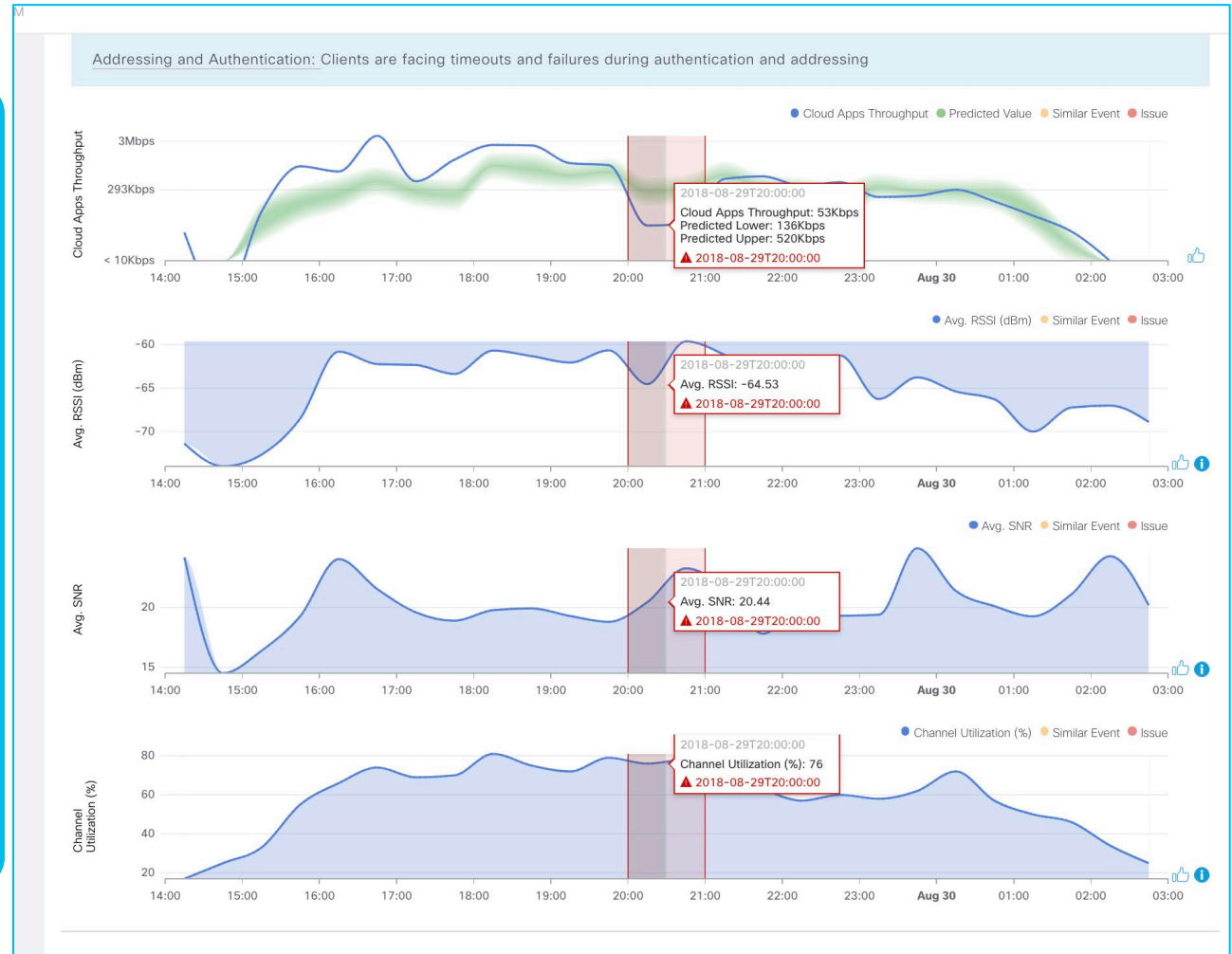


# Use case 7: Clients having poor Application experience

## How can I troubleshoot an application problem quickly?

None of matrix are root cause of this issue because...

- RSSI is went down but still going strong (-60 ~ -70)
- SNR is Good (20 dB) means No strong noise source nearby
- High Utilization – consistently high



New

# Use case 8: Issue Lifecycle Management

## How do I manage issues with ticket management solutions?

**Resolved Issues**

Global | 24 Hours: Oct 06, 6:00 am – Oct 07, 6:00 am

Total Resolved: 11

Priority: P1: 8, P2: 3, P3: 0, P4: 0, AI-Driven: 0

Priority	Issue Type	Device Role	Category	Issue Count	Site Count (Area)	Device Count	Last Occurred Time
P1	Interface Connecting Network Devices is Down	DISTRIBUTION	Connectivity	3	1	1	Oct 6, 2019 5:43 pm
P1	WLC unreachable	WLC	Availability	3	2	2	Oct 6, 2019 4:34 pm
P1	Interface Connecting Network Devices is Down	CORE	Connectivity	2	1	1	Oct 6, 2019 4:33 pm
P2	AP Down	ACCESS POINT	Availability	3	1	3	Oct 6, 2019 5:41 pm

Auto Resolve Issue  
Device Reachability and Link Availability issues

**Sensors - Unreachable Host**

2 Open Issues | 2 Area | 2 Buildings, 2 Floors

Total Open: 483

2 Selected

Priority	Issue	Site	Issue Count	Last Occurred
P2	Unrea " Global/San Francisco/SFO13/Floor13"	San Francisco/SFO13/Floor13	102	Oct 7, 2019 5:41 pm
P2	Unreachable Host from " Global/San Jose/SJC23/Floor1"	San Jose/SJC23/Floor1	48	Oct 7, 2019 5:41 pm

Showing 2 of 2

2 issue(s) have been ignored for 24 hours. [View ignored issues.](#)

Bulk Resolve/Ignore  
Issue



# New Innovations in Cisco DNA Center Assurance

# Solving the Most common Wireless problems through AI/ML - Focus on Client Experience

## Wireless Onboarding

Wireless User Failed to Connect  
Wireless User took too long to Connect



Excessive Time

Excessive Failures

Excessive DHCP Time

Excessive DHCP Failures

Excessive AAA Time

Excessive AAA Failures

Excessive Assoc. Time

Excessive Assoc. Failures

## Application Experience

Wireless User's Application throughput is declining



Total Radio

Media Application Throughput

Cloud Application

Social Application Throughput

Analytics and Outlier Detection on

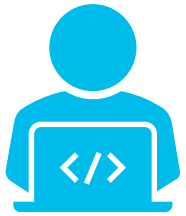
- Wi-Fi Onboarding Analytics
- Wi-Fi Radio Performance Analytics
- App Perf. Analytics on Wi-Fi network

# Active Sensor with Enterprise-Ready Features

- Dedicate Backhaul support
- Enhanced DNAC Discovery
- SCEP support
- Web-Auth support – ISE
- Sensor 360
- Sensor-Test Template – Location-based
- Sensor Dashboard – Top location-based Sensor test Heatmap
- Location-based Drill Down
- iPerf3 Test

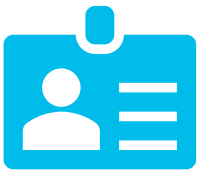


# Day-0 Experience: Sensor Provisioning and Wireless Backhaul Enhancement



- Offering Day-0 SSH, allow Admin to remotely connect to Sensor and manual provision DNAC via SSH

- Use *CiscoSensorProvisioning* SSID as both Wireless Provisioning as well as Wireless backhaul purpose



- Provide Default, SensorProvisioning Backhaul Profile. Admin can skip creating separate Sensor profile.

- EAP-TLS support on Wireless Backhaul

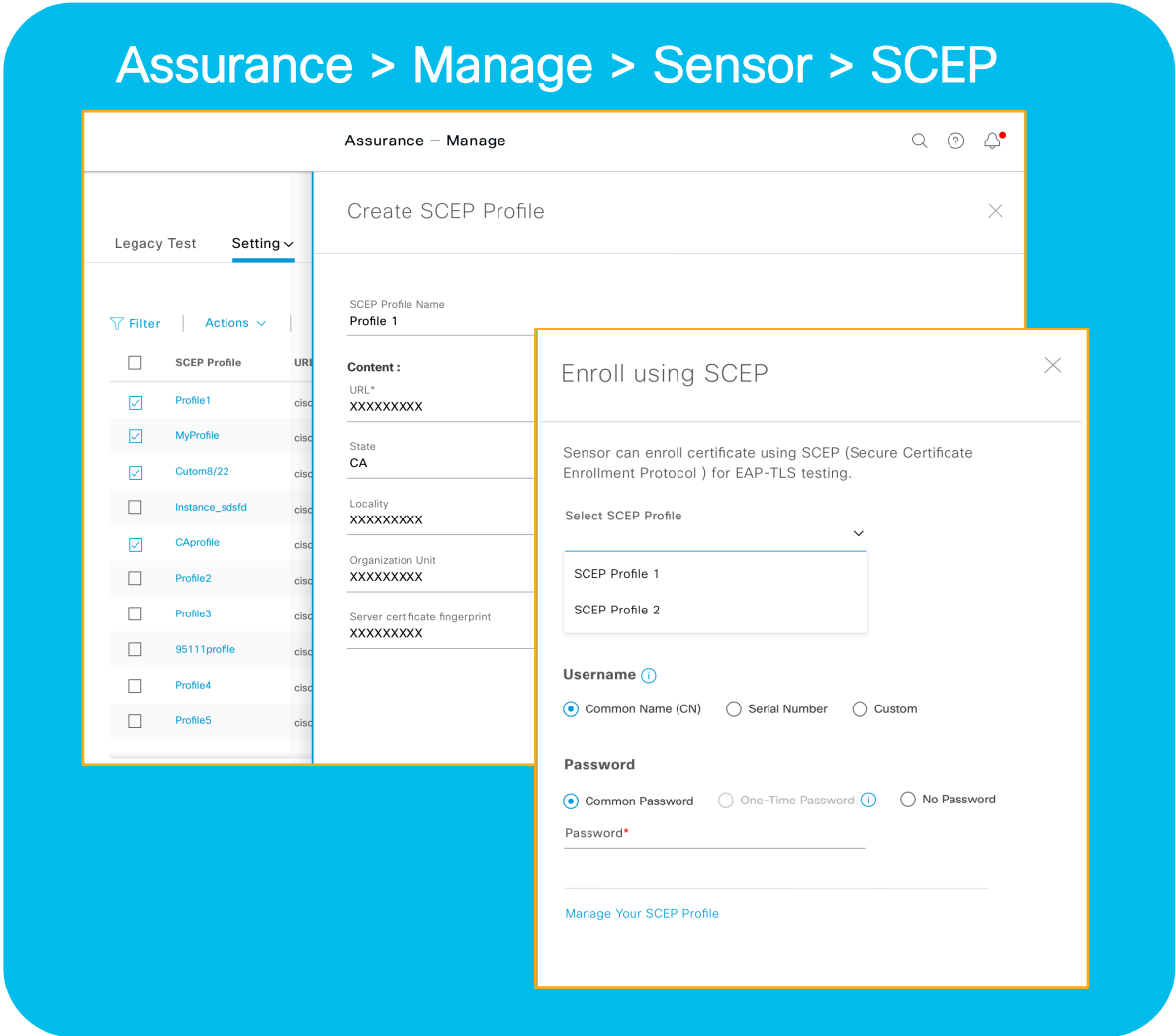


- Extended Heartbeat Timeout (From 20min. → 8hrs since 8.8.263)

- Persistent Wireless Backhaul

New

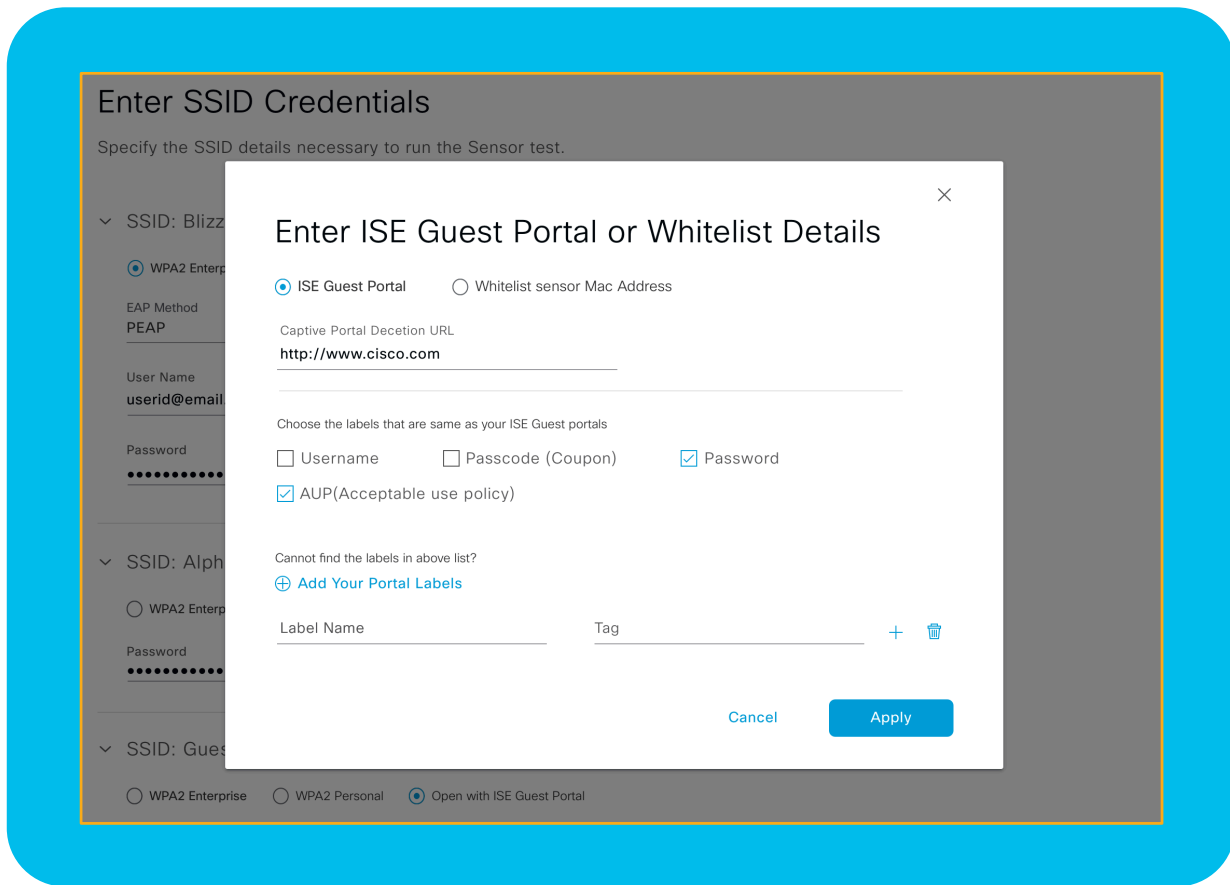
# Enterprise-Grade EAP-TLS Provisioning Solution SCEP (Secure Certificate Enrollment Protocol) Support



