



You make **possible**



Cloud Security Unveiled - All aspects of Network, Data- Security, Compliance and Data Leakage Prevention in Cisco Webex Meetings and Teams

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Paulo J. Correia - Technical Solution Architect
Tobias Neumann - Technical Solution Architect

TECCOL-3033

CISCO *Live!*

Barcelona | January 27-31, 2020



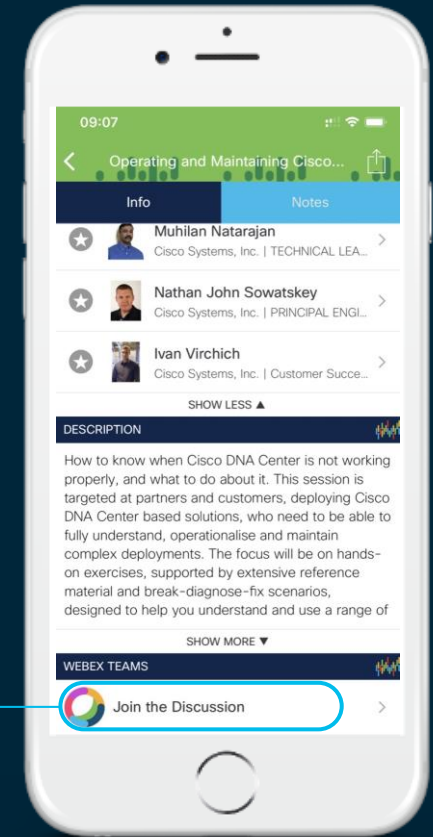
Cisco Webex Teams

Questions?

Use Cisco Webex Teams to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Events Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install Webex Teams or go directly to the team space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the team space



Agenda

- Introduction to Cloud Security Challenges
- Legislation and regulation for cloud service
- Data Locality
- Cloud Collaboration architecture
 - Micro Service Architecture
 - Cisco Webex Teams Architecture
- Identity management

Webex service connection to the Cloud

Media Types for Cisco Webex Teams Service
Media Types for Cisco Webex Meetings Service
Media Types for Cisco Webex Calling Service
Firewall support
Hybrid Services connections considerations

- Enterprise security feature for Cloud
 - Content Ownership
 - ECM
 - Device security
 - DLP, Legal Hold/Retention Policy, Archival
 - Hybrid Data Security

Roundtable Discussion

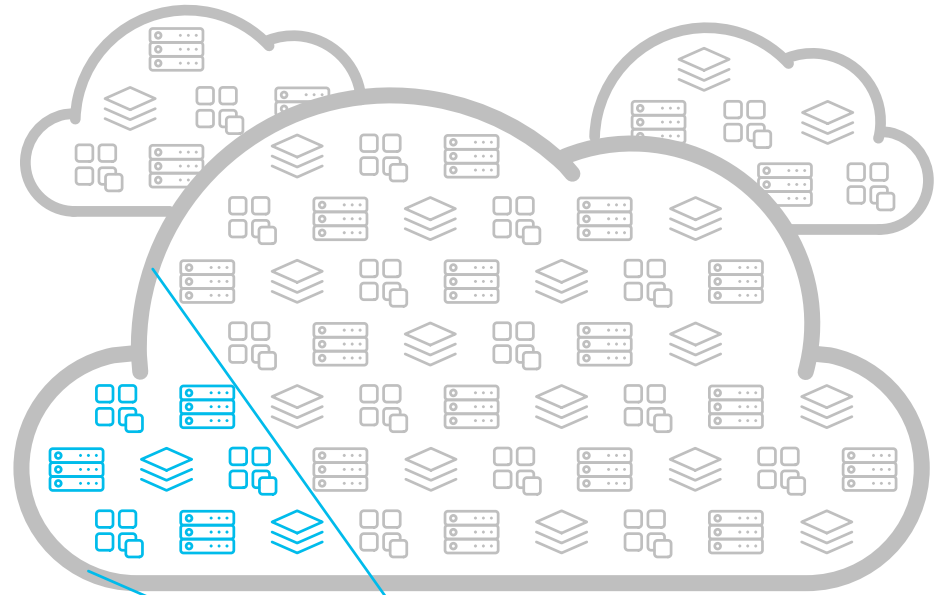
Introduction to Cloud Security Challenges

The shadow IT reality

80% of end users use software not cleared by IT*

1,220 cloud services used by average large org*

33% of enterprise attacks will come from shadow IT by 2020**



*Cisco Cloudlock CyberLab ** Gartner's Top 10 Security Predictions ([ref](#))

Gartner

“Shadow IT is growing and is an unstoppable force”

“If governed, managed and guided appropriately to mitigate the risks, shadow IT can create a lot of value for the organization. But the opposite is also true, in that, left unguided and controlled, it can destroy value.”

Gartner: Embracing and Creating Value From Shadow IT, Simon Mingay, refreshed 5 January 2017

Users and apps have adopted the cloud...

...security must, too.

49%
of the workforce
is mobile¹

82%
admit to not
using the VPN²

70%
increase in
SaaS usage³

70%
of branch
offices have
DIA⁴



Sources:

1. "Securing Portable Data and Applications for a Mobile Workforce" SANS, 2015

2. "Your Users Have Left the Perimeter. Are You Ready?" IDG, 2016

3. "Keeping SaaS Secure" Gartner, 2016

4. "Securing Direct-To-Internet Branch Offices: Cloud-Based Security Offers Flexibility and Control," Forrester, 2015

World's Biggest Data Breaches & Hacks

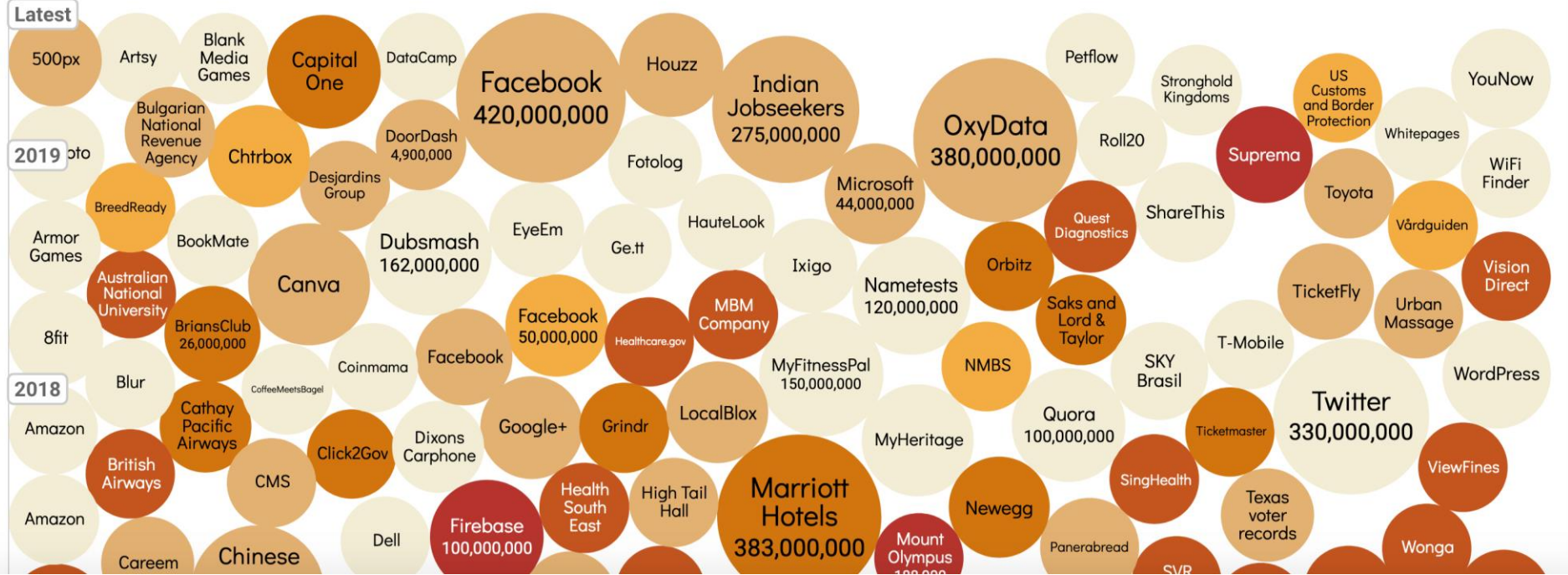
interesting story

Select losses greater than 30,000 records

Last updated: 18 Dec 2019

Filter Colour YEAR DATA SENSITIVITY

Low High Search...



Source: <https://www.informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/worlds-biggest-data-breaches-hacks/>

What do we need to know ?

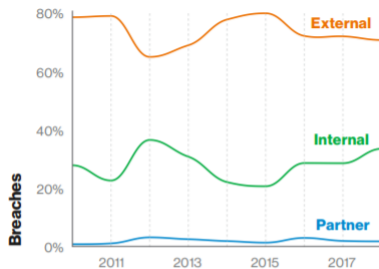


Figure 6. Threat actors in breaches over time

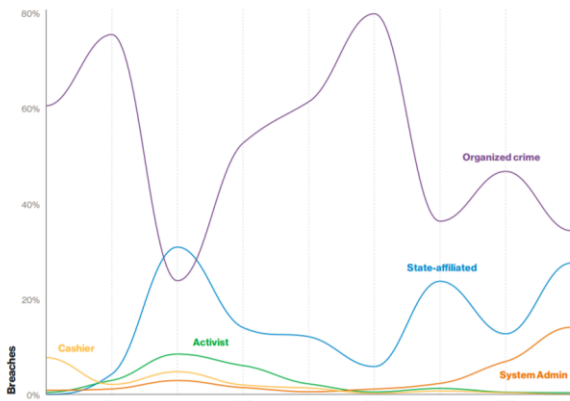


Figure 8. Select threat actors in breaches over time

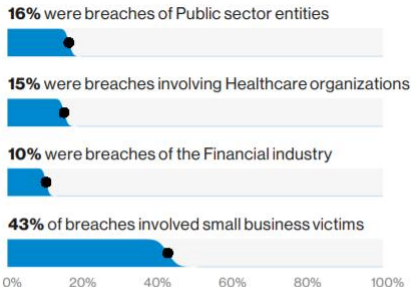


Figure 2. Who are the victims?

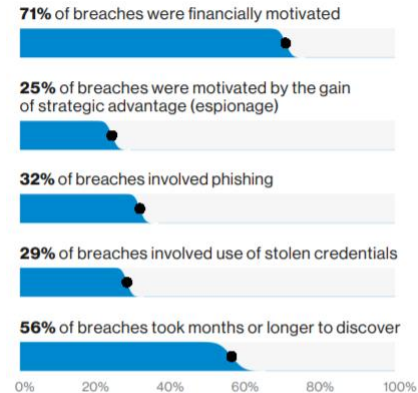


Figure 5. What are other commonalities?



Figure 2. Who are the victims?

Source : 2019 Data Breach Investigations Report



<https://enterprise.verizon.com/resources/reports/dbir/>

Data residency means nothing today in Cloud solutions



The Volokh Conspiracy • Opinion

Google must turn over foreign-stored emails pursuant to warrant, court rules

By Orin Kerr February 3

A federal magistrate judge handed down an opinion this afternoon, *In re Search Warrant No. 16-960-M-01 to Google*, ordering Google to comply with a search warrant to produce foreign-stored emails. The magistrate judge disagrees with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the 2nd Circuit's Microsoft Ireland warrant case, recently denied rehearing by an evenly divided court. Although the new decision is only a single opinion by a single magistrate judge, the decision shows that the Justice Department is asking judges outside the Second Circuit to reject the Second Circuit's ruling — and that at least one judge has agreed.



Google, unlike Microsoft, must turn over foreign emails--US judge

By Heather Rempel

A U.S. judge has ordered Google to comply with search warrants seeking customer emails stored outside the United States, diverging from a federal appeals court that reached the opposite conclusion in a similar case involving Microsoft Corp.

U.S. Magistrate Judge Thomas Rafter in Washington ruled on Friday that searching emails from a foreign server on FBI agents could reveal their location as part of a domestic fraud probe and not merely as a witness.

The judge said the case did not meet the test for "meaningful interconnection" with the account holder's "domestic interest" in the data sought.

Search Engine
Daily Tech
Internet • Hacker

SEARCH

The New York Times

's Pay



E.U. Fines Facebook \$122 Million Over Disclosures in WhatsApp Deal



China's Strength and Its Shopping Lift Alibaba's Results



How Uber and Waymo Ended Up Rivals in the Race for Driverless Cars

amazon.co.uk

NEST CAM OUTDOOR ...
£179.00 (plus delivery)
Prime

APC SMART-UPS SMC ...
£410.22 (plus delivery)
Prime

TECHNOLOGY

Microsoft Wins Appeal on Overseas Data Searches

by NICK WINGFIELD and CECILIA KANG JULY 14, 2016

For the last few years, American technology giants have been embroiled in a power struggle with the United States government over when authorities get to see and use the digital data that the companies collect.

On Thursday, [Microsoft](#) won a surprise victory in one such legal battle against the government over access to data that is stored outside the United States.

Cloud Security

AN IDC CONTINUOUS INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

IDC's *Cloud Security* analyzes security solutions for customers moving datacenter and other applications to the cloud. While security was often cited as the leading obstacle to cloud implementations, increasingly, some customers see cloud as more secure, cost effective, and customer responsive than in-house capabilities. Consistent with this trend, enterprises are moving quickly to use a mix of private, hybrid, and public cloud-based datacenters to address digital transformation needs. Customers want security solutions that extend across all cloud and datacenter types, providing a foundation for private and public clouds with a common basis in consolidated policy, monitoring, and control of resources. This report series analyzes these customers' issues and highlights solutions.

Source :

https://www.idc.com/getdoc.jsp?containerId=IDC_P31286

“While security was often cited as the leading obstacle to cloud implementations, increasingly, some customers see cloud as more secure, cost effective, and customer responsive than in-house capabilities.”

Legislation and regulation for cloud service

General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)



Compliance
Mandate



Increase Data
Subjects Rights



Increasing
Fines

99 Articles of Law

GDPR Principles

- Lawfulness, Fairness and Transparency of the processing
- Purpose Limitation
- Data minimization and proportionality
- Data quality and accuracy
- Storage limitation
- Integrity and confidentiality
- Accountability



GDPR quick summary



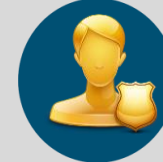
Consent has to be freely given, informed, unambiguous and can be revoked at any time.



Data Portability, the right to export and edit the data, with the right to change Service Provider



Data Processors are now directly accountable for compliance with data protection laws jointly with Data Controllers



Data Privacy Officers - aka DPOs are required, can be external to the company



Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIAs) are required under certain circumstances



Data breaches need to be reported within 72 hours



Huge number of data **control rights**, like the right to be forgotten and the right to freeze data processing.



Privacy by default and by design is mandatory

Webex support for GDPR



- Cisco has published Privacy Data Sheets discussing how Cisco processes personal data in the delivery of our offers, including our WebEx Teams and Messenger:
https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en_us/about/doing_business/trust-center/docs/cisco-webex-teams-privacy-data-sheet.pdf
https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en_us/about/doing_business/trust-center/docs/cisco-webex-messenger-privacy-data-sheet.pdf
- These data sheets can help customers in meeting their GDPR and other privacy-related obligations when using Cisco's offers.

Cross-Border Transfers

The documents identifies where the different datacenters that hosts the service are located, but also for each product where the processing and storage occurs.

Also talks about the transfer mechanisms supported for Webex



Cisco has invested in a number of transfer mechanisms to enable the lawful use of data across jurisdictions. In particular:

- [Binding Corporate Rules](#)
- [EU-U.S. and Swiss-U.S. Privacy Shield Frameworks](#)
- [APEC Cross Border Privacy Rules](#)
- EU Standard Contractual Clauses

Cisco Data Center

Locations:
Dallas, TX, USA
San Jose, CA, USA
Washington DC, USA
Toronto, Canada

Cloud Infrastructure Provider

Locations:
Chicago, Illinois, USA
Dallas, TX, USA
Los Angeles, CA, USA
New York, New York, USA

Cisco Webex Teams Media Data Center

Locations:
Dallas, TX, USA
San Jose, CA, USA
Washington DC, USA
Amsterdam, Holland

Third Party Service Providers and Information Security Incident Management



Third-party service providers provide the **same level** of data protection and information security that you can expect from Cisco.

We **do not rent or sell** your information.

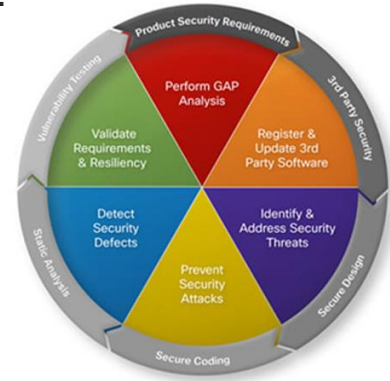
Current list of Cisco Webex Teams third-party service providers with access to personal data **can be provided upon request.**

We have a company wide process to **notify customers and partners of security incidents** by using PSIRT's, CSIRTS's and ASIG's.

Cisco Secure Development Lifecycle (CSDL)

The [Cisco Secure Development Lifecycle \(CSDL\)](#) is a repeatable and measurable process designed to increase resiliency and trustworthiness of Cisco products.

- Uses industry leading technology and practices
- Mature and applicable across multiple operating systems
- Adaptable to Agile, DevOps, and Waterfall development methods
- In Cisco Product Development Methodology (CPDM)
- Part of ISO9000 compliance requirements
- CSDL conforms with the guidelines of ISO 27034, the standard for “Information Technology – Security Techniques – Application Security”
 - CSDL provides specific tools and processes to accelerate Cisco's development methodology and culture toward developing secure, resilient and trustworthy products.



A Program of certifications for Webex Teams to offer cloud services that you can trust

Best practices

Data center compliance

- [ISO 27001](#)/ISO 27017/ISO 27018
- ISO 9001
- SOC 2 Type 2 and SOC 3
- Cloud Computing Compliance Controls Catalog (C5)
- In addition, eDiscovery, CASB integrations for DLP, retention settings, Legal Hold and many more security controls for compliance

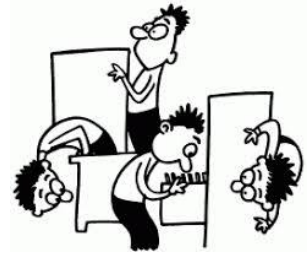
Data privacy

- HIPAA: Data privacy and security provisions for safeguarding medical information
- GDPR: Processing by an individual, a company, or an organization of personal data relating to individuals in the E.U.

Cross-border controls

- E.U.-U.S. privacy shield
- Swiss-U.S. privacy shield
- APEC cross-border privacy rules

External Security Audits and PEN tests



- Cisco or any cloud vendor don't allow for PEN tests against their cloud components. Clearly stated in the Cloud Service Acceptable Use Policy sign by the customer.
- To address this rule, Cisco provide **attestation reports** done by 3rd parties companies that market recognized, in fact that is one of the requirements for SOC 2 Type I, document can be request to CIC.
- Customer can do PEN tests against the hybrid components, but they are required to tell Cisco about it.



Cloud Service Acceptable Use Policy

- Access or probe any network, computer or communications system, software application, or network or computing device systems ("Systems") without authorization, including but not limited to breaches, vulnerability scans or penetration testing
- Attack, abuse, interfere with, surreptitiously intercept, or disrupt any users, Systems or

Data Locality

Why Data Locality?

Data privacy



Keep data local in regional data centers

Open, global collaboration



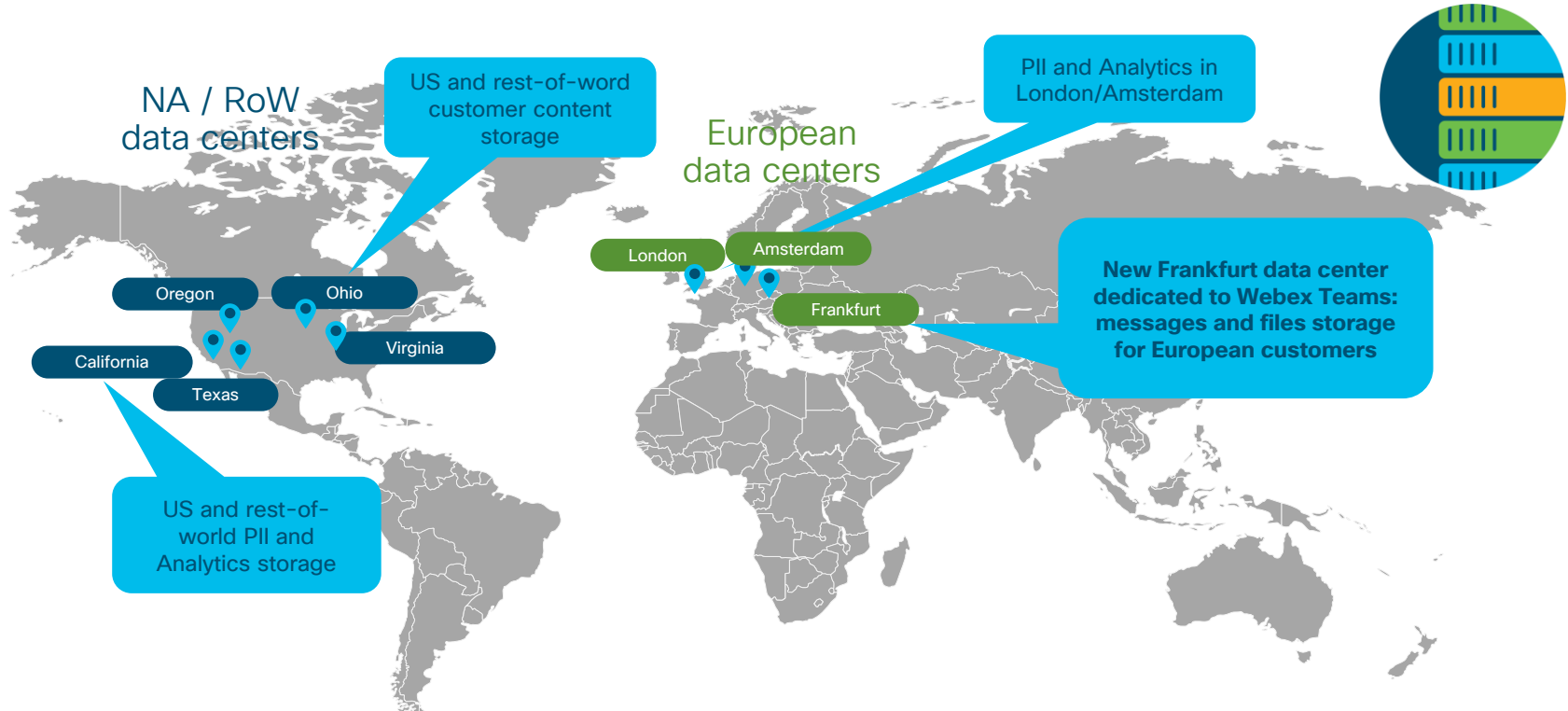
Fast authentication and seamless collaboration

Enterprise grade



Scalable, resilient, responsive

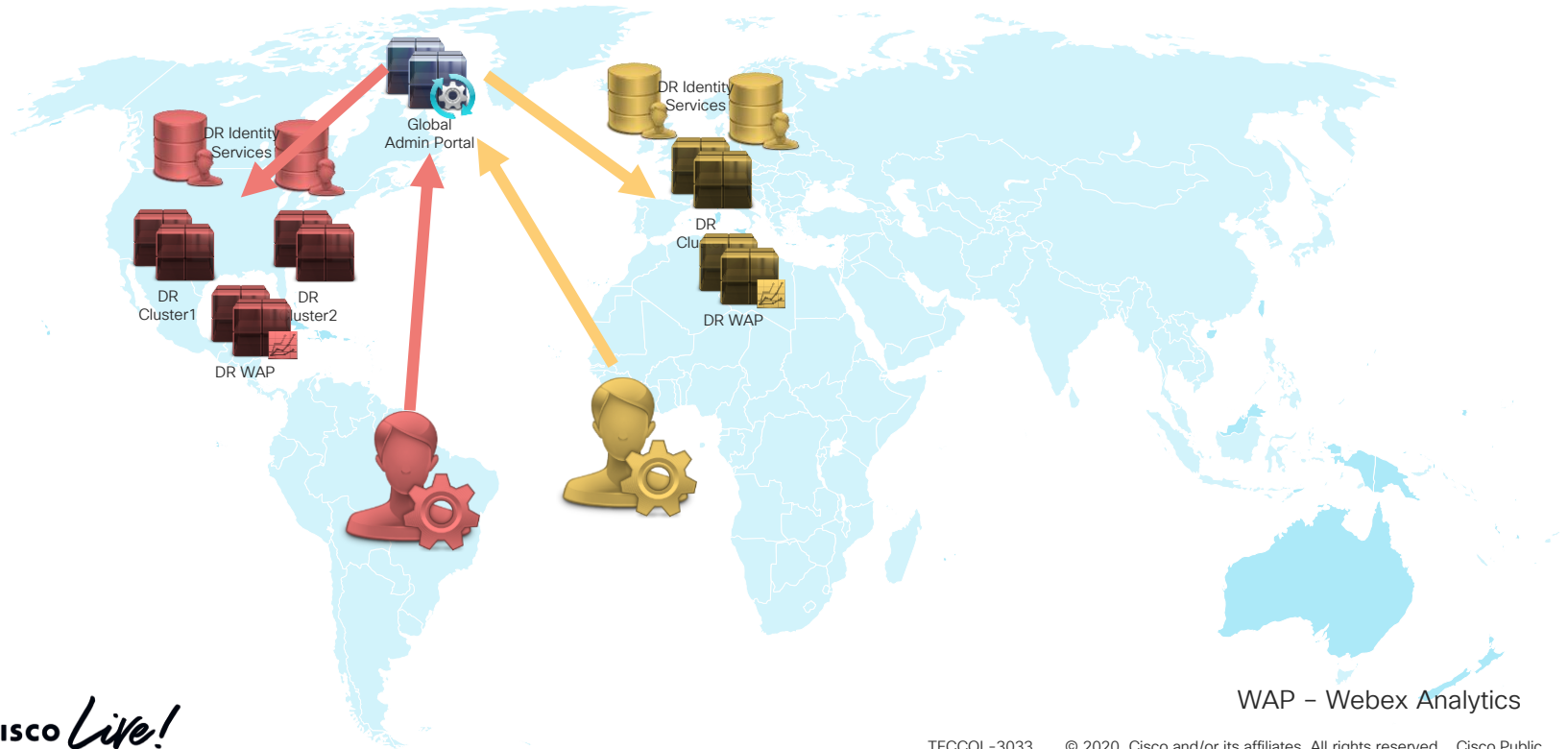
New data center to keep your data closer



Document is Cisco Confidential.

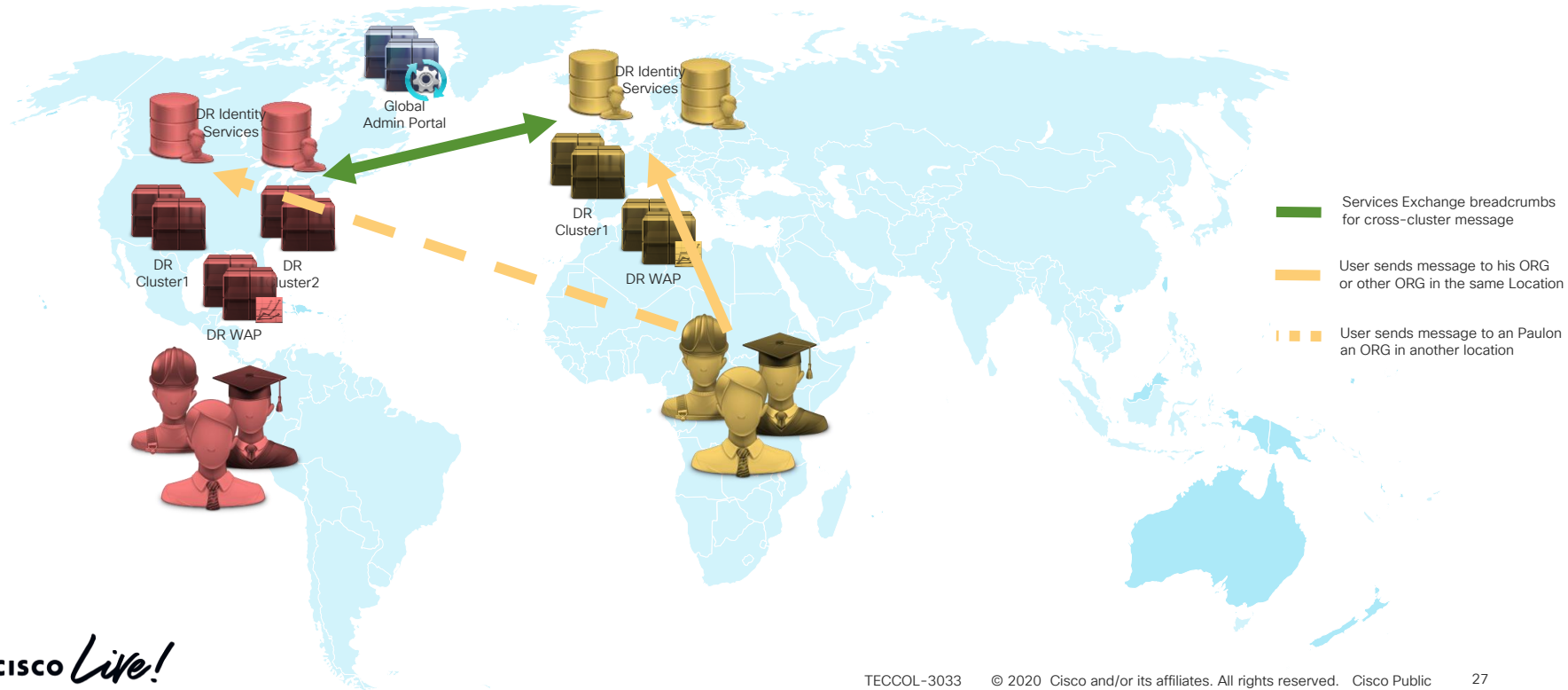
Architecture for the Webex Federation Services

Administration Services



Architecture for the Webex Federation Services

User Services



Which ORG's will get to the European Datacenters ?




Any Webex ORG, that when will be created with the location of a country in EMEAR (Europe, Middle East, Africa and Russia) will be provision in the European Cluster

Customer Information

Legal Company Name ⓘ

Administrator Email

Country for User account and Encryption Key storage 

Select the country code closest to your customer. This will ensure their user data and keys are deployed in the closest regional data center. For more information, [click here](#).

I certify that this customer is in a supported location for Cisco Webex

Cancel

Federation/Data locality Use cases details



European User Messaging – Same Data Center



European Media Processing for Cloud Devices – Same Data Center



European Whiteboarding – Same Data Center



European Users Messaging – Across Data Centers



1-1 Conversations Rules



Calendar Data – Across Data Centers



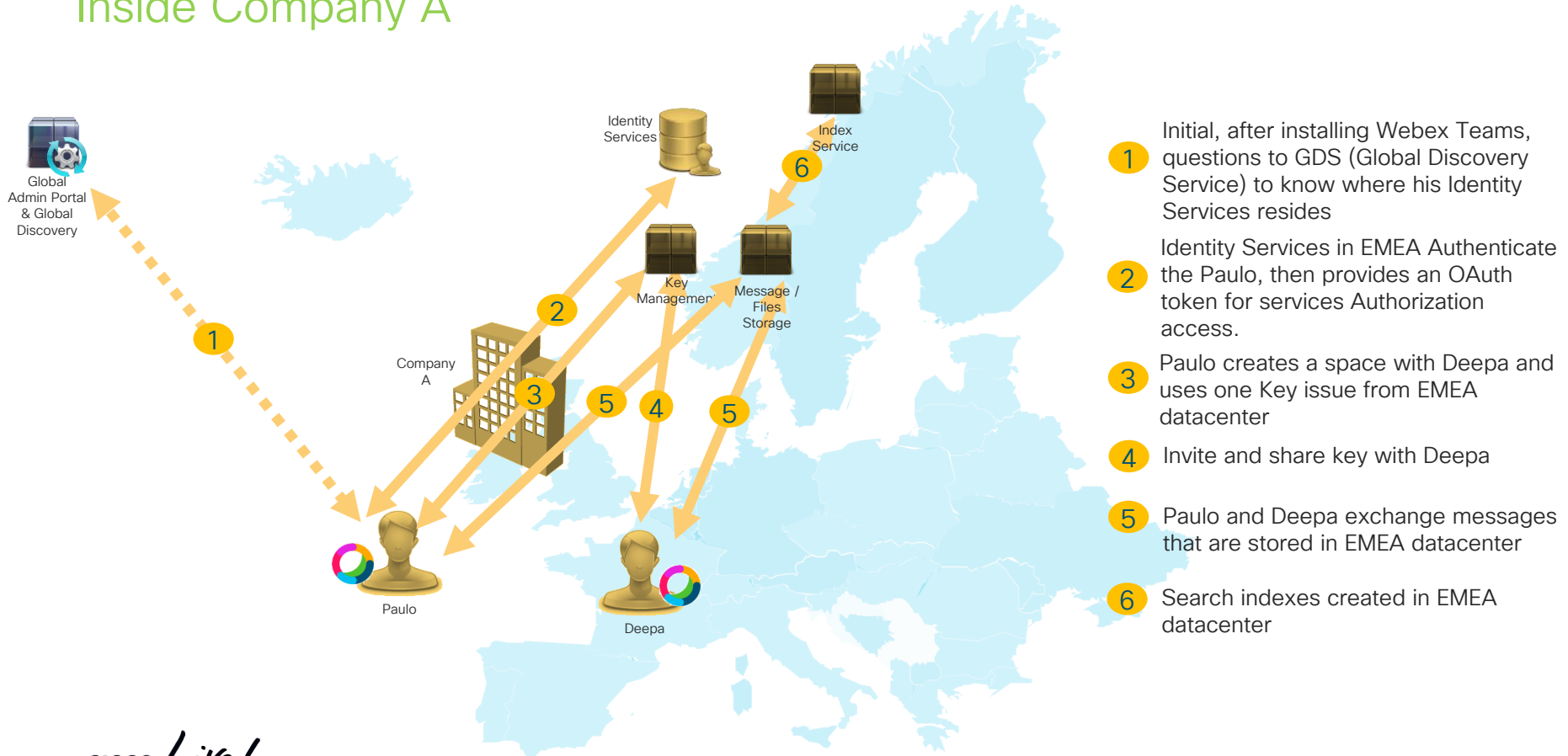
E-Discovery Services – Across Data Centers



Analytics

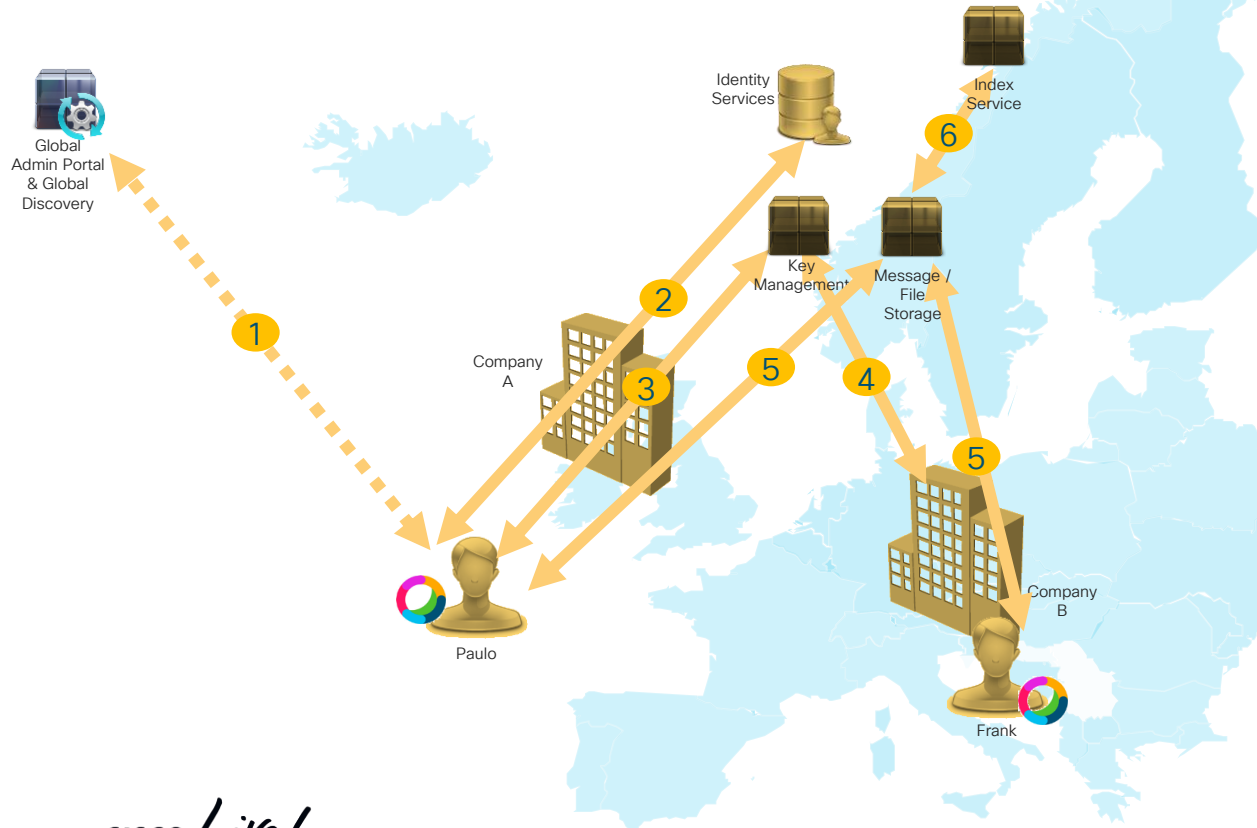
EMEAR User Messaging - Same Data Center

Inside Company A



European User Messaging – Same Data Center

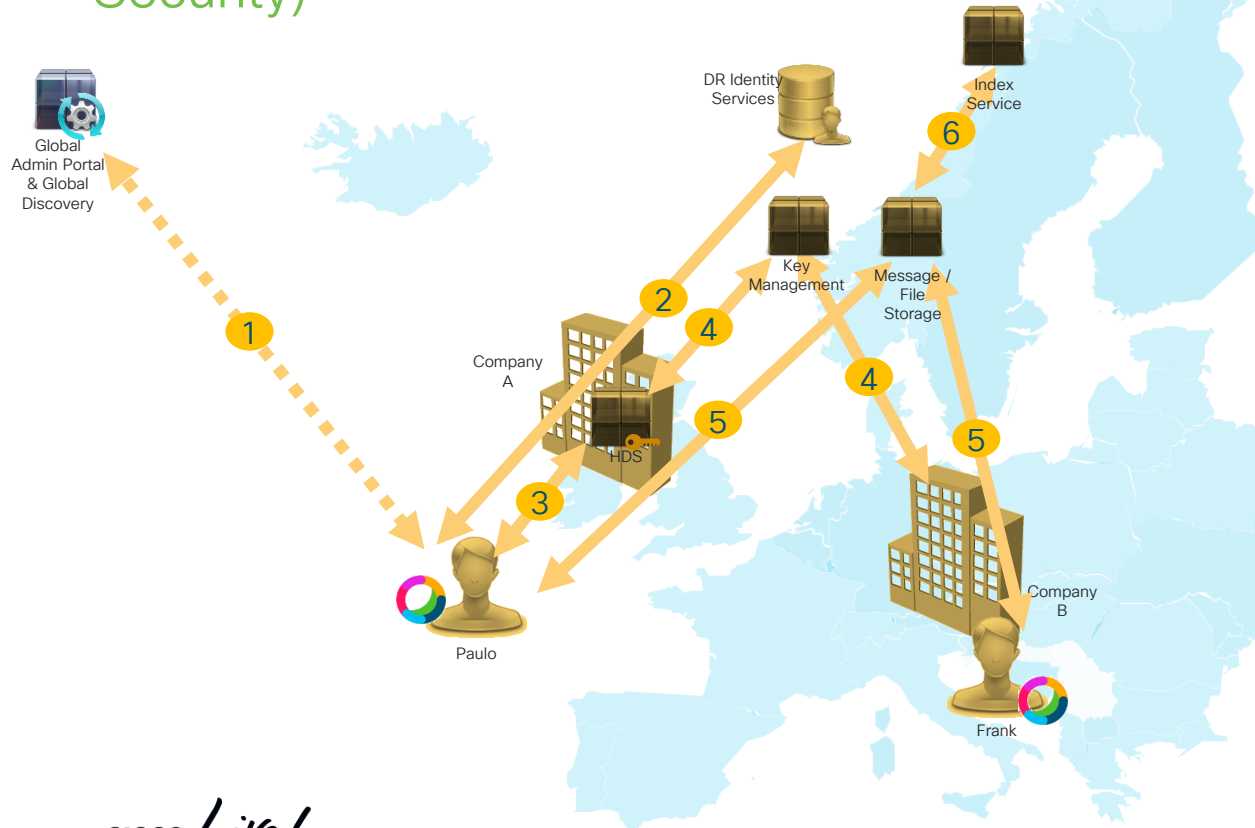
Between Company A and Company B



- 1 Initial, after installing Webex Teams, questions to GDS (Global Discovery Service) to know where his Identity Services resides
- 2 Identity Services in EMEA Authenticate the user, then provide an OAuth token for services Authorization access.
- 3 Paulo creates a space with Frank and uses one Key issue from EMEA datacenter
- 4 Invite and share key with Frank
- 5 Paulo and Frank exchange messages that are stored in EMEA datacenter
- 6 Search indexes created in EMEA datacenter

European User Messaging – Same Data Center

Between Company A and Company B with HDS (Hybrid Data Security)

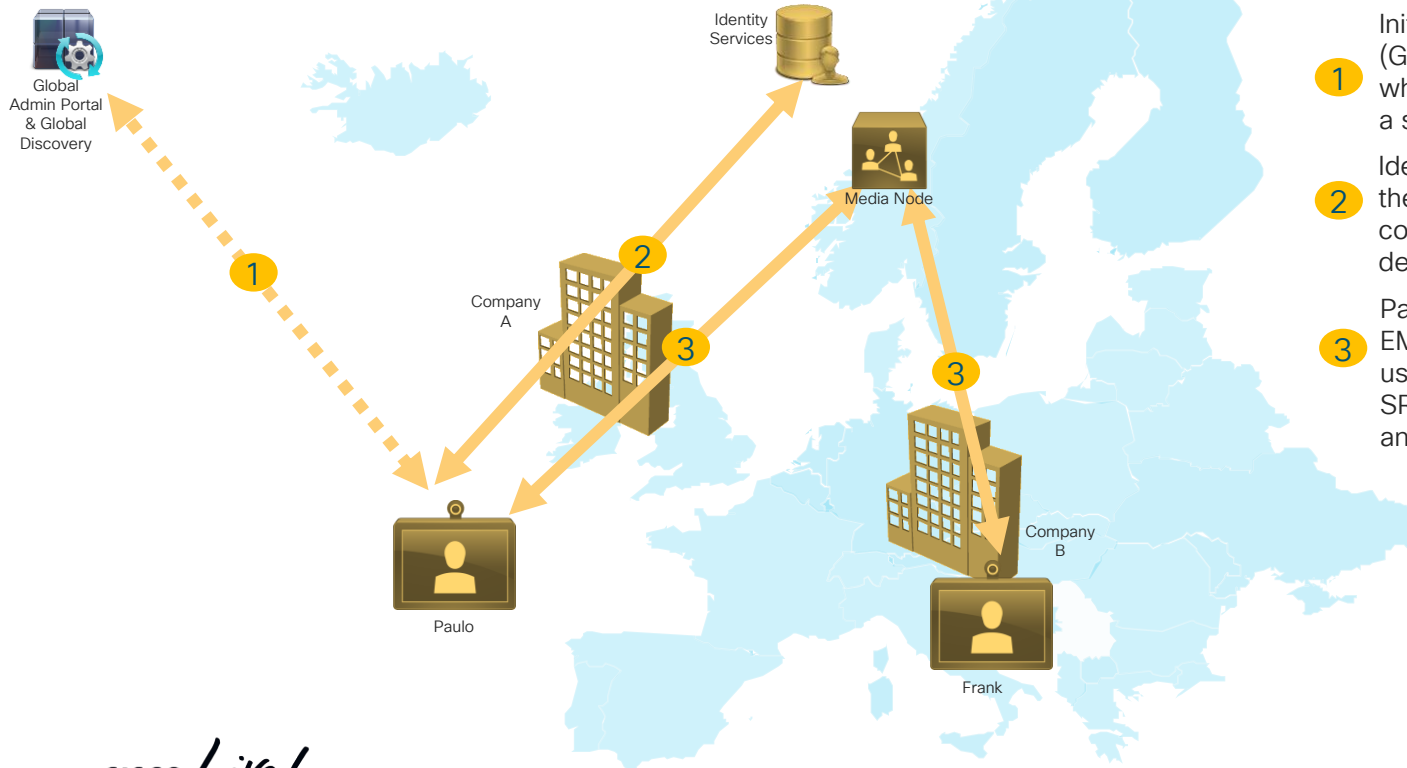


- 1 Initial, after installing Webex Teams, questions to GDS (Global Discovery Service) to know where his Identity Services resides
- 2 Identity Services in EMEA Authenticate the user, then provide an OAuth token for services Authorization access.
- 3 Paulo creates a space with Frank and uses one Key from his company HDS
- 4 Invite Frank to a conversation and Company A HDS gives the key to Frank via EMEA Key Management system
- 5 Paulo and Frank exchange messages that are stored in EMEA datacenter
- 6 Search indexes created in EMEA datacenter

European Media Processing for Cloud Devices

Devices – Same Data Center

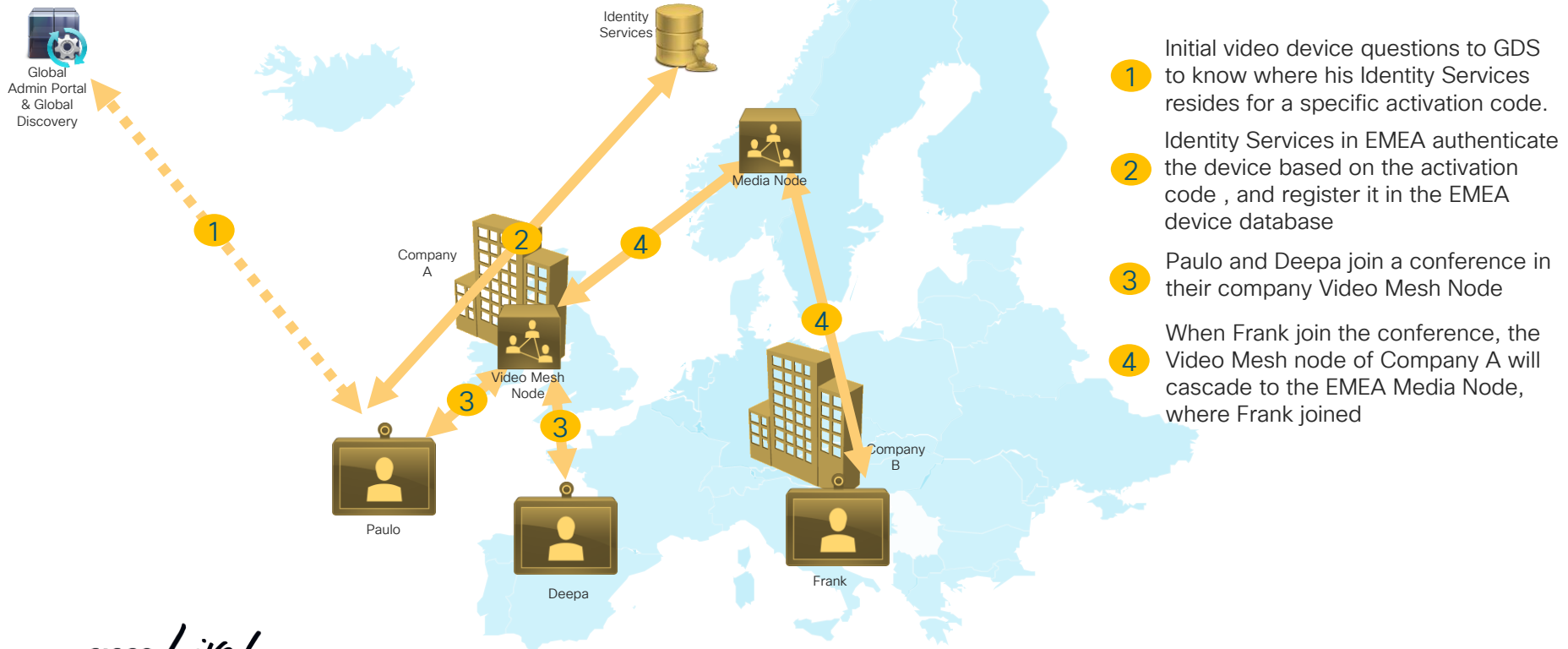
Between Company A and Company B



- 1 Initial video device questions to GDS (Global Discovery Service) to know where his Identity Services resides for a specific activation code.
- 2 Identity Services in EMEA authenticate the device based on the activation code, and register it in the EMEA device database
- 3 Paulo calls Frank using media nodes in EMEA datacenter, for signaling it uses WebRTC over TLS and for media SRTP with SDES between endpoint and Media nodes

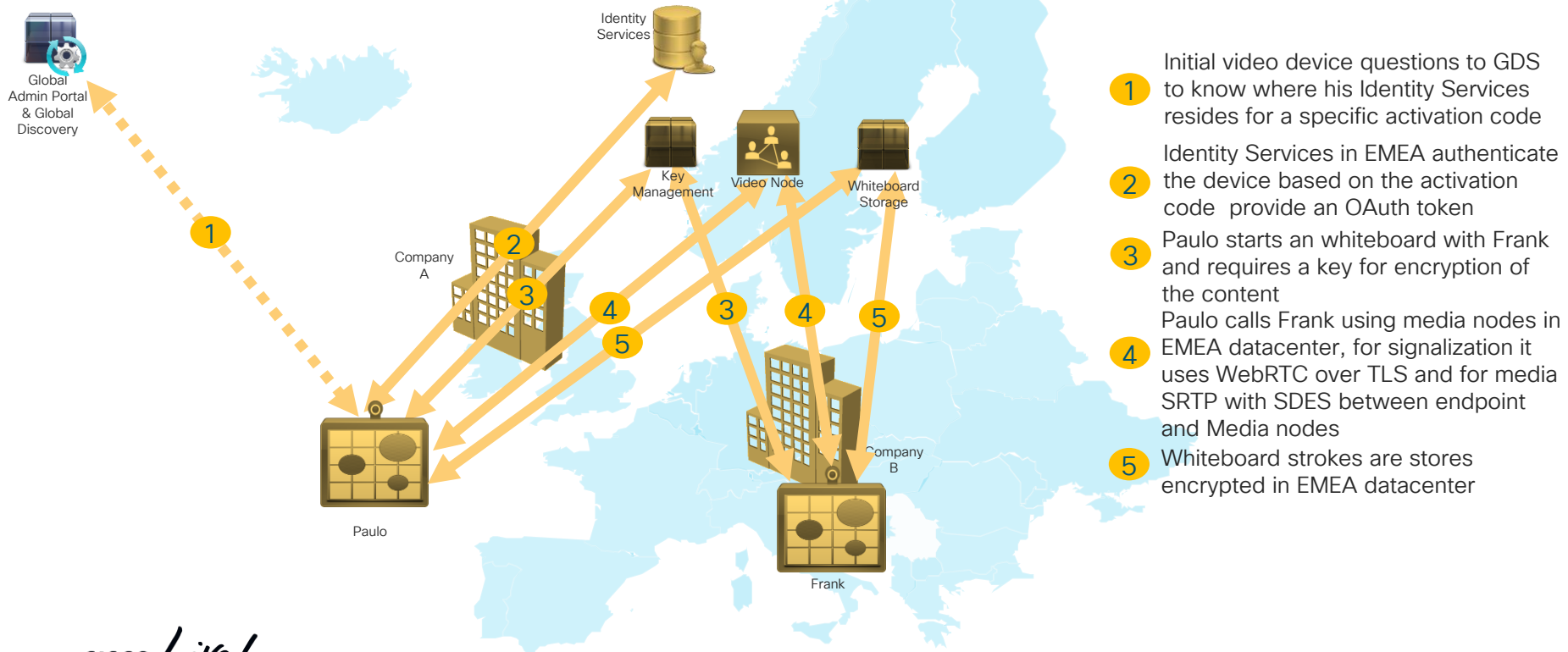
European Media Processing for Cloud Devices – Same Data Center

Between Company A and Company B with VMN (Video Mesh Node)



European Whiteboarding – Same Data Center

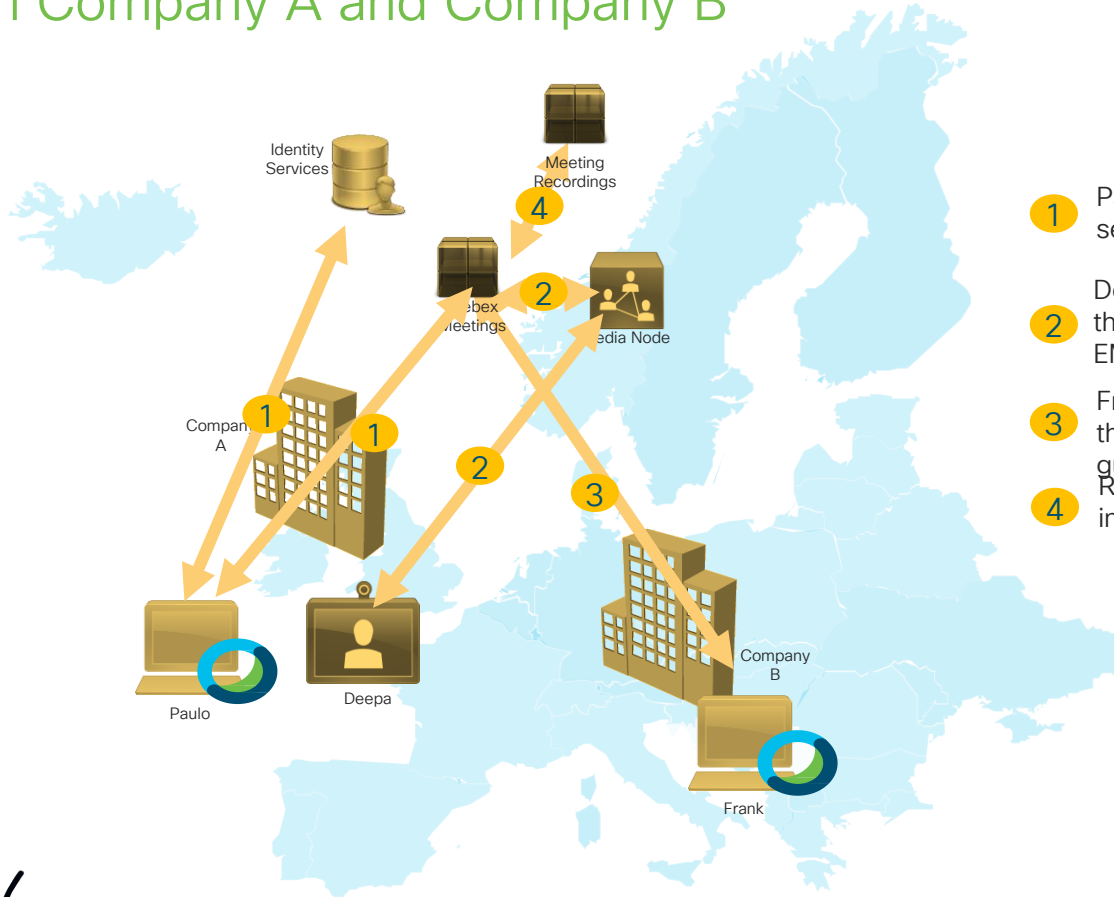
Between Company A and Company B



- 1 Initial video device questions to GDS to know where his Identity Services resides for a specific activation code
- 2 Identity Services in EMEA authenticate the device based on the activation code provide an OAuth token
- 3 Paulo starts a whiteboard with Frank and requires a key for encryption of the content
Paulo calls Frank using media nodes in EMEA datacenter, for signalization it uses WebRTC over TLS and for media SRTP with SDES between endpoint and Media nodes
- 4
- 5 Whiteboard strokes are stores encrypted in EMEA datacenter

European Webex Meetings – Same Data Center

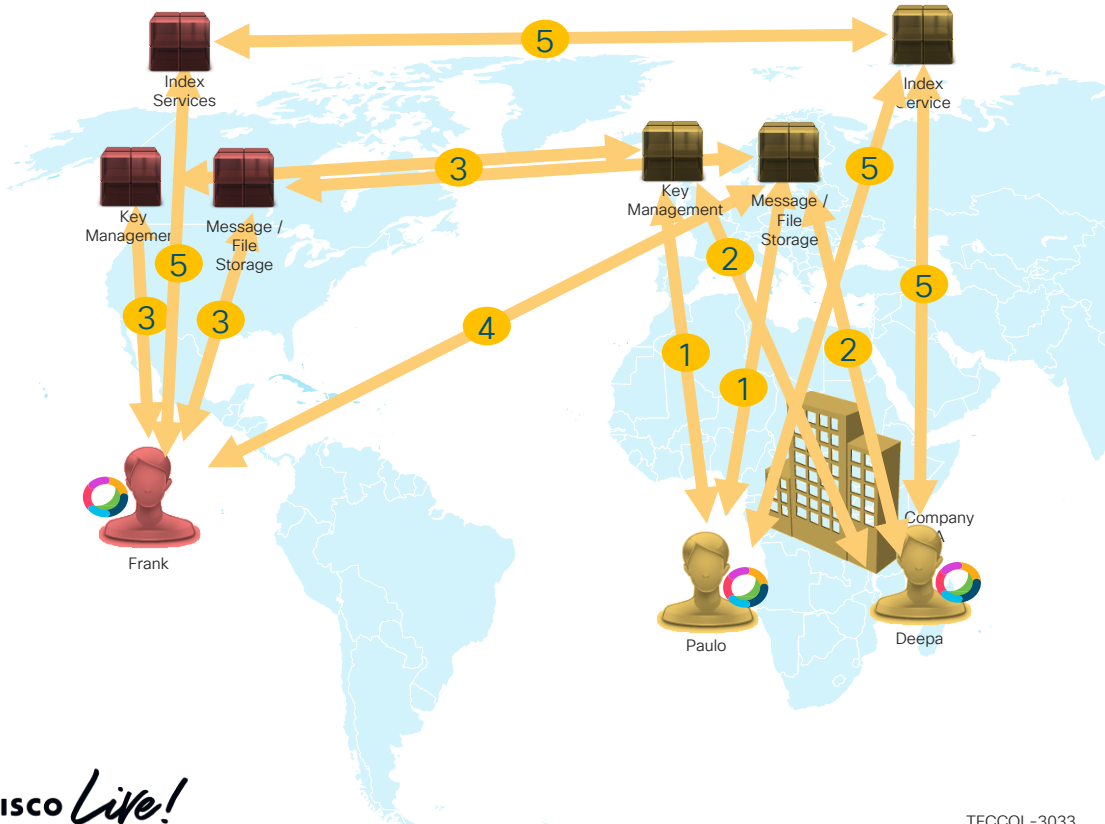
Between Company A and Company B



- 1** Paulo authenticates in EMEA Identity services and starts a Webex Meeting
- 2** Deepa from the same company joins the meeting from a video device via EMEA Media Node
- 3** Frank from company B in EMEA joins the meeting hosted in EMEA as a guest
- 4** Recording of the Meetings is hosted in EMEA datacenters

European Users Messaging – Across Data Centers

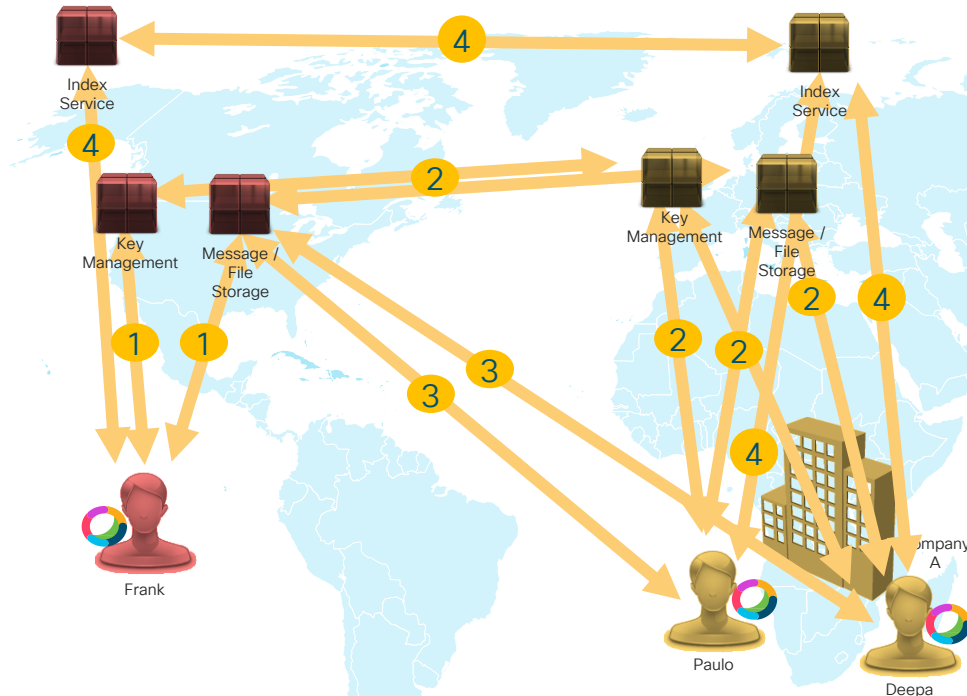
Between Company A in EMEAR and Americas User



- 1 Paulo creates a space with a keys given EMEAR datacenter and content and files will be store in EMEA
- 2 Keys and access to the space will be provided to Deepa
- 3 Frank is invited and receives the key via US datacenter and receives a remote reference breadcrumb, pointing to the message in EMEA cluster
Frank follows the breadcrumb to get messages and/or file from EMEA datacenter
- 4 Any content created by Frank will be hosted in EMEA
- 5 One-way hashed indexes for searches are store in both clusters, all users clients (Paulo, Deepa, and Frank) do the search in their clusters.

