



You make **possible**



Architecting Security for a Zero Trust Future

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TECSEC-2609

CISCO *Live!*

Barcelona | January 27-31, 2020



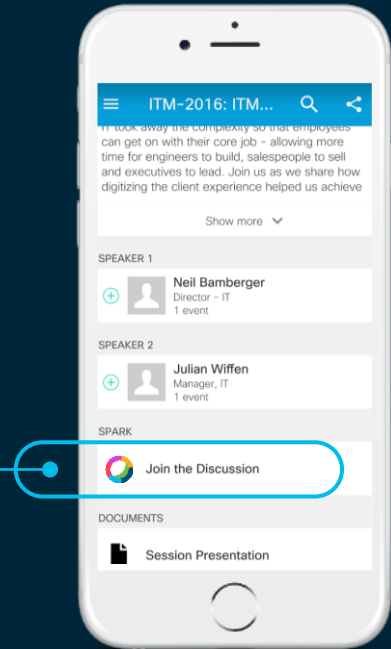
Cisco Webex Teams

Questions?

Use Cisco Webex Teams to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Events Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install Webex Teams or go directly to the team space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the team space



cs.co/ciscolivebot#TECSEC-2609

A little bit about Jamey...



CISCO *Live!*

Cisco role: Distinguished Systems Architect focused on Security at the architecture and cross-architecture level

Unofficial title:
“Cisco integrations enforcer”

Experience: 25yr+ in cyber security industry

Fun fact 1: Published 3 books, all on access control topics (No more!.. probably...)

Fun fact 2: 8yr PCI Org Board of Advisors member 🤪

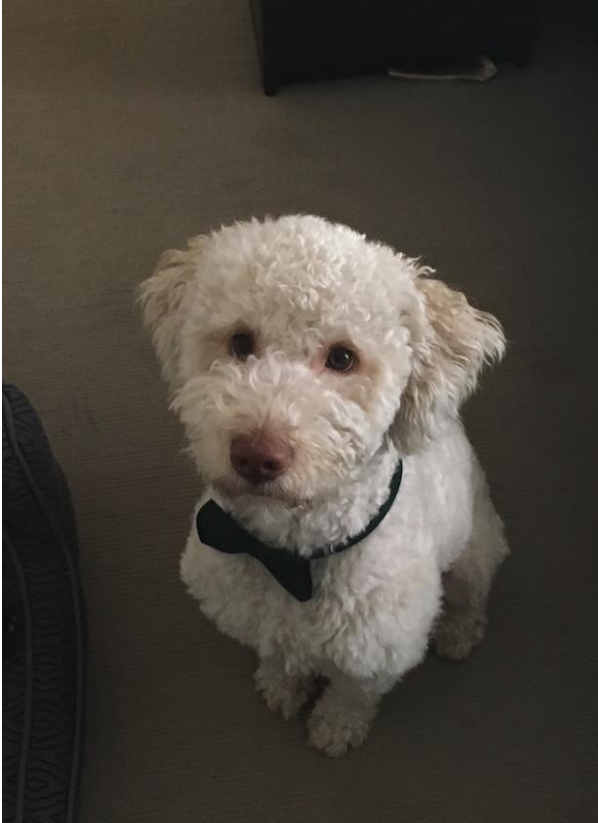
Fun fact 3: My “home” network has a power bill on par with a super target

About Jamie Sanbower

- Global Security Architecture Team
- 15+ years of security and networking experience
- Prior to Cisco...
 - Cisco Partner
 - Network and Security Consultant
 - Large Design, Deployments, Integrations, and Troubleshooting
- Live in Melbourne, FL



About Jatin



- Global Security Architecture Team
- 18 years in security industry, 15 in Cisco.
- Prior to Cisco – security consulting, implementation and audit
- Fun fact – I am Indian but don't play cricket and can't take spicy food!
- Lives in Melbourne, Australia

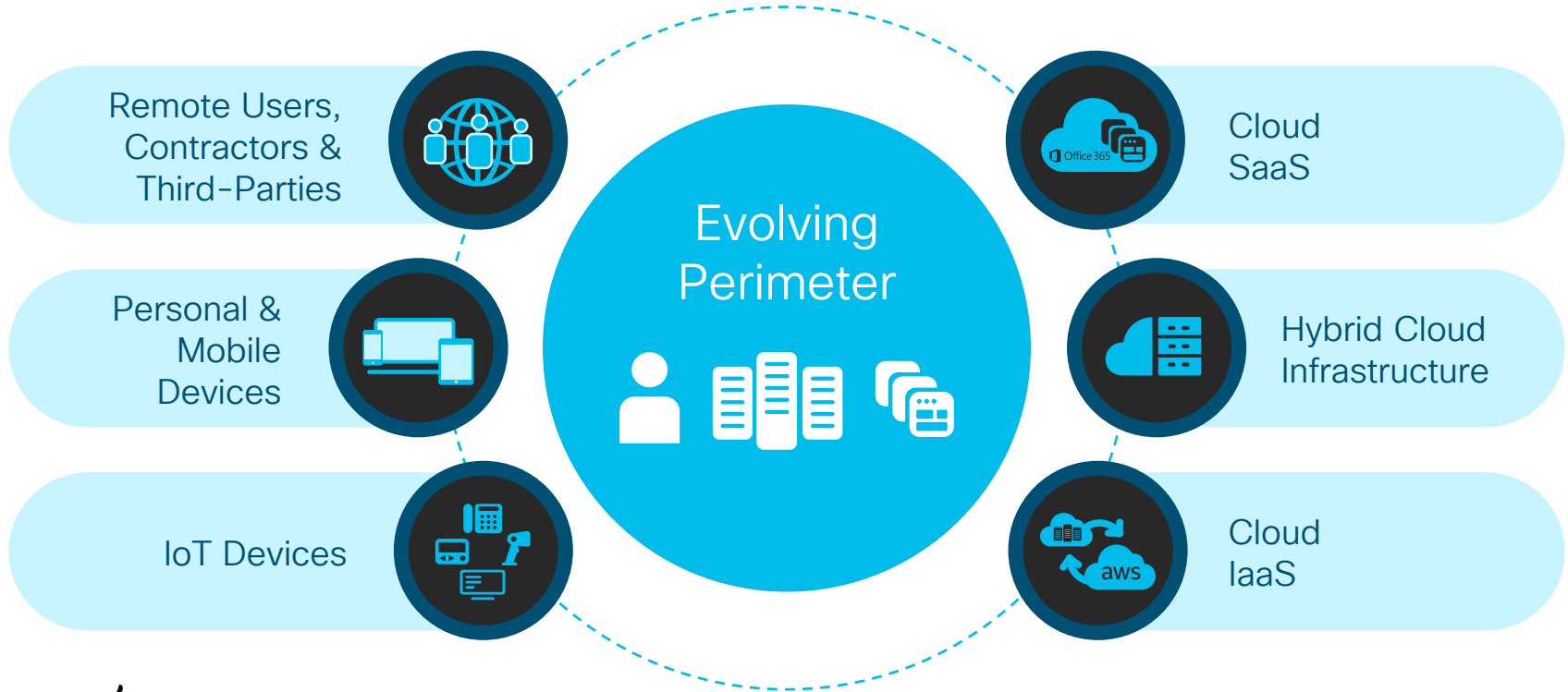
Agenda

- Introduction to Zero Trust
- Cisco's Zero Trust Architecture
- Zero Trust for the Workforce
- Zero Trust for the Workload
- Zero Trust for the Workplace
- Conclusion

Introduction to Zero Trust

Shift in IT Landscape

Users, devices and apps are everywhere



IT Challenges

Increased diversity in access & gaps in visibility



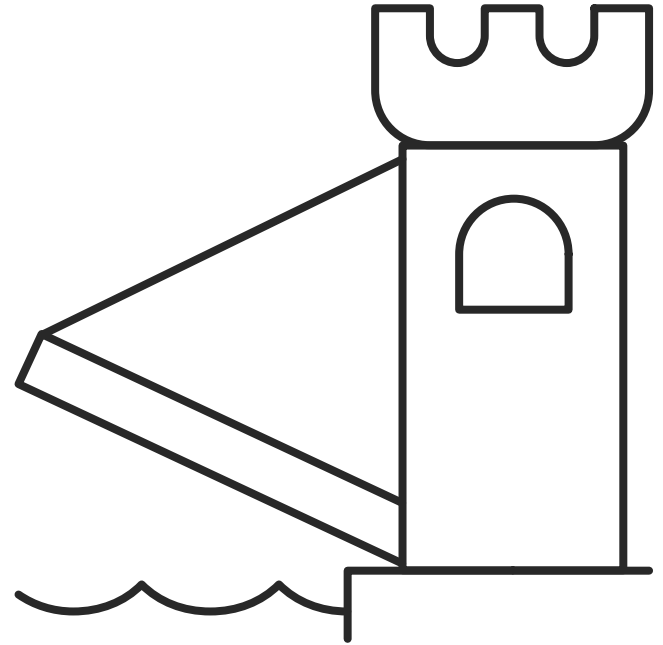
Security Challenges

Increased attack surface, deficient access control & gaps in threat protection



The traditional security model

Where was the trust boundary?



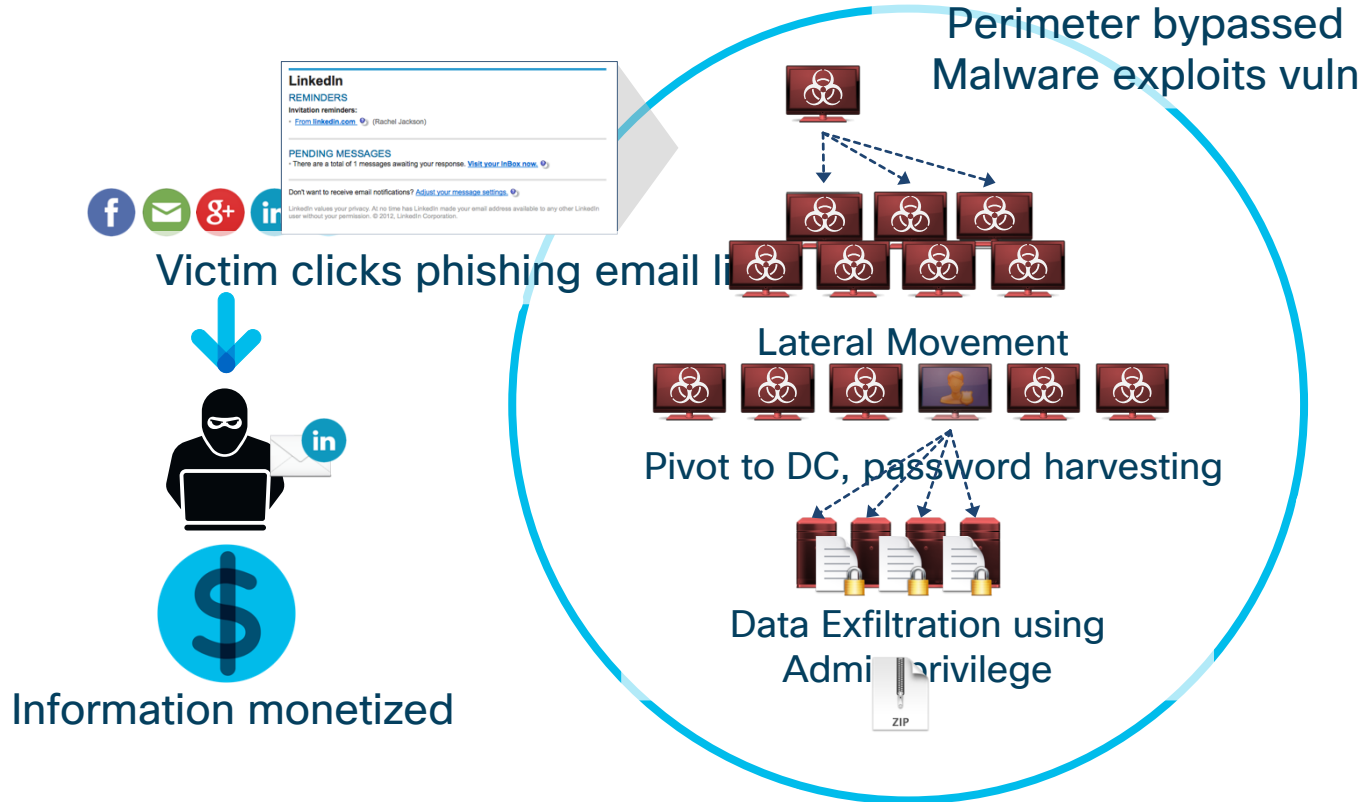
Perimeter-based defense

The age-old issue with this model

Changing Landscape, weapons &
tactics



When we trust too much...





Infection Monkey

1. Run Monkey Island Server ✓

2. Run Monkey


3. Infection Map

4. Security Report

↻ Start Over

Configuration

Log

Powered by  Guardicore

License

Infection Monkey

1. Monkey Island Server

Congrats! You have successfully set up the Monkey Island server. 🎉 🎉

The Infection Monkey is an open source security tool for testing a data center's resiliency to perimeter breaches and internal server infections. The Monkey uses various methods to propagate across a data center and reports to this Monkey Island Command and Control server.

To read more about the Monkey, visit infectionmonkey.com

Go ahead and [run the monkey](#).

Oops, your important files are encrypted.

If you see this text, then your files are no longer accessible, because they have been encrypted. Perhaps you are busy looking for a way to recover your files, but don't waste your time. Nobody can recover your files without our decryption service.

We guarantee that you can recover all your files safely and easily. All you need to do is submit the payment and purchase the decryption key.

Please follow the instructions:

1. Send \$300 worth of Bitcoin to following address:

1Mz7153HMuxXTuR2R1t78MGSdzaAtNbBWx

2. Send your Bitcoin wallet ID and personal installation key to e-mail wowsmith123456@posteo.net. Your personal installation key:

Ap5JVb-qhTAHy-HyeyS2-wqeQEK-YtHQeK-w7NUMZ-11RBUq-fuu4Wa-zpV8dS-zeQNGS

If you already purchased your key, please enter it below.

Key: _

Basic Tenant of Zero Trust

The effect of Zero Trust is

*Ubiquitous
Least-Privilege
Access*

(i.e. grant access,
but make it specific!)

What's Different in a Zero-Trust Approach



The Traditional Approach

Trust is based on the network location that an access request is coming from.



Enables attackers to move laterally within a network to get to the crown jewels.

Doesn't extend security to the new perimeter.

The Zero Trust Approach

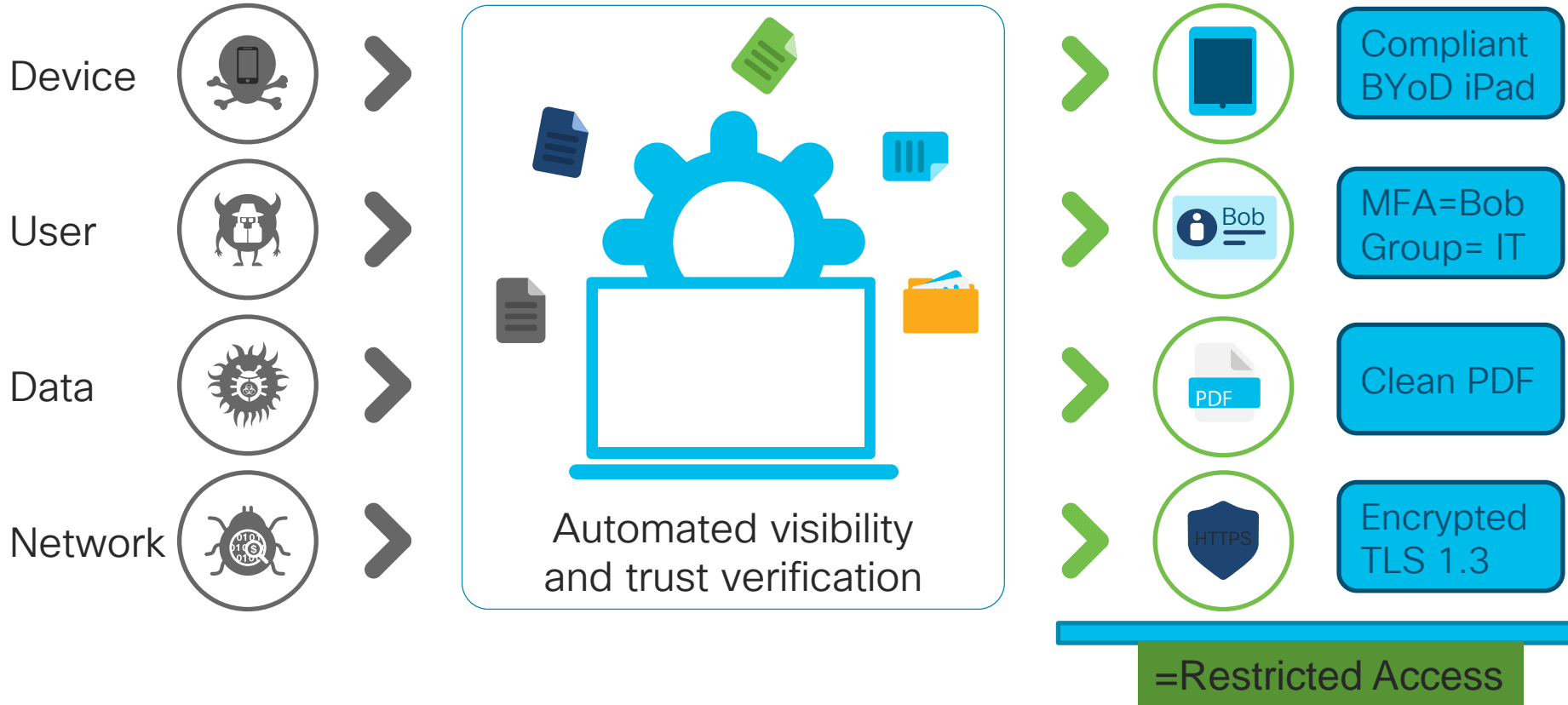
Trust is established for **every access request**, regardless of where the request is coming from.



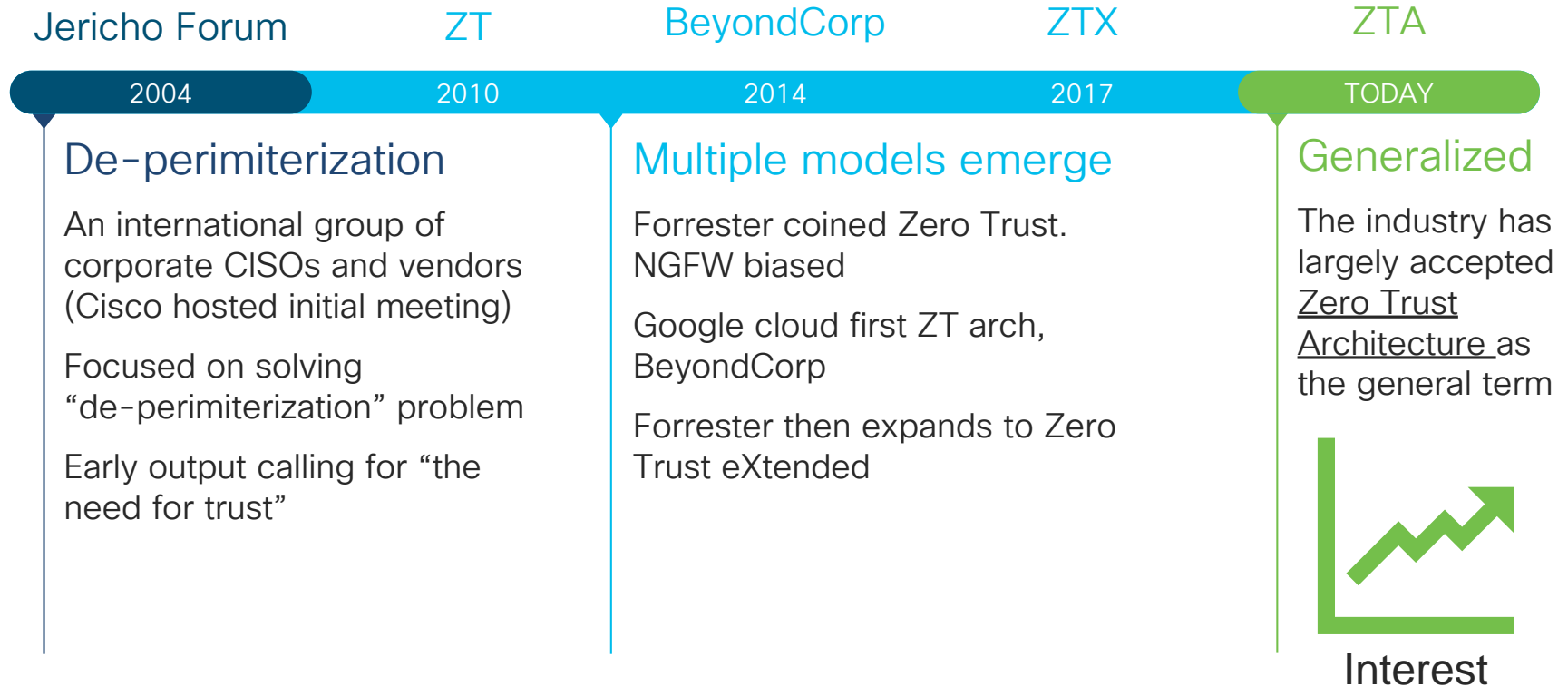
Secures access across your applications and network. Ensures only right users & devices have access.

Extends trust to support a modern enterprise with BYOD, cloud apps, hybrid environments & more.

Zero Trust: Malicious Until Proven Otherwise

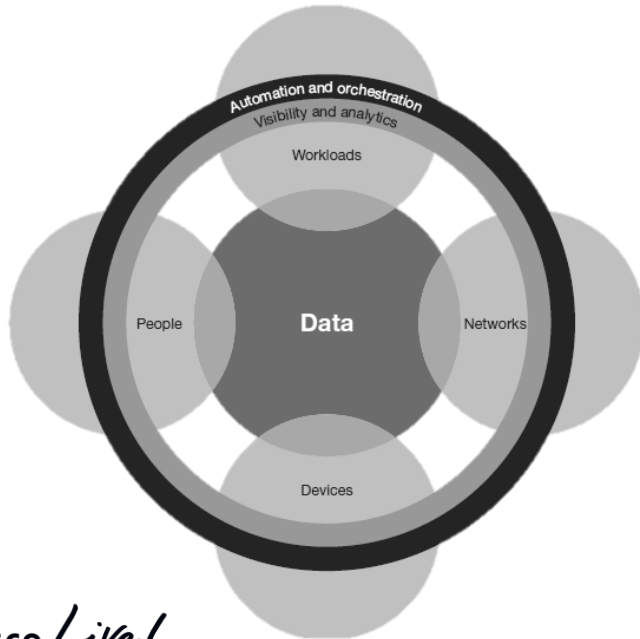


A Little Bit of Zero Trust History



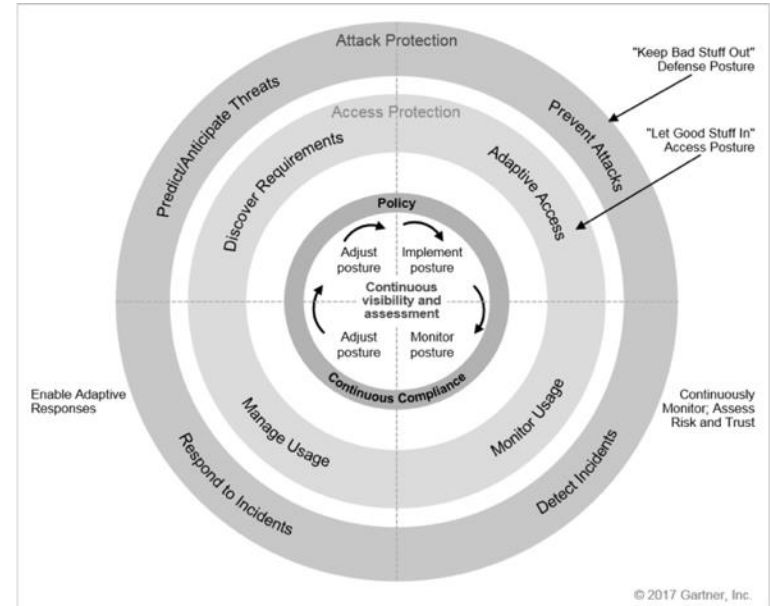
The analysts shape the momentum... what's old is new again!

FORRESTER® Zero Trust eXtended



CISCO *Live!*

Gartner® Continuous Adaptive Risk and Trust Assessment





Marketing learns the term ZTA...

Everyone who had a security product
magically has a zero trust solution now.



...and many more

cisco Live!

Everyone who
had a security
product
magically solves
Zero Trust now.

Forrester's Zero Trust models

2010 Model

Originated with
three tenets

Designed to have three pillars.
He left Forrester in 2017.



2017+ Model

Extended to
six pillars

Forrester adds three more
pillars. Includes automation &
orchestration as well as
visibility & analytics across the
entire solution.

“Technology must have considerable and specific technical capabilities in at least 3 pillars of this framework AND a powerful API integration capability to be considered a ZTX platform.” -Forrester

The original three tenets of a Zero Trust network



Eliminate network trust

Assume all traffic, regardless of location, is threat traffic until it is verified that it is authorized, inspected, and secured.



Segment network access

Adopt a least privilege strategy and strictly enforce access control to only the resources users need to perform their job.



Gain network visibility and analytics

Continuously inspect and log all traffic internally as well as externally for malicious activity with real-time protection capabilities.

Three key new pillars of Zero Trust eXtended



Zero-trust people

Authenticate users and continuously monitor and govern their access and privileges. Secure users as they interact with the internet.



Zero-trust workloads

Enforce controls across the entire app stack, especially connections between containers or hypervisors in the public cloud.



Zero-trust data

Secure and manage data, categorize and develop data classification schemas, and encrypt data both at rest and in transit.