- Secure Certificate Enrollment for EAP-TLS Test
- Admin can create and trigger SCEP processes through Sensor List page
- Support Microsoft and ISE SCEP Server
  - ISE SCEP uses IP-ACL for authentication
  - Microsoft SCEP server requires Username(CN) and SCEP Password to run SCEP
    - One Time Password, valid for 60min
    - Common Password
- Auto populate SAN Field using Sensor MAC Address

New

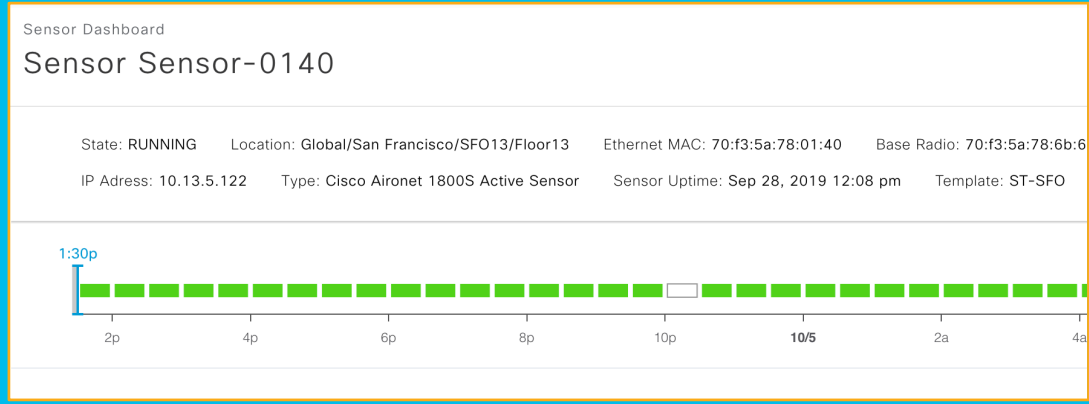
# Guest Network Test Sensor Extended Guest SSID Test to ISE



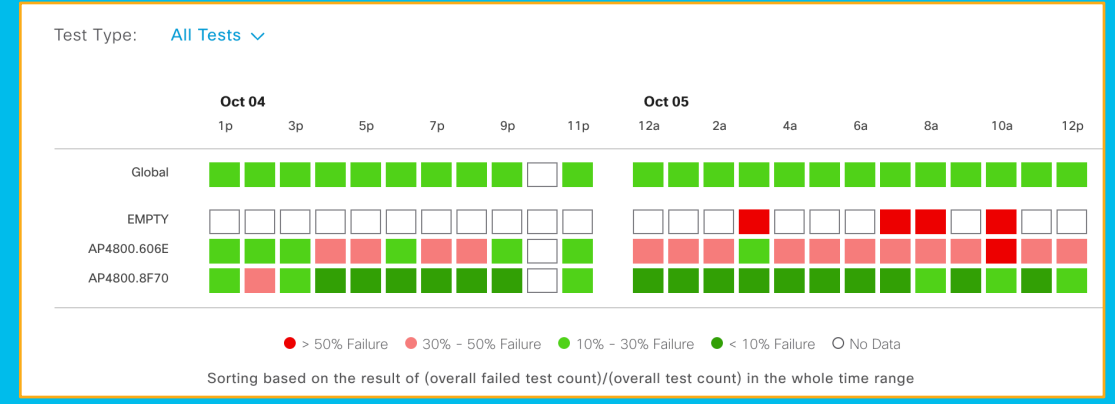
- ISE Guest Portal (CWA) Support
- ClearPass Captive Portal (under Cisco WLAN environment )
- Sensor will inspect the HTML elements on the Guest Portal:
  - Forms: Sensor looks for the action link for POST method
  - Controls: Sensor looks for the control names matching to the HTML tag names received from the DNAC
  - Sensor looks for the hidden token and Cookies to secure the time-bound temporary authentication access.

# New Introducing Sensor 360

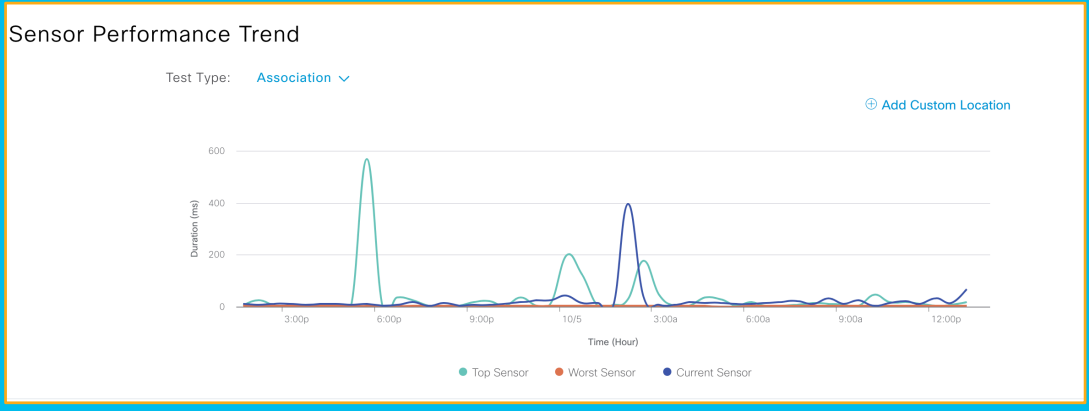
## Network Time Travel



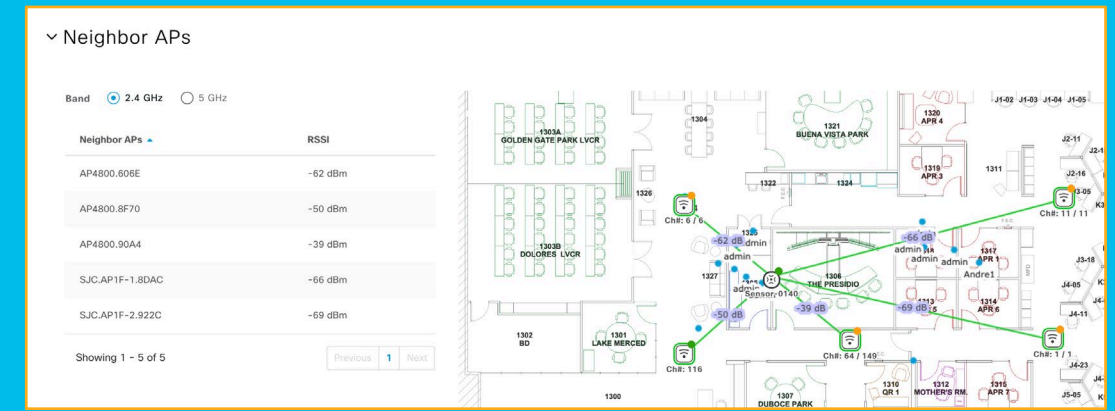
## Target AP-based View



## Performance Trend w/ comparison



## Visual Neighbor AP Map



# Health Score Customization

Cisco DNA Center DESIGN POLICY PROVISION ASSURANCE PLATFORM

Dashboards Insights And Trends Manage

## Health Score

The health score can be customized based on device type. The network device's health score is the lowest score of all included KPIs. To disable a KPI from impacting the overall device health, you can exclude it from the health score calculation.

Router Core, Distribution & Access Contoller Access Point

Filter

KPI Name	POOR	GOOD
<b>CPU Utilization</b> Device health indicated by CPU Utilization.	> 95 %	<= 95 %
<b>Fabric Reachability</b> Device health indicated by Fabric Reachability status.	Fabric is not reachable	Fabric is reachable
<b>Inter-device Link Availability</b> Inter-device Link Availability.	All inter-device link down	All inter-device link up
<b>Link Error</b> Device health indicated by Link Errors.	> 1 %	<= 1 %
<b>Link Utilization</b> Device health indicated by Link Utilization.	> 90 %	<= 90 %
<b>Memory Utilization</b> Device health indicated by Memory Utilization.	> 95 %	<= 95 %

### Link Utilization

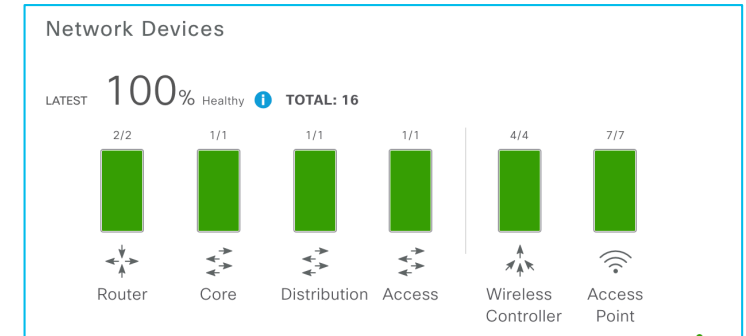
Device health indicated by Link Utilization.

**KPI HEALTH SCORE**

POOR > 90 %    GOOD <= 90 %

Included in Device health Score

Last Modified: --  
[View Default Setting](#)



- Customize Network Health Score calculation formula
- **Customize** what KPI will be included in the network health score calculation
- Customize **Threshold** value of each KPI

## Fixed Formula

- Pick “Lowest” KPI among others



# Event Viewer Enhancements

## Wired Client Event Viewer

The screenshot shows the 'Event Viewer' interface for wired clients. It features a 'Filter' button and a search bar labeled 'Find'. The events are listed under the date 'Aug 26, 2019'.

Event Type	Details
DOT1X_FAIL	SYSLOG   Connected Device: HQ1_AC_3_4
ILPOWER_POWER_GRANTED	SYSLOG   Connected Device: HQ1_AC_3_4   Connected Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/16
RADIUS_ALLDEADSERVER	SYSLOG   Connected Device: HQ1_AC_3_4
MAB_FAIL	SYSLOG   Connected Device: HQ1_AC_3_4
ILPOWER_LOG_OVERDRAWN	SYSLOG   Connected Device: HQ1_AC_3_4   Connected Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/16

## Enhanced AP Event Viewer

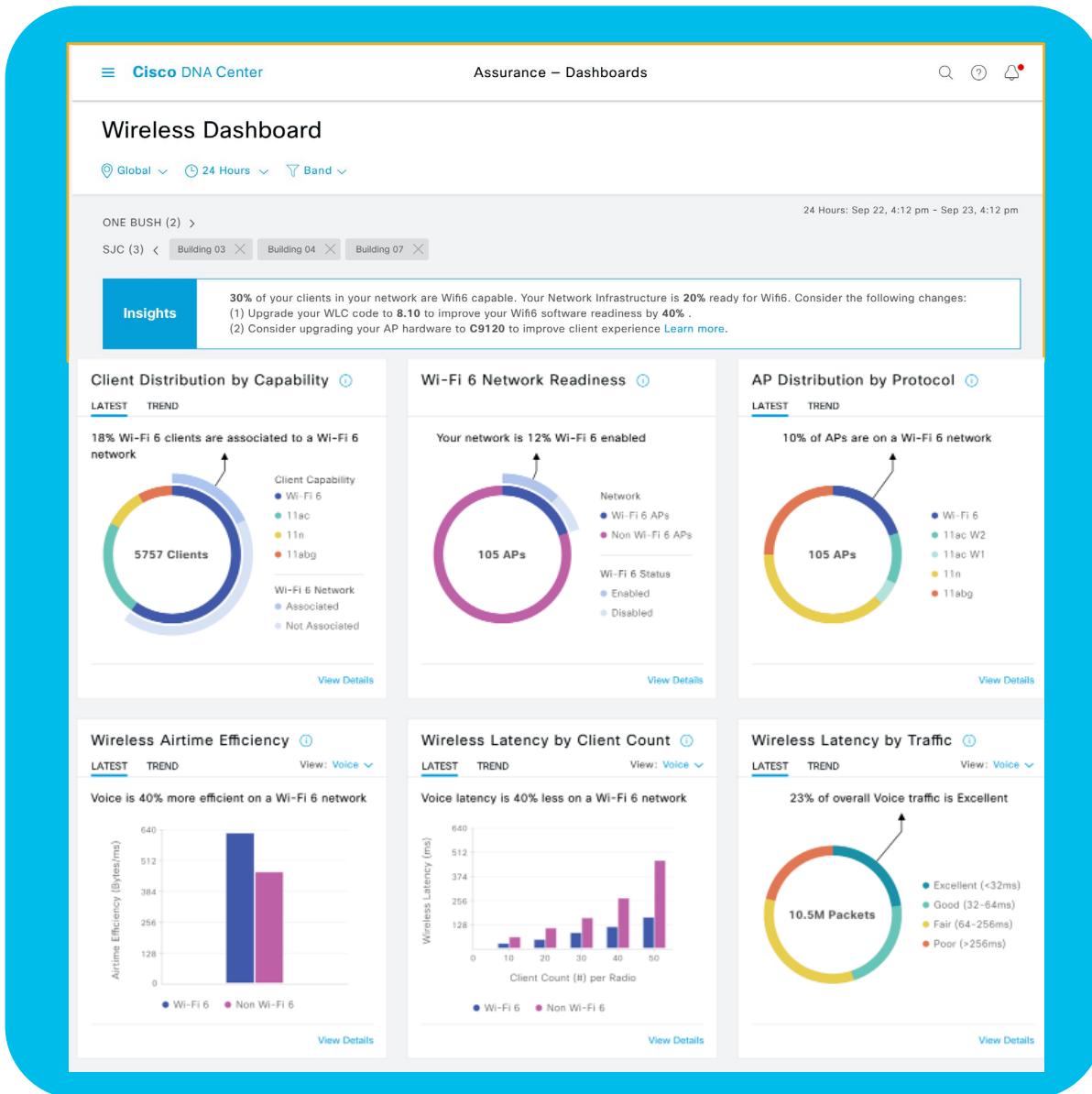
The screenshot shows the 'Event Viewer' interface for enhanced APs. It features a 'Filter' button and a search bar. The events are listed under the date 'Oct 3, 2019'.