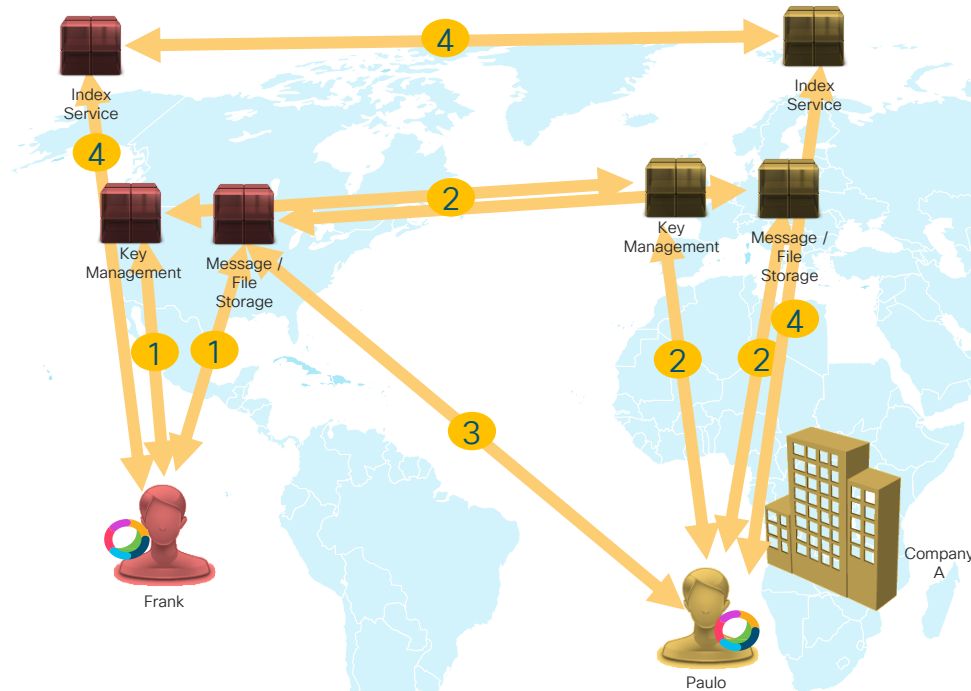
European Users Messaging – Across Data Centers

Between Americas User and Users from Company A in EMEAR



- 1 Frank for consumer ORG or US customer ORG creates a space with a keys given by US datacenter, content and files will be store in US
- 2 Paulo and II are invited and receives the key via EMEA datacenter and receives a remote reference breadcrumbs, pointing to the US cluster
- 3 Paulo and II follows the breadcrumb to get messages and files from US datacenter. Any content created by Paulo and II will be hosted in US
- 4 One-way hashed indexes for searches are store in both clusters, all users clients do the search in their clusters.

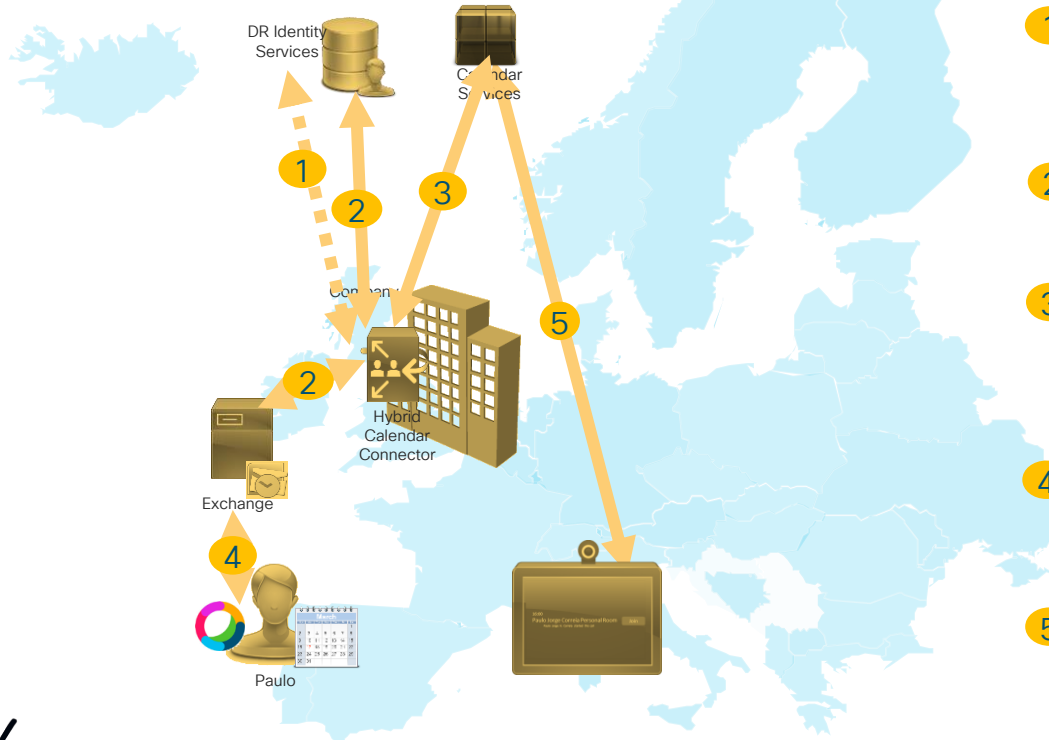
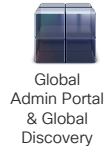
1-1 Conversations Rules



- 1 Frank from consumer ORG or US customer ORG creates a 1:1 space with an EMEA user, or the other way around, a keys is given by US datacenter, content and files will be store in US
- 2 Paulo receives the key via EMEA datacenter and receives a remote reference breadcrumbs, pointing to the US cluster
- 3 Paulo follows the breadcrumb to get messages and files from US datacenter. Any content created by Frank or I will be hosted in US
- 4 One-way hashed indexes for searches are store in both clusters, both users clients do the search in their clusters.

Calendar Data – Same and Across Data Center

Calendar Services for a customer using On-Prem Microsoft Exchange



- 1 Hybrid Calendar Connector is aware of the cluster it should connect to through the organization it is configured for
- 2 Calendar connector Authenticates to EMEA Identity Services and gets an OAuth token and Authenticate to Exchange using Delegation accounts
- 3 Calendar connector uses EMEA Calendar Services to manage users schedules
User Schedules meeting or is invited to a scheduled meeting. This meeting information is stored in users' local cluster. There is a copy of this meeting information for each user, so this works the same across Data Centers
- 4
- 5 At the time of the meeting, EMEA Calendar Services sends notifications for One Button to Push (OBTP) in the HW and SW endpoints

E-Discovery Services – Across Data Centers

E-discovery



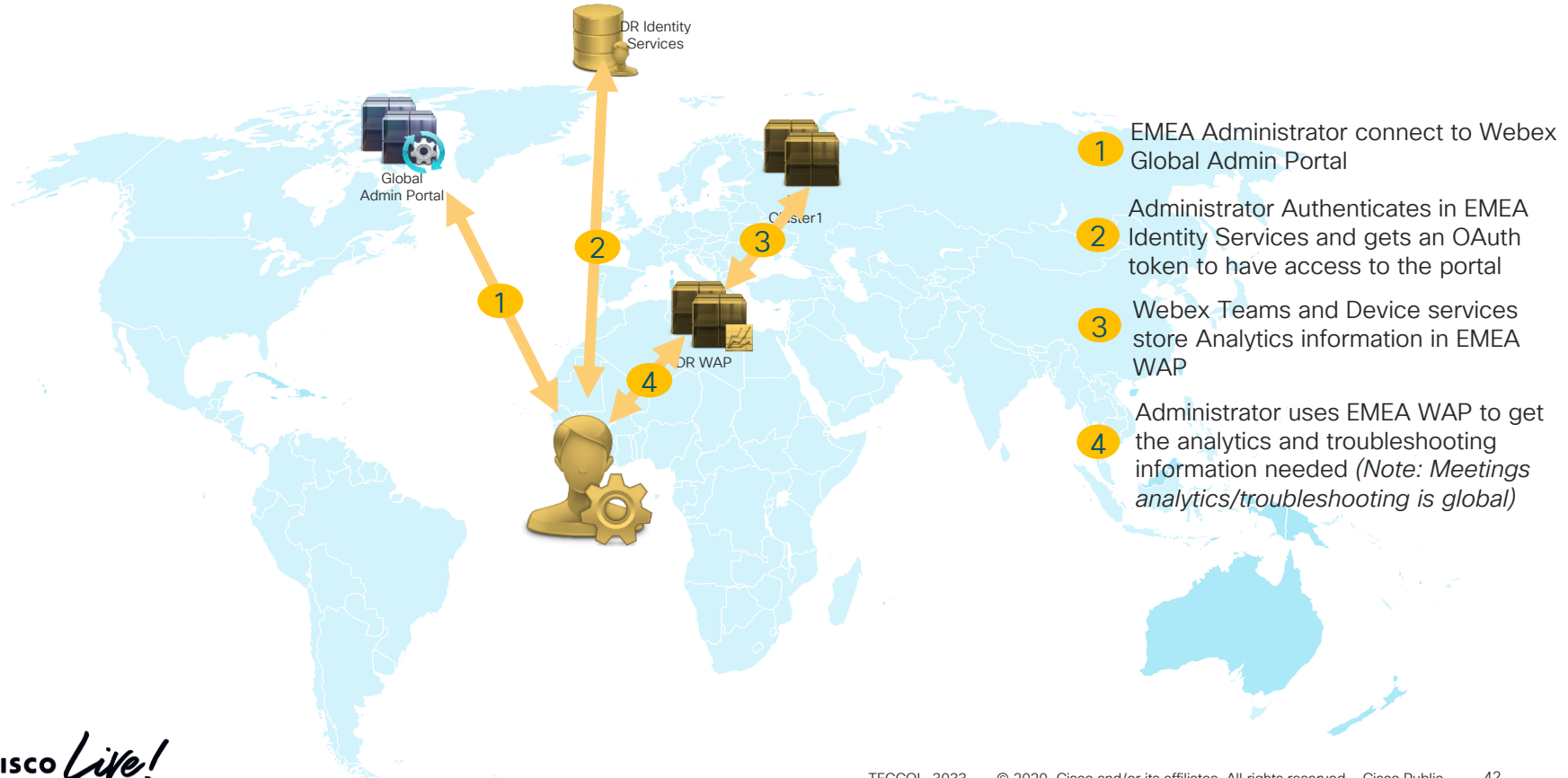
- 1 Compliance Office connects to Global Webex Administrator Portal
- 2 Compliance Officer authenticates in EMEA Identity Services
- 3 Compliance office get Key from EMEA KMS to formulate the search request
- 4 E-discovery Services queries all the Index services (EMEA and US) for content on the search request

Search result returned from each data center are stored locally (US and EMEA) using the EMEA Key for encryption. The client app used by the Compliance Office collates the search results from both data centers and decrypts using the key from EMEA KMS.

- 5

Analytics

Analytics Services



The Webex data residency difference



Simplified administration

Single, global identity authorization and authentication with local PII storage. No guest accounts required.



Secure cross-company collaboration

Organizational visibility and control over content shared by users with external organizations.



More control, true encryption

Global key access with local key storage (federated and secure) and encryption of data in use, at rest and in transit.



Cross-cluster messaging: Separate, yet linked data storage

Cross-border message data remain in their respective countries, linked by “breadcrumbs” – giving you visibility and control and enabling global eDiscovery.



Inclusion of all media across Teams & Meetings

Messages, files, whiteboards and localized media processing are all stored in the same place.

When it comes to securing collaboration data, companies trust Cisco



Protect your most sensitive data in use, in rest, in transit



Enable secure cross-company collaboration



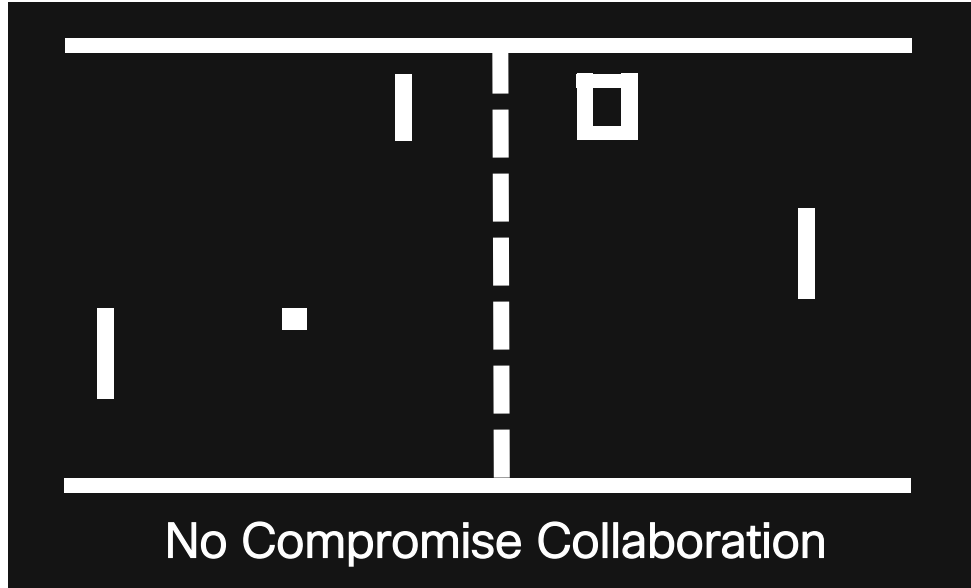
Meet regulatory compliance and data protection mandates

Cloud Collaboration Architecture

Security Challenge

The way Users want to work vs. Corporate IT

Open Collaboration
Anywhere Access
Fully Searchable
Cloud Managed
Data / App Integrated



Secured
Compliant
Encrypted
Enterprise Integrated
Discoverable



360-degree approach to security and compliance



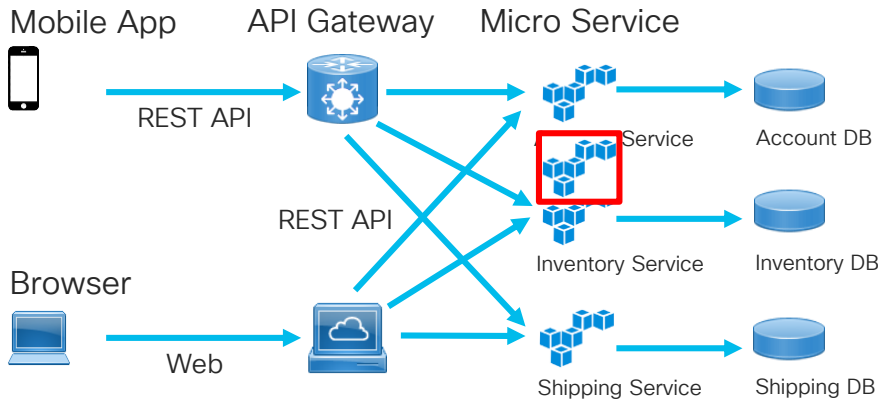
Micro-Services

What are Micro-Services?

Definition: Micro-services - also known as the micro-service architecture - is an architectural style that structures an application as a collection of loosely coupled services, which implement business capabilities. The micro-service architecture enables the continuous delivery/deployment of large, complex applications.

Let's take a look at this theory...

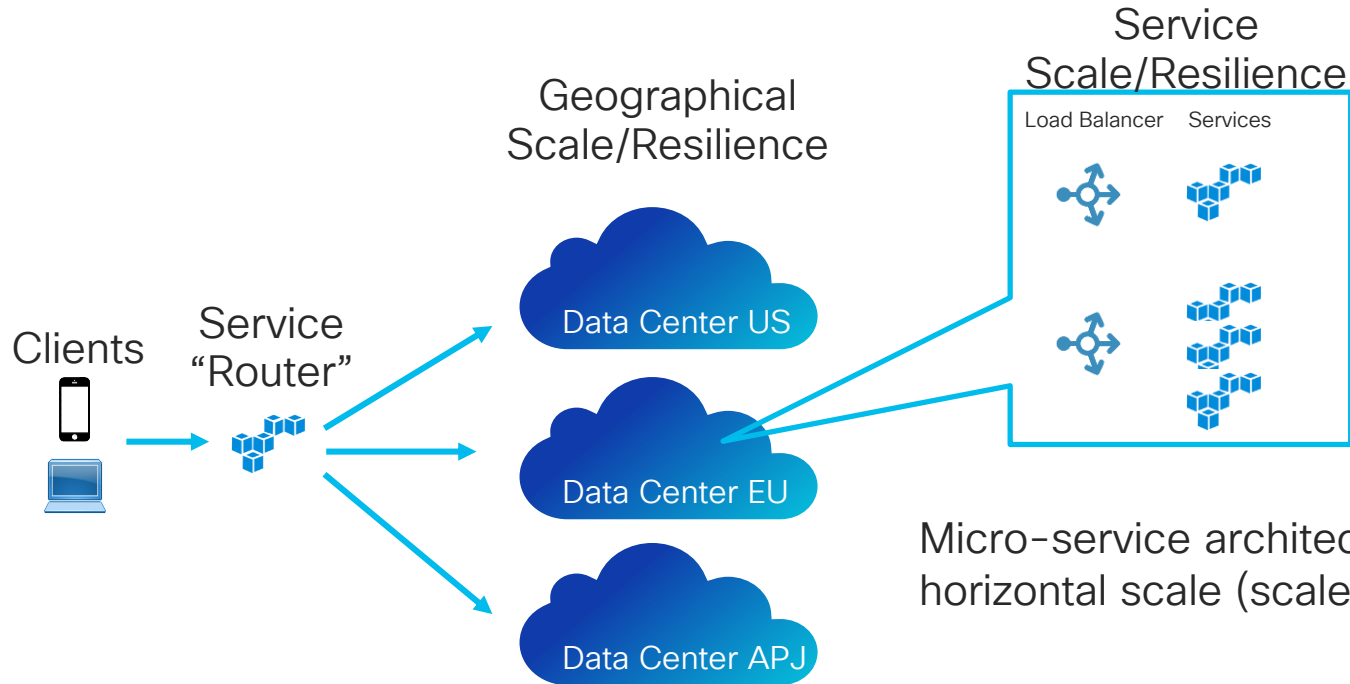
Generic business application example



- Each Micro-service is relatively small
- Each service can be developed independently of other services – easier to deploy new versions of service frequently
- Easier to scale development
- Improved fault isolation. Example memory leak in one service affects only that particular service
- Each service can be developed and deployed independently

What are Micro-Services?

“Infinite” scale for a global application



Micro-service architecture allows for horizontal scale (scale out)

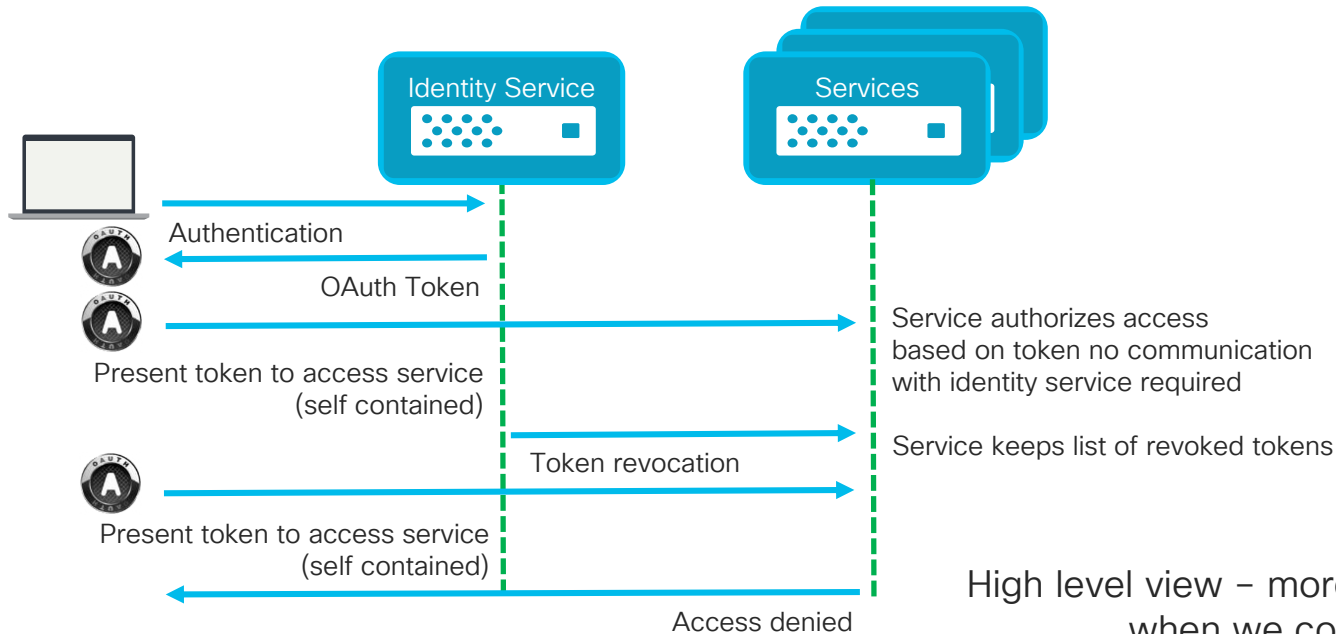
What are Micro-Services?

Architectural requirements

- Requires inter-service communication mechanism
- Implementing uses cases that span multiple services requires careful coordination between teams
- Deployment complexity
- Authorization cross services (see next slide)

What are Micro-Services?

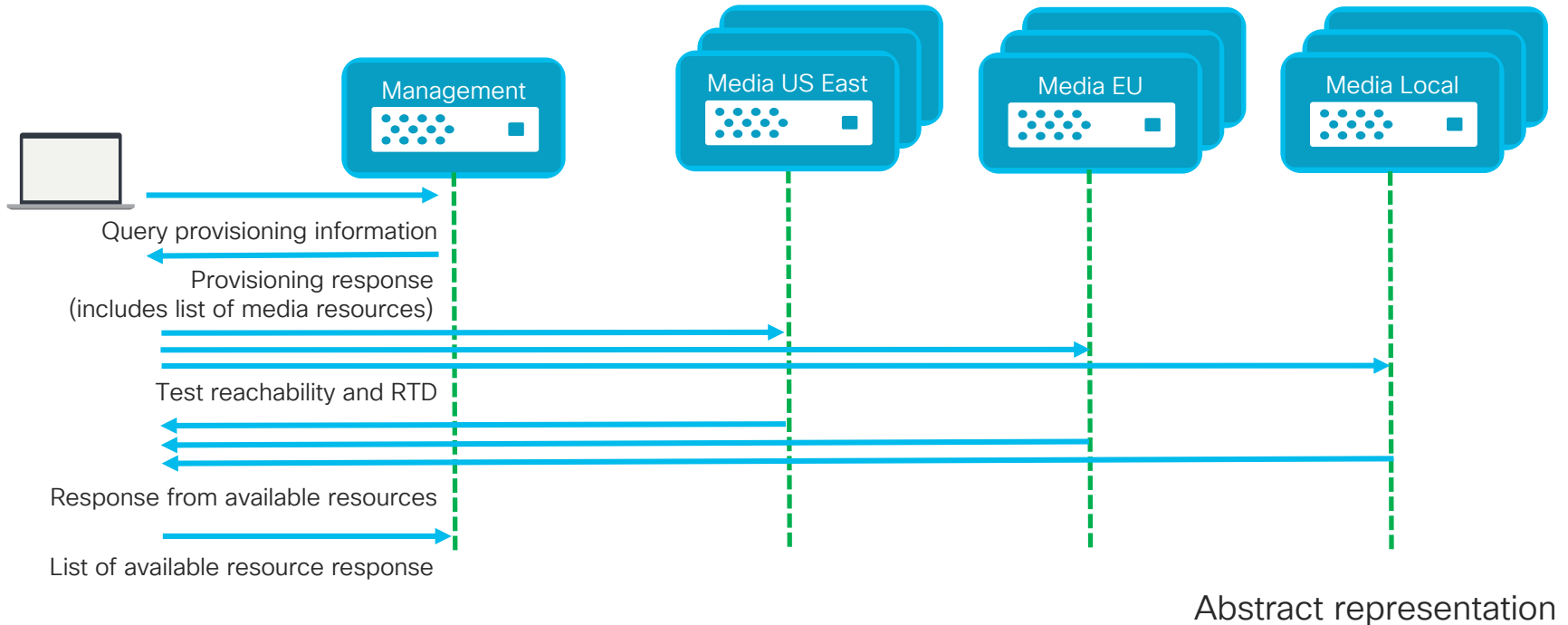
Authorization of service access Cisco Webex Teams



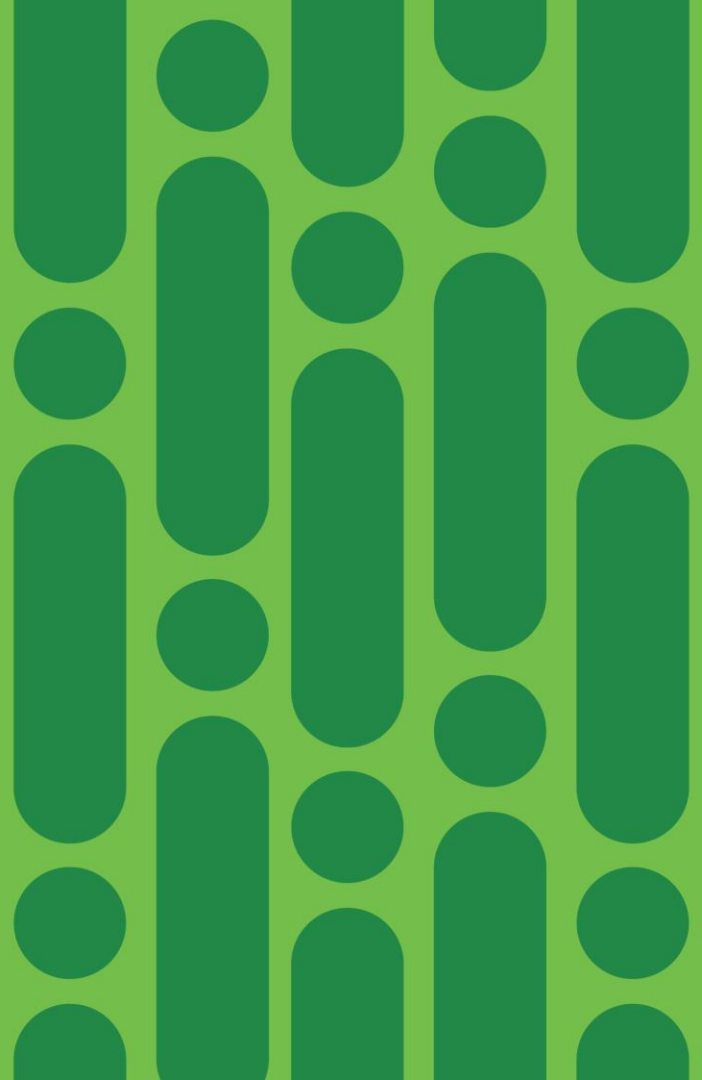
High level view – more on OAuth later in the day when we cover Cisco Webex Pro Pack

Cisco Webex Teams Micro-Services

Selection example for Media Services

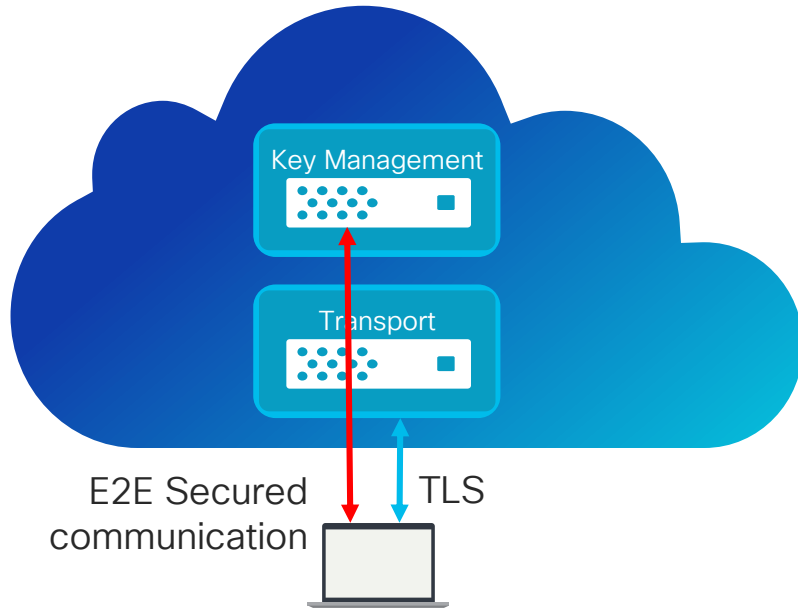


Cisco Webex Meetings and Teams Architecture



Cisco Webex Architecture

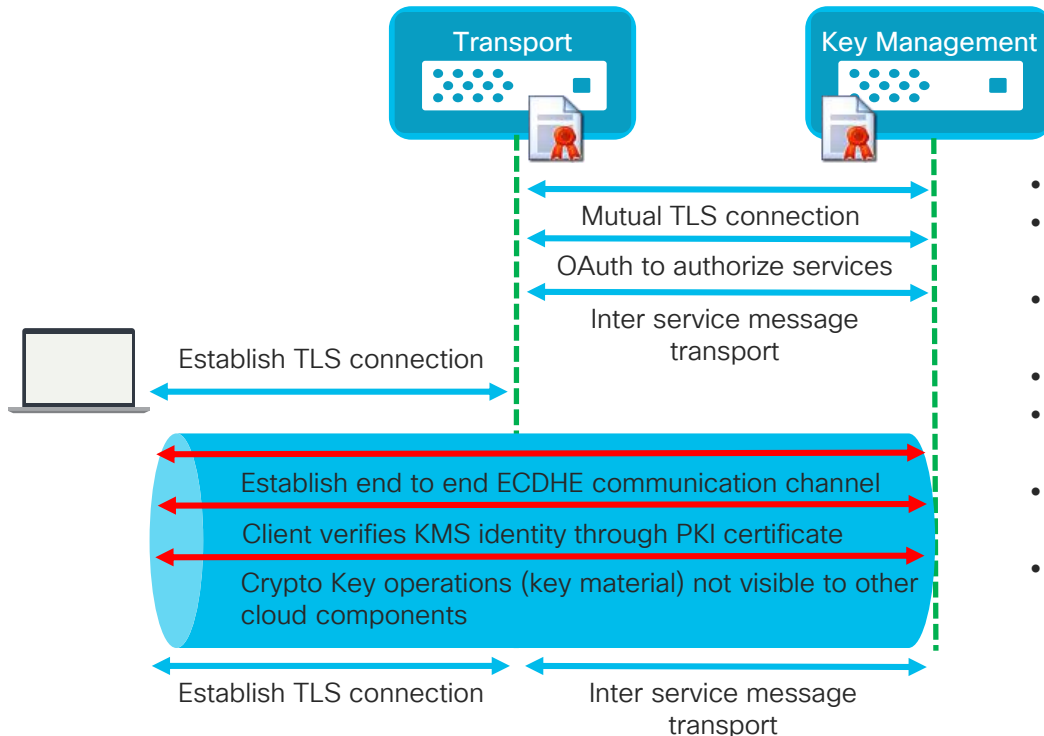
End to End Secure Communication



- Content (messages, files, space titles, etc.) is encrypted using symmetric AES256 in GCM mode
- Client to Key Management communication is secured by Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman Ephemeral ECDHE key exchange with a per session EC key
- Client to server communication is secured with TLS ECDHE (i.e. RSA AES 256 GCM SHA384)
- Security architecture limits exposure of key material

Cisco Webex Architecture

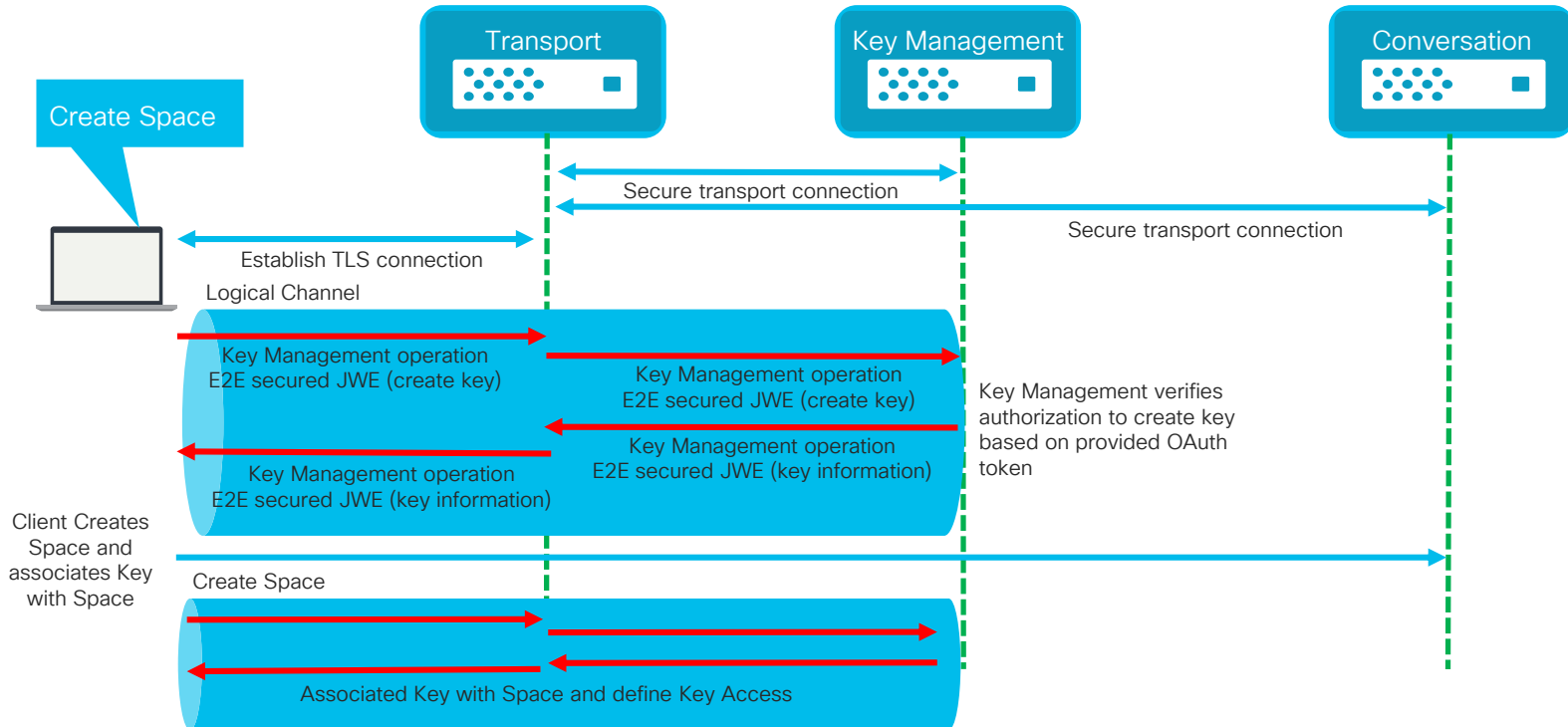
End to End Secure Communication



- Secure TLS REST interfaces
- Interaction between services based on certificate based MTLS
- Service components authorization by OAuth Tokens
- Secure client connection to service over TLS
- End to End Client to Key Management channel negotiated ECDHE
- Identity of Key Management Service verified by PKI certificate
- Client to Key Management crypto key operations E2E secured over transport layer JSON Web Encryption (JWE, RFC 7516)

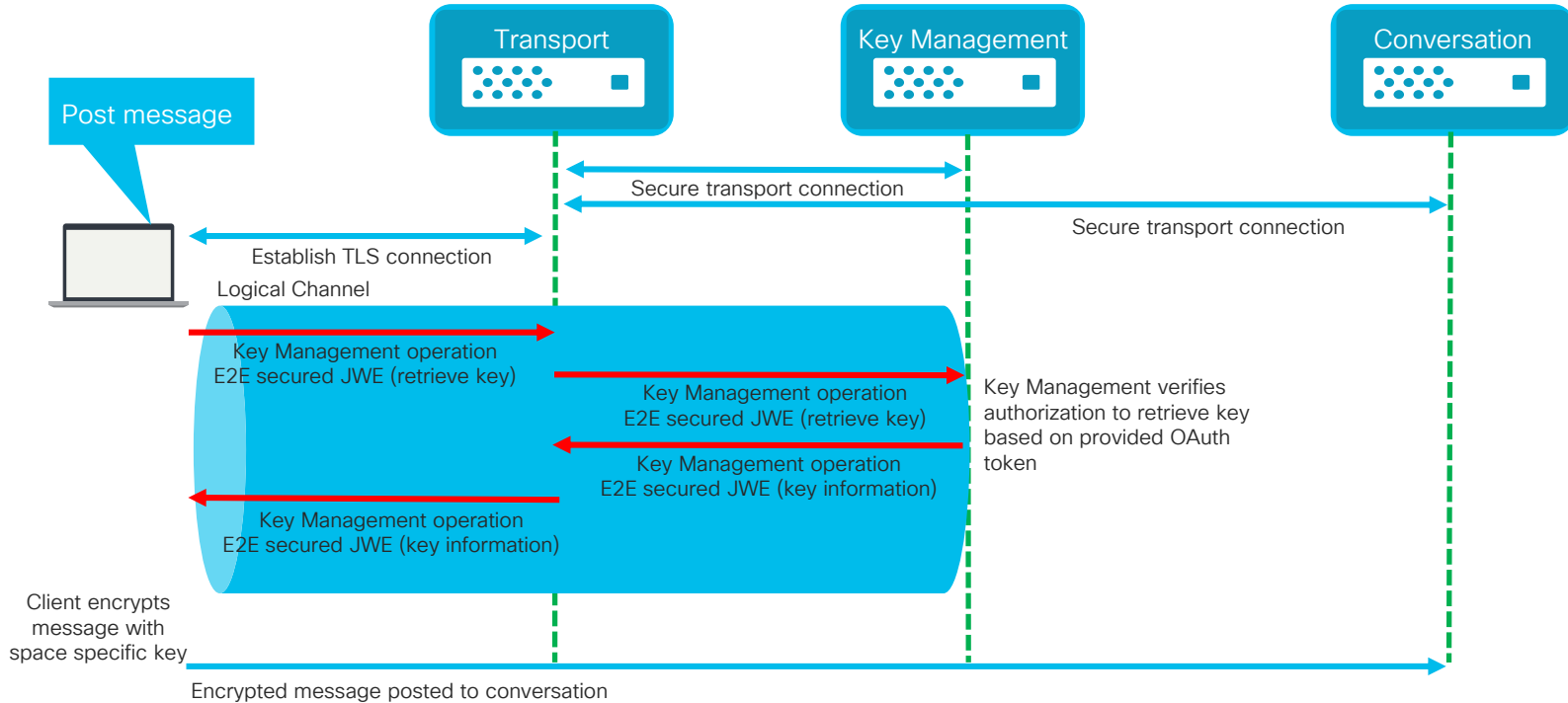
Cisco Webex Architecture

End to End Secure Communication – Space Creation



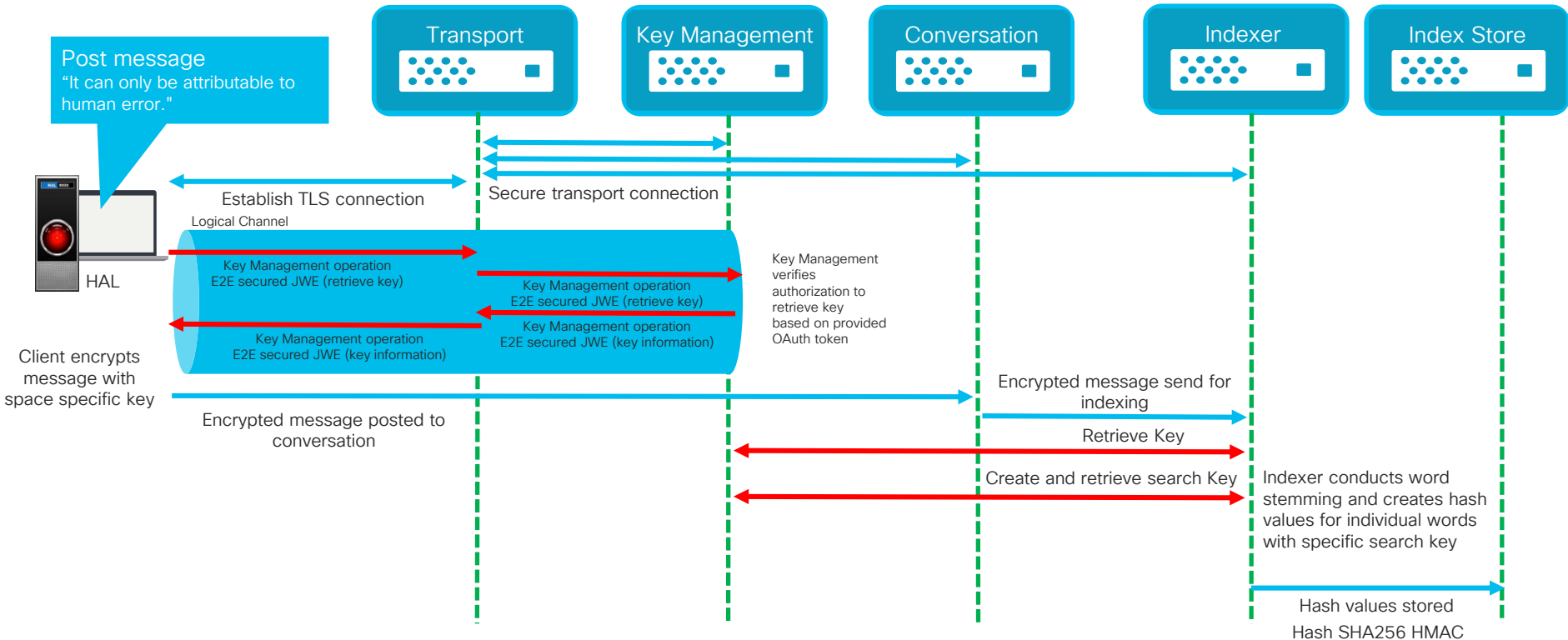
Cisco Webex Architecture

End to End Secure Communication – Post Message



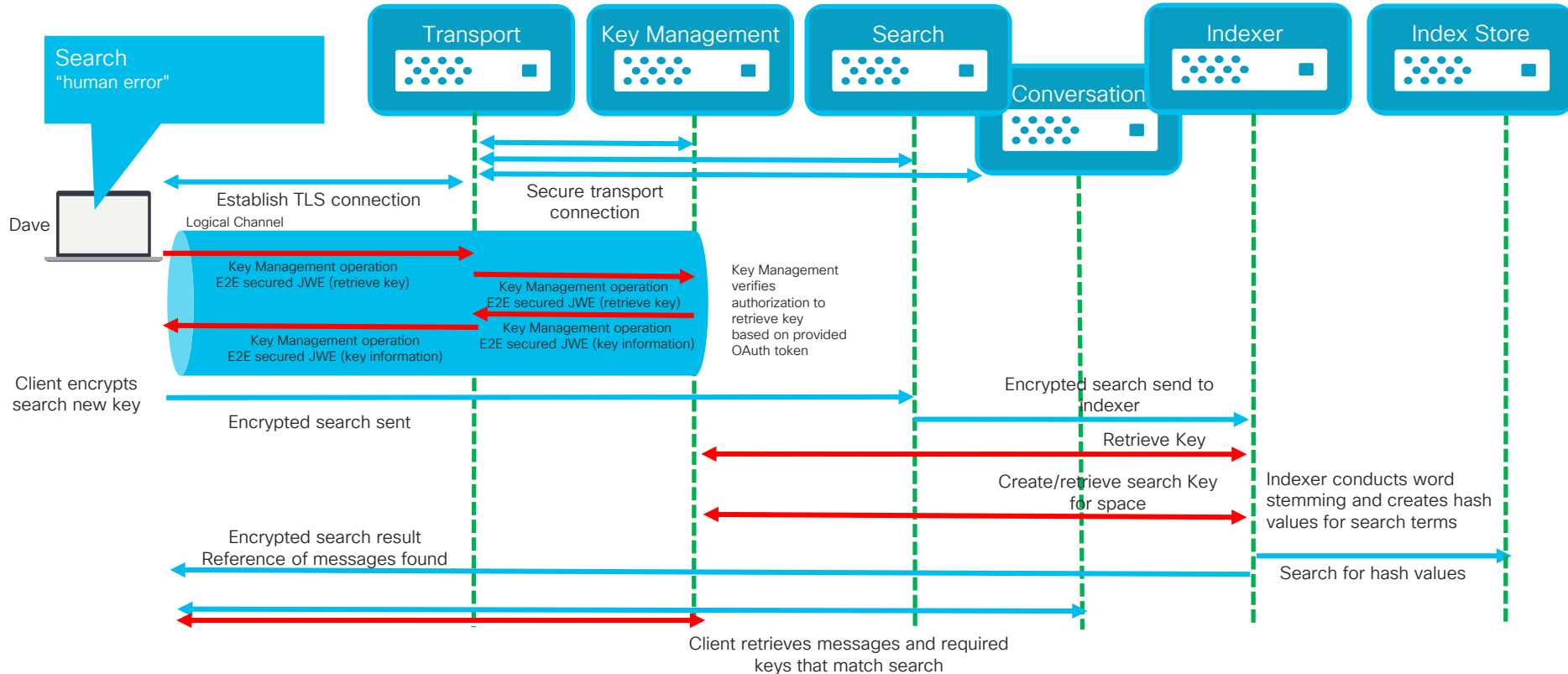
Cisco Webex Architecture

End to End Secure Communication – How to search?



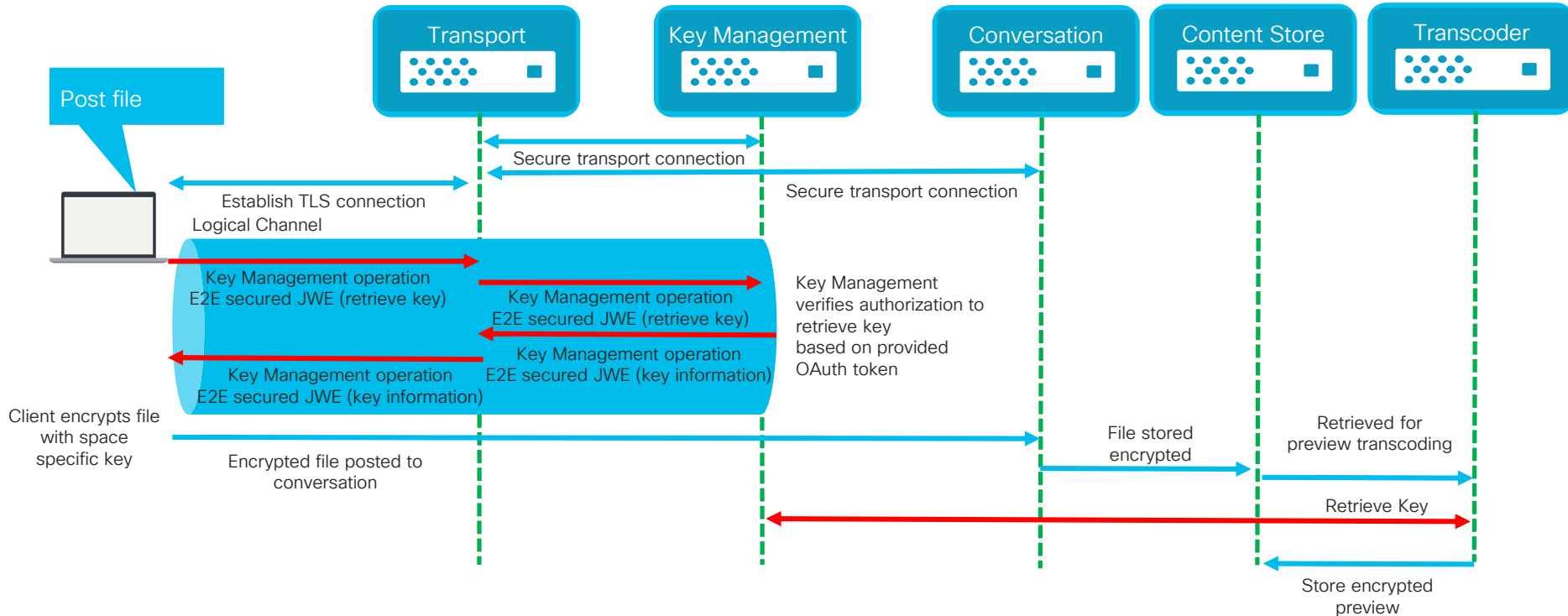
Cisco Webex Architecture

End to End Secure Communication – How to search?



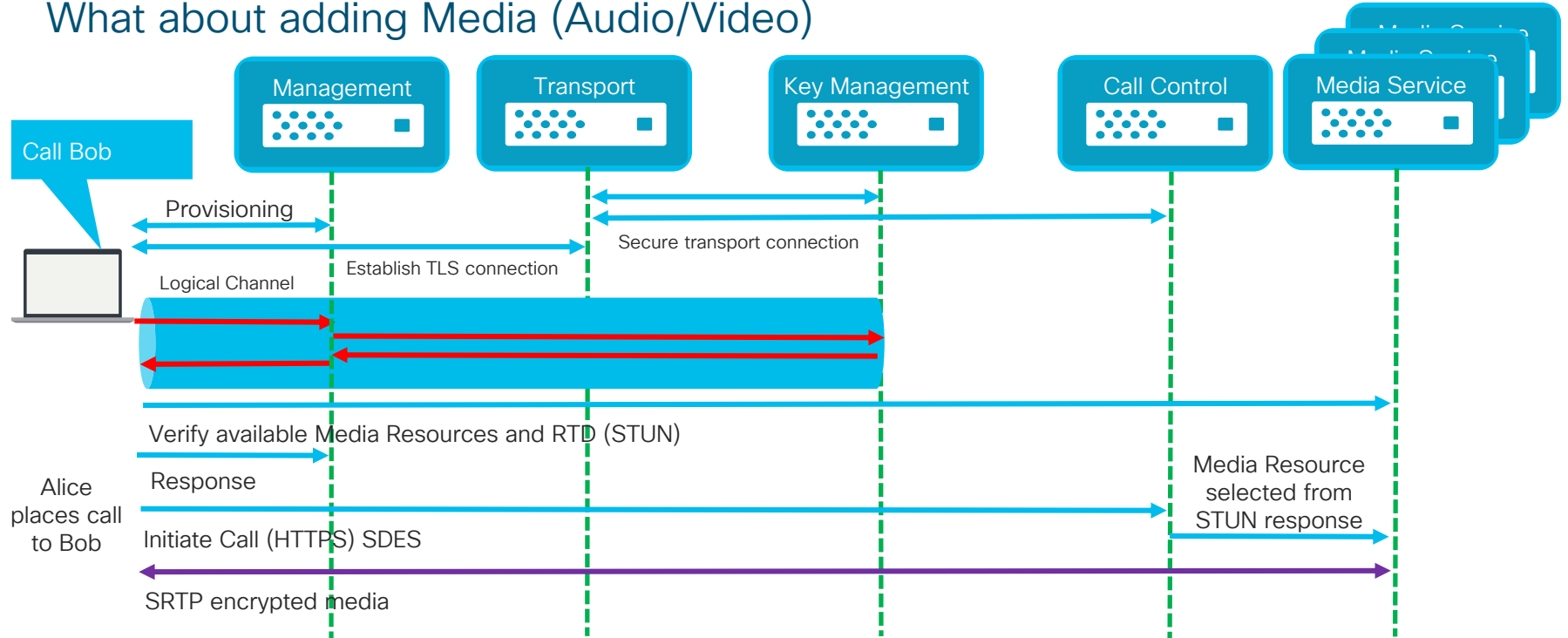
Cisco Webex Architecture

End to End Secure Communication – Post Content



Cisco Webex Architecture

What about adding Media (Audio/Video)



Media not encrypted end to end.

E2E media encryption requires switching only, media transcoding not possible. Endpoints establish connection to Key Management to retrieve additional information.

A look into
the future...

