

# Planning and Designing Successful Cloud Calling Deployments with Webex Calling

Johannes Krohn, Principal Technical Marketing Engineer

# Cisco Webex App

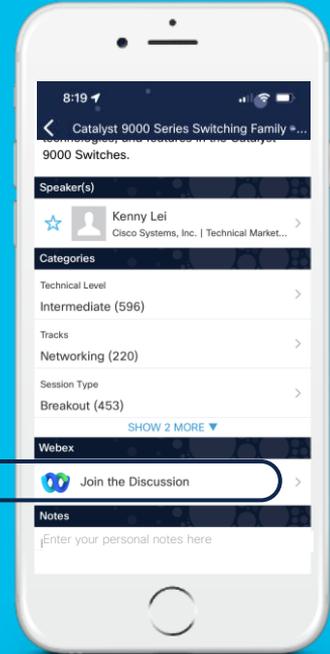
## Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

## How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install the Webex App or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated until February 24, 2023.





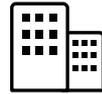
# Agenda

- Introduction
- Solution Overview
- PSTN Options
- Regions
- Location Considerations
- Call Control Integration / Coexistence
- Advanced Call Handling, Group Functions
- Sharing Numbers
- Webex Calling Provisioning APIs
- Conclusion

# Solution Overview



# Webex Calling



Enterprise-grade calling features



Easy-to-use and secure



Centralised management and administration



Hybrid deployment & Flexible migration



Mobile First & AI led innovation

# Webex Calling - Architecture



- Global cloud calling platform
- Centralized administrative experience from the cloud
- Public Cloud Multi-tenant platforms
- Flexibility to provision users to best address cloud calling business needs
- Flexible PSTN options
- OTT and Private network connectivity options to fit enterprise of various sizes
- Webex App for a unified end-user experience

# A complete enterprise feature set

A partial list of supported calling features

Alternate numbers	Call logs w/click to dial	Directed call pickup	Inbound caller ID	Pre-alert announcement	Simultaneous ring
ATA support	Call redial	Directed call pickup barge in	Inbound fax to email	Privacy	Speed Dial 100
Auto attendant	Call restrictions	Distinctive ring	Main number outbound call ID	Webex Go	T-38 Fax
Barge-in exempt	Call routing and queuing	Do not disturb	Mobility	Reports and metrics	Three-way calling (variable length)
Business continuity (CFNR)	Call transfer - attended	Enterprise phone directory	Music on hold (site)	Receptionist client	Video (point to point)
Busy lamp monitoring	Call transfer-blind	Exec / assistant	N-Way voice and video calling (6)	Schedules	Virtual extensions
Call forwarding	Call waiting - Up to 4 calls	Feature access codes	Single number reach (Office anywhere)	Selective call rejection	Visual voicemail
Call history	Conferencing (site based)	Hoteling (guest)	Outbound caller ID blocking	Sequential ring	Voicemail transcription
Call hold and resume	Convenience call recording	Hunt group	Personal phone directory	Shared line appearance	Video N Way

# PSTN Options

# PSTN Options for Webex Calling

## Premises PSTN

Available in 110+ countries

Continue using your existing provider

Support remote branch offices

Manage phone numbers Control Hub

## Cisco Calling Plans (Cisco PSTN)

Available in the U.S., Canada, Europe, Australia\* and New Zealand\*

Single offer through Cisco and our partners

Fully integrated and managed from Control Hub

## Cloud Connect for Webex Calling

Available in over 65 countries

Select from multiple world-class Cisco-certified providers

Choose providers on a site-by-site basis

Manage numbers in Control Hub



# Premises PSTN and PBX interconnect

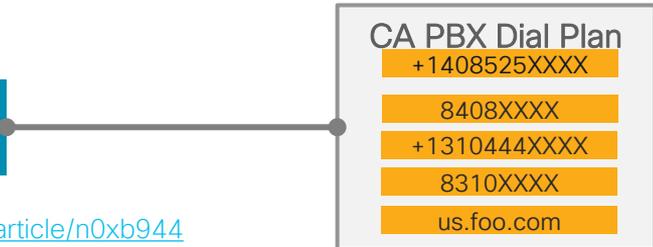
## Trunks

Represents a single SIP trunk to an on-premises device. Device can be registering (CUBE) or certificate based (CUBE + 3<sup>rd</sup> party) trunk

Must be assigned to a location. If used for PSTN the country dial plan is based on location address.