Event Type	Details
Transmit Power Change	Radio Slot : 1   Power Level: 8->7   Radio Power level changed after config set to Auto
Operational Radio Reset occurred	Radio Slot : 0   Radio reset happened due to channel change
Operational Radio Reset occurred	Radio Slot : 0   Radio reset happened due to channel change
RF Channel Change	Radio Slot : 0   Channel: 1->11   Radio Channel changed after config set to Auto
Transmit Power Change	Radio Slot : 1   Power Level: 7->8   Radio Power level changed after config set to Auto
Operational Radio Reset occurred	Radio Slot : 0   Radio reset happened due to channel change

- Event Viewer support for wired clients
- Expose Onboard failure reason to title
- Event header to show Event Reason, Changed Status

New

# Wi-Fi 6 Dashboard



- Identify Wi-Fi 6 Readiness for Client and AP
- Assess and Compare Wi-Fi 6 vs. Non Wi-Fi 6 network
- Wireless Latency by Traffic and Client Count
- Analysis of Connection Speeds (MCS) distribution per client type
- Traffic Class analysis

New

# Samsung Analytics

**SAMSUNG**

- In addition to iOS Analytics, DNA Center Assurance extend support of client perspective to Samsung, starting 802.11ax
- Target Device: Samsung S10, Note9/10
- Cisco Adaptive 802.11r support
- Client-Side Disassociation Reason Code
- Samsung Device AP Neighbor list support
- Client 360 Integration
- Client Event Viewer Integration



# ... More Enhancements on DNA Center Assurance

Nested Site support for CMX integration

Enhanced Intelligent Capture Manage

Failure reason description on iCap

Client Data Rate Widget

NetFlow Collector Performance Improvement

Client Wi-Fi Standard KPI

AppVisibility on WLC AppVisibility on Switch Client List Export on Widget View Detail Page  
Time Travel on Issue Dashboard

Rogue management

Network Reachability Icon

Bulk Sensor Profile Assignment

Spill-over Columns in Network Device List

New Issue Dashboard

New DNA Center Home Page

Client issues Optimization

Most impacted Site by issues

Device Cross launch from Issue Detail page

Real Time Event Notification

More than 180 issues

Issue filtering by Category and Priority

Ability to run Sensor test against specific target AP

..and MORE !

# Cisco DNA Assurance Deployment Best Practices

How do we get started?

# Cisco DNA Assurance Deployment Considerations

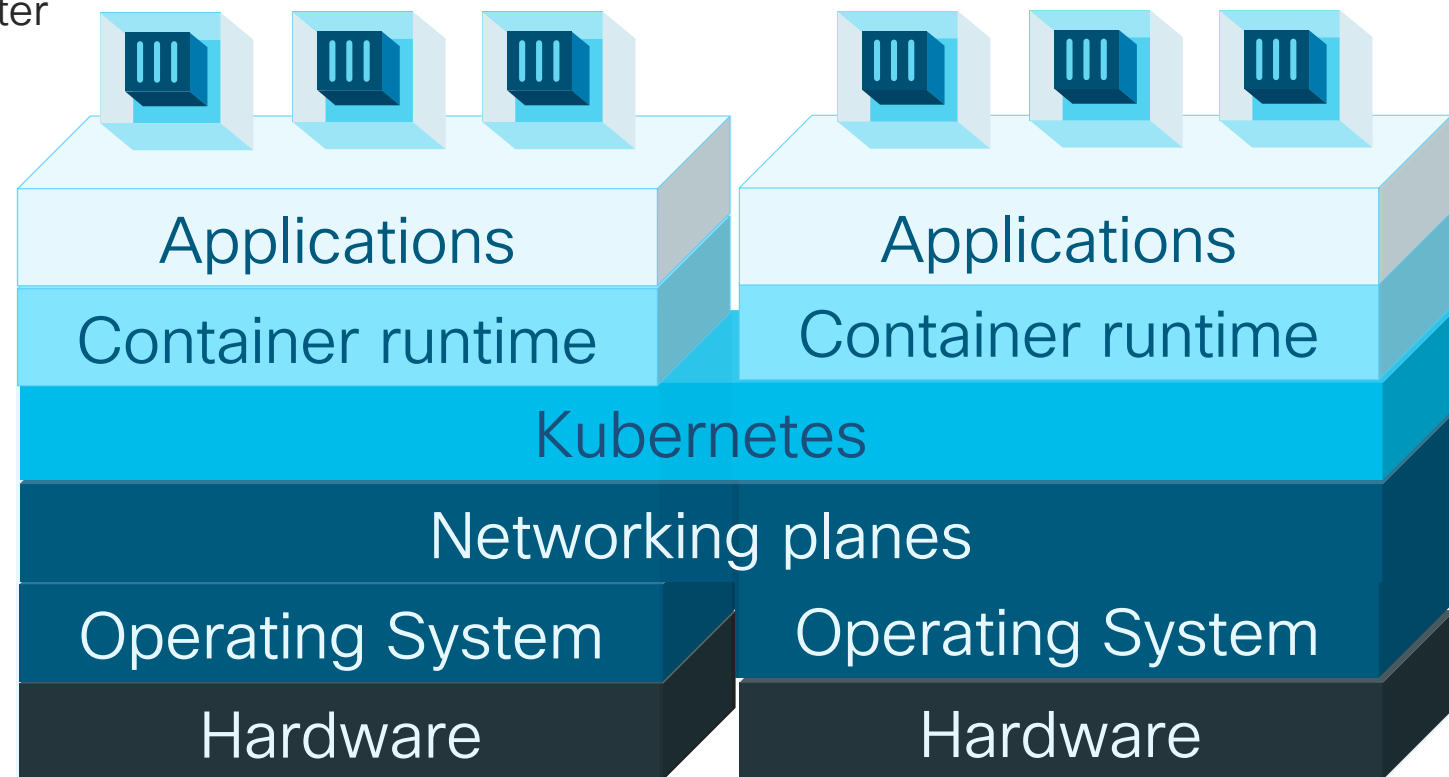
- Cisco DNA Center Under the Hood
  - How do you setup Cisco DNA Center? Caveats to keep mind and key ports to use
- Cisco DNA Assurance Deployment Best Practices
  - How do we check Streaming Telemetry on WLC is working?
  - How to turn on Application Experience on network devices(Router, Switch, WLC)?
  - What's the Bandwidth consumption on Cisco DNA Assurance?
  - How does Anomaly-Based Intelligent Capture works?
  - How to ensure Data Privacy of AI-Cloud?
  - How to start AI Network Analytics?

# Cisco DNA Center Under the hood

# Cisco DNA Center Appliance

## Overview of Infrastructure Software Stack of On-premise Deployments

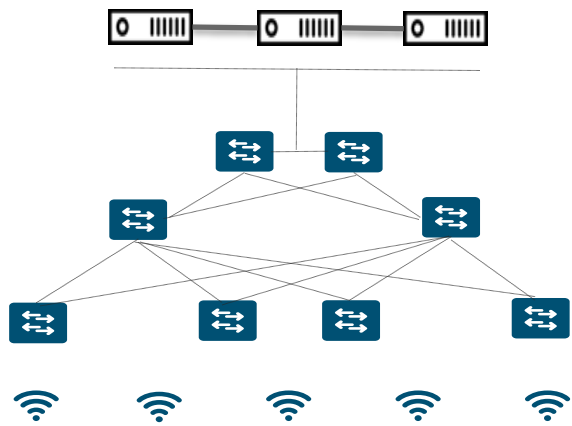
- Form factor: Cisco UCS C-Series server
  - Multiple appliances are deployed as a cluster
- Containerized applications
- Microservices based platform
- Kubernetes for orchestration
- Platform provided services
  - Database, messaging, storage
- Applications expose REST API
- 





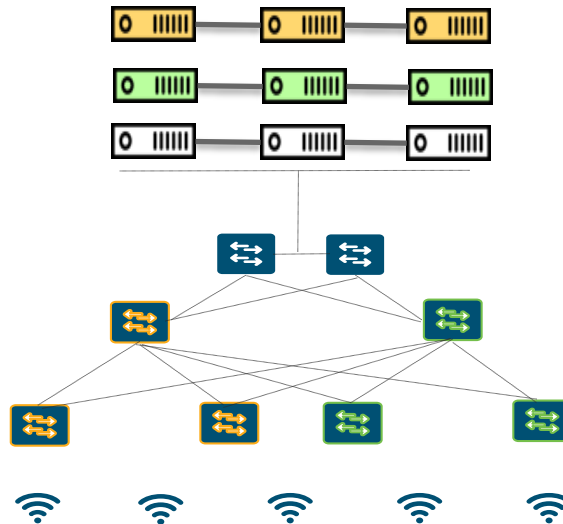
# Multi Site Architecture

## Same DC



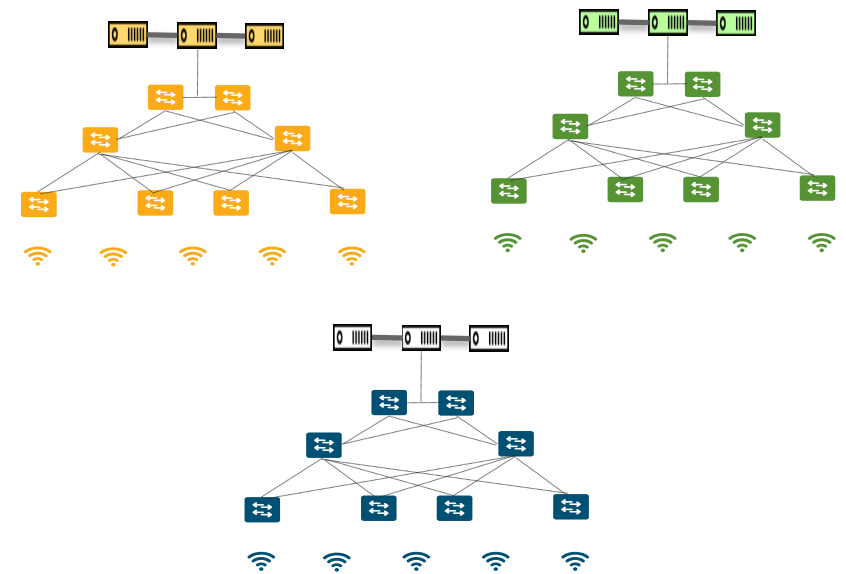
Centralized  
One cluster for the entire  
network/admin domain

## Same DC



Multiple cluster for a single  
network but different admin  
domains

## Multiple DC



Region based admin domains/  
Separate networks

# Cisco DNA Center - Enterprise Scale readiness

## Bigger Form Factor Appliances



- DN2-HW-APL
- DN2-HW-Apl-L
- DN2-HW-APL-XL

- Available Now

**cisco** *Live!*

## Disaster Recovery



- Disaster Recovery (DR) for 3 node clusters across Data Centers
- Witness support for split-brain scenarios
- Automatic Failover (Primary>Secondary)
- User initiated Failback (Secondary>Primary)
- Available 1HCY20

## Cisco DNA Center Management System (DMS)



- Simplified single pane of glass multi-cluster management of distributed Cisco DNA Centers
- Centralized visibility and Monitoring of Network
- Search Support
- Roadmapped for 2HCY20

# Cisco DNA Appliance – Scale and Hardware Spec

## DN2-HW-APL

- ✓ 44 Core M5
- ✓ 5000 Network devices
- ✓ 1000 Switches and Routers
- ✓ 4000 APs
- ✓ 25000 endpoints (concurrent)

## DN2-HW-APL-L

- ✓ 56 Core M5
- ✓ 8000 Network devices
- ✓ 6000 AP and 2000 Switches/Routers
- ✓ 40,000 end points (concurrent)

## DN2 – HW-APL-XL

- ✓ 112 Core M5
- ✓ 18K devices
- ✓ 13K AP/5K switches and routers
- ✓ 100,000 end points (60K wireless/40K wired)



Automation HA available with all models  
Cluster members must be of the same  
appliance type

(stack is a single switch count)