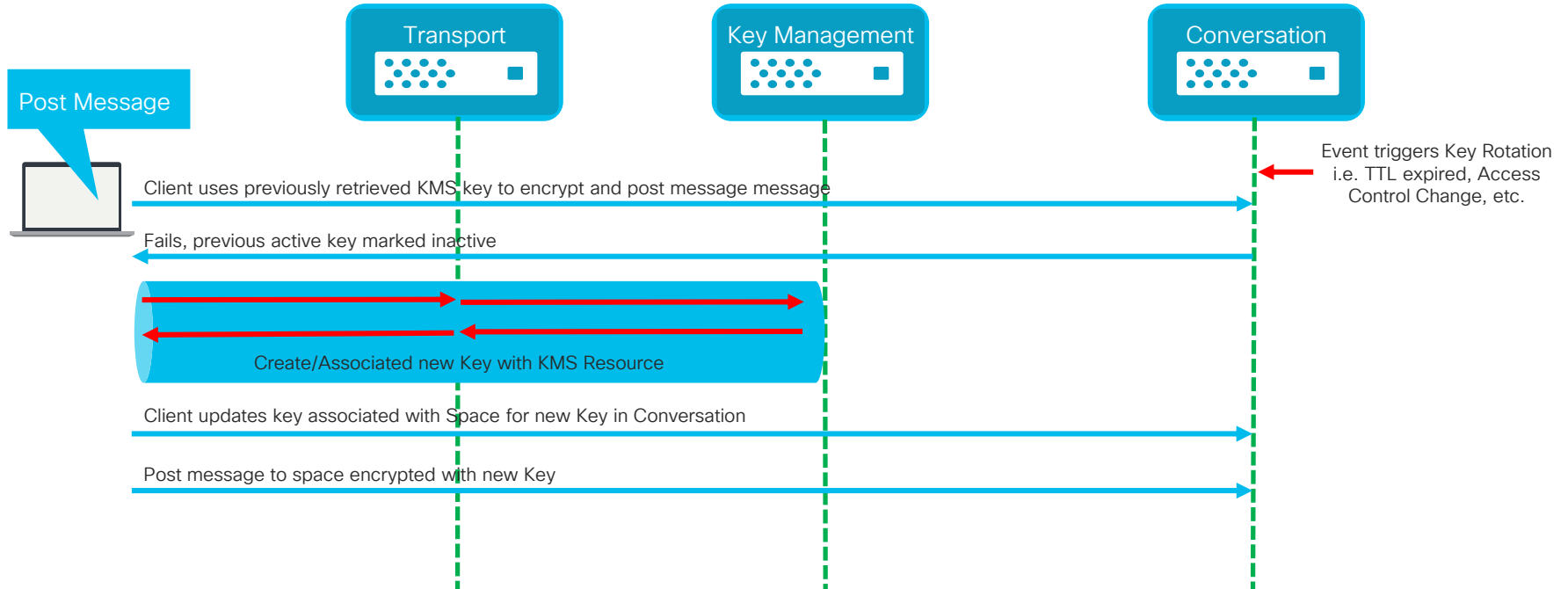
cisco *Live!*

Further enhancing Security

Introducing Key Rotation

Space Conversation Example - Active Rotation

Future

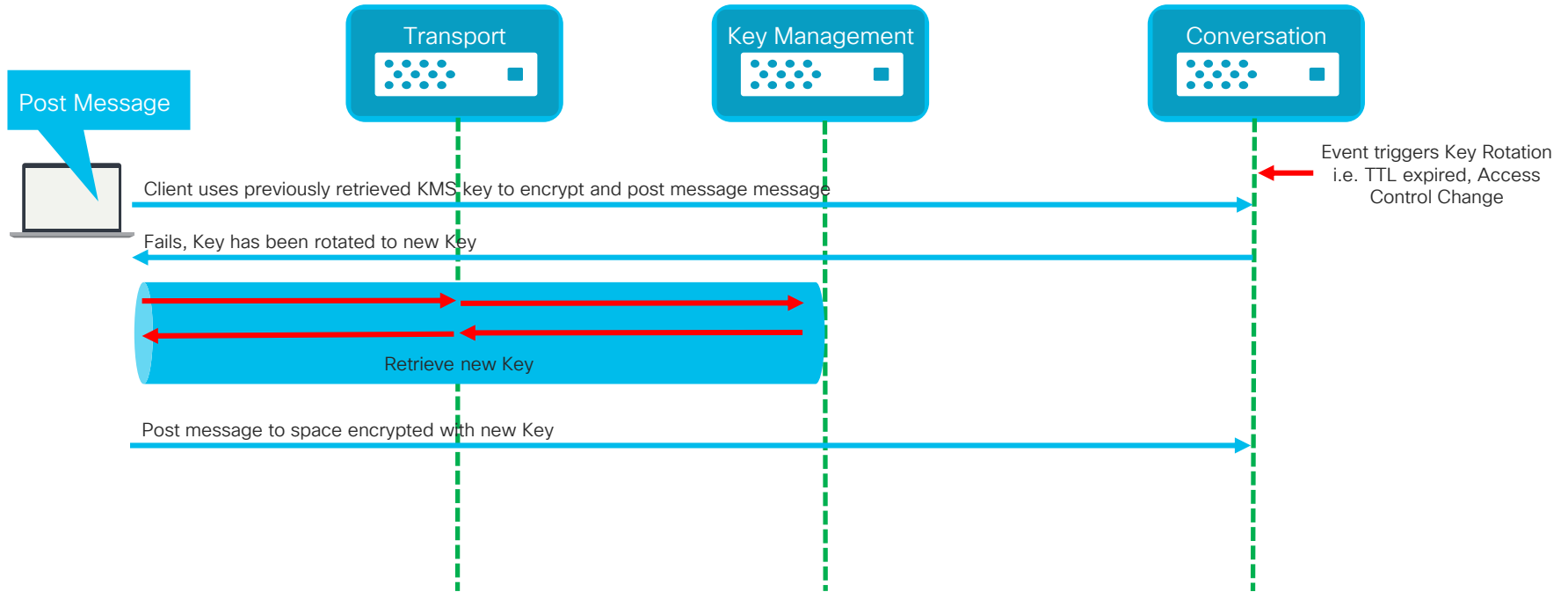


Further enhancing Security

Introducing Key Rotation

Space Conversation Example – Passive Rotation

Future

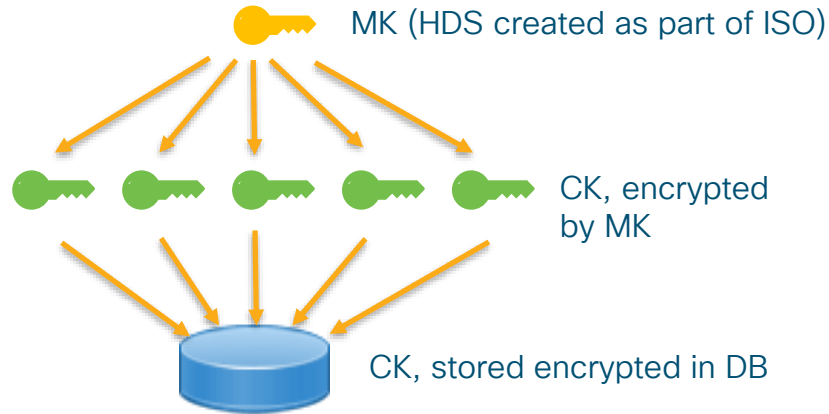


Further enhancing Security

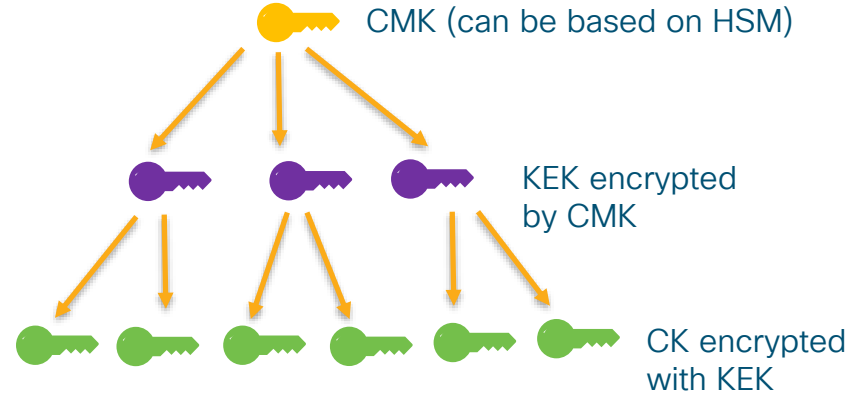
Introducing KMS Key Hierarchy

Future

Current Architecture KMS/HDS



Future Architecture KMS/HDS



- New architecture allows for Customer Master Key to be provided by Hardware Security Module (HSM) for cloud and HDS. Additional Level of Security as CMK never “leaves” the HSM
- Cisco Cloud KMS to have organization specific Customer Master Key
Customer revokes HSM CMK all KEK/CK are rendered inaccessible
- In the case compromise CMK and/or KEK can be rotated, this will trigger re-encryption of all downstream keys

MK – Master Key
CK – Content Key
KEK – Key Encryption Key
CMK – Customer Master Key

Subject to change

Further enhancing Security

Introducing KMS Key Hierarchy

Feature iterations planned

- Master Key for Cisco CloudKMS protected by AWS CloudHSM
- Per Organization Master Key for Cisco CloudKMS protected by AWS CloudHSM
- One Premise HSM support for Hybrid Data Security (Gemalto Safenet)

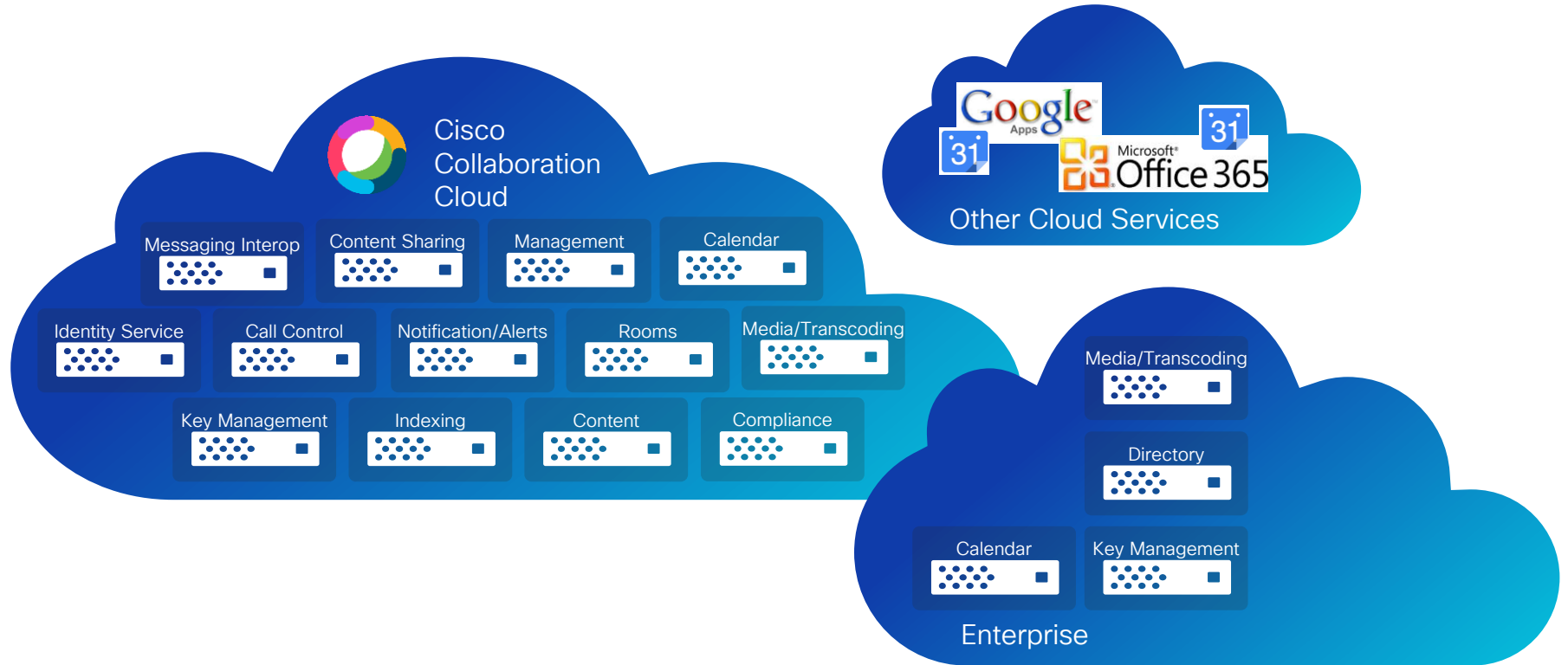
Exact dates? Stay tuned we are working diligently on this for you ...



Cisco Webex Hybrid Services

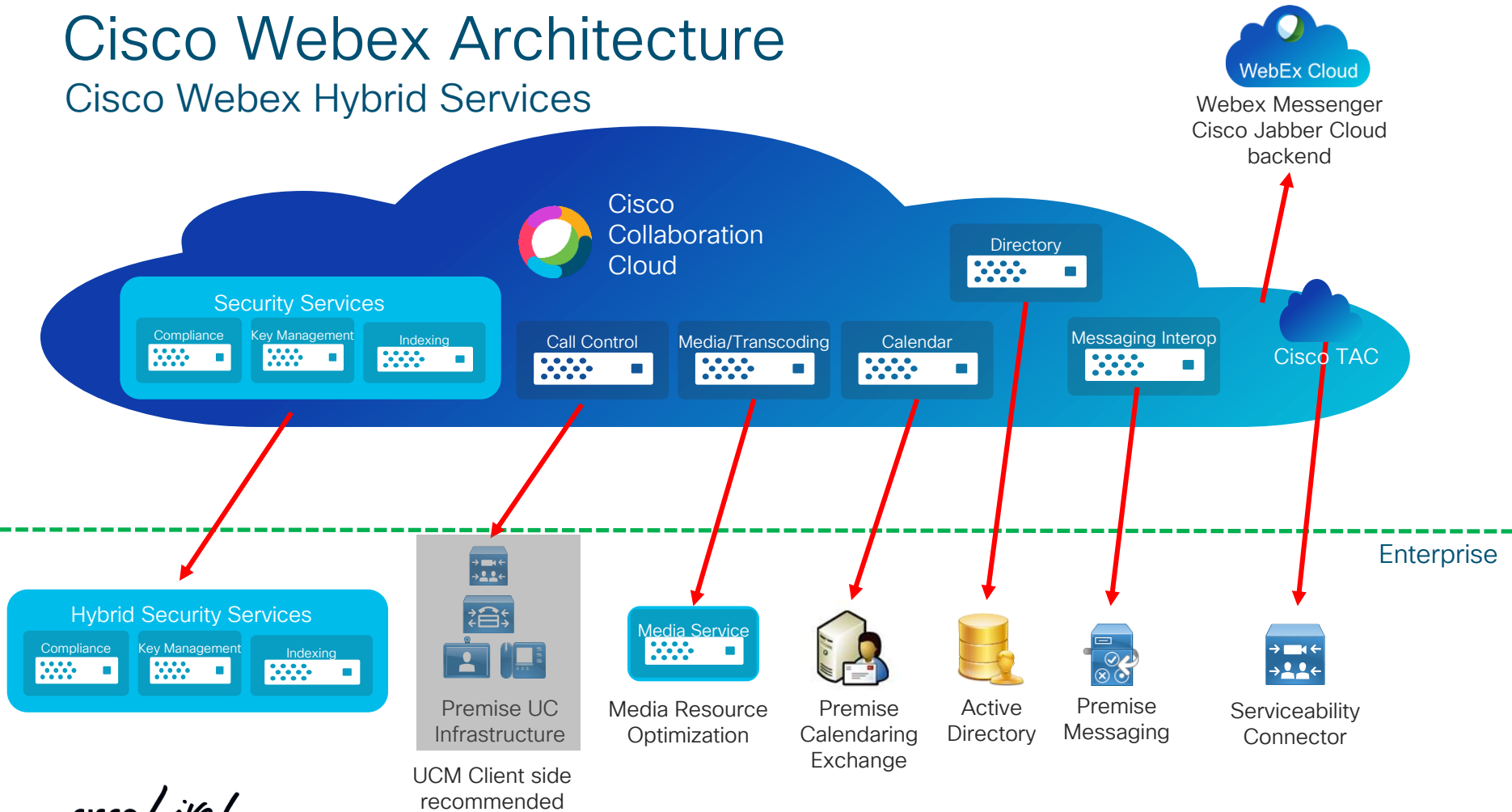
Cisco Webex Architecture

Combining Cloud with the Enterprise Hybrid Services



Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Hybrid Services



Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Hybrid Service – Platform



Cisco Expressway foundation for many Hybrid Services



- Latest version of Cisco Expressway recommended. Support for n-1 releases
- Provides platform for Cisco Cloud Connectors which enable individual hybrid services
- Connectors managed by Cisco Cloud Platform, no upgrades on Cisco Expressway software required for deployment of new version
- Connector **only** establish outbound connections towards Cloud Service. No inbound ports required on firewall
- Connector platform supports use of outbound HTTP proxy
- Hybrid Services architecture emphasis on protecting and utilizing existing investments
- Utilize existing Cisco Expressway clustering capabilities for redundancy and scale
- Decouples software dependencies between cloud service and other on premise components

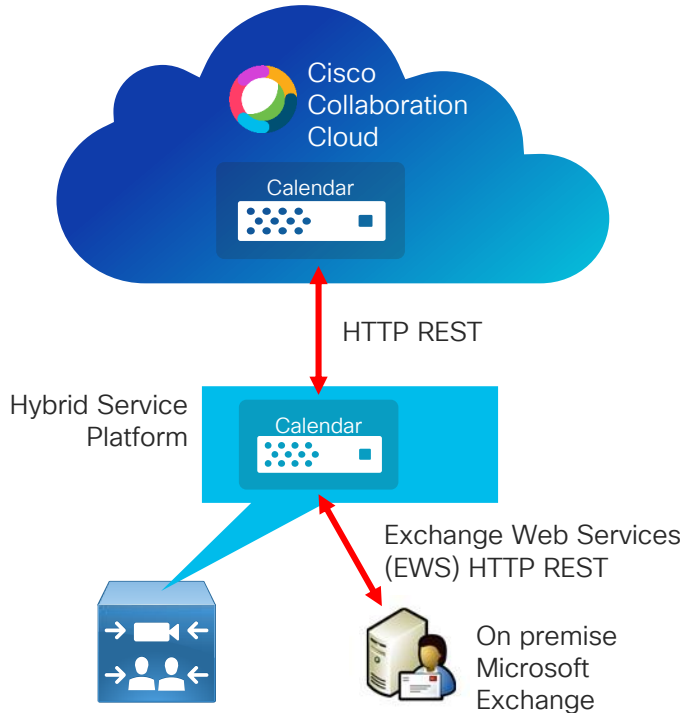
(some services require a minimum version for other on premise components, please check documentation for latest information)

Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Hybrid Service – Calendar



See hidden Slides for Reference on how to configure Expressway Hybrid Services



CISCO *Live!*

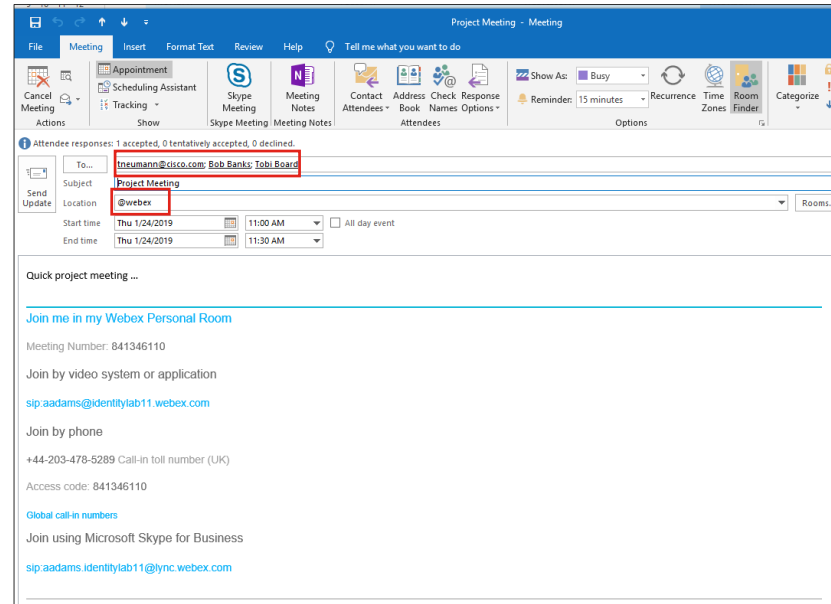
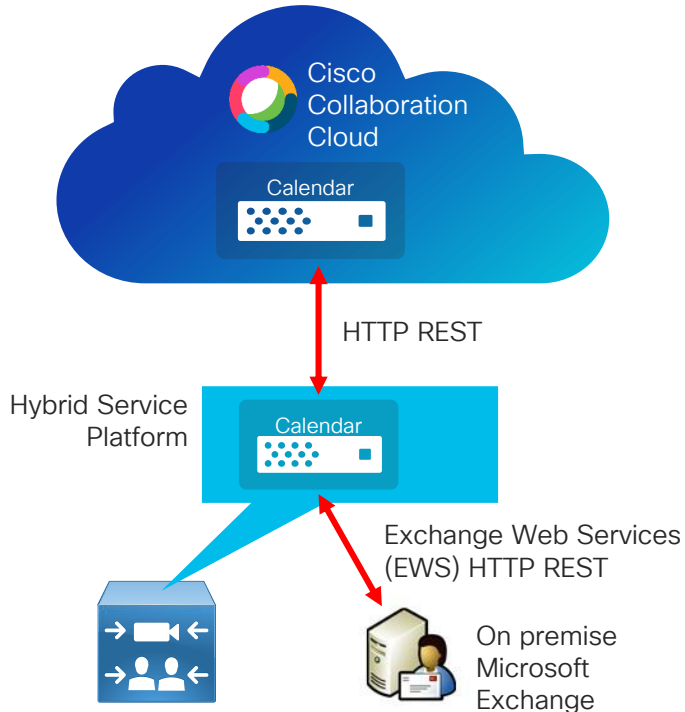
Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Hybrid Service – Calendar



See hidden Slides for Reference on how to configure Expressway Hybrid Services

Easy scheduling of meetings with no plugins – create meeting and/or Cisco Webex Teams Space



Cisco Webex Architecture

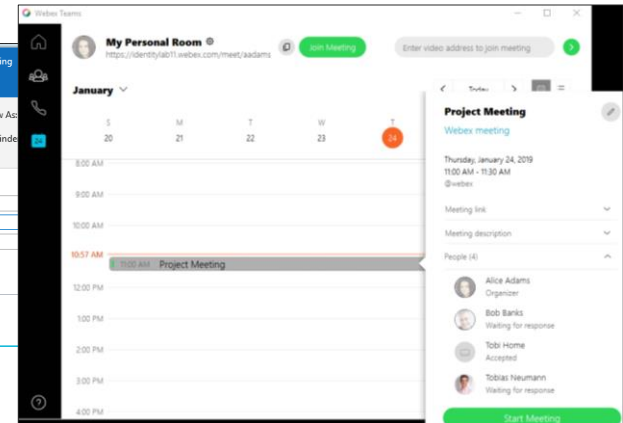
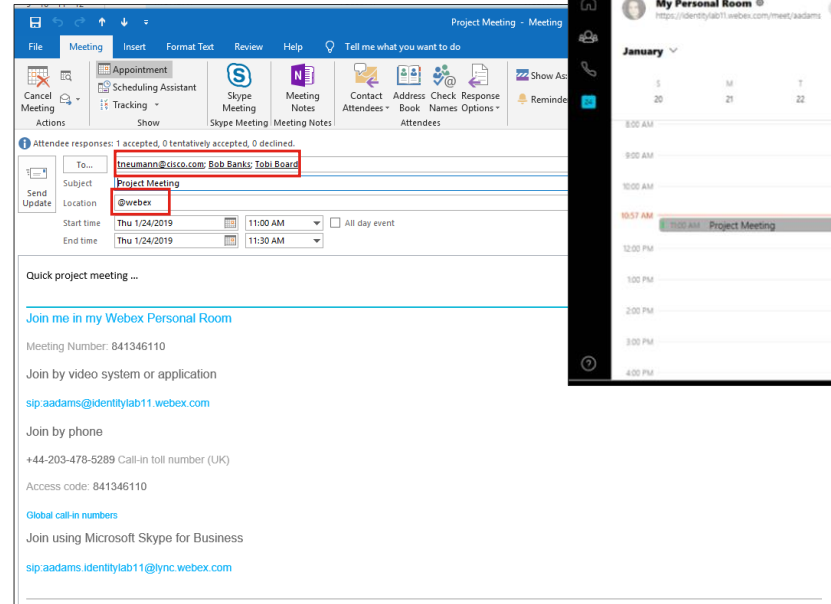
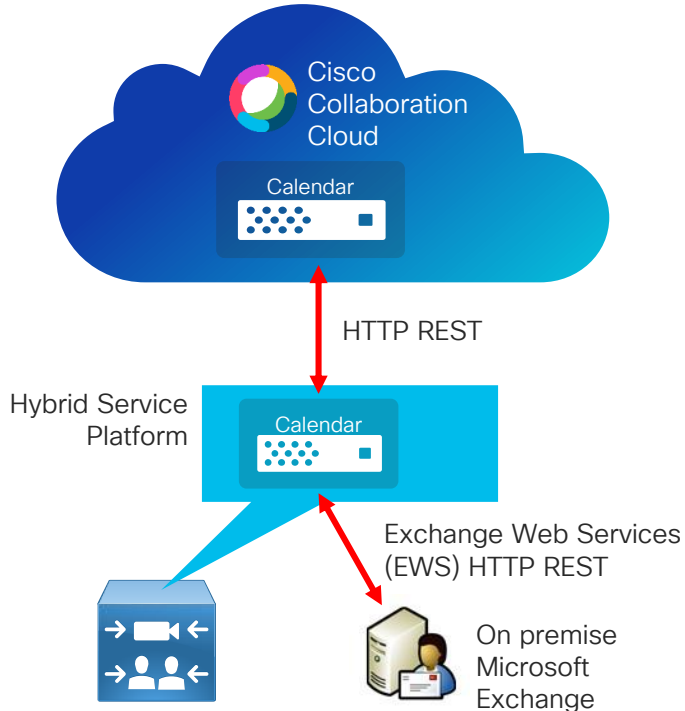
Cisco Webex Hybrid Service – Calendar



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Easy scheduling of meetings with no plugins – create meeting and/or Cisco Webex Teams Space

Meeting list available in Cisco Webex Teams Single Button to Join



Cisco Webex Architecture

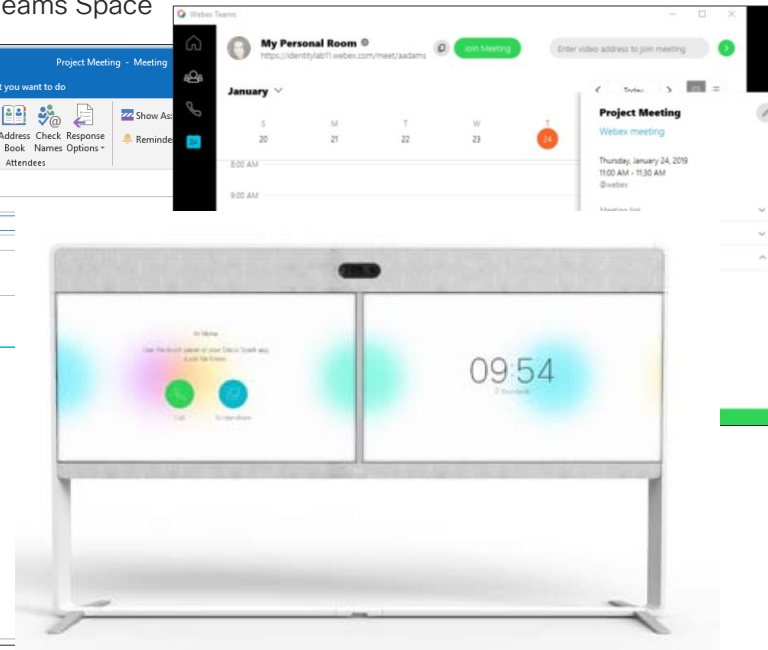
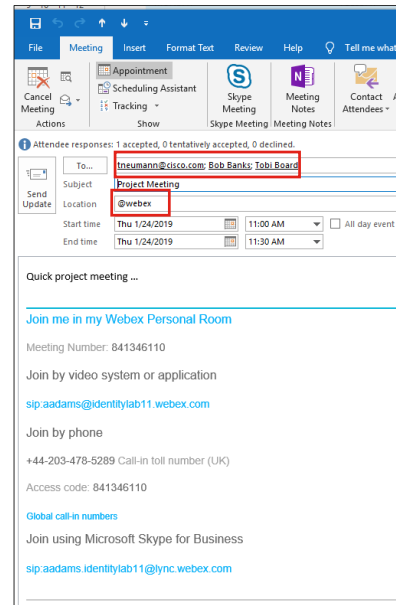
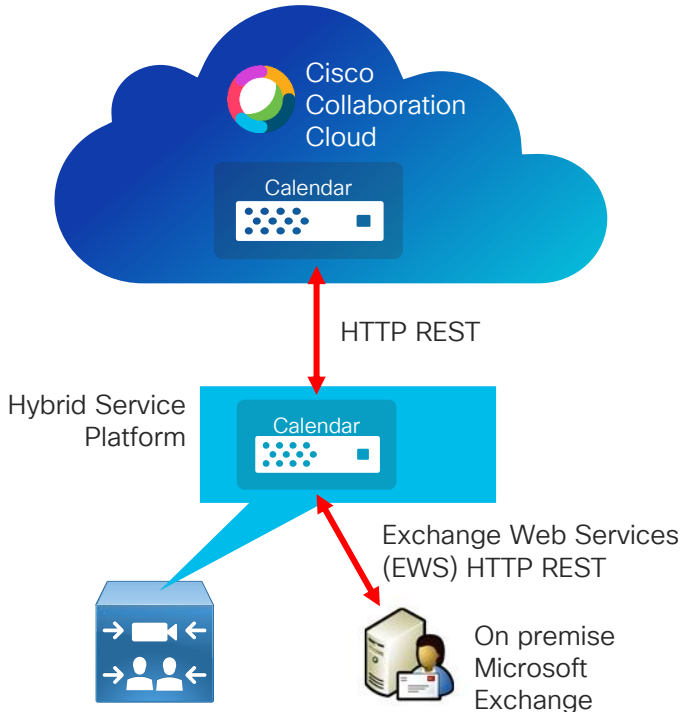
Cisco Webex Hybrid Service – Calendar



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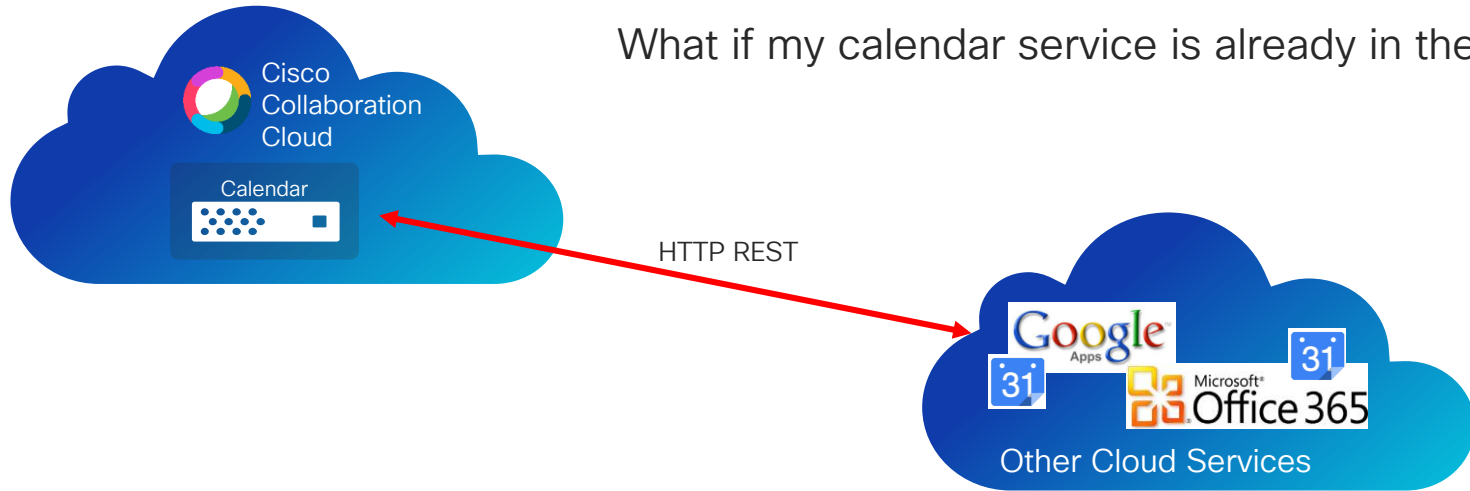
One Button the Push experience on cloud registered Collaboration Systems



Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Hybrid Service – Calendar Cloud

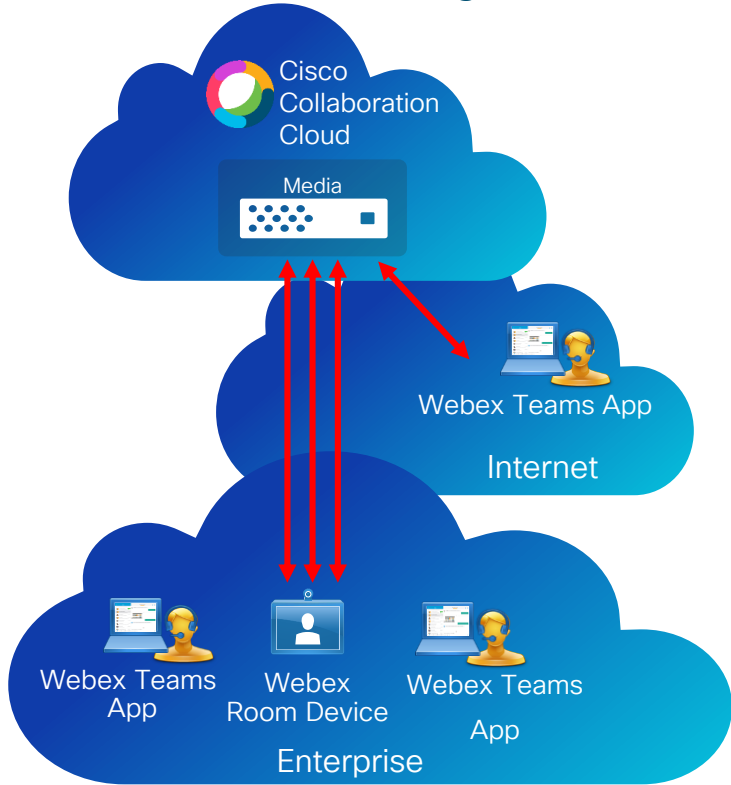
What if my calendar service is already in the cloud?



Cloud Calendar connector available for Google Calendar and Microsoft O365 Exchange Online

Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh



Problem Statement

1:1 meetings and multi party meetings use media resource in the cloud

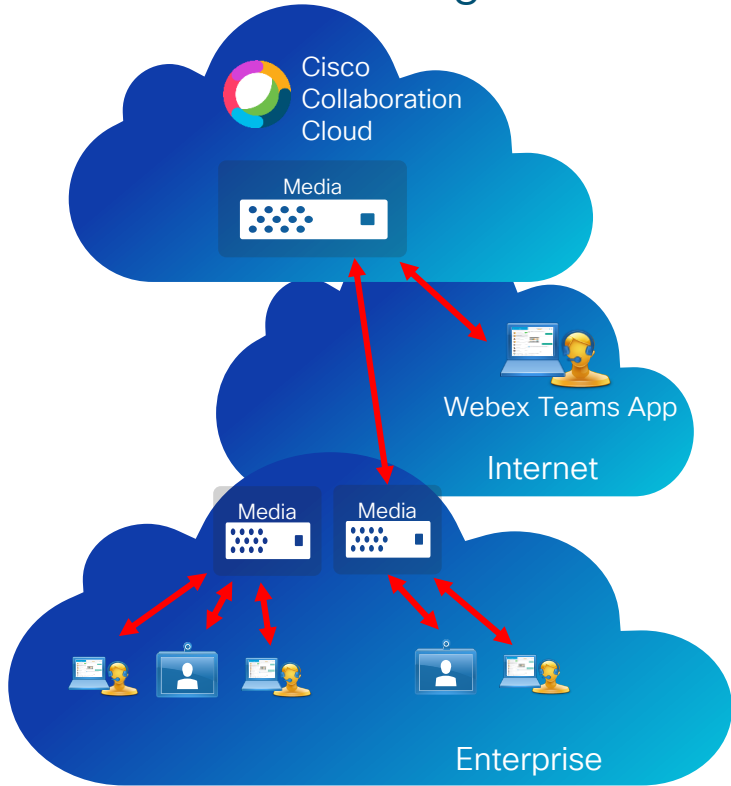
Media and signaling go from and to the cloud

Increased bandwidth requirement for Internet traffic with adoption of Cisco Webex Meetings and Teams

Possible impact on meeting experience by high delay between endpoint end media resources

Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh

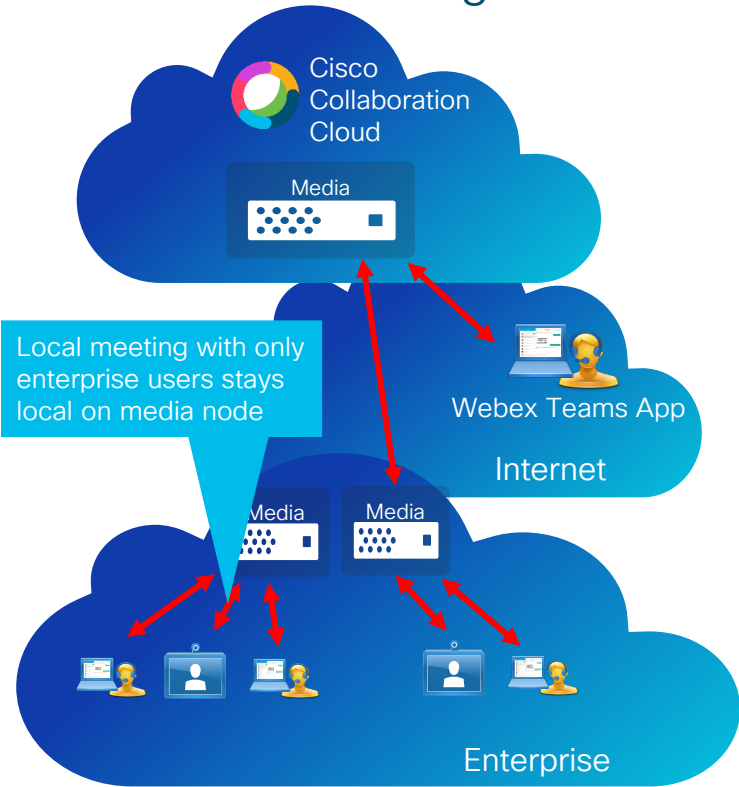


Advantages for Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh

- Same media resources deployed in Cisco Cloud available in customer enterprise environment
- Available for free for customers with paid Cisco Webex Teams subscription
- Provided as VMware OVA template
- Customers can deploy media nodes across multiple locations, optimizing media quality and bandwidth utilization
- Automatic overflow to cloud
- Automatic upgrades of media nodes
- Cisco Webex Control Hub single pane management

Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh

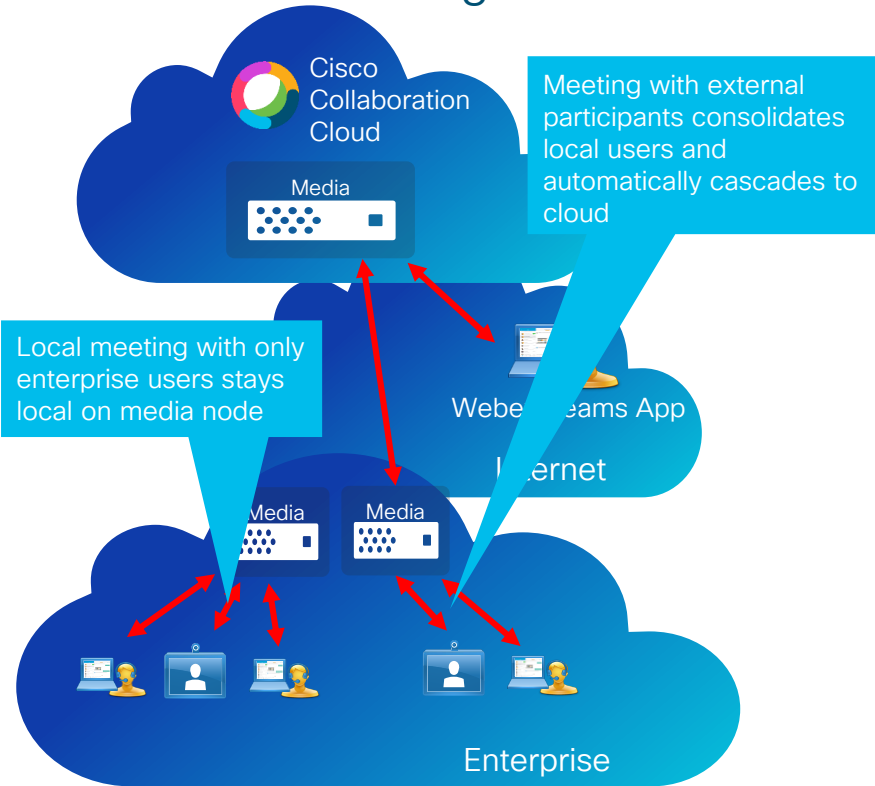


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Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh

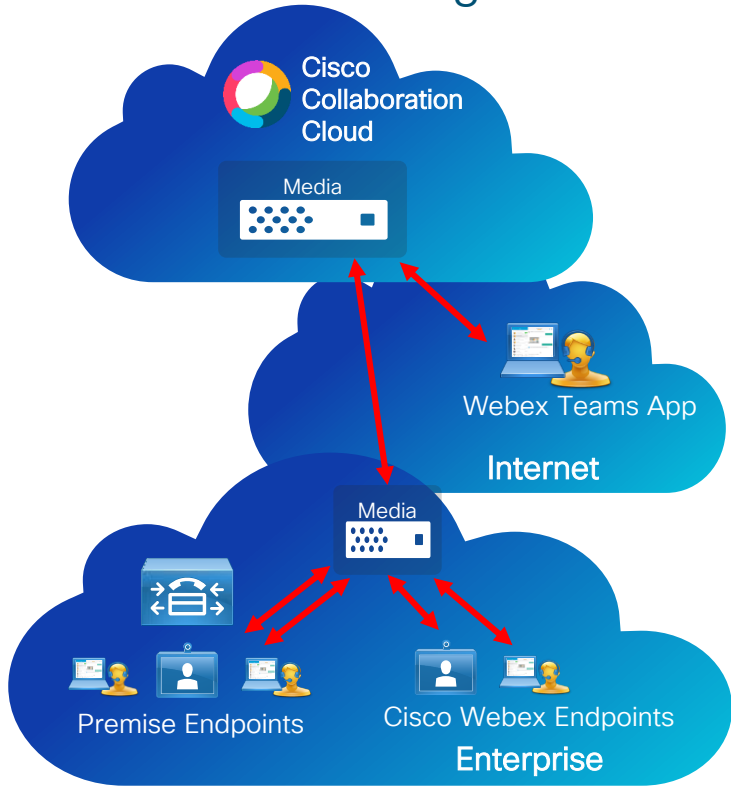


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Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh



Cisco Webex Edge Video Mesh Integration with existing premise resources

- Premise endpoints can utilize Webex Edge Video Mesh resources
- Provides quality and bandwidth optimization for existing infrastructure
- Available for @meet.ciscoSpark.com and @<customer>.webex.com (CMR)
- Requires Cisco CMR 3.5

Cisco Webex Architecture

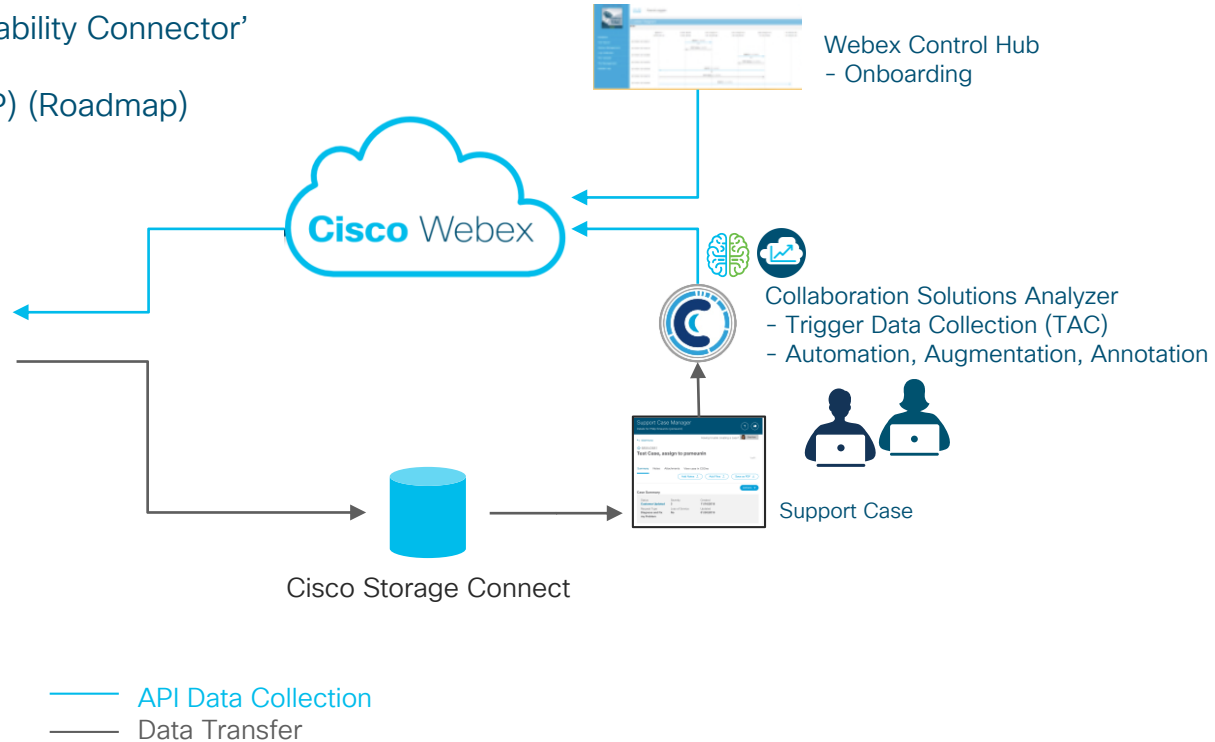
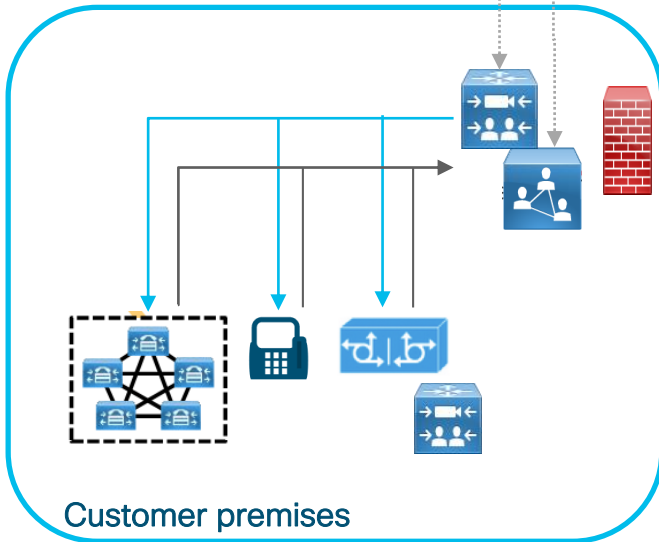
Cisco Serviceability Connector

Please check [BRKCOL-2135](#) for further details



Platform options 'Serviceability Connector'

- Expressway
- Video Mesh Node (ECP) (Roadmap)



CISCO Live!

Cisco Webex Architecture



Cisco Hybrid Services Platform News (Video Mesh & Hybrid Data Security)

New OVA deployment wizard

Cisco Hybrid Services supported for VMware ESXi 6.0 or higher

1 Select creation type

Select creation type

How would you like to create a Virtual Machine?

- Create a new virtual machine
- Deploy a virtual machine from an OVF or OVA file
- Register an existing virtual machine

2 Select OVF and VMDK files

Select OVF and VMDK files

Select the OVF and VMDK files or OVA for the VM

Enter a name for the virtual machine.

hds01

Virtual machine names can contain up to 80 characters.

3 Select storage

Select storage type and datastore

Standard Persistent Memory

Select a datastore for the virtual machine's configuration files and all of its' virtual disks.

Name	Capacity	Free	Type
datastore1	72.5 GB	71.55 GB	VMF85

4 Deployment options

Select deployment options

Network mappings	VM Network	VM Network
Deployment type	2 CPU - small	
	This deployment will need 2 vCPU	
Disk provisioning	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Thin <input type="radio"/> Thick	
Power on automatically	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

5 Additional settings

Additional properties for the VM

Networking Properties. [Warning: The system performs minimum checks on these network values, so be careful as you enter these values.]

Hostname	hds01.dcloud.cisoc.com
IP Address	198.18.135.64
Mask	255.255.192.0
Gateway	198.18.128.1
DNS Servers	198.18.133.1
NTP Servers	198.18.133.1

6 Ready to complete

Review your settings selection before finishing the wizard

Product	HybridDataNode
VM Name	hds01
Files	mfusion_2019.08.18
Datastore	datastore1
Provisioning type	Thin
Network mappings	VM Network: VM Network
Guest OS Name	Unknown
Profile	This deployment will use the default profile
Properties	Click to expand

Do not refresh your browser while this VM is being created.

Cisco Webex Architecture



Cisco Hybrid Services Platform News (Video Mesh & Hybrid Data Security)

Install Enterprise Root CA Certificate(s)

- Navigate to `https://<fqdn or IP address of hybrid VM>/setup`
- Acknowledge self signed certificate warning

The screenshot displays the Cisco Webex Hybrid Security Node configuration interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options: Overview, Network, Trust Store & Proxy (highlighted with a red box), and Server Certificate. The main content area is divided into two panels. The top panel, titled 'Check Proxy Connection', shows a toggle switch for routing https requests through an explicit proxy. Below it is a red-bordered box containing the text 'Upload a Root Certificate or End Entity Certificate (.crt or .pem file)'. The bottom panel, titled 'Install All Certificates into the Trust Store', contains a list of certificates and a red-bordered box with the text 'Install All Certificates into the Trust Store'. The certificate list includes two entries with their respective details and expiration dates.

Check Proxy Connection This proxy setting was verified to function correctly.

Route all port 443/444 https requests from this node through the explicit proxy (requires 15 seconds to complete).

Upload a Root Certificate or End Entity Certificate (.crt or .pem file)

Install All Certificates into the Trust Store This node will wait up to two hours for any existing calls to complete and then reboot to finish the installation.

Upload a Root Certificate or End Entity Certificate (.crt or .pem file)

- ✓ Issuer: C=undefined, ST=undefined, O=undefined, OU=undefined, CN=sparksec-SPARKSECCA01-CA/emailAddress=undefined
Subject: C=undefined, ST=undefined, O=undefined, OU=undefined, CN=sparksec-SPARKSECCA02-CA/emailAddress=undefined
File: certnew (3).cer
Expires: Jul 12, 2022 23:01 UTC1 **not yet installed** ** this is an intermediate or end entity certificate
- ✓ Issuer: C=undefined, ST=undefined, O=undefined, OU=undefined, CN=sparksec-SPARKSECCA01-CA/emailAddress=undefined
File: sparksecca01_b64.cer
Expires: May 03, 2027 16:29 UTC1 **not yet installed**

Install All Certificates into the Trust Store This node will wait up to two hours for any existing calls to complete and then reboot to finish the installation.

Example shows root and subordinate/intermediate Certificate Authority

Cisco Webex Architecture



Cisco Hybrid Services Platform News (Video Mesh & Hybrid Data Security)

Install Enterprise CA Server Certificate

- Navigate to `https://<fqdn or IP address of hybrid VM>/setup`
- Acknowledge self signed certificate warning

Make sure SAN is set correctly, Google and Firefox will not accept certificates not containing the CN as SAN!

- Download CSR and issue certificate from Enterprise CA



Cisco Webex Architecture



Cisco Hybrid Services Platform News (Video Mesh & Hybrid Data Security)

Install Enterprise CA Server Certificate

Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request

To submit a saved request to the CA, paste a base-64-encoded certificate request (CMC or PKCS #10 or PKCS #7) in the Saved Request box.