Can be included in one or more route groups or can be directly associated to a dial plan.

PSTN (SIP, ISDN, ...) decoupled



## Route groups

Logical grouping of trunks (max. 10) for scale and redundancy of connections to the premises

Does not “live” in a location

## Dial Plans

Dial plans allow you to route calls to on-premises destinations by use of trunks or route groups.

Specifies the routing choice (trunk or route group) for calls that match any of its dial patterns.

Dial pattern represents **on-premises extensions**; ESN/on-net numbers, +E.164 patterns, SIP URI domains.

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/n0xb944>

# Registering vs. Cert Based Trunk

Concurrent Calls	# of users serviced	Preferred Trunk Type	Connectivity
~2000 – 6500	65000	Certificate based	Interconnect
250 – 2000	20000	Certificate based	OTT
<= 250	2500	Registering trunk	OTT

## Connectivity specs

- OTT: max latency 100 ms, max jitter 10 ms, max packet loss 0.2 %
- Interconnect: max latency 30 ms, max jitter 5 ms, 0 packet loss

## Certificate based trunk requirements

- Public IPv4, domain, SRV
- Trusted certificate
- Inbound connections through firewall

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/n0xb944>

# Webex Calling PSTN: Cloud Connect for Webex Calling



- PSTN access through peering with a selection of Cloud Connected partners integrated into the Webex® Calling cloud
- Partner helps enterprise procure and provision PSTN
- Fully integrated option (number ordering from within Control Hub) available in the US
- Available to service providers who serve customers with locations outside of their PSTN footprint

<https://community.cisco.com/t5/collaboration-knowledge-base/cloud-connect-for-webex-calling-global-availability/ta-p/3916211>

# PSTN Options - Comparison

Cloud PSTN (Cisco PSTN / Cloud Connect for Webex Calling)	Premises PSTN (Trunk, Local Gateway)
No invest in on-premises GW	re-use of existing PSTN
no maintenance for on-premises GW	interconnect with PBX
No PSTN media hair-pinning*	PSTN interconnect in markets not supported by Cloud PSTN options
Number orders potentially in-band (Cisco PSTN, fully integrated CCPP)	Number orders out of band

\*calls from Webex Calling endpoint to PSTN via Local Gateway anchored on Webex Calling access; ICE media path optimization possible if ICE negotiation w/ Local Gateway host candidate succeeds