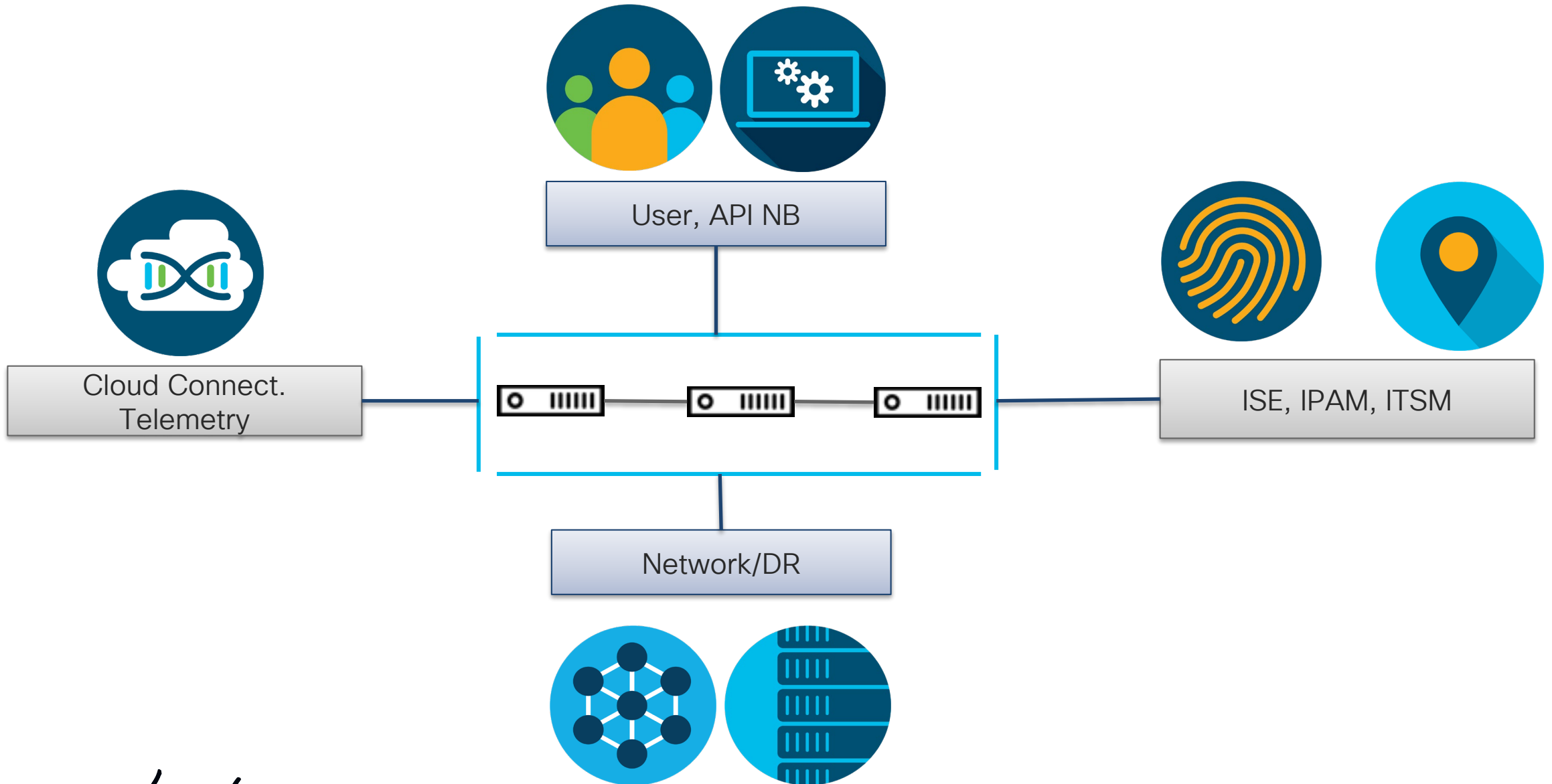
# Cisco DNA Center System Scale Parameter – 1.3.x Release

Parameters	DN2-HW-APL	DN2-HW-APL-L	DN2-HW-APL-XL
No. of Endpoints (concurrent)	25K	40K	100K (40K Wired/60K Wireless)
No. of Devices (Switches/Routers/WLCs)	1000	2000	5000
Ports	48K	192K	480K
Total Interfaces (Physical and Logical)	1.2mil	1.2mil	1.2mil
No. of AP's	4000	6000	12000
No. of DNAC Sites	500	1000	2000
No. of Access Control Policies	25K	25K	25K
No. Access Contracts	500	500	500
<b>Per Fabric Site Scale</b>			
No. of Fabric Devices	500	600	1200
No. of VNs	64	64	256
No. of IP Pools	100	300	600

Latency from Cisco DNA Center to Devices: 200ms (RTT)

# Setting Up Cisco DNA Center

# Logical Connectivity

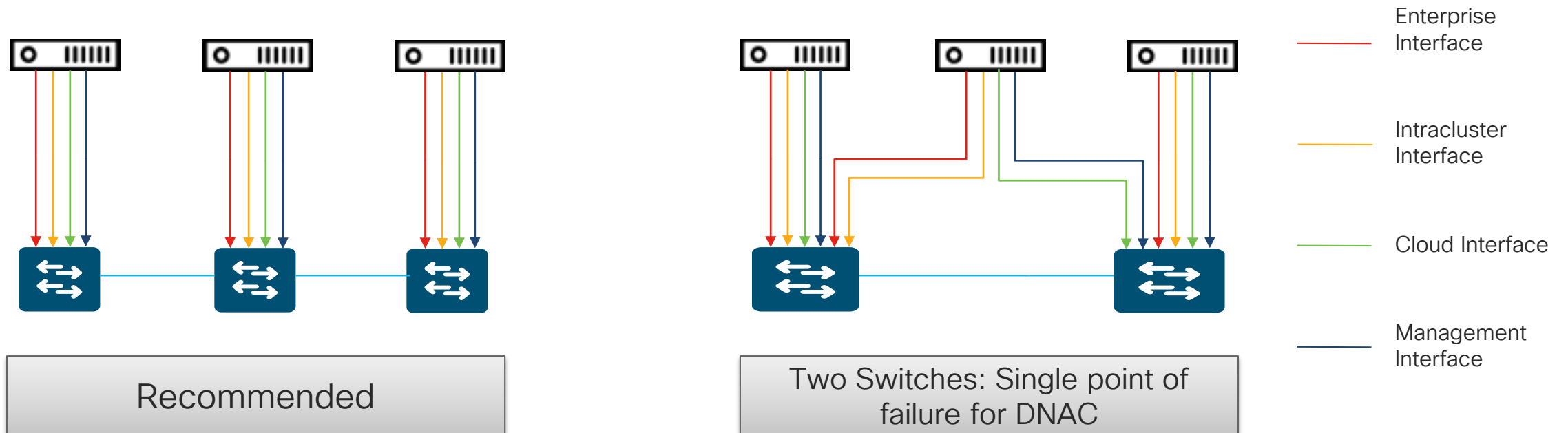


# Cluster Installation Pre-requisite

- Plan the cluster design before installation
- Each network (e.g. Enterprise, cloud-connectivity, or management) requires
  - Individual node IP address
  - A virtual IP (external entities, e.g. devices or UI portal access the cluster by VIP)
- Isolated intra-cluster network
  - Nodes identify each other by intra-cluster link IP
  - A lot of state replication happens over the intra-cluster link (latency sensitive)
  - Loss of intra-cluster link leads to node's isolation from cluster
- Reserve 2 subnets of at least /21 size for services to use

# Deployment Scenarios

## Cabling up Cisco DNA Center clusters to Top of Rack or Access Switches



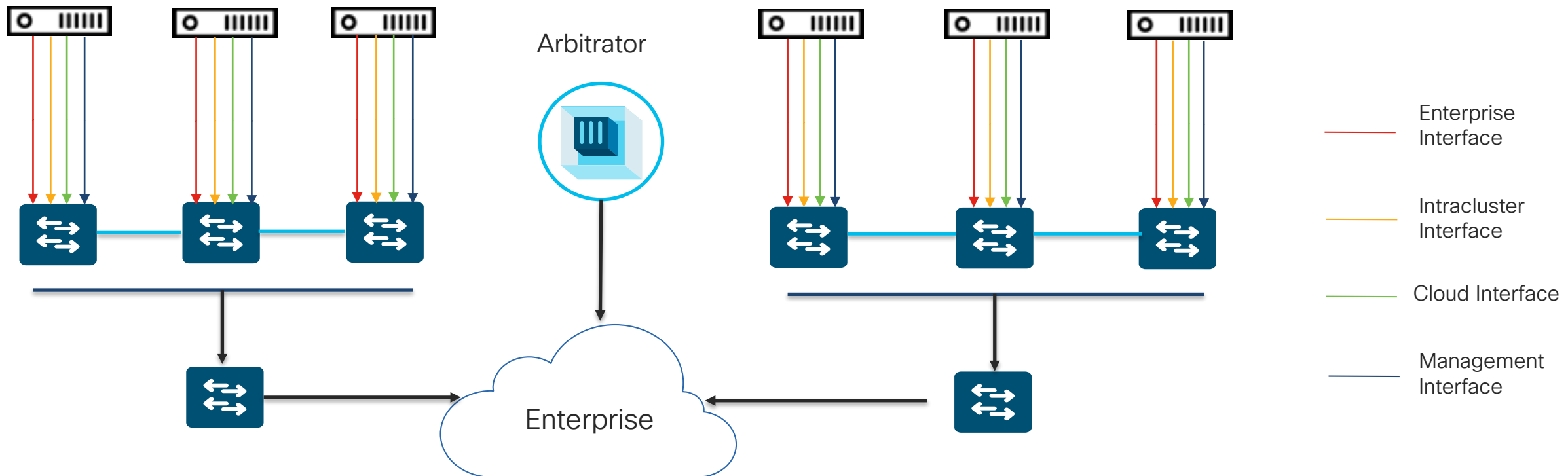


# Multi-DC Deployment Scenario

## Multi DC (DR)

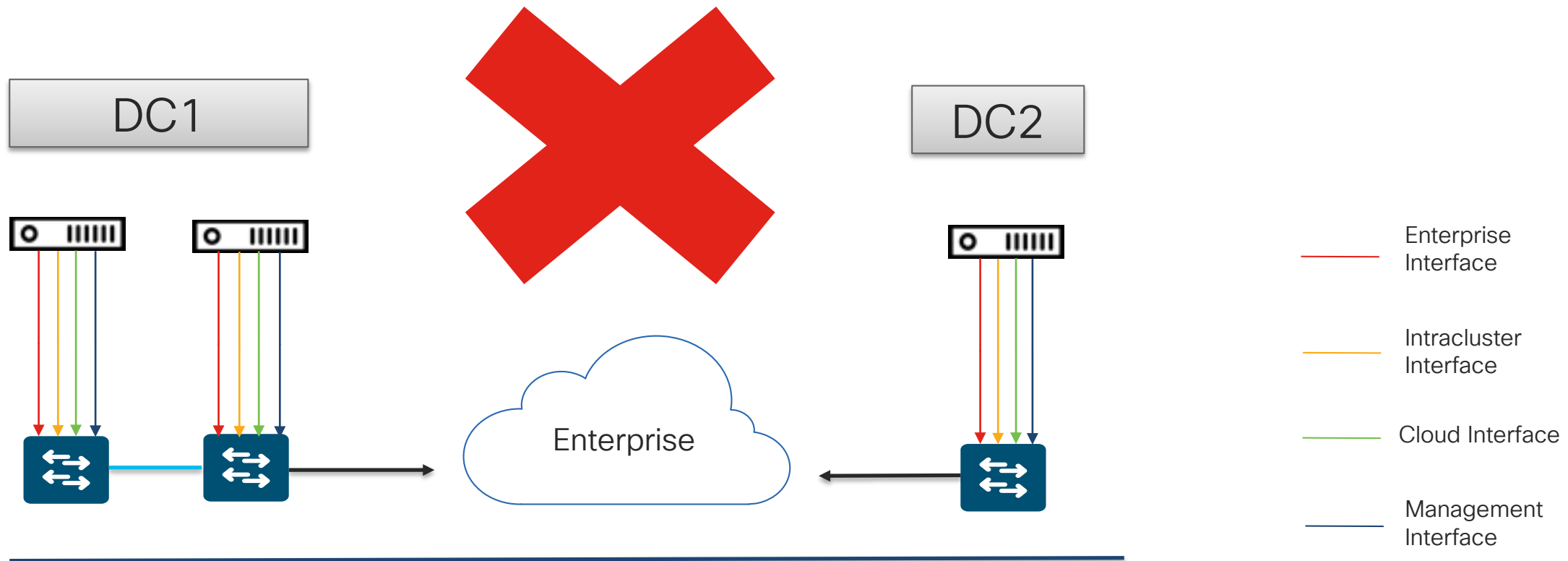
DC1 - Active

DC2 - Standby



# Deployment Scenarios

## Multi DC



# External Connectivity Requirements

The following URLs need to be accessible from the Cisco DNA Center for various operations

External Connections	URLs
Cisco DNA Center Update package downloads	<a href="https://*.ciscoconnectdna.com/">https://*.ciscoconnectdna.com/</a>
Smart Account and SWIM Software Downloads	<a href="https://*.cisco.com/">https://*.cisco.com/</a>
Rendering Geo-Maps on the Cisco DNA Center UI	<a href="https://*.tiles.mapbox.com/">https://*.tiles.mapbox.com/</a>
Meraki Integration	<a href="https://*.meraki.com/">https://*.meraki.com/</a>
IPAM Integration	URL for the IPAM-server
User feedback	<a href="https://dnacenter.uservoice.com/">https://dnacenter.uservoice.com/</a>