Saved Request:

```
QmEvK6m0VTudNtE7a2/1pOLHprLpK4GKu41JEP
uA1pqx/us44x2xhy0n6P+EIrlv3APGvXvyJxd
Zu8p5yp3t/tuaeONHt8TYXBfzTxgXOkKv6m88
v6YaQIamKox8H0rgVcgUipu8JKRiWq0CvHkN
8HJHyem3FNTkdyj1lvvg15k1zUyicRvc+820ydm
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

Certificate Template:
Web Serve rClient

Additional Attributes:

Attributes:

Example MS Enterprise CA

Server Certificate Management

Create a Certificate Signing Request

✓ Subject: C=GB, ST=none, L=Bedfontlakes, O=Identitylab11, OU=Engineering, CN=sparksechds01.sparksec.com, emailAddress=tneumann@identitylab11.ciscolabs.com
Alternate Names (SAN): sparksechds01.sparksec.com
[Download](#)

Upload a Server Certificate (. crt or . pem file)

✓ Issuer: CN=sparksec-SPARKSECCA02-CA
Subject: C=GB, ST=none, O=Identitylab11, OU=Engineering, CN=sparksechds01.sparksec.com, emailAddress=tneumann@identitylab11.ciscolabs.com
File: sparksechds01.cer
Expires: Jul 12, 2022 23:01 UTC1 **not yet installed**
[Download](#)

Passphrase:

Upload a Private Key (. key file)

✓ File: VideoMeshGeneratedPrivate.key
not yet installed
[Download](#)

Install Server Certificate You will need to reload this page and login again after installing the certificates.

- Upload CA Server Certificate
- Install Server Certificate
- Acknowledge Warning Dialog

Are you sure?

After clicking **Install**, this node will wait up to two hours for any existing calls to complete and then complete the certificate installation.

Cisco Webex Architecture



Cisco Hybrid Services Platform News (Video Mesh & Hybrid Data Security)

Install Enterprise CA Server Certificate

sparksechds01.sparksec.com/signIn.html?%2Fsetup%2F

Certificate

General Details Certification Path

Certification path

- sparksec-SPARKSECCA01-CA
 - sparksec-SPARKSECCA02-CA
 - sparksechds01.sparksec.com

View Certificate

Certificate status:
This certificate is OK.

Cisco Webex

Hybrid Security Node

Username

Passphrase

Sign In

- Reload browser
- Cisco Hybrid Service using Enterprise CA server certificate

Identity

Which Protocols do we see in Identity Management



SAML Security Assertion Markup Language defined under **OASIS** Security Services Technical Committee (SSTC) Standards.



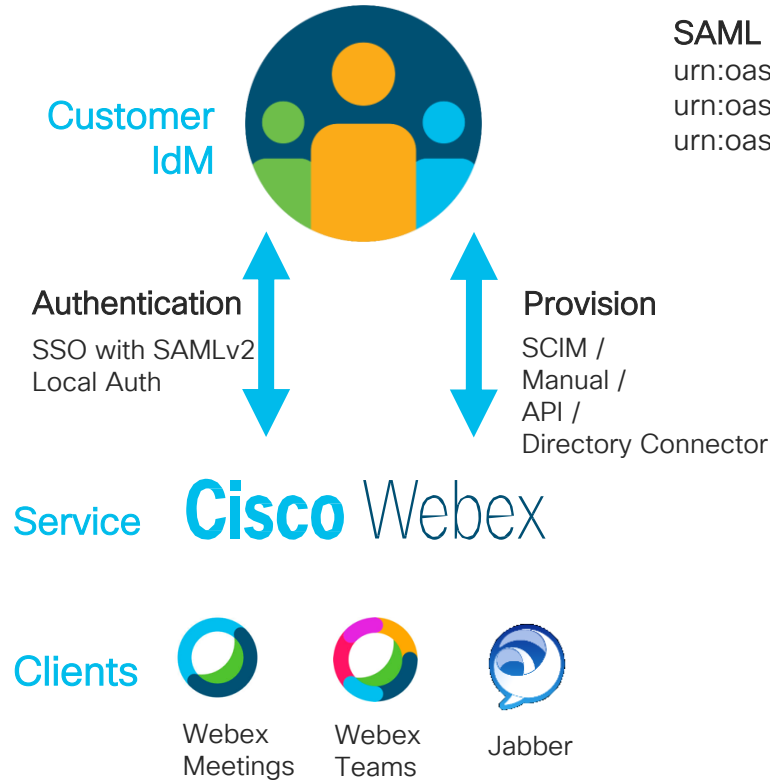
OAuth is a Authorisation Framework defined by **IETF** under **RFC 6749**



SCIM System for Cross-domain Identity Management, 2.0 was release under **IETF** as **RFC 7643** and **7644**

Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex with Control Hub



SAML NameID-formats Supported :

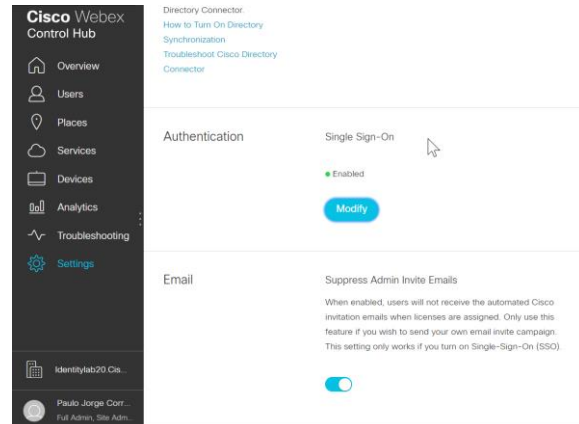
urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:transient

urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified

urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:emailAddress

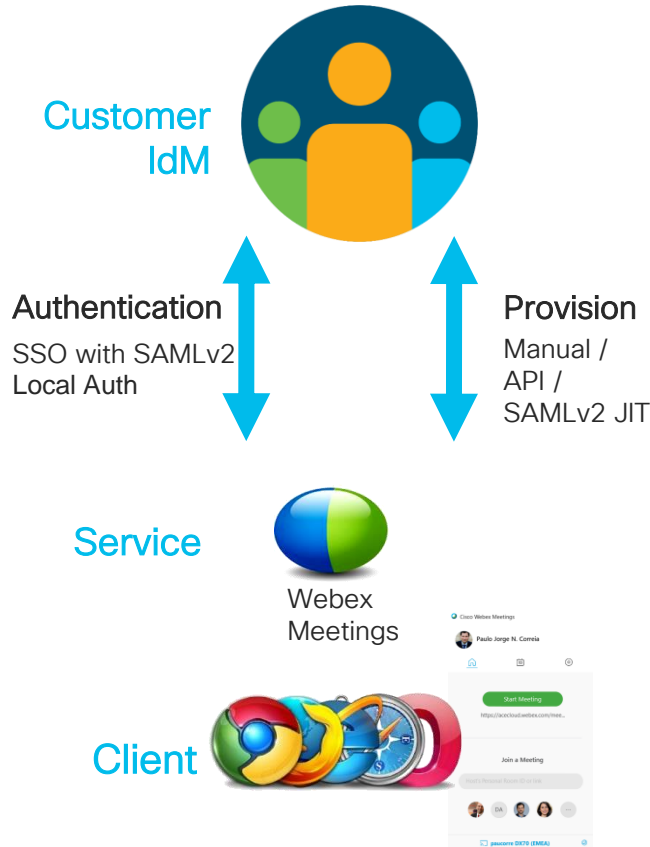
Provision URL

<https://admin.webex.com/>



Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex Meetings with Site Admin



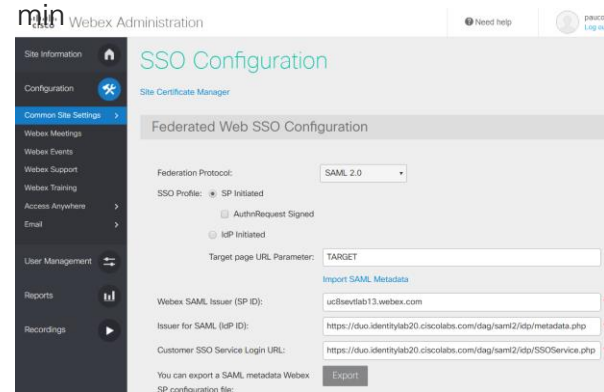
SAML NameID-formats Supported :

urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified
urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:emailAddress

.....
.....

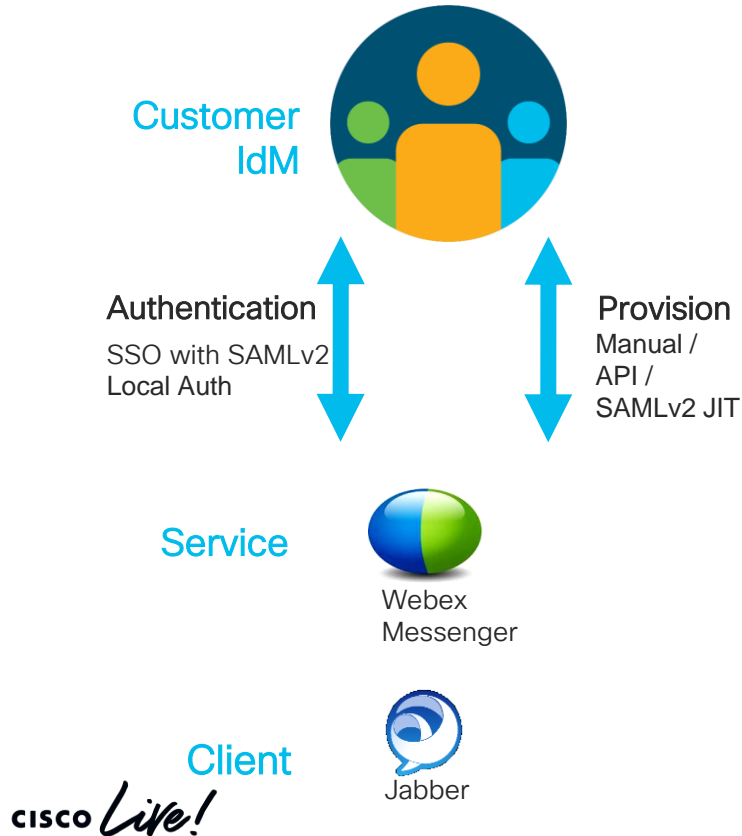
Provision URL

`https://{CustomerName}.webex.com/ad`



Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex Messenger



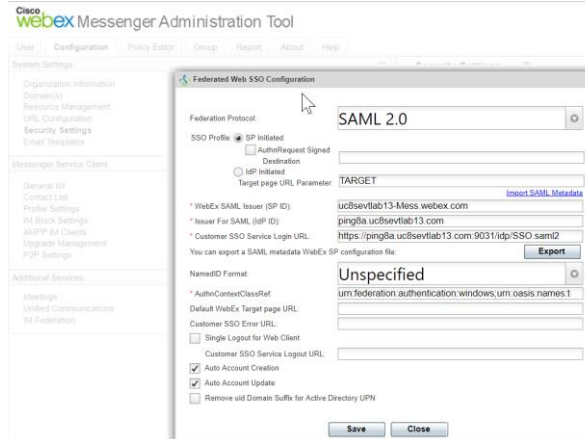
SAML NameID-formats Supported :

urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified
urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:emailAddress

.....
.....

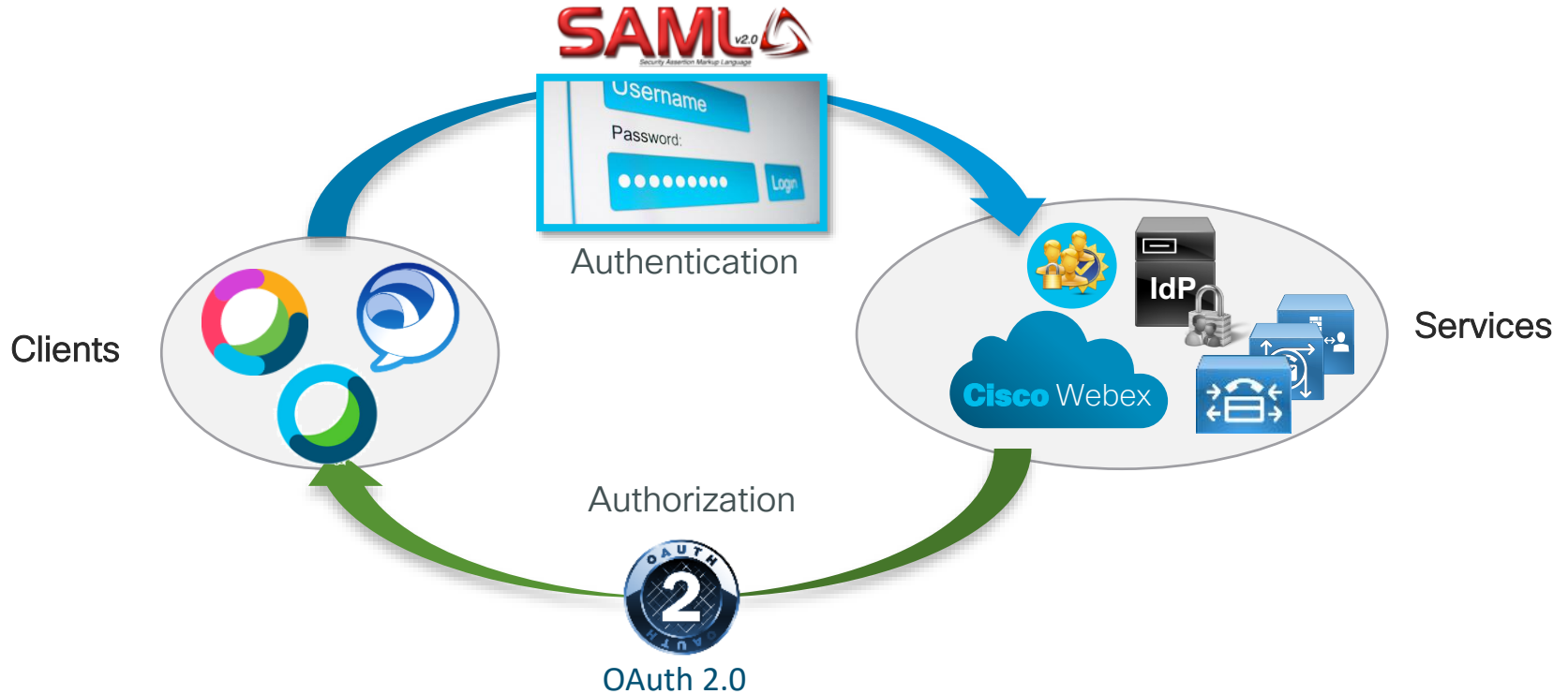
Provision URL

<https://x02wapi.webexconnect.com/wbxconnect/acs/widgetserver/mashkit/apps/standalone.html?app=WBX.base.orgadmin&TrackID=111&hbxfref=&goid=ConnectAdmin>

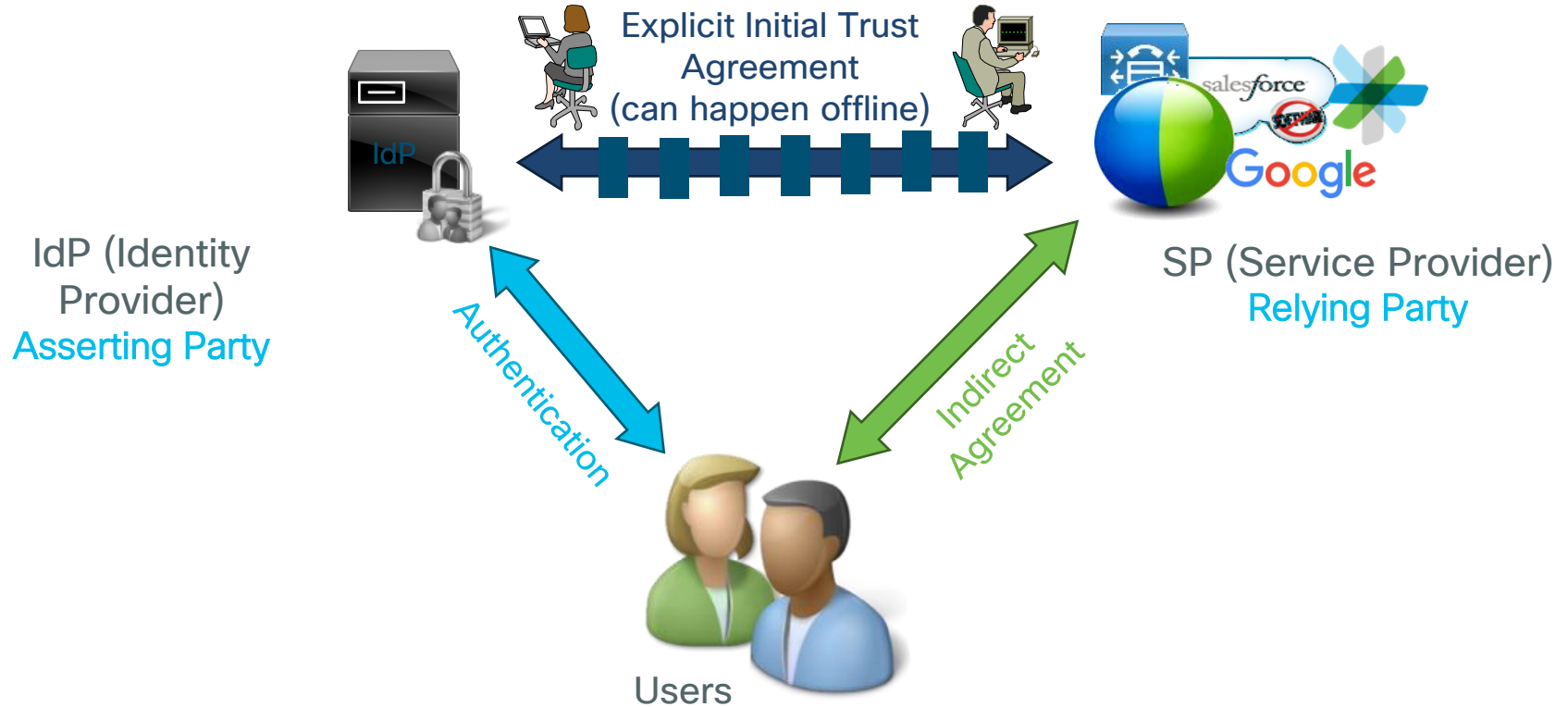


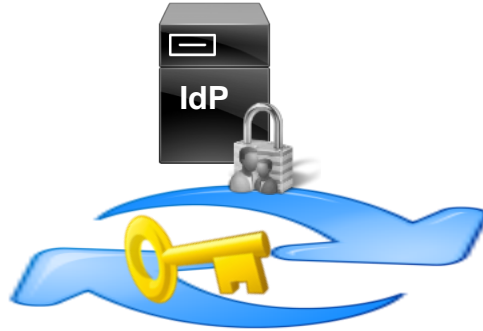
Authentication and Authorization

(SAML and OAuth)



Identity Framework





Single Sign-On

A session/user authentication process that enables a user to provide credentials **only once** in order to access multiple applications. The process authenticates the user for all the applications they have been given rights to without further prompts when they switch applications during the session.

Role of an Identity Provider (IdP)

Validate who you are

- Review personally identifying information that proves you are who you say you are: **identity proofing** (e.g., driver's license, passport, biometric data)
- Assign **attributes** (name, role, email address) in the identity management system



Transact authentication requests

- Verify that the person seeking access to a resource is the one previously identified and approved, by utilizing some form of **authentication** (e.g., username and password)



Which IdP Does Cisco Supports ?

Cisco supports any IdP vendor that is compliant with the **SAMLv2** Oasis Standard.

Internally in our development test cycles, we test our products against selected authentication methods of the follow IdP's :

- Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0
- Open Access Manager (OpenAM) 11.0
- PingFederate 6.10.0.4

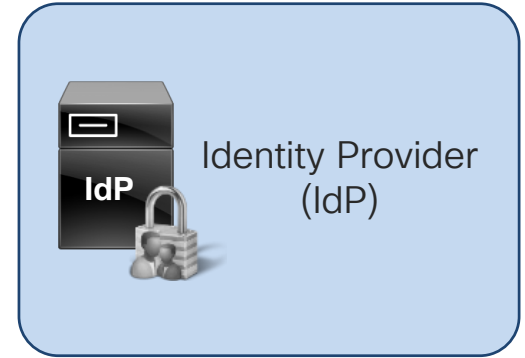
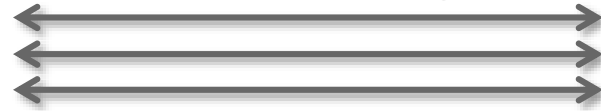


SAML SSO Configuration for Webex in Control Hub

Steps to Enable Single Sign-on



SAML Agreements
Metadata Exchange



1

- Download SP Metadata

3

- Integrate With 3rd Party Identity Provider
- Choose Signed or not Signed Metadata
- Upload IdP Metadata
- Test SSO Connection

2

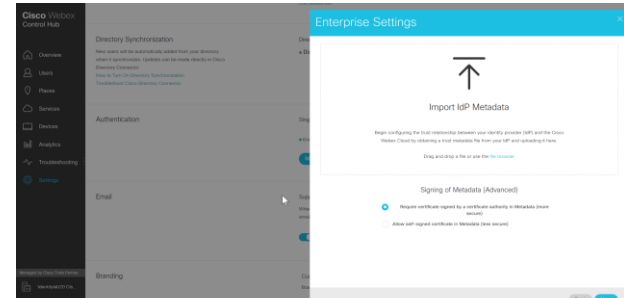
- Configure IdP
- Upload SP Metadata
- Download IdP Metadata



Collaboration Admin



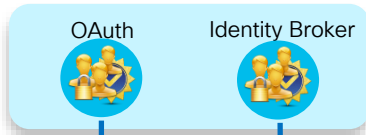
Identity Admin



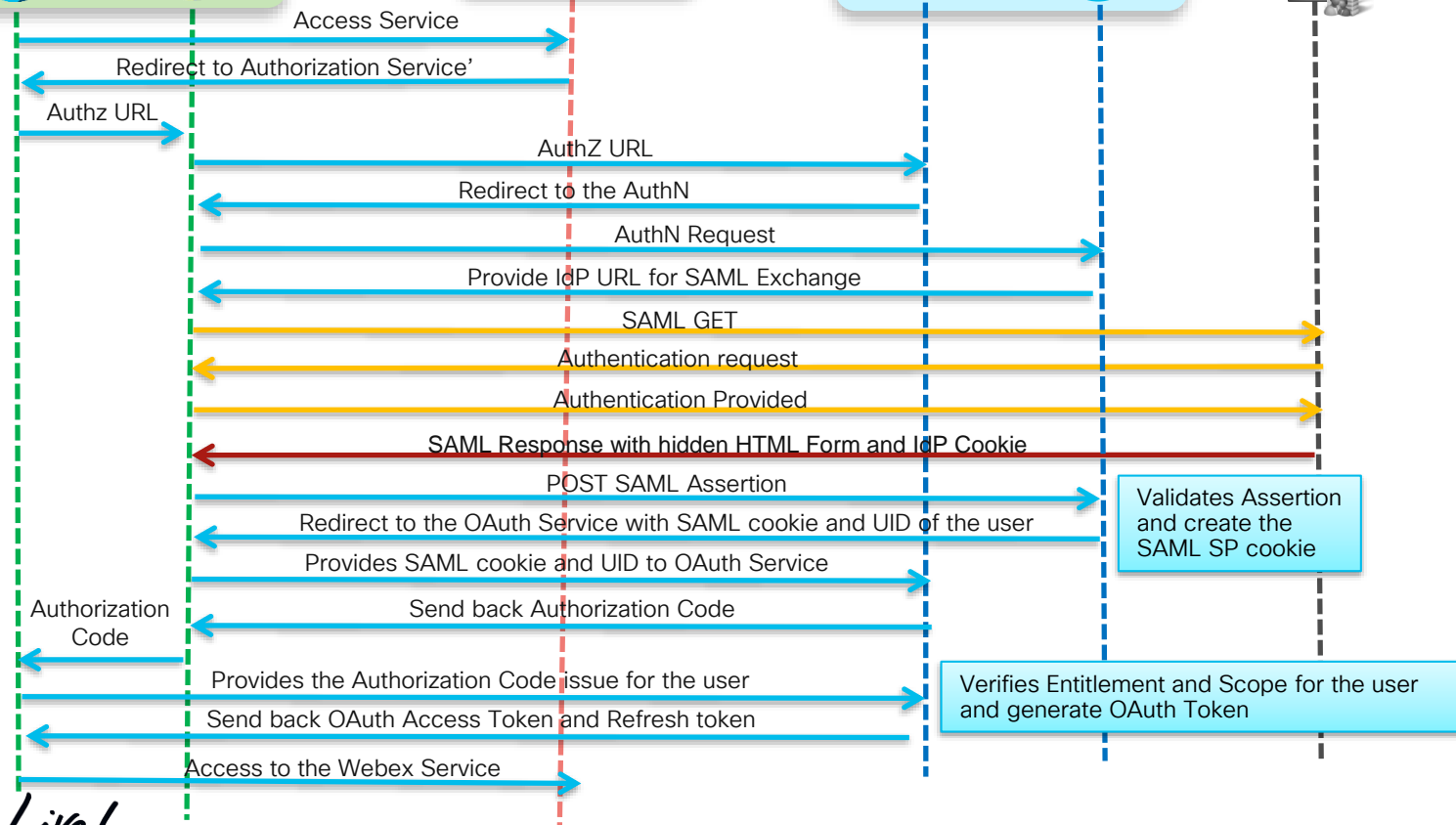
Cisco Webex Teams



Common Identity



Customer IdP



Validates Assertion and create the SAML SP cookie

Verifies Entitlement and Scope for the user and generate OAuth Token



SAML Assertion from IdP to Webex in CH

```
<saml2p:Response  
Destination="https://idbroker.webex.com/idp/Consumer/metaAlias/ea7c1420-  
711d-4916-9581-220353230d1e.jp  
ID="_157561492b8068bb78f4cb242ad4f006"
```

Same Relay state as the SAML
request from the Webex

```
InResponseTo="s2e747a3b284812b71ccd8ac1dce98d00cbfa7555b"  
IssueInstant="2017-01-30T17:13:22.572Z"  
Version="2.0"
```

```
<saml2:Issuer Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:entity"  
xmlns:saml2="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"  
>https://shib9a.cisco.net/idp/shibboleth</saml2:Issuer>
```

```
<saml2p:Status>  
<saml2p:StatusCode Value="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Success"/>  
</saml2p:Status>
```

```
<saml2:Assertion ID="_574a68c9ba24935315c606a48902e50f"  
IssueInstant="2017-01-30T17:13:22.572Z"  
Version="2.0"  
xmlns:saml2="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"  
xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"  
>
```

Successful SAML Assertion

```
<saml2:Issuer Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:entity"  
>https://shib9a.cisco.net/idp/shibboleth</saml2:Issuer>
```

```
<ds:Signature xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">  
<ds:SignedInfo>  
<ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-  
c14n#" />  
<ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1" />  
<ds:Reference URI="#_574a68c9ba24935315c606a48902e50f">  
<ds:Transforms>  
<ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#enveloped-  
signature" />  
<ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#">  
<ec:InclusiveNamespaces PrefixList="xs"  
xmlns:ec="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />  
</ds:Transform>  
</ds:Transforms>  
<ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />  
<ds:DigestValue>f4B90sjqqWCRJaUycRL7XS2ncdw=</ds:DigestValue>  
</ds:Reference>  
</ds:SignedInfo>  
<ds:SignatureValue>L0n0SdlaXFyL4Eg6.....</ds:SignatureValue>  
<ds:KeyInfo>  
<ds:X509Data>  
<ds:X509Certificate>MIIDKzCCAhOgAwIBAgIUNXw.....<ds:X509Certificate>  
</ds:X509Data>  
</ds:KeyInfo>  
</ds:Signature>
```

IdP Signature and Certificate for
Webex to validate

SAML Assertion from IdP to Webex in CH

<saml2:Subject>

<saml2:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified"
NameQualifier="https://shib9a.cisco.net/idp/shibboleth"
SPNameQualifier="https://idbroker.webex.com/ea7c1420-711d-4916-95f8-
22de53230d1e">_306e0e97b606cc3199a28e72c95aa206

NameID format, Webex supported transient, unspecified and email

</saml2:NameID>
<saml2:SubjectConfirmation Method="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:cm:bearer">

<saml2:SubjectConfirmationData Address="172.16.36.50"
InResponseTo="s2e747a3b284812b71ccd8ac1dce98d00cbfa7555b" NotOnOrAfter="2017-01-30T17:18:22.572Z"
Recipient="https://idbroker.webex.com/idb/Consumer/metaAlias/ea7c1420-711d-4916-95f8-22de53230d1e/sp"/>

IdP confirmation to the request

</saml2:SubjectConfirmation>

</saml2:Subject>

<saml2:Conditions NotBefore="2017-01-30T17:13:22.572Z"
NotOnOrAfter="2017-01-30T17:18:22.572Z">

Time window when this SAML assertion is accepted

<saml2:AudienceRestriction>

<saml2:Audience>https://idbroker.webex.com/ea7c1420-711d-4916-95f8-22de53230d1e</saml2:Audience>
</saml2:AudienceRestriction>

Entity ID that this assertion should apply to

</saml2:Conditions>

NameID-formats support by Webex in CH

UNSPECIFIED

```
<saml2:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified"
```

```
NameQualifier="https://shib9a.cisco.net/idp/shibboleth"
SPNameQualifier="https://idbroker.webex.com/ea7c1420-711d-4916-95f8-22de53230d1e">
_306e0e97b606cc3199a28e72c95aa206
```

```
</saml2:NameID>
```

```
<saml2:AttributeStatement>
```

```
<saml2:Attribute Name="uid"
```

```
NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:unspecified">
```

```
<saml2:AttributeValue
```

```
xmlns:xsi=http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance
xsi:type="xs:string">
```

```
paucorre@identitylab20.ciscolabs.com
```

```
</saml2:AttributeValue>
```

```
</saml2:Attribute>
```

```
</saml2:AttributeStatement>
```

NameID format unspecified require SPNameQualifier and the extra attribute (uid) statement

NameID format email require SPNameQualifier but doesn't require any extra attribute

EMAIL

```
<saml:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:emailAddress"
SPNameQualifier="https://idbroker.webex.com/ea7c1420-711d-4916-95f8-22de53230d1e">
paucorre@identitylab20.ciscolabs.com
</saml:NameID>
```

TRANSIENT

```
<saml:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:transient" NameQualifier="ping8a.uc8sevtlab13.com"
SPNameQualifier="https://idbroker.webex.com/8538f9ff-4f12-440a-9880-3488bc3eb146">
RbtO77X6eKfPUF5OhPrAKTCE88e
```

```
</saml:NameID>
```

```
<saml:AttributeStatement>
```

```
<saml:Attribute Name="uid"
```

```
NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:basic">
```

```
<saml:AttributeValue xsi:type="xs:string"
```

```
xmlns:xs=http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
paucorre@uc8sevtlab13.com
```

```
</saml:AttributeValue>
```

```
</saml:Attribute>
```

```
</saml:AttributeStatement>
```

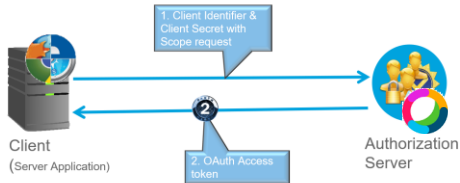
NameID format transient require SPNameQualifier and the extra attribute (uid) statement

OAuth 2.0 Authorization Grants Flows supported in Control Hub

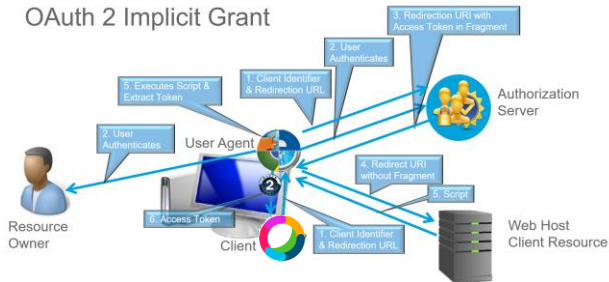


- There are different methods to get the OAuth tokens defined in the RFC
- Cloud products support three different OAuth grant flows
 - Authorization Code
 - Implicit
 - Client Credentials

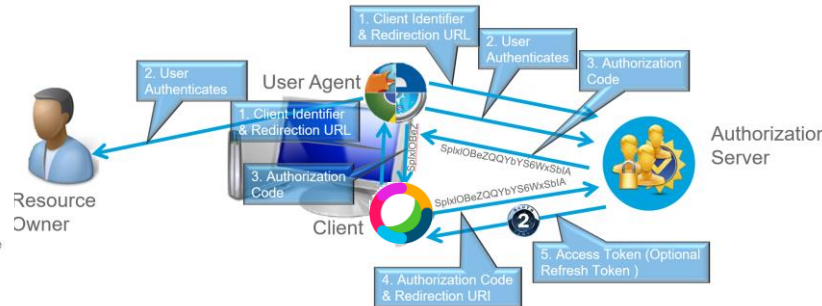
OAuth 2 Client Credentials Grant



OAuth 2 Implicit Grant



OAuth 2 Authentication Code Grant



OAuth Token types and duration for Control Hub

Tokens types	Description
Webex Self Contained Access Token	Self Contained Access tokens are using JWT format and are Encrypted (JWE) and signed (JWS), by default have a duration of 12 hours.
Webex Refresh Token	Refresh tokens are using JWT format signed (JWS), by default have a duration of 60 days , but if the user provide it to get another access token they will be automatic extend to 60 days again, so in normal operations the user will never be logout .
Webex Self Contained Access Token	Provided by develop.webex.com to be use for API's and with a duration of 12 hours, can't be refresh.
Webex Anonymous Token	Will be use for guest access to Webex meetings, without the capability of generating content, have a duration of 49 hours and can't be refresh.
Webex Unverified Token	Will be use for guest access to Webex meetings with the capabilities of generating content (Whiteboard, conversations, etc), have a duration of 12 hours.

OAuth Token Revocation in Control Hub

1. Users can revoke tokens from any devices that he uses by login to

<https://idbroker.webex.com/idb/profile#/tokens>

2. Administrator Revocation via Control Hub with Pro Pack

Device	Last Used	Action
Other (Spark Desktop Client for Windows)	last used Jan 25, 2018 10:25:27 AM	END SESSION
Other (iOS Squared Client)	last used Jan 9, 2018 4:23:45 PM	END SESSION
Other (iOS Squared Client)	last used Jan 24, 2018 5:58:52 PM	END SESSION
Other (iOS Squared Client)	last used Jan 24, 2018 5:58:51 PM	END SESSION
Other (WebEx Squared Android Client)	last used Jan 25, 2018 10:45:07 AM	END SESSION
Other (WebEx Squared Android Client)	last used Jan 25, 2018 10:45:07 AM	END SESSION
Other (WebEx Squared Android Client)	last used Jan 25, 2018 10:45:06 AM	END SESSION
Other (WebEx Admin Panel)	last used Dec 27, 2017 9:17:21 PM	END SESSION
Other (WebEx Squared Android Platform)	last used Jan 24, 2018 10:44:16 AM	END SESSION

Security

Reset Access

Revoke user access tokens for the Cisco Webex Teams app on desktop, web, and mobile. This deletes any cached content and prompts the user to sign in again. [Learn more.](#)

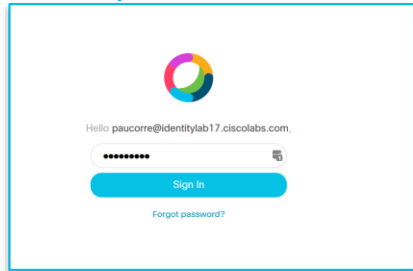
Reset Access

Having simple MFA without IdP

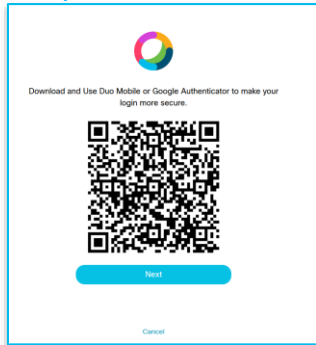
Webex Identity service provides a option where you can use MFA without the need for an IdP, you will only need one of the OTP software products available in the market.

We recommend Duo Mobile and/or Google Authenticator, but it work with most of the clients available in the mobile stores.

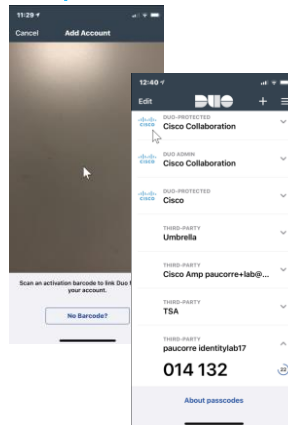
Step 1



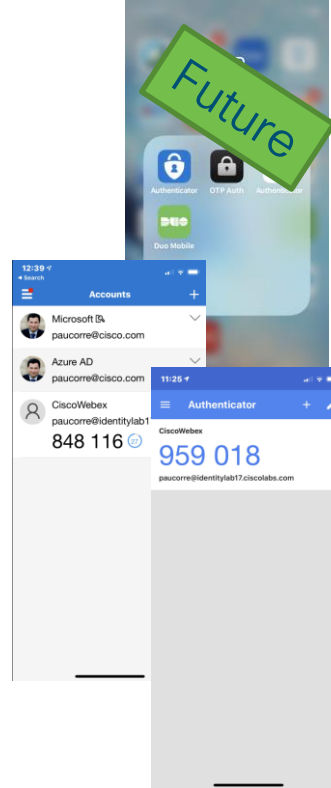
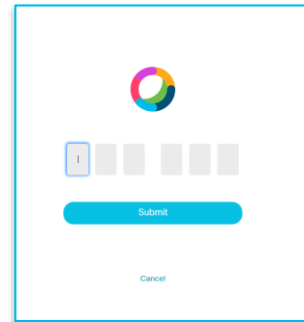
Step 2



Step 3



Step 4

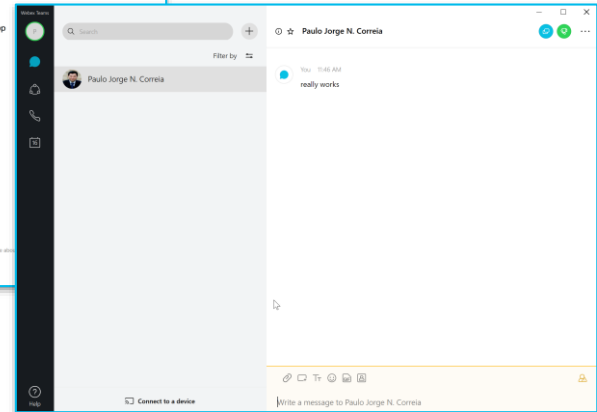
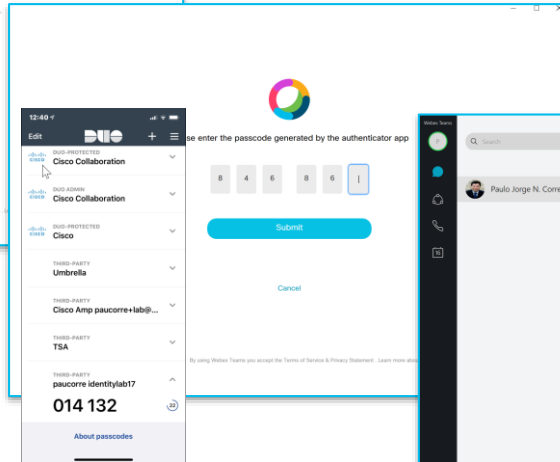
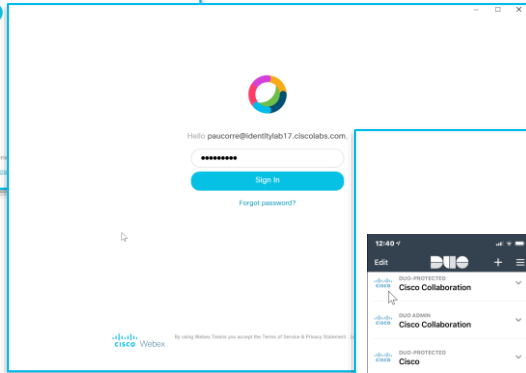
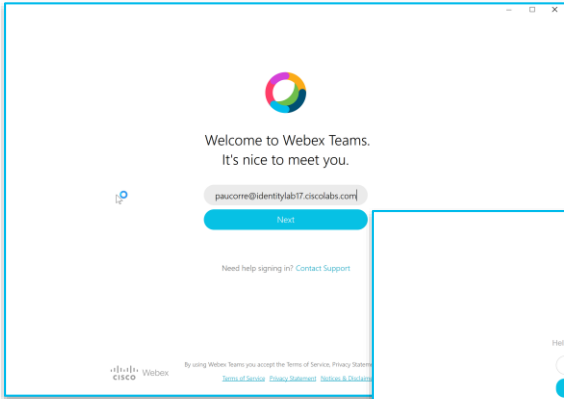


Clients and administration experience

Future

Every User or Administrator will be prompt for setup when he first connects


























From here, moving forward, every Authentication request will ask for MFA



Webex User Account Management Options

Options	Description
Manual or CSV updates through Org Admin	Admin can use Webex Control Hub to manage user accounts
User Invite	User can invite another user to use Webex Teams
Directory Connector	Automatic method for creating, updating and deactivating user accounts and groups. Account information will be synchronized from Customer Active Directory
SCIM protocol	Automatic method for creating, updating and deactivating user accounts from IdP's that are SCIM enabled.
People API	Create, Delete, Update and List users by using API's
Account Linking	Customer with Webex meetings under Site admin, and provision user in Webex Control Hub

Which provision mechanisms can be used with each other ?

	Manual and/or CSV	Account Linking	People API's	SCIM	Directory Connector
Manual and/or CSV					
Account Linking					
People API's					
SCIM					
Directory Connector					

Manage People API

Benefit:

- Manage users and licensing via an API to control exactly who has access to specific services and provide better security

Key Capabilities

- **Create** a person dynamically with the right license and entitlement to the right services
- **Delete** a person to ensure there access is revoked to meet compliance rules
- **Update** a person in case their phone, address or profile has changed because of a promotion
- **List** people so you can be in the know about the people in your organization
- **Get Me** details so you can make sure your details are up to date

The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex for Developers API Reference page for the 'People' API. The page is titled 'People' and contains the following text:

People are registered users of Webex Teams. Searching and viewing People requires an auth token with a scope of `spark:people_read`. Viewing the list of all People in your Organization requires an administrator auth token with `spark-admin:people_read` scope. Adding, updating, and removing People requires an administrator auth token with the `spark-admin:people_write` scope.

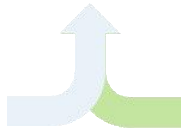
To learn more about managing people in a room see the [Memberships API](#). For information about how to allocate Hybrid Services licenses to people, see the [Managing Hybrid Services guide](#).

Method	Description
GET https://api.ciscospark.com/v1/people	List People
POST https://api.ciscospark.com/v1/people	Create a Person
GET https://api.ciscospark.com/v1/people/{personId}	Get Person Details
PUT https://api.ciscospark.com/v1/people/{personId}	Update a Person
DELETE https://api.ciscospark.com/v1/people/{personId}	Delete a Person
GET https://api.ciscospark.com/v1/people/me	Get My Own Details

<https://develop.webex.com/resource-people.html>

Benefits of Linking

Cisco
Webex



Webex Meetings



<https://help.webex.com/en-us/341eud/Link-Cisco-Webex-Sites-to-Control-Hub>

CISCO *Live!*

Automatic Linking of Sites/Users to Cisco Webex Control Hub

- All sites and users will be automatically linked with Cisco Webex Control Hub in the new phase.
- The new phase will only apply to Webex Meeting sites with subscription.
- The new phase will not be applicable for sites hosted in EU Datacenters, or FedRAMP.
- In previous interactions of Site Linking 2000 sites were already done, apart from the ones done manually.
- Automatic user synchronization done twice a day.

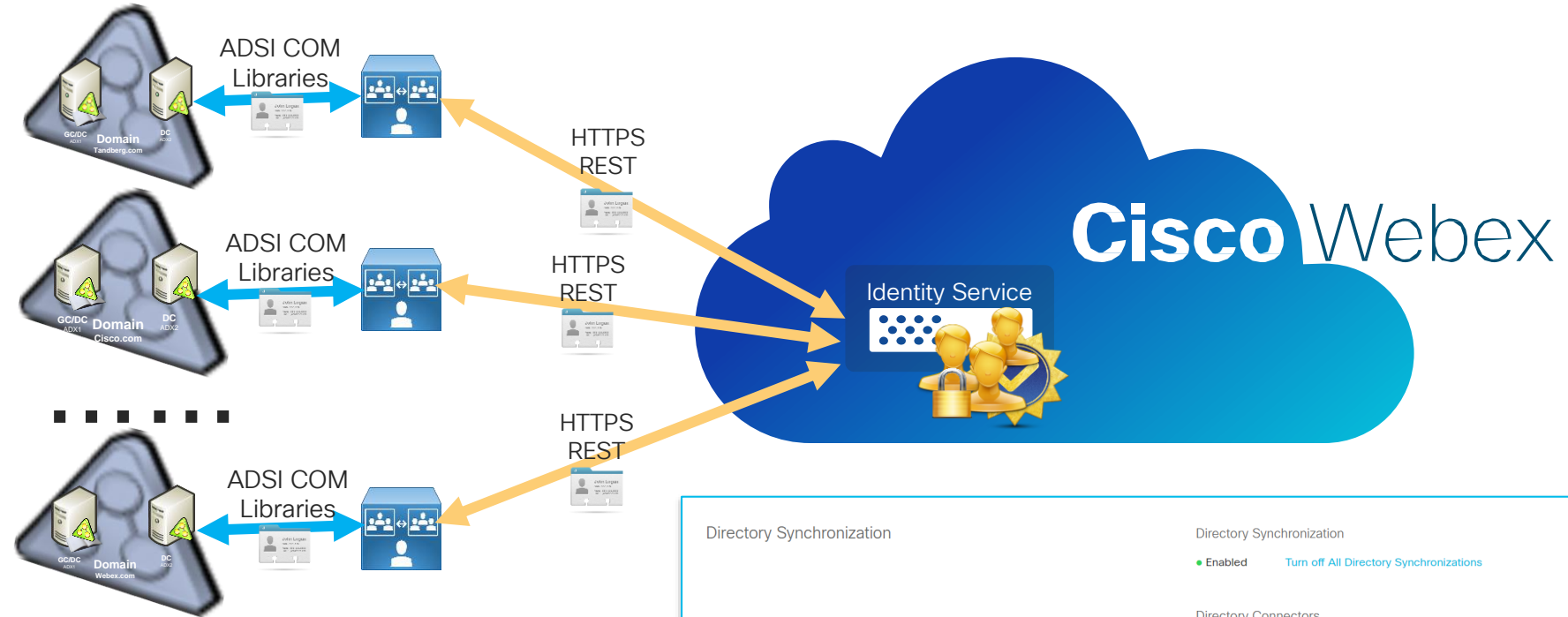


Directory Connector

- Full synchronization and incremental synchronization
- Scheduled synchronization
- Multiple Domains/Forests supported
- LDAP filters
- Dry Run
- User Attribute Mapping and modifications
- Using Service Account or User Account
- Avatar Sync
- Troubleshooting
- Auto-upgrade
- High Availability (HA)



Directory Connector



cisco Live!

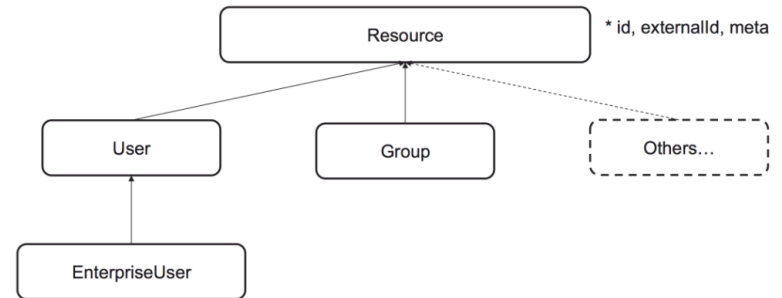
Directory Synchronization	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled	Turn off All Directory Synchronizations
Directory Connectors	
SPARKSECDIRC01	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Deregister
SPARKSECDIRC06	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled Deregister

What is SCIM ?

The System for Cross-domain Identity Management (SCIM) specification is designed to **make managing user identities in cloud-based applications and services easier**.

Its intent is to **reduce the cost and complexity** of user management operations by providing a common user schema and extension model, as well as binding documents to provide patterns for exchanging this schema using standard protocols. In essence: make it fast, cheap, and easy to move users in to, out of, and around the cloud.

Normally we will see a Model like :



<http://www.simplecloud.info/>

Example of an user object pass by the IdM to Cisco Webex

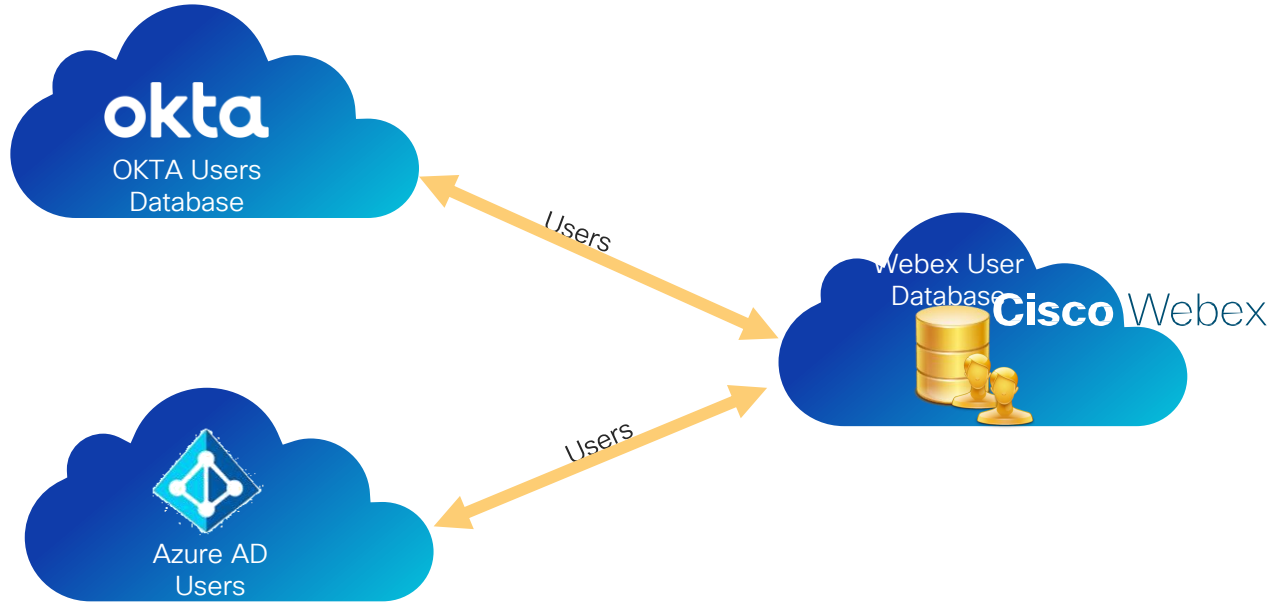
```
{
  "schemas":["urn:scim:schemas:core:1.0"],
  "externalId":"a54028dd-f9ab-4c02-9526-
a27bc158b04d",
  "userName": "paucorre@cisco.com",
  "name":{"
    "givenName":"Paulo Jorge",
    "familyName":"Correia"
  },
  "displayName": "Paulo Jorge Correia",
  "preferredLanguage":"en_US",
  "locale":"en_US",
  "timezone":"America/Denver",
  "phoneNumbers":[
    {
      "value": "+351253123456",
      "type": "work"
    },
    {
      "value": "+351911234567",
      "type": "mobile"
    }
  ],
  "addresses": [
    {
      "type": "work",
      "streetAddress": "Av. 31 Janeiro, 603",
```

```

    "locality": "Braga",
    "region": "Minho",
    "postalCode": "4710-452",
    "country": "PT"
  }
],
"emails":[
  {
    "email": "paucorre@cisco.com",
    "type": "work"
    "primary": true
  },
  {
    "email": "paulo.jncc@gmail.com",
    "type": "home"
  }
],
"title": "Technical Solutions Architect",
"organization": "Cisco Systems",
"department": "EMEAR",
"photos": [{
  "type": "photo",
  "value": "http://test.com/test.jpg"
}],
},
```