# Regions

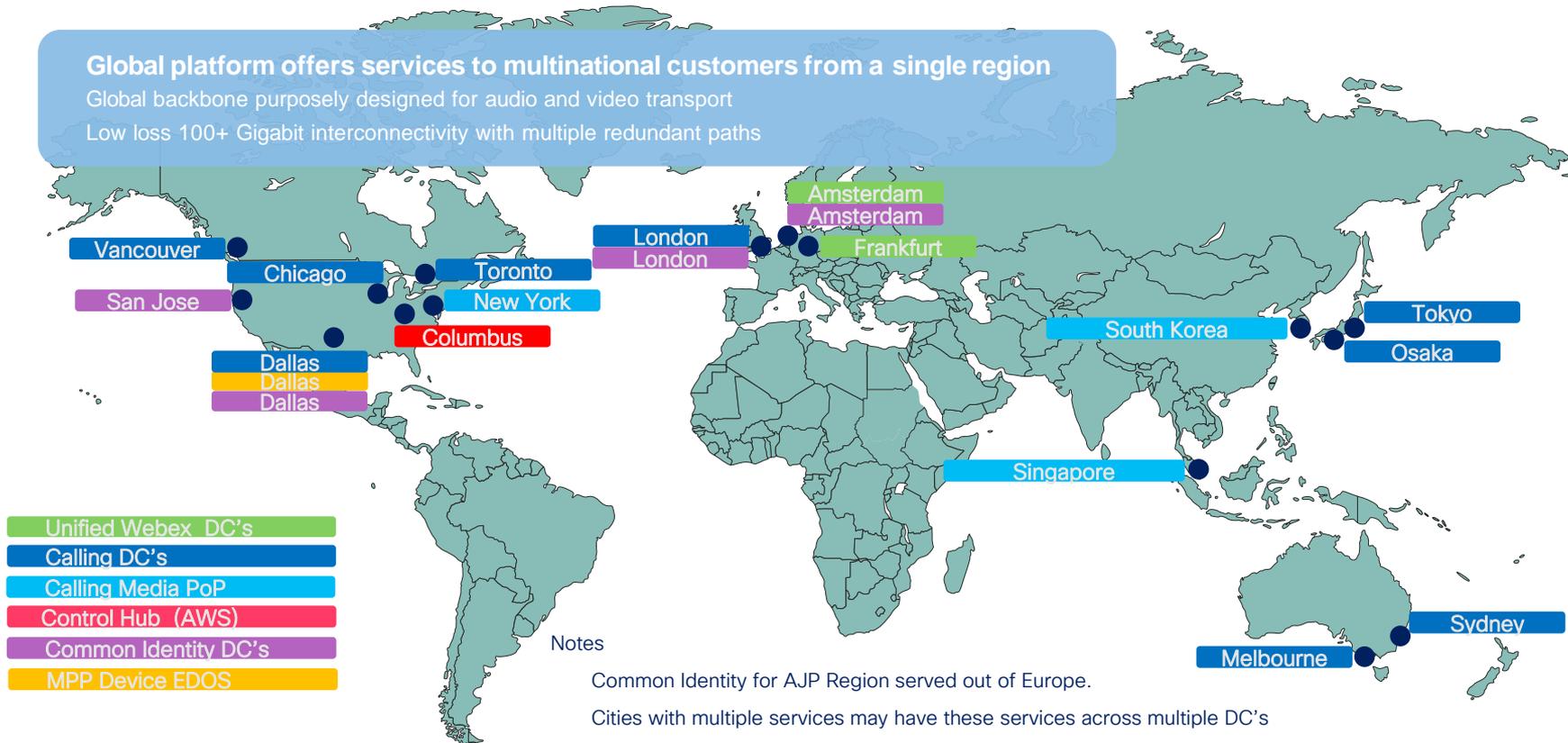


# Webex Calling global footprint

## Global platform offers services to multinational customers