# Internal Connectivity Requirements

## Ports to be open on Firewalls

### For IPs connected to your Enterprise Network:

SFTP: in TCP 22

NTP: in UDP 123, out the same

SNMP: in UDP 162, out UDP 161

SCEP: in TCP 16026

DNS: out UDP 53

Telnet: out TCP 23

### For IPs connected to your Management Network:

SSH: in TCP 2222, out TCP 22

HTTP: in TCP 80

### For IPs connected to your Internet Access:

HTTPS: in TCP 443, out the same

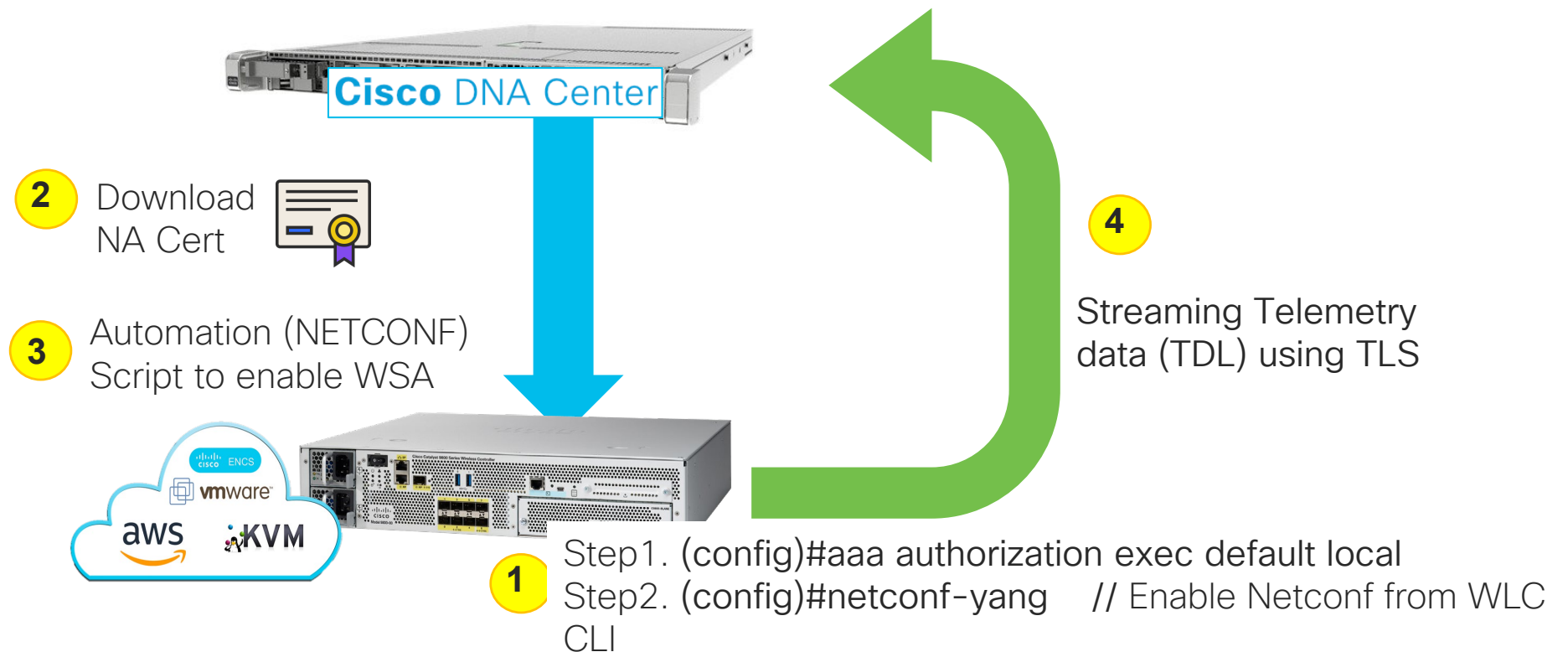
- Ensure that these ports are open for traffic flows to and from the appliances.
- Additional ports, protocols, and types of traffic must be accommodated if you are deploying the appliance in a network that employs SDA infrastructure.

# Cisco DNA Assurance Setup

## Key Considerations

# Cisco DNA Center automatically turns on streaming telemetry when Catalyst 9800 is added to inventory

- Cisco DNAC pushes automated scripts to enable telemetry
  1. Prerequisite - Enable Netconf-yang from Cat9800 CLI
  2. Install DNAC Certificate for https setup with Cisco DNAC
  3. Configure and Enable streaming telemetry (TDL) using NETCONF to Cisco DNAC



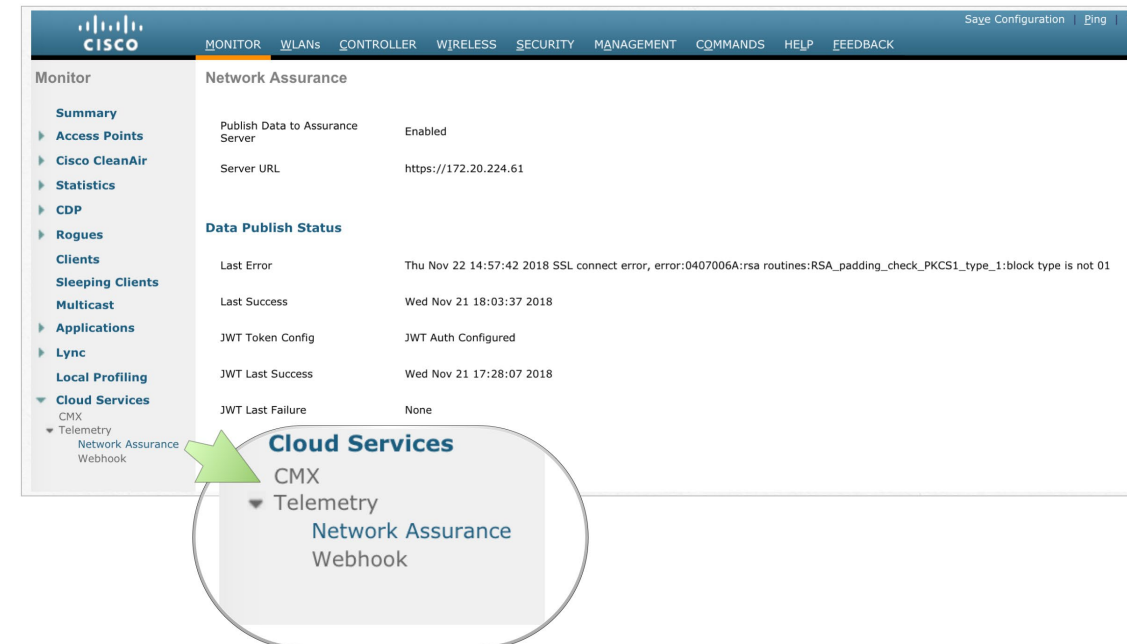
# How to verify if DNAC-WLC streaming telemetry is properly configured

- CLI - “*show network assurance summary*”
  - Last Success Timestamp is newer than Last Error
  - New JWT Token updated every an hour

- GUI\* -[Monitor][Cloud Services][Telemetry][Network Assurance]

(Cisco Controller) >show network assurance summary

```
Server url..... https://192.168.139.162
Wsa Service..... Enabled
wsa Onchange Mode..... Enabled
wsa Sync Interval..... Fixed
NAC Data Publish Status:
Last Error..... Fri Feb 16 06:57:12 2018
Last Success..... Fri Feb 16 07:38:18 2018
JWT Token Config..... JWT Auth Configured
JWT Last Success..... Fri Feb 16 06:57:12 2018
JWT Last Failure..... None
```



# AireOS WLC Provisioning troubleshooting

- Streaming Telemetry Failure -WLC shows “partial collection failure” in Last Sync Status
- Check following items,
  1. Check if WLC has right SNMP Read Only community name
  2. Check if Cisco DNAC has right WLC Credential
  3. Check if WLC Network Assurance is properly “Externalizing Data”
  4. Check if WLC has right time(NTP or manual)
  5. Check if WLC properly subscribed necessary channels from WLC GUI,  
[MANAGEMENT] [Cloud Services] [Telemetry] [Network Assurance] [Server] [Advanced Configuration]



# Catalyst 9800 Provisioning troubleshooting

- Streaming Telemetry Failure -WLC shows “partial collection failure” in Last Sync Status
- Check following items,
  1. (config) #netconf-yang // Enable netconfig
  2. (config) #crypto pki trustpoint DNAC-CA. // Check DNAC-CA trust config
  3. (config) #aaa new-model
  4. (config)#aaa authorization exec default local
  5. Check if WLC properly subscribed necessary channels from WLC GUI,  
[MANAGEMENT] [Cloud Services] [Telemetry] [Network Assurance] [Server] [Advanced Configuration]

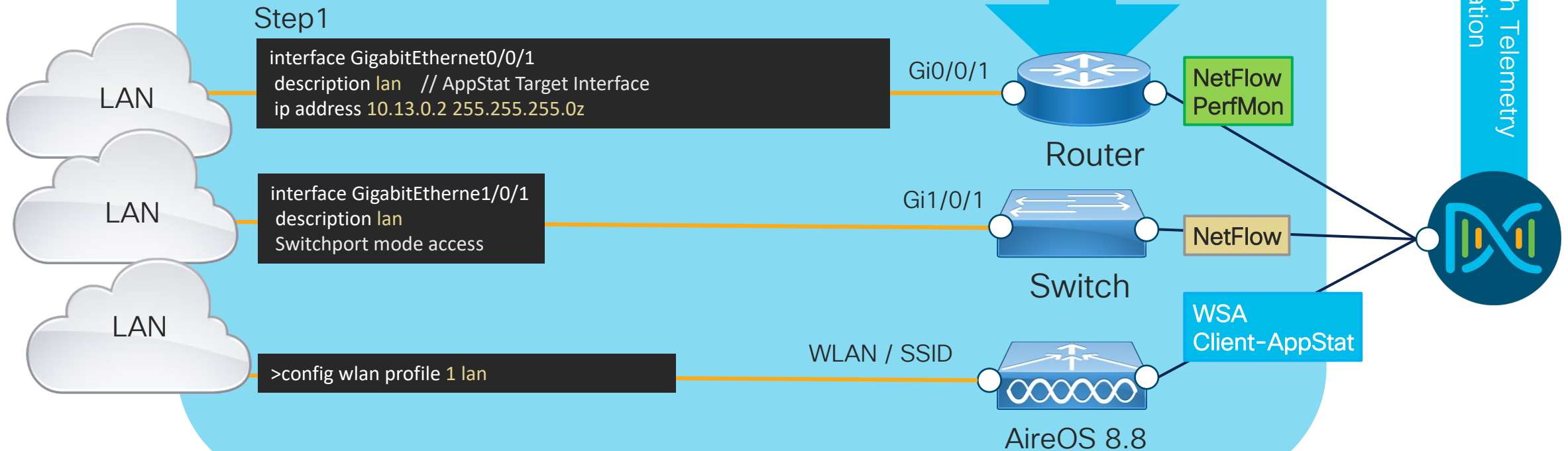
# Application Visibility/Experience Enablement on Router / Switch / WLC

```

performance monitor context tesseract profile application-performance
exporter destination 10.13.1.100 source GigabitEthernet0/0/2 transport udp port 6007
traffic-monitor application-client-server-stats
traffic-monitor application-response-time
traffic-monitor media
    
```

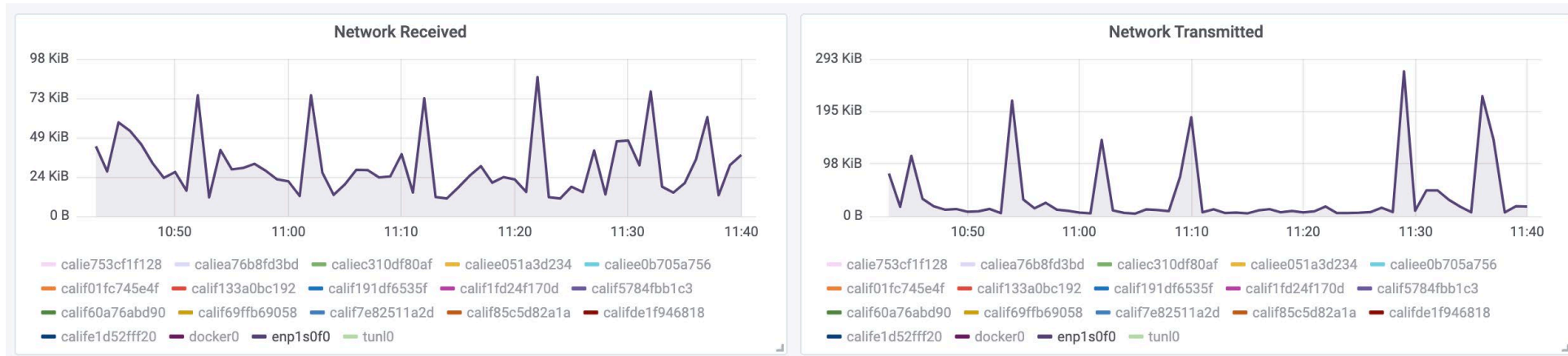
Step2.

Through Telemetry  
Automation



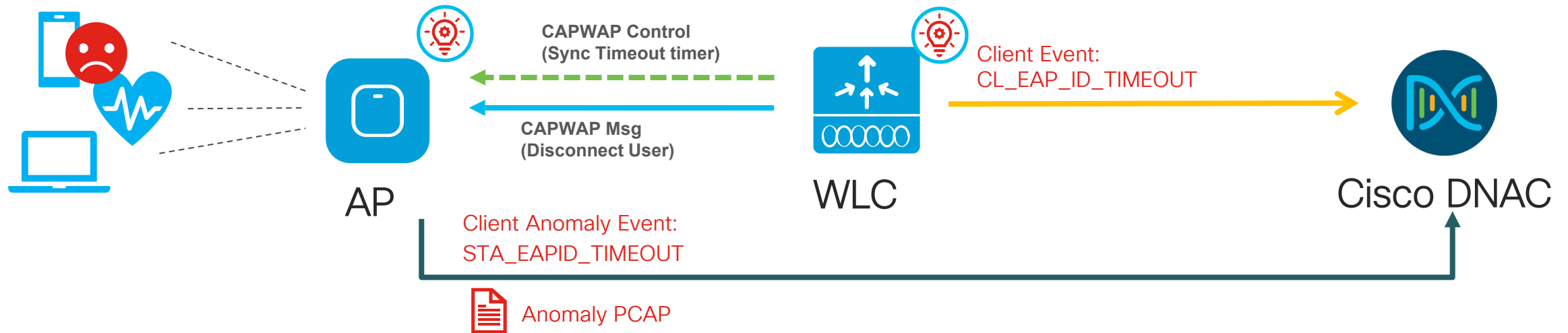
# How to identify Telemetry Traffic consumption?