Gartner's Continuous Adaptive Risk and Trust Assessment



Security posture must constantly change



Digital risk and trust vary over time



Score and rate all entities

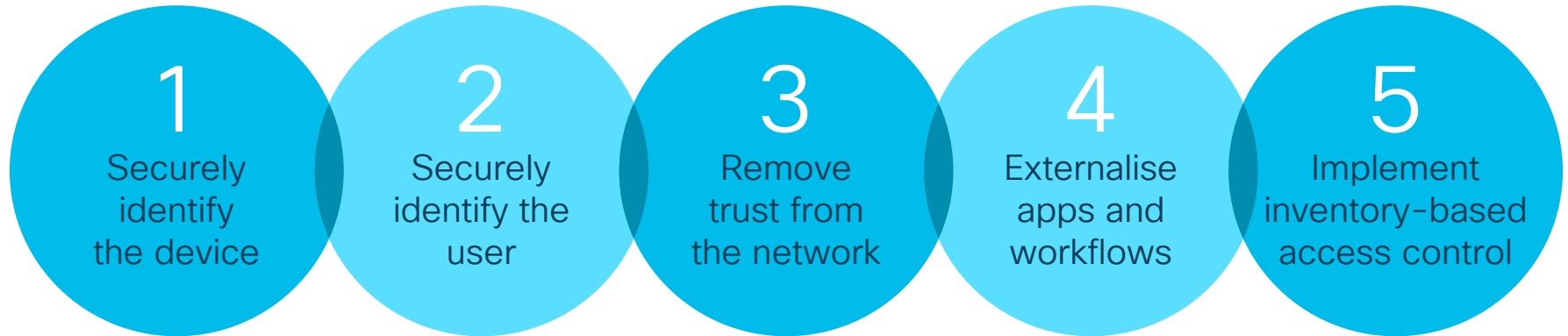


Shift away from 1-time binary decisions



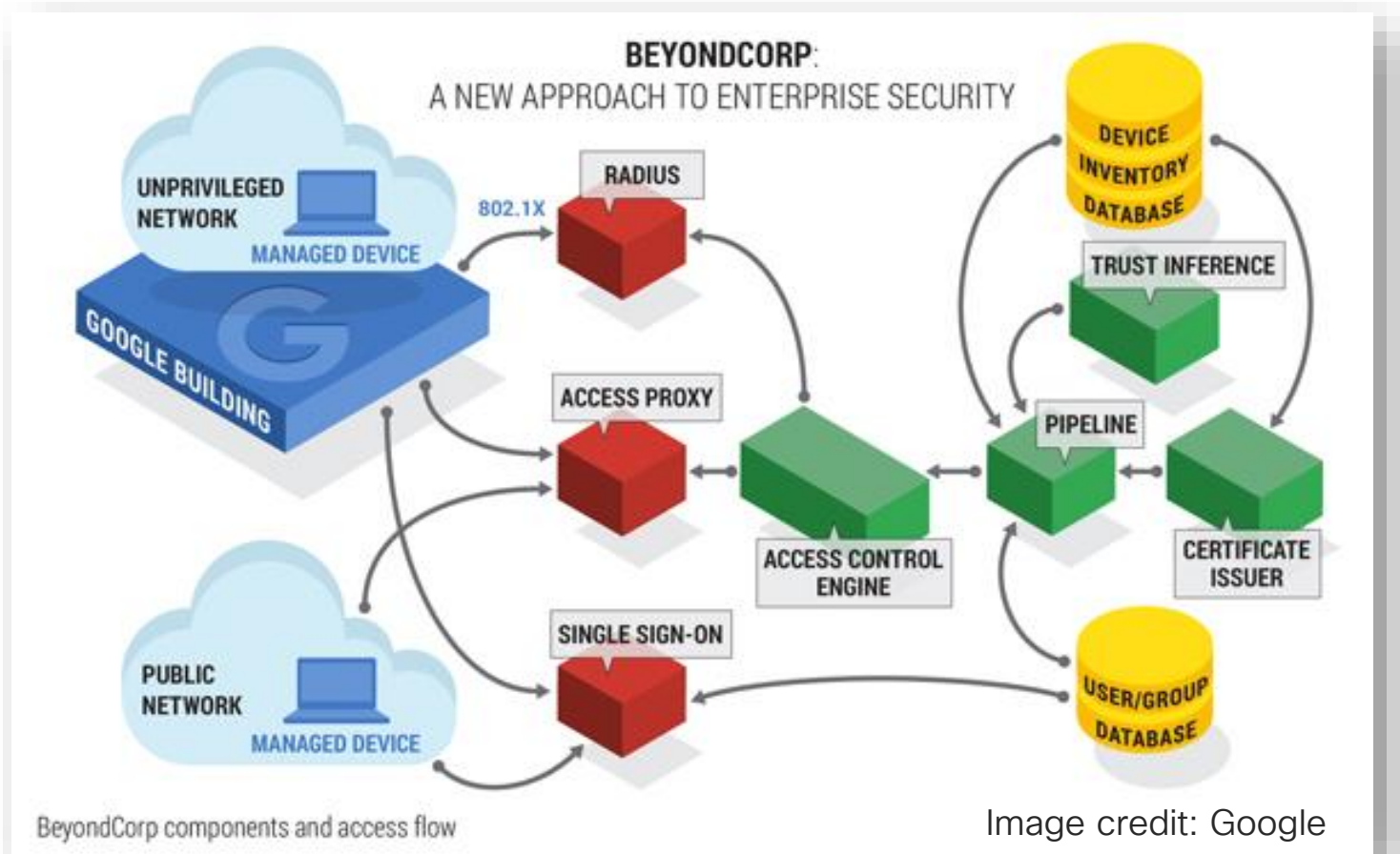
Extend the approach outside the enterprise

Google's BeyondCorp implementation of Zero Trust



Fun Fact: Cisco DUO Beyond was first commercial implementation

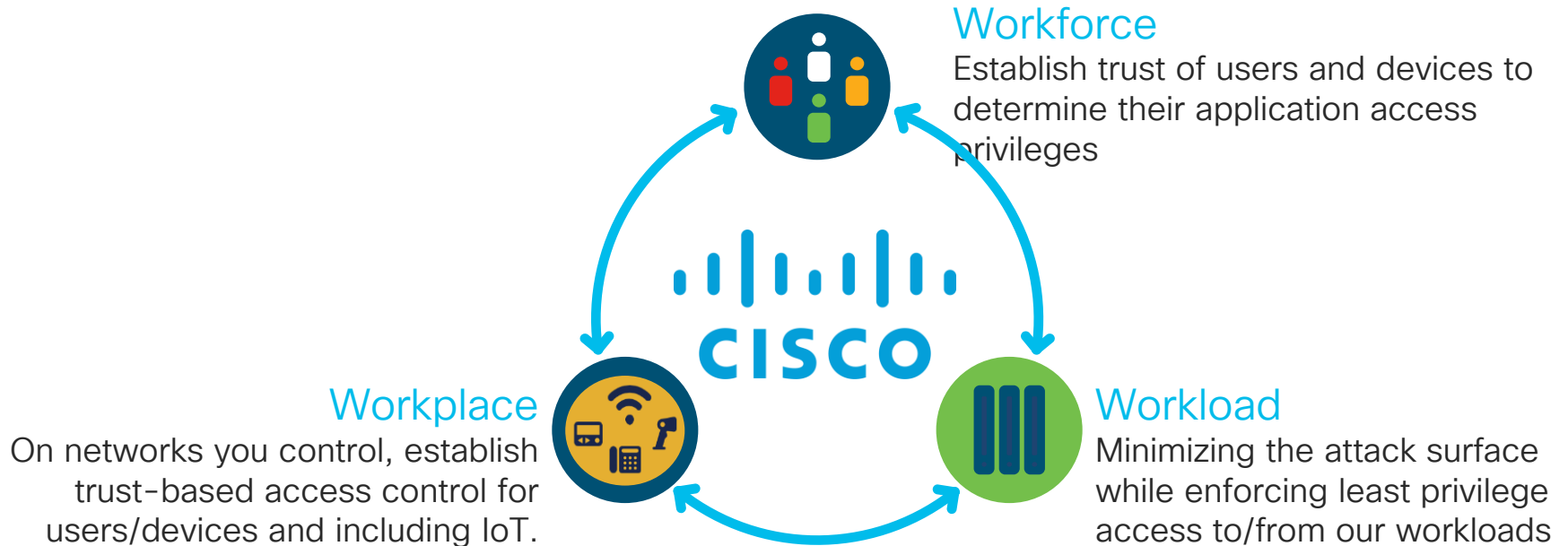
Google's BeyondCorp Implementation of Zero Trust



Cisco's Zero Trust Architecture

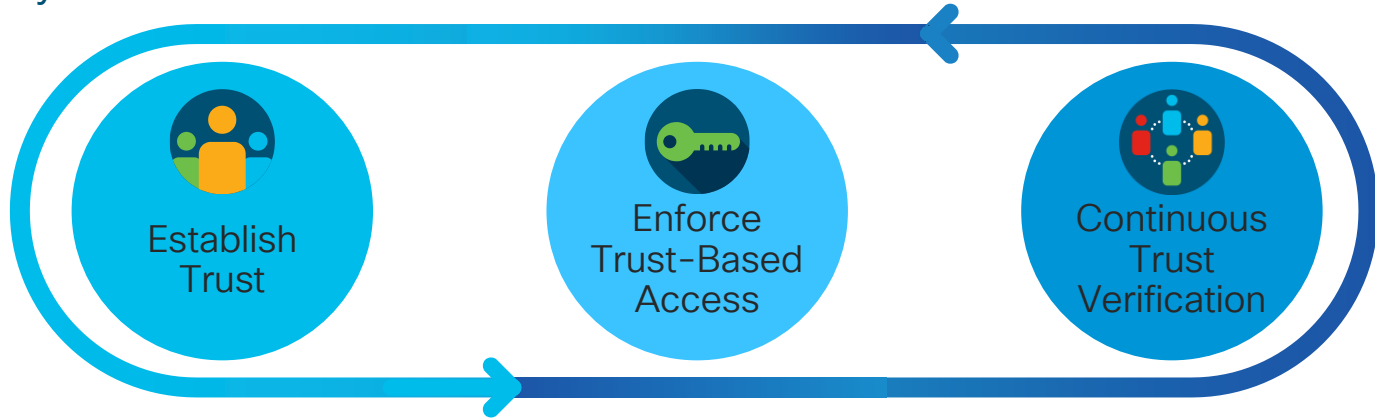
Cisco Zero Trust Architecture

Simplifying the Journey: Cisco Zero Trust architecture in 3 critical areas



How does Cisco Zero Trust work?

3 Step Cyclical Process



Establish
Trust

Enforce
Trust-Based
Access

Continuous
Trust
Verification

We establish trust by
verifying:

- Multi-factors of User Identity
- Device context and Identity
- Device posture & health
- Location
- Relevant attributes and context

We enforce least
privilege access to:

- Networks
- Applications
- Resources
- Users & Things

We continuously verify:

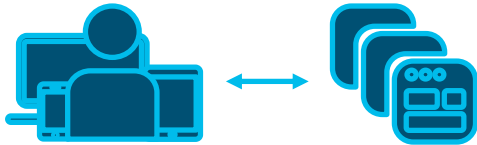
- Original tenets used to establish trust are still true
- Traffic is not threat traffic
- Behavior for any risky, anomalous or malicious actions
- If compromised, then the trust is broken

Cisco Zero Trust Journey

Primary Solutions

Duo for Workforce

Establish trust level for users and their devices accessing applications and resources



Tetration for Workload

Restrict access to workloads based on risk, contextual policy and verified business need



SD-Access for Workplace

Establish least privilege access control for all users and devices, including IoT, accessing your networks.



How Cisco Verifies Trust

Establishing trust before granting access or allowing connections in your environment:



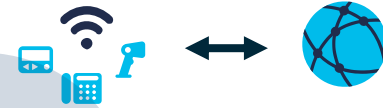
Workforce

- + Is the user who they say they are?
- + Do they have access to the right applications?
- + Is their device secure?
- + Is their device trusted?



Workload

- + What applications are used in the enterprise?
- + What is communicating with applications/data?
- + Is communication w/ the workload secure & trusted?



Workplace

- + Do users & devices authenticate for network access?
- + What access are they granted?
- + Are devices on the network secure?
- + Is their network segmentation based on trust?

Cisco Zero Trust Architecture Differentiators

✓ *Time to Value*


✓ *Leaders in networking and Access*

✓ *Unrivaled Integrated Architecture*

✓ Usability and Automation

✓ Broadest End-to-End ZT Coverage

✓ Broadest Visibility and control of hosts

 Microsoft	 Google	 kubernetes	 aws	 UNIX
	 vmware®	 IBM	 vmware {api}	 ORACLE
 Symantec.	 MobileIron	 Azure	 Ping Identity	 SDK
	 okta	 FORGEROCK	 splunk >	

Extended Protection

Complementary products to extend trust for any app, any workload & any network.

Workforce

Cloud & On-Prem Apps

Workload

Hybrid & Multi-Cloud

Workplace

LAN, WAN, SD-WAN, ACI

+ Extend Trust

Umbrella

AMP

Next-Generation Firewall

AnyConnect

ACI

CloudLock

Meraki

Email Security

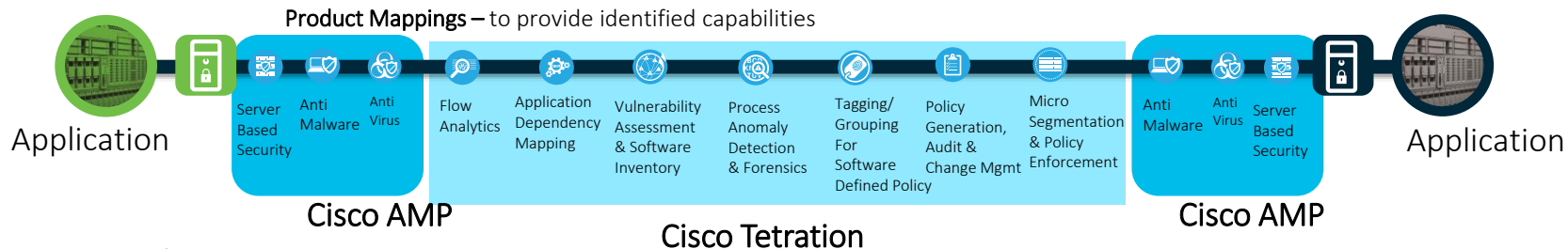
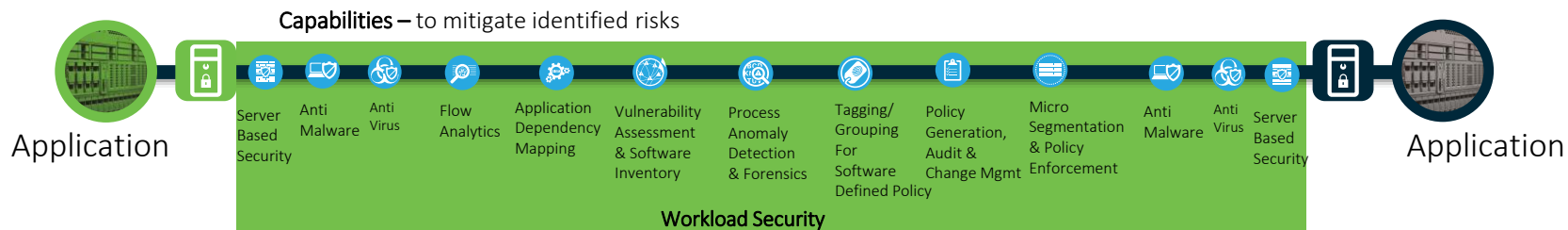
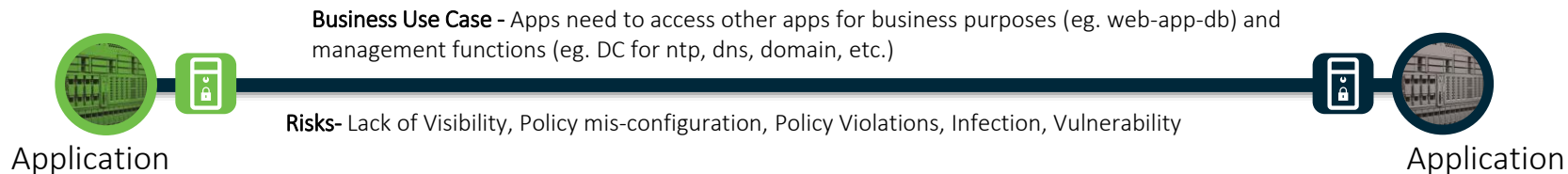
+ Detect & Respond

Cisco Threat Response (CTR)

Stealthwatch

Application to Application Flows

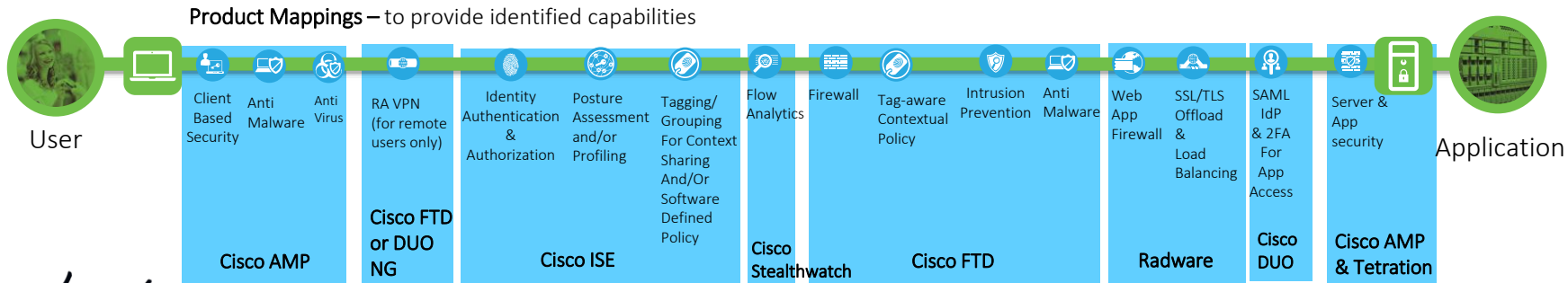
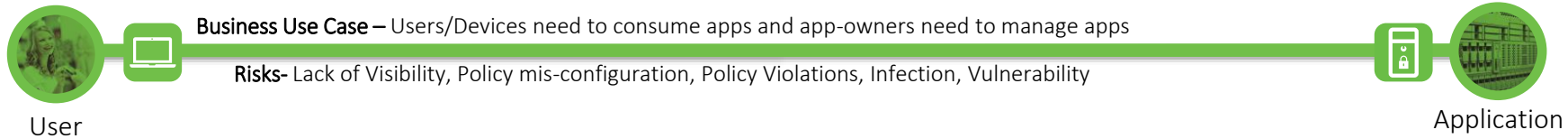
East - West traffic between workloads



cisco Live!

Corp User to Application Flows

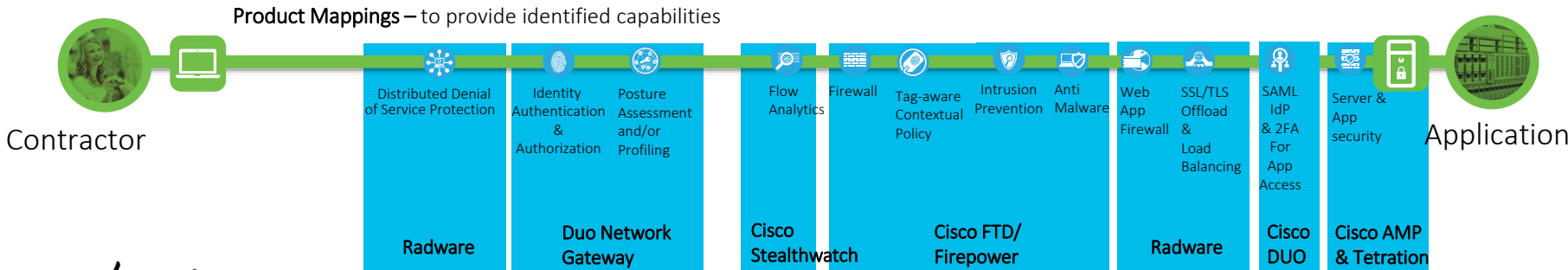
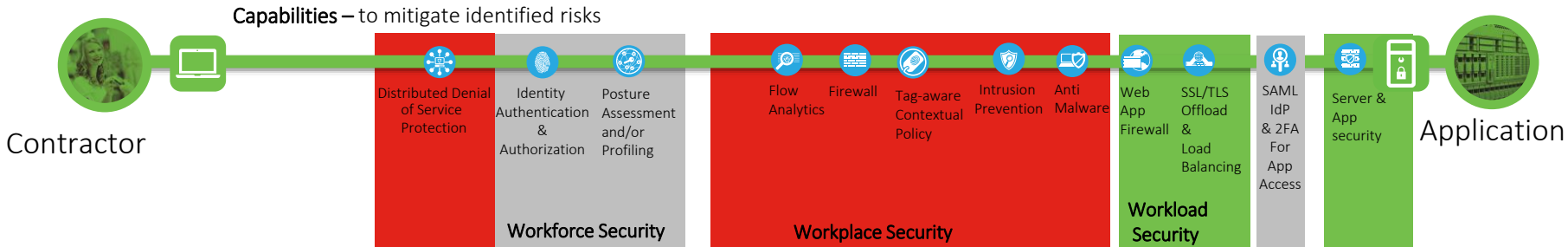
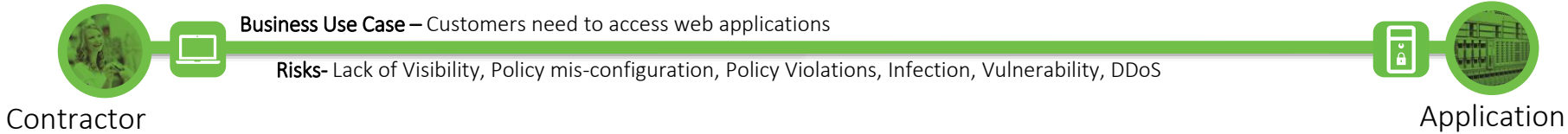
North - South from user to application



cisco Live!

External Contractor to Application Flows

North - South from external user to application



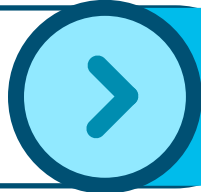
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Demo: End-to-End Cisco Zero Trust Architecture

What's the problem?

How Cisco helps:

I need to discover and classify my devices and application everywhere



Cisco SDA, Tetration, Duo



I need zero trust access control policy everywhere



Cisco SDA, Tetration, Duo



I need constant verification my users, devices and applications are trustworthy



Cisco SDA, Tetration, Duo



Fabric Domains and Transits

Choose a Fabric Domain or Transit below to manage, or add a new item by clicking "Add Fabric Domain or Transit".

[+ Add Fabric Domain or Transit](#)

Fabric Domains

Default LAN Fabric

LAN

Campus Fabric

LAN

Transits

No Transits Created

Let's recap...

1. Workplace: SD-Access

- DNAC and ISE really streamlines deployment,
- New ML profiling
- Dynamic SGT-based access rules, integrated NGFW.

2. Workload: Tetration

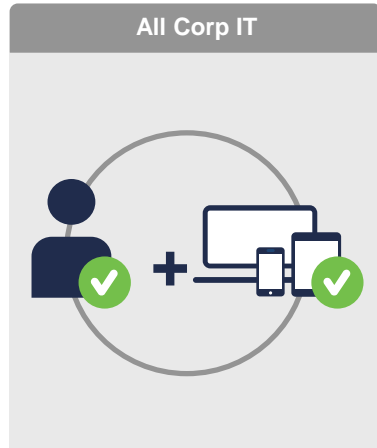
- Auto-Clustered apps together including ISE context
- Dynamic, least-privilege application policy with one-click
- Continuous trust with dashboard attack surface report

3. Workforce: Duo

- Simple, powerful setup
- Built-in integrations with tons of applications
- One-click app enforcement: MFA, Biometric, device health, device trust

The Cisco Zero Trust Journey

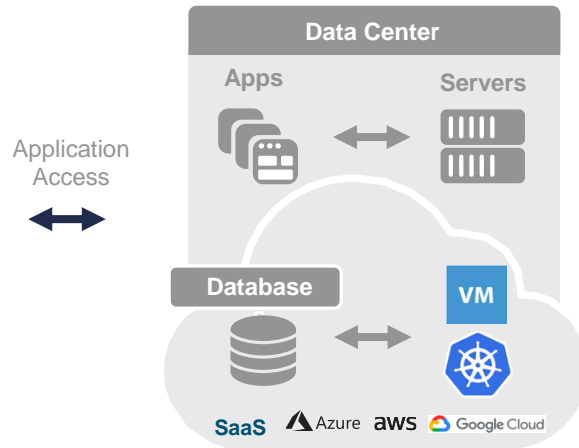
Secure the Workforce With Duo



User & Device Access

MFA + Device Trust

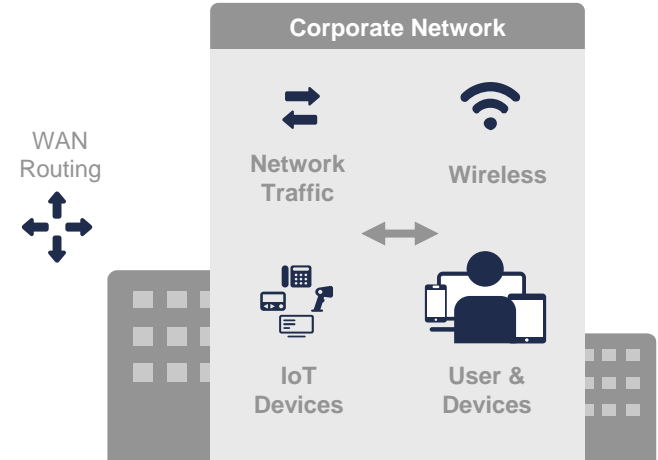
Secure Your Workloads With Tetration



Workload Access

Application Micro-Segmentation

Secure the Workplace With Software-Defined Access



Network Access

Network Segmentation

Visibility

Policy

Enforcement

Reporting

Zero Trust for the Workforce

Cisco Zero Trust for Workforce

How to establish trust with Duo



Verify identity of
users

WITH

Multi-factor
authentication (MFA)



Ensure
trustworthiness of
devices

WITH

Endpoint posture &
context visibility



Enforce risk-based
and adaptive access
policies

WITH

Per application access
policies that vary based
on risk tolerance levels

Security Risks Persist with Passwords

- Compromised credentials is a major security risk
- Cumbersome tokens and one-time passwords; not user friendly
- 8,418,474,549 stolen creds in the public domain; 2.2+ Billion YTD; HIBP
- Top reason bad actors phish - to steal credentials

81%

of breaches leverage
stolen or weak passwords

Source: Verizon 2018 Data Breach Investigations Report

Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)

Workforce: **Establish Trust**

How it works:

A user logs in using primary authentication (**something they know** = username + password).

Duo prompts the user with secondary authentication (**something they have** = push notification sent via Duo Mobile app on their smartphone).



What this does:

- ✓ Prevents identity-based attacks.
- ✓ Thwarts attackers using stolen or compromised passwords.
- ✓ Provides zero-trust access for applications.
- ✓ Creates less reliance on passwords alone.