from a single region

Global backbone purposely designed for audio and video transport

Low loss 100+ Gigabit interconnectivity with multiple redundant paths

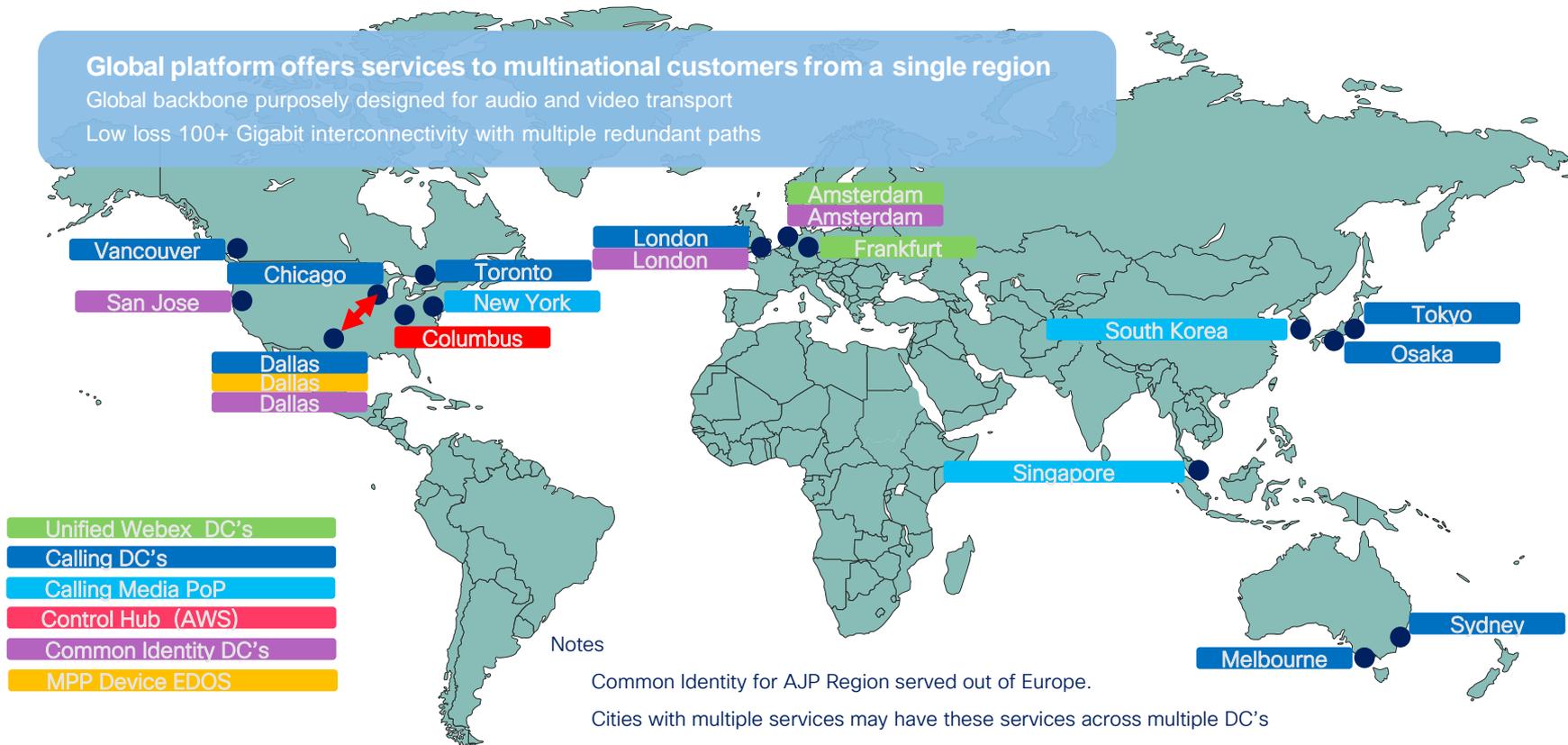


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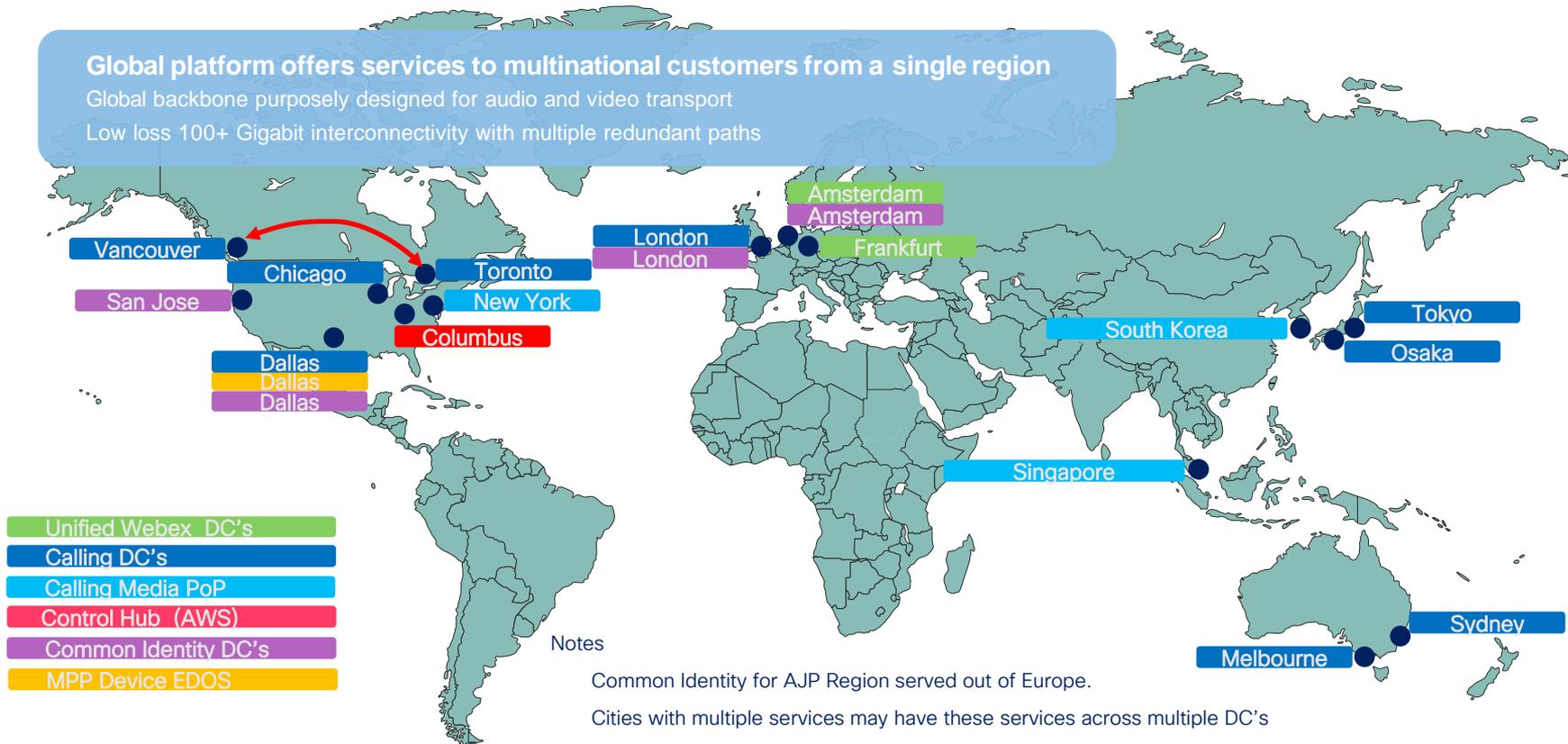