System Settings > Monitoring > Nodes > Select Network Interface name



- Streaming Telemetry : Assurance – Wireless Collector, Assurance – gRPC
- Network BW consumption is not always linear to size of network but often decided by end-user behaviors and co-located environment
  - E.g. Client (Onboarding) Event, Rogue, Interferer

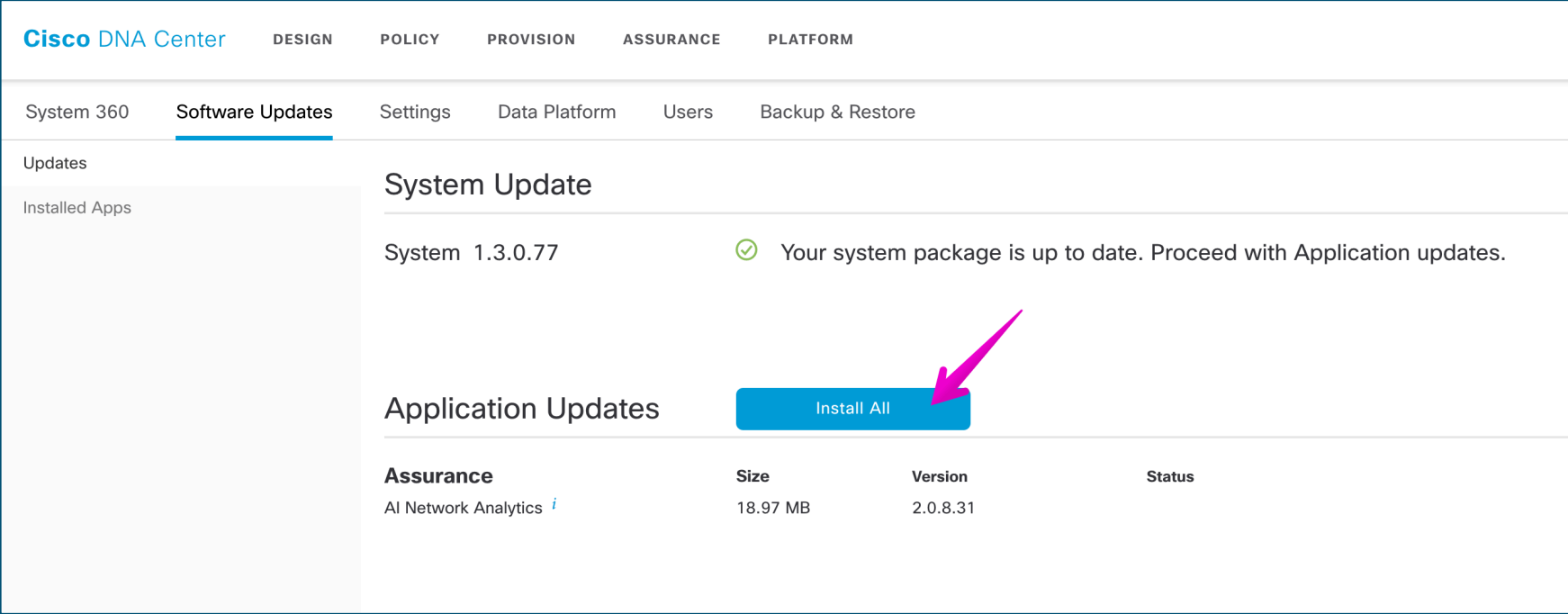
# Intelligent Capture: Anomaly Packet Capture through AP-WLC-DNAC Correlation



- Client Onboarding State machine is located in WLC and generate Client Event
- AP is using Client onboarding policy (DHCP Timeout timer, 802.11 message etc) and generate Client Anomaly Event
  - DHCP Failure
  - 802.1x Failure
  - EAP Key Exchange Failure (4-way, GTK Failure, Invalid EAPOL Key MIC etc)
  - Protocol Mismatch (Invalid RSN IE, Supported Rate Mismatch, Mismatching Replay Counter, etc)

# Cisco AI Network Analytics Agent Deployment

## Step 1: Install Packages



Cisco DNA Center DESIGN POLICY PROVISION ASSURANCE PLATFORM

System 360 **Software Updates** Settings Data Platform Users Backup & Restore

Updates

Installed Apps

### System Update

System 1.3.0.77 ✔ Your system package is up to date. Proceed with Application updates.

### Application Updates

**Install All**

Assurance	Size	Version	Status
AI Network Analytics <i>i</i>	18.97 MB	2.0.8.31	

- Go to [Settings][Software Update]
- Install “AI Network Analytics” package

# Agent Deployment

## Step2: Cloud Analytics Onboard

The screenshot shows the Cisco DNA Center interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Cisco DNA Center', 'DESIGN', 'POLICY', 'PROVISION', 'ASSURANCE', and 'PLATFORM'. Below this, there are tabs for 'System 360', 'Software Updates', 'Settings', 'Data Platform', 'Users', and 'Backup & Restore'. The 'Settings' tab is active, and the left sidebar shows a list of settings categories. The main content area is titled 'AI Network Analytics' and contains several sections: 'Anonymize Data', 'Authentication and Policy Servers', 'Certificate', 'Cisco Credentials', 'CMX Servers', 'Debugging Logs', 'Device Controllability', 'Device EULA Acceptance', 'Email Configuration', 'Events and Subscription', 'High Availability', 'Integration Settings', 'Integrity Verification', 'IP Address Manager', 'Machine Reasoning', 'Network Resync Interval', 'PKI Certificate Management', 'Proxy Certificate', 'Proxy Config', 'SFTP', 'SNMP Properties', 'Stealthwatch', 'Telemetry Collection', and 'Trustpool'. The 'Cloud Connection Test' section is highlighted, showing a text input field with the value 'api.use1.prd.kairos.ciscolabs.com' and a green status indicator 'CLOUD CONNECTION TEST PASSED'. Below this, there is a dropdown menu for 'Select cloud region for endpoint' with options 'Europe (Germany)' and 'US East (N. Virginia)'. A pink arrow points to the 'US East (N. Virginia)' option. The 'Secure Data Storage' section is also visible, with a text input field and a dropdown menu. The 'Restore Configuration' section is also visible, with a text input field and a dropdown menu. The 'Configure' and 'Clear' buttons are at the bottom of the page.

api.use1.prd.kairos.ciscolabs.com

CLOUD CONNECTION TEST PASSED

1. Select Location of Cloud Data Center
  1. US (api.use1.prd.Kairos.ciscolabs.com)
  2. Europe (api.euc1.prd.kairos.ciscolabs.com)
2. Agreed on Term and Condition
3. Click [Configure] button

The screenshot shows a 'Registration Successful' dialog box with a green checkmark icon. The text reads: 'Warning: You are about to download the configuration file that enables Cisco AI Network Analytics. This contains the anonymization key used for anonymizing your data in the cloud. Please treat this confidentially and keep this in a secure location. Access to this configuration should be controlled.' Below this, it says: 'Please download and archive the configuration and anonymization key. The configuration contains information necessary to future installations.' There is an 'Okay' button at the bottom.

# Agent Deployment

## Step3: Save AI Network Analytics Config file



...after successful AI Network Onboarding, DNAC Automatically download config backup file, Kairos-config.json which includes anonymization-key, client cert., client-key.

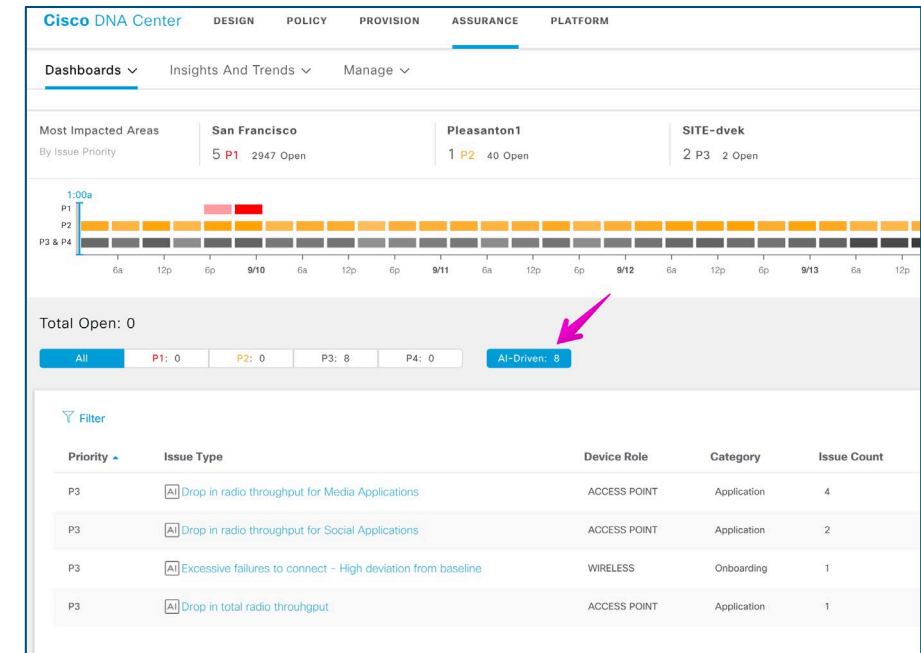
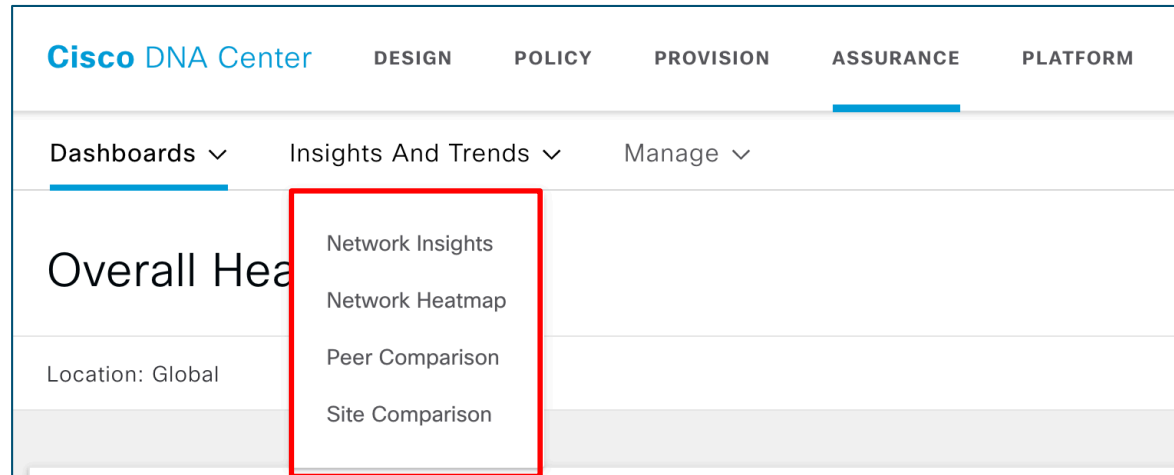
kairos-config.json

### Restore Configuration

In case of an earlier installation on your appliance, and provided that none of the above values have changed since Kairos was initially set up, we strongly recommend the upload of the previously saved configuration.

Drop your configuration file, or click to select it from your file system.

# Agent Setup: What's next



- You can recognize that AI Network Analytics is installed, by looking at the Assurance UI, where the “Insights And Trends” tab is now present
- “Insights And Trends” gives Access to Network Insights, heatmaps, Smart dashboards and compare with others or building to building
- After 7 Days, new “AI-Driven Issues” will be pushed and available from new Issue Dashboard



# Complete your online session survey



- Please complete your session survey after each session. Your feedback is very important.
- Complete a minimum of 4 session surveys and the Overall Conference survey (starting on Thursday) to receive your Cisco Live t-shirt.
- All surveys can be taken in the Cisco Events Mobile App or by logging in to the Content Catalog on [ciscolive.com/emea](https://ciscolive.com/emea).

Cisco Live sessions will be available for viewing on demand after the event at [ciscolive.com](https://ciscolive.com).

# Continue your education



Demos in the  
Cisco Showcase



Walk-In Labs



Meet the Engineer  
1:1 meetings



Related sessions



Thank you





You make **possible**

# Appendix

# Feature Matrix

# Wireless Telemetry Type

Type	Port	Telemetry Source	Feature	Recommended S/W Ver*
WSA (Wireless Service Assurance)	TCP 443	CT3504, 5520, 8540 Mobility Express	Channelized WSA DiffSync, Event or Stat. Filtered Channel	8.5.140.0 or 8.8.120.0
TDL	TCP 443	Catalyst 9800	Real Time Event TLS-based	16.10.1e
gRPC	TCP 32626	AP2/3/4800	Real Time Stat Binary telemetry	8.8.120.0
AP WSA	TCP 443	AP1815/30/50 AP1800s	Control and Report channel	8.5.140.0 or 8.8.120.0 8.8.261

\*Based on Cisco DNA Center 1.3

# Streaming Telemetry produces 3 times faster and more data

	I/O	Type	Cisco DNAC	Legacy NMS	Notes
Client and Network Health analysis	Input	AP & Client RF Stat Intervals	90 sec	300 sec (5 min)	x3 Faster
	Output	Update frequency on DNAC	300 sec (5 min; includes Health score computation)	900 sec (15 min)	x3 Faster
Client Onboarding analysis	Input	Onboarding Events Viewer Intervals	240+ Events coming at a rate of 30 sec	Assoc. & Disassoc. Events Only at 300 sec	x10 Faster
	Output	Update frequency on DNAC	300 sec (5 min)	300-900 sec (5-15 min)	Up to x3 Faster
Client and Network Troubleshooting using Intelligent Capture*	Input	AP RF Stat Intervals	30 sec	N.A	N.A
		Client RF Stat Intervals	5 sec	N.A	N.A
		On-Boarding Event Viewer Intervals	2 sec	N.A	N.A
		Spectrum Analyzer	5 sec	N.A	N.A
	Output	Update Interval on DNAC	30 sec	N.A	N.A



# Wireless Assurance Feature by Deployment model

	Network Health	Client Health	Client360	Issue	Sensor	Intelligent Capture	Cisco AI Network Analytics
Local Mode	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
FlexConnect (Central Auth)	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
LocalAuth, LocalDHCP	●	●	○*	○*	●	●	○*
Mobility Express	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Catalyst 9800	●	●	●	●	●	●	Roadmap

\*In FlexConnect LocalAuth/DHCP/Assoc mode, Event Viewer and Onboarding Widget, Onboarding Issue has limited visibility



# Wireless Assurance AP Feature Matrix

	Min. S/W AireOS	Min. S/W Cat9800	.11n / Wave-1 APs	AP1800/ C9115	C9120	AP2800 / 3800	AP4800
Health, Issue	8.5.120	16.10.1e	●	●	●	●	●
Rogue Management (DNAC 1.4)	8.8.111	16.12.x	●	●	●	●	●
DNS Widget	8.8.111	16.10.1e	X	●	●	●	●
IP SLA Responder	8.8.111	16.10.1e	X	●	●	●	●
Intelligent Capture (AP& Client RF Stat, Anomaly PCAP, Scheduled PCAP)	8.8.120	16.12.x	X	●*	●*	●	●
Intelligent Capture w/ Spectrum Analyzer	8.8.120	16.12.x	X	X	X	●	●
Intelligent Capture w/ Full Packet Capture	8.8.120	16.12.x	X	X	X	X	●