MFA Options for Every Use

Workforce: **Establish Trust**

You can configure authentication:

- Per-application or user group
- Based on sensitivity of application data
- Or based on user scenario

Additionally, allow multiple options for ease of usability and flexibility:

- Push notification
- Mobile passcode
- Phone
- SMS
- HOTP token
- U2F/WebAuthn



User Enrollment

Workforce: **Establish Trust**



Automatic Enrollment

Admins can import users from existing [Azure, LDAP and AD directories](#)



Self Enrollment

Users can [self-enroll into Duo in less than 1 minute](#)



Import Users

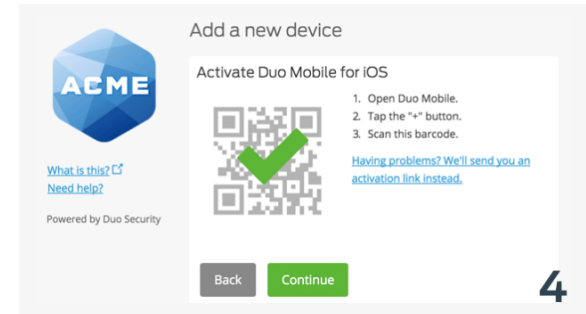
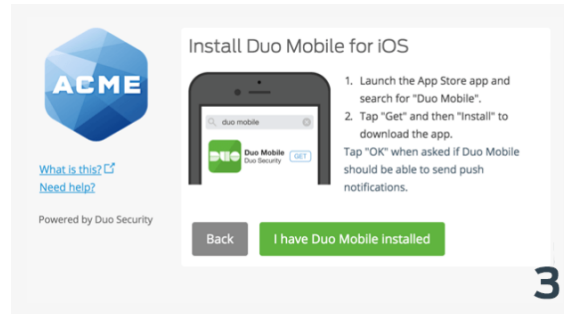
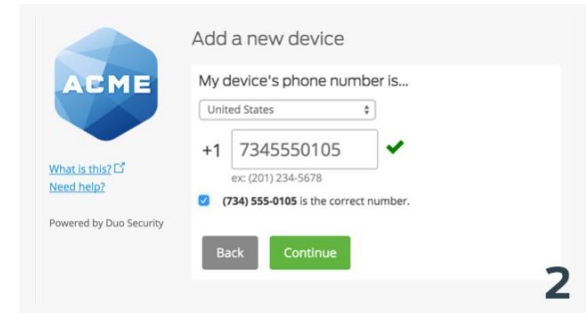
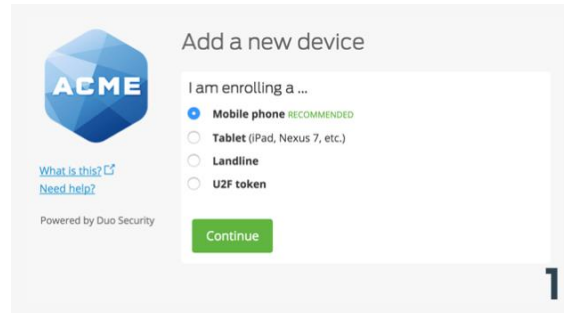
Provision users using Duo's REST API or add users manual one at a time or through CSV

[Learn more about Enrollment Options](#)

Removing Barriers to MFA: Self-Enrollment

Workforce: **Establish Trust**

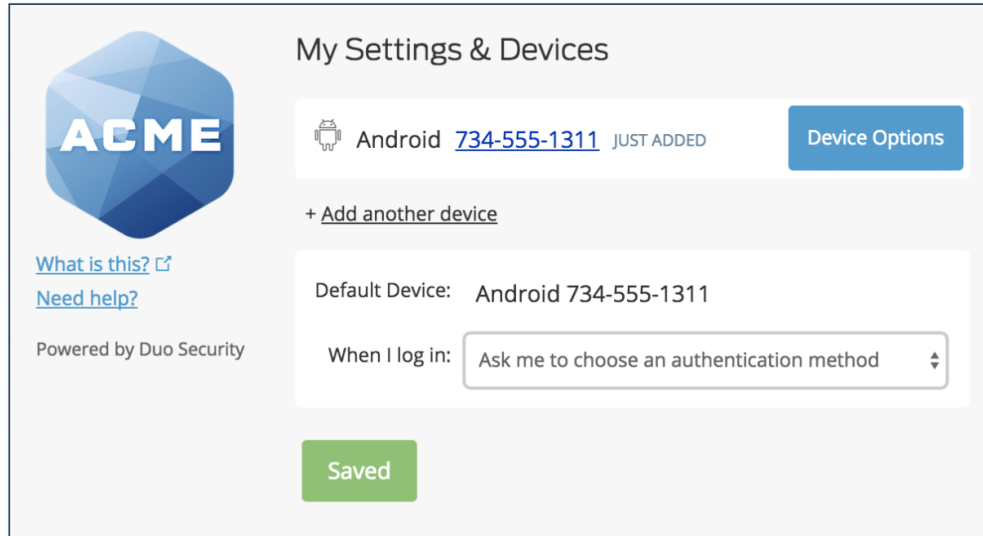
- Users easily self-enroll in minutes
- Users leverage their own device
- Enroll thousands of users in hours.
- Reduce TCO by enabling the user to easily enroll with no help needed



[Learn more about self-enrollment](#)

Removing Barriers to MFA: User Self-Service

Workforce: **Establish Trust**



ACME

My Settings & Devices

Android [734-555-1311](#) JUST ADDED [Device Options](#)

+ [Add another device](#)

Default Device: Android 734-555-1311

When I log in:

[What is this?](#) [Need help?](#)

Powered by Duo Security

[Saved](#)

- Users can manage their own 2FA devices during login.
- Add, Remove and Configure Devices
- Reduce TCO by enabling the user to easily manage their own device.

[Learn more about Device Management](#)

Audience Duo Enrollment

<https://demo.duo.com/>

Application Authentication Demos

Use a phone to try out the end user experience for yourself.



Cisco



Citrix



Juniper

Enter Email

Login

Please enter your username and password.

USERNAME:

PASSWORD:

Mobile Phone

Duo SSL VPN Service

ACME

What type of device are you adding?

- Mobile phone** RECOMMENDED
- Tablet (iPad, Nexus 7, etc.)
- Landline
- Security Key (YubiKey, Feitian, etc.)
- Touch ID
Requires Chrome to use Touch ID.

[What is this?](#) [Need help?](#)

Powered by Duo Security

Duo SSL VPN Service

ACME

Enter your phone number

United States

+1 ✓

Example: (201) 234-5678

You entered (301) 788-3509. Is this the correct number?

[What is this?](#) [Need help?](#)

Powered by Duo Security

Duo SSL VPN Service

ACME

What type of phone is 301-788-3509?

- iPhone
- Android
- Windows Phone
- Other (and cell phones)

[What is this?](#) [Need help?](#)

Powered by Duo Security

Duo SSL VPN Service

ACME

Install Duo Mobile for iOS

1. Launch the App Store app and search for "Duo Mobile".
2. Tap "Get" and then "Install" to download the app.

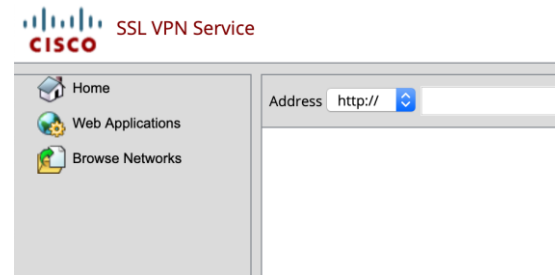
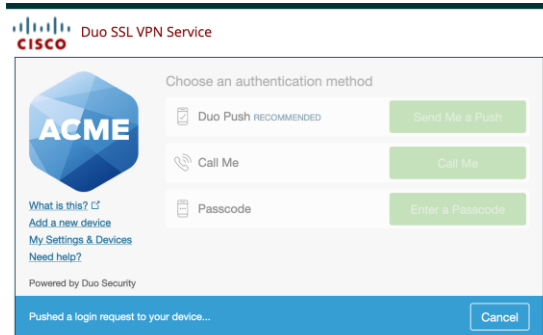
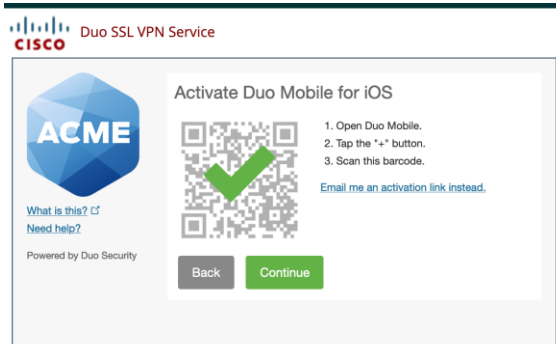
[What is this?](#) [Need help?](#)

Powered by Duo Security

cisco *Live!*

Audience Duo Enrollment

<https://demo.duo.com/>

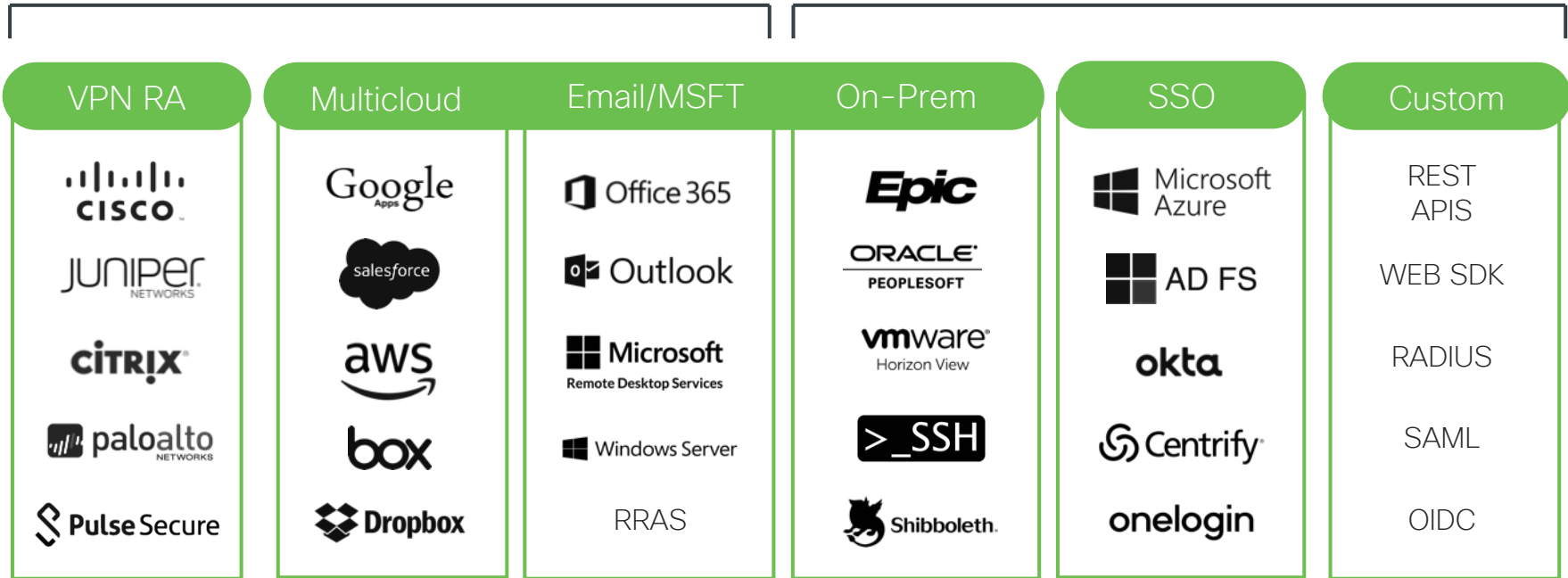


Protect Every Application – External and Internal

Workforce: Enforce Trust-Based Access

Start Here

Then Expand





Launch App

Home



Jamie

Work

test

+

CDO

Cisco Defense Orchestrator (US)

Umbrella

Cisco Umbrella

SWC

Stealthwatch Cloud (US)

SWC (ANZ)

Stealthwatch Cloud (ANZ)

CDO (EU)

Cisco Defense Orchestrator (EU)

SWC (EU)

Stealthwatch Cloud (EU)

NEW



Quick Start Guide

NEW

CDO Docs

CDO Docs

NEW

AMP

AMP (NAM)

NEW

AMP (APJC)

AMP (APJC)

NEW

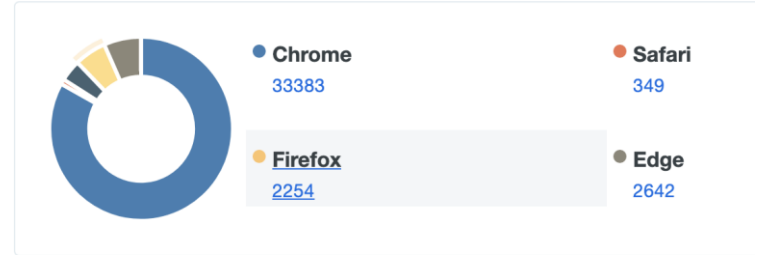
AMP (EU)

AMP (EU)

Ensure Trustworthiness of Devices

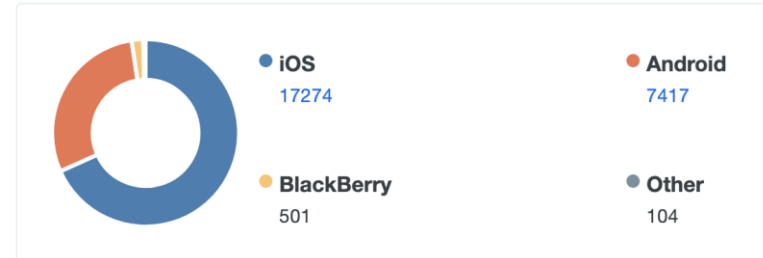
Browsers

out of 40152 installed browsers



Device Breakdown

out of 25297 total devices



Why Device Trust?

Compromised devices can access your data

Attackers exploit known vulnerabilities

Patching devices (especially user-owned) is complex

Accessing critical data from vulnerable devices can be risky

99%

of vulnerabilities exploited will be ones known by security team for at least one year (through 2021)

Source: Gartner, Dale Gardner, 2018 Security Summit

How Duo Establishes Device Trust

Workforce: **Establish Trust**



Device Insight

Duo's Unified Endpoint Visibility inspects users' devices at login -- without installing any endpoint agents.

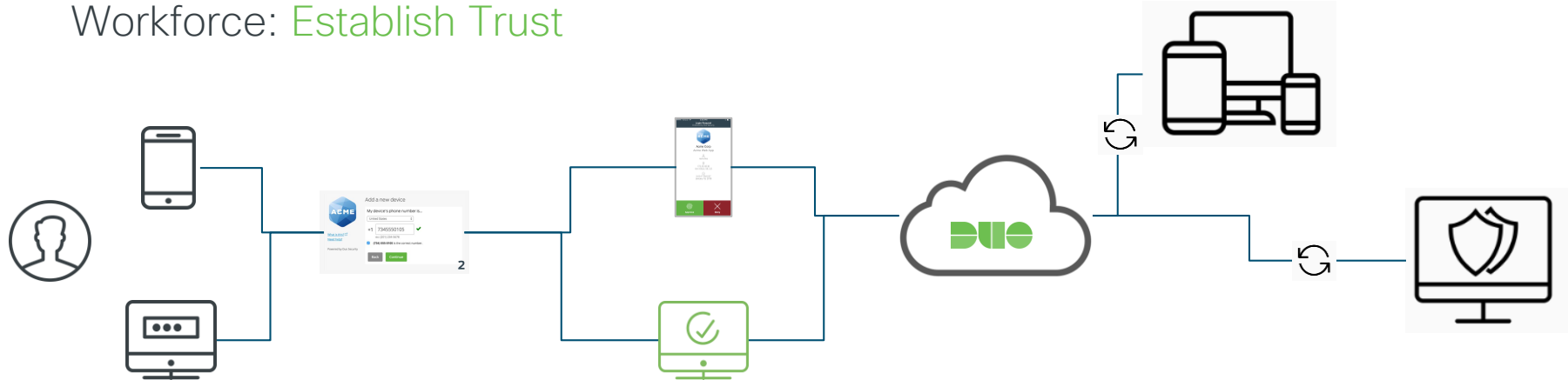


Managed or Unmanaged

Duo's Trusted Endpoints integrates with endpoint management systems to detect if the device is managed by your IT.

How Duo Gains Device Visibility

Workforce: **Establish Trust**



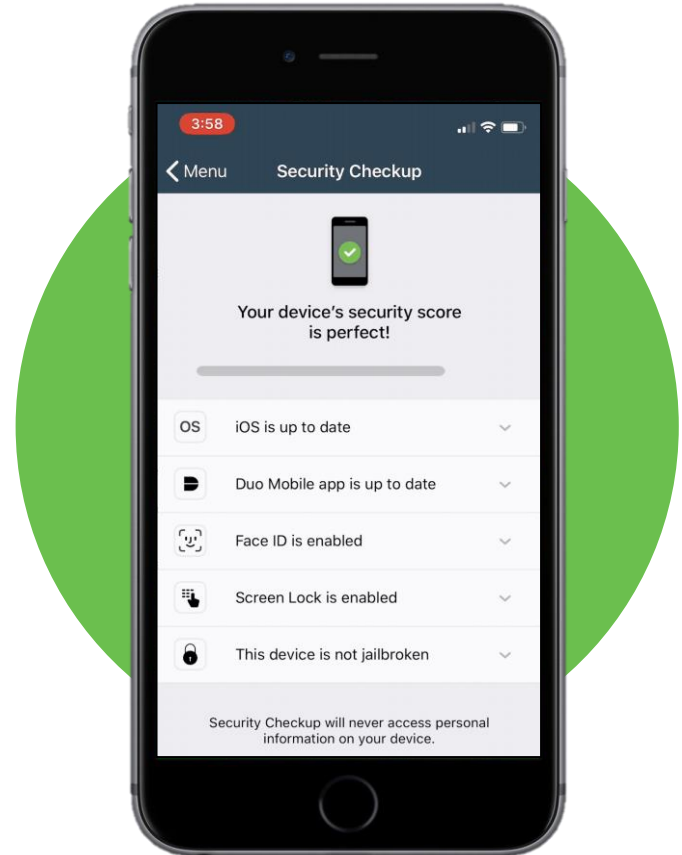
Visibility Source	Duo prompt in Web Browser	Duo mobile app Duo Device Health app	Device Manager (MDM/UEM)	EDR / EPP Agents+Services
Information Collected	Browser, OS, Plugins	Password, Disk Encryption, OS, Browser, (Mobile only: Jailbroken) (Desktop only: Firewall)	Device mgmt. Status (Managed/BYO)	Compromises, malware, viruses etc.



Assess Mobile Device Posture without MDM

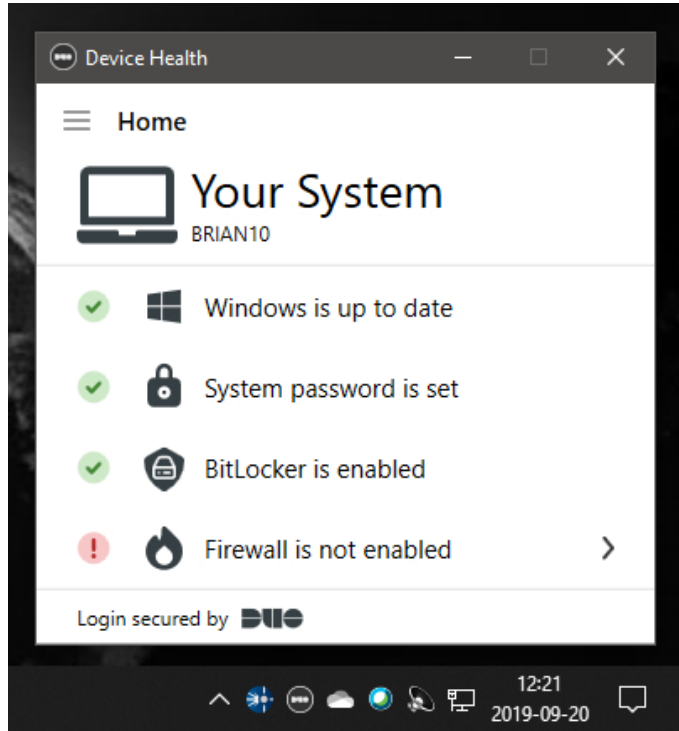
Workforce: **Establish Trust**

- Check if mobile devices are up-to-date
- Verify encryption and passcode lock
- Check if devices are jailbroken or tampered
- Works for MDM managed and unmanaged mobile devices



Deep Insights Into Laptops and Desktops

Workforce: **Establish Trust**



Duo Device Health Application:

- New functionality
- Laptop / desktop security health
- Check devices before they login
- Corporate managed and BYO devices
- Supports web-based applications
- Windows 10 and macOS
- Launches On-Demand
- Inspects for third party AV clients including AMP for endpoints*

*Public beta

Identify Managed vs. BYO Devices

Workforce: **Establish Trust**

- 1** A cloud service (PKI) Duo uses **generates a certificate** for user. It is then **distributed per device**.



2

When user logs into a protected app, Duo uses the Trusted Endpoints policy to **check for the presence of a certificate**.



3

User with a certificate is granted access and **her device is considered a Trusted Endpoint**. User without a certificate is blocked and her device not trusted.



Source: <https://duo.com/docs/trusted-endpoints>

Identifying Managed Devices

Workforce: **Establish Trust**

Mobile

Duo: Duo Mobile app can be used to trust mobile devices. (Great for customers w/o MDM)

Native: AirWatch, MobileIron, Google G Suite, Sophos

Alternative: Duo has a generic cert deployment

Future: Meraki Systems Manager and Microsoft Intune

cisco *Live!*

Windows

Native: Microsoft AD, Ivanti (Landesk)

Script based: Symantec Altiris, Chef, Microsoft SCCM, AirWatch, etc.

Alternative: Duo has a generic cert deployment

macOS

Native: Jamf

Script based: Symantec Altiris, Chef, AirWatch, etc.

Alternative: Duo has a generic cert deployment

Trusted Endpoints

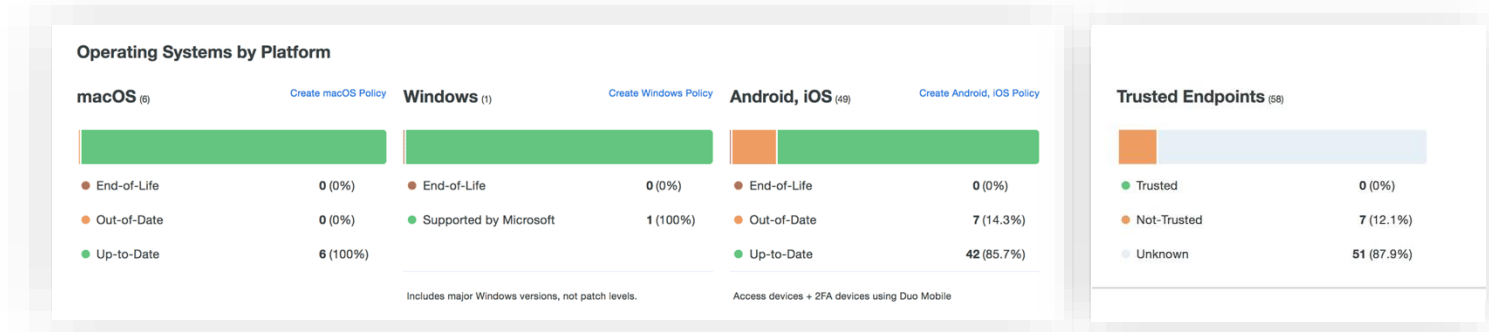


● Trusted **14,073**

● Not-Trusted **24,680**

Unified Device Visibility

Workforce: **Continuously Verify Trust**



Get mobile device details:

- Corp-managed status
- Biometrics (Touch/Face) status
- Screen lock status
- OS condition (tampered) status
- Encryption status
- Platform type
- Device OS type & version
- Device owner
- Duo Mobile version

Get laptop/desktop details:

- Corp managed status*
- Device owner
- OS type & versions
- Browser type & versions
- Flash & Java plugins versions
- OS, browser and plugin(s) status
- Disk Encryption*
- Firewall*
- Anti-virus/Anti-malware*

*In public beta

Enforce Risk-Based Policies

- **Duo's Device Trust:**
 - At every login, Duo checks users' devices for security health & status
 - Duo detects managed and unmanaged mobile & desktop devices
 - Enforce device-based access policies to protect against vulnerable devices



Duo's Adaptive Policies

Reduce friction and risk to applications with customizable, granular access policies



Role-Based Policy

Based on individual users or groups, enforce policies to determine who can access what applications.



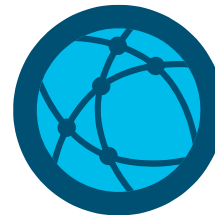
Device-Based Policy

Allow access by only secure, up-to-date or managed devices, and prevent access by risky devices.



Location-Based Policy

Prevent authorized access to your applications from any geographic location.



Network-Based Policy

Grant or deny access based on a set of IP address ranges or from anonymous networks like Tor.

Enforce Device Policies

Workforce: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Require devices that access applications to be:

- Corporate-owned
- Up-to-date OS, browsers, Flash/Java

Require mobile devices to have:

- Screen lock
- Biometrics
- Encryption
- Not jailbroken/rooted

Remembered devices

- Allow trusted and known devices to automatically authenticate

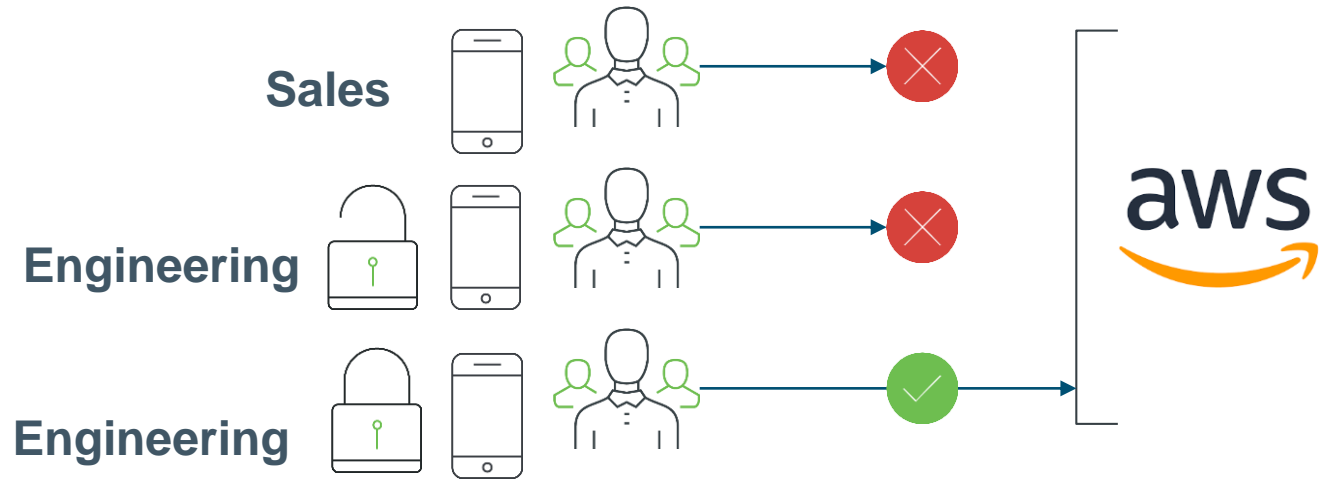


The screenshot shows two configuration panels. The top panel, titled "Trusted Endpoints", includes a description of a Trusted Endpoint, two radio button options: "Allow all endpoints" (unselected) and "Require endpoints to be trusted" (selected), and a link for "Advanced options for mobile endpoints". The bottom panel, titled "Screen Lock", includes two radio button options: "Allow authentication from devices without a screen lock" (unselected) and "Don't allow authentication from devices without a screen lock." (selected), with a note that it applies to iOS (8 and up) and Android.

Role/Trusted Endpoint Policy Example

Workforce: Enforce Trust-Based Access

With application policy,
only the engineering
team using **trusted and
corporate managed**
devices are allowed to
access AWS.
All others are blocked.

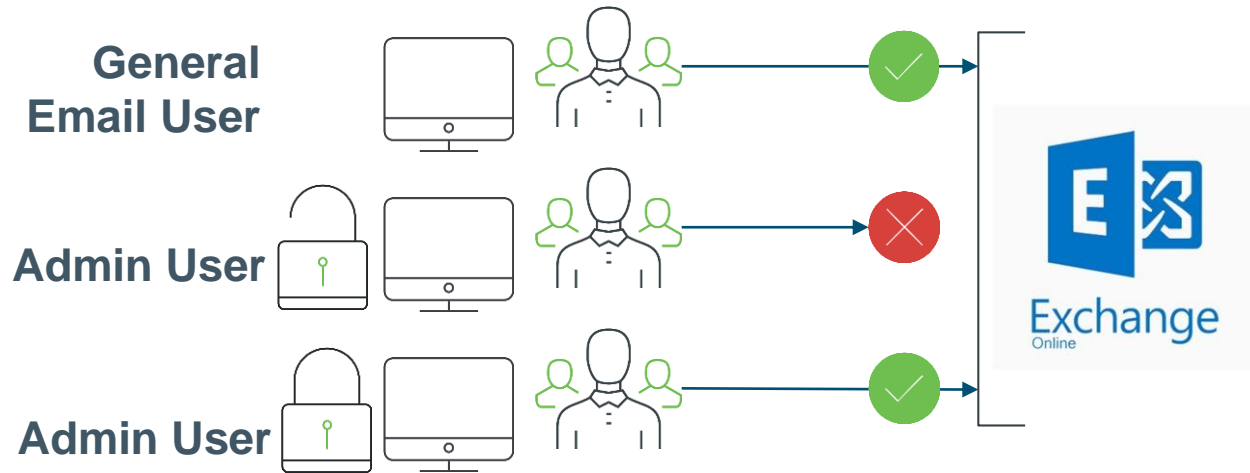


More Complex Role/Trusted Endpoint Policy

Workforce: Enforce Trust-Based Access

Normal email users can use personal devices, Exchange Online admins cannot use personal devices.

Exchange Online admins using **trusted and corporate managed** devices are allowed to access .



Detect Device Malware & Respond

Workforce: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Duo + AMP4E (Advanced Malware Protection for Endpoints) Integration*

Prevent compromised devices from accessing Duo-protected applications.

Trusted Endpoints

A Trusted Endpoint is an endpoint that exists in a management system such as your EAM or MDM. It can be matched to your management system using Duo certificates or information provided by Duo Mobile.