```
{
  "type": "thumbnail",
  "value": "http://test.com/test.jpg"
}],
"ims": [{
  "type": "xmpp",
  "value": "paucorre@xmpp.com",
  "primary": true
},
{
  "type": "gtalk",
  "value": "paucorre@gtalk.com"
}],
"active": True,
"sipAddresses": [
  {
    "type": "cloud-calling",
    "value": "sips:paucorre@cisco.com"
  },
  {
    "type": "personal-room",
    "primary": true,
    "value": "sip:paucorre@acecloud.webex.com"
  }
],
}
```

SCIM integrations



Webex Service connection to the Cloud

Media types for Cisco Webex Teams Service

Type of traffic

Webex Clients



Messages, Media Signaling, notifications
Control and Analytics Traffic

HTTPS and WSS

Voice, Video and Content Share

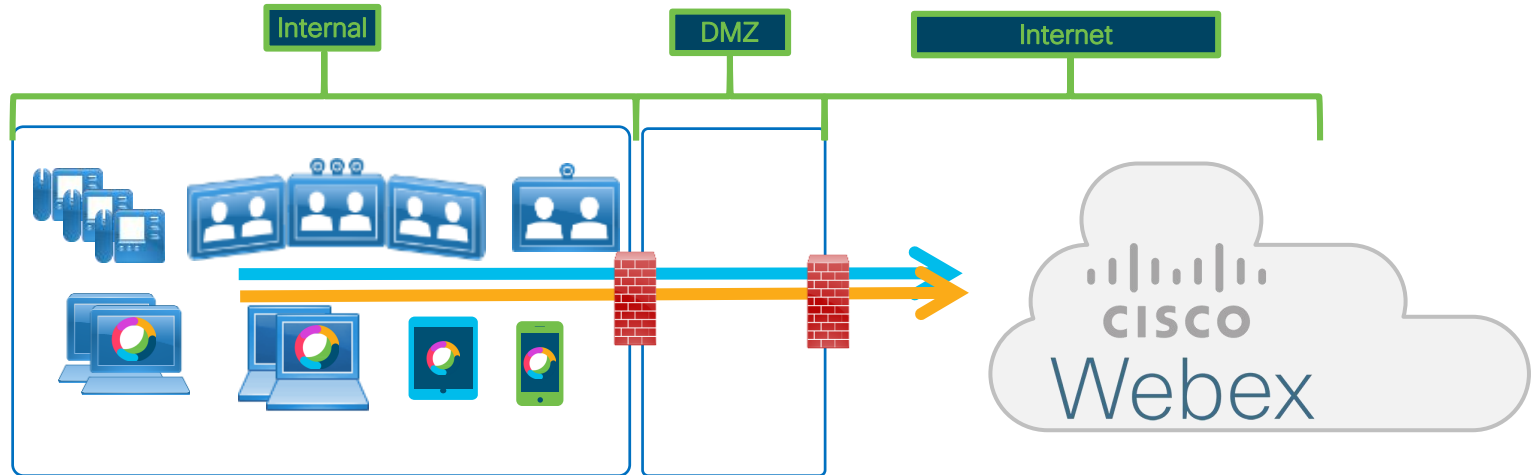
SRTP and STUN

Firewall Friendly



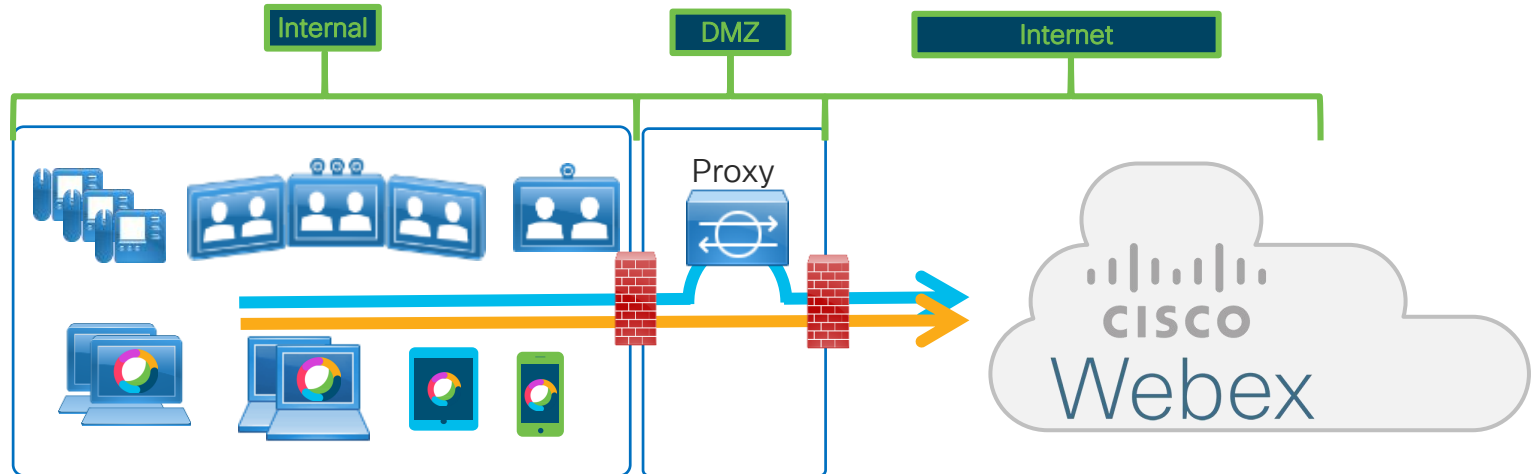
Traffic Flow

Scenario 1 - Security relax customer, policies only enforce in the FW



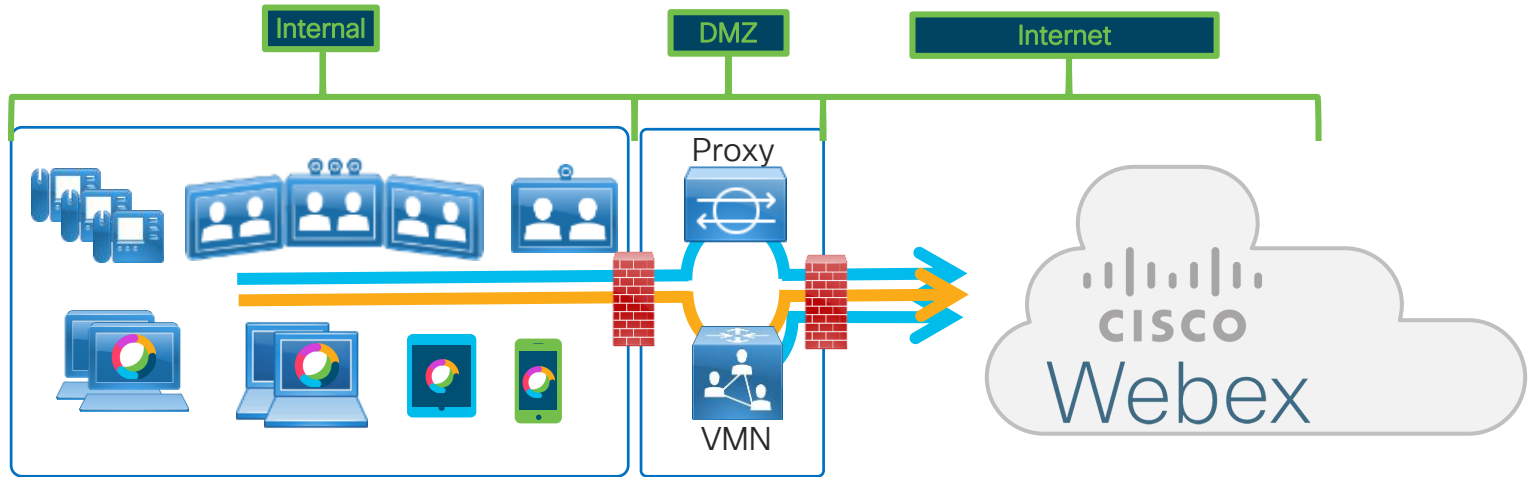
Traffic Flow

Scenario 2- Security aware customer, policies enforce in the FW and Proxy



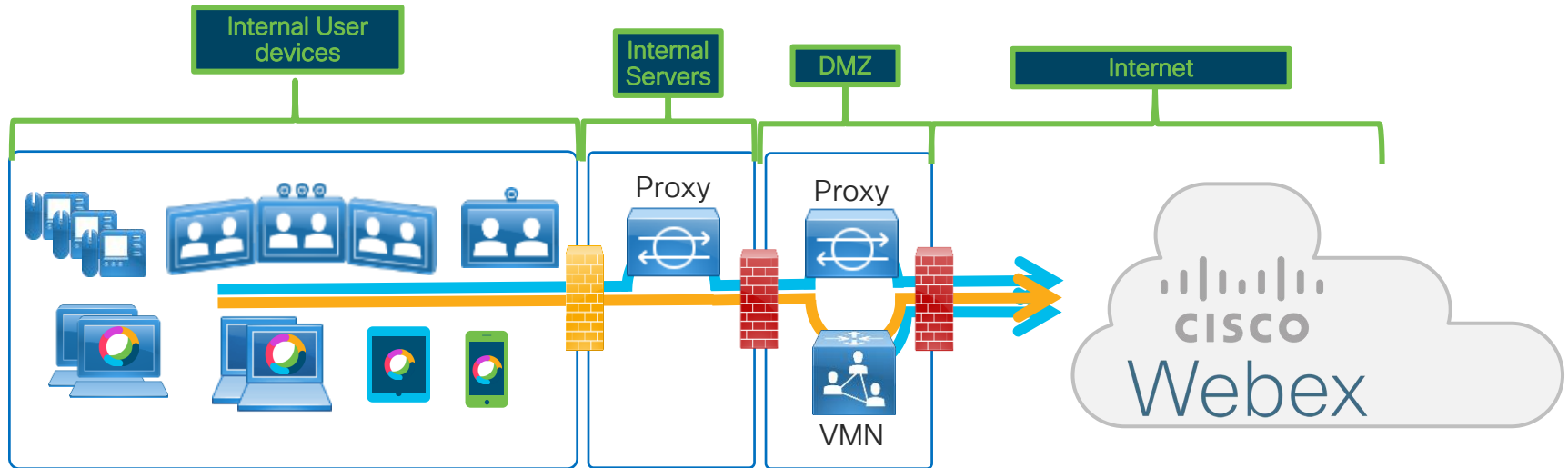
Traffic Flow

Scenario 3 - Security focus customer, policies enforce in the FW and Proxy and no direct connection to internet



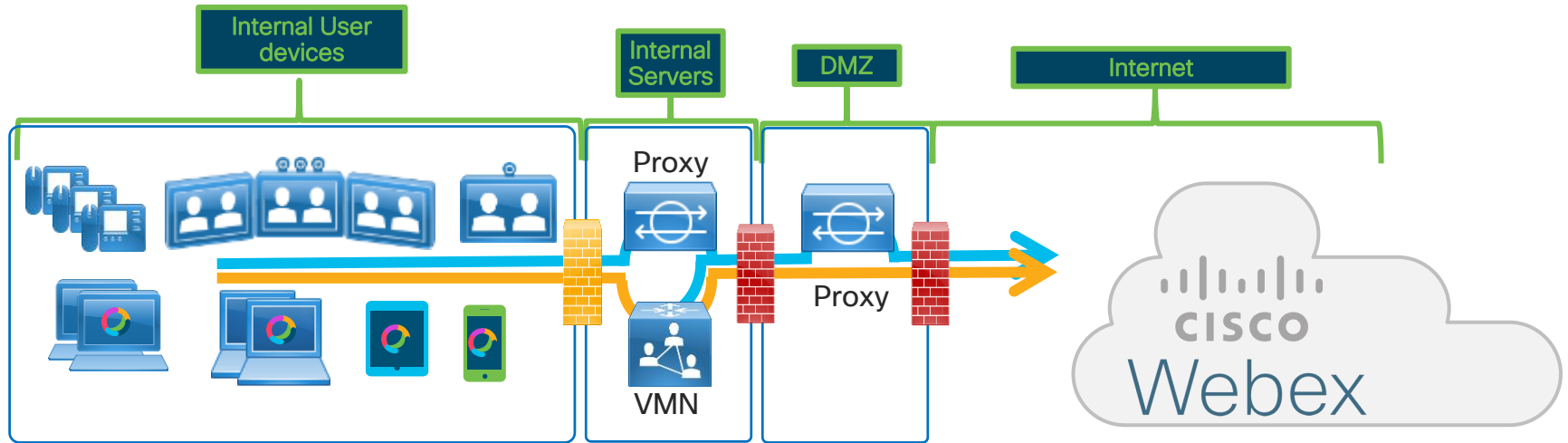
Traffic Flow

Scenario 4.1 – Extreme Security Customer, policies enforce in the FW and Proxy and no direct connection to internet but communication to DMZ are screened



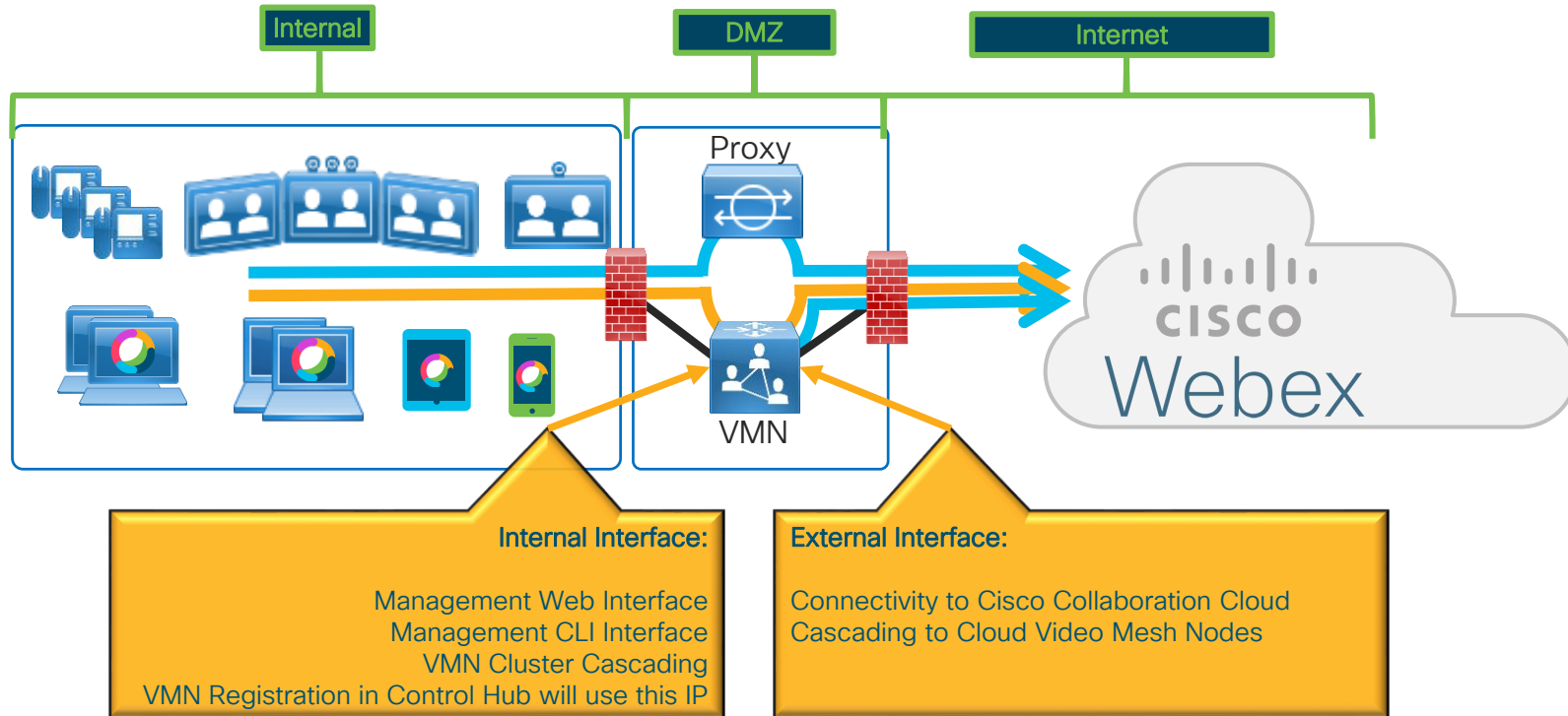
Traffic Flow

Scenario 4.2 – Extreme Security Customer, policies enforce in the FW and Proxy and no direct connection to internet but communication to DMZ are screened



Traffic Flow

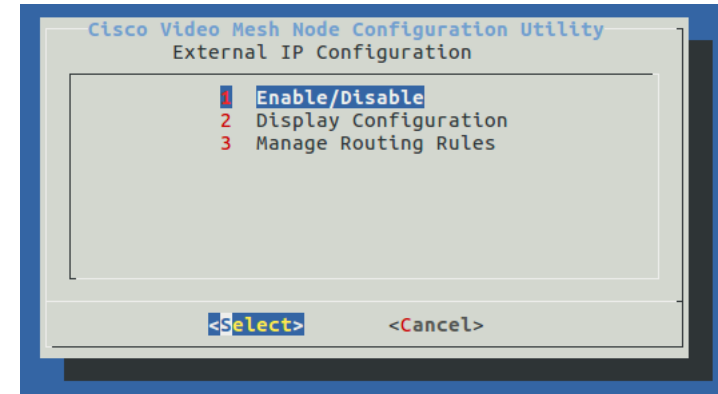
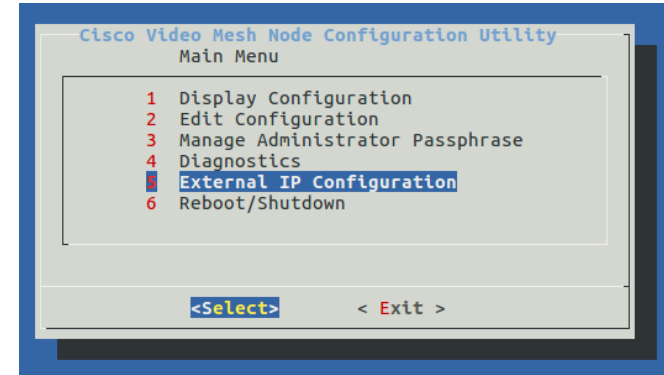
Scenario 5 – Similar to Scenario 3 but leveraging Dual NIC VMN



Video Mesh Node Dual NIC

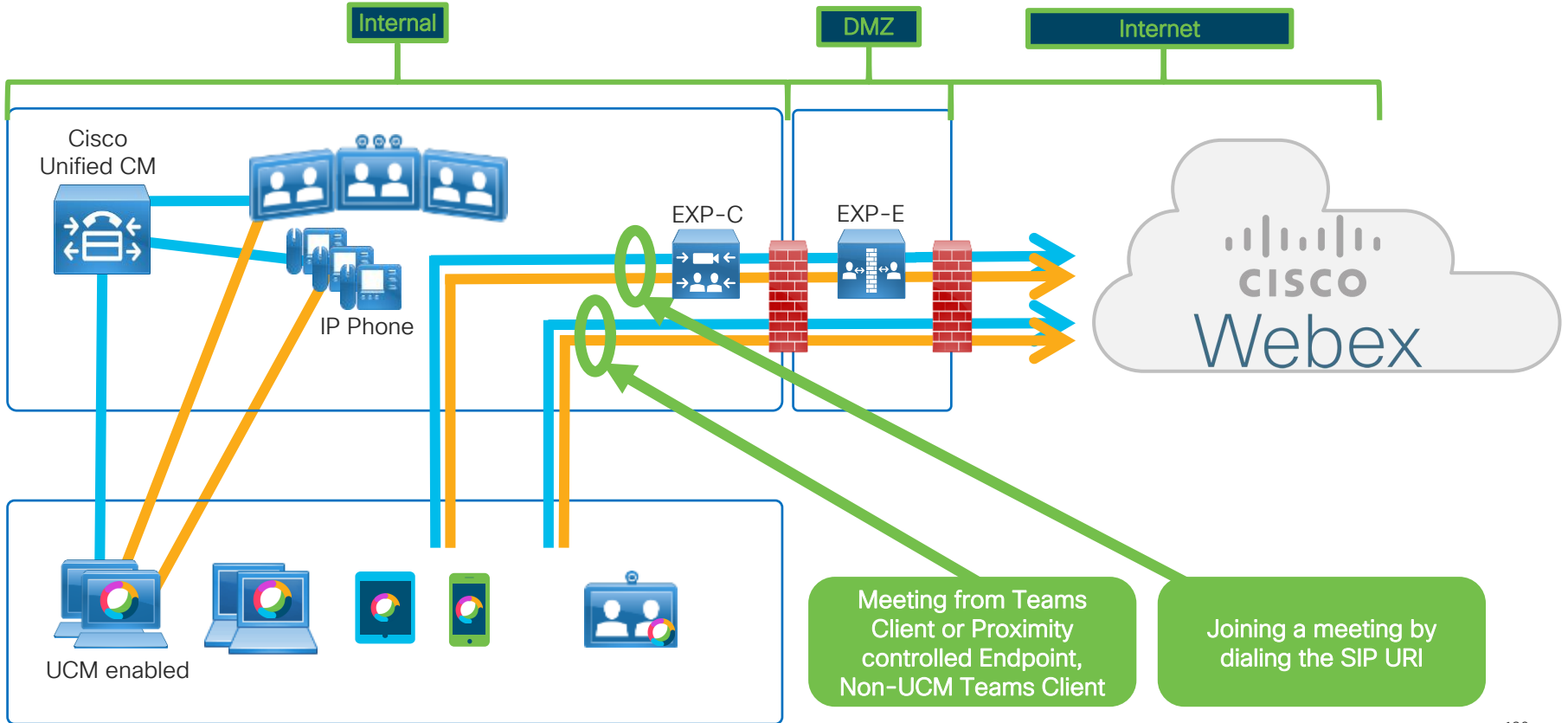
Configuration

- External IP configuration needs to be enabled explicitly when required.
- External IP can be enabled before or after registration.
- Maintenance Mode is required if registered to production environment.
- Menu Options
 - **Enable/Disable** – Configure external IP or switch back to Single interface mode
 - **Display Configuration** – Display the external IP configuration
 - **Manage Routing Rules** – View, Add and Delete the routing rules.



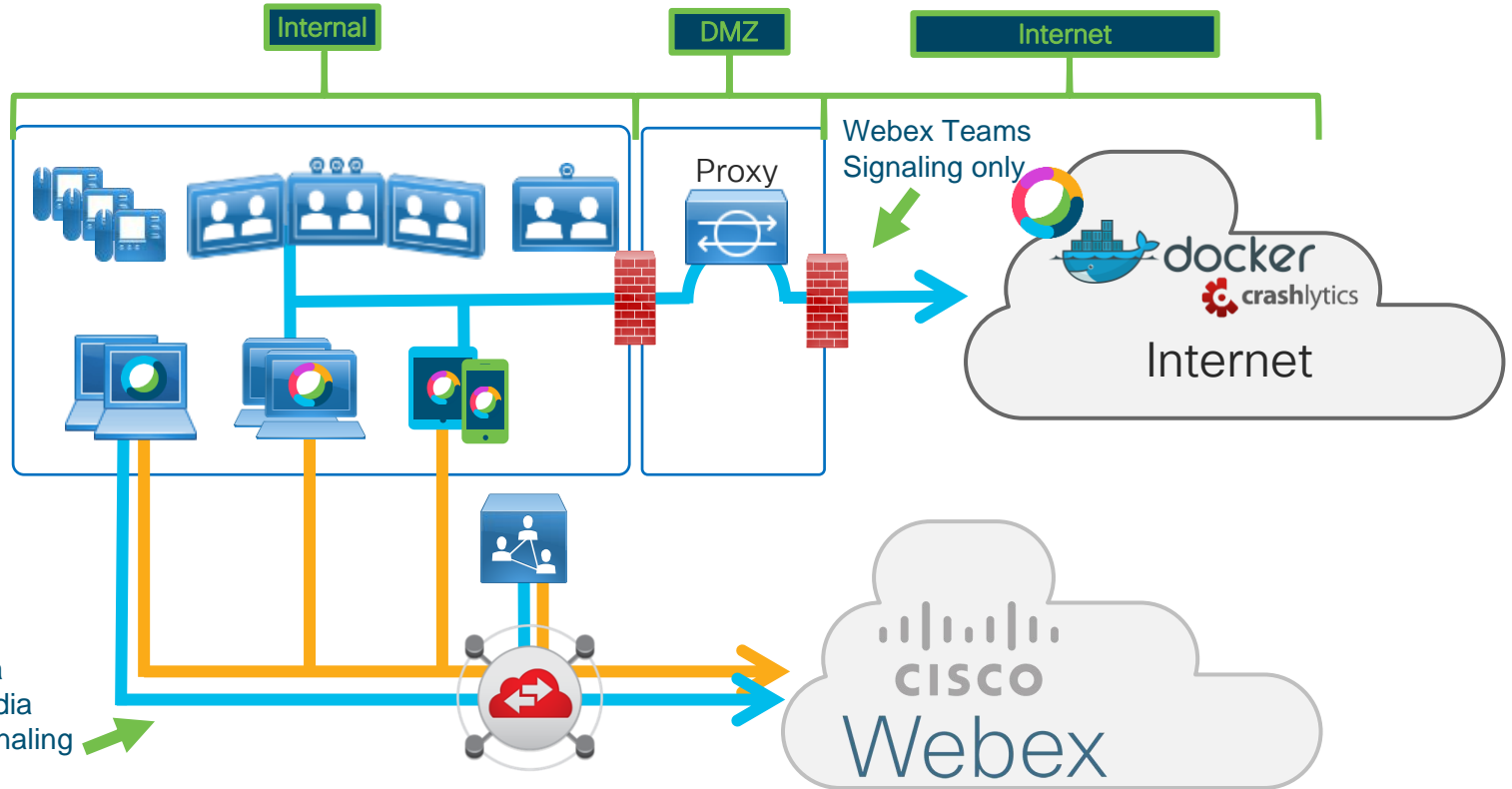
Traffic Flow

Webex Teams UCM Calling – Signaling and Media



Traffic Flow

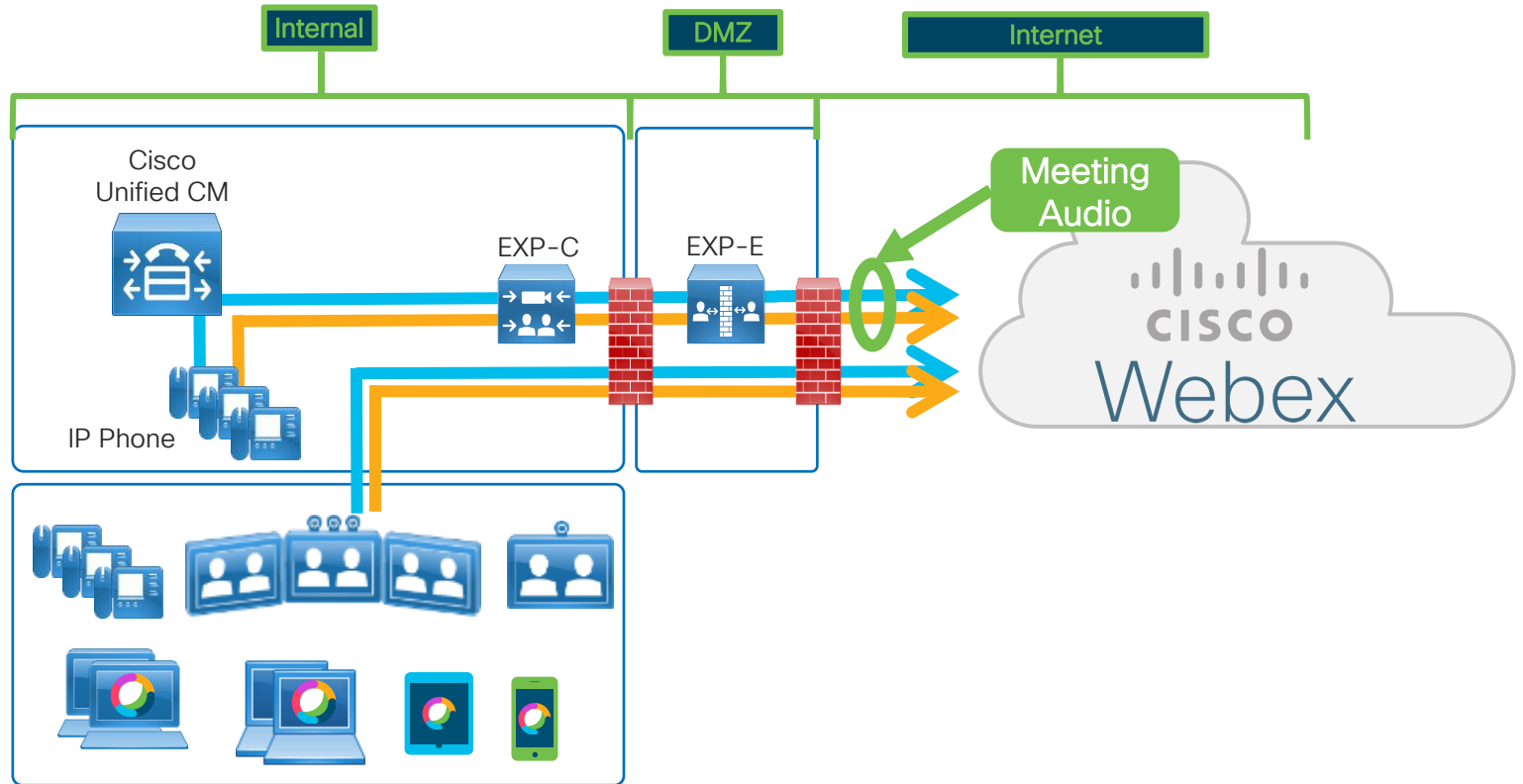
Webex Edge Connect



Webex Teams Media
Webex Meetings Media
Webex Meetings Signaling

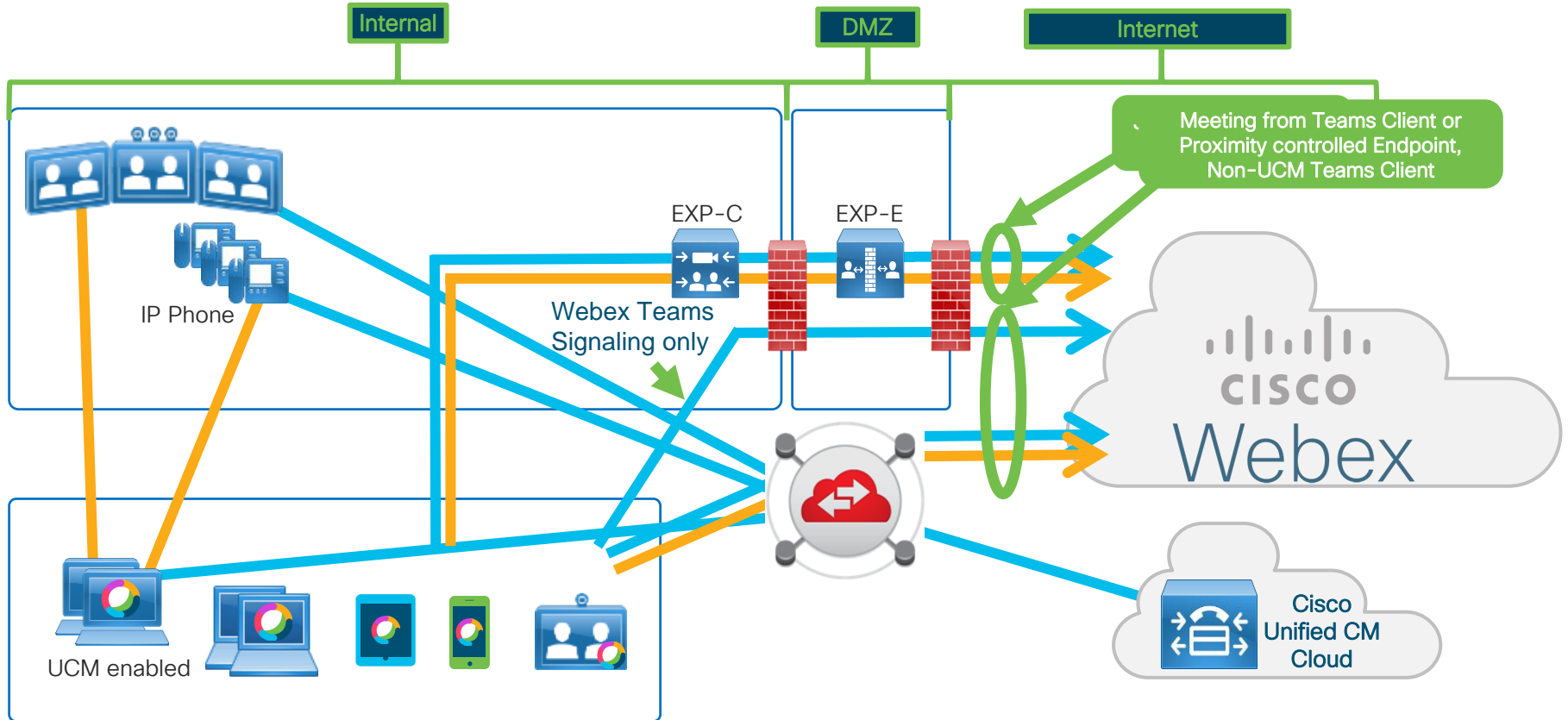
Traffic Flow

Webex Edge Audio



Traffic Flow

Webex Teams UCM Cloud Calling – Signaling and Media



Media types for Cisco Webex Calling Service

Type of traffic

Cloud registered IP
Phones, ATAs or
Applications



Device Configuration, Media Signaling

SIP/SIP TLS, HTTP/HTTPS, NTP

Voice, Video and Content Share

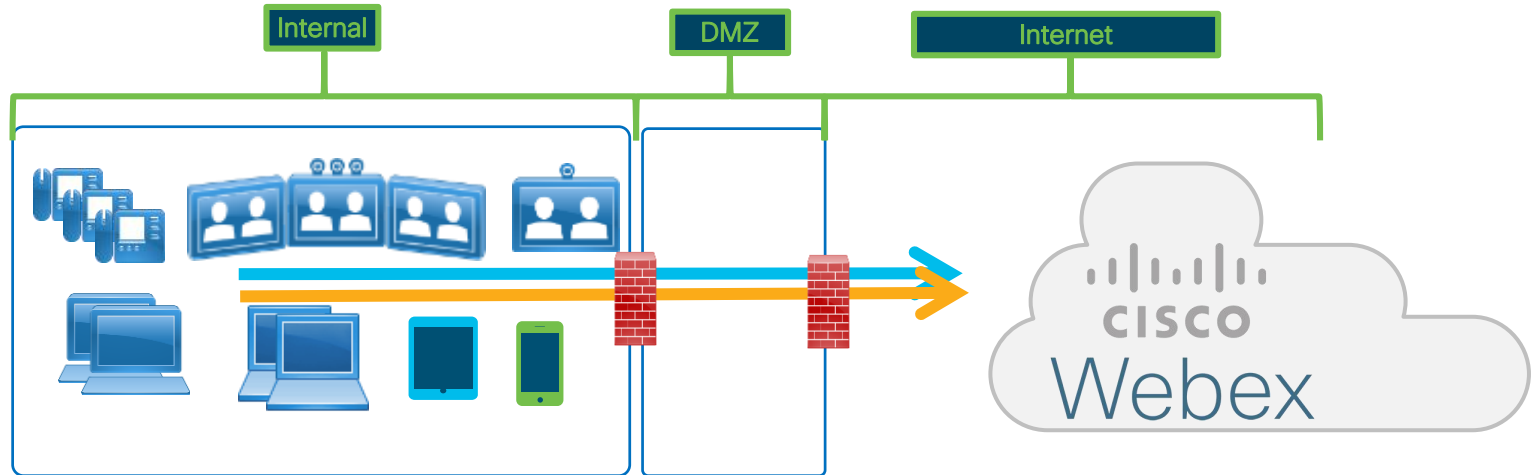
RTP/SRTP

Firewall Friendly



Traffic Flow

Webex Teams Calling – Signaling and Media



Media types for Cisco Webex Meeting Service

Type of Traffic

Webex Meetings Clients



Messages, Media Signaling, notifications
Control and Analytics Traffic

HTTPS

Voice, Video and Content Share

SRTP and STUN

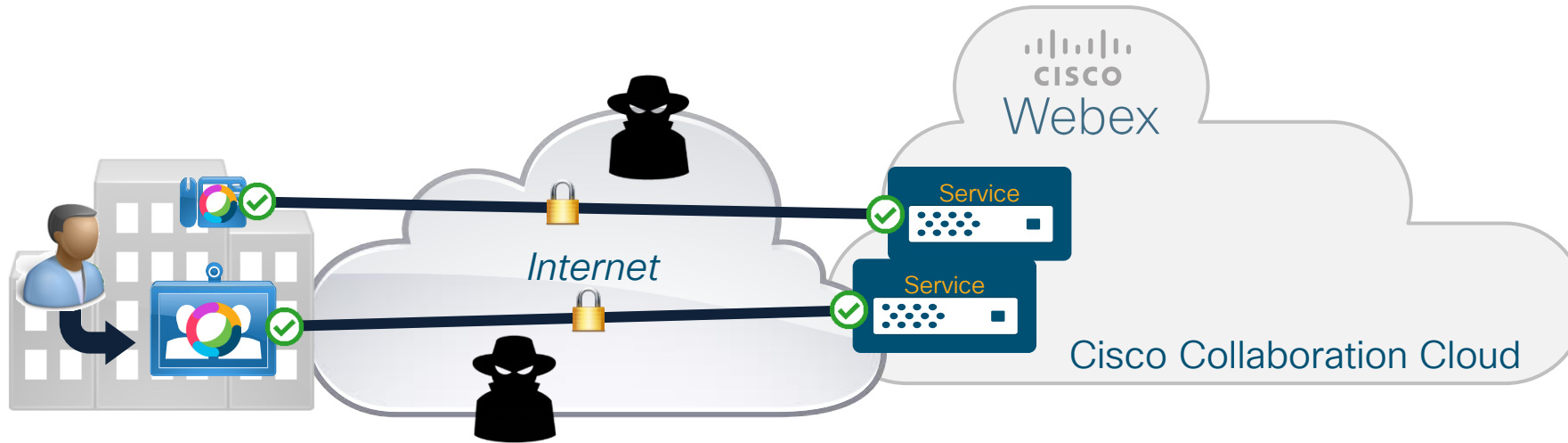
Firewall Friendly



Onboarding

Cloud Onboarding for Hardware Endpoints

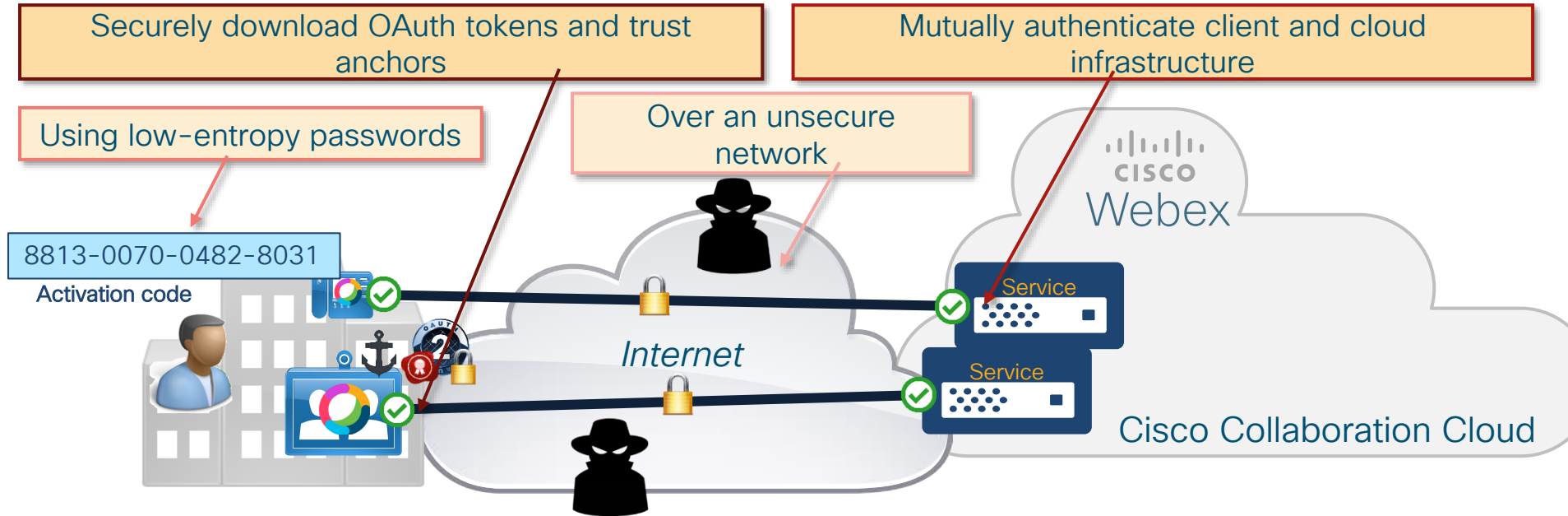
Objectives



- **Easy** activation/onboarding experience:
Device input interface constraints
- **Secure**
Protection from eavesdropping, man-in-the-middle, brute force attacks

Cloud Onboarding for Hardware Endpoints

Algorithm Requirements



➔ Diffie-Hellman Password-Authenticated Key Exchange

Cloud Onboarding for Hardware Endpoints

Diffie-Hellman Password-Authenticated Key Exchange

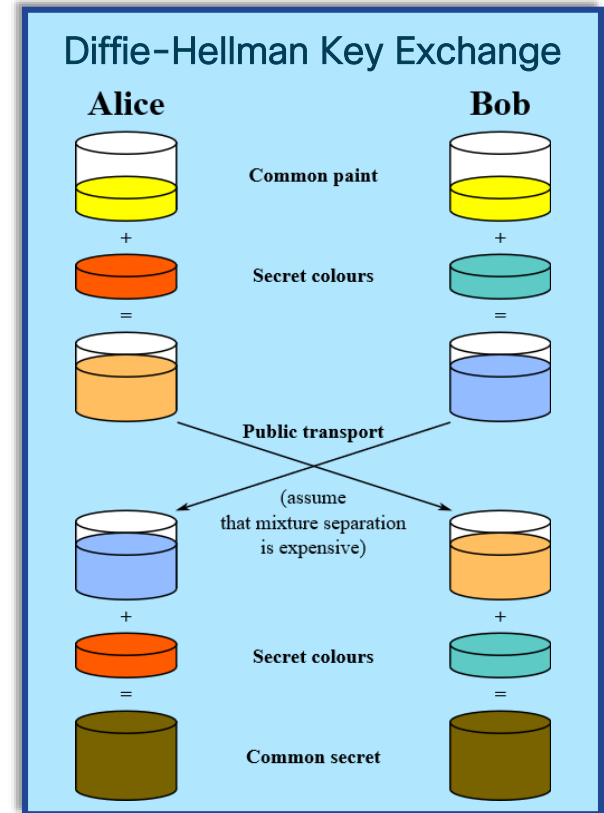


Diffie-Hellman (DH) key exchange:

- Securely exchange cryptographic keys over unsecure transport
- Based on computational complexity of mathematic functions (discrete logarithm, elliptic curve)
- Unauthenticated—susceptible to man-in-the-middle attacks

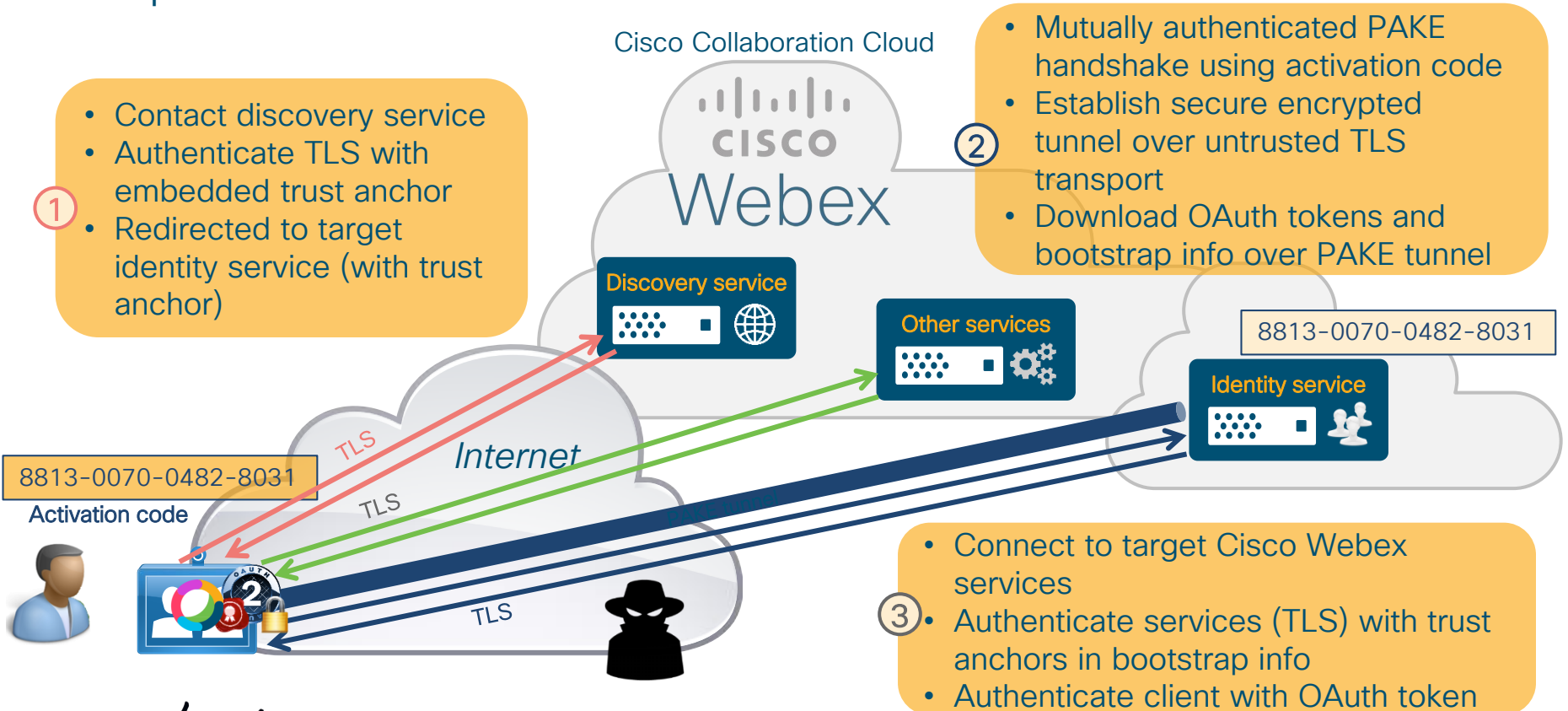
Password-Authenticated key exchange (PAKE):

- Variant of DH that leverages shared knowledge of a password to derive the cryptographic keys
- Authenticated—prevents man-in-the-middle attacks
- Achieves strong security with weak passwords (e.g., 16-digit activation code)



Cloud Onboarding for Hardware Endpoints

Simplified Flow



Cloud Onboarding of Hardware Endpoints

Strength of Security



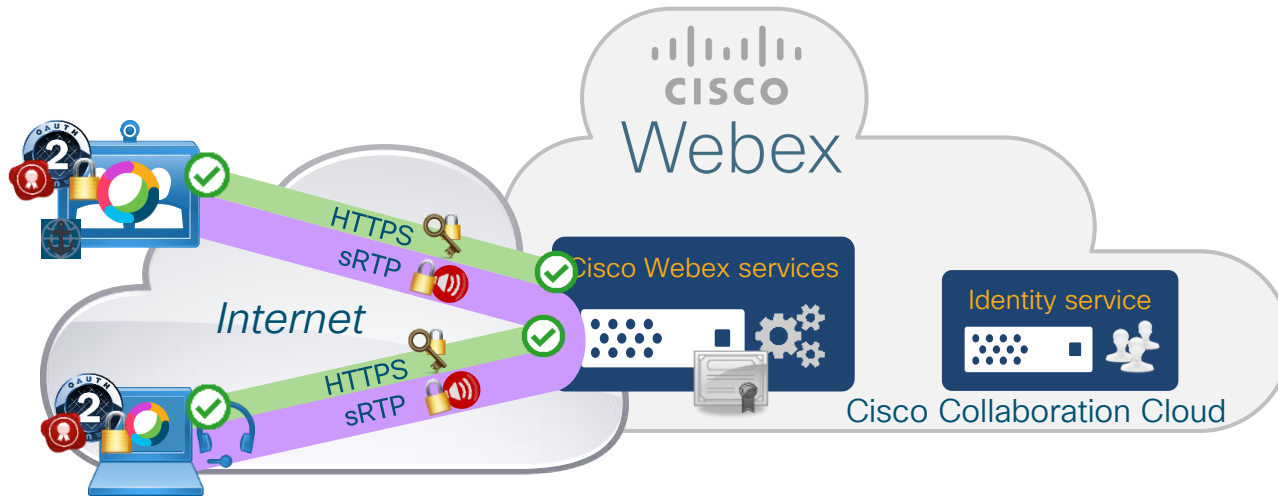
- Brute Force Attack on Activation Code bootstrap:
 - Comfortably **within FIPS** recommendations (*FIPS 140-2, FIPS 140-3 2007 Draft*)
 - Less than one in 100,000,000 that a random attempt will succeed
 - For multiple attempts, less than one in 10,000,000 that a random attempt will succeed
 - This is due to combination of length (10^{16} combinations), short expiration time, and projected simultaneous bootstrapping devices
- Man in the Middle Attack on 3072-bit Diffie-Hellman PAKE handshake:
 - Extensive TLS Logjam attack (2015) literature available on strength of Discrete Log Diffie-Hellman:

“It is plausibly within NSA’s resources to have performed number field sieve precomputations for at least a small number of 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman groups”

*“Precomputation for a 2048-bit group is around 109 times harder than for a 1024-bit group, so **2048-bit Diffie-Hellman will remain secure** barring a major algorithmic improvement”*

<https://weakdh.org/imperfect-forward-secrecy-ccs15.pdf>

Security Considerations



- Cisco Webex endpoints and clients validate certificate chain of cloud services
- Cisco Webex cloud services authenticate client connections with OAuth tokens
 - No need for MIC in hardware endpoints (thanks to onboarding process)
- Media encrypted – encryption keys exchanged in SDP over HTTPS (SDES)

Proxy support

Proxy support – what does it mean?

- When we talk about proxy support we only talking HTTPS and WSS traffic.
- **Media over proxies it isn't recommended, proxy were not design to handle media, their performance is really bad and doesn't scale.**

Teams Clients



Messages, Media Signaling,
notifications, Control and Analytics Traffic

HTTPS and WSS

Voice, Video and Content Share

SRTP and STUN



Cisco Webex Clients - Proxy configuration



Config Type	Webex Meetings Mobile	Webex Meeting Desktop	Webex Room Devices	Webex Board	Webex Teams Windows	Webex Teams Mac	Webex Teams iOS	Webex Teams Android
Manual Config								
GPO								
PAC								
WPAD								

Cisco Webex Clients - Proxy Authentication



Config Type	Webex Meetings Mobile	Webex Meeting Desktop	Webex Room Devices	Webex Board	Webex Teams Windows	Webex Teams Mac	Webex Teams iOS	Webex Teams Android
No Auth								
Basic								
Digest								
NTLM								
Negotiate								

Cisco Webex Clients – Other Security Features

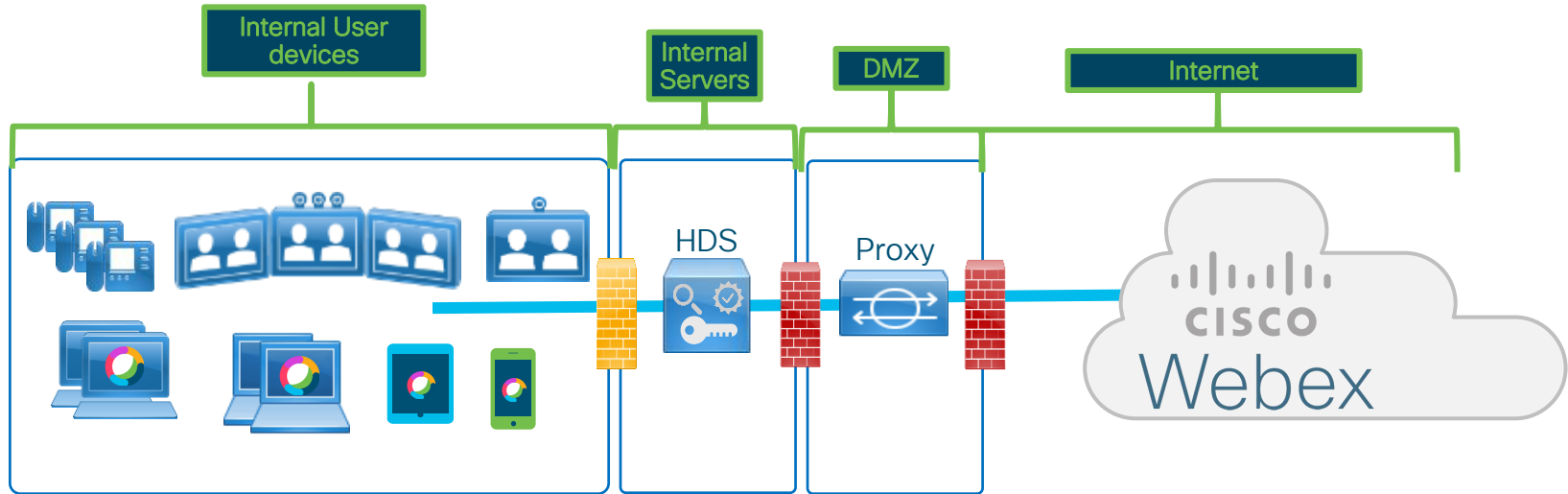


Config Type	Webex Meetings Mobile	Webex Meeting Desktop	Webex Room Devices	Webex Board	Webex Teams Windows	Webex Teams Mac	Webex Teams iOS	Webex Teams Android
802.1x								
TLS Intercept								
CDP								
Media over HTTPS								

Cisco Webex Calling – Proxy Support

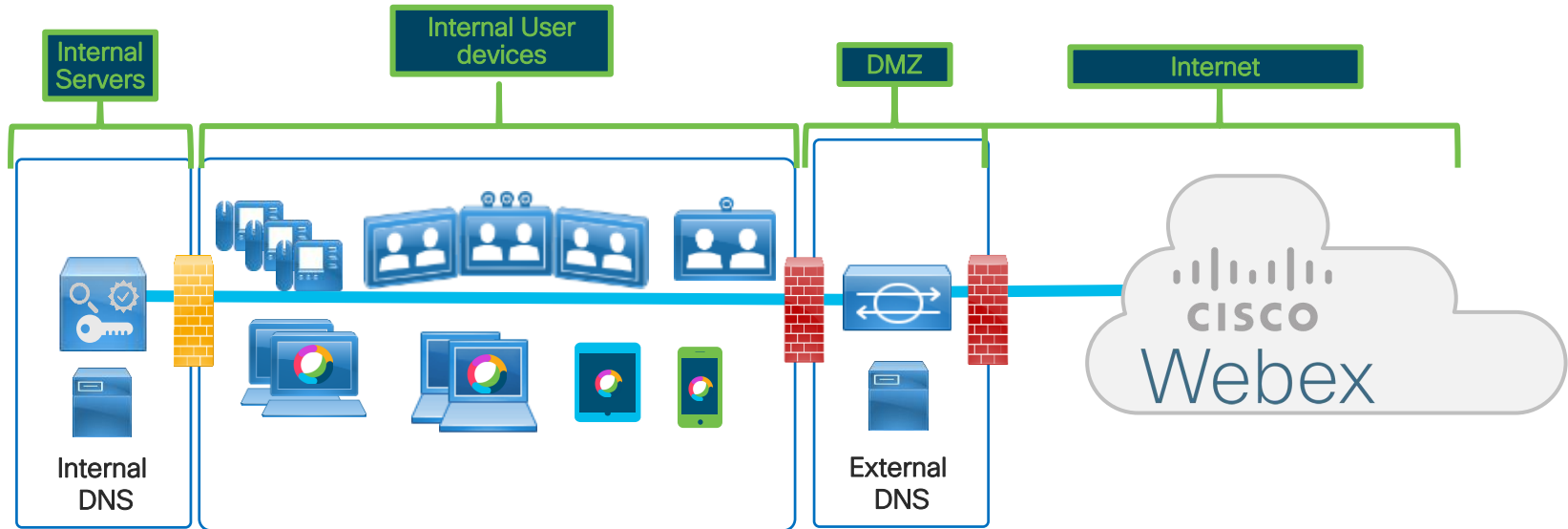
At this point it is recommended to allow all Webex Calling traffic to bypass a proxy.

Hybrid Data Security – Proxy Support



Authentication supported: Basic, Digest, NTLM

Hybrid Data Security - Internal Only DNS



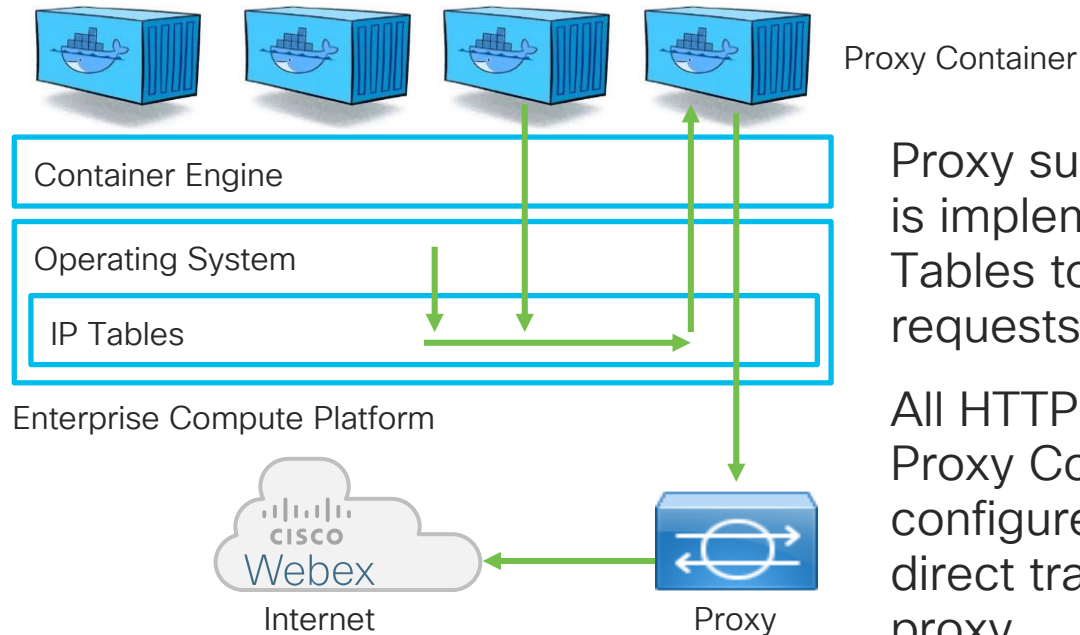
Internal DNS servers do not resolve external DNS names

External HTTP traffic is send to proxy, which queries an external DNS server to resolve URIs.

Hybrid Data Security - Internal Only DNS



Architecture of Hybrid Services (Video Mesh & HDS)



Proxy support for Hybrid Services is implemented by utilizing IP Tables to intercept all HTTP requests (80 and 443).

All HTTP traffic is redirected via Proxy Container which is configured by administrator to direct traffic to the enterprise proxy

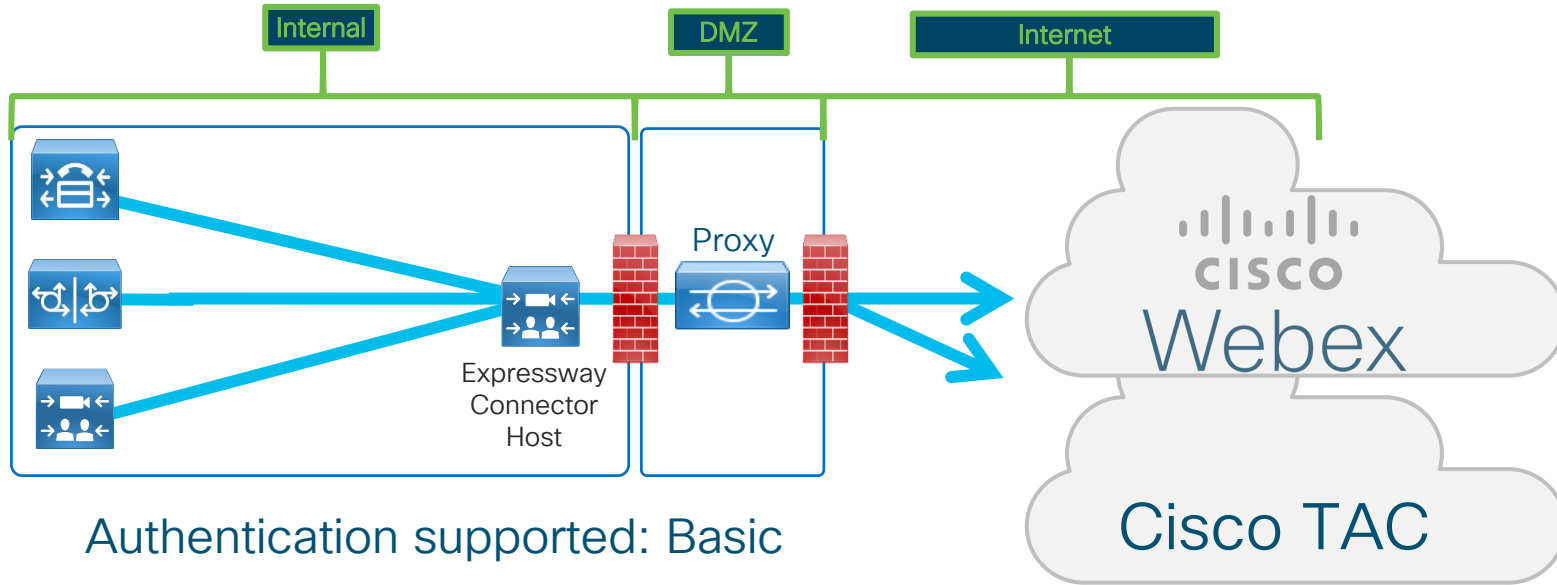
Hybrid Data Security - Internal Only DNS



Architecture of Hybrid Services with internal only DNS

- Application/Container components are not aware traffic is being routed via proxy
- Certain action will fail as DNS resolution is not available
Example: preregistration test of hybrid components tries DNS lookup and checks http connectivity. Fails in internal only DNS environment.
- New feature implemented into Hybrid Services platform allows HDS to be deployed in internal only DNS Proxy environments
- Currently only supported for Hybrid Data Security (HDS), support for Video Mesh being evaluated
Ping tneumann@cisco.com on Cisco Webex Teams or Email in case you require support for Video Mesh

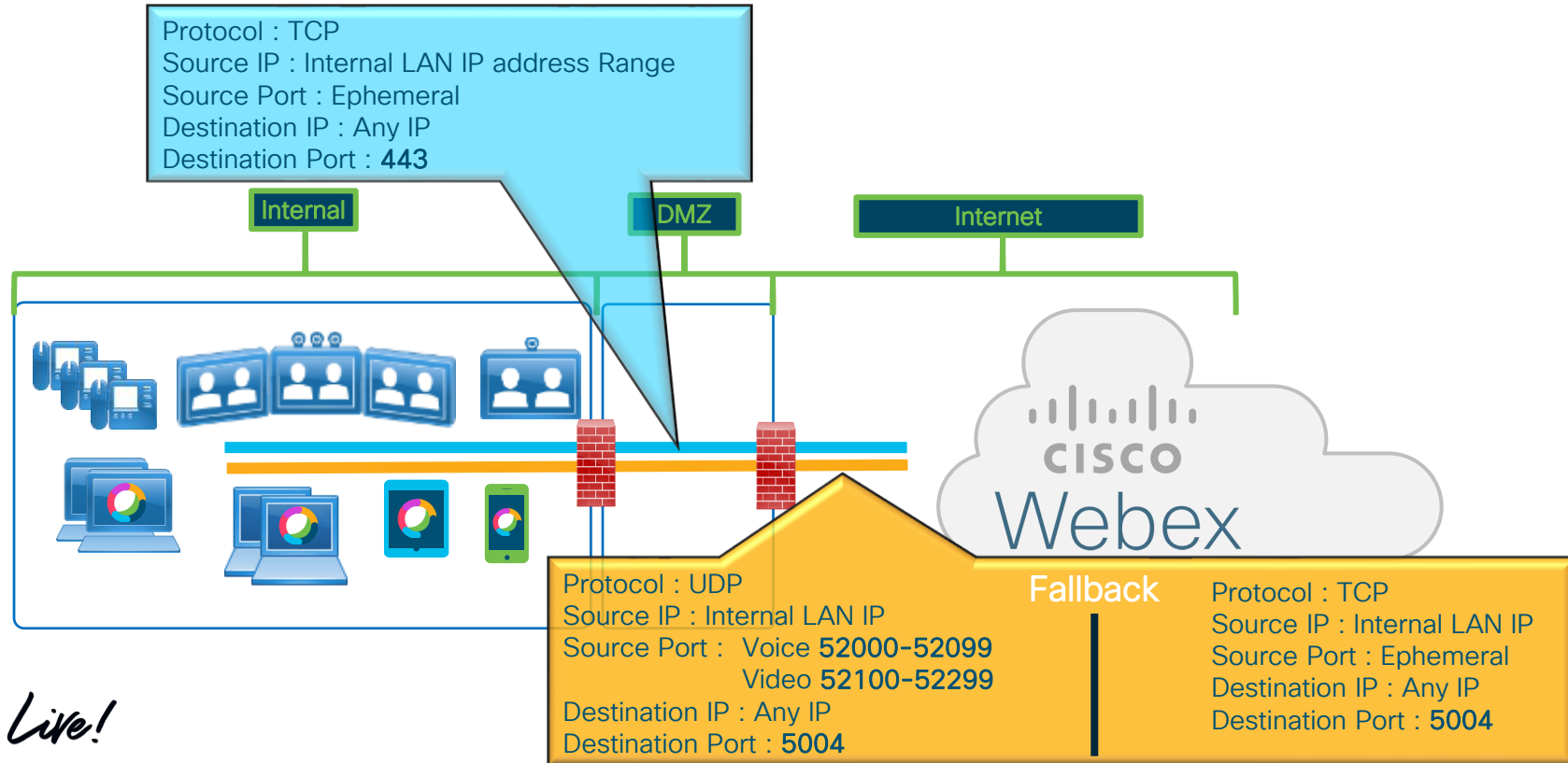
Cisco Webex Serviceability Connector Proxy Support



Firewall support

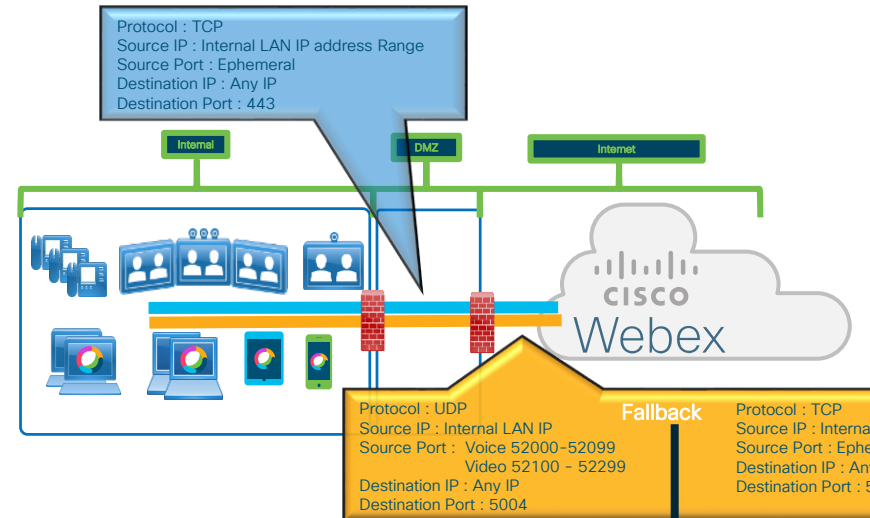
Protocols and Ports used by Webex Teams

Assuming the simplest scenario with direct connection to the internet :



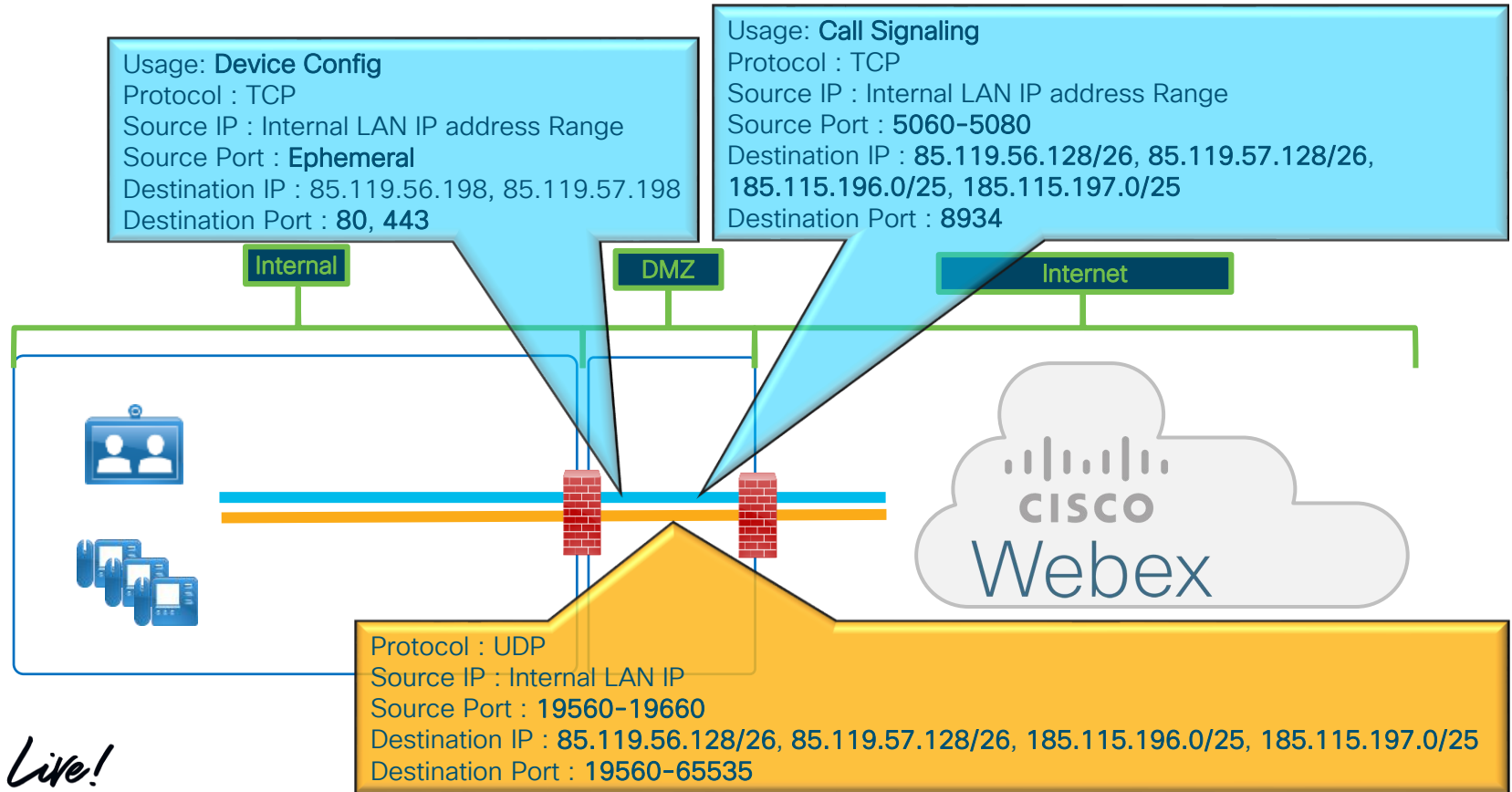
Protocols and Ports used by Webex Teams

- From a Media perspective Webex Teams clients always try to use UDP but will fallback to TCP if UDP is close. TCP might impact media quality and it can't guarantee quality for Real Time Media.
- As **last case scenario** for the software clients (Win, MAC, iOS and Android) we can use HTTP proxies for media, **but it isn't recommended**. Cisco can't help much if there will be quality issues with media.
- Webex Teams for Windows run as user application and every time that there is an upgrade a new version is installed which makes impossible to block ports, because of that today we use Ephemeral ports



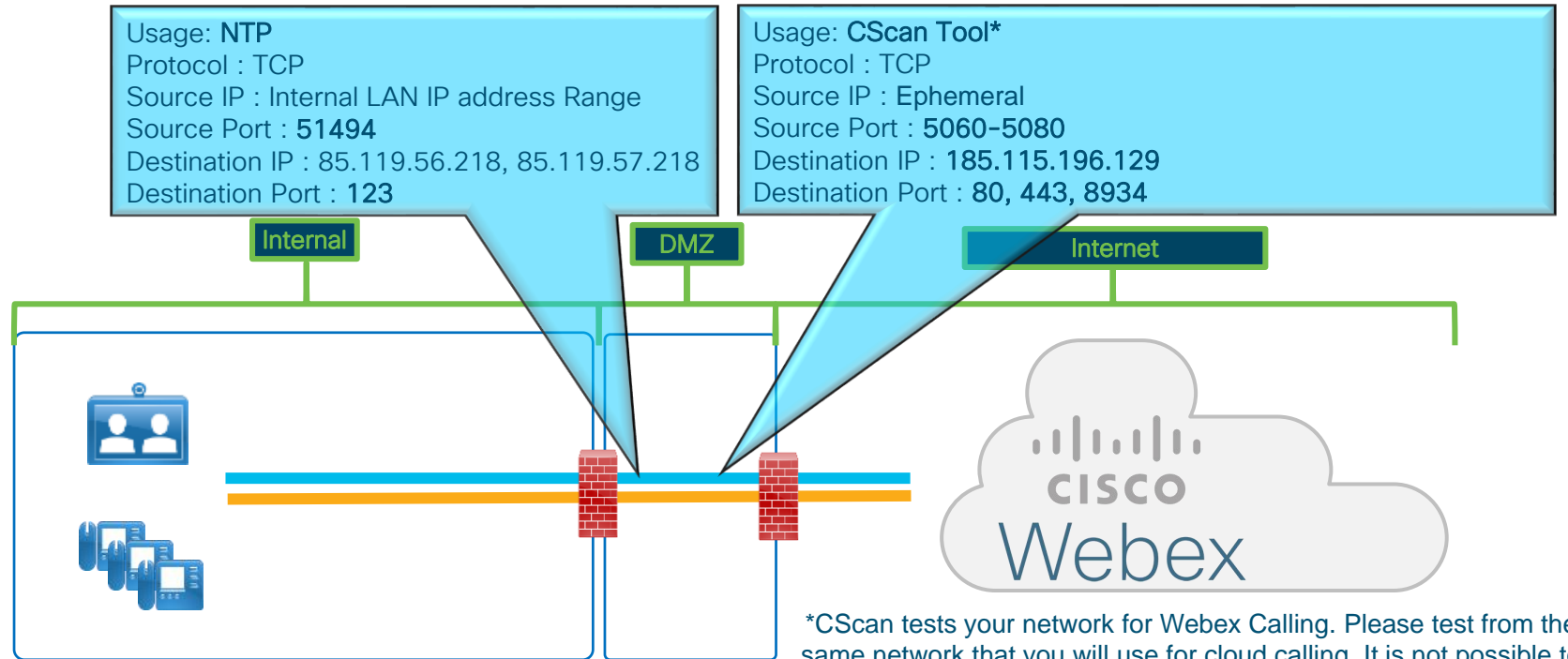
Protocols and Ports used by Webex Calling

IP Phones, ATAs etc. (EMEA Example)



Protocols and Ports used by Webex Calling

IP Phones, ATAs etc. (EMEA Example) – Additional Services

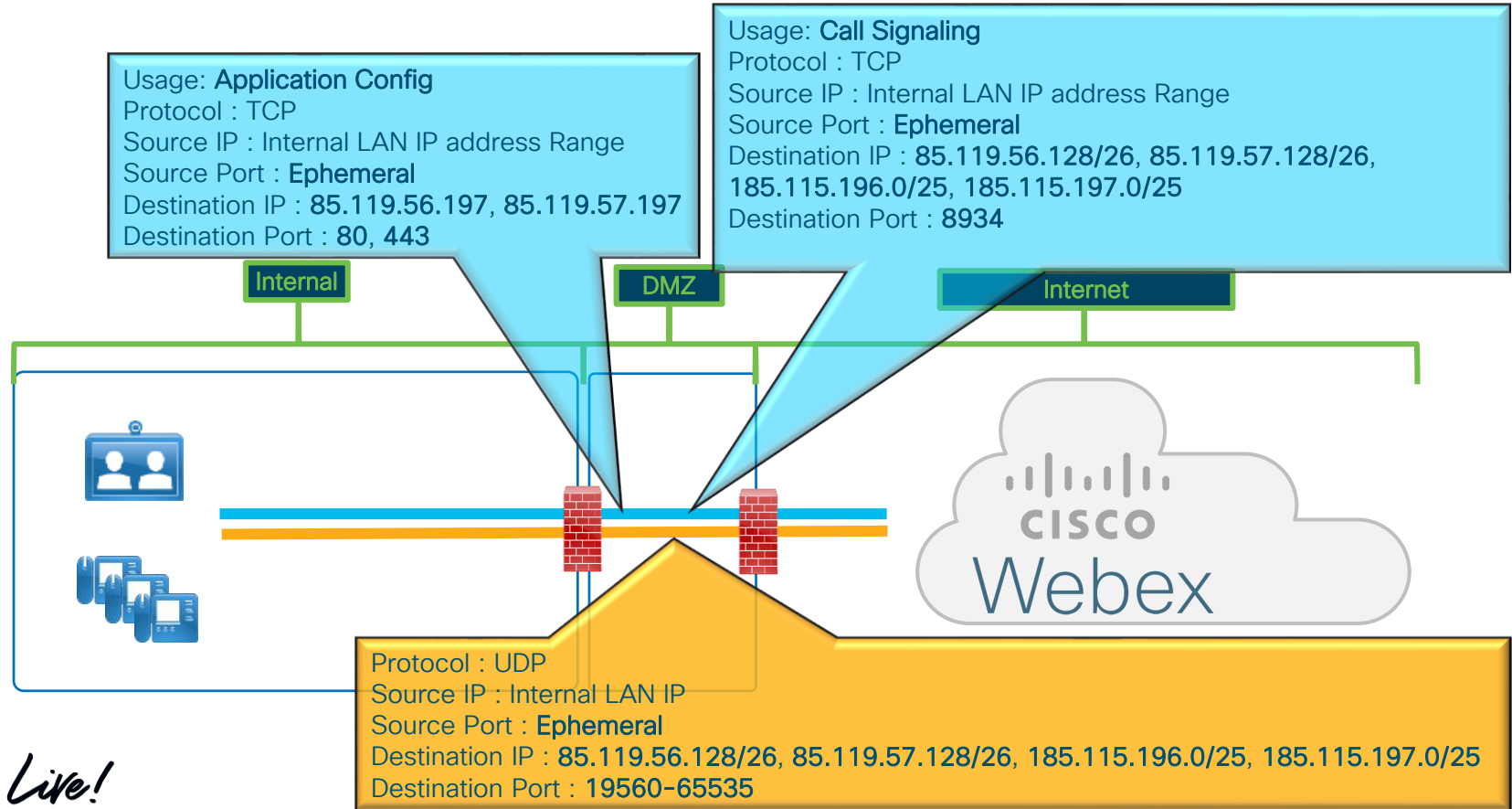


*CScan tests your network for Webex Calling. Please test from the same network that you will use for cloud calling. It is not possible to test every requirement from a web-based tool, please refer to the [port requirements](https://cscan.webex.com/) documentation for more details.

<https://cscan.webex.com/>

Protocols and Ports used by Webex Calling

Applications (EMEA Example)



Protocols and Ports used by Webex Calling

VAR Local Gateway (EMEA Example)

Usage: **Call Signaling**

Protocol : TCP

Source IP : Local GW Internal NIC

Source Port : **8000-65535**

Destination IP : Your GW IP

Destination Port : Depends on PSTN option, eg. Unified CM typically 5060 or 5061

Usage: **Call Signaling**

Protocol : TCP

Source IP : Local GW External NIC

Source Port : **8000-65535**

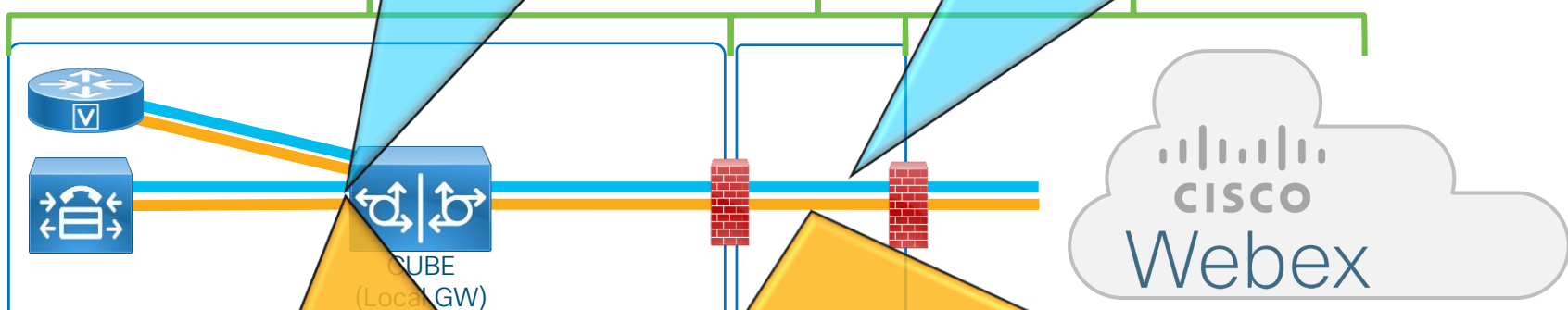
Destination IP : **85.119.56.128/26, 85.119.57.128/26, 185.115.196.0/25, 185.115.197.0/25**

Destination Port : **8934**

Internal

DMZ

Internet



Protocol : UDP

Source IP : Local GW Internal NIC

Source Port : **8000-48000***

Destination IP : Your GW IP

Destination Port : **19560-65535**

Protocol : UDP

Source IP : Local GW External NIC

Source Port : **8000-48000*** (*configurable using `rtp-port range` command)

Destination IP : **85.119.56.128/26, 85.119.57.128/26, 185.115.196.0/25, 185.115.197.0/25**

Destination Port : **19560-65535**

Port References for Webex Calling in Regions



Service Provider:

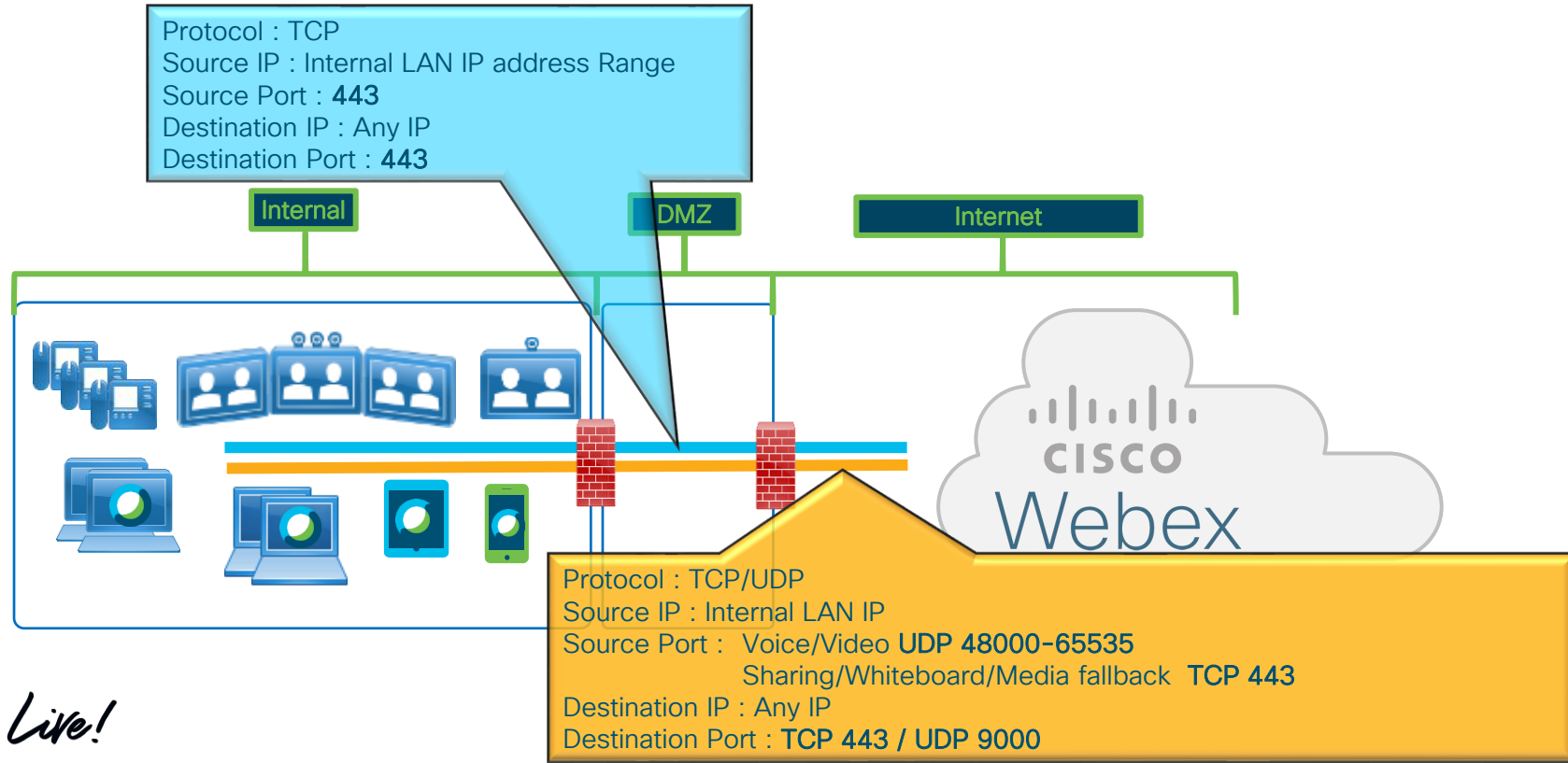
https://help.webex.com/en-us/b2exve/Port-Reference-Information-for-Cisco-Webex-Calling#id_119636

Value Added Reseller:

https://help.webex.com/en-us/b2exve/Port-Reference-Information-for-Cisco-Webex-Calling#id_119637

Protocols and Ports used by Webex Meetings

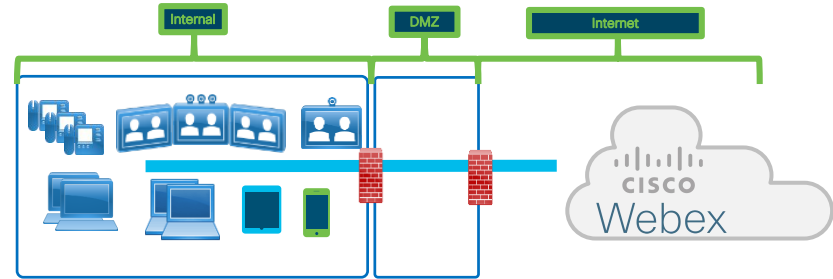
Assuming the simplest scenario with direct connection to the internet :



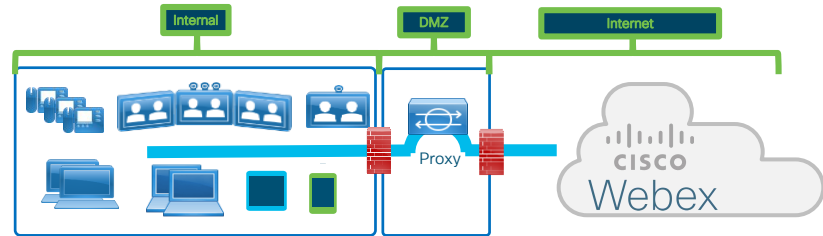
Message, Signaling, Notification and Control



- Media goes directly to the internet using HTTPS WSS protocol.



- Signaling goes through Proxy (rules already in place in the firewall).



Media for Voice, Video and Content Sharing in Webex Teams



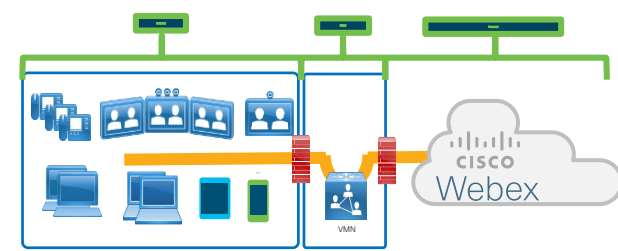
Voice, Video and Content Share

SRT and STUN



- Option 1 – Access to the Webex Service through Video Mesh Node.
- Option 2 – Direct access to the Webex Service using firewalls with STUN support.
- Option 3 – Direct access to the Webex Service using UDP protocol for media using specific destination IP addresses.
- Option 4 – Direct access to the Webex Service using UDP protocol for media.
- Option 5 – Direct access to the Webex Service using TCP protocol for media.
- Option 6 – Access to the Webex Service using Proxy.

Firewall rules for Media



Option 1 – Access to the Webex Service through Video Mesh Node.

All clients inside the customer network would connect to the Video Mesh Node, if there will be participants outside the customer network then VMN would cascade the media flow to the cloud.

Unique sources, very well defines, if necessary, in special DMZ's to protect to connect to the Webex services in the Cloud.

Will open UDP connection to a destination port 5004, few additional ports needed, will be cover in the next section.

Firewall rules for Media

Option 2 – Using firewalls with STUN support

Defined in RFC3489.

Uses UDP from any Webex Teams client inside the customer network using source ports

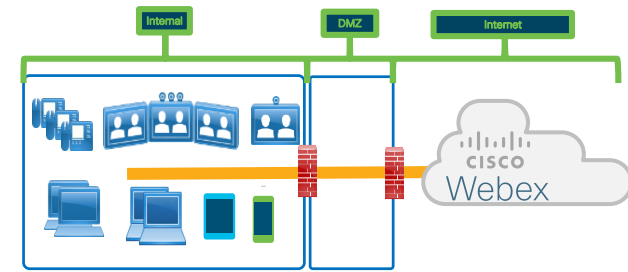
Voice 52000-52099

Video 52100-52299

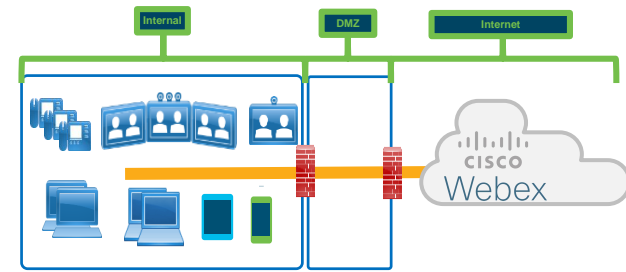
Where the destination might be any IP address in the internet with **destination port 5004**

STUN allow to open up pinholes only if the system is webRTC compliant, and there is an external recipient expecting the traffic (prevents enterprise from being source of DDoS).

From a security perspective this is the recommended model but require Firewalls that use STUN for WebRTC traffic like Cisco ASA.



Firewall rules for Media



Option 3 – Direct access to the Webex Service using UDP protocol for media using specific destination **IP addresses**.

We require that the administrator configure the firewall to access inside initiated UDP flow with return to the same 5-Tuple (Source IP address/port number, destination IP address/port number and the protocol in use) with a 30s timeout on the creation of the pinhole, Bidirectional media is sent over this flow.

Uses UDP from any Webex client inside the customer network using source ports

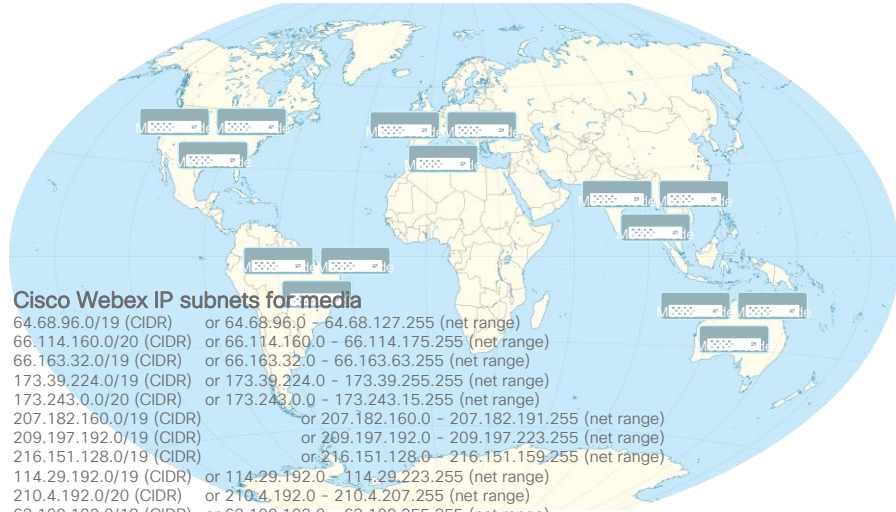
Voice 52000-52099

Video 52100-52299

Where the destination might be two /19 prefixed in the internet with **destination port 5004**

Firewall pinholes for Cisco IP Media Prefixes

US West	US East	Sydney	Frankfurt	Singapore
GA	GA	GA	GA	GA



Cisco Webex IP subnets for media

64.68.96.0/19 (CIDR) or 64.68.96.0 - 64.68.127.255 (net range)
66.114.160.0/20 (CIDR) or 66.114.160.0 - 66.114.175.255 (net range)
66.163.32.0/19 (CIDR) or 66.163.32.0 - 66.163.63.255 (net range)
173.39.224.0/19 (CIDR) or 173.39.224.0 - 173.39.255.255 (net range)
173.243.0.0/20 (CIDR) or 173.243.0.0 - 173.243.15.255 (net range)
207.182.160.0/19 (CIDR) or 207.182.160.0 - 207.182.191.255 (net range)
209.197.192.0/19 (CIDR) or 209.197.192.0 - 209.197.223.255 (net range)
216.151.128.0/19 (CIDR) or 216.151.128.0 - 216.151.159.255 (net range)
114.29.192.0/19 (CIDR) or 114.29.192.0 - 114.29.223.255 (net range)
210.4.192.0/20 (CIDR) or 210.4.192.0 - 210.4.207.255 (net range)
62.109.192.0/18 (CIDR) or 62.109.192.0 - 62.109.255.255 (net range)
69.26.160.0/19 (CIDR) or 69.26.160.0 - 69.26.191.255 (net range)

Network Requirements

<https://collaborationhelp.cisco.com/article/en-us/WBX000028782>

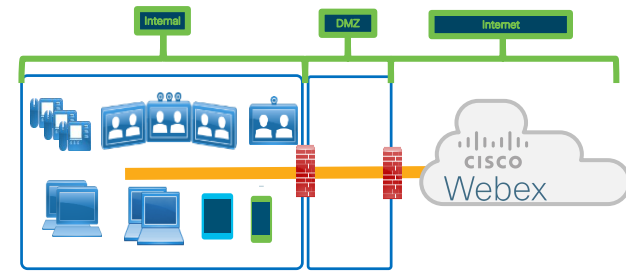
Configuration recommendation

Add all ranges to your firewalls, so there is automatic failover with minimal disruption

Webex Meetings is by region

Webex Teams – not specified by region.

Firewall rules for Media



Option 4 – Direct access to the Webex Service using UDP protocol for media.

We require that the administrator configure the firewall to access inside initiated UDP flow with return to the same 5-Tuple (Source IP address/port number, destination IP address/port number and the protocol in use) with a 30s timeout on the creation of the pinhole, Bidirectional media is sent over this flow.

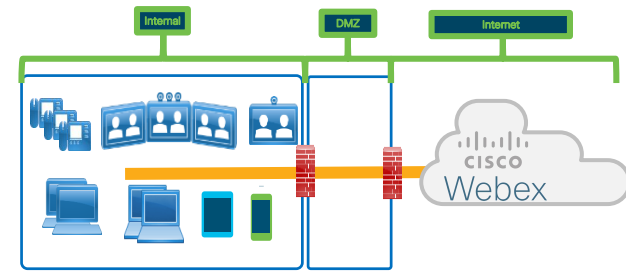
Uses UDP from any Webex client inside the customer network using source ports

Voice 52000-52099

Video 52100-52299

Where the destination might be any IP address in the internet with destination port 5004

Firewall rules for Media



Option 5 – Direct access to the Webex Service using TCP protocol for media.

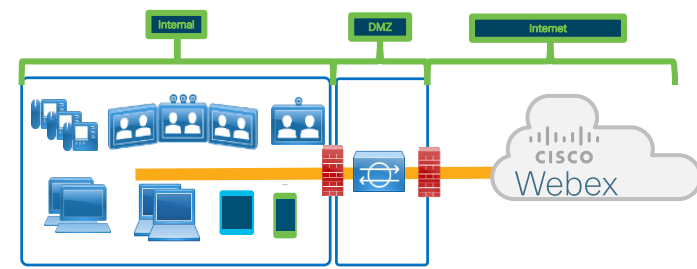
If clients can't reach the Webex Services using UDP port 5004, they will fallback to TCP.

Any Webex Teams client inside the customer network will use TCP with source ephemeral ports.

Where the destination might be any IP address in the internet with **destination port 5004**.

Using TCP protocol **might impact** the quality of the media, we always recommend that the customer use UDP for real time media.

Firewall rules for Media



Option 6 – Access to the Webex Service using Proxy.

If Webex Teams Software clients can't reach the Webex Services by any other mechanisms, they will use as last resource the HTTP proxies define in the system.

Proxy **were not designed** for real time media so even if they will work in PoC they will never be able to handle all the traffic that the Webex deployment can generate.

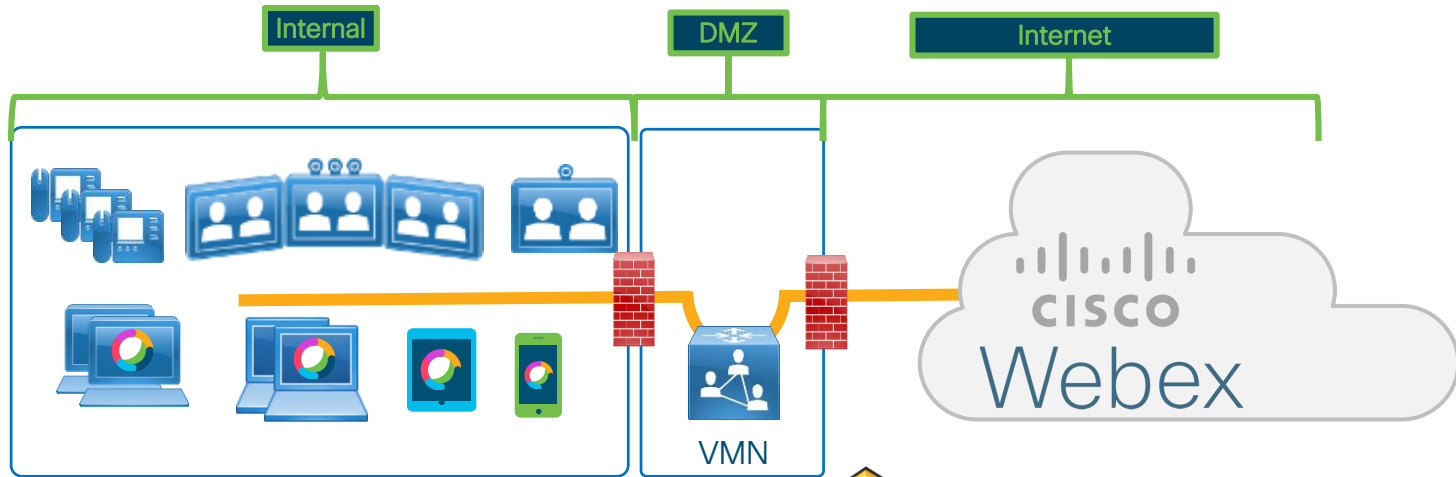
It is guarantee that at some point in time the experience **will be really bad**.

If direct access to the internet isn't an option for a specific customer, **VMN is the solution**, a “specialized proxy” for media.

Hybrid Services connection considerations

Video Mesh Node

Quality of Service disabled (default)

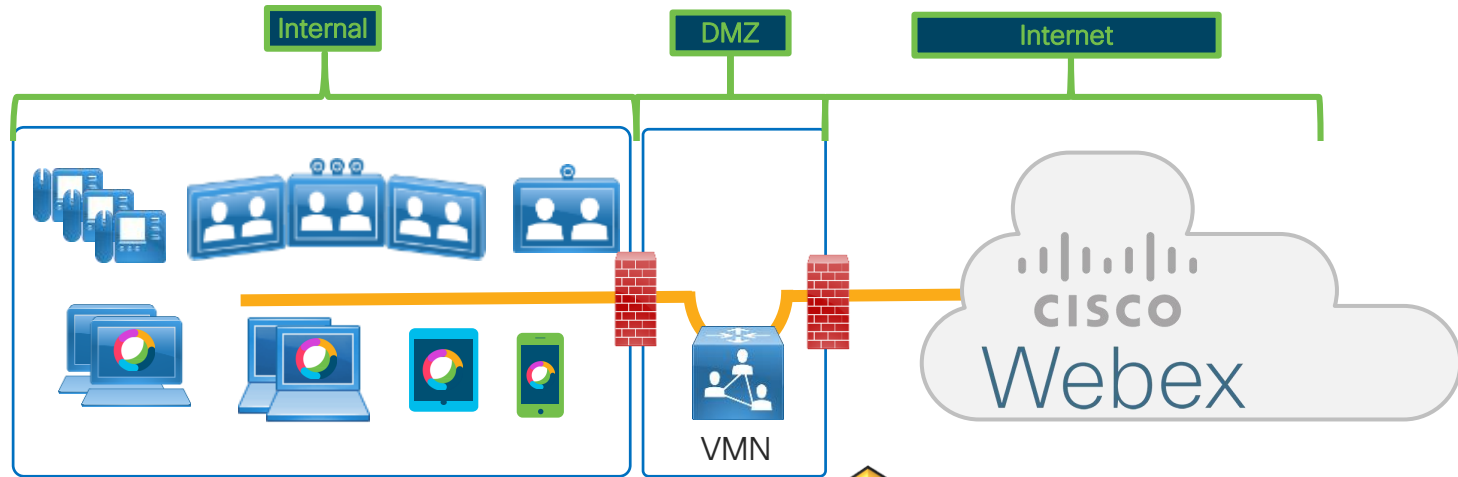


Client/Endpoint to VMN
Source IP : Internal LAN IP
Source Port : Voice 52000-52099
Video 52100-52299
Destination IP : VMN
Destination Port : 5004

VMN to Cloud
Source IP : VMN
Source Port : Voice and Video
34000 to 34999
Destination IP : Any IP
Destination Port : 5004

Video Mesh Node

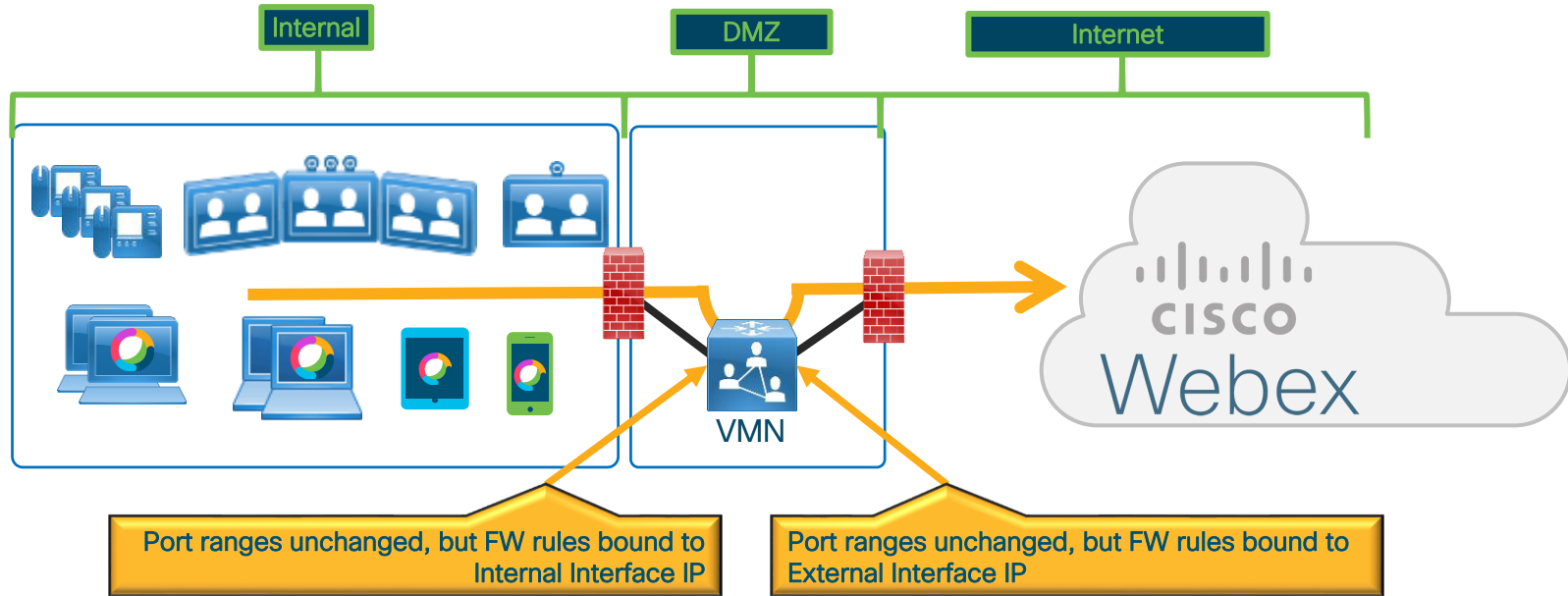
Quality of Service enabled



Client/Endpoint to VMN
Source IP : Internal LAN IP
Source Port : Voice 52000-52099
Video 52100-52299
Destination IP : VMN
Destination Port : 5004

VMN to Cloud
Source IP : VMN
Source Port : Voice 52500-62999
Video 63000-65500
Destination IP : Any IP
Destination Port : 5004

Video Mesh Node – Dual NIC



Video Mesh Node

Media Considerations – No QoS enabled



Source IP Address	Destination IP Address	Source UDP Ports	Destinations UDP Ports	Media Type
Clients/Endpoints	Video Mesh Node	52000-52299	5004	STUN
Clients/Endpoints	Video Mesh Node	52000-52099	5004	Audio
Clients/Endpoints	Video Mesh Node	52100-52299	5004	Video
Video Mesh Node	Collaboration Cloud	34000-34999	5004	Audio
Video Mesh Node	Collaboration Cloud	34000-34999	5004	Video
Video Mesh Node	Video Mesh Node	34000-34999	5004	Audio
Video Mesh Node	Video Mesh Node	34000-34999	5004	Video

Video Mesh Node

Media Considerations – QoS enabled



Source IP Address	Destination IP Address	Source UDP Ports	Destinations UDP Ports	Media Type
Clients/Endpoints	Video Mesh Node	52000-52299	5004	STUN
Clients/Endpoints	Video Mesh Node	52000-52099	5004	Audio
Clients/Endpoints	Video Mesh Node	52100-52299	5004	Video
Video Mesh Node	Collaboration Cloud	52500-62999	5004	Audio
Video Mesh Node	Collaboration Cloud	63000-65500	5004	Video
Video Mesh Node	Video Mesh Node	52500-62999	5004	Audio
Video Mesh Node	Video Mesh Node	63000-65500	5004	Video

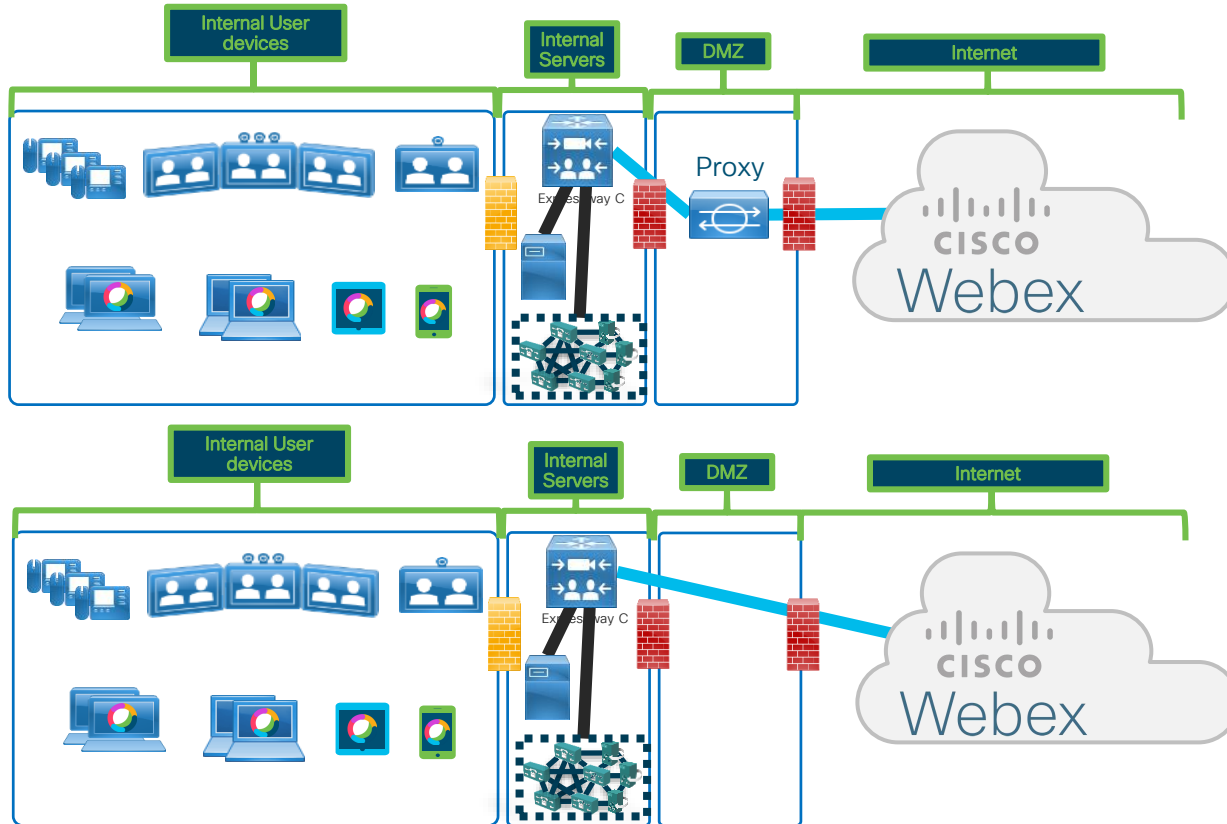
Video Mesh Node

Management Considerations



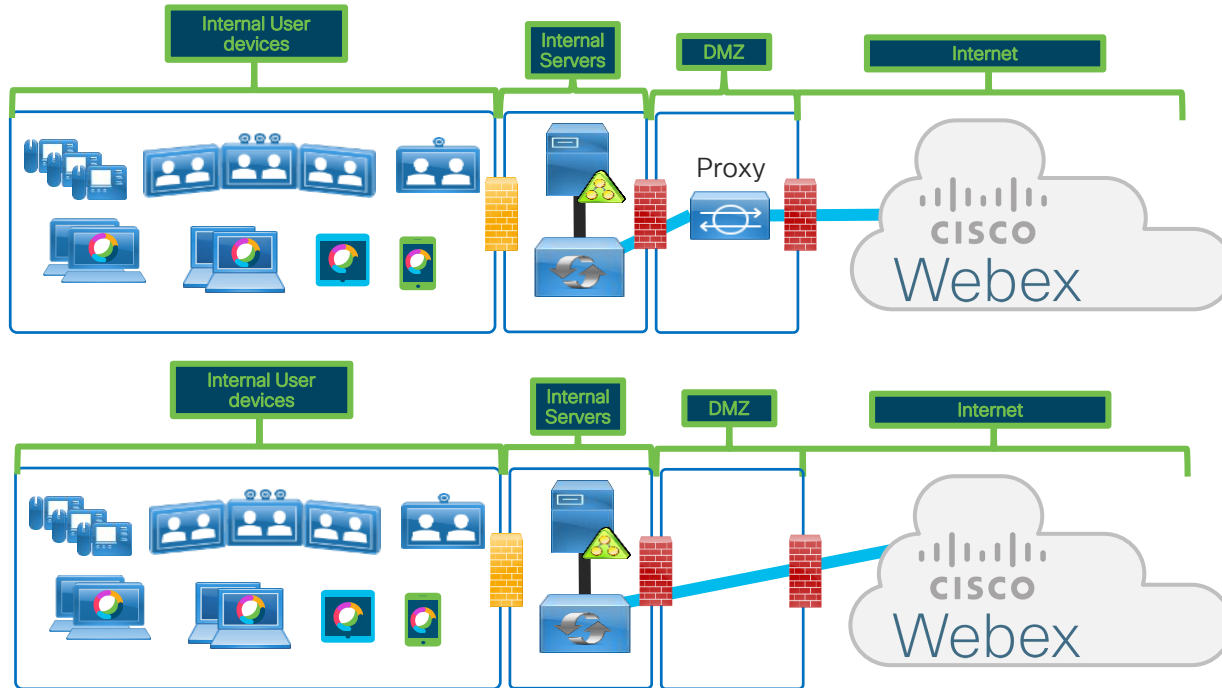