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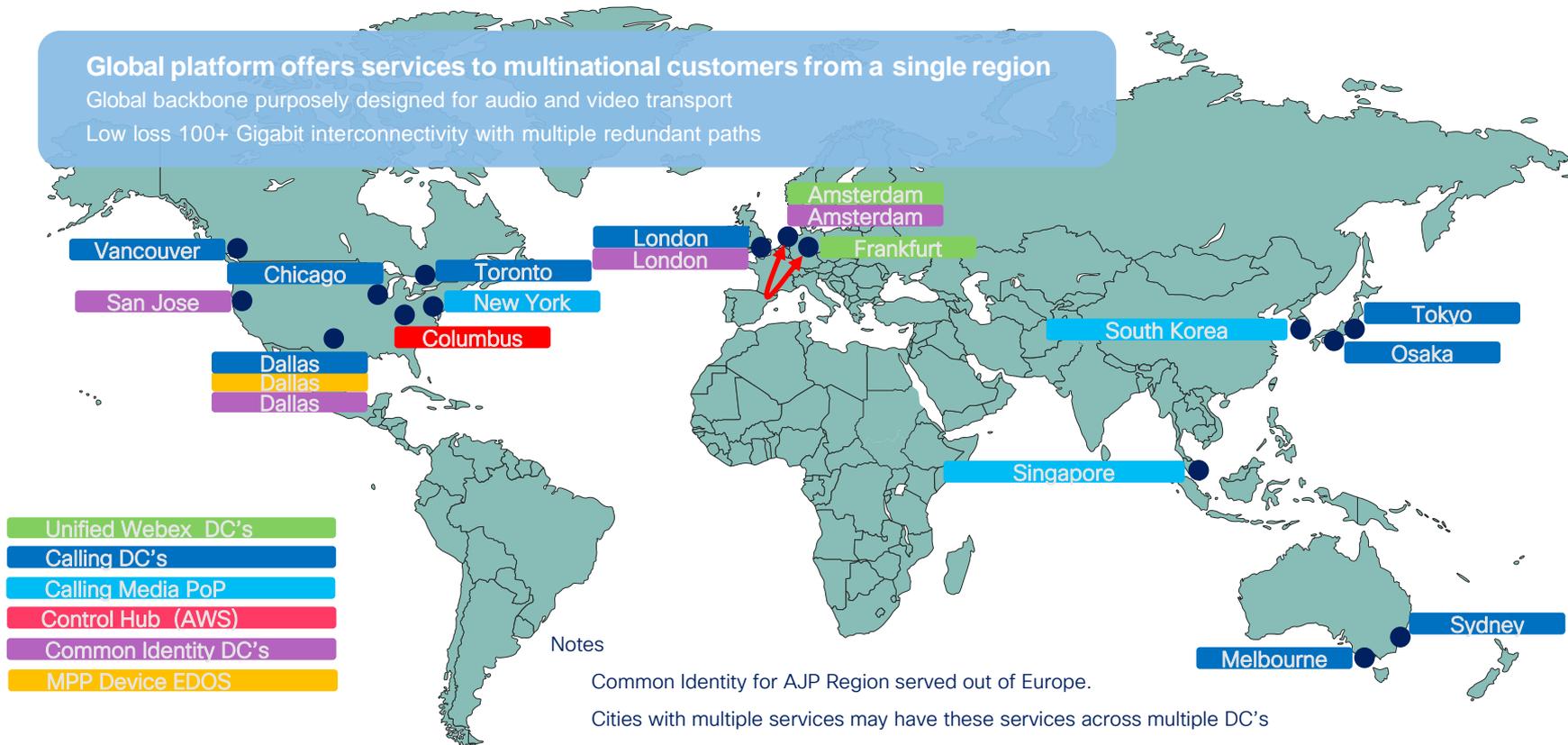
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