- Allow all endpoints**
Endpoints will be checked for trustworthiness to aid reporting, but un-trusted endpoints will be allowed.
- Require endpoints to be trusted**
Only Trusted Endpoints will be able to access browser-based applications.
- Allow AMP for Endpoints to block compromised endpoints**
Endpoints that AMP deems to be compromised will be block from accessing browser-based applications.
Note: This option only applies to trusted endpoints.

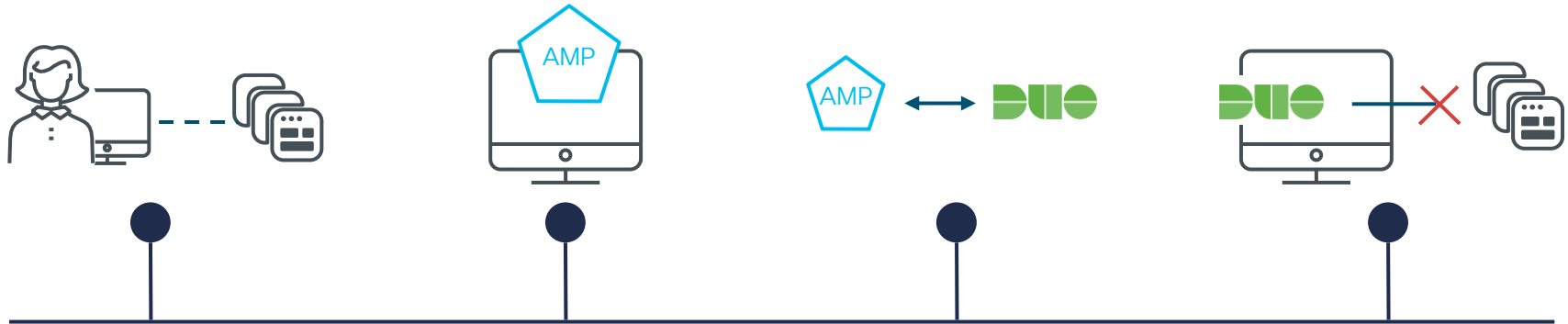
[Advanced options for mobile endpoints](#) ▾

Detect Device Malware & Respond

Workforce: *Continuously Verify Trust*

How It Works:

Block malicious devices from accessing applications with Duo and AMP.



Users use their devices to access application.

Cisco AMP running on the device detected malware.

AMP notifies Duo about the infected device.

Duo blocks that device from accessing apps.

Duo + AMP Setup

BETA

Dashboard > Trusted Endpoints Configuration > AMP for Endpoints

AMP for Endpoints

 Remove Integration

1. Generate AMP Credentials

1. [Login to the AMP console](#)
2. Navigate to "Accounts > API Credentials".
3. Click "New API Credentials".
4. Give the credentials a name and make it read-only.
5. Click "Create".
6. Copy the **Client Id** and **API Key** and return to this screen.

2. Enter AMP Credentials

Client ID

Enter Client ID from Part 1.

API Key

Enter API Key from Part 1.

Hostname

Hostname will be auto-selected

Test Integration

Hostname

https://api.amp.cisco.com/

Test Integration

Save Integration

Success!

3. Enable AMP Integration



Enabled

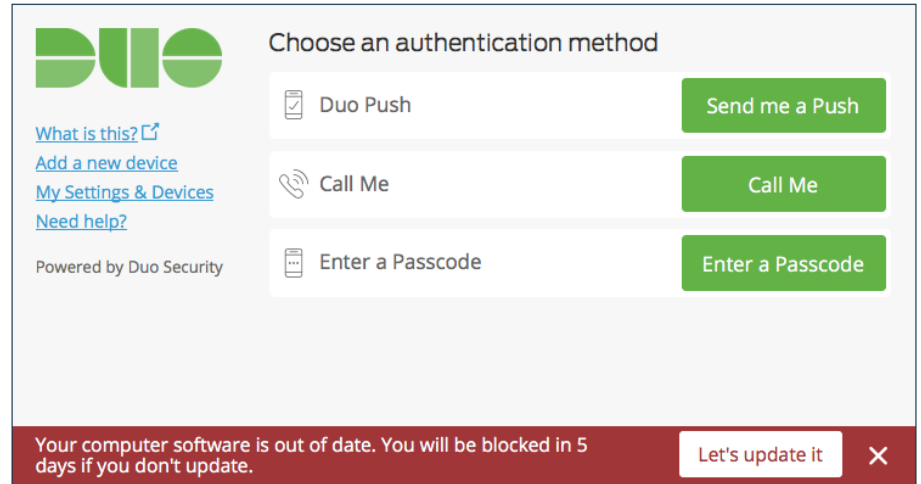
Inform Users

Workforce: **Establish Trust**

If users do not update by a certain day, the endpoints are blocked.

End users get notified about out-of-date OS, browsers, Flash and Java.

Quickly improve security without support desk help

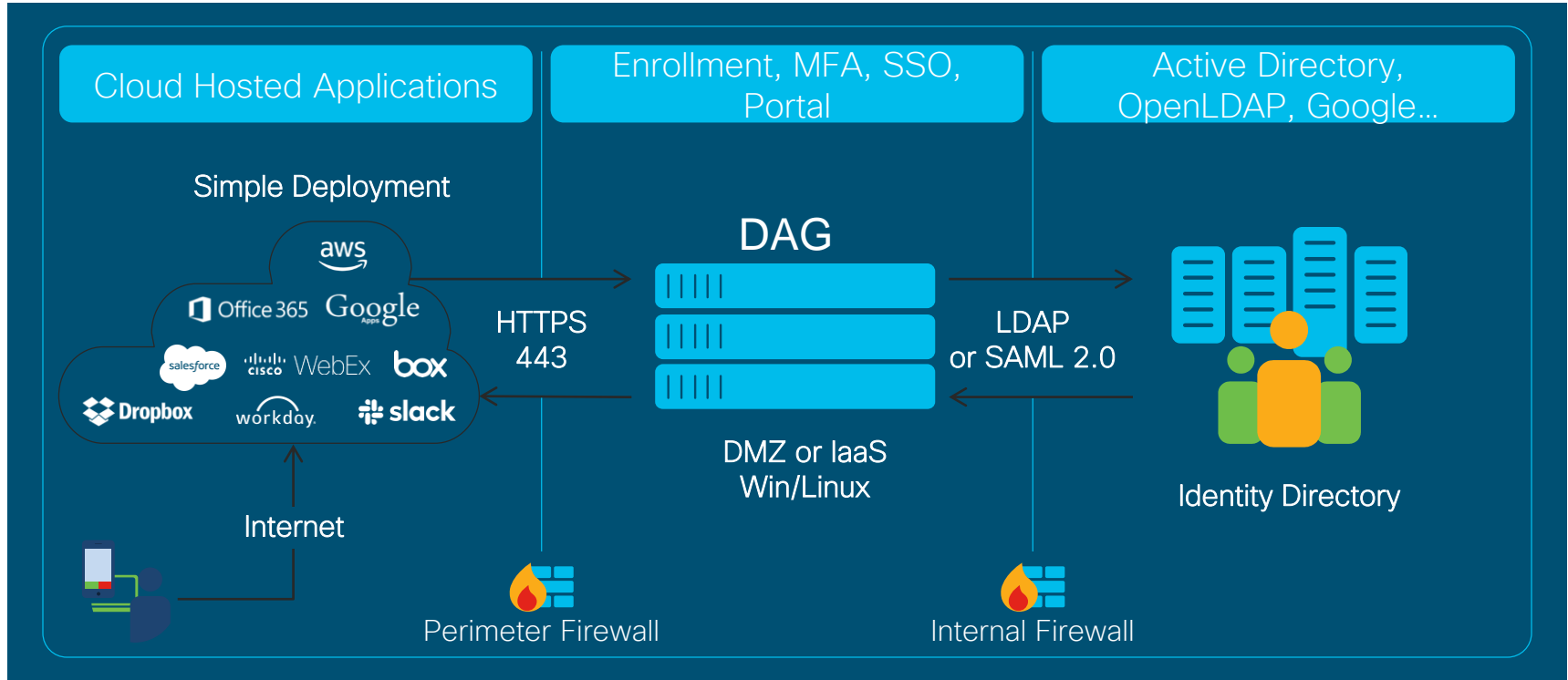


The screenshot shows a Duo Security authentication page. At the top left is the Duo logo. Below it are links for "What is this?", "Add a new device", "My Settings & Devices", and "Need help?". Below the links is the text "Powered by Duo Security". The main heading is "Choose an authentication method". There are three options, each with a green button: "Duo Push" with "Send me a Push", "Call Me" with "Call Me", and "Enter a Passcode" with "Enter a Passcode". At the bottom, a red banner contains the message: "Your computer software is out of date. You will be blocked in 5 days if you don't update." with a "Let's update it" button and a close icon.

Improve your security posture & notify users of out-of-date devices

Easily Secure Cloud Application Access

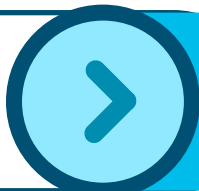
Duo Access Gateway (DAG)



Demo: Workforce- Employee Off-Prem to SaaS

What's the problem?

Protect against stolen or compromised credentials



How Cisco helps:

DNG, Duo MFA, Biometric, Location awareness



Provide simple but strong access control to applications and resources anywhere



Duo endpoint health, Group based application policies, SSO, DNG



Protect users from threats while they are remote



Duo health, Umbrella DNS and web security, AMP



Log and Audit Everything



Log in

Please enter your credentials to access the launcher.

Username

Password

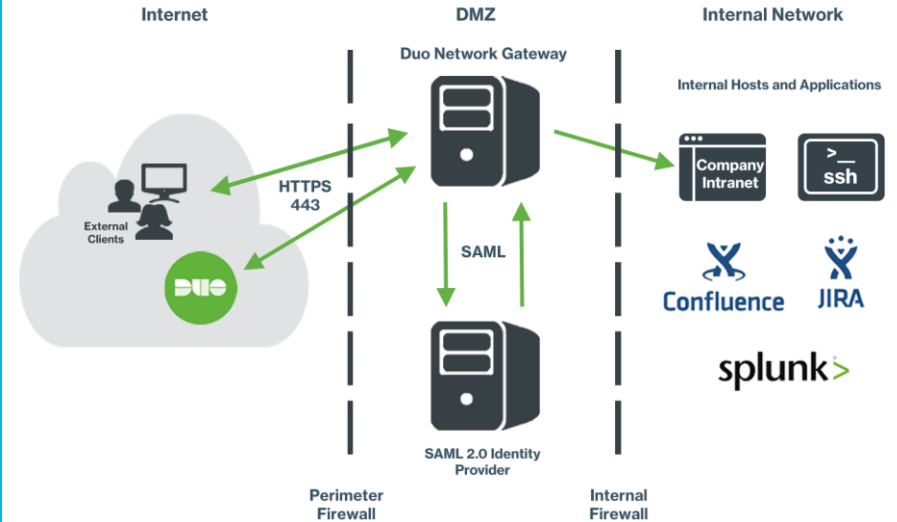
Log in

MacBook Air

Demo Recap...

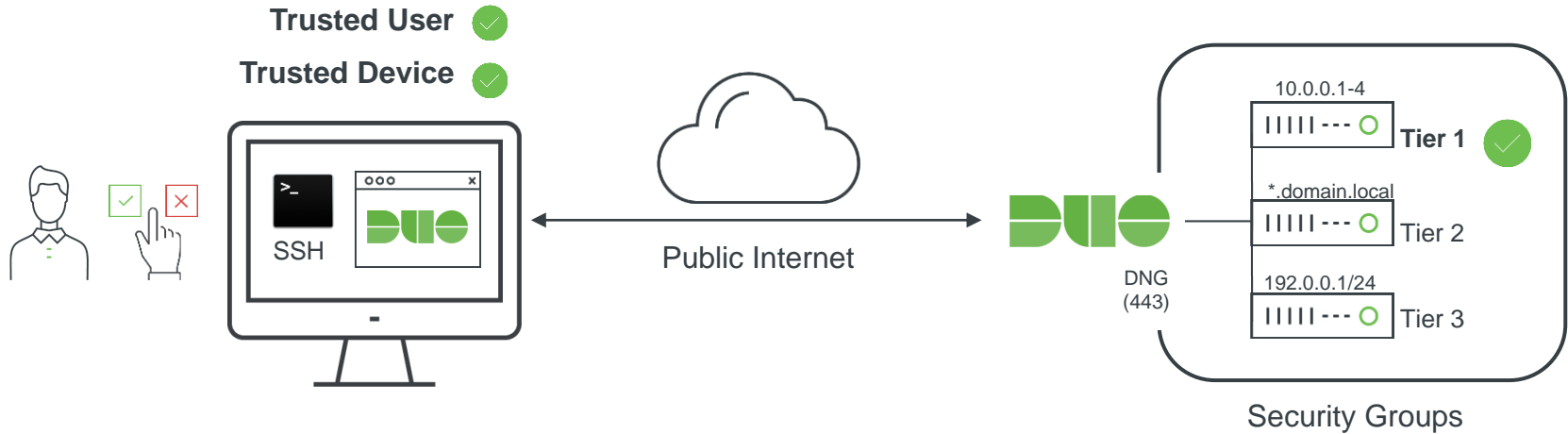
- Workforce: Duo – Remote employee on trusted client to SaaS
 - DAG app portal provided MFA, biometric, SSO, device health, device trust
 - New Duo endpoint health for firewall, disk encryption, system password
 - Umbrella remote protection: blocked phish, blocked unapproved apps, policy to reduce shadow IT risk with new app discovery

Securely Providing Access to Internal Applications from the Internet



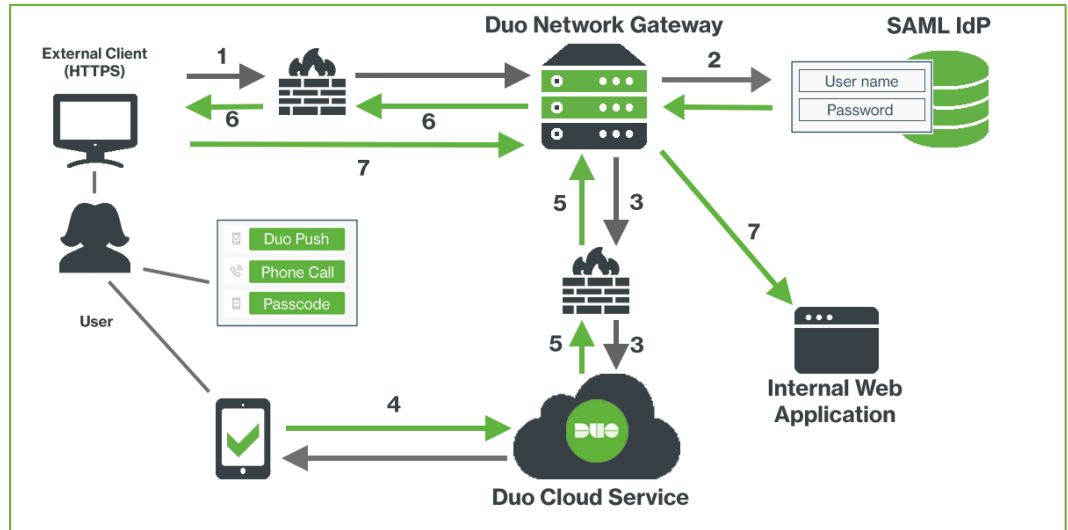
Duo Network Gateway

Detect user & device context for internal HTTP/S and SSH apps



What is the Duo Network Gateway?

- Deployed on Linux operating systems using Docker
- A reverse proxy that adds strong authentication before allowing users to access services protected by the Duo Network Gateway
- Supports HTTP, HTTPS and SSH traffic

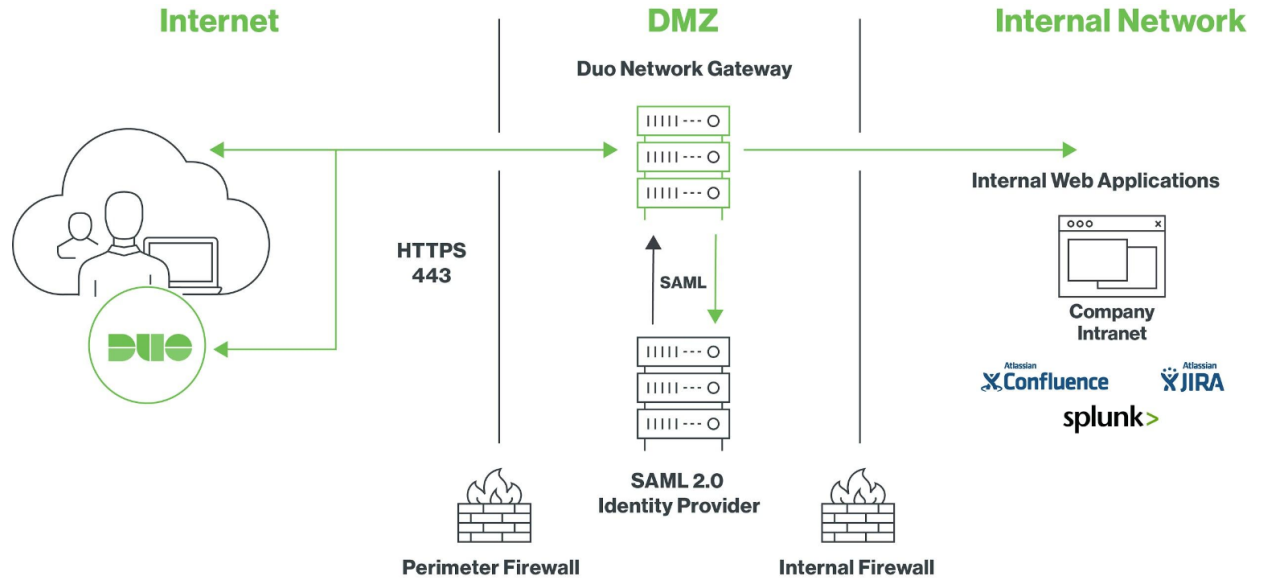


Example of Protected On-Prem Applications?

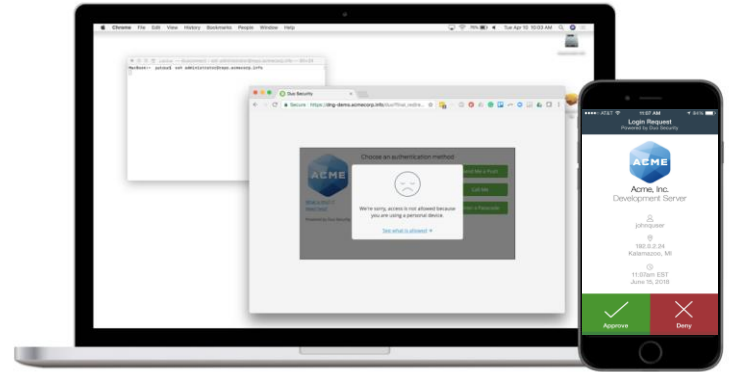
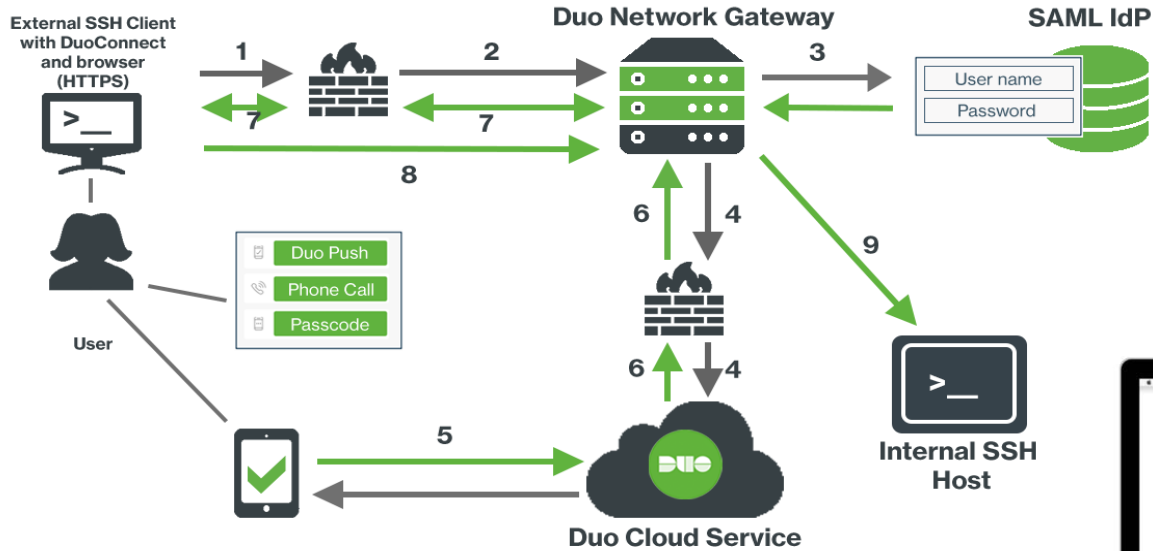


Setting Up Duo Network Gateway (DNG)

- Deploy a DNG in the DMZ
- Configure your **SAML IdP** for primary auth
- Create public DNS entries for your protected internal web apps to point to the DNG's public interface.
- Users access the "internal" app using their browser.



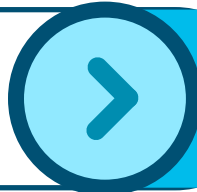
SSH Workflow



Demo: Workforce- Application Remote Access

What's the problem?

Provide secure clientless external access to internal applications



How Cisco helps:

Duo network gateway proxy, MFA



Determine trustworthiness of users/devices (managed & unmanaged)



Duo MFA, device health checks, Location, Tor check



Make the experience great for admins and users



Duo DAG Portal, MFA, SSO



Log and Audit Everything



Applications

Add New... ▾

Welcome

Primary Authentication

Applications

Settings

Documentation [↗](#)
Logout

Web Applications

SSH Servers

Show 25 entries

Name ^

Internal URL

External URL

[apc1.sanbower.net](#)

http://10.28.20.30/

https://apc1.sanbower.net/

Remove

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries

< 1 >

Duo Network Gateway v1.5.0 · © 2019 Duo Security. All rights reserved.

Duo Network Gateway

Demo Recap...

- Workforce: Duo – Remote contractor, personal client to internal apps
 - DNG Deployment and Policy was simple, straightforward and quick
 - Awesome user experience, clientless self-enrollment MFA and SSO
 - Contractor specific, per app policy included device health OS, browser, plug-in, even geo-location restrictions and deny sources from Tor

Recap: Zero Trust for the Workforce

Duo helps reduce the risks of phishing, malware & unauthorized access to your applications.



Establish
Trust

Establish user + device trust

- Multi-factor authentication (MFA)
- Device visibility & policies



Enforce
Trust-Based
Access

Enforce access policies

- For every app
- Adaptive & role-based controls (location, device type, network type, etc.)



Continuously
Verify Trust

Continuously monitor risky devices

- Device health
- Managed/unmanaged device status

Zero Trust for the Workload

Workloads

Zero-Trust Security



Establish
Trust

Gain visibility into what's running & critical by identifying workloads & enforcing policies



Enforce
Trust-
Based
Access

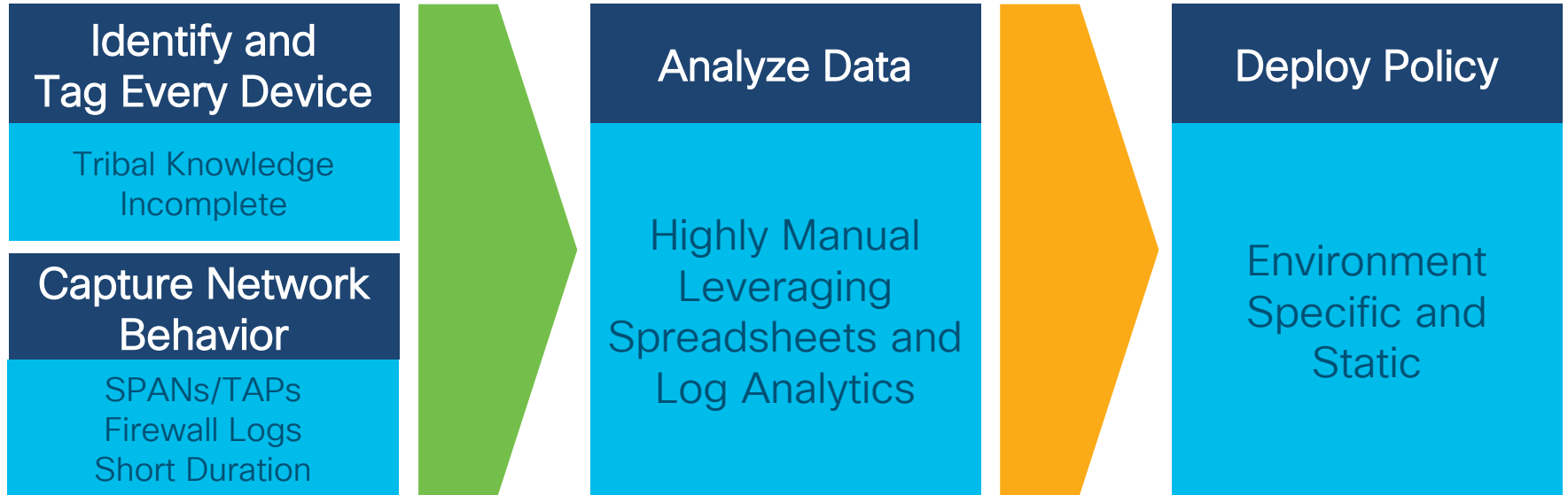
Contain breaches & minimize lateral movement with application micro-segmentation



Continuously
Verify Trust

Alert or block communications by continuously monitoring & responding to indicators of compromise