Source	Destination	Transport Protocol	Destinations Ports	Destination IP
Computer Management	Video Mesh Node	TCP	443	Any
Video Mesh Node	Collaboration Cloud	UDP -> NTP	123	Any
		UDP -> DNS	53	
		TCP -> HTTPS	444	
Video Mesh Node	Video Mesh Node	TCP -> HTTPS	5000,5001	Any
Video Mesh Node	Collaboration Cloud	TCP -> HTTPS	443	*.wbx2.com *.idbroker.webex.com

Expressway Connectors



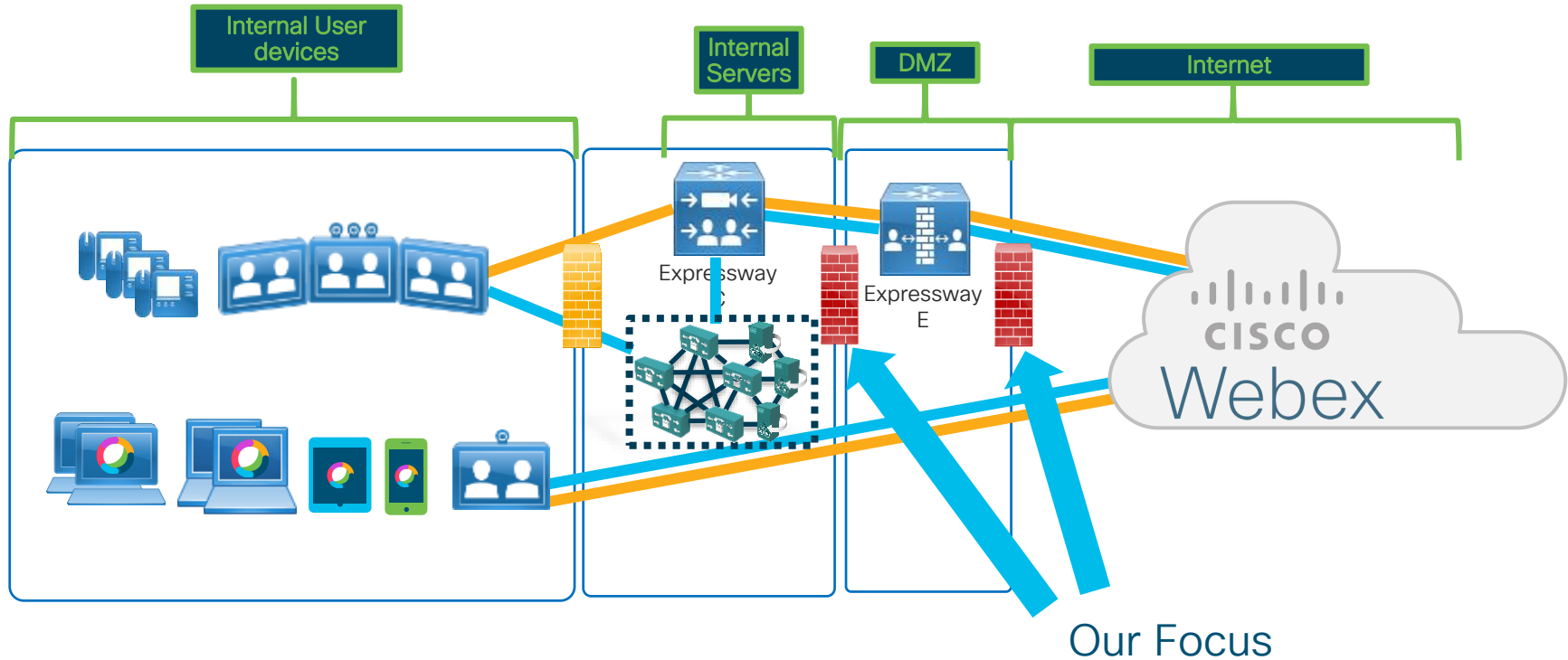
- If customer has proxies, we support only **No Auth** and **Basic** Authentication.
- If there isn't any proxy, we will use HTTPS to send traffic to the Webex cloud.

Directory Connector



- If Windows OS is configured for proxies, we will use it and send all traffic there
- If there isn't any proxies configured in the systems, we will use HTTPS to send traffic to the Webex cloud.

Hybrid Media Call/CMR Dial-in/VMN Cascading



Hybrid Media Call/CMR Dial-in/VMN Cascading

Firewall Port Details

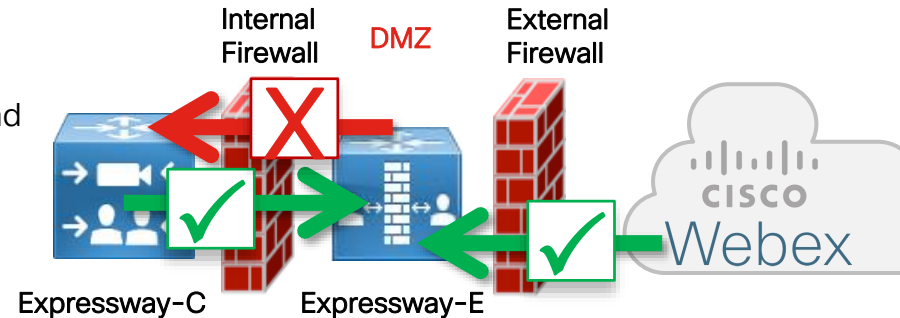
No inbound ports required to be opened on the internal firewall

Internal firewall needs to allow the following outbound connections from Expressway-C to Expressway-E

- » SIP: TCP 7001
- » Traversal Media: UDP 36000 to 36011
- » HTTPS (tunneled over SSH between Expressway-C and Expressway-E): TCP 2222

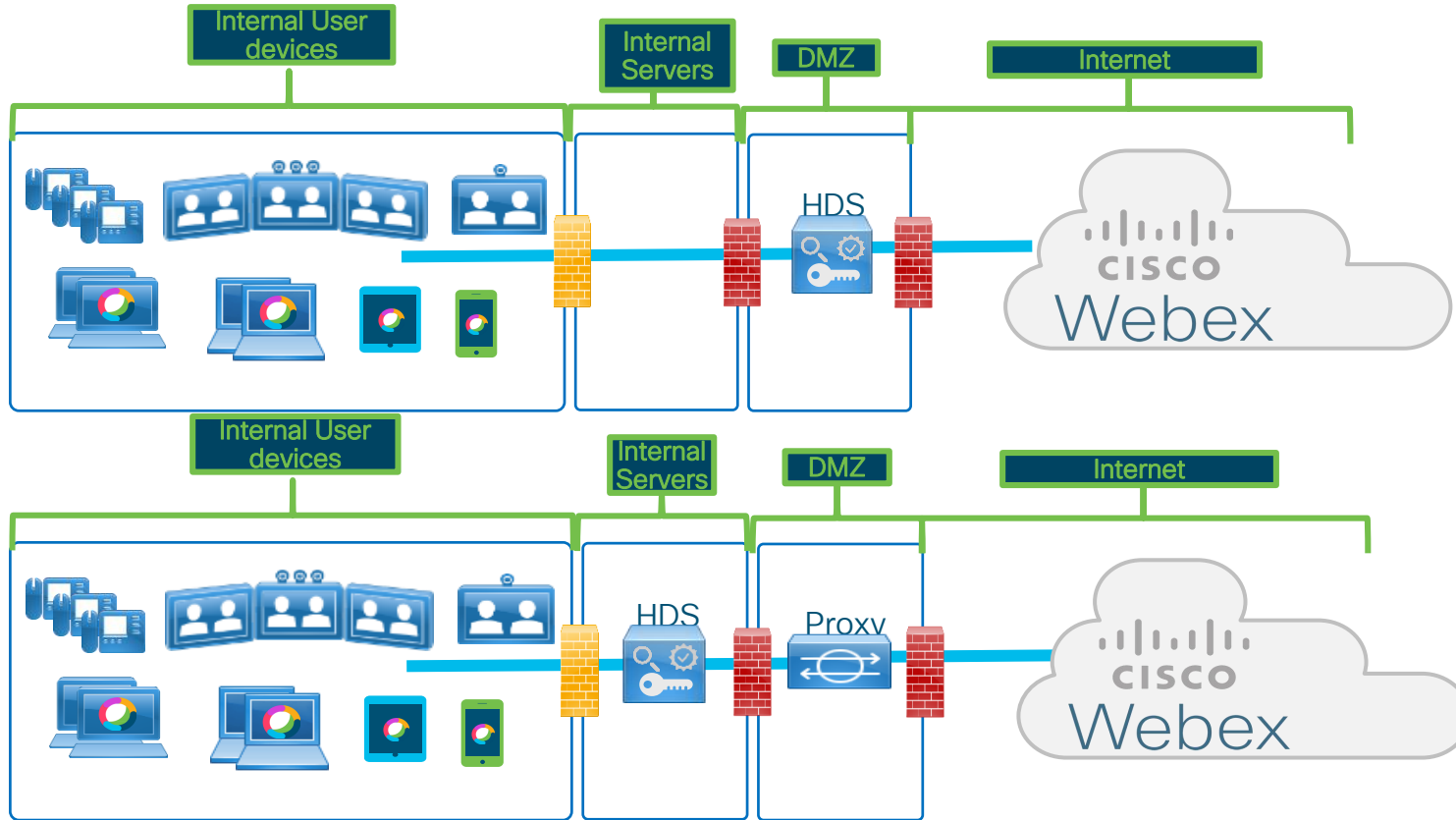
External firewall needs to allow the following inbound connections to Expressway

- » SIP: TCP 5061 (Call signaling)
- » Media: UDP 36002 to 59999 (Voice and video)

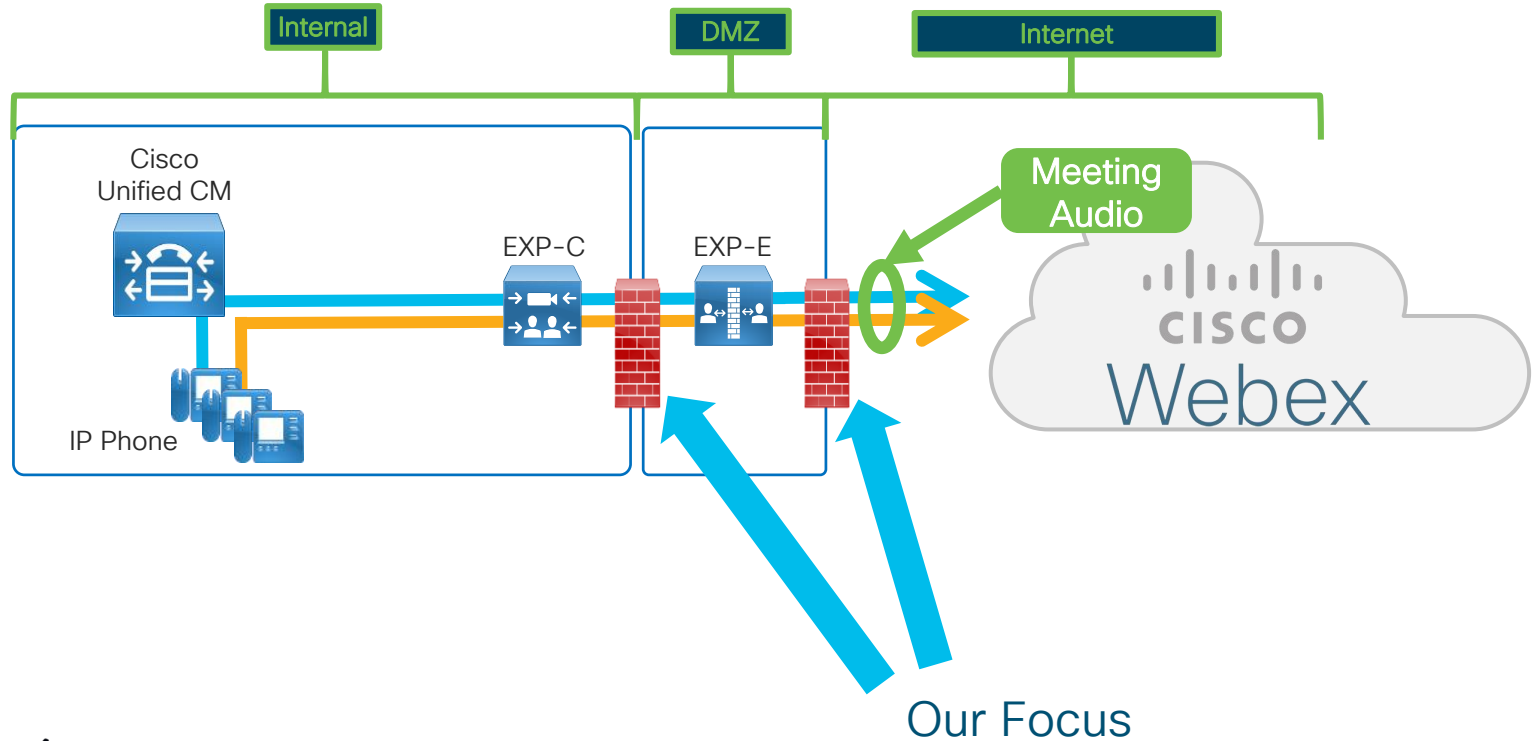


We can calculate the **port range we really use** by multiple the number of simultaneous calls that we are going to have by 12. This way, for example we know if we expect 100 calls maximum the ports need to be open in the External FW will be 36002-37202 (1200 UDP ports)

Hybrid Data Security



Webex Edge Audio



Cisco Expressway for Webex Edge Audio

Firewall Port Details

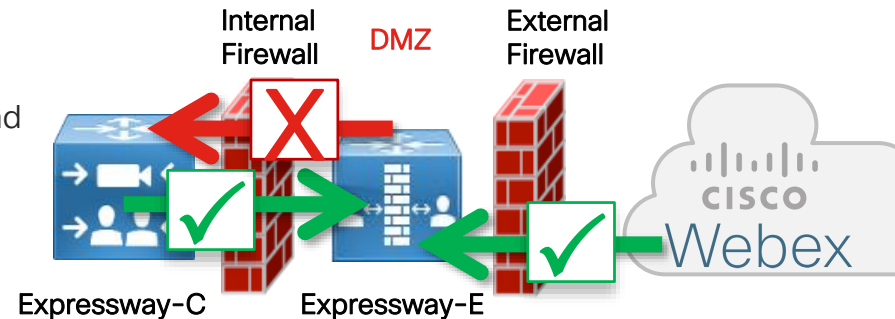
Configuration different to existing Expressway Traversal for B2B Video!!!

Internal firewall needs to allow the following outbound connections from Expressway-C to Expressway-E

- » SIP: TCP 7003
- » Traversal Media: UDP 36000 to 36011
- » HTTPS (tunneled over SSH between Expressway-C and Expressway-E): TCP 2222

External firewall needs to allow the following inbound connections to Expressway

- » SIP: TCP 5061,5062 Inbound (Call signaling/Mutual TLS)
- » SIP: 5061, 5065 Outbound (Call Signaling/DNS SRV Records configured Control Hub for LUA Script)
- » Media: UDP 36000 to 59999 (Voice and video)

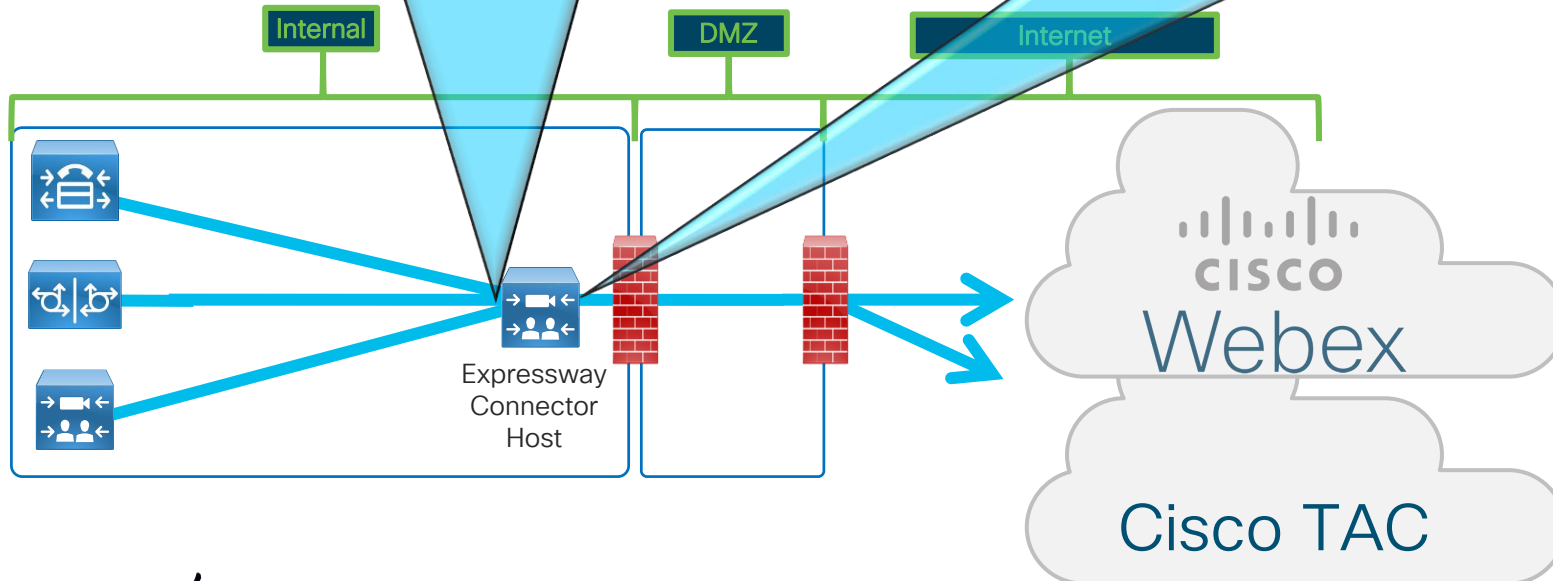


Note: Create a new Neighbor Zone to CUCM, a new Traversal Zone and a new DNS Zone (before x8.11) or Webex Zone (after x8.11). This will ensure that e.g. incoming traffic to CUCM can be handled differently. (Allow PSTN Access for Webex/Prevent PSTN Access for incoming B2B calls.)

Cisco Webex Serviceability Connector

Usage: SSH Access, AXL, Log Collection
Protocol : TCP (SSH), TLS
Source IP : Connector Host
Source Port : 30000-35999
Destination IP : CUCM, CUBE, Exp-C, Exp-E, etc.
Destination Port : 22, 443, 8443

Usage: Registration and Log Data Upload
Protocol : TLS
Source IP : Connector Host
Source Port : 30000-35999
Destination IP : Webex Services, TAC SR Datastore
Destination Port : 443



Enterprise Class security features for Cloud

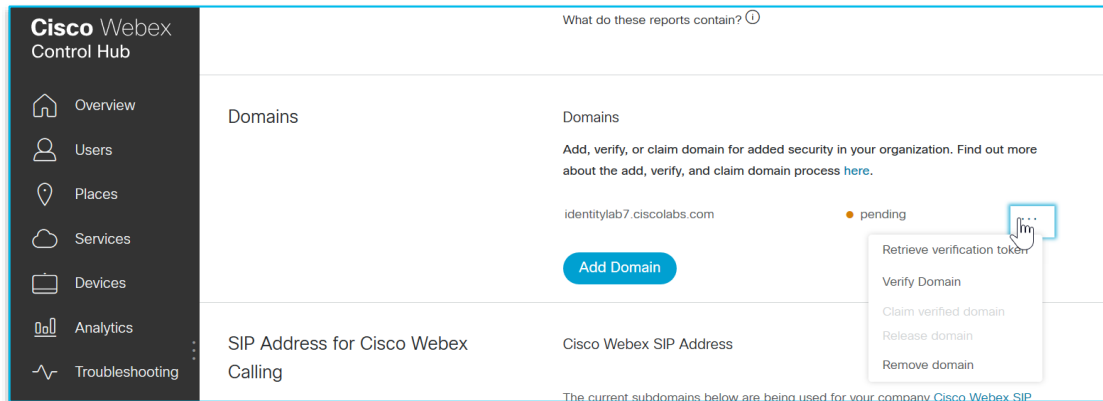
Content Ownership

Claiming users and Domain Verification

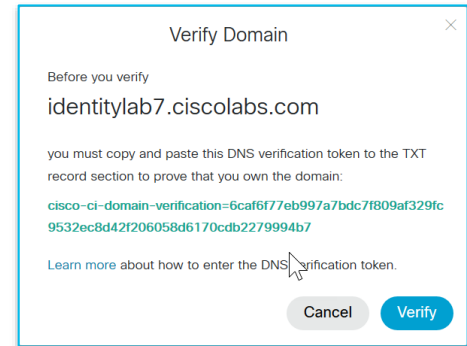
Now we can claim users from the Consumer Org or for other customer ORG's.

That is only possible if the **DNS domain of the user is verify.**

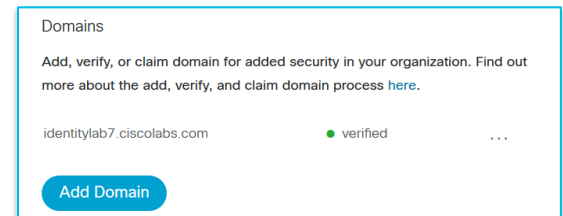
The DNS domain can be verify in multiple ORG's



The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex Control Hub interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options: Overview, Users, Places, Services, Devices, Analytics, and Troubleshooting. The main content area is titled "Domains" and includes a sub-header "What do these reports contain?". Below this, there's a table with columns for domain name and status. The domain "identitylab7.ciscolabs.com" is listed with a "pending" status. A blue "Add Domain" button is visible. A context menu is open over the domain, listing actions: "Retrieve verification token", "Verify Domain", "Claim verified domain", "Release domain", and "Remove domain".



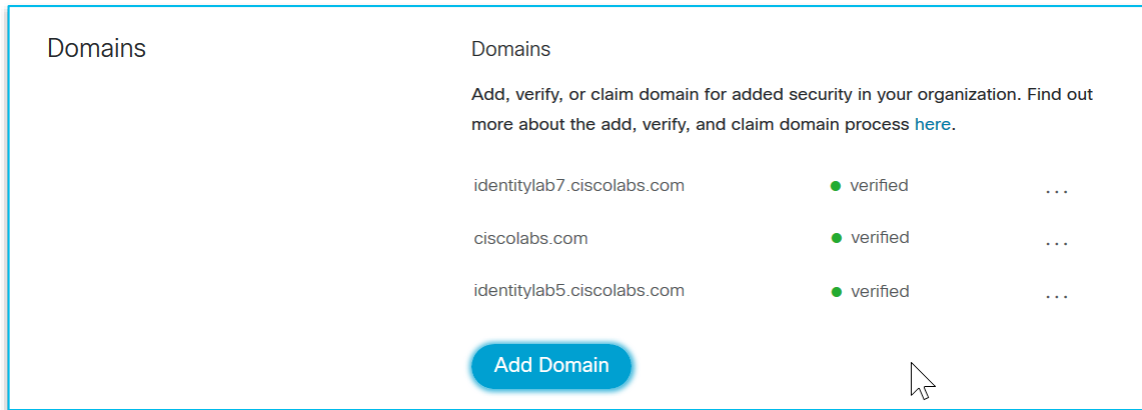
The "Verify Domain" dialog box contains the following text: "Before you verify identitylab7.ciscolabs.com you must copy and paste this DNS verification token to the TXT record section to prove that you own the domain: cisco-ci-domain-verification=6caf6f77eb997a7bdc7f809af329fc9532ec8d42f206058d6170cdb2279994b7 Learn more about how to enter the DNS verification token." At the bottom, there are "Cancel" and "Verify" buttons.



This screenshot shows the same "Domains" page as the previous one, but the domain "identitylab7.ciscolabs.com" now has a "verified" status, indicated by a green dot. The "Add Domain" button is still present at the bottom.

Verification Domains and Sub-Domains

- You can verify Top level domains.
- You only need to do DNS validation for the top level domain
- Sub-domains need to be specify but don't need DNS validation.

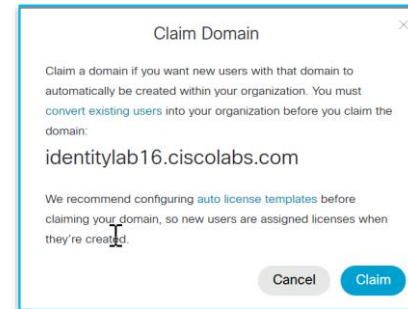
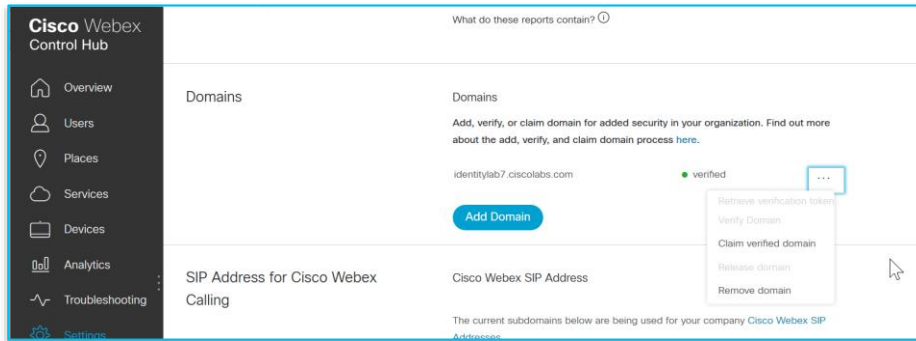


The screenshot shows a user interface for managing domains. At the top, the word 'Domains' is displayed. Below it, there is a descriptive text: 'Add, verify, or claim domain for added security in your organization. Find out more about the add, verify, and claim domain process [here](#).' A table lists three domains, each with a green dot and the word 'verified' next to it, followed by three dots indicating more options. The domains listed are 'identitylab7.ciscolabs.com', 'ciscolabs.com', and 'identitylab5.ciscolabs.com'. At the bottom of the interface is a blue button labeled 'Add Domain' and a mouse cursor pointing towards it.

Domain	Status	Options
identitylab7.ciscolabs.com	verified	...
ciscolabs.com	verified	...
identitylab5.ciscolabs.com	verified	...

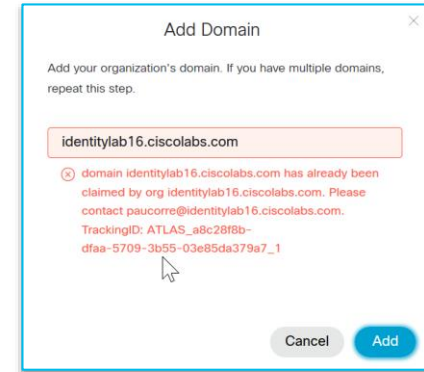
Claim the Domain

- Can only be done **after Verification** of domain
- Any User **created after** Domain Claim **will immediately** appear in the User list of that ORG, no matter if the user is self boarded, is boarded by another ORG, and is Side boarded.
- It is recommended that **auto License template** is configured before enabling this.



Claiming the Domain

- Users **created before** the Domain Claim will need to be **manual claim**, before or after the Domain Claim process
- Same** User Claiming **rules** applies as domains that are only verify.
- A specific **DNS domain can only be claim** in a single ORG
- There is no limit on the number of domains you can claim for your organization. However, if you have **more than 20 claimed domains** in a Cisco Webex organization, you **may encounter issues** with converting users.



Domains	Status
identitylab19.cisco.com	verified
cisco.com	verified
identitylab1.cisco.com	claimed
identitylab2.cisco.com	claimed
identitylab3.cisco.com	claimed
identitylab4.cisco.com	claimed
identitylab5.cisco.com	pending
identitylab6.cisco.com	pending
identitylab7.cisco.com	pending
identitylab8.cisco.com	pending
identitylab9.cisco.com	pending
identitylab10.cisco.com	pending
identitylab11.cisco.com	pending
identitylab12.cisco.com	pending
identitylab13.cisco.com	pending
identitylab14.cisco.com	pending
identitylab15.cisco.com	pending
identitylab17.cisco.com	pending
identitylab18.cisco.com	pending
identitylab20.cisco.com	pending
identitylab21.cisco.com	pending

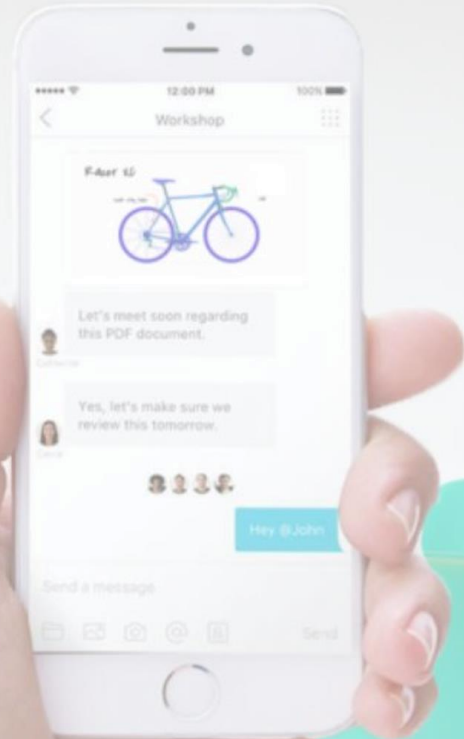
What does Content Ownership get you?



	Owning Organization	Participating Organization
CREATE		
Post content into the space	No	No
READ		
Read content (messages and files) posted by its own users into the space	Yes	Yes
Read content posted by any user in the space	Yes	No
UPDATE		
Modify content posted by users into the space	No	No
DELETE		
Define retention policies for the space	Yes	No
Delete content posted by any user in the space	Yes	No
Delete content posted by its own users in the space	Yes	Yes

Enterprise Content Management

Benefits with proposed Webex Teams-ECM Solution

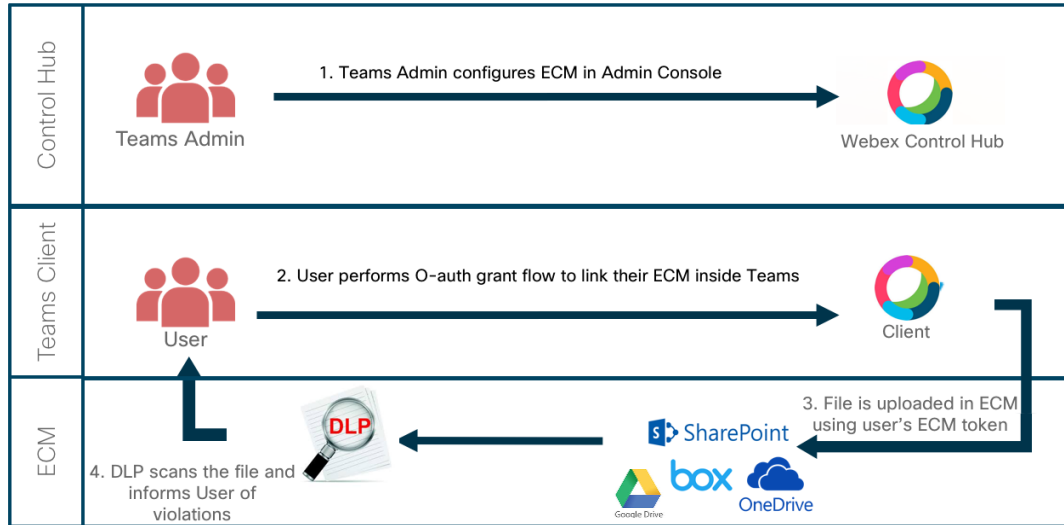


- ✔ Keep Webex files safe and secure in ECM of your choice
- ✔ Protect via existing DLP/CASB and Anti-malware
- ✔ Easily share and sync content across apps
- ✔ Create and manage content in both ECM and Webex
- ✔ Flexibility to use ECM and/or Webex File System

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management

SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

Architecture Enterprise Content Solution to Webex Teams



Content posted to Webex Team space is uploaded directly from the client to ECM or a reference between existing content in ECM and Webex teams space is created.

Content never passes through Cisco Webex cloud

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management

SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

User experience

The diagram illustrates the user experience for sharing files from external content stores into a Webex Teams space. It consists of several interconnected components:

- Webex Teams native content store:** The top-left screenshot shows the Webex Teams interface for a space named "candidates for hire". A red box highlights the "Share from OneDrive or SharePoint" option in the bottom-left corner.
- Microsoft content store:** The bottom-left screenshot shows the "Share 'CV_candidate_alpha.docx'" dialog. It asks "Who would you like this link to work for?" and lists three options: "Anyone", "People in your organization", and "People with existing access". A red box highlights the "People with existing access" option, with an arrow pointing to the text "Select permissions ECM controlled".
- Share from Personal OneDrive:** The top-middle screenshot shows the "Share from Personal OneDrive" dialog. A red box highlights the "Share from SharePoint Online" option, with an arrow pointing to the "Share from SharePoint Online" option in the bottom-left corner.
- Share from SharePoint Online:** The middle-right screenshot shows the "Share from SharePoint Online" dialog. A red box highlights the "Cisco" folder, which contains "HR Human Resources", "PX Project X", and "CT Cisco Team Site". An arrow points from this dialog to the file explorer view.
- Selected file to share:** The rightmost screenshot shows a file explorer view of the "Human Resources > Documents" folder. A red box highlights the file "CV_candidate_alpha.docx" (modified 2 minutes ago), with an arrow pointing to the "Selected file to share" label.

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management

SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

Adding existing Enterprise Content Solution to Webex Teams

Webex Control Hub Administration

Service – Messaging

Manual enable user

Content Management

Content Management Settings

Manage which content management platforms will be used in Cisco Webex Teams. You can manage what users have access to content management.

Content Management Platform

Cisco Webex Teams Native Storage, Microsoft

Screen Captures

Enabled

Edit Settings

Manage Users

Select how you want to enable users in content management enabled.

- Manually enable for each user**
Manually enable or disable third party content management solutions on the [Manage Users](#) page.
- Globally enable for all users
Globally enable third party content management solutions for the entire organization. This will override custom settings.

Content Management Platforms

Select which content management platform to use in Cisco Webex Teams.

- Cisco Webex Teams Native Storage
Always store files, including whiteboard, screen captures and annotations, using Cisco Webex Teams native storage, regardless if another third party content management platform is selected.
- Microsoft**
OneDrive, SharePoint Online

Obiwan Kenobi
obiwan@identitylab12.ciscolabs.com

User

Services [Edit](#)

- Messaging **Cisco Webex Teams Free Messaging >**
- Meeting Cisco Webex Free Meetings
- Calling Cisco Webex Free Calling >

Content Management Settings

Manually enable for each user
Manually enable or disable third party content management solutions on the [Manage Users](#) page.

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- Microsoft**
OneDrive, SharePoint Online

Obiwan Kenobi
obiwan@identitylab12.ciscolabs.com

Cancel Save

Third Party Content Management

Select how this user manages and shares files with content management in Cisco Webex Teams.

Third Party On

Third Party Off

Third Party On

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management

SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

Office 365 Administration

Administrators can choose to restrict certain functionalities in Office 365 which can cause the Webex Teams integration not to function properly

- Restricted access outside corporate network

Requires users to be connected either to corporate or via VPN. With this policy in place users will get the error message: *“Your sign in was successful but does not meet the criteria to access this resource.”*

- Permissions for 3rd party applications

By default, Azure AD tenants are configured to provide consent to third-party applications. When restricted by the administrator, an end user can't sign in with Azure AD account in Webex Teams.

Need admin approval

Webex Teams Enterprise Content Management

Webex Teams Enterprise Content Management needs permission to access resources in your organization that only an admin can grant. Please ask an admin to grant permission to this app before you can use it.

Have an admin account? Sign in with that account

Return to the application without granting consent

For details on how to administer the required permissions on Azure AD please check the following link

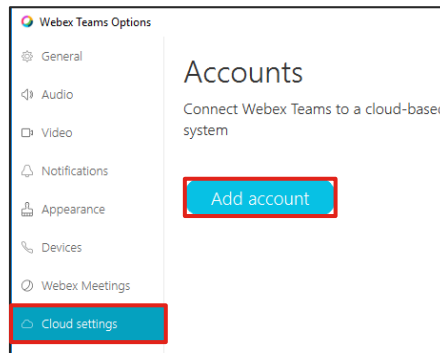
<https://collaborationhelp.cisco.com/article/en-us/7501oi>

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management

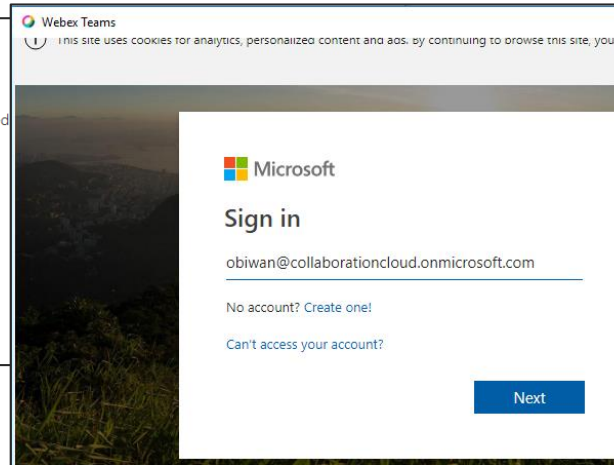
SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

Adding existing Enterprise Content Solution to Webex Teams

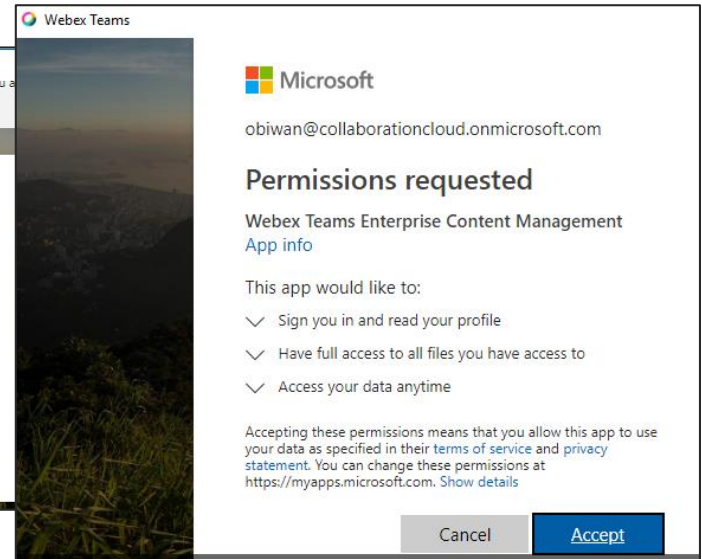
Webex Teams Client



New Cloud Settings



Login to Microsoft Office 365 will generate an OAuth Token for the user that is stored locally



Authorization for app integration
(can be pre-authorized for all users by Azure AD administrator, see reference on previous slide)

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

Linked Folders



Allows a complete content sync between Cisco Webex Teams Space and SharePoint Online / OneDrive for Business

New space created, select files activity

New option to select Folder Linking

Office 365 SharePoint / OneDrive

The screenshot shows a sequence of steps in the Webex Teams interface. 1. A 'Shared HR Space' is created. 2. The 'Files' activity is selected, showing a 'Link to Online Folder' button. 3. A dialog box prompts to 'Select folder to link to this space', listing 'OneDrive - Cisco' and 'Human Resources'. 4. The 'Attack Plan' folder is selected. 5. A confirmation message states 'Attack Plan folder is linked to this space'. 6. The final view shows the 'Attack Plan' folder linked to the space, with files like 'tie-fighter.jpeg' and 'vaders-tie-fighter.jpeg' visible.

Files posted from Webex Teams as well as files present in O365 available.

Webex Teams – Enterprise Content Management

SharePoint Online/OneDrive for Business

Linked Folders – Administration



The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex Control Hub interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: Overview, Users, Places, Services, Devices, Analytics, Troubleshooting, and Settings. The main content area is titled "Content Management" and contains the following sections:

- Content Management Settings**: Manage which content management platforms will be used in Cisco Webex Teams. You can manage what users have access to content management.
- Content Management Platform**: Cisco Webex Teams Native Storage, Microsoft
- Screen Captures**: Enabled
- Edit Settings**: A red box highlights this button.
- Manage Users**: Select how you want to enable users in your organization if you have content management enabled.
 - Manually enable for each user**: Manually enable or disable third party content management for Manage Users page.
 - Globally enable for all users**: Globally enable third party content management for all users in organization. This will override custom settings made for any user.

This is a zoomed-in view of the "Content Management Settings" section from the screenshot above. It includes the following details:

- Content Management Settings**
- Content Management Platforms**: Select which content management platform to use in Cisco Webex Teams.
 - Cisco Webex Teams Native Storage**: Always store files, including whiteboard, screen captures and annotations, using Cisco Webex Teams native storage, regardless if another third party content management platform is selected.
 - Microsoft**: OneDrive, SharePoint Online, Microsoft SharePoint Linked Folders.
 - Disable linked folders**: Users can't link a folder to a Webex Teams space
 - Enable linked folders**: Users can link a folder to a Webex Teams space and they can choose if a file shared in the space is also added to the linked folder
 - Enable linked folders and make them the default storage location**: Users can link a folder to a Webex Teams space and all files shared in the space are added to the linked folder.

Other Enterprise Security Capabilities

Webex Security Offers

Webex Control Hub (Existing)

- Included in all Webex subscriptions
- Administration: Provisioning and management capabilities for all Webex services
- Security: E2E encryption
- Compliance: eDiscovery, CASB integration for last 90 days data
- Analytics: 90 days reports

IT Pro Pack (Existing)

- Included in Enterprise and Active Users Flex SKUs
- Security: HDS, controls like block file share, external communication, integrations whitelisting
- Compliance: Legal Hold, unlimited data extraction for eDiscovery
- Analytics: One year reporting

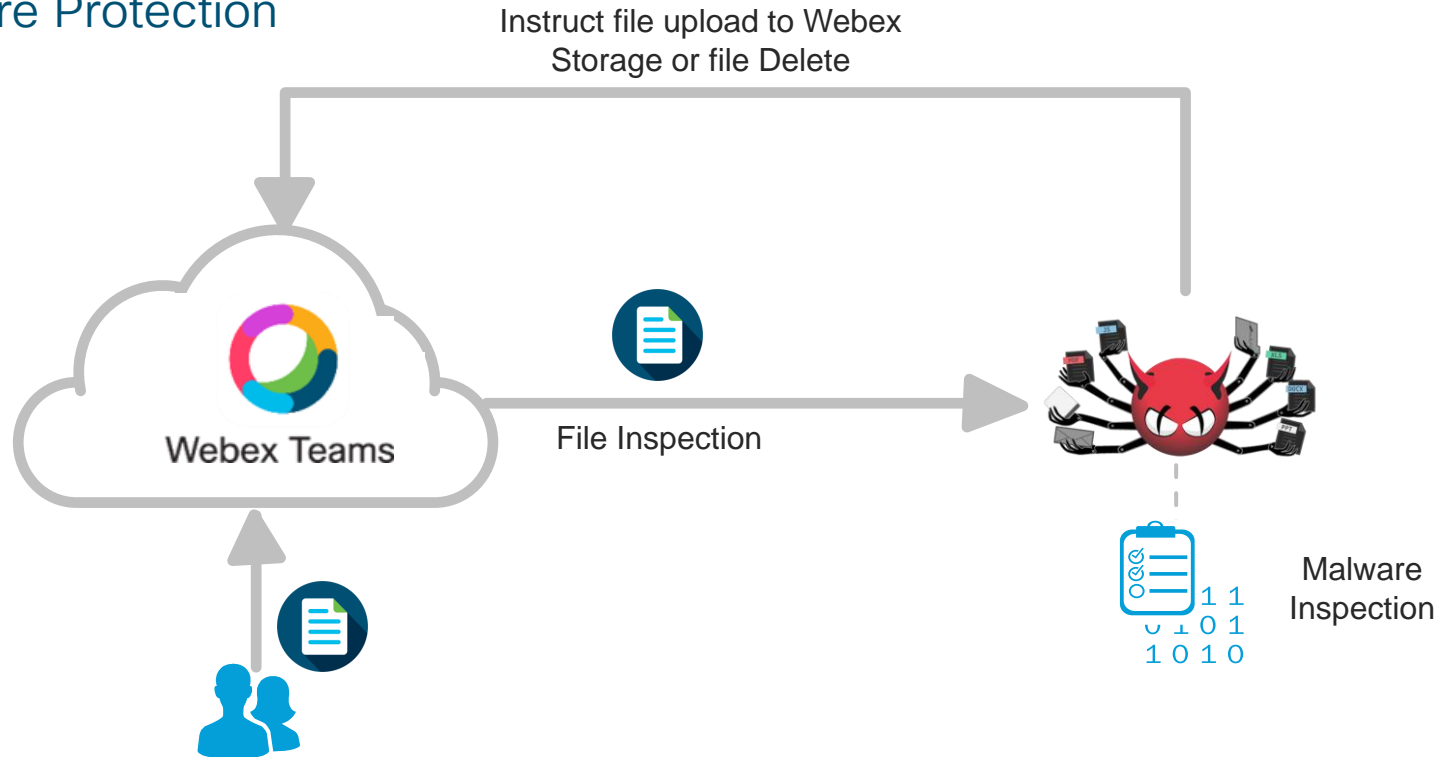
Extended Security Pack (New)

- Add-on for all Flex SKUs
- Security: Anti-malware scanning for files using Cisco Talos ClamAV
- Compliance: Data Loss Prevention using full functionality Cloudlock

Webex Teams and Cisco Talos ClamAV Integration



Malware Protection



What to expect ?

- In-line Anti-virus and malware scanning of files and blocking infected files
- Malware and phishing scanning of URL's and blocking unsafe URL's
- Administrator control to turn-off and turn-on scanning
- Administrator visibility into Scan history

Malware Scanning

Malware scanning in progress, please try again momentarily. Large file may take longer time.

OK

Download Failed

File is infected and can't be downloaded.

OK

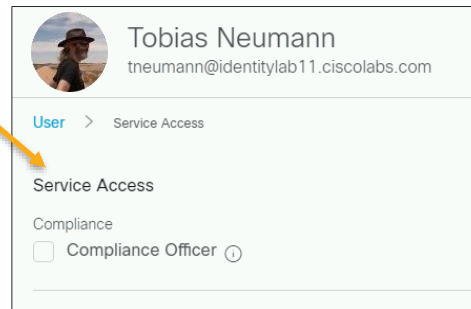
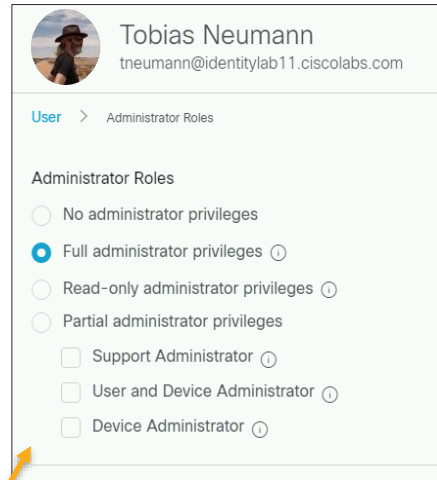
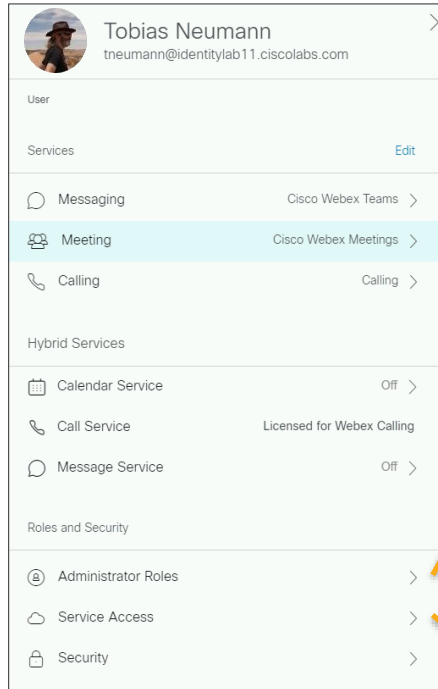
Administrator

The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex Control Hub Administrator interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options: Overview, Users, Places, Services, Devices, Analytics, Troubleshooting, and Settings. The main content area is titled 'Message' and displays 'Anti-Malware File Scanning' settings. A toggle switch for 'In-line Anti-Malware Scanning' is turned on. Below this, 'Scanning Statistics' are shown for the 'Last Week' period: 296 files scanned, with 25 files found infected. A 'Download CSV' link is provided for details. A 'BREAKING NEWS' banner is visible in the top right corner.