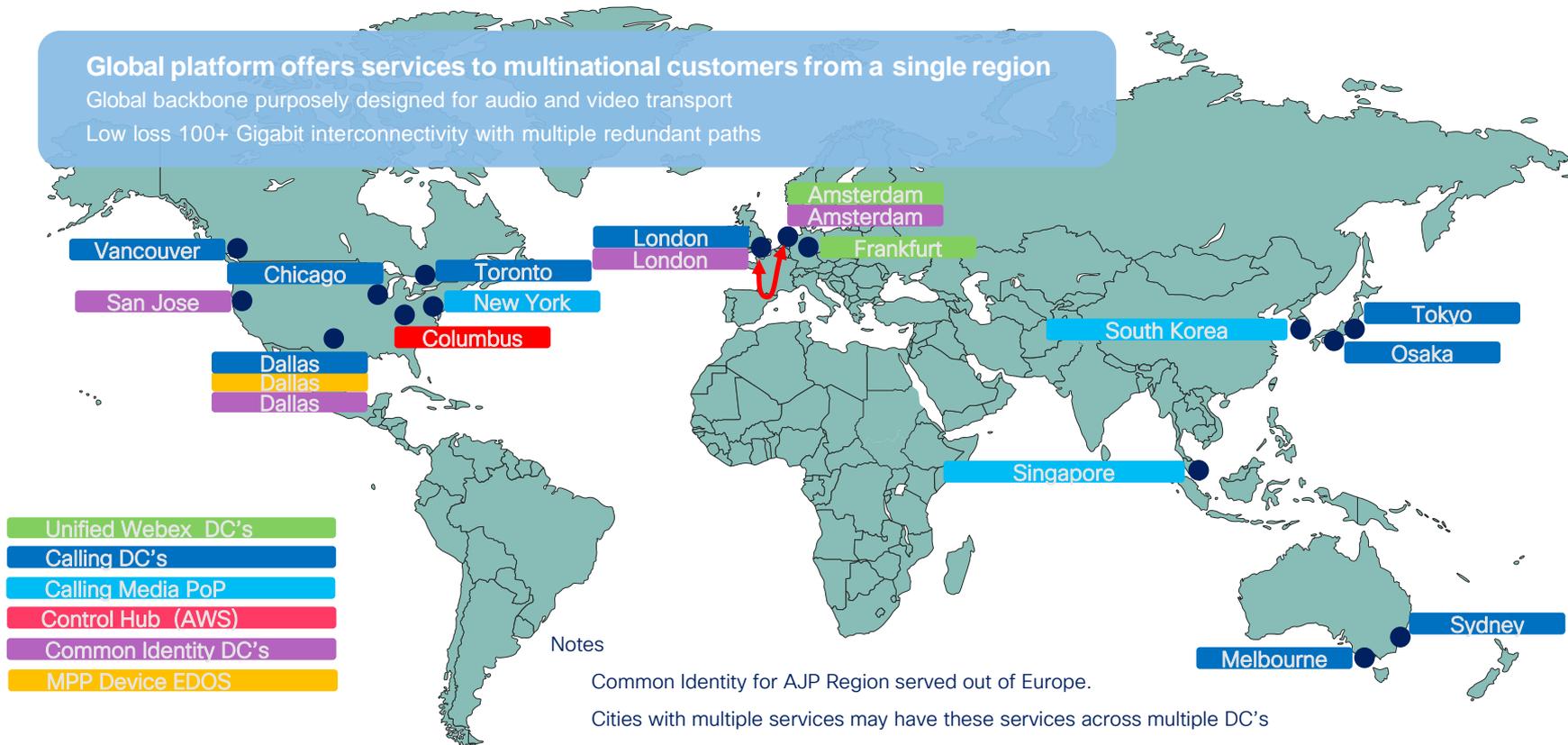
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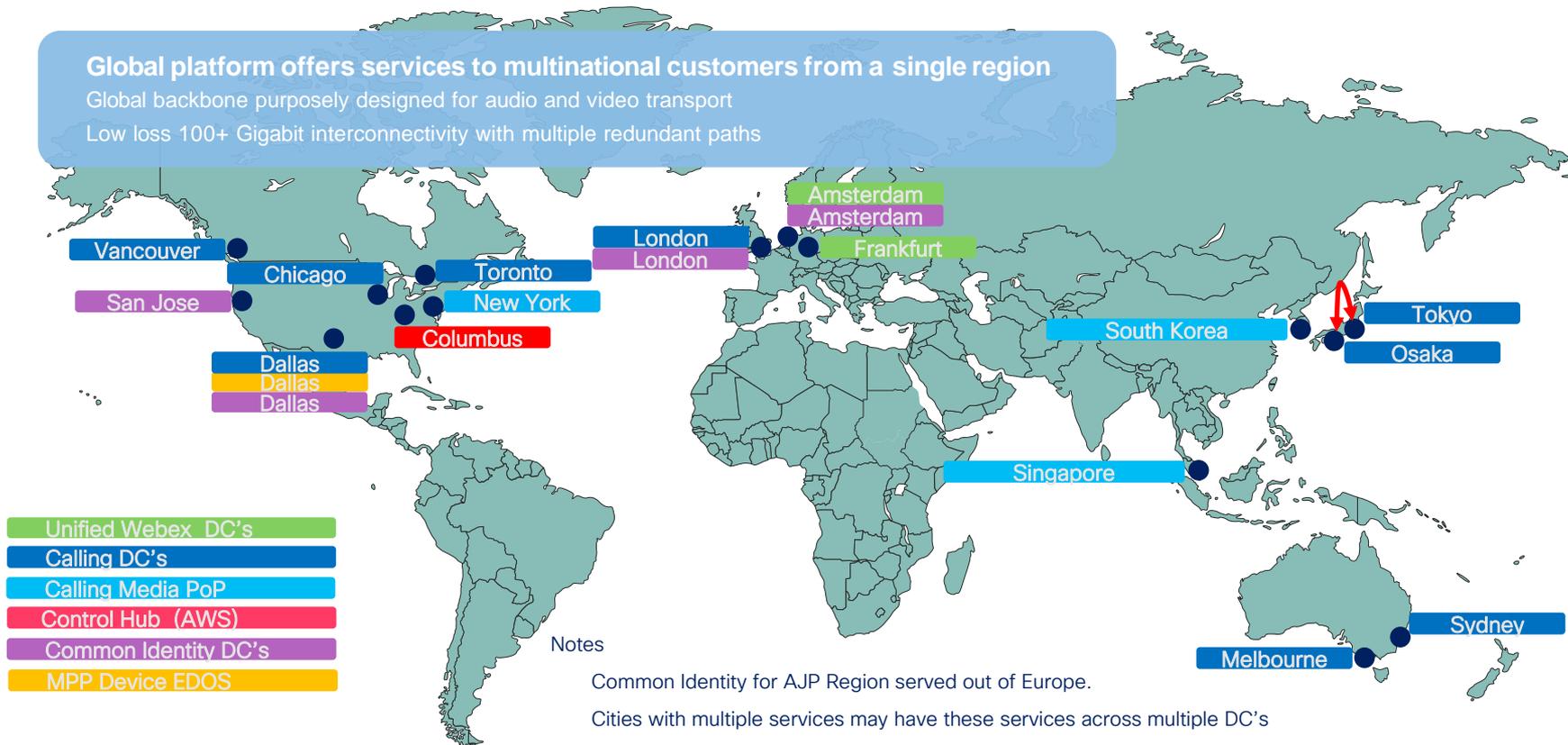