Legacy Zero Trust for Workload Approach



Doesn't Scalable – Highly Error Prone

Cisco Zero Trust for Workload

How to Establish Trust with Tetration

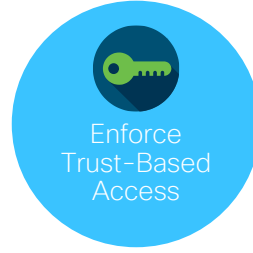


Establish Trust

Visibility and
behavior modeling

Application discovery and
dependency maps

All Processes, cmds, files,
users and network comms



Enforce
Trust-Based
Access

Per workload,
micro-segmentation policy

Automated, context-based,
segmentation policy

Consistent policy:
Any workload, Anywhere



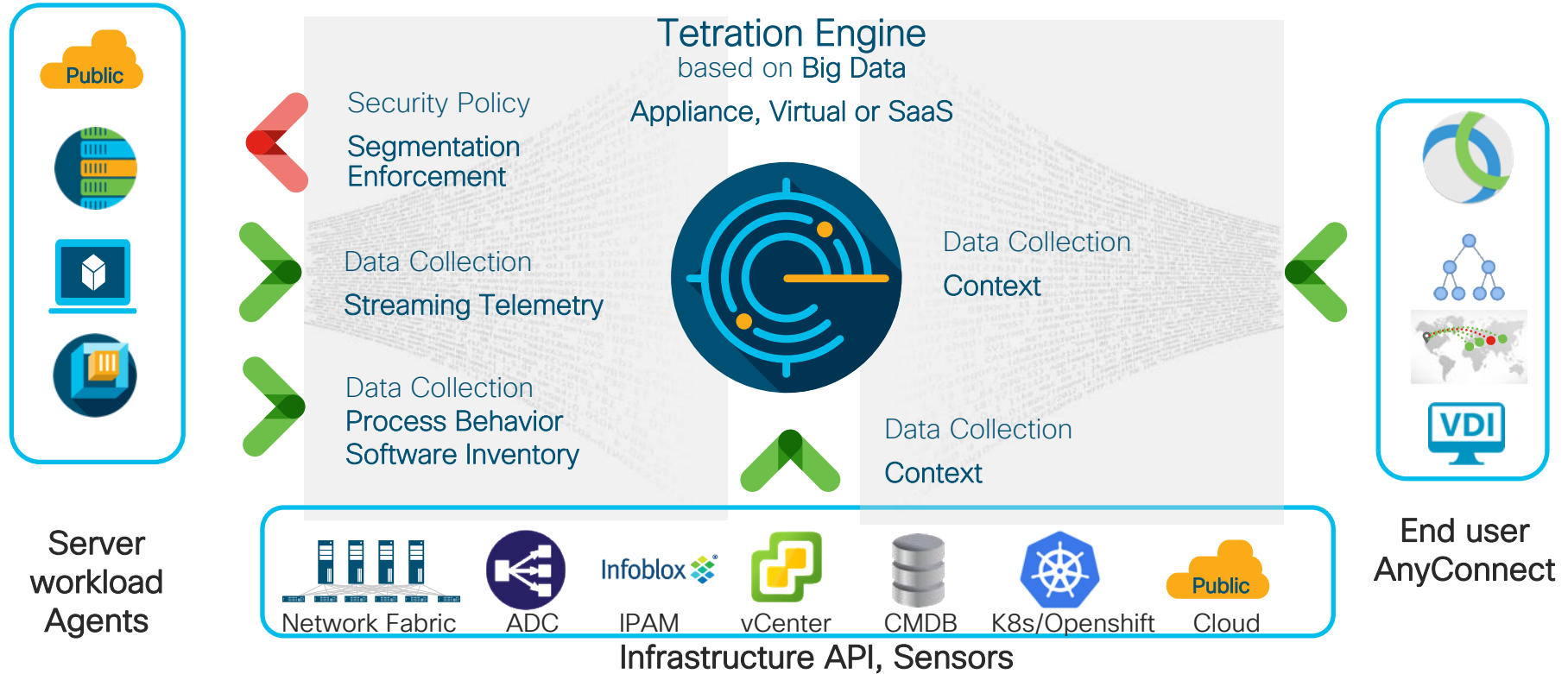
Continuous
Trust
Verification

Real-time security
health of workloads

Security visibility and
health score

Vulnerability, anomaly,
forensic and threat data

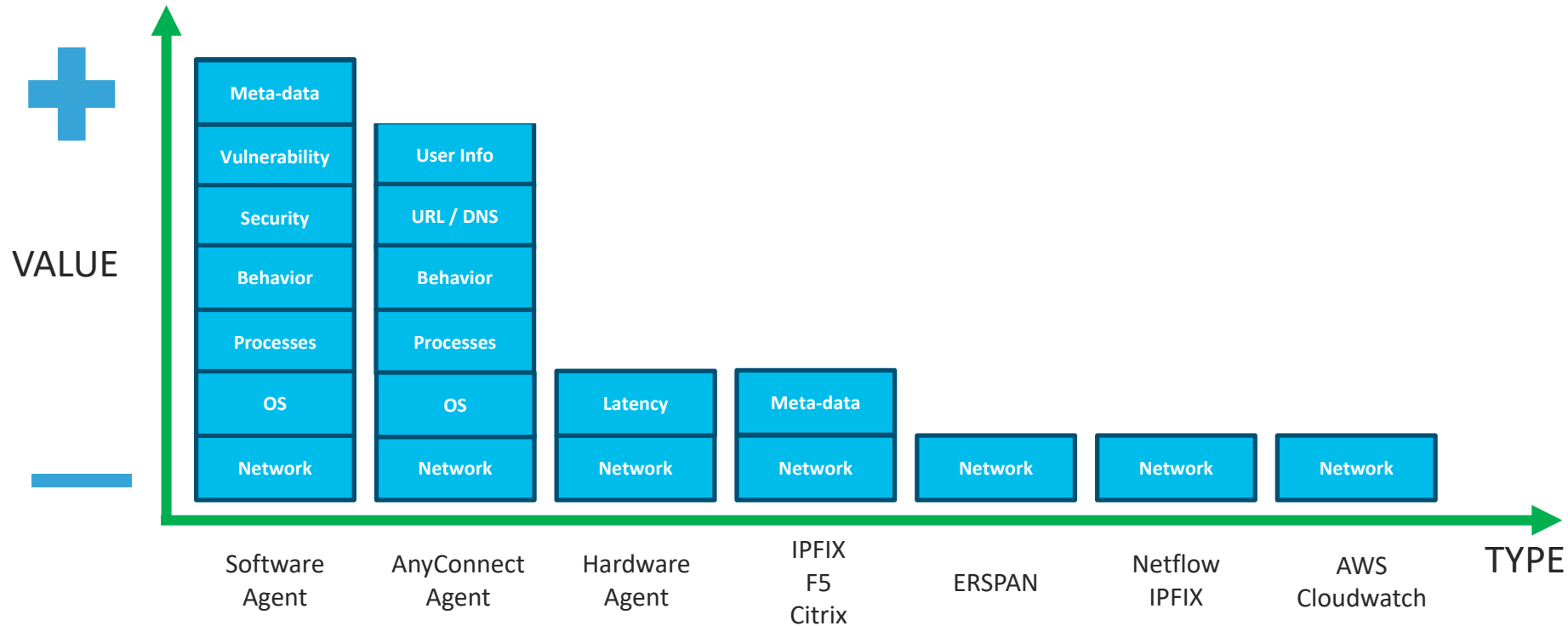
Tetration workload protection



Any vendor's infrastructure. Any data center. Any cloud

CISCO *Live!*

Different Data Sources provide different value



Workload: Establish Trust

Identify Workloads

With Tetration's workload visibility,
gain insight into:

- Application components
- Communications
- Processes & network flows
- Dependencies

Get visibility:

- Across the data center
& multi-cloud infrastructure
- Private/public clouds

CISCO *Live!*



Workload Visibility

Workload: **Establish Trust**

Visibility:

- Every packet & data center flow
- East-west communication
- Users and user groups accessing application
- Process info & installed software
- Long-term data retention for telemetry & forensics
- Application Dependency Maps

How Data is Collected:

- Software sensors for bare-metal, virtual machines & containers
- Endpoint & flow visibility through Cisco AnyConnect & Identity Services Engine (ISE)
- Other telemetry collection option includes Nexus 9000 series hardware, ERSPAN and Netflow sensors

CISCO *Live!*



Tetration Software Sensor Overview

Workload: **Establish Trust**

Installs and runs as a user process in the operating system

Enables telemetry collection and policy enforcement for segmentation

- Collects metadata from packet headers (no payload), process information, and installed software
- Enforces policies for segmentation through IPsets for Linux and Windows advanced firewall for Windows servers

Software sensors thresholds:

- Low CPU overhead (<1%)
- Default set to 3% CPU overhead

cisco *Live!*



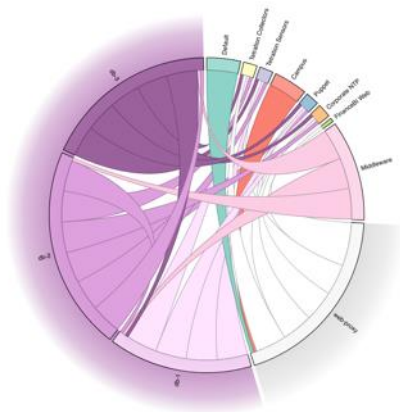


Tetration Demo

Application Insight

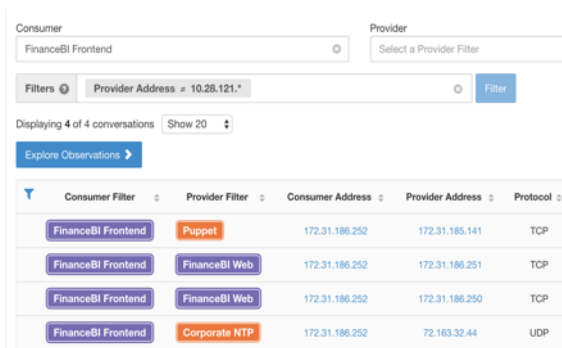
Workload: **Establish Trust**

Tetration maps your application dependencies, giving you insight into app communications.



Cluster View

Snapshot of communication between app components, grouped into clusters (VM, bare-metal)



Conversation View

All communication details between different app components



Shared Services

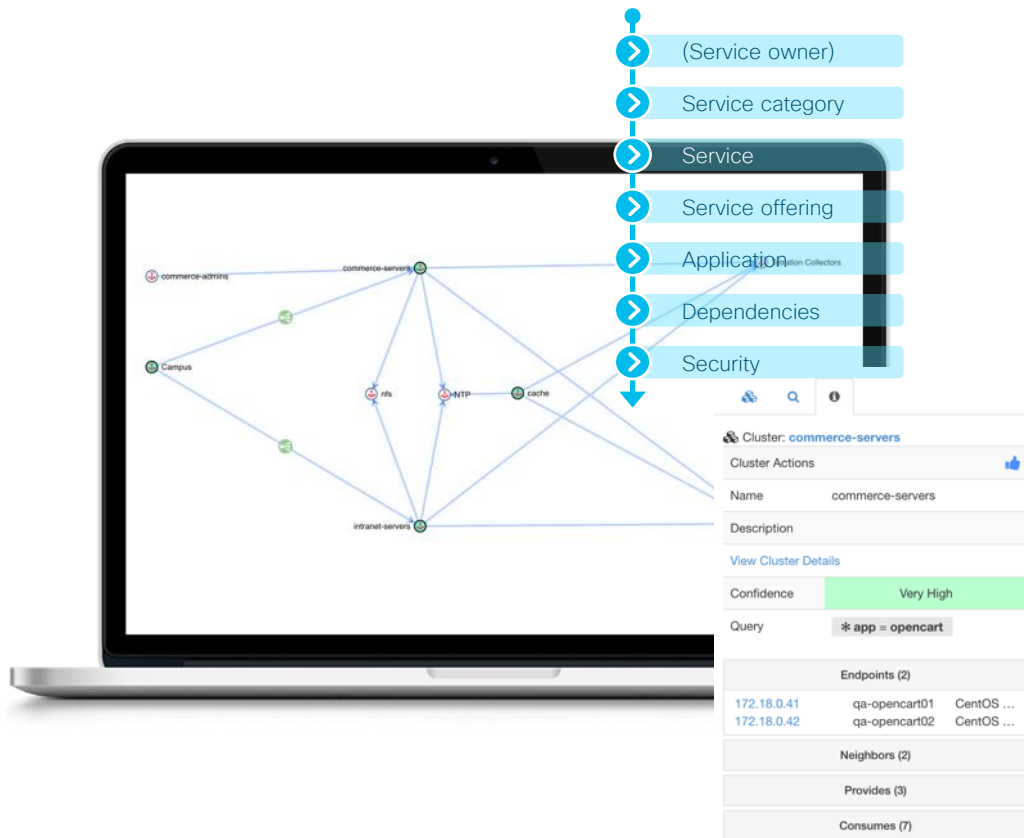
Services commonly shared among multiple apps (orchestration, DNS, AAA servers, etc.)

Application Insight Dependency Map

Workload: **Establish Trust**

Get visibility into:

- How different application tiers are communicating
- About direct connections to database servers
- Communications through load balancers
- If there are outgoing connections that shouldn't be allowed



Workload Profile

Workload: **Establish Trust**



Any host with a Tetration software agent or an endpoint registered through an AnyConnect Proxy contains the workload profile information

Based on the agent type, information includes

Long-lived processes

Enforcement policies

File hashes

Installed packages

Interface details

Visit history

Process snapshot

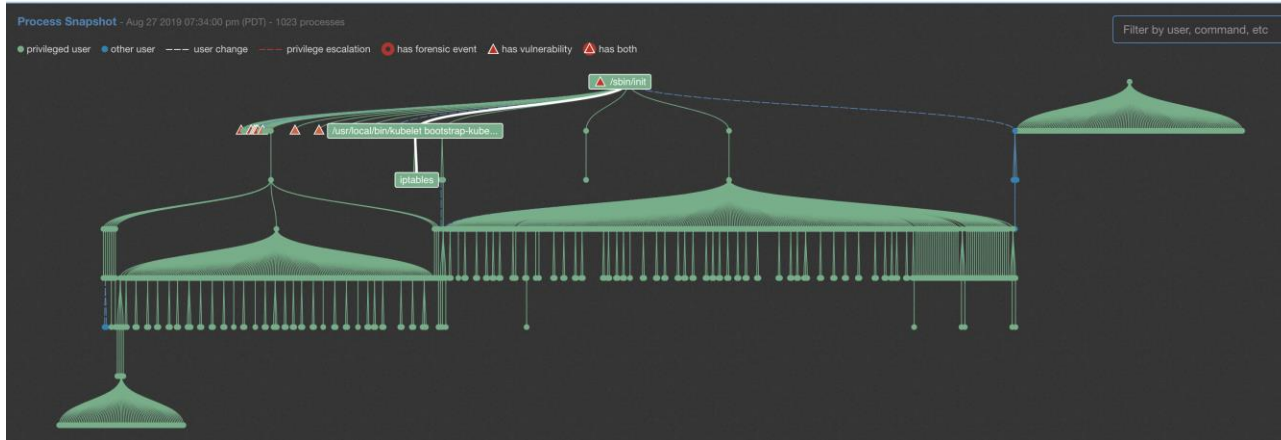
Data leaks

Agent statistics

Workload Profile – Process Snapshot

Workload: **Establish Trust**

- Process details collected in near real-time and process snapshot is updated with this information
- Full time-series view to go back and visualize process hierarchy and behavior information
- Correlated with vulnerability information to indicate if a process is started by a software package with known vulnerability
- Indicates process behavior history such as a past forensic event or privilege escalation



Workload Profile – Software Package Details

Workload: **Establish Trust**

VESX3-KUBE5

Filters Filter

Displaying 12 of 487

Name	Version	Architecture	Publisher
wget	1.17.1-1ubuntu1.5	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
vim	7.4.1689-3ubuntu1.3	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
systemd	229-4ubuntu21.22	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
rsyslog	8.16.0-1ubuntu3.1	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
rsync	3.1.1-3ubuntu1.2	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
python	2.7.12-1-16.04	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
perl	5.22.1-9ubuntu0.6	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
openssl	1.0.2g-1ubuntu4.15	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
libxml2	2.9.3+dfsg1-1ubuntu0.6	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
git	2.7.4-0ubuntu1.6	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
curl	7.47.0-1ubuntu2.13	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>
bszip2	1.0.6-8ubuntu0.2	amd64	Ubuntu Developers <ubuntu-devel-discuss@lists.ubuntu.com>

VESX3-KUBE5

Filters

Displaying 3 of 454

CVE	Package Name	Package Version	Score (V2)	Score (V3)	Severity (V2)	Base Severity (V3)	Access Vector (V2)	Access Complexity (V2)
CVE-2016-6303	openssl	1.0.2g-1ubuntu4.15	7.5	9.8	HIGH	CRITICAL	NETWORK	LOW
CVE-2016-2182	openssl	1.0.2g-1ubuntu4.15	7.5	9.8	HIGH	CRITICAL	NETWORK	LOW
CVE-2016-2177	openssl	1.0.2g-1ubuntu4.15	7.5	9.8	HIGH	CRITICAL	NETWORK	LOW

- See all the software packages installed on that workload
- Search for specific packages based on various parameters including vulnerability data
- Identify the vulnerabilities associated with a particular software package and its details

User & Endpoint Visibility

Workload: **Establish Trust**



AnyConnect

- Get information on devices, OS, interface, flow details
- Collect telemetry from AnyConnect Network Visibility Module (NVM)
- Integrate with LDAP for additional user context



Identity Services Engine (ISE)

- Get device type (IP phone, printer, etc.), usernames, tags, device posture, flow records
- Collect endpoint/inventories from ISE
- Using LDAP for additional user context

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access

Application Micro-Segmentation

Tetration's micro-segmentation works by:

- Defining policies to restrict application access
- Enforcing segmentation policy across data centers and the multi-cloud
- Containing breaches & minimize lateral movement

CISCO *Live!*



Zero Trust Policy: Sources and Context

Workload: **Enforce Trust-Based Access**



Autogenerated
based on application
behavior



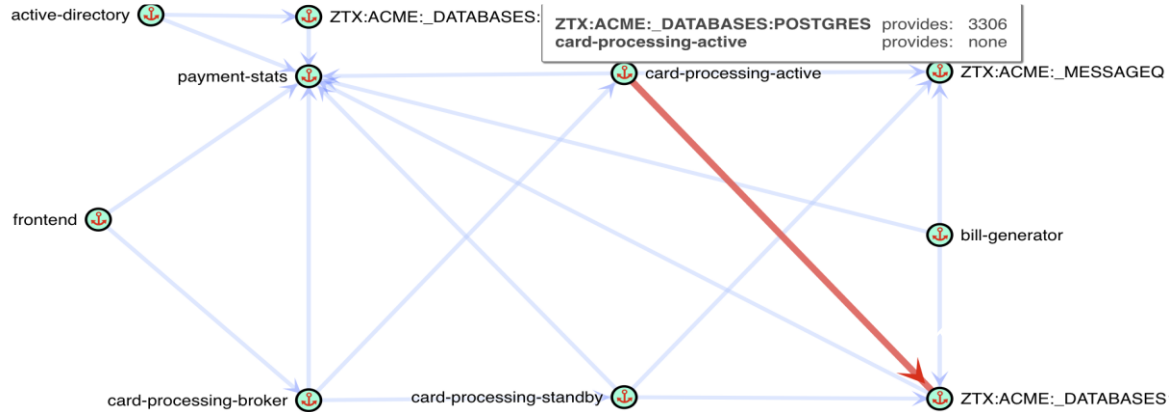
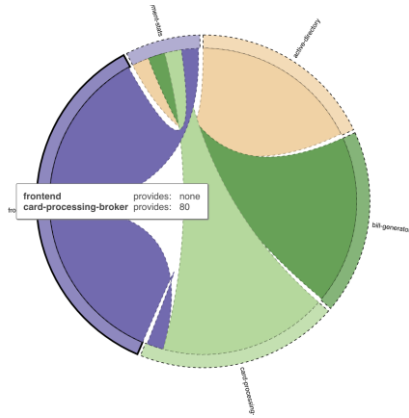
Workload context
and metadata



Workforce and
endpoint devices

Zero Trust Policy: Automated discovery, clustering and policy generation

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access



Priority	Action	Consumer	Provider	Services
10	DENY	client posture=non-compliant	ZTX : ACME : DC : PAYMENT PROCESSOR	Any
10	DENY	SGT=Quarantine	ZTX : ACME	Any
90	ALLOW	LB Internal Interface	ZTX : ACME : DC : PAYMENT PROCESSOR	TCP : 80 (HTTP)
100	ALLOW	active-directory	ZTX : ACME : _DATABASES : ORACLE	TCP : 3306 (MySQL)
100	ALLOW	card-processing-active	ZTX : ACME : _DATABASES : POSTGRES	TCP : 3306 (MySQL)

Zero Trust Policy: Application Segmentation

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access

Tetration generates policies based on application behavior.

For example:

- Production may not talk to non-production
- Certain applications are not accessible via the internet
- Allow or deny traffic between app components & infrastructure elements

The screenshot displays the Cisco Tetration console interface. On the left, a table lists various policies with columns for priority, action, source, and destination. On the right, a detailed view of a policy is shown, including its rank, priority, action, consumer, and provider.

Priority	Action	Source	Destination	Service
100	ALLOW	cache	Tetration Collectors	TCP : 5660 (Tetration Enforcement)
100	ALLOW	commerce-servers	db	TCP : 3306 (MySQL) ...
100	ALLOW	intranet-servers	db	
100	ALLOW	commerce-servers	nfs	
100	ALLOW	intranet-servers	nfs	
100	ALLOW	commerce-servers	NTP	
100	ALLOW	intranet-servers	NTP	
100	ALLOW	cache	NTP	
100	ALLOW	Campus	commerce-servers	
100	ALLOW	172.18.0.2	commerce-servers	
100	ALLOW	commerce-admins	commerce-servers	
100	ALLOW	Campus	intranet-servers	
100	ALLOW	172.18.0.2	intranet-servers	
100	ALLOW	Campus	commerce	
100	ALLOW	Campus	intranet	

Policy Details:

- Rank: Default
- Priority: 100
- Action: ALLOW
- Consumer: intranet-servers
- Provider: nfs

Service Ports (1):

- TCP : 2049 (NFS)

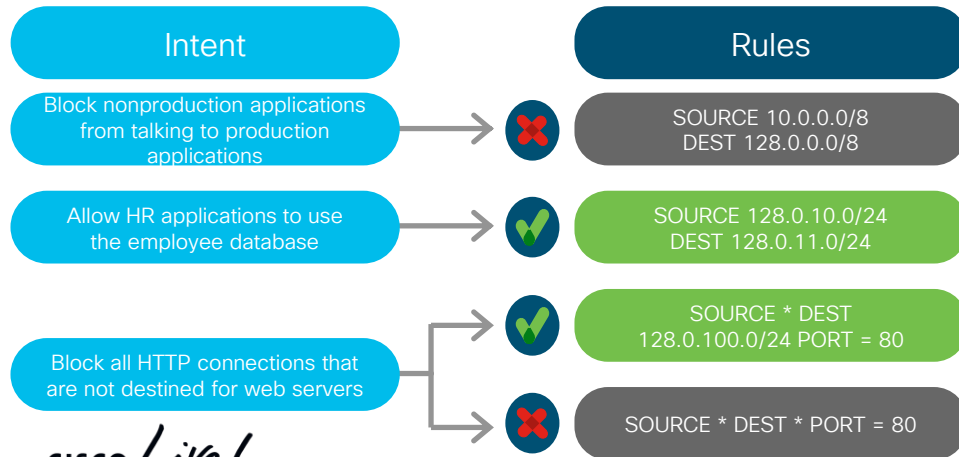
Zero Trust Policy: Enforcing Micro-Segmentation Policies

Workload: **Enforce Trust-Based Access**

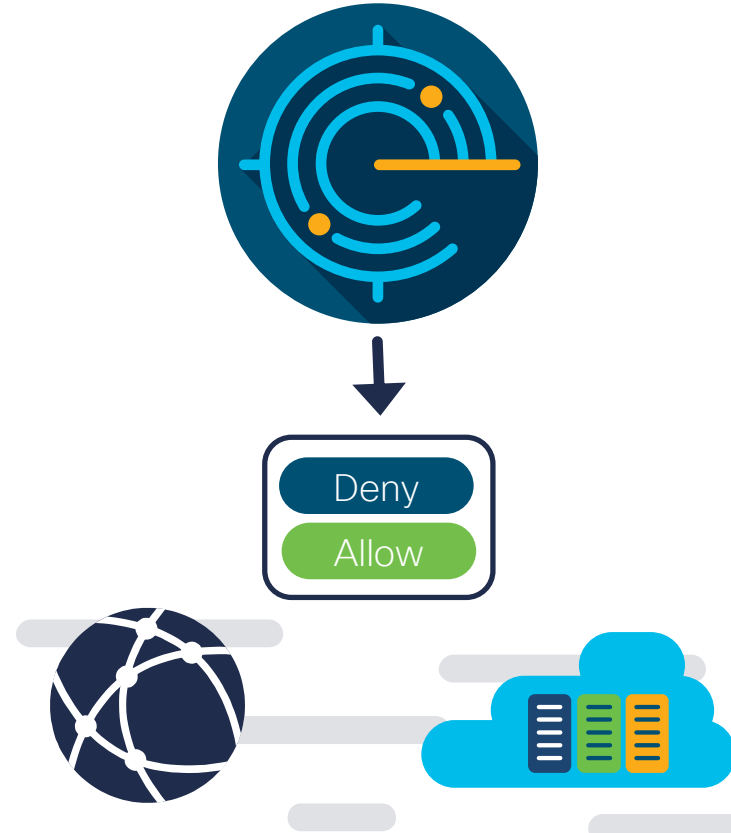
Intent informs trust-based policies.

Intent is rendered as security rules in native OS firewalls.

Converted into blacklist/whitelist rules



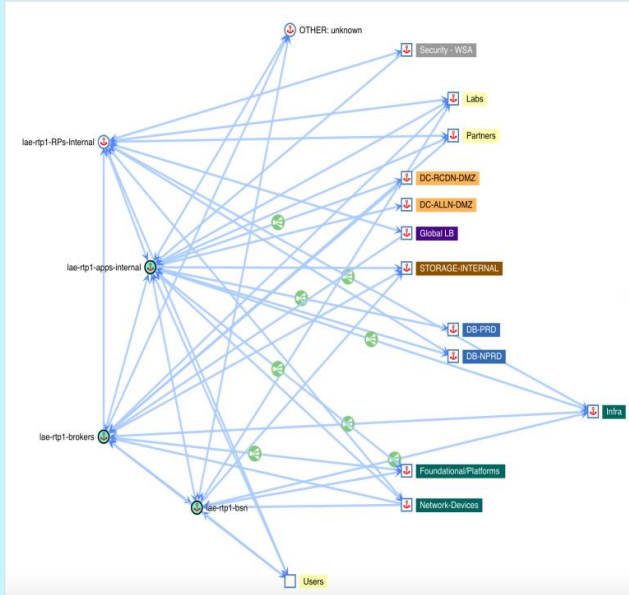
CISCO *Live!*



Zero Trust Policy: Exportable Policies

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access

Application discovery



Whitelist policy recommendation
(export in Kafka, JSON, XML, and YAML)
Import into ASA, NGFW

Export

Export application view LAE copy with 1550 clusters

Clusters Clusters and Policies

```
{
  "src_name": "App",
  "dst_name": "Web",
  "whitelist": [
    {
      "port": [0, 0],
      "proto": 1,
      "action": "ALLOW"
    },
    {
      "port": [80, 80],
      "proto": 6,
      "action": "ALLOW"
    },
    {
      "port": [443, 443],
      "proto": 6,
      "action": "ALLOW"
    }
  ]
}
```

Zero Trust Policy: Real-time and historical policy simulation

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access



Validate policy impact assessment in real time

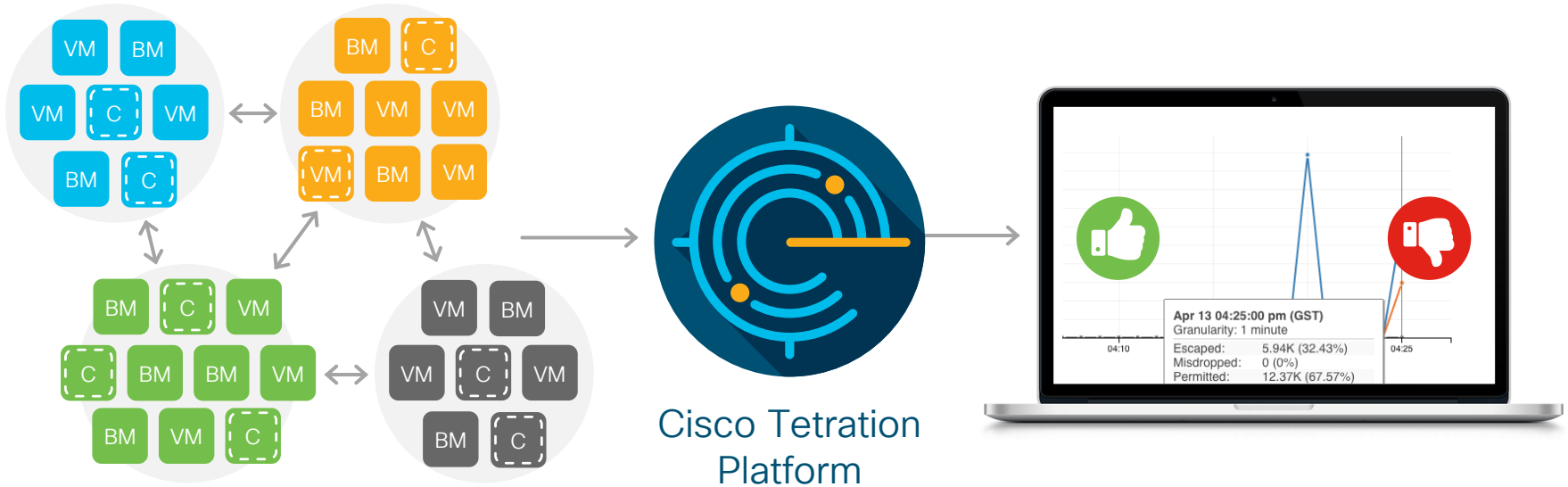
Simulate policy changes over historic traffic

View traffic outliers for quick intelligence

Audit becomes a function of continuous machine learning

Zero Trust Policy: Compliance Assessment

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access



Identify policy deviations in real time

Review and update whitelist policy with one click

Perform policy lifecycle management

Zero Trust Policy: Workload Context

Workload: **Enforce Trust-Based Access**

Cisco Tetration can connect to external systems to get workload context

- vCenter, for VM info
- Kubernetes or OpenShift, for container tags (pod information, service tags, etc.)
- AWS, for security tags
- IP address management system, for IP/subnet info
- DNS servers, for domain name info



Workload context as tags



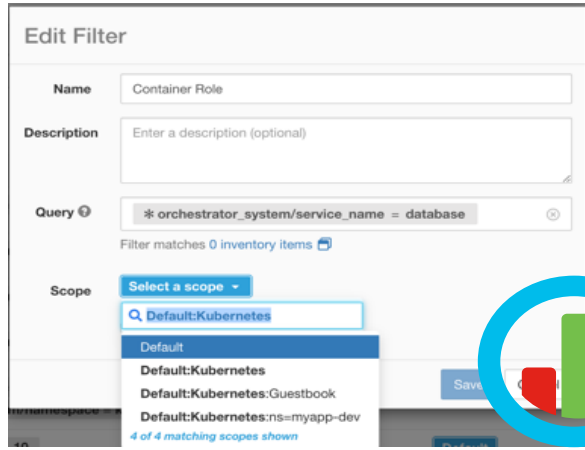
Using:

- Standard APIs to query info
- Periodic data collection
- Read-access only

CISCO *Live!*

Zero Trust Policy: Workload Context-aware Segmentation

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access



Priority	Action	Consumer	Provider
10	DENY	AWS:Web-prod	LondonDC:DB-prod

Tetration identifies, inventories and defines workloads, & continuously updates as new servers are added, existing servers moved or IP addresses change

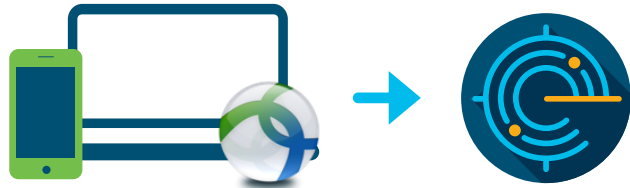
Using this info, Tetration enforces context-aware policies.