User

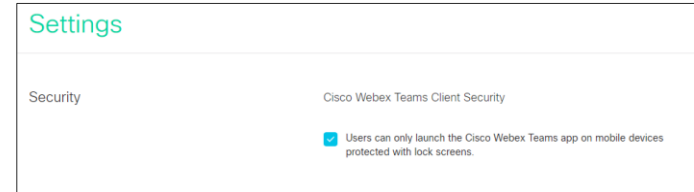
The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex Teams interface. On the left is a sidebar with a list of teams: Brandon Seeger, Development agenda (Design team), Jan, Simon +3, Development agenda, UX Team (Product), Simon Damiano, and GFX (Preparations for refresh). The main chat window is for the 'Development agenda' team. A message from Brenda Song at 09:30 says: 'That was great, thank you for sharing. Can someone please share the file in this space so we can review and update if needed?'. A second message from Giacomo Edwards at 10:30 says: 'Lets give it a try...'. A third message from Brenda Song at 13:10 shows a file named 'report.csv' (736 Bytes) with a download icon. A 'Download Failed' notification is displayed over the file, stating: 'File is infected and can't be downloaded.' with an 'OK' button.

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Security Capabilities

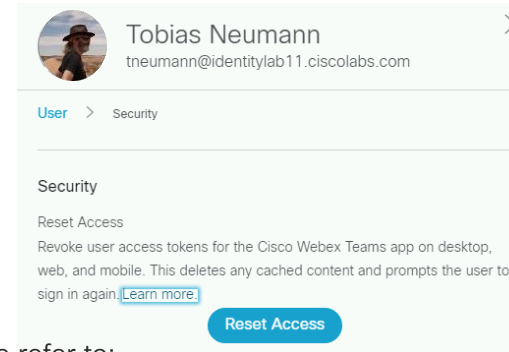


Manage User Roles and Service Access

Mobile PIN enforcement



Reset Access and Remote Wipe



For detailed list of privileges associated with each role please refer to:

<https://collaborationhelp.cisco.com/article/en-us/x58jl3>

File Sharing Controls

Granular per device/application file and content controls

Message

Collaboration Restrictions
Restrict what your users can share in the app.

Preview and download files
No Restrictions

Upload files
No Restrictions

Whiteboard and Annotations

Share Animated GIFs
Enable GIPHY integration in Webex Teams apps. Users can share using the GIPHY library.
Disable the GIPHY integration to remove the GIF option from the apps for your users. Users can still share GIF file types.

Preview Shared Links
Enable preview for shared links.

Collaboration Restrictions
Restrict what your users can share in the app.

Preview and download files
No Restrictions

- Mac and Windows app
- iOS and Android app
- teams.webex.com
- Bots

Share Animated GIFs
Enable GIPHY integration in Webex Teams apps. Users can share animated GIFs using the GIPHY library.
Disable the GIPHY integration to remove the GIF option from the Webex Teams apps for your users. Users can still share GIF file types.

Preview Shared Links
Enable preview for shared links.

Blocking Messaging to other companies

Future

Granular controls for External Communications

Domain Whitelisting

Limit external participation to spaces owned by organization

The screenshot shows the 'External Communication' settings page. It features a toggle for 'Block external messaging' which is currently turned off. Below this is a section for 'Whitelist domains for external messaging' with a text input field containing 'collaboration-central.net', a 'Check domain' button, and an 'Add' button. A green checkmark and the text 'Verified in Webex Teams' are displayed below the input field. At the bottom, there is a section for 'Group Spaces' with a toggle that is also turned off.

External Communication

Block external messaging

Block your users from inviting external contacts to Cisco Webex Teams spaces and prevent your users from joining external Cisco Webex Teams spaces.

Whitelist domains for external messaging

Type to check and add specific domains.

[Check domain](#) [Add](#)

✔ Verified in Webex Teams

Group Spaces

Limit access to only join group spaces owned by your organization. This doesn't apply to spaces with just one other person.

Admin Audit Logging

The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex Control Hub interface. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Overview, Users, Places, Services, Devices, Analytics, Troubleshooting (selected), and Settings. The main content area is titled 'Troubleshooting' and has tabs for Meeting, Status, and Admin. Below the tabs are search filters for 'Performed By', 'Description', and 'Impacted Resource'. A date range is set from January 27, 2018, to January 27, 2019, with a time zone of (GMT +00:00) Europe/London. Under the heading 'Admin Activity', there is a red box around the text '23 results Export to CSV'. Below this, a list of events is shown for 'Today', with the first two entries highlighted: 'Alice Adams logged into organization identitylab' at 11:51 AM and 11:49 AM.

Admin Audit Logs available from Control Hub

New Webex API Endpoint for programmatic consumption

The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex for Developers documentation page. The left sidebar lists navigation options: Getting Started, Basics, Guides, API Reference, Admin Audit Events (selected), Attachment Actions, Devices, and Events. The main content area is titled 'Admin Audit Events' and includes a description: 'Admin Audit Events are available to full administrators for certain events performed in Webex Control Hub. Administrators with accounts created before 2019 will need to log into Webex Control Hub before using this API.' Below the text is a table with columns 'Method' and 'Description'. The table contains one entry: a green 'GET' button followed by the URL 'https://api.ciscopark.com/v1/adminAudit/events' and the description 'List Admin Audit Events'.

<https://developer.webex.com/docs/api/v1/admin-audit-events>

Admin Audit Log Data Dictionary

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/n3b0w6x/Audit-Events-in-Cisco-Webex-Control-Hub>

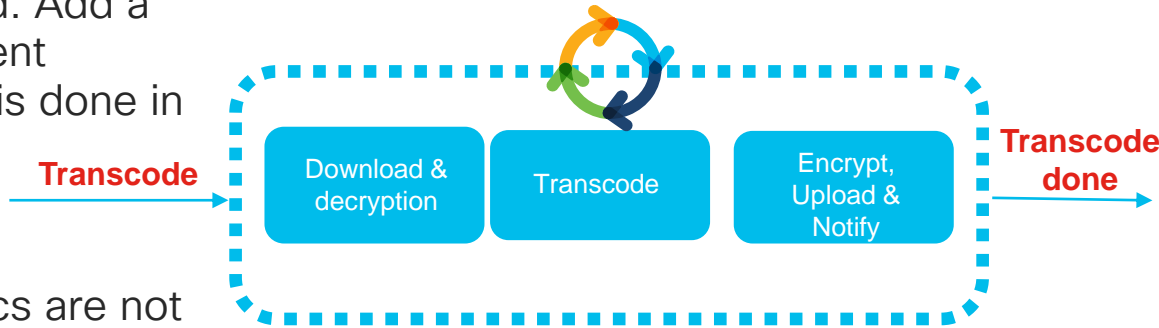
Document Transcoding in Webex Cloud

What:

- Move transcoding to Webex Cloud. Add a new transcode engine, so document transcoding and preview creation is done in Cisco Cloud

Why:

- Adds tight security process so docs are not sent to 3rd party Cloud service
- Improves load-time and performance
- Better quality previews and support on larger screen Webex Boards



Document file types: .doc, .docx, .gif, .jpeg, .pdf, .png, .ppt, .pptx, .svg, .xls, and .xlsx

Maximum 150 pages and/or 200 MB file size

Customers can open support ticket to turn off transcoding for security reasons.

Integrations Management

What:

- Visibility of integrations available to customer's users.
- Visibility of adoption of integrations by their users.
- Capability to allow/deny specific integrations or change the org-wide policy

Why:

- Not all integrations and bots are same.
- Customers worry about unknown privileges to non-human accounts or integrations.
- Malware and data leak concerns through unknown/unverified 3rd party code.

The screenshot displays the Cisco Webex Control Hub Integrations management interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: Overview, Users, Places, Services, Devices, Analytics, Troubleshooting, and Settings. The main content area shows a table of integrations with columns for Integration Name, Access Status, and User Adoption. A red box highlights the 'Box' integration in the table. A modal window is open for 'Fake Integration 0', showing its details and configuration options. In the top right corner, a 'Global Access: Off' status is circled in red, and a 'Settings' button is visible. The 'User Adoption' column in the table has a red box around the values 54, 900, 9, and 81.

Integration Name	Access Status	User Adoption
Altocloud		
Bitbucket		
Box		
Caspersky		
Globex		
LexCorp		
Omni Consumer Products		500
Oracle		
Massive Dynamic Inc.		

Global Access: Off [Settings]

Fake Integration 0
Fake Contact Name 0

Integration Access: All users, Specific users

Access for Future Users:

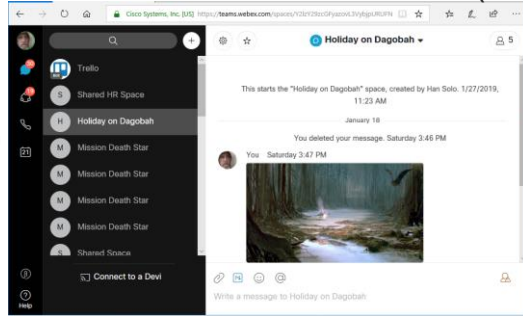
buuser2@identitylab11.ciscolabs.com x

buuser3@identitylab11.ciscolabs.com x

54, 900, 9, 81

Idle Timeouts

Webex Teams Web Client (Browser)



Idle Timeouts

Webex Teams Web Client Idle Timeout

Automatically log users out of an idle session. You can change the amount of time the client will remain idle until the user is logged out of their account.



To check whether users are connected to your organization's network, provide the URL of internal site that allows cross-origin-resource to share CORS with teams.webex.com.

Off network

30 minutes

In network

2 hours

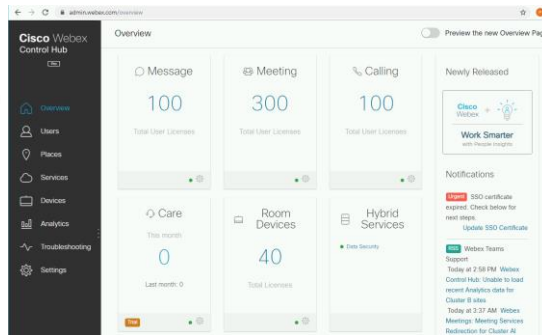
Webex Control Hub Idle Timeout

When enabled, users are automatically signed out of idle Webex Control Hub sessions. You determine the amount of time Webex Control Hub remains idle until users are signed out.

Control Hub timeout

12 hours

Webex Control Hub



Cisco Webex Teams Compliance

Enforce company policies



Comply
with legal
requests

Enforce
company
retention
policies

Integrate
with Existing
DLP,
Archival and
eDiscovery

eDiscovery Search
and Extraction

Flexible Retention
Policy Administration

Events
API

Compliance Solution Strategy



DLP



eDiscovery



Archival



Legal Hold



 Cisco Cloudlock

 McAfee
 Skyhigh

 actiance®
Now part of smarth

 paloalto

 globalRELAY.
(Cisco Advanced Services offering)

 VERINT
verba

 bitglass

 Microsoft

 Symantec

 netskope

 AGAT

 THETALAKE

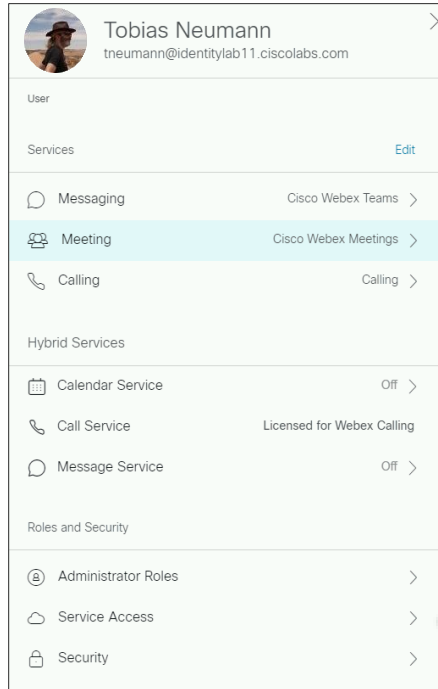


 CISCO



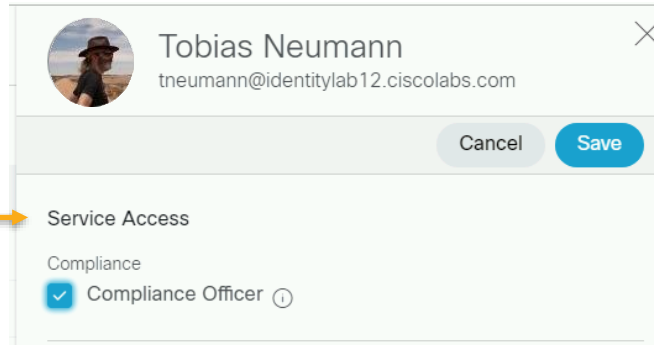
cisco *Live!*

Cisco Webex Compliance Officer Role



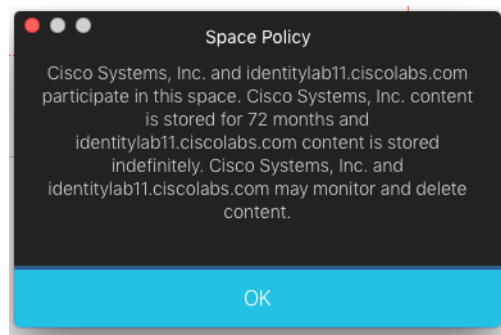
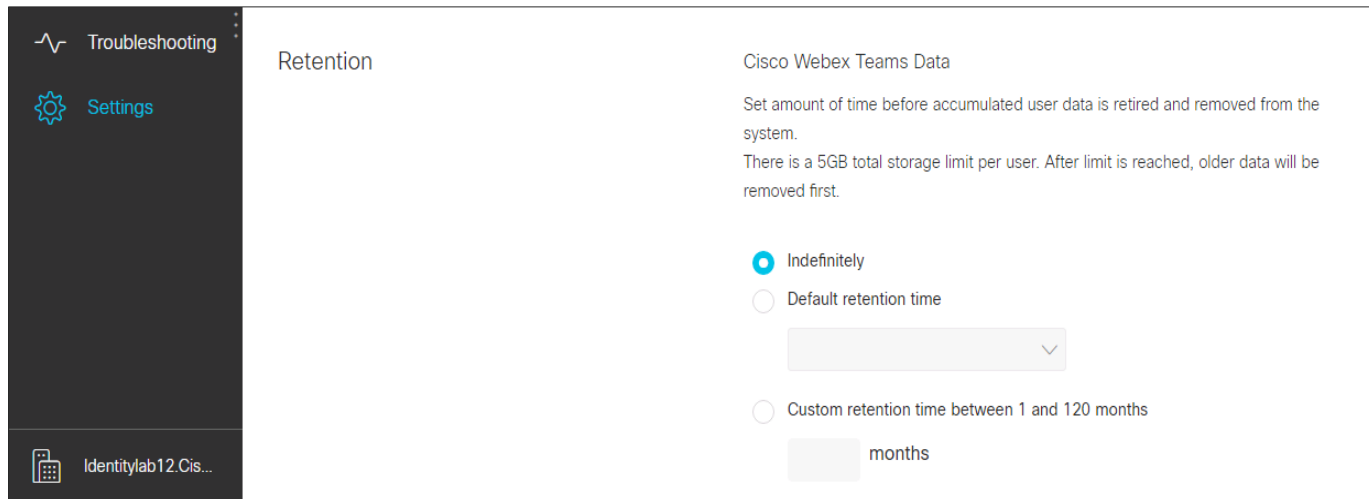
Full Administrator privileges required to assign Compliance Officer role

Full Administrator can not assign role to self



Retention Policies

- Purge
 - Activities
 - Messages
 - Files
- Default: Indefinite subject to storage limits
- Content irretrievable



Enterprise Compliance – eDiscovery Reports

eDiscovery reports console supports investigating DLP and other compliance events with speed and accuracy

- Meet HR, GRC & Legal compliance mandates
- Only authorized members of the legal, HR and GRC teams can investigate events
- Will allow to export report to eDiscovery products



eDiscovery Search and Extraction

Cisco Webex Alice Adams
Compliance Officer, ...

Search Legal Matters Reports

Search Compliance Data

Search
Choose to search for specific users or spaces. Add up to 5 users or spaces by separating with commas.

Email Address
e.g. johnsmith@email.com,
jansmith@email.com

Date Range
2018-12-25 to 2019-01-24

Where **Messages** contains

e.g. project, manager

Search

Extension of
Cisco Spark
Control Hub

Designed for
Compliance
Officer

Search on email ID,
space ID, keywords

*Webex Teams base offer
Any time period in Pro Pack for Cisco Webex Control Hub*



eDiscovery Information Console

Cisco Webex
eDiscovery Search and Extraction

[Search](#) [Legal Matters](#) [Reports](#)

[← Back to Search](#)

Search Info

Email Addresses

luke@identitylab12.ciscolabs.com

Date Range

2018/12/01 - 2019/01/27

Messages

N/A

Report Summary

Spaces	Messages	Files	Est. Report Size
20	33	3	92 KB

Generate Report

Enter report information to generate a report. Reports may take up to a few hours or more to generate.

Report Name

Description

Export Format

JSON

Generate Report

Generate JSON report,
EML in development

Notification after report
generation has completed.
This might take a little ...



Legal Hold

Compliance Officer can create Legal Hold Matter

- Content of users flagged for legal hold will be preserved
- Retention Policy does not apply for content under legal hold

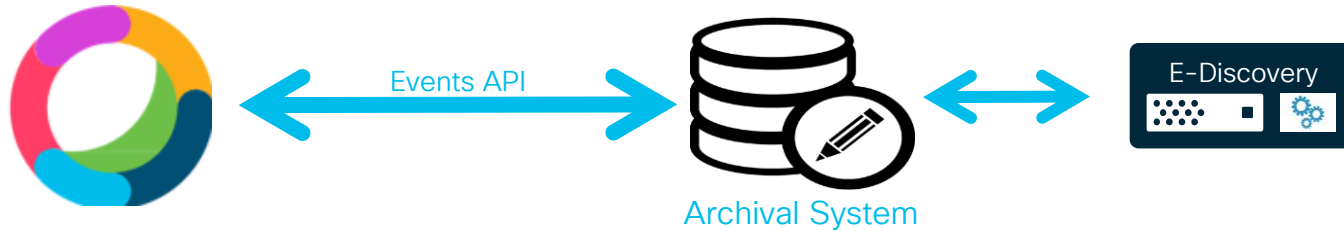
The screenshot displays the Cisco Webex interface. At the top, the user is identified as Alice Adams, Compliance Officer. The navigation bar includes 'Search', 'Legal Matters', and 'Reports'. A 'Create Matter' button is visible in the top right of the table area.

Matter Name	Date Crea...	Description	Created By	Custodi...	Date Released
Bad Luck	01/24/2019		Alice Adams	2	

The 'Create Matter' dialog box is open, showing the following fields and options:

- Name:** More Bad Luck
- Description (optional):** people that have really bad luck being investigated
- Add Custodians:** legal_hold.csv (with a 'Browse...' button)
- CSV format only.**
- Only a max number of 1100 custodians can be added at one time.** (with a [Download CSV Template](#) link)
- Buttons:** Cancel, Save

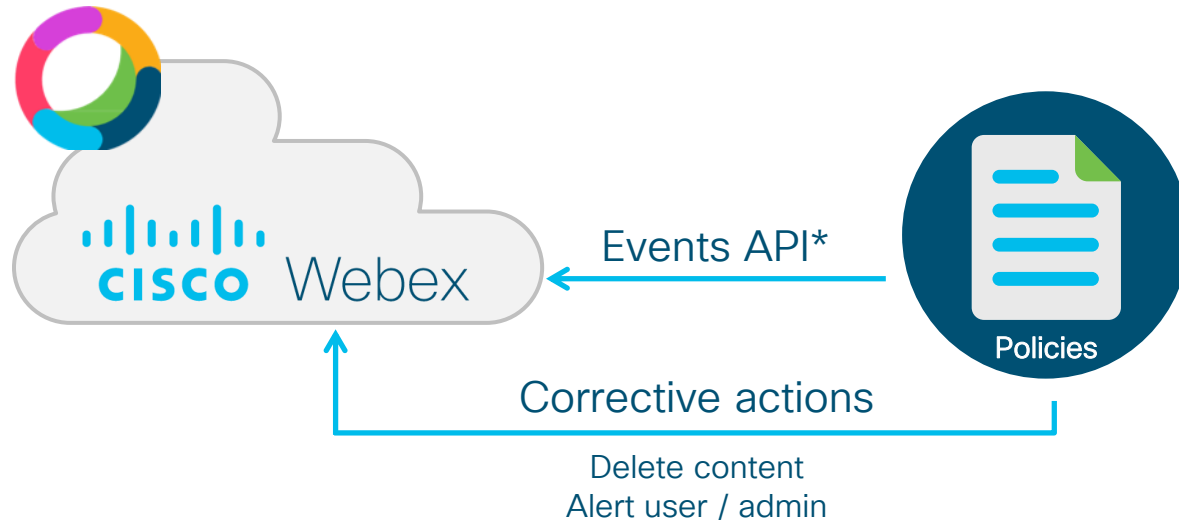
Archival Strategy



- **DIY:** Use favorite SI or self integrate Events API with Archival software
 - **Out-of-the-box Solution:** Integrations with Archival partners e.g. Actiance
 - **E2E Custom Solution:** Cisco Advanced Services software packages & services
- Benefits
 - Sophisticated eDiscovery
 - Legal Hold
 - Retention policies based on groups

Events API

for Data Loss Prevention, Archival, eDiscovery



Integrations

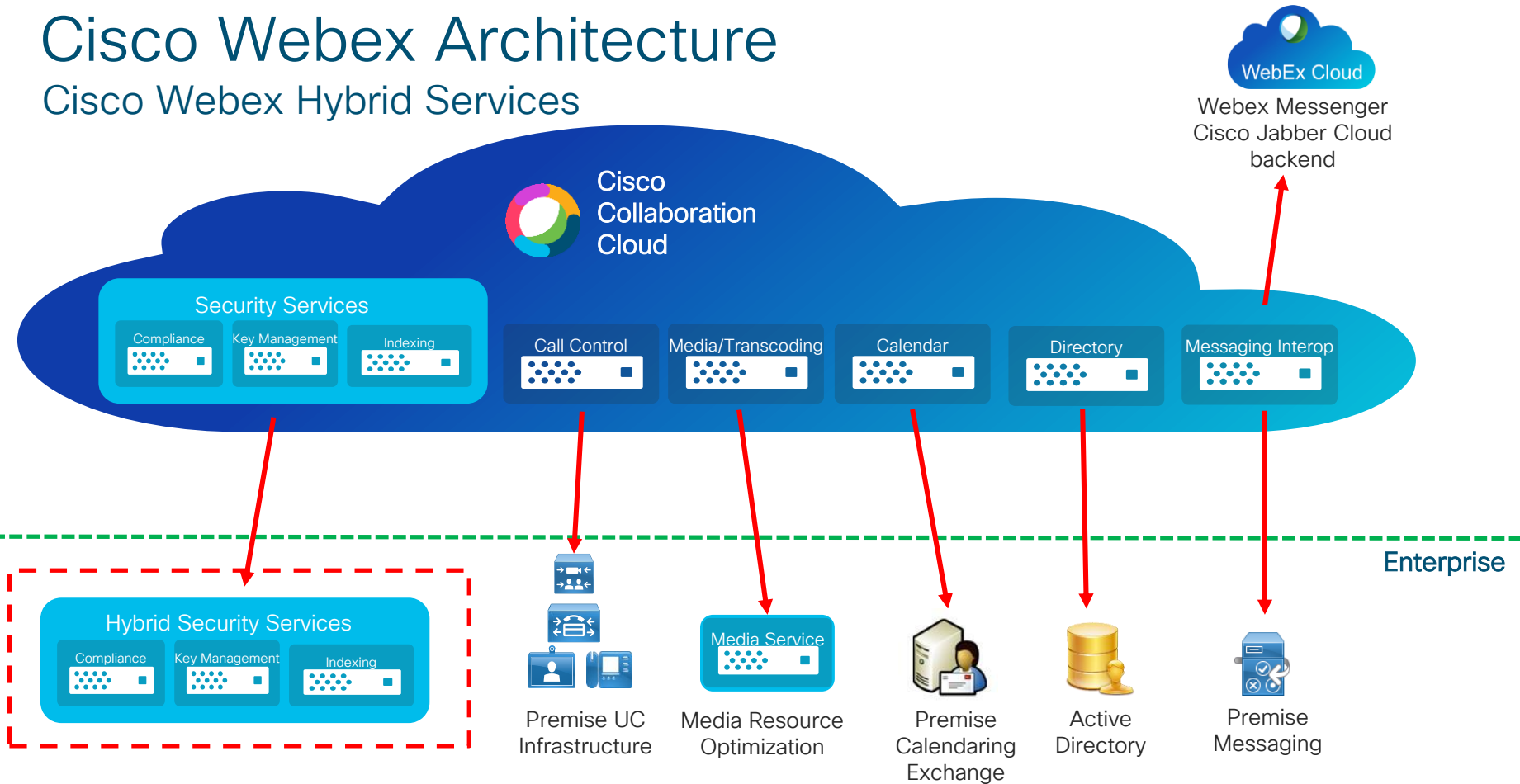
- Cisco Cloudlock
- globalRELAY.
- actiance**[®]
- Symantec
- Skyhigh

*API enables polling for events and content that enables organizations to monitor and correct user behavior, preventing the loss of sensitive data

Hybrid Data Security Functionality and Architecture

Cisco Webex Architecture

Cisco Webex Hybrid Services

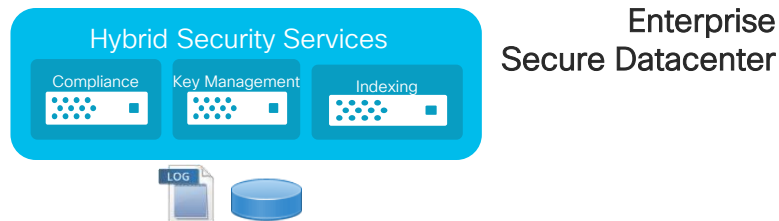


Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security



Advantages of Cisco Hybrid Data Security

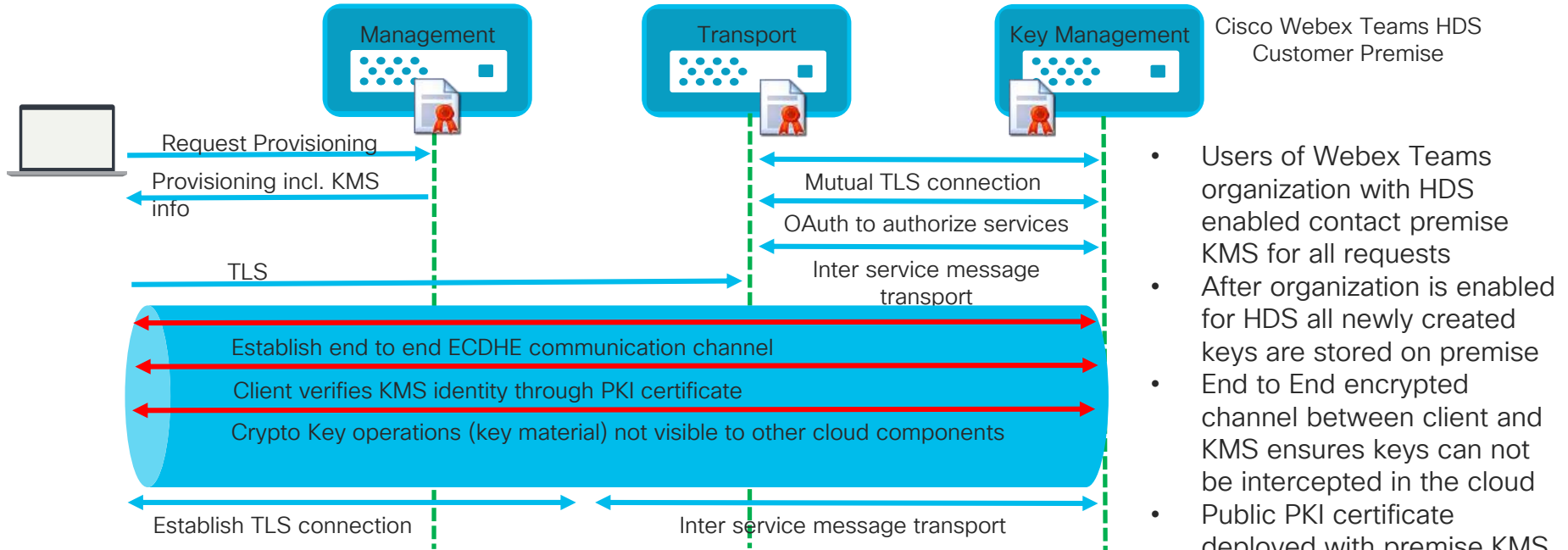
- Key Management (KMS) owned by customer on premise
 - Customer key material stored on premise in customer provided database
 - Detailed on premise logging and transparency on access to key material
 - Functions that require access to clear text information (Indexing, Compliance) operated on premise as part of HDS
 - KMS Federation for secure business to business communication
-
- Operations and availability of HDS components and associated database **crucial customer responsibility**
 - Backup / Disaster recovery procedures for HDS components and database required
 - No plan B – if key database is lost no access to encrypted data in Cisco Webex Teams Cloud



CISCO *Live!*

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security Architecture

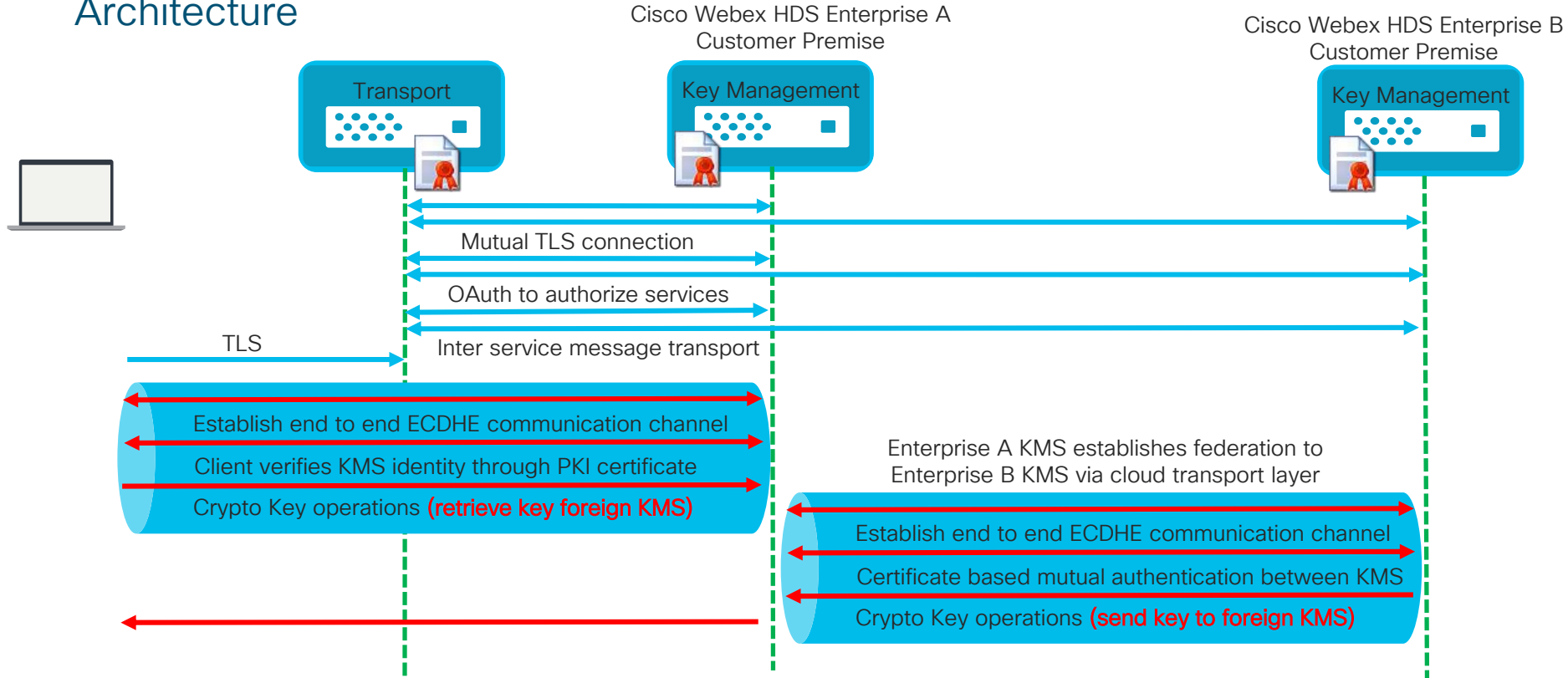
Architecture



- Users of Webex Teams organization with HDS enabled contact premise KMS for all requests
- After organization is enabled for HDS all newly created keys are stored on premise
- End to End encrypted channel between client and KMS ensures keys can not be intercepted in the cloud
- Public PKI certificate deployed with premise KMS validates identity and protects E2E communication from MITM attacks

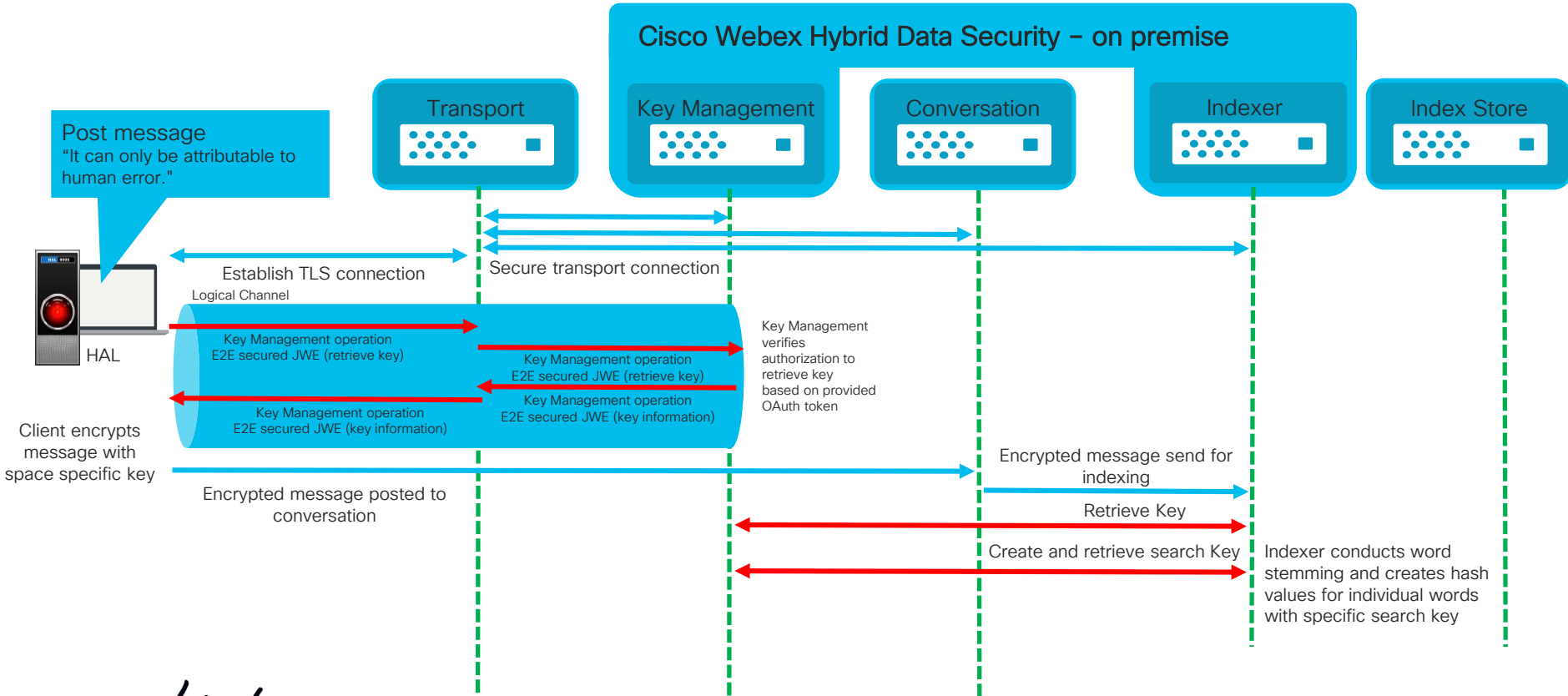
Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security Architecture

Architecture

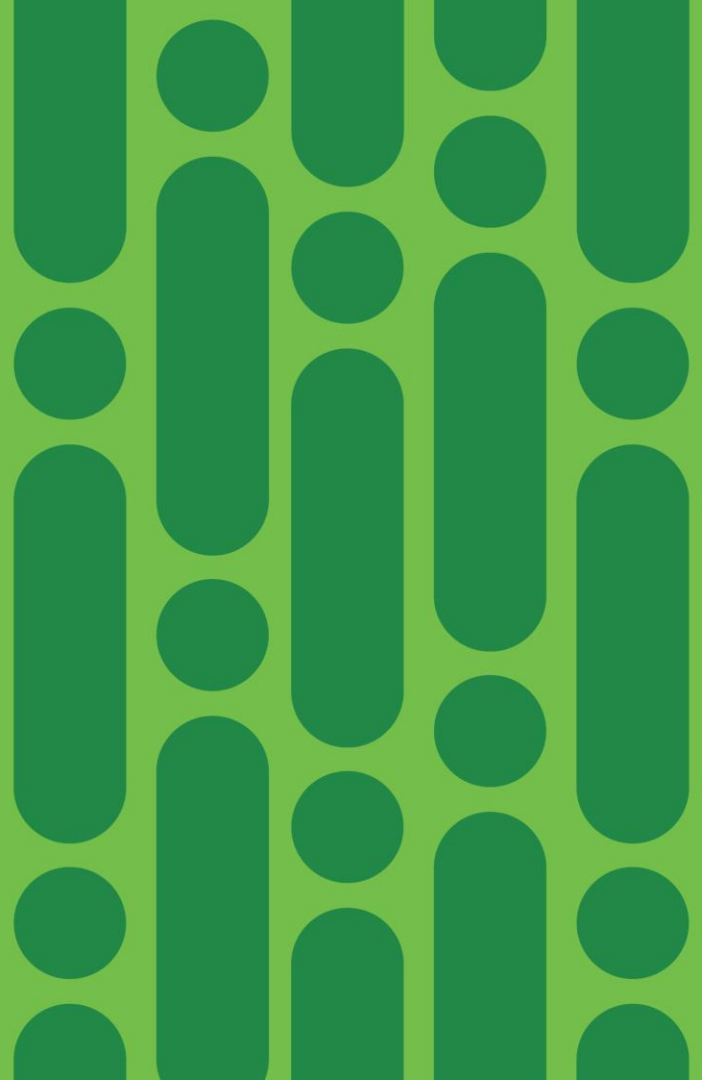


Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

End to End Secure Communication – How to search?



Cisco Webex Pro Pack Hybrid Data Security Deployment and Configuration



Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security



Deployment and Configuration

Cisco provided components requirements:

- Cisco HDS is provided as VMware OVA template download from Cisco Webex Control Hub
 - VMware requirements:
 - ✓ VMware 6.0 or higher
 - ✓ 4 vCPUs, 8 GB main memory, 50 GB local disk space
- Minimum 2 HDS virtual machines required recommendation 3, maximum 5
- Cisco Webex HDS Configuration Tool
 - Docker container to create virtual ISO file that holds HDS configuration information, Windows Professional/Enterprise or Mac OS-X 10.10.3 > workstation with Docker installed

Cisco HDS network requirements:

- Outbound direct access HTTPS and WSS
 - *.wbx2.com
 - idbroker.webex.com
 - Identity.webex.com
 - Index.docker.io
- Proxy supported

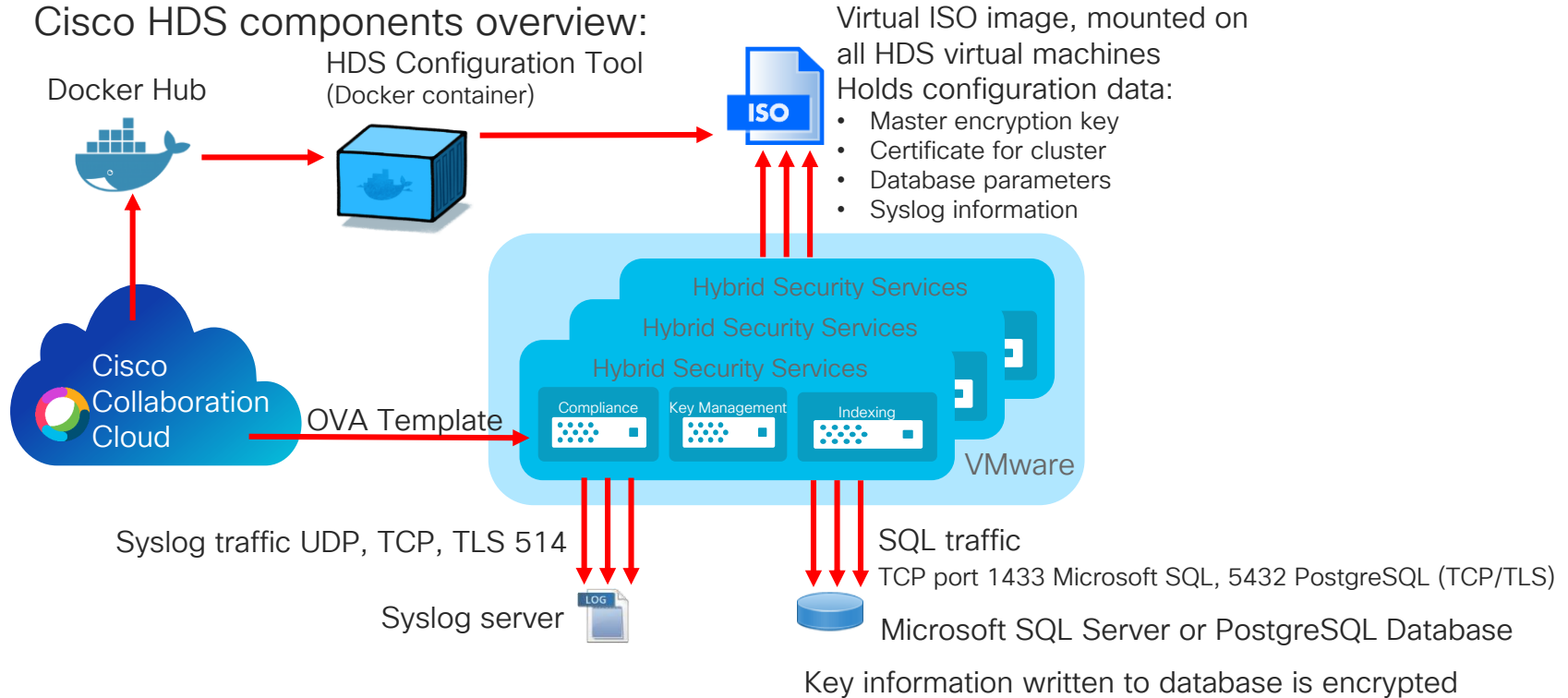
Customer provided components requirements:

- X.509 Public Certificate
 - Signed by certificate authority on the Mozilla trust list <https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:IncludedCAs> (Except WoSign & StartCom)
 - No SHA1 signature
 - Formatted as password-protected PKCS #12
 - Friendly Name kms-private-key
- **Microsoft SQL Server 2016 or later**
 - Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Enterprise
 - Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Standard
- PostgreSQL 9.6 or later database
 - Recommended resource configuration:
 - Minimum 8 vCPUs, 16 GB main memory, adequate disk space (i.e. 2 TB for long term operations without the need to increase storage configuration)
- Syslog Destination (UDP, TCP, TLS)
 - Minimum generic syslog server (i.e. running on Linux host)
 - Recommended to utilize advanced logging infrastructure for increased visibility, notification, dashboards & alarms.

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Cisco HDS components overview:



Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration



Microsoft SQL Install & Configuration example:

Hybrid Data Security now supports Microsoft SQL Server as a database. SQL Server Always On (Always On Failover Clusters and Always on Availability Groups) is supported by the JDBC drivers that are used in Hybrid Data Security. Added content related to deploying with SQL Server.

SQL Server Windows Failover Cluster

The screenshot shows the Failover Cluster Manager interface for a cluster named 'mssqlcluster01.dcloud.cisco'. The 'Roles (2)' table lists the following roles:

Name	Status	Type	Owner Node	Priority
mssqlavg01	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium
SQL Server (SQL01)	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium

The 'SQL Server (SQL01)' role is expanded to show details for the 'SQL Server (SQL01)' resource, including its name, IP address (198.18.134.151), and other resources like SQL Server Agent (SQL01) and SQL Server CEIP (SQL01).

SQL Server Always On Av. Group

The screenshot shows the configuration for an Availability Group named 'mssqlavg02'. The 'Roles (3)' table lists the following roles:

Name	Status	Type	Owner Node	Priority
mssqlavg01	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium
mssqlavg02	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium
SQL Server (SQL01)	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium

The 'mssqlavg02' role is expanded to show details for the 'MSSQL2\SQL10 (SQL Server 13.0.4001.0 - DCLOUD\ad...' resource, including its name, IP address (198.18.134.156), and other resources like Availability Replicas, Availability Databases, and Availability Group Listeners.

Deployment

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node address, DNS, NTP
- Run HDS on Tool
- Configuration virtual machine data store
- Trial from

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration



Microsoft SQL Install & Configuration example:

Hybrid Data Security now supports Microsoft SQL Server as a database. SQL Server Always On (Always On Failover Clusters and Always on Availability Groups) is supported by the JDBC drivers that are used in Hybrid Data Security. Added content related to deploying with SQL Server.

SQL Server Windows Failover Cluster

Name	Status	Type	Owner Node	Priority
mssqlavg01	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium
SQL Server (SQL01)	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium

Below the table, the configuration for SQL Server (SQL01) is shown, including the Server Name (MSSQLCLUSTER02), IP Address (198.18.134.151), and other resources like SQL Server Agent (SQL01).

SQL Server Always On Av. Group

Name	Status	Type	Owner Node	Priority
mssqlavg01	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium
mssqlavg02	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium
SQL Server (SQL01)	Running	Other	mssql1	Medium

Below the table, the configuration for mssqlavg02 is shown, including the Server Name (mssqlavg02) and IP Address (198.18.134.156). A tree view on the right shows the configuration hierarchy for MSSQL2\SQL10, including Availability Groups and Availability Replicas.

Deployment

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node

Address, DNS, NTP
run HDS
on Tool
configuration virtual
ware data store
trial from

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration



PostgreSQL Install & Configuration example (Linux):

Add repository to host