# Intelligent Capture Operation and Scale

Data Type	Operation	Scale
Full Packet Capture	On-Demand	Single Client Device (1 client at any point in time on DNA Assurance)
Client RF stats	Scheduled	Up to 16 Clients
Client Onboarding Events (WLC)	Always On	
Partial PCAP (Mgmt., DHCP/ICMP, EAP, etc.)	Scheduled	Up to 16 Clients
AP RF Stats, Other AP Stats	Via Config option ( On/Off )	APs at any point in time on DNA Assurance for 4000 AP deployment
Client RF Stats	Scheduled	Up to 16 Client
Spectrogram View	On-Demand	Only during client browser is opened
Client Location Update	Always On	For All Clients (using CMX)

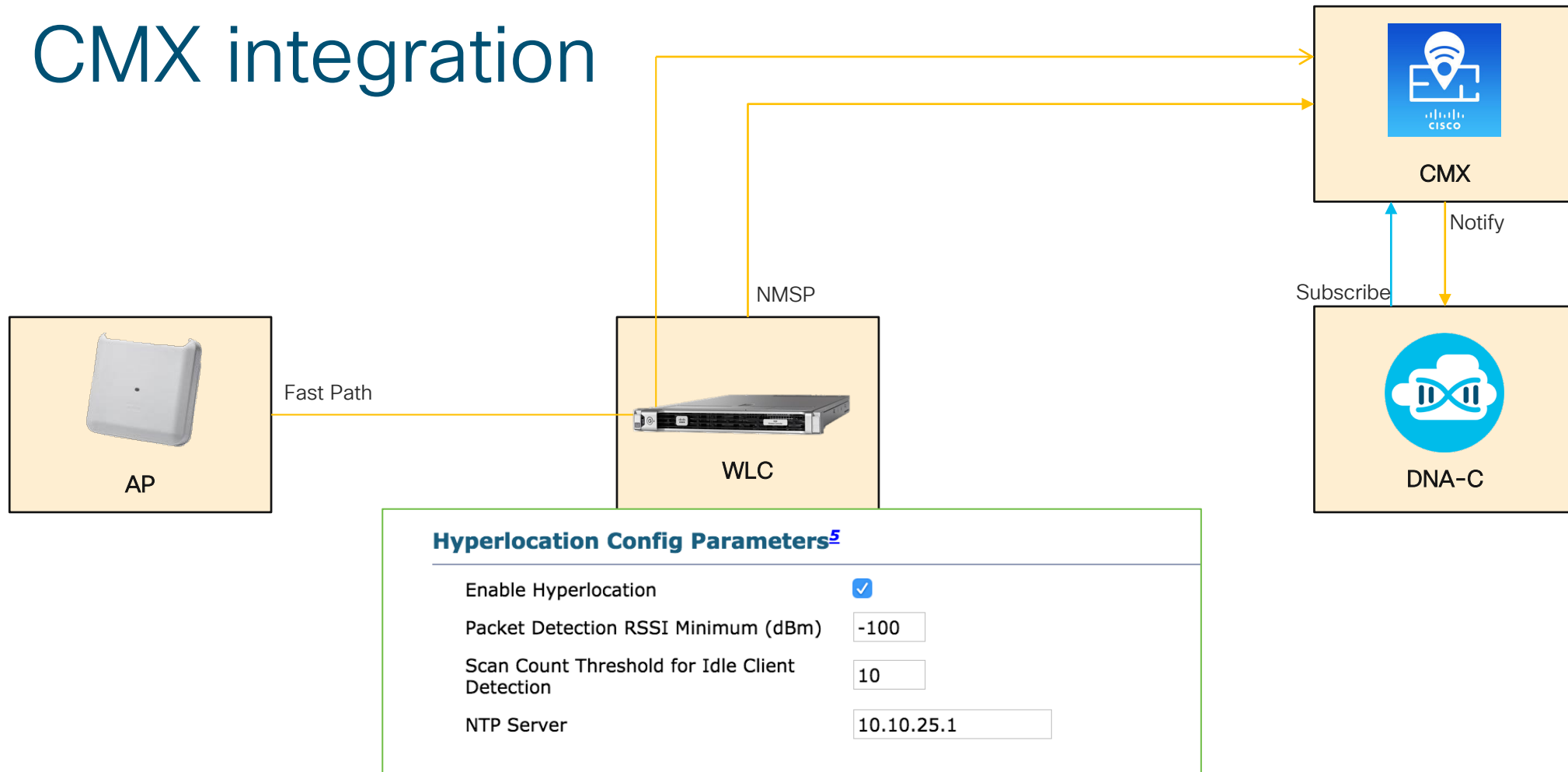
# Available Packet Type per Capture mode

PCAP Type	How to trigger	Media Type	Captured Protocol	Features	Supported AP and capture method
Onboard PCAP	On-demand or Scheduled or automated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wireless PCAP</li> </ul>	802.11 mgmt. (Auth, Assoc) Data – (802.1x/EAP, DHCP, DNS, ARP, ICMP), Roaming – 802.11k, 802.11v Block Ack	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Auto Packet Analyzer</li> <li>Downloadable from anywhere using Web browser</li> <li>Automated Onboard Failure PCAP up to 100 packet per session</li> <li>Data Packet auto decryption</li> </ul>	AP2800/3800/4800 – Inline-based Packet capture
Full PCAP	On-demand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wireless PCAP</li> <li>Wired PCAP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>802.11 with Radio Header (Mgmt, Control, Data Frame)</li> <li>802.3 with Ethernet Header</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Application Analyzer,</li> <li>Wireless Delay, Wireless Packet Loss Chart</li> <li>Jitter chart using RTP (Wired &amp; Wireless)</li> <li>Data Packet auto decryption</li> </ul>	AP4800 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Radio w/ Self-Sniffing feature

# Intelligent Capture FAQ

- Bandwidth Consumption modeling – Intelligent Capture is essentially On-demand, scheduling-based feature
- BW consumption only occurs when each feature get turned on
  - Partial Packet Capture
  - Spectrum
  - On-Demand Full Packet Capture : Client BW consumption x 2 (wired, wireless)
- Catalyst 9800 platform Intelligent Capture support – scheduled on 16.12.1

# CMX integration



- Client updates sent via existing methods using NMSP or Fast Path
- DNAC to subscribe/register for location updates for one or list of clients
- Push-based Client location update from CMX to DNAC
- **Enable Hyperlocation support for NTP enforcement**

# How to setup Sensor

# Sensor Workflow

## Day-0 Sensor Provisioning

- Sensor Profile creation
- DNAC Discovery
- Claim
- Map Placement

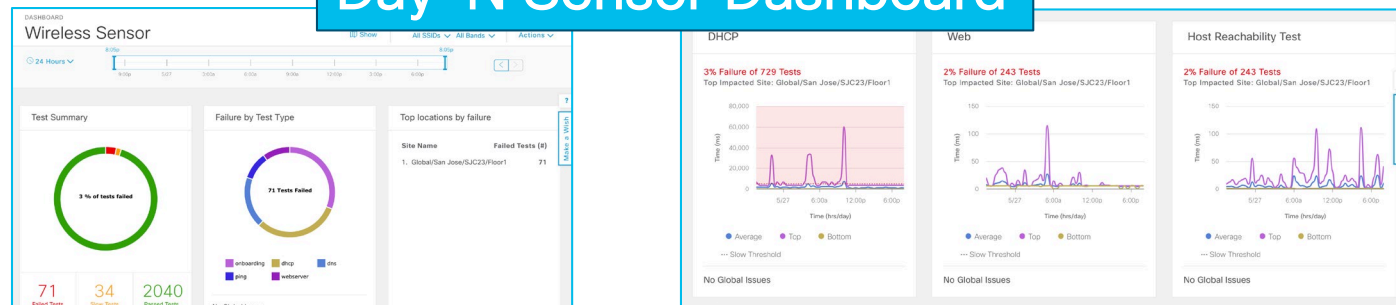
## Day-1 Sensor Test Config

- Select Onboard SSID
- Network Test
- Performance Test (Speed Test, SLA)
- Application Connectivity

## Day-2 Sensor Upgrade

- Upgrade using DNAC
- Upgrade using CLI

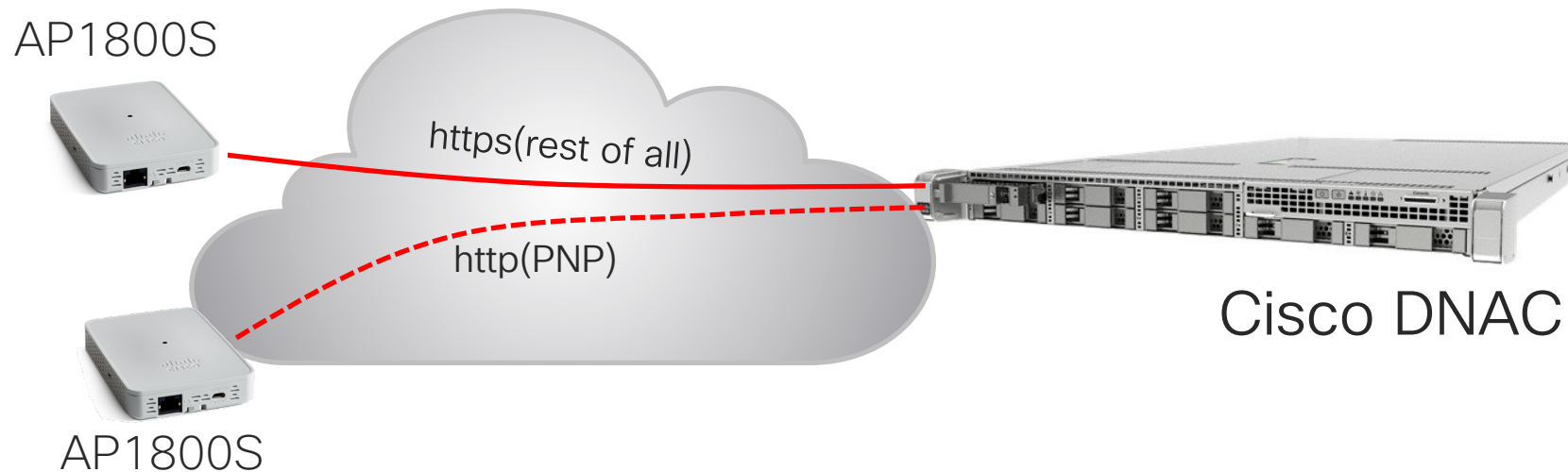
## Day-N Sensor Dashboard





# D-1, Before start sensor...

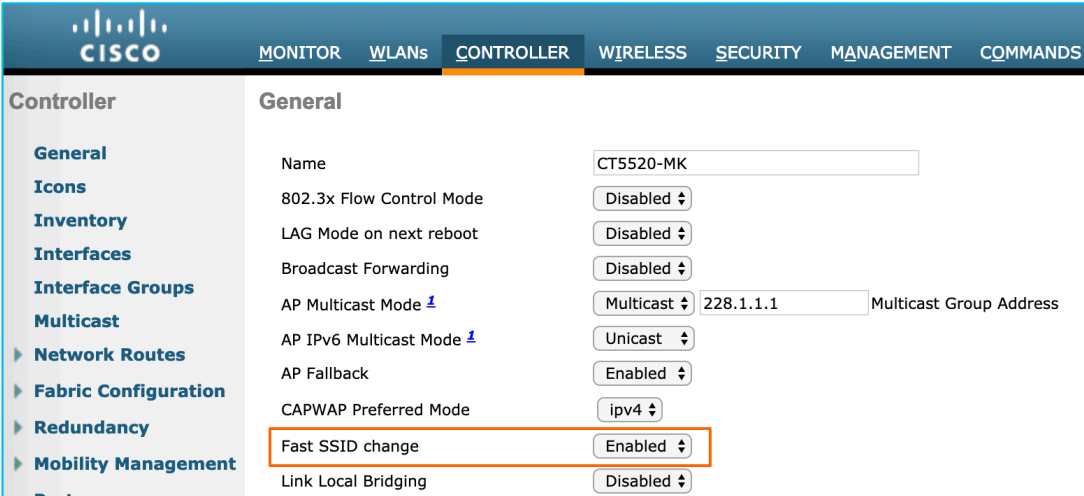
- Make sure you have network connectivity between Sensor and DNAC
  - `http` (TCP 80) – PNP protocol, essential to register sensor into DNAC
  - `https` (TCP 443) – Backhaul Channel
    - Heartbeat
    - Test config download & Test result upload
    - Image Upgrade – HTTPS (TCP 443)



# Sensor Test Target WLAN

- Sensor can onboard Cisco WLAN Network with following security config
  - OPEN
  - WPA2-PSK (AES)
  - WPA2-Enterprise
    - PEAP-MSCHAPv2
    - EAP-FAST
    - EAP-TLS
  - WLC Internal WebAuth
  - IPv4/DHCP Environment
  - Broadcast SSID
  - Hidden SSID (requires 8.8MR2 and AP1800s 8.8.260 SW)
- Sensor requires Cisco WLAN environment for its testing target network