Example Context : Web production is in AWS and DB is on-prem

Example Policy : Public cloud Web can't talk to on-prem database servers

Zero Trust Policy: User & Endpoint

Workload: Enforce Trust-Based Access



DENY

client posture=non-compliant

ZTX : ACME : DC : PAYMENT PROCESSOR

Tetration gets insight from external sources

- User & endpoint context
- From AnyConnect, ISE, LDAP

And through using this insight, generates policies

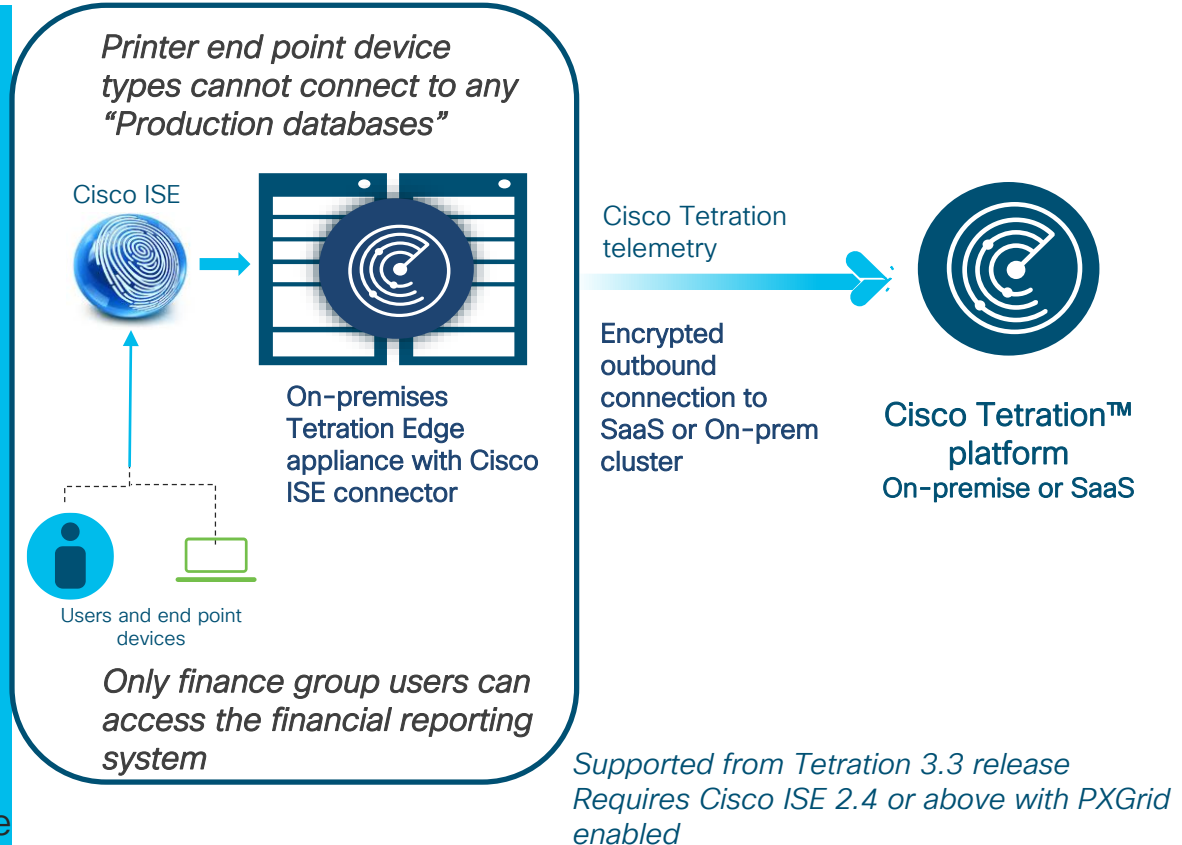
Example: Only finance users can access financial reporting system.

Or, printers can't connect to any database servers

Zero Trust Policy: User & Endpoint context

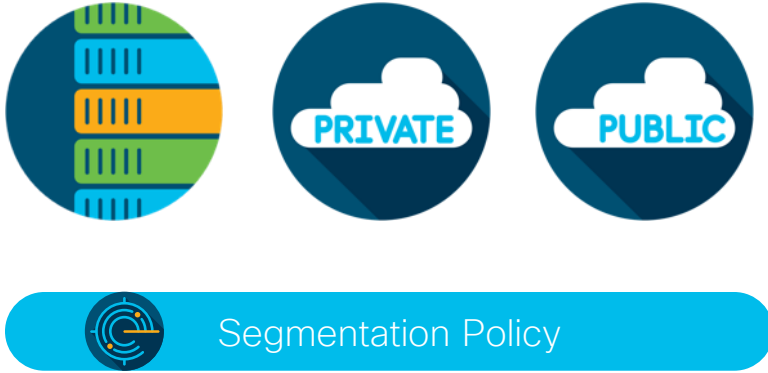
Workload protection policy based on endpoint device attributes

- Authenticated machine or not
- Source Group Tags (SGT) - Name and Id
- Mobile Device Management attributes
 - Compliant, Disk encrypted, Jail broken, Pin locked device, etc.,
- End point profile
 - Workstation or Mobile device or Laptop or Printer
 - End point device names
 - User and device memberships are maintained and updated in real time



Use Case: Segmentation for the Hybrid Cloud

Workload: Use Case



Address customer problems:

- Need to discover workloads & application behavior & traffic
- Create and enforce adaptable ZT app segmentation policy
- Limit workload access to only users/devices that require it

Consistent ZT Policies:

- Enforce granular controls everywhere
- Control lateral movement across east-west traffic to minimize damage

Dynamic, ZT Segmentation Policies:

- Segmentation policy moves with the workload
- Policy auto-updates as app dependencies & communications evolve

Demo: Workload – Hybrid Cloud Segmentation

What's the problem?

Discover, model and baseline my applications behavior and traffic



How Cisco helps:

Tetration Visibility and analysis



How can I create and enforce a ZT segmentation policy that adapts



Tetration ADM, contextual policies, dynamic attributes



I need to limit workload access to only users/devices that require it



Tetration integrations with SD-Access/ISE/Anyconnect



Log and Audit Everything



Untitled - Notepad
 File Edit Format View Help

SGT: Employee

Windows (CRLF) Ln 1, Col 14 100%

Host Name: 172-17-16-111
 OS Version: Windows 10
 IP Address: 172.17.16.111
 MAC Address: 00-50-56-A2-70-E2
 DNS Server: 172.16.1.98
 Default Gateway: 172.17.16.1
 Boot Time: 8/14/2019 5:18 PM

Type here to search

12:28 PM 8/16/2019

MacBook Air

Let's recap...

- Workload: Tetration – Hybrid-DC multi-tier invoicing application
 - Started with flat network, clean slate in tetration
 - Integrated ISE for context (SGT, users, device profiles and health...)
 - Tetration performed discovery, security health assessment, ADM, baselining
 - Automated creation of dynamic rules and one-click policy enforcement

Workload: Continuously Verify Trust

Continuous Monitoring & Response

Tetration's proactive response

Baseline process behaviors for:

- Faster detection of indicators of compromise

Identify software vulnerabilities
& exposures:

- Quarantine servers
- Block communication when policy violations are detected
- Reduce attack surface





“Gartner predicts that, through 2020, 99% of vulnerabilities exploited will continue to be the ones known by security and IT professionals for at least one year.”

Reduce attack
surface

Reduce your attack surface



Software vulnerabilities

Identify known vulnerabilities associated with the installed software packages

Define actions proactively to restrict communication or quarantine workloads



Stale processes and ports

Identify unused process and port bindings that could potentially be exploited

Detect Policy Compliance

Workload: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Verify and simulate policy compliance with Tetration's analytics



Identify policy deviations
in real time



Review and update whitelist
policy with one click



Policy lifecycle
management

Detect Workload Vulnerabilities

Workload: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Limit your attack surface & prevent lateral movement



Cisco Tetration Analytics

- Inventories software packages
- Identifies software with known vulnerabilities



Take Action

Set up policies to respond:

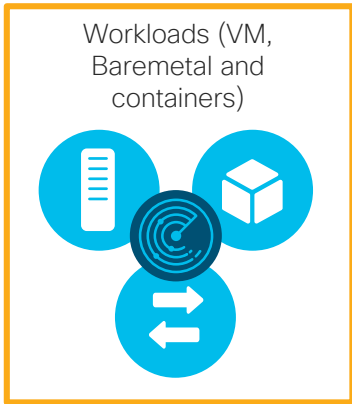
- Quarantine a host
- Or block vulnerable systems

Workload policy is auto-updated when vulnerability resolves

Protect from Workload Vulnerabilities

Workload: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Limit the attack surface & prevent lateral movement



Filters CVE Score v3 >= 9

Displaying 2 of 315

Name	Version	Architecture	Publisher
.NET Framework 3.5 Features	3.5	AMD64	Microsoft Corporation
.NET Framework 3.5 (includes .NET 2.0 and 3.0)	3.5	AMD64	Microsoft Corporation

Impact

CVSS v3.0 Severity and Metrics:
 Base Score: 9.8 CRITICAL
 Vector: AV:N/AC:L/PRN/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H (V3 Legend)
 Impact Score: 5.9
 Exploitability Score: 3.9

CVSS v2.0 Severity and Metrics:
 Base Score: 10.0 HIGH
 Vector: (AV:N/AC:L/PRN/UI:N/S:U/C/C/C/C/A/C) (V2 Legend)
 Impact Subscore: 10.0
 Exploitability Subscore: 10.0

Attack Vector (AV): Network
Attack Complexity (AC): Low
Privileges Required (PR): None
User Interaction (UI): None
Scope (S): Unchanged
Confidentiality (C): High
Integrity (I): High
Availability (A): High

Access Vector (AV): Network
Access Complexity (AC): Low
Authentication (AU): None
Confidentiality (C): Complete
Integrity (I): Complete
Availability (A): Complete

Additional Information:
 Allows unauthorized disclosure of information
 Allows unauthorized modification
 Allows disruption of service

- Identify the vulnerability details in minutes
- Vulnerability details include:
 - Severity
 - Impact subscore
 - Exploitability subscore
- Quickly identify all servers that are running specific software package version

Filter: CVE-Filter-Demo

Query: Package CVE contains CVE-2014-4877

Scope: Tetration

Description: CVE filter for quarantinne

Restricted?: No

Public?: No

Endpoints (42)

- Set up filters to search for one or more vulnerabilities
- Set up policy through UI or API to take specific action
- Quarantine a host when servers are identified with the vulnerability

Absolute Policies 3 Default Policies 8 Catch All DENY Add Absolute Policy

Priority	Action	Consumer	Provider	Services
100	DENY	CVE-Filter-Demo	10.10.0.*	UDP: 0-65535 ...
200	ALLOW	CVE-Filter-Demo	Tetration	TCP: 22

Detect Server Behavior Deviations

Workload: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Baseline server behavior & detect deviations to help identify malware faster



Collect server details:

- Server process inventory (process, process execution details, process hash)
- See hierarchy of servers, historical hierarchy & behavioral info



Identify behavior deviations:

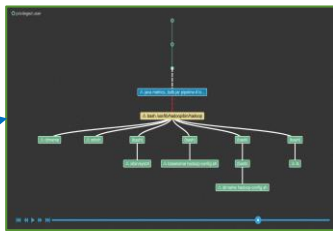
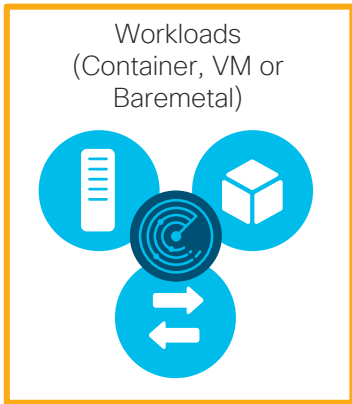
- Match server processing behavior to typical malware behavior
- Detect potential indicators of a compromise (privilege escalation, shell-code execution, etc.)

Detect Server Behavior Deviations

Detect behavior anomalies

Workload: Continuously Verify Trust

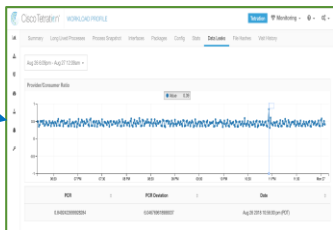
Baseline server behavior & detect deviations to help identify malware faster



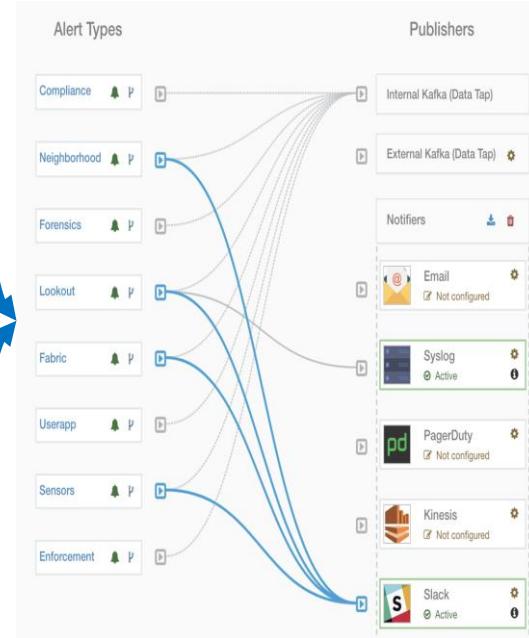
- Process behavior deviations
- Privilege escalation
 - Shell-code execution
 - Side channel attack
 - Raw socket creation
 - MITRE ATT&CK tactics
 - User login activities



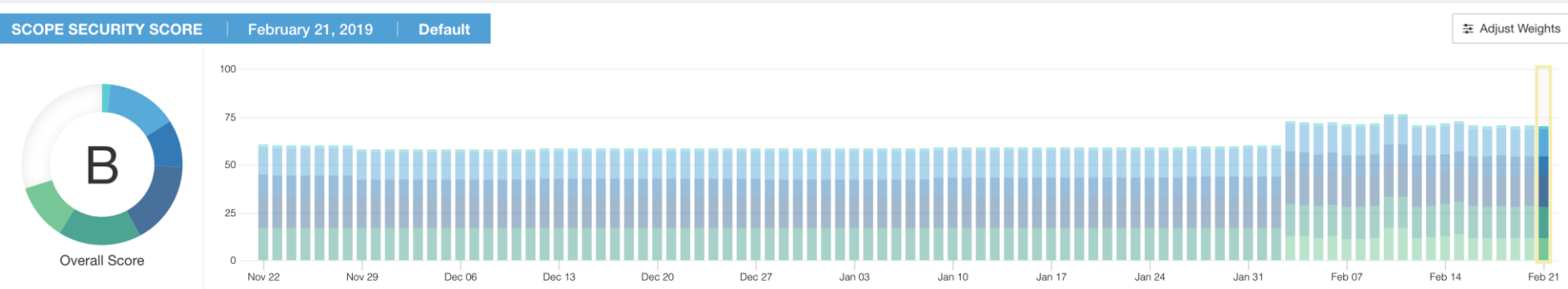
Check process hash sanity based NIST RDS database and hash consistency



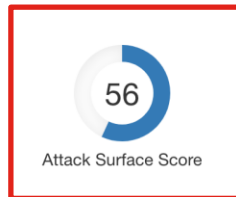
- Detect anomalies in traffic volume between the workloads
- Temporal analysis to baseline the behavior to address seasonality



Bringing all this together – Security dashboard



SCORE BREAKDOWN



Answers the CISO questions:

- How are we doing?
- Are we making progress?



Overall Security posture



Visualize security trend



Identify areas to improve

cisco *Live!*

Use Case: Continuous Trust Verification

Address customer problems:

- Ongoing, real-time security of workloads
- Need to defend workloads from threats & risks
- Leverage other tools to protect workloads

Priority	Action	Consumer	Provider	Services
10	DENY	client posture-non-compliant	ZTX : ACME : DC : PAYMENT PROCESSOR	Any
10	DENY	SGT=Quarantine	ZTX : ACME	Any
90	ALLOW	LB Internal Interface	ZTX : ACME : DC : PAYMENT PROCESSOR	TCP : 80 (HTTP)
100	ALLOW	active-directory	ZTX : ACME : _DATABASES : ORACLE	TCP : 3306 (MySQL)
100	ALLOW	card-processing-active	ZTX : ACME : _DATABASES : POSTGRES	TCP : 3306 (MySQL)

Security dashboard for continuous workload monitoring.

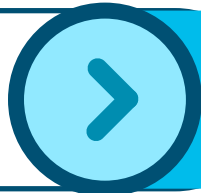
- Set policies to respond to a breach of trust (deviations, vulnerabilities)
- Quarantine servers
- Block communication

Integrate with SD-Access/ISE, Cisco firewalls, Stealthwatch & Cisco Threat Response (CTR) for insight, policy & alerts.

Demo: Workload – Continuous Trust Verification

What's the problem?

What is the real-time security health of my workload environments?



How Cisco helps:

Tetration Security Dashboard



I need to defend my workloads from attacks



Tetration Forensics rules
Automate segmentation rules based on threat/risk data



How can I leverage my other security tools to protect my workloads?



Tetration integration with SD-Access/ISE, CTR, NGFW, Stealthwatch, etc.



Log and Audit Everything

Struts2 Showcase - Mozilla Firefox

Struts2 Showcase x +

File Edit View msf5 exploi

172.16.131:8080/struts2/showcase.action

Most Visited Offensive Security Kali Linux Kali Docs Kali Tools Exploit-DB Aircrack-ng Kali Forums NetHunter Kali Training Getting Started

Struts2 Showcase Home Configuration Tags File Examples Integration AJAX Interactive Demo Help ▾

Welcome!

The Struts Showcase demonstrates a variety of use cases and tag usages. Essentially, the application exercises various framework features in isolation. The Showcase is not meant as a "best practices" example.

For more "by example" solutions, see the [Struts Cookbook](#) pages.

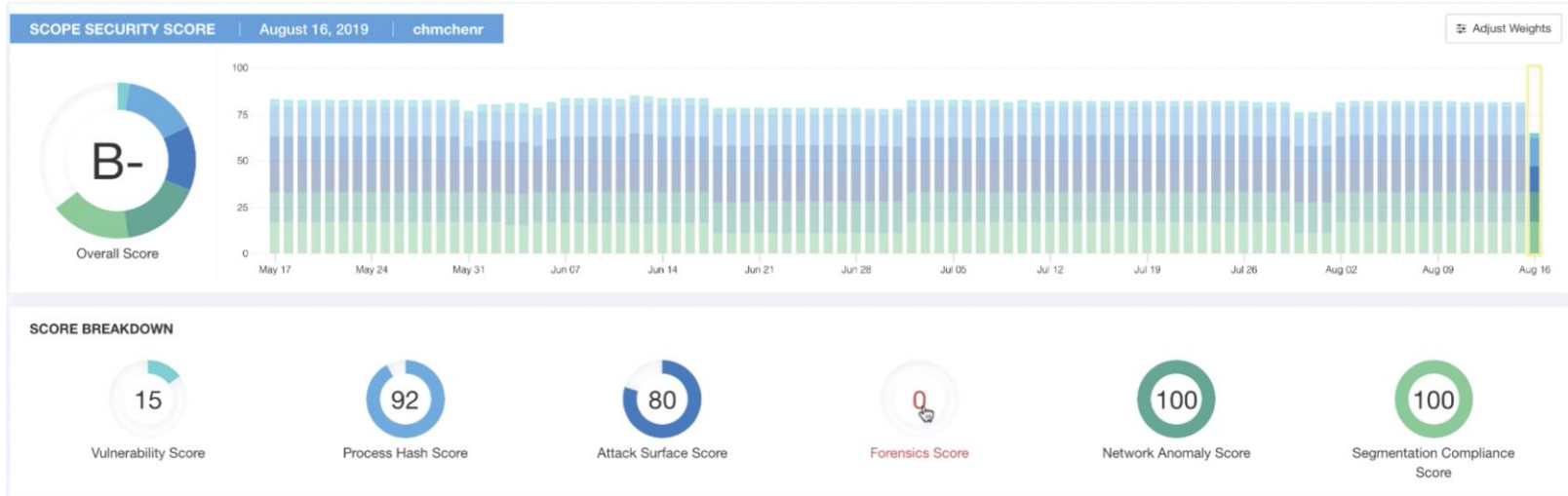
[View Sources](#)

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2019/08/16 03:01:44
Powered by
Struts

Let's recap...

- Workload: Tetration – Workload Security
 - Security dashboard provided an overall health score
 - New vulnerability dashboard showed what was most critical to patch
 - Detailed forensics with new MITRE ATT&CK tactics rules & mitigation



Recap: Zero Trust for Workloads

Tetration secures all connections within your apps – get complete application visibility, prevent lateral movement and contain breaches.



Gain visibility:

- Identify workloads, dependencies, app behavior
- Create & enforce policies



Enforce policies:

- For application micro-segmentation
- To minimize lateral movement



Continuously monitor:

- Respond to indicators of compromise
- Alert or block communication

Zero Trust for the Workplace

Zero Trust for the Workplace

How to Establish Trust with SD-Access & ISE



Establish
Trust

Discover and classify
devices

WITH
IoT device profiling
BYOD lifecycle
management
User device Posture



Enforce
Trust-
Based
Access

Context-based
network access
control policy for
users and things

WITH
Dynamic precise
policies Group-based
(SGT)



Continuous
Trust
Verification

Continuous security
health monitoring of
devices

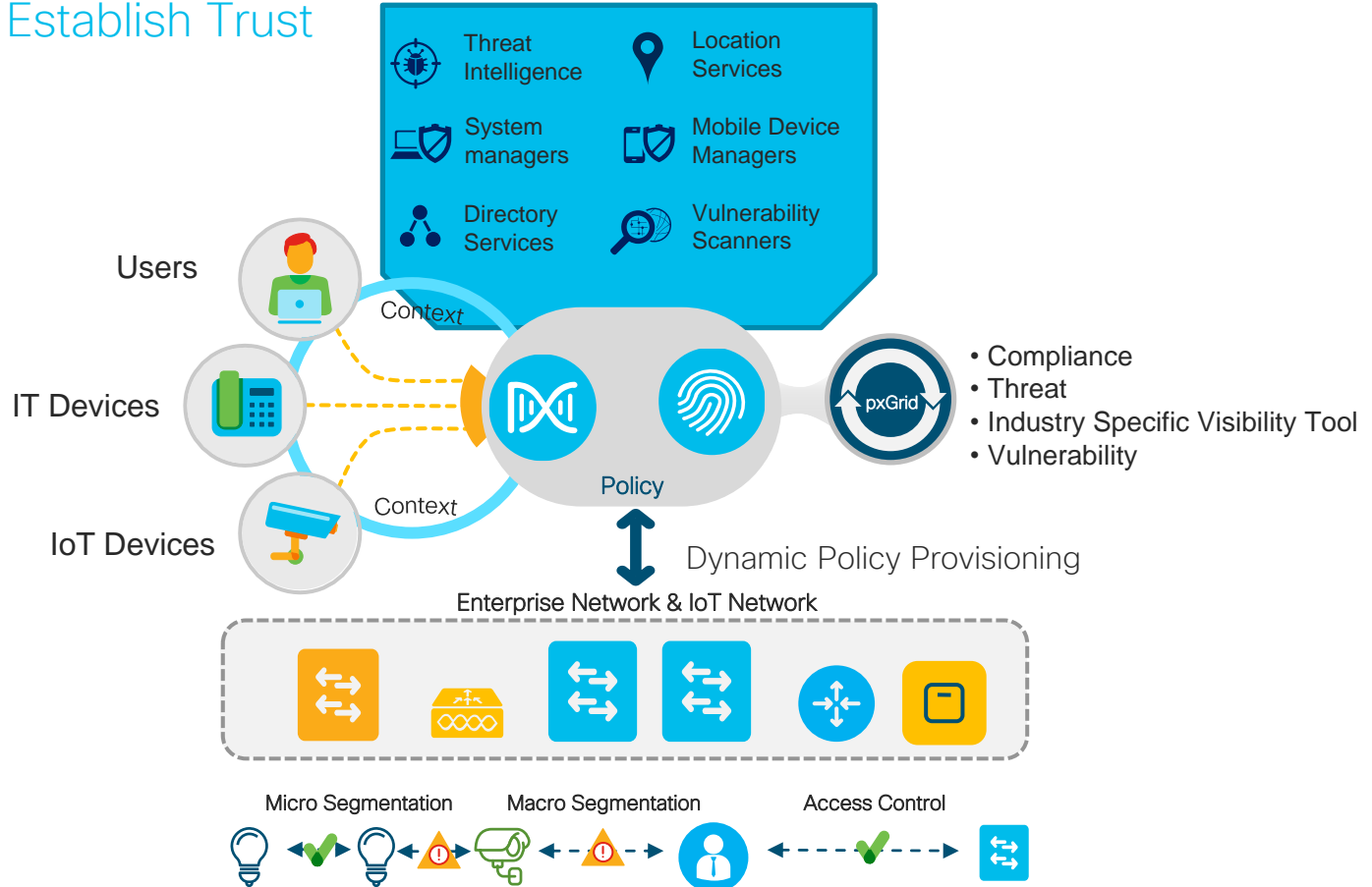
BY
Continuous Posture
Vulnerability assessments
Indications of compromise