```
yum -y install https://yum.postgresql.org/9.6/redhat/rhel-7-x86\_64/pgdg-redhat96-9.6-3.noarch.rpm
```

Install dependencies

```
yum -y install postgresql96-server postgresql-contrib
```

Initialize PostgreSQL database

```
/usr/pgsql-9.6/bin/postgresql96-setup initdb
```

Setup PostgreSQL database to automatically start on boot

```
systemctl start postgresql-9.6  
systemctl enable postgresql-9.6
```

Create database and db user for HDS

```
CREATE USER hdsuser WITH PASSWORD '<password>';  
CREATE DATABASE hdsdb OWNER hdsuser;  
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE hdsdb to hdsuser;  
ALTER ROLE hdsuser WITH SUPERUSER;
```

Edit PostgreSQL `/var/lib/pgsql/9.6/data/pg_hba.conf` configuration file

```
# IPv4 local network connection for HDS nodes:  
host all all <IP subnet or address of HDS nodes> (i.e. 192.168.0.0/24)
```

Edit PostgreSQL `/var/lib/pgsql/9.6/data/postgresql.conf` configuration file

```
listener_addresses = '*'  
port = 5432
```

Restart PostgreSQL

```
service postgresql-9.6 restart
```

Check status of PostgreSQL

```
systemctl status postgresql-9.6.service
```

Deployment flow

- **Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog**
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration



Optional install PostgreSQL Admin (web based management):

```
Install HTTP server
yum -y install httpd

Setup HTTP server to automatically start on boot
systemctl start httpd
systemctl enable httpd

Install PHP and required components
yum -y install php php-pgsql

Install PostgreSQL Admin
yum -y install phpPgAdmin

Configure PostgreSQL Admin /etc/httpd/conf.d/phpPgAdmin.conf
Require all granted
Allow from all (for production deployment this should be reviewed)

Configure PostgreSQL Admin /etc/phpPgAdmin/config.inc.php
$config['servers'][0]['desc'] = 'PostgreSQL Server'
$config['servers'][0]['host'] = '<fqdn of postgresql server>'
$config['servers'][0]['port'] = 5432
$config['servers'][0]['sslmode'] = 'allow'

Restart PostgreSQL server
systemctl restart postgresql-9.6.service

Restart HTTP server
systemctl restart httpd.service
```

Database is available
Tables will be created by
HDS nodes

phpPgAdmin 5.1

phpPgAdmin:

Login to postgres1

Username: hdsuser

Password: [masked]

Login

PostgreSQL 9.6.4 running on postgres1.dcloud.cisco.com:5432 -- You are logged in as us

Database	Owner	Encoding	Collation	Character Type	Tablespace	Size
hdsdb	hdsuser	UTF8	en_US.UTF-8	en_US.UTF-8	pg_default	7233 kB
postgres	postgres	UTF8	en_US.UTF-8	en_US.UTF-8	pg_default	7233 kB

Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex

Mware

ode

, DNS, NTP
DS

)
tion virtual
ata store

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Generic Syslog Install & Configure

Install Syslog server (on some Linux distributions this might be installed by default)

```
yum -y install rsyslog
```

Configure Syslog /etc/rsyslog.conf

```
# Provides UDP syslog reception
$ModLoad imudp
$UDPServerRun 514
# Provides TCP syslog reception
$ModLoad imtcp
$TCPServerRun 514
```

Restart Syslog server

```
Systemctl restart rsyslog.service
```

Verify Syslog server

```
netstat -antup | grep 514
```

```
[root@syslog ~]# netstat -antup | grep 514
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:514          0.0.0.0:*
1028/rsyslogd
tcp6       0      0 :::514              :::*
1028/rsyslogd
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:514          0.0.0.0:*
1028/rsyslogd
udp6       0      0 :::514              :::*
1028/rsyslogd
[root@syslog ~]#
```

Support for Syslog over TLS

- Cisco HDS allow Syslog transport over TLS
- TLS connection to Syslog server encrypted not verified
- Pending enhancement for specific Syslog servers implementation, support different line termination (CR, LF or CR/LF)

System Logs

Your Hybrid Data Security nodes need to be able to reach your Syslog server using the details below.

Syslog URL

tcp://syslog.dcloud.cisco.com:515

Is your syslog server configured for SSL encryption?

Back

Continue

Log out

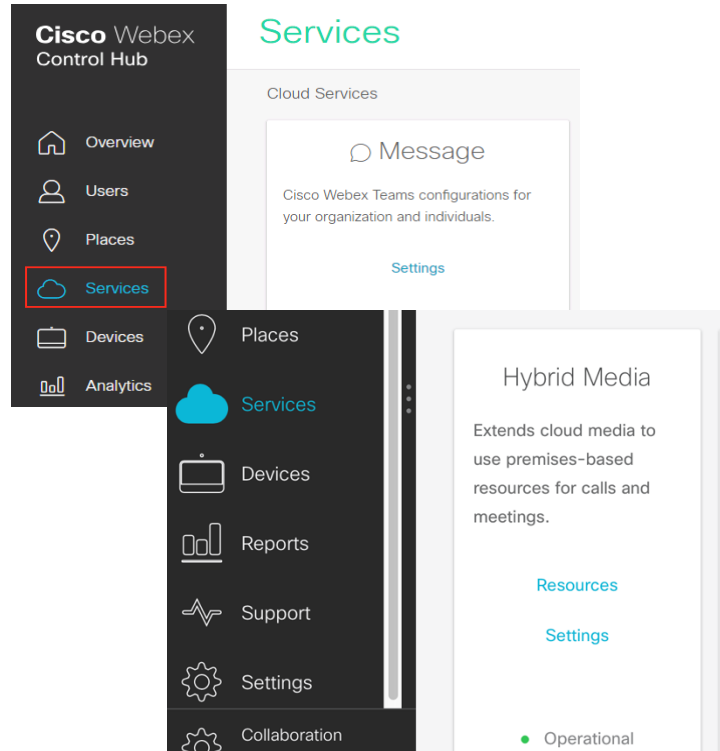
Deployment flow

- **Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog**
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

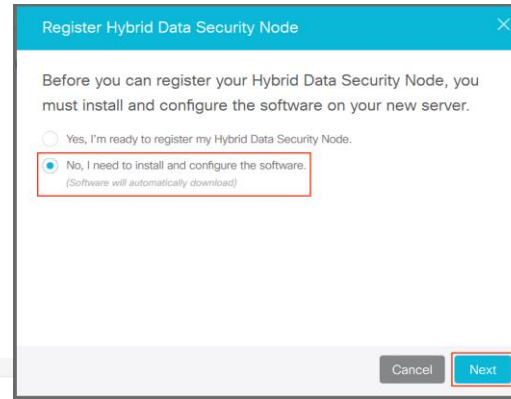
Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Download OVA from Webex Control Hub



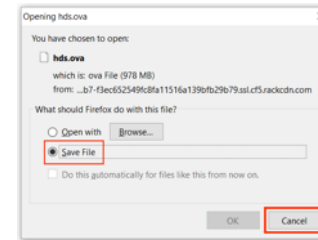
The screenshot shows the Cisco Webex Control Hub interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with icons for Overview, Users, Places, Services (highlighted with a red box), Devices, Analytics, Places, Services (highlighted with a blue box), Devices, Reports, Support, Settings, and Collaboration. The main content area is titled 'Services' and contains a 'Cloud Services' section with a 'Message' card and a 'Settings' link. Below that is a 'Hybrid Media' section with a description: 'Extends cloud media to use premises-based resources for calls and meetings.' and links for 'Resources' and 'Settings'. At the bottom, there is a status indicator 'Operational'.



The dialog box is titled 'Register Hybrid Data Security Node'. It contains the text: 'Before you can register your Hybrid Data Security Node, you must install and configure the software on your new server.' There are two radio button options: 'Yes, I'm ready to register my Hybrid Data Security Node.' and 'No, I need to install and configure the software. (Software will automatically download)'. The second option is selected and highlighted with a red box. At the bottom right, there are 'Cancel' and 'Next' buttons, with 'Next' highlighted by a red box.



The card is titled 'Hybrid Data Security Pro'. It features a 'Pro' badge in a blue box. The text reads: 'Manage your encryption keys and other security services on-premises.' At the bottom, there is a large blue 'Set up' button highlighted with a red box.



The dialog box is titled 'Opening hds.ova'. It says: 'You have chosen to open: hds.ova which is: ova File (978 MB) from: ...b7-f3ec6525496c8fa11516a1390fb29b79.asi.cfs.jackcdn.com'. It asks 'What should Firefox do with this file?' and has three options: 'Open with Browse...', 'Save File' (highlighted with a red box), and 'Do this automatically for files like this from now on.'. At the bottom right, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons, with 'Cancel' highlighted by a red box.

Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- **Download OVA from Webex Control Hub**
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Deploy OVA on VMware 6.0+ infrastructure

Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- **Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure**
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Unload Configuration virtual

Follow the VMware wizard:

- Enter VM machine name
- Select configuration (for production 4 CPU)
- Select VMware datastore for VM
- Setup Network
- Configure Network Parameter

Name	Capacity	Free
datastore1	72.5 GB	71.55 GB

Product	HybridDataNode
VM Name	hds01
Files	mfusion_2019.08.16.443_DEV-disk1.vmdk
Datastore	datastore1
Provisioning type	Thin
Network mappings	VM Network: VM Network
Guest OS Name	Unknown
Profile	This deployment will need 2 vCPUs, 4 GB RAM
Properties	Click to expand

Do not refresh your browser while this VM is being deployed.

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration



Deploy OVA on VMware 5.5 infrastructure – **End of Support**

Follow the VMware wizard:
Enter VM machine name
Select configuration (for production 4 CPU)
Select VMware datastore for VM
Setup Network

OVF Template Details
Verify OVF template details.

Product:	HybridDataNode_2017.07.12.271
Version:	
Vendor:	
Publisher:	ciscosparkhybrid.cisco.com
Download size:	978.2 MB
Size on disk:	2.6 GB (thin provisioned) 20.0 GB (thick provisioned)

Deployment Completed Successfully
Deploying hds01
Completed Successfully

Deployment flow

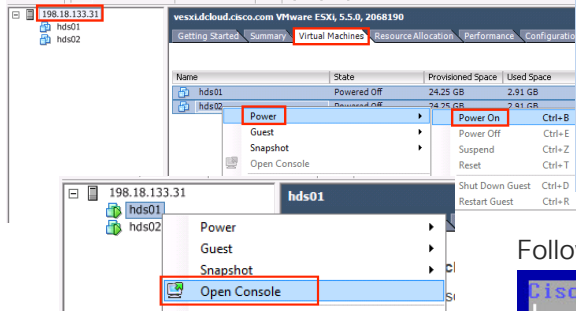
- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- **Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure**
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Configure HDS Node

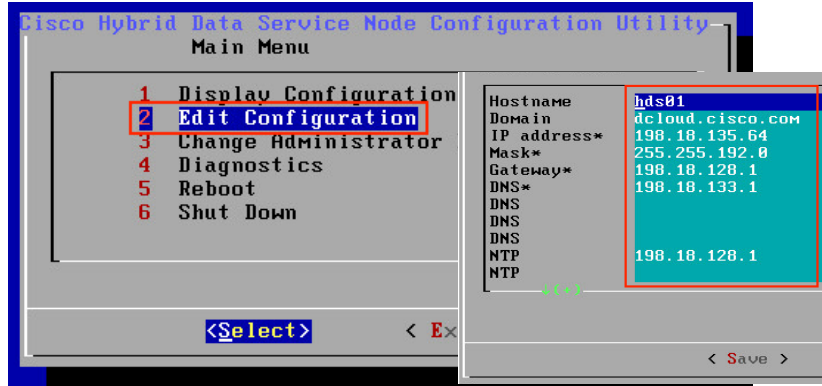
Power On HDS virtual machines



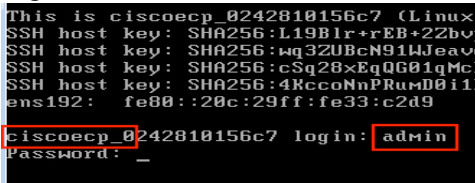
Follow dialog to change default password



Follow on screen menu to configure basic network parameter



Wait for prompt to show cisco_ecp, logon with admin/cisco



Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- **Configure HDS Node** hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

Only required if OVA Network configuration is not utilized



Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Deploy and run HDS configuration tool

Install Docker on your admin workstation

Login Docker Hub to access Cisco Webex HDS Configuration Tool container

```
docker login -u Sparkhdsreadonly -p AtAideExertAddisDatumFlame
```

Pull Docker container

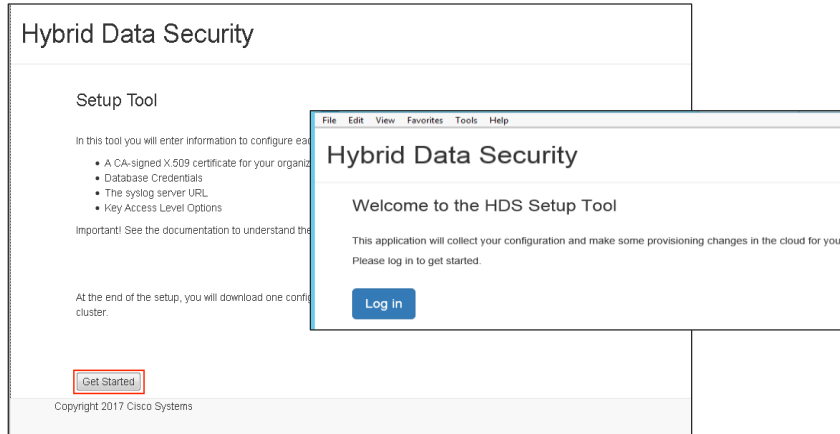
```
docker pull ciscoSparkhds/hds-setup:stable
```

make sure to repeat this step before updating ISO to always have latest version of configuration tool

Run Docker container

```
docker run -p 8080:8080 --rm -it --name ciscohds ciscoSparkhds/hds-setup:stable
```

Open browser and navigate to <http://127.0.0.1:8080>



Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- **Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool**
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Run HDS configuration tool

For updating an existing ISO file it MUST be selected here! NOT DOING SO WILL

Database Credentials
Your Hybrid Data Security nodes must be able to read...
Enter the name of a database that you have created for...
When testing database credentials, a failure to connect...
Database Type
SQL Server
Postgres
SQL Server

System Logs
Your Hybrid Data Security nodes need to be able to read...
Syslog URL
tcp://syslog.dcloud.cisco.com:515
Is your syslog server configured for SSL encryption?
[Back] [Continue]

Hybrid Data Security
Key Access Level Options
Choose the level of key sharing with different organizations
Do not share your organization's keys with any cloud services or machine (non-human)
 Minimal Key Access (Coming Soon)
 Machine Account and Select Cloud Access
Share your organization's keys with machine accounts from other organizations and...

Reset Service Account Passwords
You must periodically reset the service account passwords on all HDS nodes...
[Soft Reset Now]
• You can use this option if you've run the Setup Tool using the latest...
• Current passwords still work for the next 10 days. You **must** deploy...
[Hard Reset Now]
• Current passwords stop working now. You **must** deploy the new ISO...
[Back] [Continue]

Hybrid Data Security
Database Credentials
Your Hybrid Data Security nodes must be able to read...
Enter the name of a database that you have created for...
When testing database credentials, a failure to connect...
Database Type
Postgres
Host:Port
postgres@revip01.sparkhds.com:5432
Database Name
hdsdb01
Username
hdsuser01
Password
[Back] [Continue] [Test Database Credentials]

Hybrid Data Security
Database Credentials
Your Hybrid Data Security nodes must be able to read...
Enter the name of a database that you have created for...
When testing database credentials, a failure to connect...
Database Type
SQL Server
Host:Port
mssqlcluster01.sparkhds.com:1433
Database Name
hdsdb01
Username
hdsuser01
Password
[Back] [Continue] [Test Database Credentials]

Hybrid Data Security
Download and Mount ISO file
Next Steps:
• Back up the ISO to a secure location
• Mount it on the prepared VM nodes for your cluster
• Register the nodes in Cloud Collaboration Management.
• See instructions for next steps in the Hybrid Data Security Deployment Guide
[Back] [Download ISO]

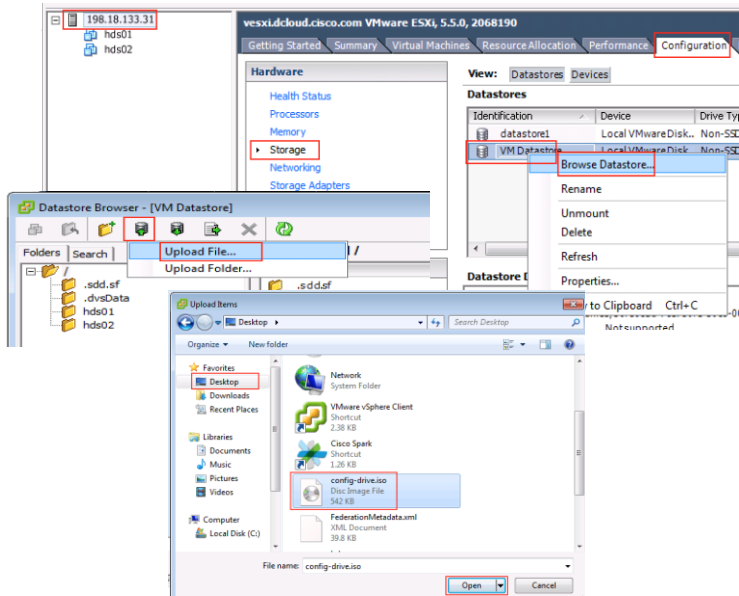
Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- **Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool**
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

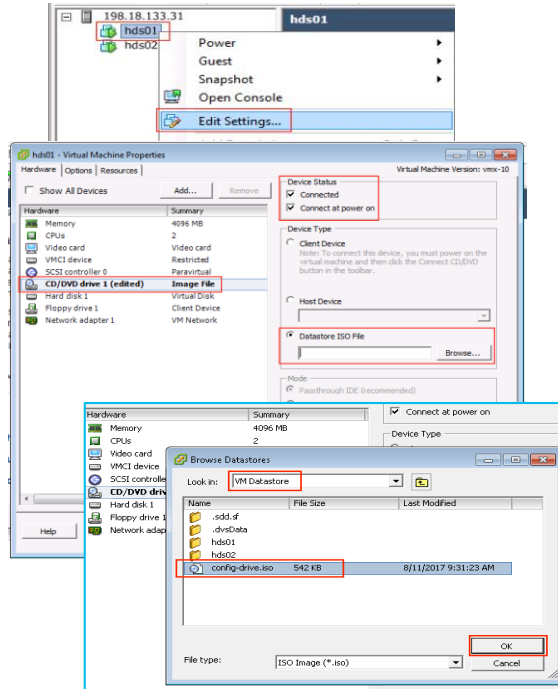
Deployment and Configuration

Upload virtual ISO to VMware data



The virtual ISO file hold “the keys to the kingdom”. Make sure only authorized individuals have access to the data store and ensure a backup of the file in a secure place!

Mount virtual ISO in HDS virtual machine



Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
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Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Register HDS nodes to the cloud

Cisco Webex Control Hub

Services

Hybrid Data Security

Manage your encryption keys and other security services on-premise.

Register Hybrid Data Security Node

Before you can register your Hybrid Data Security Node you must install and configure the software on your new server.

Yes, I'm ready to register my Hybrid Data Security Node.

 No, I need to install and configure the software. (Software will automatically download.)

Set up

Register Hybrid Data Security Node

Assign your Hybrid Data Security Node to a cluster and enter the FQDN or IP address.

Create a new or select an existing Hybrid Data Security Cluster where you want to add the Hybrid Data Security Node.

Enter the FQDN or IP address of the Hybrid Data Security Node that you want to register with the Cisco Collaboration Cloud.

Data Security deployment is limited by country. [Check to see whether your country is supported.](#)

Cancel **Next**

Hybrid Security Node

Redirecting to the Cloud

CISCO

Hybrid Data Security Node

Allow Access to Hybrid Data Security Node

Permissions are required to allow your Cisco Spark organization to create, read, update, and delete user accounts, as well as read and update information about your organization.

Organization
cb134.de-03.com

FQDN or IP Address
hds01.dcloud.cisco.com

Allow Access to the Hybrid Data Security Node
Only allow access to hosts you know and trust

Register Hybrid Data Security Node

You may now register your Hybrid Data Security Node to the Cisco Collaboration Cloud.

Node IP Address/FQDN: hds01.dcloud.cisco.com
Cluster: HDS DC SJC

▲ Go to your Hybrid Data Security Node within one hour to finish registration. After one hour you will need to start the process again.

Back **Go to Node**

Hybrid Security Node

Registration Complete

Your node is registered to the Cisco Collaboration Cloud and ready for use in your organization.

To manage your node, go to:
[Cisco Cloud Collaboration Management](#)

CISCO

Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure
 - Database & Syslog
 - Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
 - Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
 - Configure HDS Node name, IP address, DNS, NTP
 - Deploy and run HDS

virtual store trial from

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Active HDS trial from Control Hub

Hybrid Data Security

Manage your encryption keys and other security services on-premises.

Resources

Settings

Operational

Service Status

Start Trial

You are nearly ready to start using Hybrid Data Security. Simply add the necessary resources here and after you start the trial, add some users.

Registered Nodes
2 (3 to 5 suggested) Add Resource

Start Trial

General

Email Notifications

Add email addresses to receive email notifications about service impacting alarms and software upgrades.

Add email addresses

Add Users to Trial Mode

Add Users

Enter the email addresses of the users that will initially test using the Hybrid Data Security Service for encryption keys and other security realm features.

aperez@cb134.dc-03.com | knelby@cb134.dc-03.com

Email addresses

For example: john.doe@example.com

Add Users

Service Status

Trial Mode

Trial Domain: hds.cb134.dc-03.com

Production Domain: Spark Default KMS

Add users and start using Hybrid Data Security

Registered Nodes
2 (3 to 5 suggested) Add Resource

Users
2 Add Users or View and Edit Users.

Optional: if an organization is using Directory Connector. Create a Active Directory group called “HdsTrialGroup” and add users to the group that should participate in the trial.

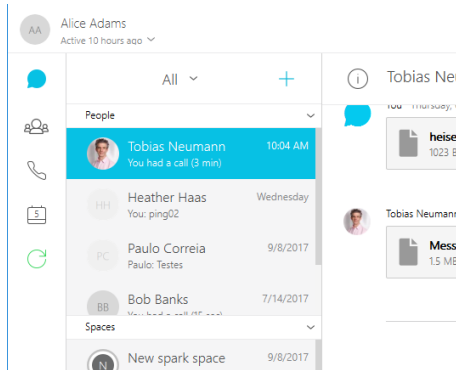
Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
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- **Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub**
- Test environment
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Test the environment



1. With a user enabled for HDS logon to Spark
2. Create a new space with one or multiple users and send some messages
3. Check your syslog for KMS messages

Example bellow shows KMS:REQUESTS send to local HDS node hds02.dcloud.com. In the example a new KMS is being created by request of a userID represented by UUID. Last line of the log file shows a key being retrieved.

```
Sep 12 14:20:43 hds02.dcloud.cisco.com kms: 2017-09-12 18:20:43.986 (+0000) INFO KMS [pool-10-thread-29] - [KMS:REQUEST] (id:16) received, requestId: a153379c-a9aa-4ab6-a9a6-e38bf665955c, deviceId: https://wdm-a.wbx2.com/wdm/api/v1/devices/00433818-1035-4f50-a037-2bc6fc9cb915, method: create, type: KEY_COLLECTION, URI: /keys, userId: e6efdfc1-f55c-4d12-a2d1-1158e35a59f8, ecdheKid: kms://hds.cb152.dc-03.com/ecdhe/8a2791fc-12e9-4e00-9aef-a159e1b916ed (EncryptionKmsMessageHandler.java:215)
Sep 12 14:20:47 hds01.dcloud.cisco.com kms: 2017-09-12 18:20:47.730 (+0000) INFO KMS [pool-11-thread-25] - [KMS:REQUEST] (id:3bfff31b0-85aa-4971-b84f-668155948e6c) received, requestId: fd74a6a9-d797-48cd-b4ed-6d3a666bfa6b, deviceId: https://wdm-a.wbx2.com/wdm/api/v1/devices/00433818-1035-4f50-a037-2bc6fc9cb915, method: create, type: RESOURCE_COLLECTION, URI: /resources, userId: e6efdfc1-f55c-4d12-a2d1-1158e35a59f8, ecdheKid: kms://hds.cb152.dc-03.com/ecdhe/8a2791fc-12e9-4e00-9aef-a159e1b916ed (EncryptionKmsMessageHandler.java:215)
Sep 12 14:20:51 hds01.dcloud.cisco.com kms: 2017-09-12 18:20:51.241 (+0000) INFO KMS [pool-10-thread-29] - [KMS:REQUEST] (id:16) received, requestId: 02ca0998-5d09-47dd-afe6-6edb64d43590, deviceId: https://wdm-a.wbx2.com/wdm/api/v1/devices/00433818-1035-4f50-a037-2bc6fc9cb915, method: retrieve, type: KEY, URI: kms://hds.cb152.dc-03.com/keys/9ec2471b-3e23-4d79-b1c6-31b064c2b906, userId: e6efdfc1-f55c-4d12-a2d1-1158e35a59f8, ecdheKid: kms://hds.cb152.dc-03.com/ecdhe/8a2791fc-12e9-4e00-9aef-a159e1b916ed (EncryptionKmsMessageHandler.java:215)
[root@syslog log]#
```

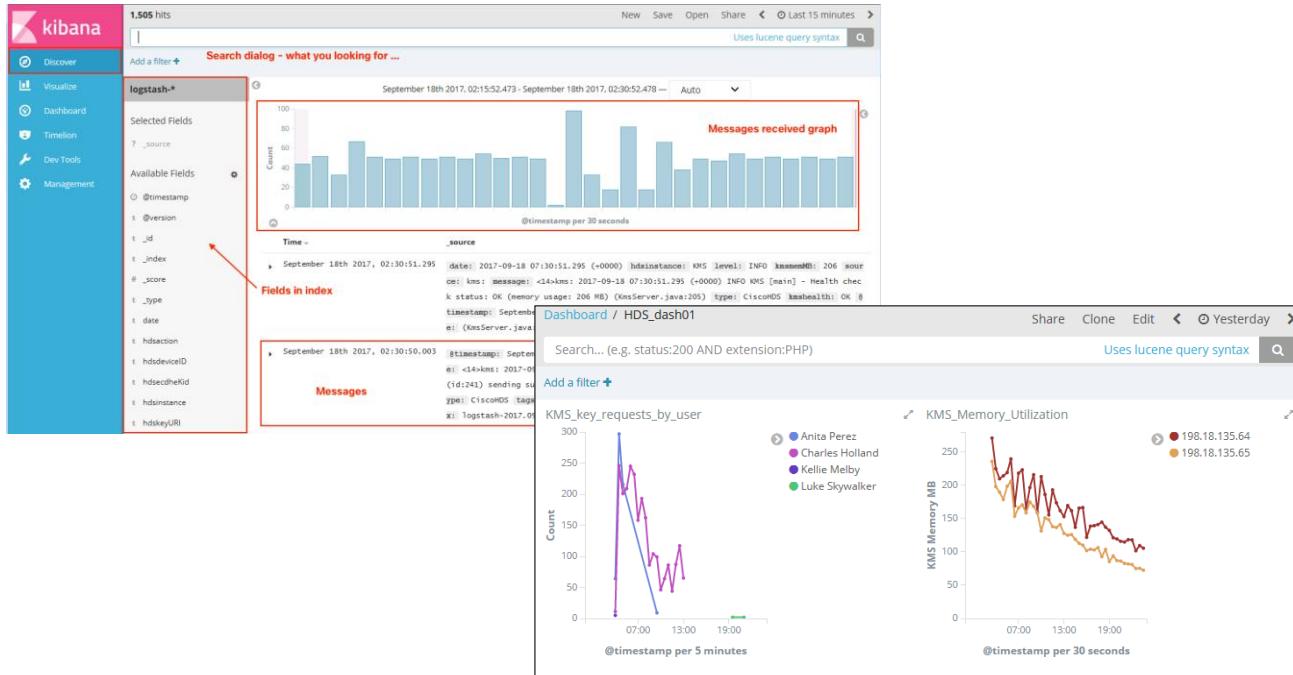
Deployment flow

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- **Test environment**
- Move to production

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Test the environment (example of utilizing extended logging facility)



Deployment flow

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Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Before moving to production keep the following important things in mind:

- Key migration is not supported today with Cisco Webex HDS
 - Existing keys on KMS in the Cisco Cloud can not be migrated to HDS
 - Once HDS is deployed and in production keys can not be migrated back to the cloud
- Content preview does expose keys to the cloud
 - Cisco is currently using a 3rd party service to create preview pictures from files uploaded into Webex. As the 3rd party service needs to have access to unencrypted content keys need to be shared. Cisco plans to allow this functionality to be turned off for customers that want to limit the exposure. Mid to long term a rendering service could be envisioned as part of HDS deployment to move the creation of previews to customer premise (not committed subject to change).
- Cisco HDS nodes must be deployed in a single datacenter
- PostgreSQL database must be deployed in same datacenter as HDS nodes
- Limited high availability for PostgreSQL database and Cisco HDS

Deployment flow

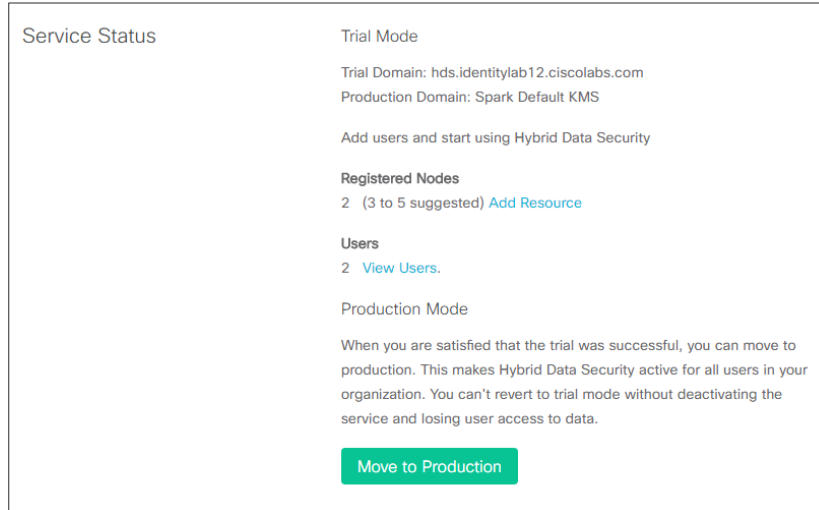
- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- **Move to production**

Cisco Webex Pro Pack – Hybrid Data Security

Deployment and Configuration

Move to production

After successful trial of the HDS functionality and careful review of the considerations from the previous slide customer can move their Cisco Spark organization to production with HDS. This will enable the functionality for all users.



The screenshot displays the 'Service Status' page for Hybrid Data Security. It is currently in 'Trial Mode'. The trial domain is 'hds.identitylab12.ciscolabs.com' and the production domain is 'Spark Default KMS'. The page indicates that users should be added and Hybrid Data Security should be started. It shows 2 registered nodes (3 to 5 suggested) and 2 users. A prominent green button labeled 'Move to Production' is visible at the bottom.

Service Status

Trial Mode

Trial Domain: hds.identitylab12.ciscolabs.com
Production Domain: Spark Default KMS

Add users and start using Hybrid Data Security

Registered Nodes
2 (3 to 5 suggested) [Add Resource](#)

Users
2 [View Users.](#)

Production Mode

When you are satisfied that the trial was successful, you can move to production. This makes Hybrid Data Security active for all users in your organization. You can't revert to trial mode without deactivating the service and losing user access to data.

[Move to Production](#)

Deployment flow

- Deploy & Configure Database & Syslog
- Download OVA from Webex Control Hub
- Deploy OVA on VMware Infrastructure
- Configure HDS Node hostname, IP address, DNS, NTP
- Deploy and run HDS Configuration Tool
- Upload Configuration virtual ISO to VMware data store
- Activate Webex HDS trial from Control Hub
- Test environment
- **Move to production**

Conclusion

Complete your online session survey



- Please complete your session survey after each session. Your feedback is very important.
- Complete a minimum of 4 session surveys and the Overall Conference survey (starting on Thursday) to receive your Cisco Live t-shirt.
- All surveys can be taken in the Cisco Events Mobile App or by logging in to the Content Catalog on ciscolive.com/emea.

Cisco Live sessions will be available for viewing on demand after the event at ciscolive.com.

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