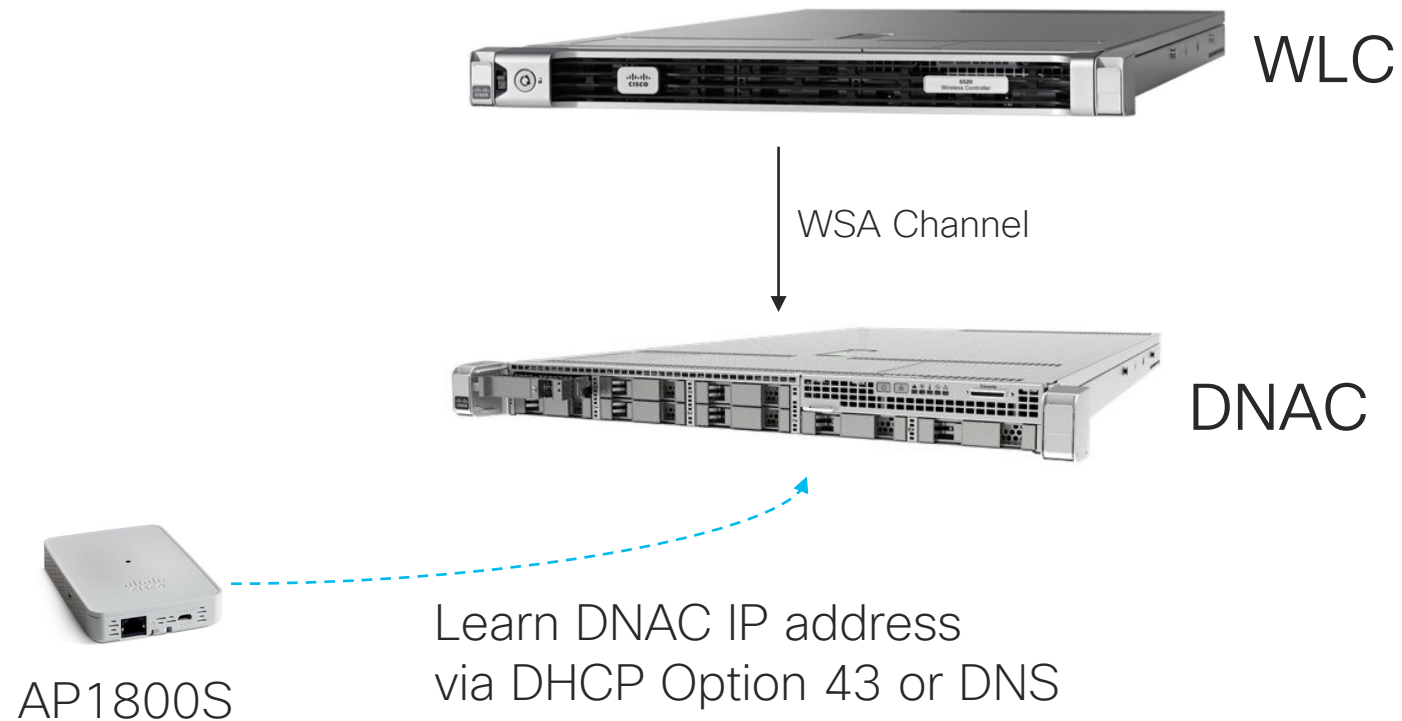
\*Sensor can run testing across multiple SSIDs switching band and associating SSID. This Sensor behavior cause Fast SSID Switching. Enable Fast SSID Change option is recommended



The screenshot shows the Cisco WLC Controller configuration page for a WLAN. The 'CONTROLLER' tab is selected. The 'General' section is expanded, showing various configuration options. The 'Fast SSID change' option is highlighted with an orange box and is set to 'Enabled'.

Controller	General
General	Name: CT5520-MK
Icons	802.3x Flow Control Mode: Disabled
Inventory	LAG Mode on next reboot: Disabled
Interfaces	Broadcast Forwarding: Disabled
Interface Groups	AP Multicast Mode: Multicast (228.1.1.1 Multicast Group Address)
Multicast	AP IPv6 Multicast Mode: Unicast
Network Routes	AP Fallback: Enabled
Fabric Configuration	CAPWAP Preferred Mode: ipv4
Redundancy	<b>Fast SSID change: Enabled</b>
Mobility Management	Link Local Bridging: Disabled

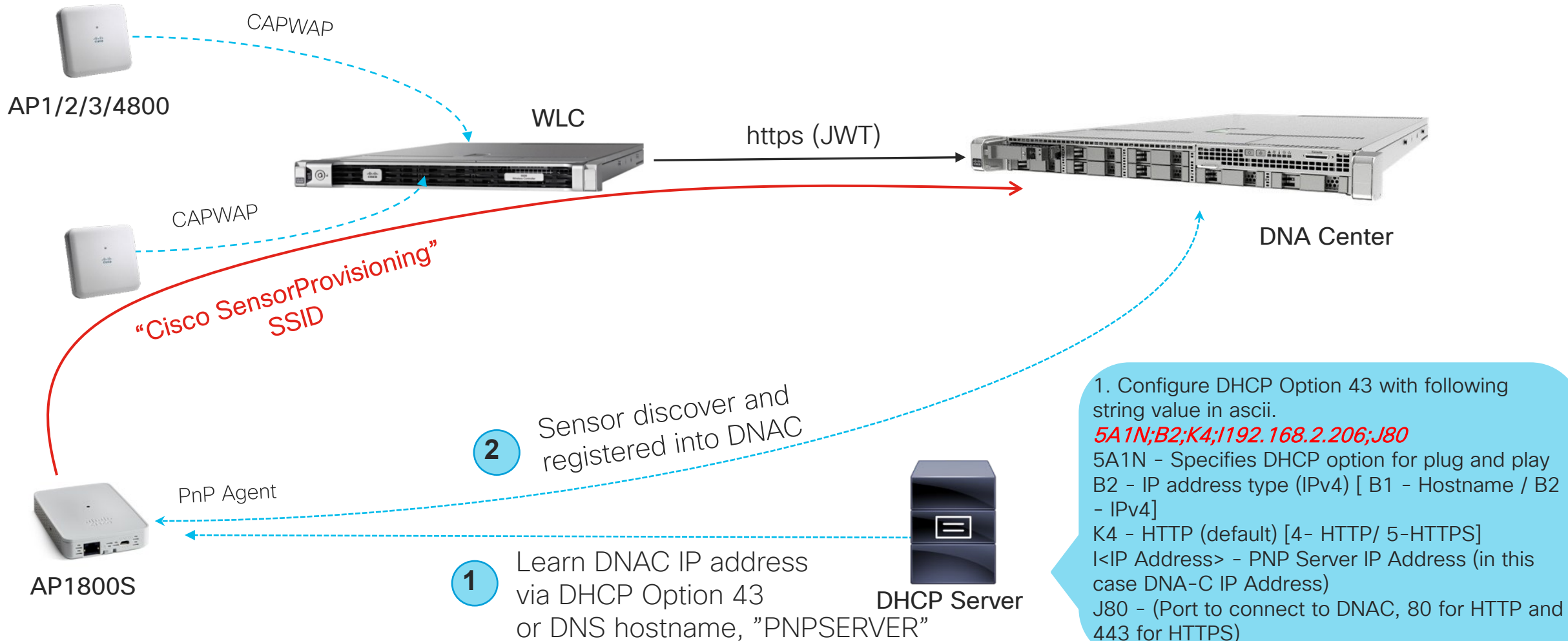
# Types of discovery path to DNAC



# “CiscoSensorProvisioing” SSID

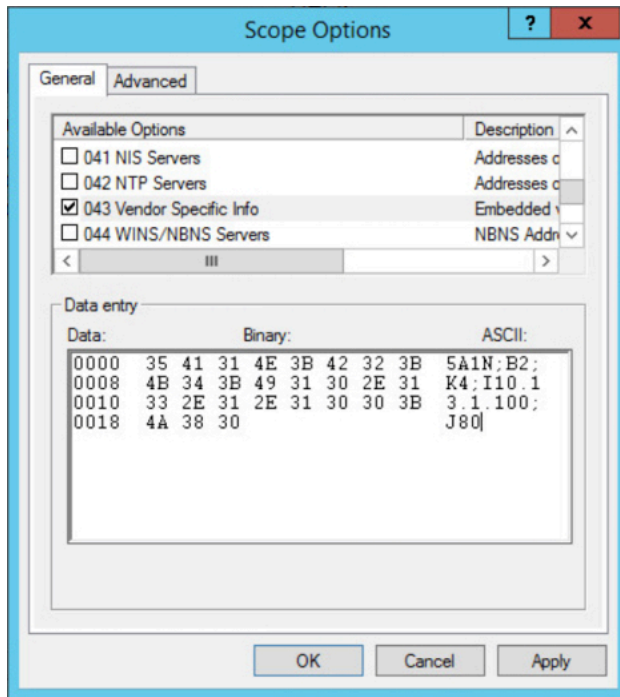
- Sensor Wireless Provisioning is done via well-known, fixed SSID
- Non-Broadcasting SSID
- Turned on from sensor provision enable command
- Must be broadcast to all APs in WLC using one of First 16 SSIDs index from WLC
- Authenticated by EAP-TLS, using WLC Local EAP
- Sensor uses MIC to get authenticated by WLC Local EAP Server

# Dedicate Sensor discover DNA Center via DHCP Option 43 or DNS Hostname



# DNAC Discovery using DHCP/DNS Server

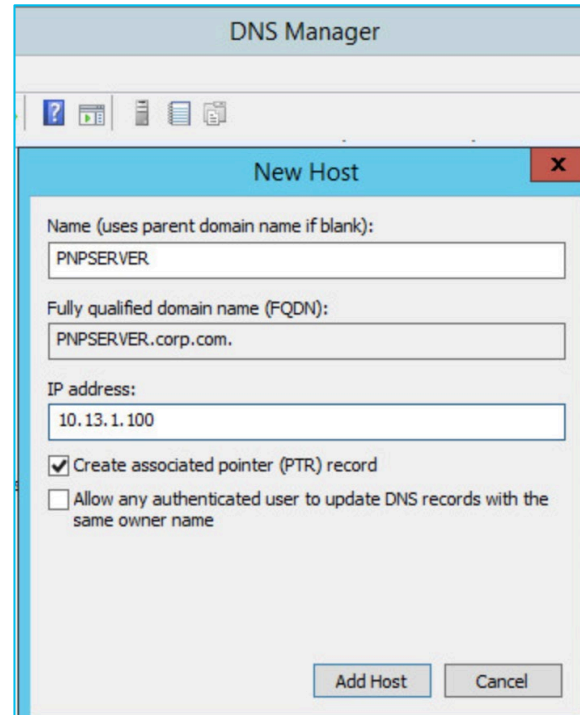
From DHCP Server



Create Option 43

**"5A1N;B2;K4;I10.13.1.100;J80"**  
10.13.1.100 – DNAC IP Address

From DNS Server



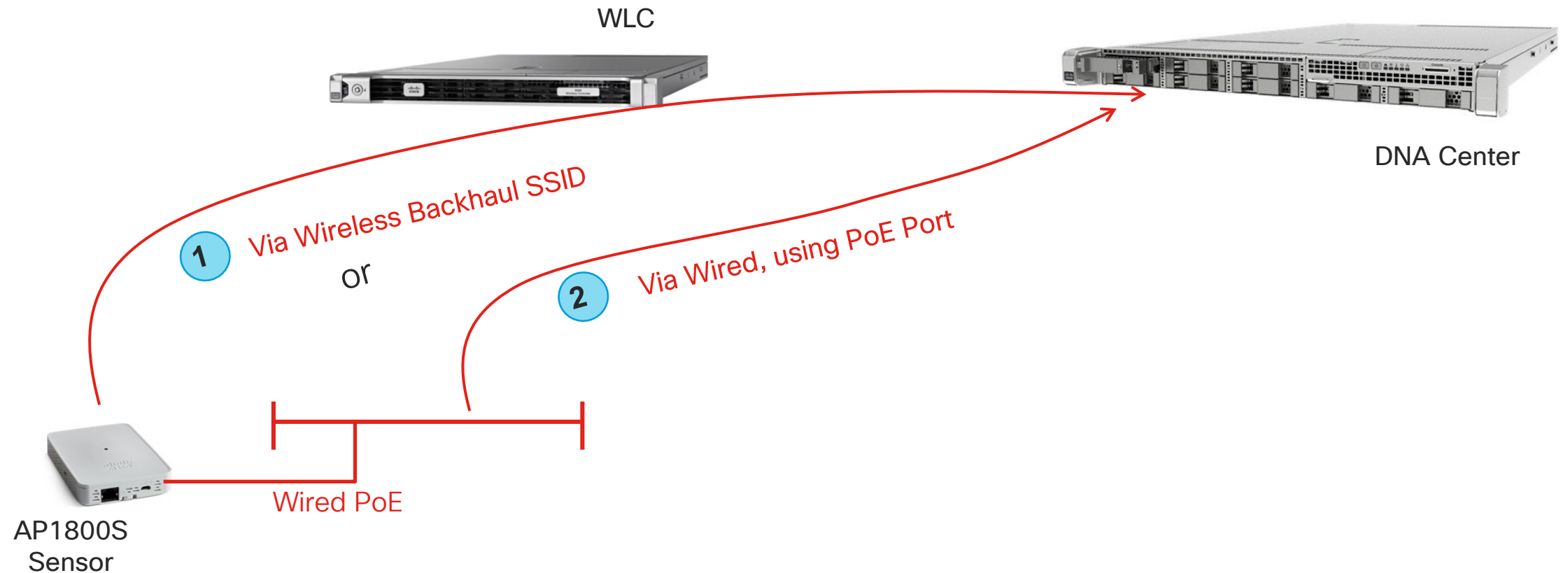
OR

Create entry "PNPSEVER"  
and assign DNAC IP Address

- If Option 43 field is already used for other purpose, Use conditional Option 43 using VCI string. AP1800S's VCI string is "Cisco AP c1800"
- Alternatively, DNAC IP Address can be manually provision from CLI Console (AIR-CONSADPT=)

```
# config dot11 sensor pnp ip  
<xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx>
```




# Sensor communicate directly to DNAC to report test result using designated Backhaul Interface



Sensor Test result is directly reported to DNAC using Wireless Backhaul SSID or Wired Backhaul. Make sure Sensor can directly communicate to DNAC

# 8 Step Sensor Image Upgrade through DNAC

## Prep - Image Management

- 1\* Download Image from CCO
- 2\* Import image into DNAC  Import
- 3 Tag New sensor image as Golden Image 
- 4 Click [Update Device]  Update Devices

## Upgrade from PROVISION

- 5 Select Upgrade Target Sensor
- 6 Action > Update OS Image
- 7 [Distribute] select “Now”
- 8 [OS Update] Select “Schedule Activation after Distribution is completed”
- 9 “Confirm” Upgrade
- 10 Wait for SWIM to complete upgrade

Or using Console cable or SSH

# archive download-sw /reload <tftp://192.168.0.1/SW1800-SENSOR-K9-8-7-258-0.tar.gz>