ISE is the foundation for ZT in the Workplace



Network Access Overview

Workplace: Establish Trust

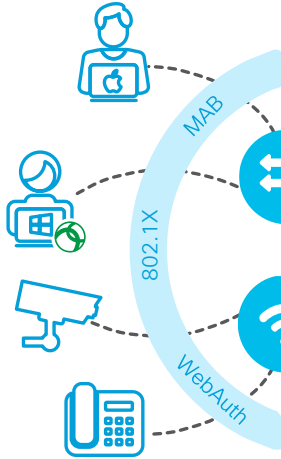


ISE 'Access Control' Overview

Workplace: Establish Trust

concurrent sessions
2,000,000

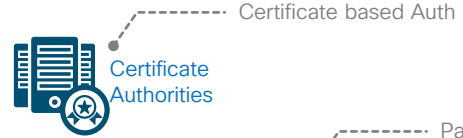
Native Applicants /
Cisco AnyConnect



Up to **100K**
Network Devices



Single Sign-On



Passwords / Tokens

External Identity Stores



Up to **50** distinct AD domain support



Built-in CA

300K Internal Users

Authentication Methods

PASSIVE IDENTITY

- MAC Authentication Bypass
- Easy Connect®

ACTIVE IDENTITY

- IEEE 802.1X
- Web Authentication
 - Central WebAuth
 - Local WebAuth

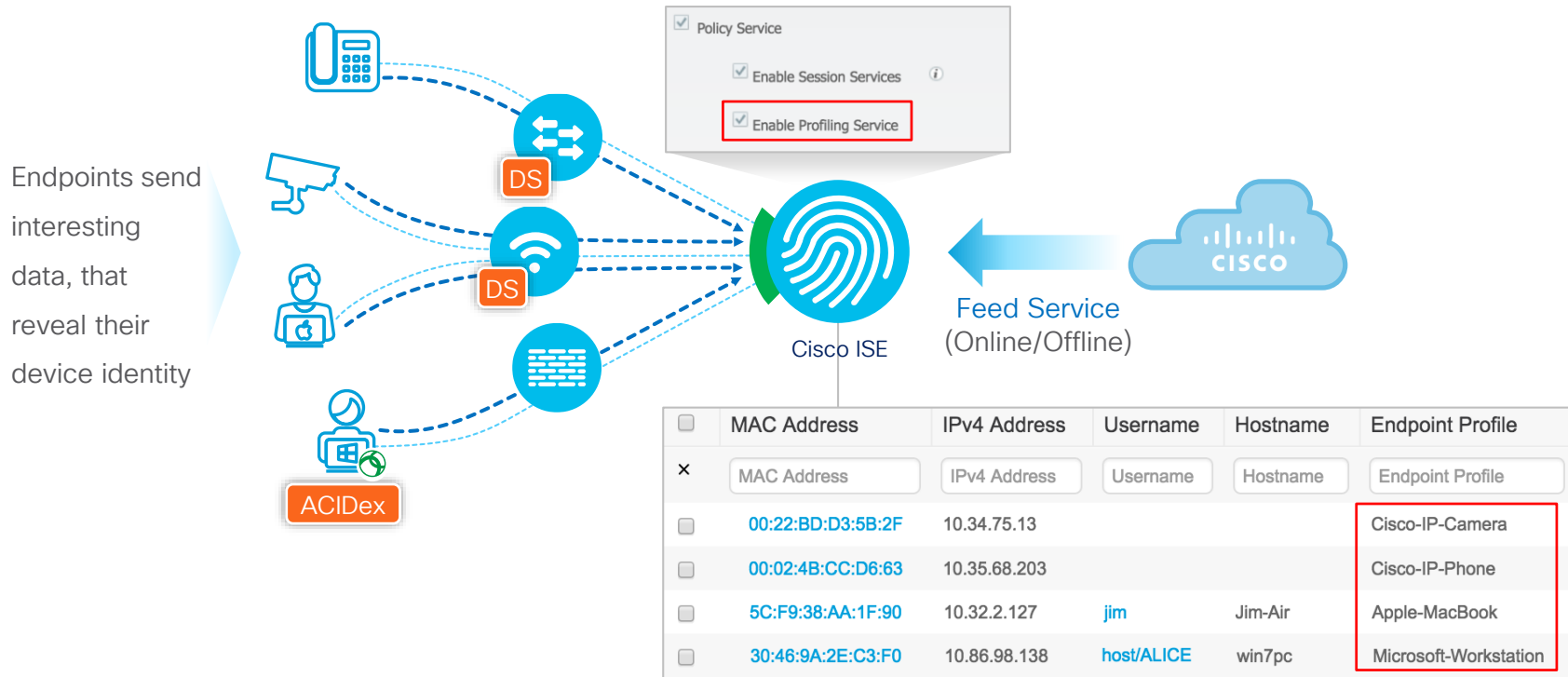
Authorization Options

- Downloadable / Named ACL
- Air Space ACL
- VLAN Assignment
- Security Group Tags
- URL-Redirection
- Port Configuration (ASP Macro / Interface-Template)

ASP: Auto Smart Port

Network Visibility: Cisco ISE Profiling identifies devices

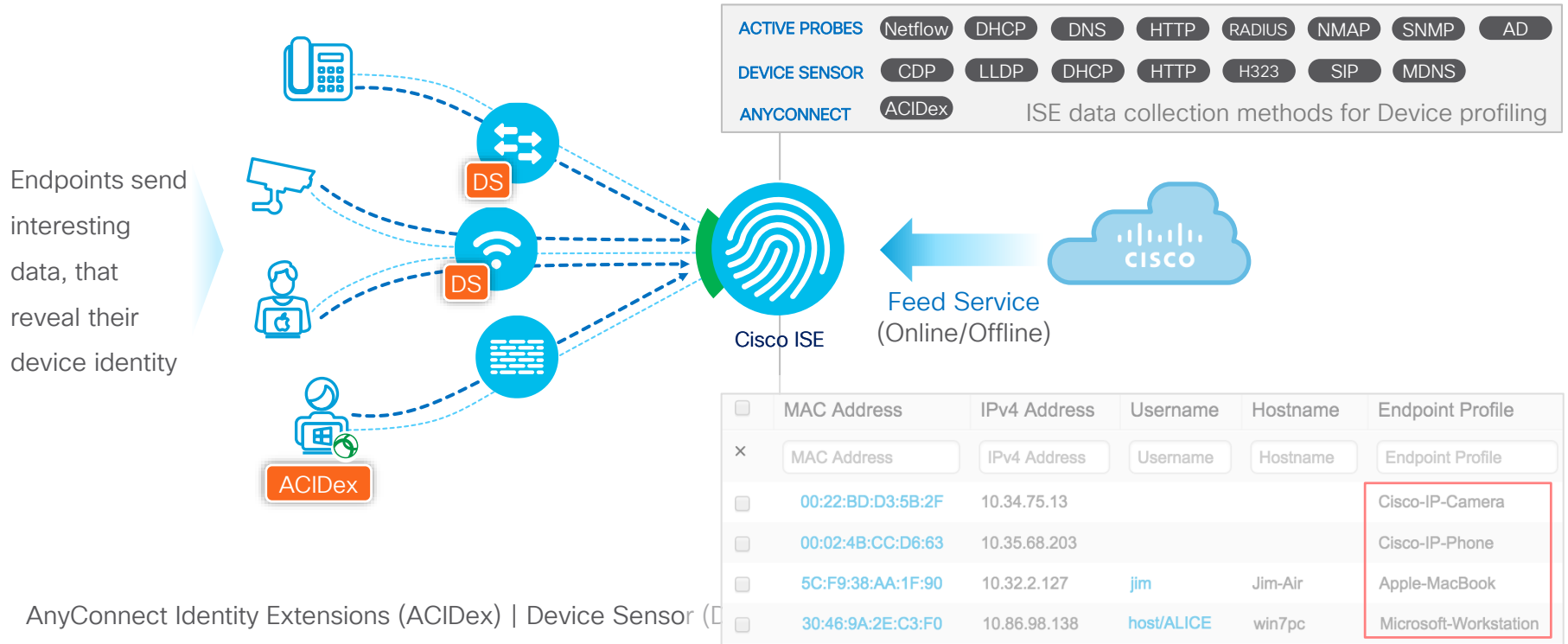
Workplace: Establish Trust



AnyConnect Identity Extensions (ACIDex) | Device Sensor (DS)

Network Visibility Data: Sources

Workplace: Establish Trust



AnyConnect Identity Extensions (ACIDex) | Device Sensor (DS)

Demo: Visibility and context gathering



I have no idea who and what is really on my network



Cisco ISE Profiler
ISE > Fabric & Security



I'm blind to the risk of the users, devices and apps on my network



Cisco ISE Threat-centric NAC
ISE > AMP, MDM, Anyconnect,
3rd party vuln. scanners



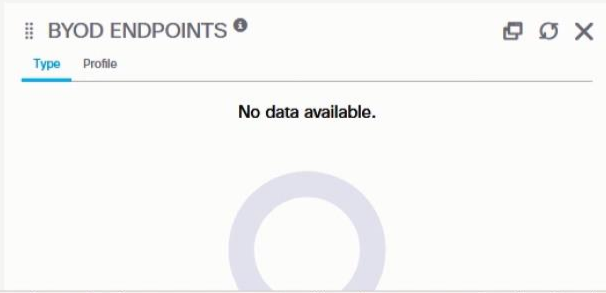
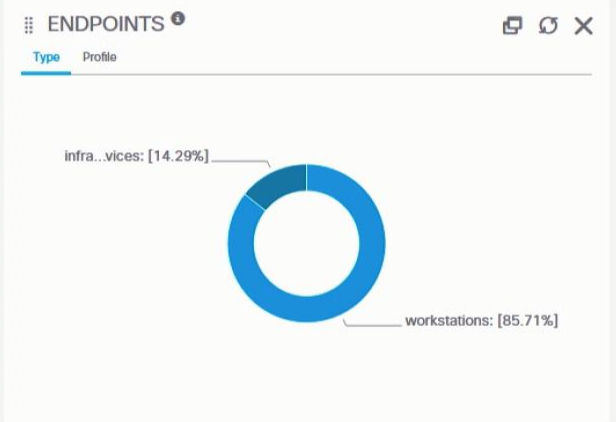
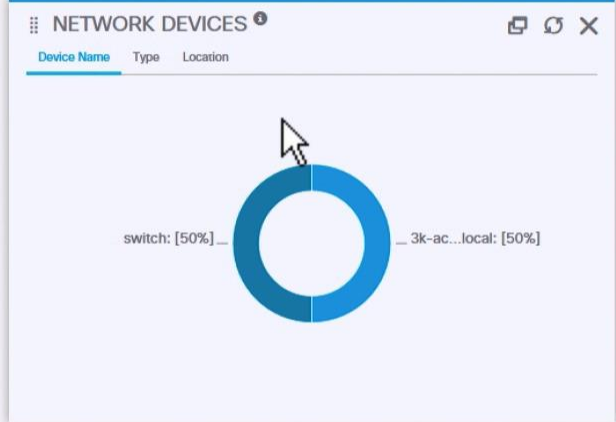
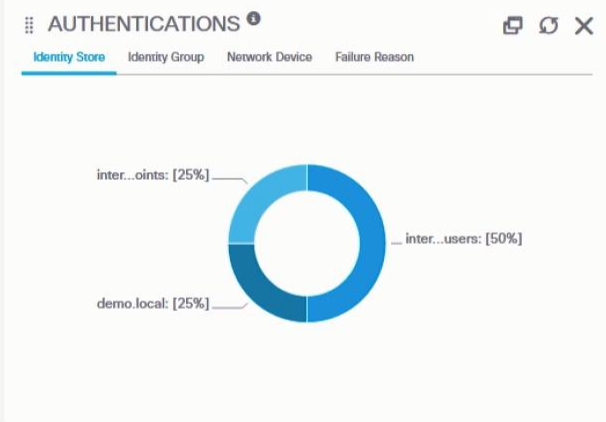
Collecting and maintaining an inventory is complex, unreliable and tedious



Cisco ISE
Visibility Wizard > Fabric & Security



METRICS



ISE Visibility Wizard



RADIUS Request Dropped 1 33 mins ago

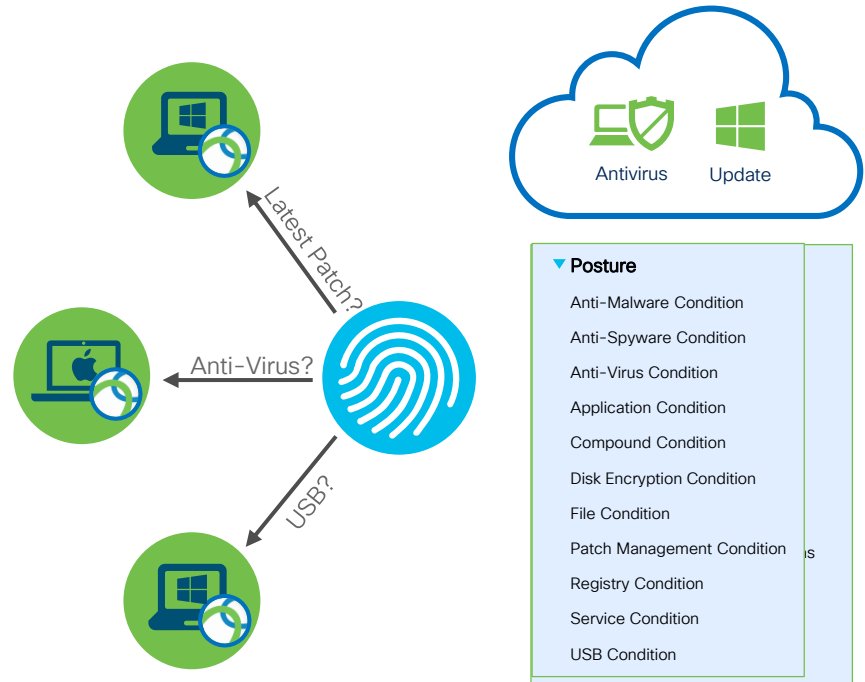
Posture Compliance

Workplace: Establish Trust

Posture defines the state of compliance with the company's security policy

Posture Flow

- ▼ **Authenticate User/Device**
Posture: Unknown/Non-Compliant ?
- ▼ **Quarantine**
Limited Access: VLAN/dACL/SGTs
- ▼ **Posture Assessment**
Check Hotfix, AV, Pin lock, USB Device, etc.
- ▼ **Remediation**
WSUS, Launch App, Scripts, MDM, etc.
- ▼ **Authorization Change**
Full Access - VLAN/dACL/SGTs.

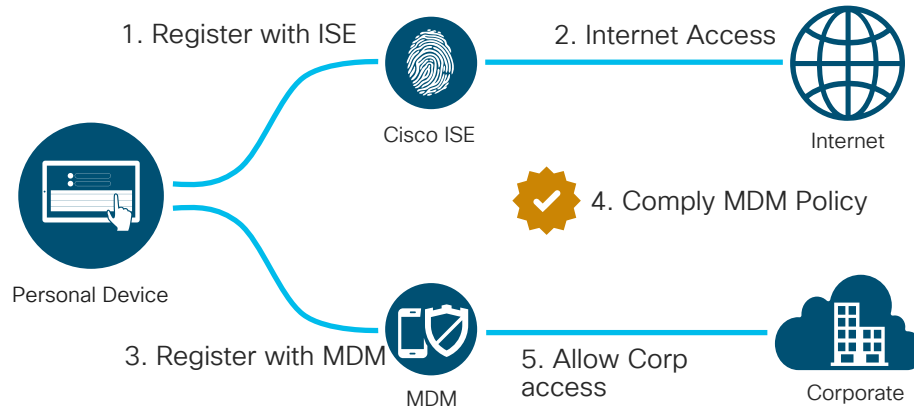


Mobile Device Compliance

Workplace: Establish Trust

MDM Policy Checks
Device registration status
Device compliance status
Disk encryption status
Pin lock status
Jailbreak status
Manufacturer
Model
IMEI
Serial number
OS version
Phone number

Posture Compliance assessment for Mobile devices



GOOD

Absolute Software

SAP

IBM



Meraki

AirWatch

Tangoe

MobileIron

Globo

Jamf software

Symantec




MaaS360

CISCO Live!

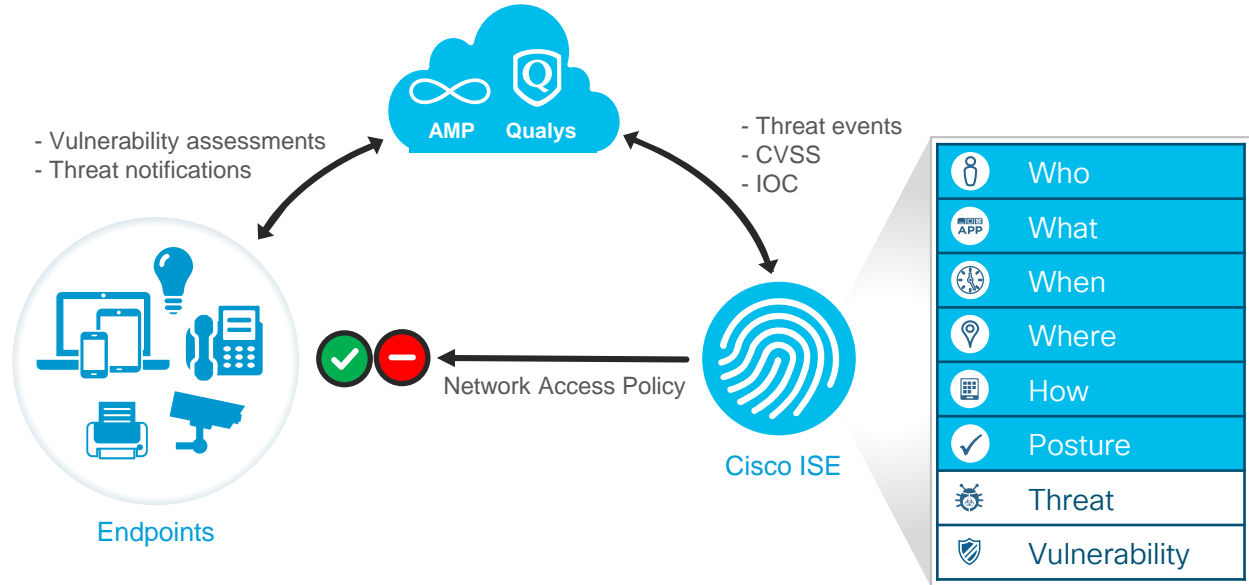
Threat Centric NAC

Workplace: Establish Trust

Cisco ISE protects your network from data breaches by segmenting compromised and vulnerable endpoints for remediation.

-  **Compliments Posture**
Vulnerability data tells endpoint's posture from the outside
-  **Expanded control**
driven by threat intelligence and vulnerability assessment data
-  **Faster response**
with automated, real-time policy updates based on vulnerability data and threat metrics

Create ISE authorization policies based on the threat and vulnerability attributes



Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) | Indicators of Compromise (IOC)

Grant access, but
make it specific!



Guest



Contractor



Doctor

What data privileges do these
users require?



Doctor



Unknown ID



Multi-User Kiosk



Surveillance



Telcom



Sales | Inventory

What data privileges do
these devices require?



Medical



Infrastructure

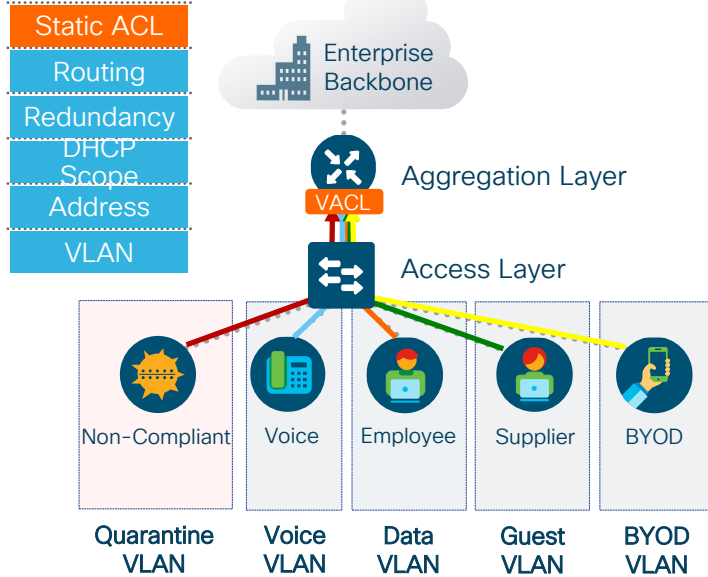


Office

Network Segmentation: Policy

Workplace: Enforce Trust-based Access

Traditional Segmentation

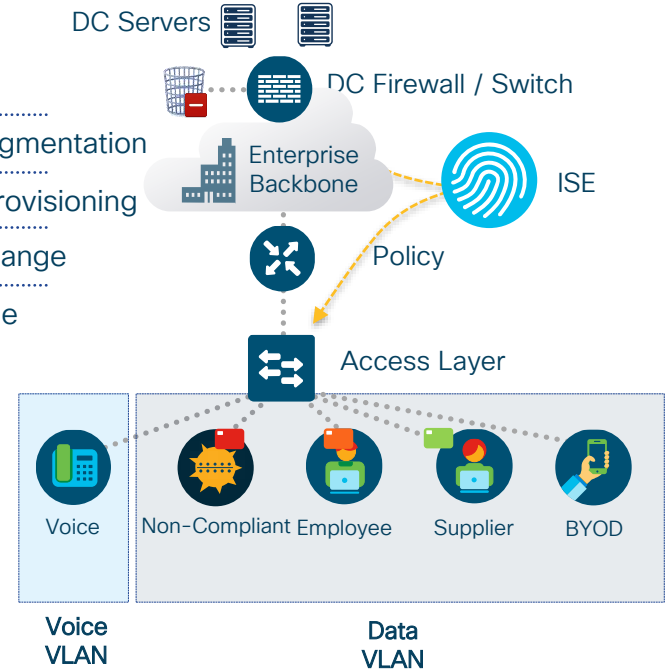


Security Policy based on Topology
High cost and complex maintenance

TrustSec

- Micro/Macro Segmentation
- Central Policy Provisioning
- No Topology Change
- No VLAN Change

- Employee Tag
- Supplier Tag
- Non-Compliant Tag



Use existing topology and automate security policy to reduce OpEx

Network Segmentation: Policy

Workplace: Enforce Trust-based Access

The screenshot displays the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Context Visibility', 'Operations', 'Policy', and 'Administration'. The left sidebar shows 'Egress Policy' with options for 'Matrices List', 'Matrix', and 'Source Tree'. The main area is titled 'Production Matrix' and shows a grid of policy enforcement rules. The grid is populated with 69 cells. The columns represent destination IP ranges: Employees (4/0004), Contractors (5/0005), Development_Ser... (12/000C), PCL_Servers (14/000E), and Point_of_Sale_S... (10/000A). The rows represent source IP ranges: Employees (4/0004) and Contractors (5/0005). The cells contain policy names such as 'MalwareBlock', 'Permit IP', and 'Deny IP'. A modal window is open on the left, showing the configuration for the 'MalwareBlock' Security Group ACL. The modal includes fields for Name, Description, IP Version, and Security Group ACL content.

Security Groups ACLs List > MalwareBlock

Security Group ACLs

* Name: MalwareBlock

Description: SGACL to contain lateral movements

IP Version: IPv4 IPv6 Agnostic

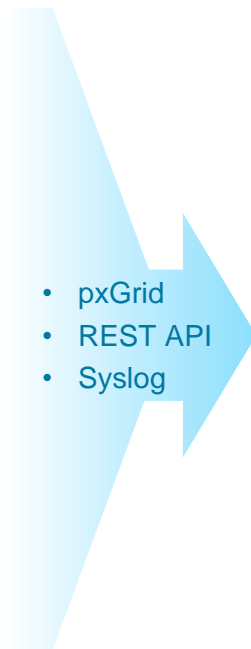
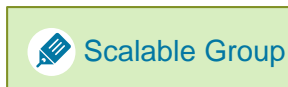
* Security Group ACL content:

```
deny icmp
deny udp src dst eq domain
deny tcp src dst eq 3389
deny tcp src dst eq 1433
deny tcp src dst eq 1521
deny tcp src dst eq 445
deny tcp src dst eq 137
deny tcp src dst eq 138
deny tcp src dst eq 139
deny udp src dst eq snmp
deny tcp src dst eq telnet
deny tcp src dst eq www
deny tcp src dst eq 443
deny tcp src dst eq 22
deny tcp src dst eq pop3
deny tcp src dst eq 123
permit ip
```

Extending Trust



Who
What
When
Where
How
Posture
Threat
Vulnerability



- STEALTHWATCH
- FIREPOWER SERVICES
- DNAC
- + 3rd PARTY PARTNERS



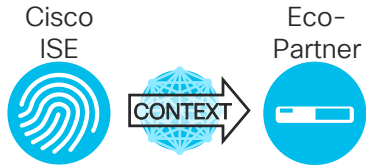
Visibility and Access Control
ISE builds context and applies access control restrictions to users and devices

Context Reuse
by eco-system partners for analysis & control

External Services

Eco system partnership to enrich, exchange context and enact

Context to Partner



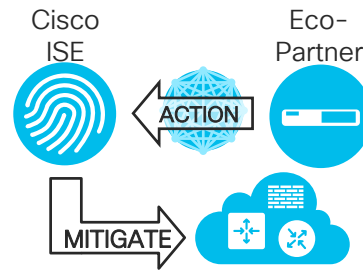
ISE makes Customer IT Platforms User/Identity, Device and Network Aware

Enrich ISE Context



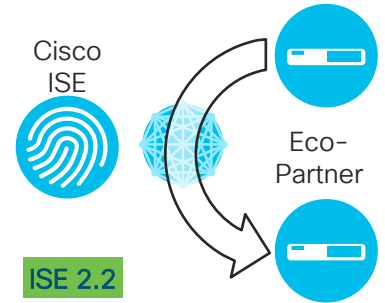
Enrich ISE context. Make ISE a better Policy Enforcement Platform

Threat Mitigation



Enforce dynamic policies in to the network based on Partner's request

Context Brokerage



ISE brokers Customer's IT platforms to share data amongst themselves

Workplace: Continuously Verify Trust

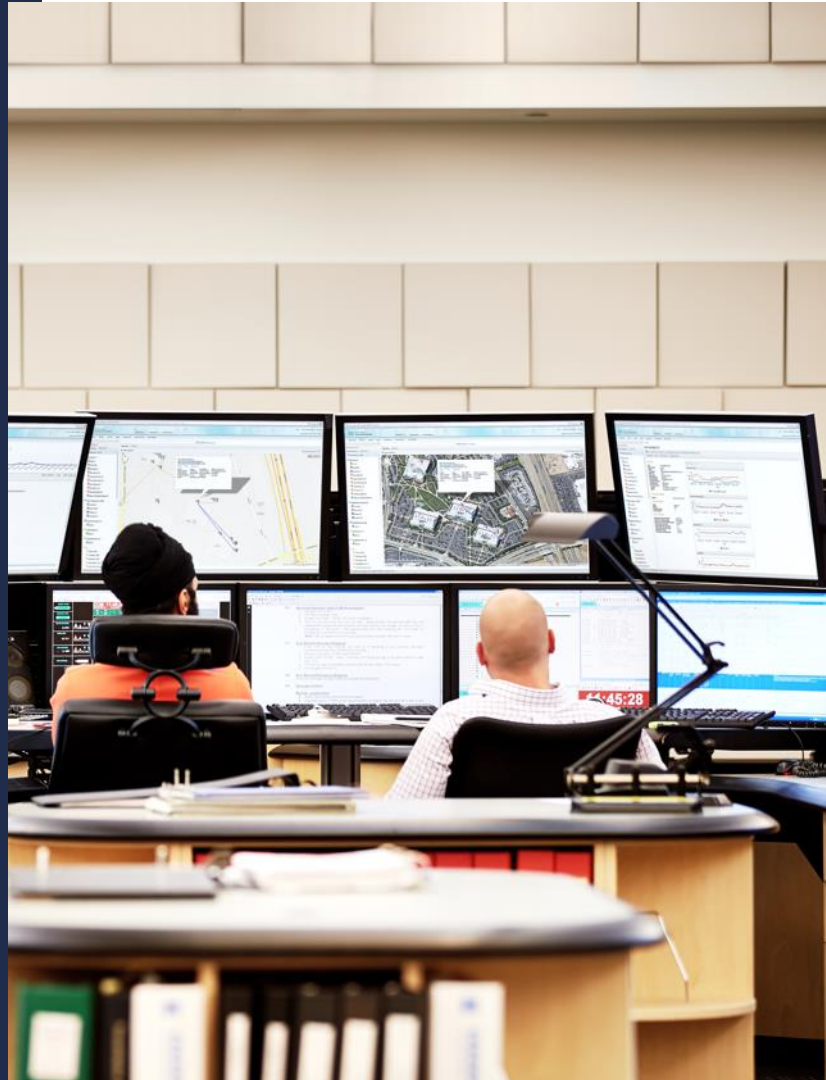
Continuous Monitoring & Response

With SD-Access, get complete network visibility into:

- Users' behavior
- Application performance
- Network threats

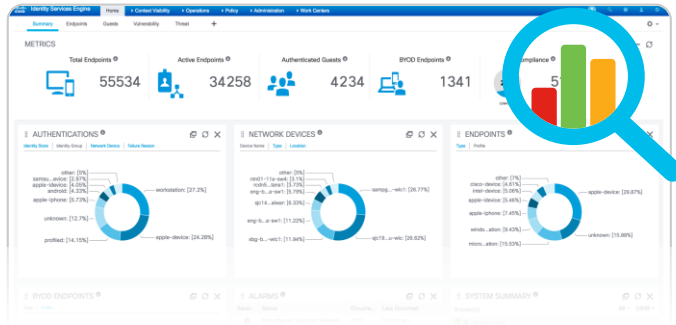
Get simplified network control:

- Enforce network policies for network access & security
- Monitor networks across all network domains



Continuous Monitoring & Response

Workplace: Continuously Verify Trust



Continually analyze network traffic, get alerted of indicators of a compromise*.

Take action if:

- An endpoint is behaving differently than intended/classified
- Anomalous behavior matches attack behavior

Respond by:

- Quarantining users & devices with one click
- Revoking access to the network
- Changing access policies immediately

*Requires ISE integration with Cisco Stealthwatch

Continuous Monitoring & Response

Workplace: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Detect indicators of compromise & take action with Stealthwatch + ISE

Quarantine users and devices with a single click



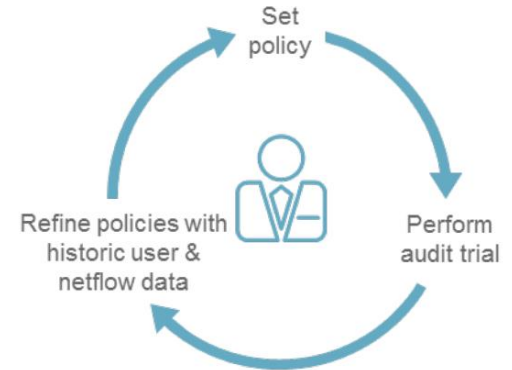
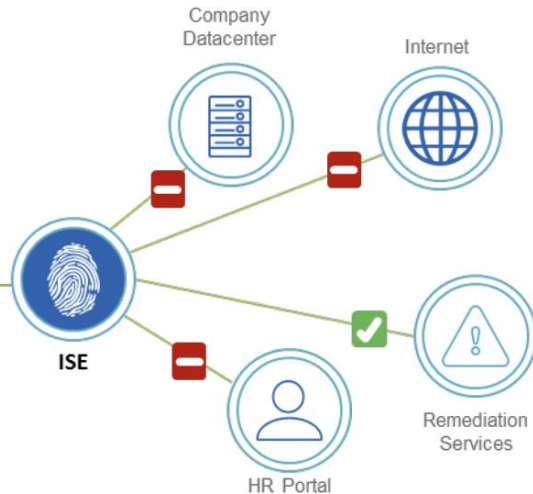
Change access policies immediately



Empower admins to make better security decisions



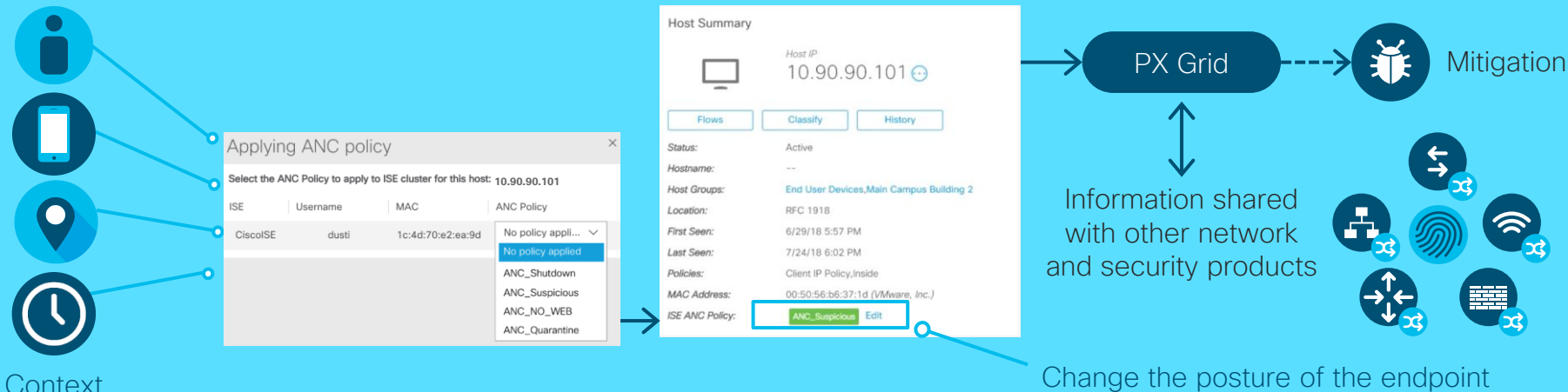
Stealthwatch Management Console



Context Aware Rapid Threat Containment

Workplace: **Continuously Verify Trust**

Without any business disruption



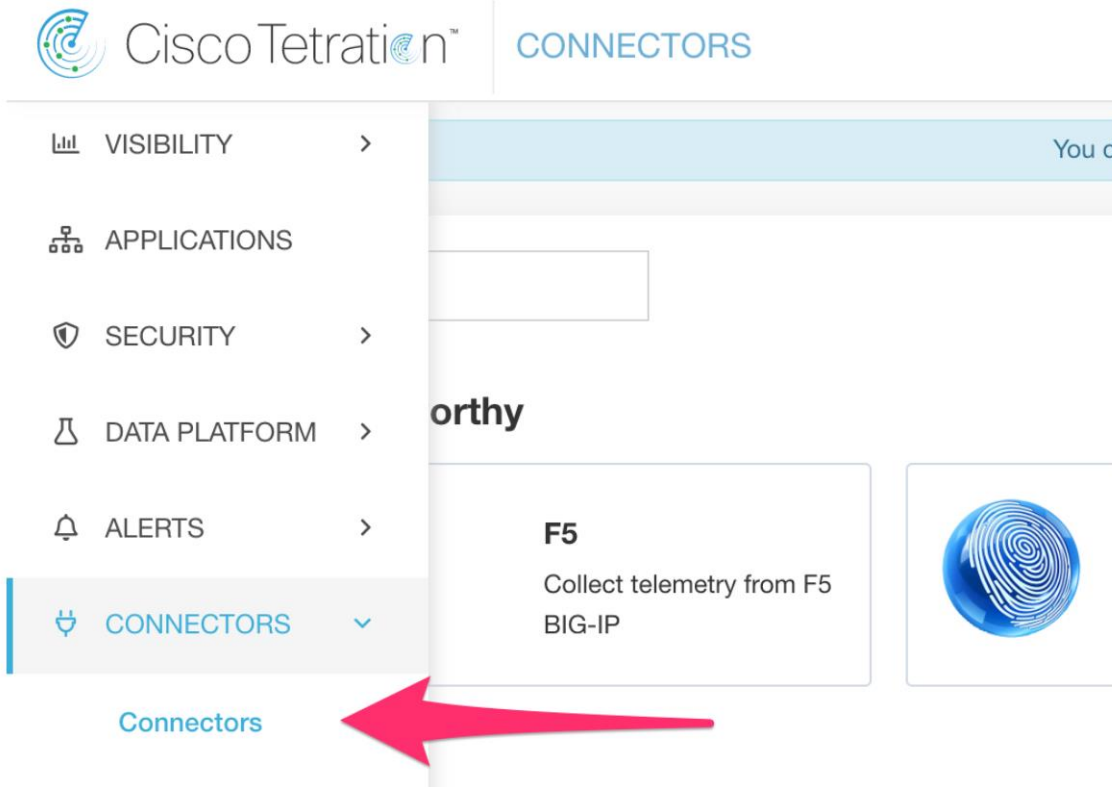
Stealthwatch
Management Console



Cisco®
Identity Services Engine

ISE context sharing with Tetration

Workplace: [Extend Trust](#)

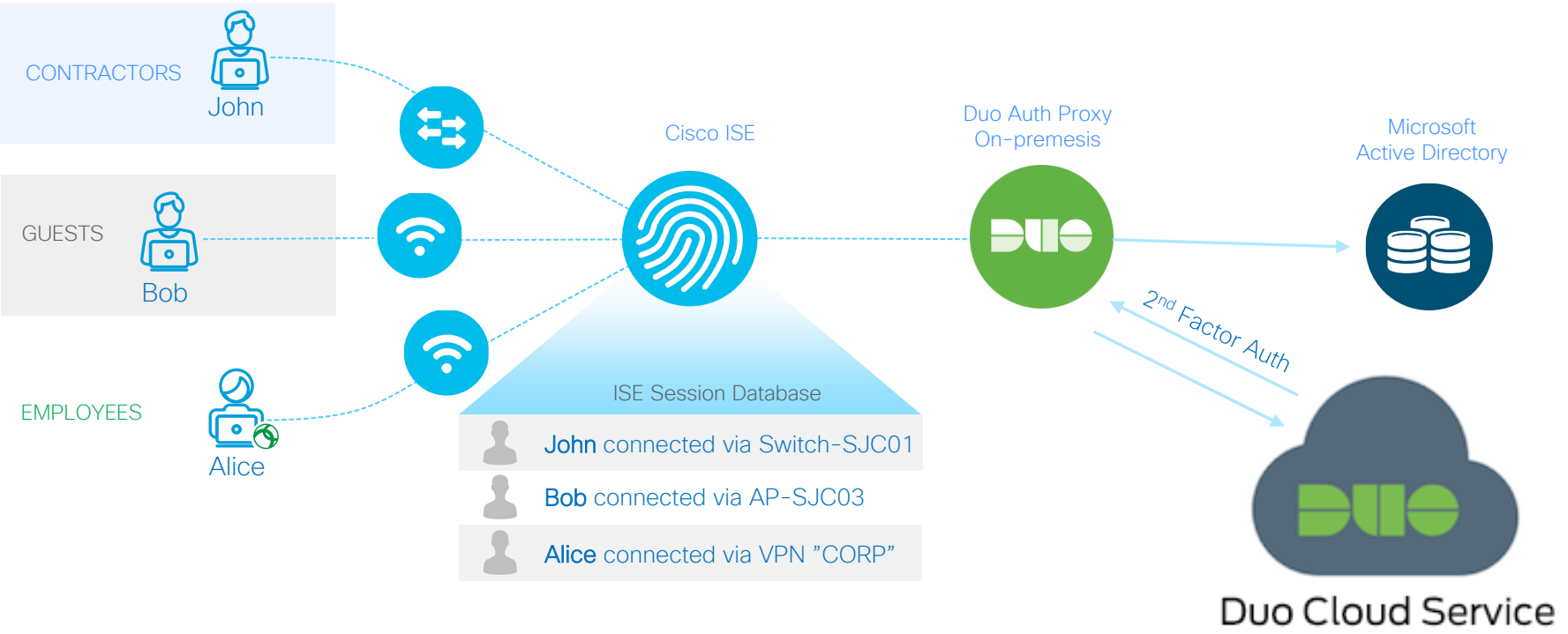


Context sharing

User
Endpoint
Compliance
MDM

No Policy
enforcement

ISE and Duo Integration for MFA (VPN)



Workplace Zero Trust: The need for Automation

- “Wired 802.1X and Segmentation is DIFFICULT”
- “My network is flat; campus segmentation is unmanageable and static but my business is dynamic”
- Options:
 1. Use Automation
 2. Start with Wireless

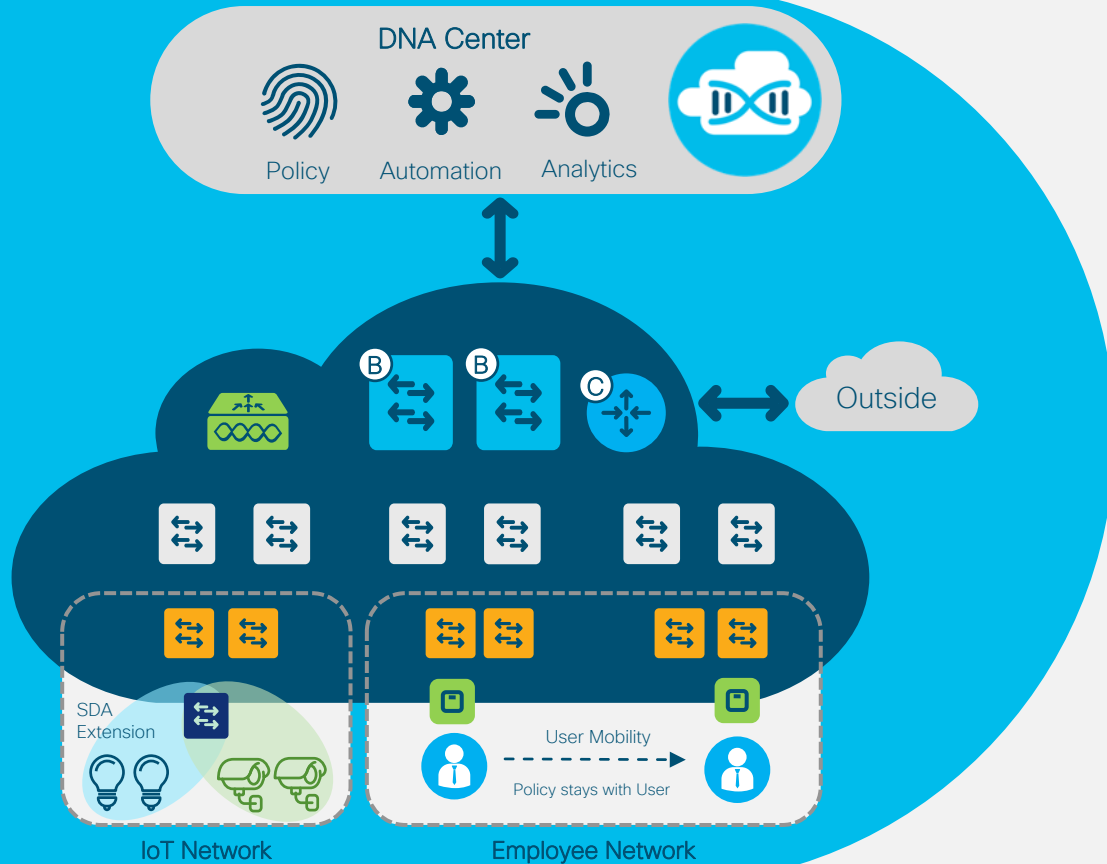
One Cat9300 48 port switch Best practices deployment Manual # config lines: 1400+!!!

```
1 Current configuration : 47251 bytes
2 !
3 ! Last configuration change at 18:30:12 edt Thu Aug 2 2018
4 ! NVRAM config last updated at 18:53:21 edt Wed Aug 1 2018 b
5 !
6 version 16.6
7 no service pad
8 service timestamps debug datetime msec
9 service timestamps log datetime msec
```

```
1536 action b1020 cli command "conf t"
1537 action b1030 cli command "iox"
1538 action b1040 syslog msg "Enabled IOX. Waiting 45 seconds for
1539 action b1050 wait 45
1540 action b1060 cli command "end"
1541 action c1010 cli command "guestshell enable"
1542 action z1010 syslog msg "IOX and GuestShell enabled."
1543 action z1020 syslog msg "Stop: 'enable-guestshell' EEM applet."
1544 end
```


Cisco DNA & SD-Access

Networking at the Speed of Software!



Automated Network Fabric

Single Fabric for Wired & Wireless with simple Automation



Identity-Based Policy & Segmentation

Decouples Security & QoS from VLAN and IP Address

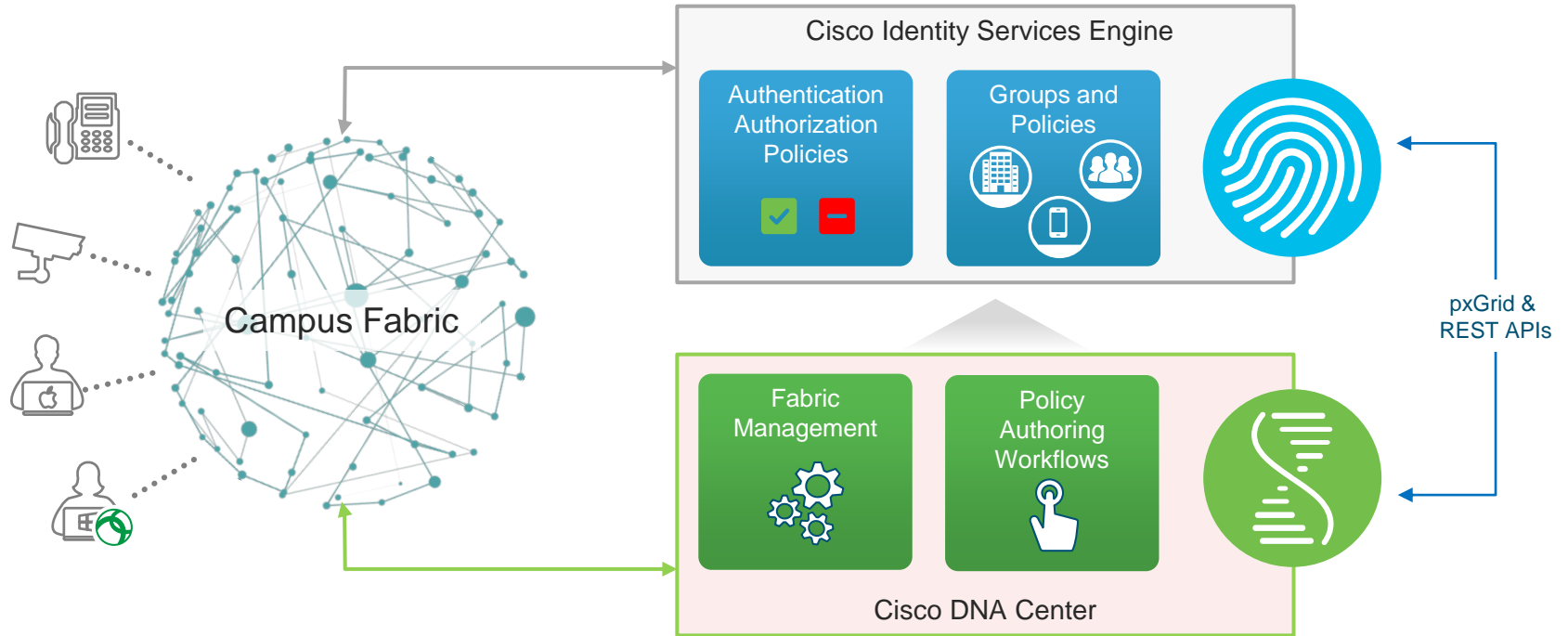


Insights & Telemetry

Analytics and Insights into User and Application behavior

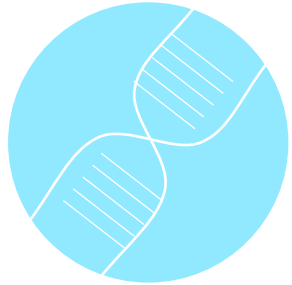
ISE and DNA-C Integration

Policy Automation and better usability



DNAC: Making ZT practical in the workplace

- Automated, best practice grounded, deployment of Zero Trust capabilities.



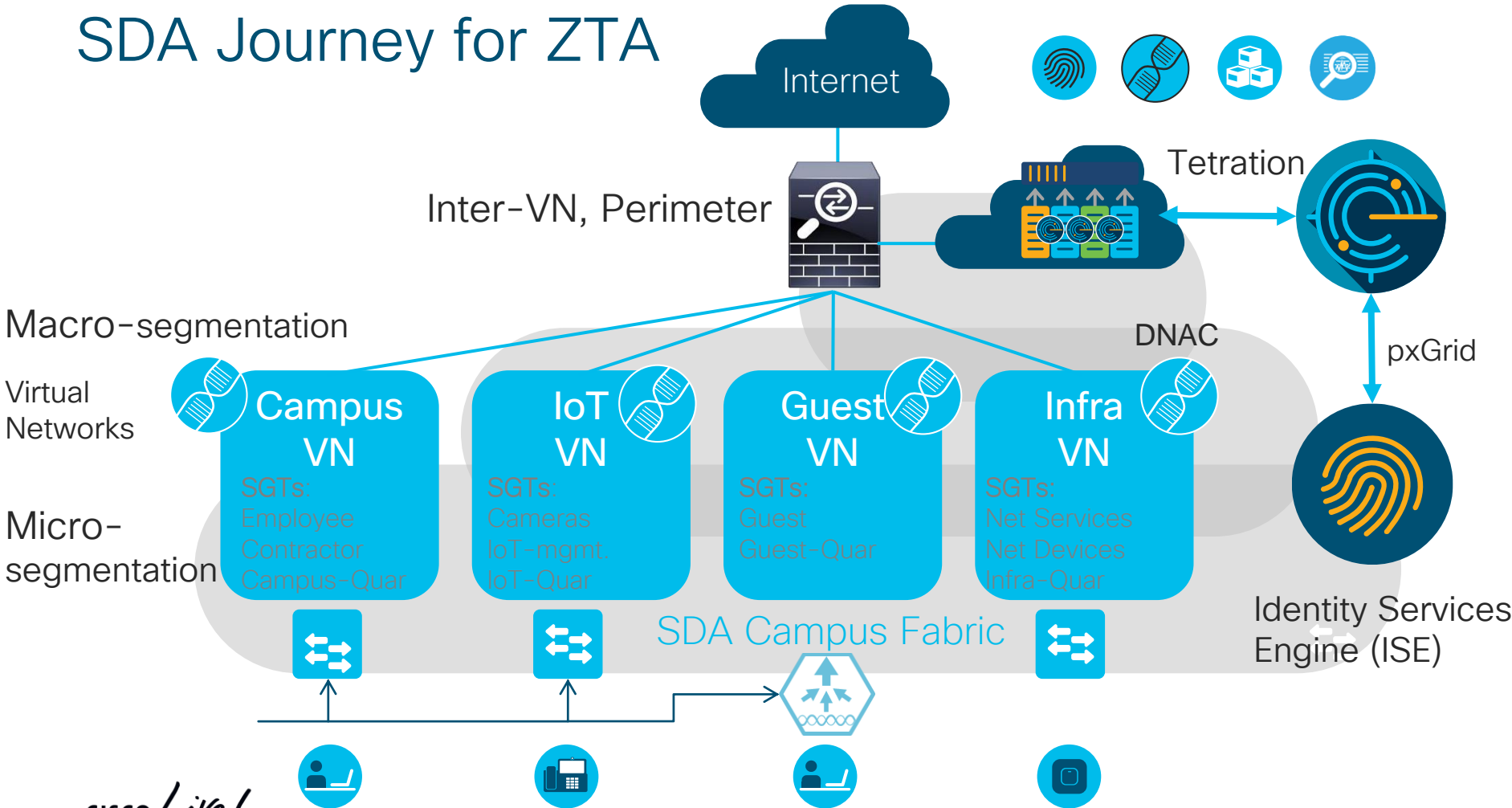
Simple SDA Fabric creation:

VLANs, VXLANs, lisp, routing, BGP, ECMP,
VRFs

Easy setup of access control capabilities:

802.1x configuration
ISE integration and policies
SGT TrustSec
Switch device sensor
Profiling configuration
AAA and device administration

SDA Journey for ZTA

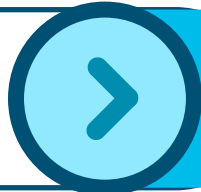


Demo: Workplace – SDA for Wired, wireless

What's the problem?

How Cisco helps:

What is, and has been, on my network?



SDA, ISE, DNAC, AAA, Profiling, Context visibility



How do I establish trust for users and things



Threat-Centric NAC, MDM for posture



I need to easily apply group-based access control to every user and device on my network



Network Analytics and Contextual Group-Based Policy



Log and audit everything

Home

STATUS

 **Connected** >

 **Enrolled** >

 **Compliant** v

You are not compliant for the following reasons:

- (). OS version below minimum
- (). Blacklisted app installed

 **Location** >

RECENT ACTIVITY

Meraki Systems Manager

A managed app was added on Aug 16, 2019, 12:05:50 PM

 12:05 PM >

Meraki Systems Manager

Let's recap...

- Workspace: SD-Access – Retail payment on iPad and printer
 - ISE integrated Meraki so it was able to quarantine non-compliant iPad
 - ISE profiled and categorized every device, like the receipt printer
 - Stealthwatch with new DNAC policy analytics tool for SGT policy

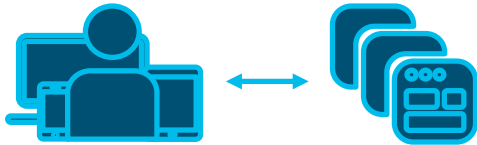
Conclusion

Cisco Zero Trust Architecture

Protecting the most critical areas

Duo for Workforce

Establish trust level for users and their devices accessing applications and resources



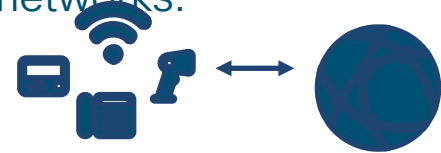
Tetration for Workload

Restrict access to workloads based on risk, contextual policy and verified business need



SD-Access for Workplace

Establish least privilege access control for all users and devices, including IoT, accessing your networks.



Start Your Zero-Trust Journey

Start with Duo to protect the workforce.

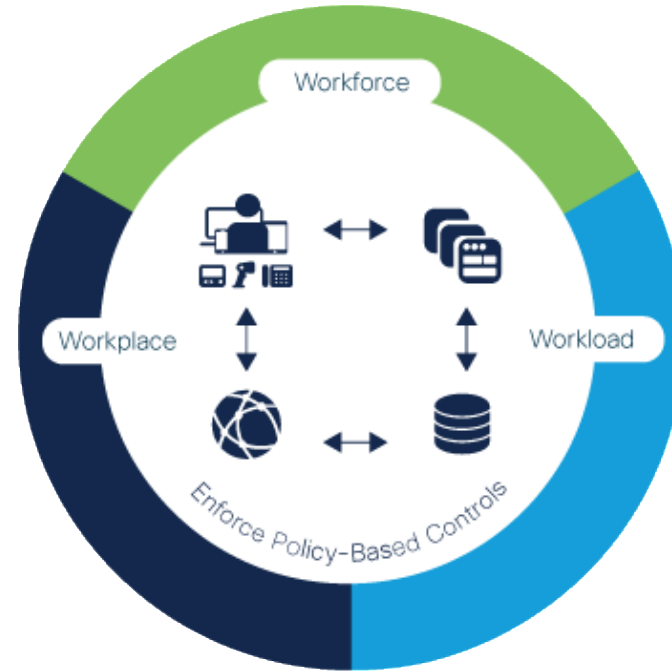
[Sign up for a free trial](#)

Protect workloads with Tetration.

[Demo Tetration](#)

Protect the workplace with SD-Access.

Learn about [SD-Access](#)



cisco.com/go/zero-trust



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Thank you





You make **possible**