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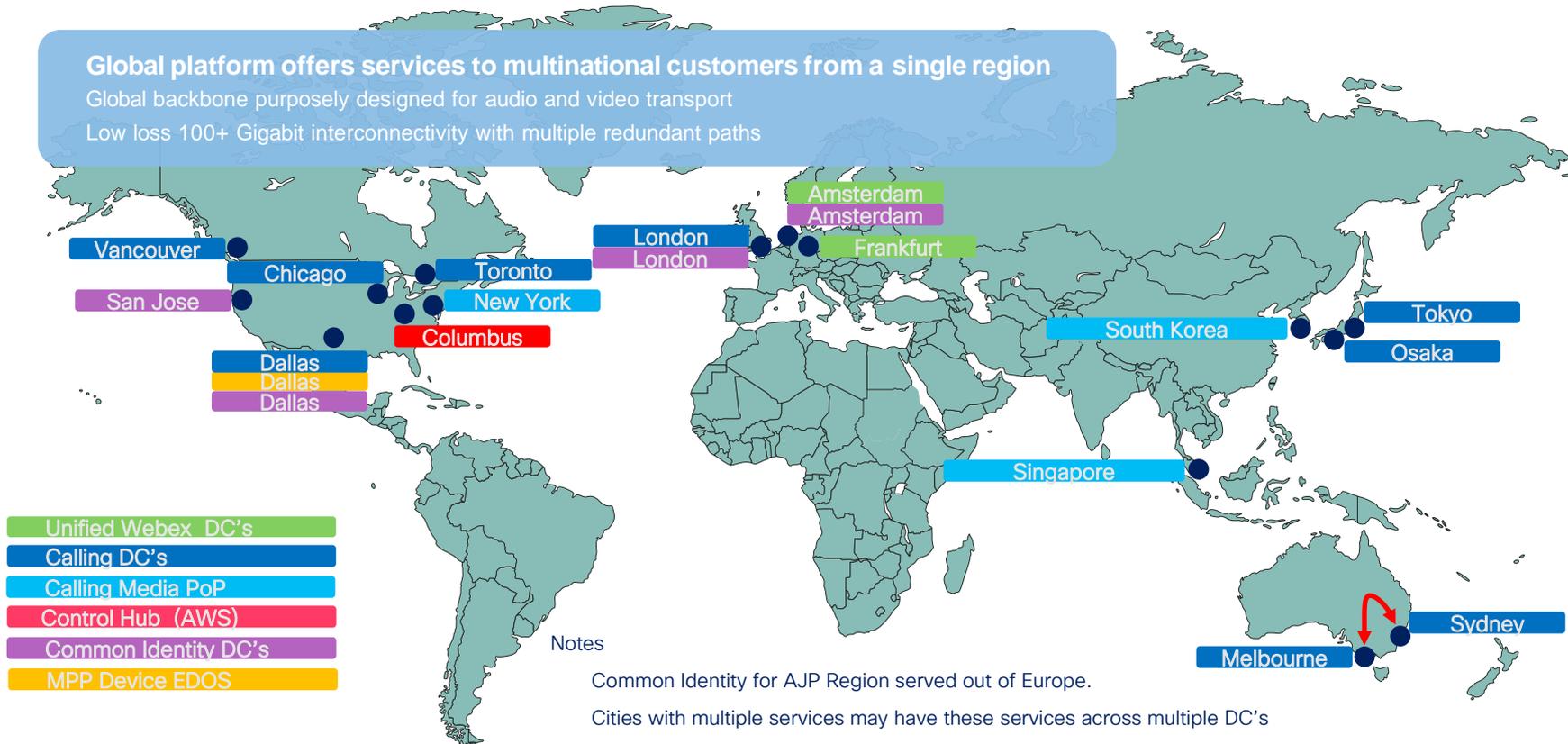


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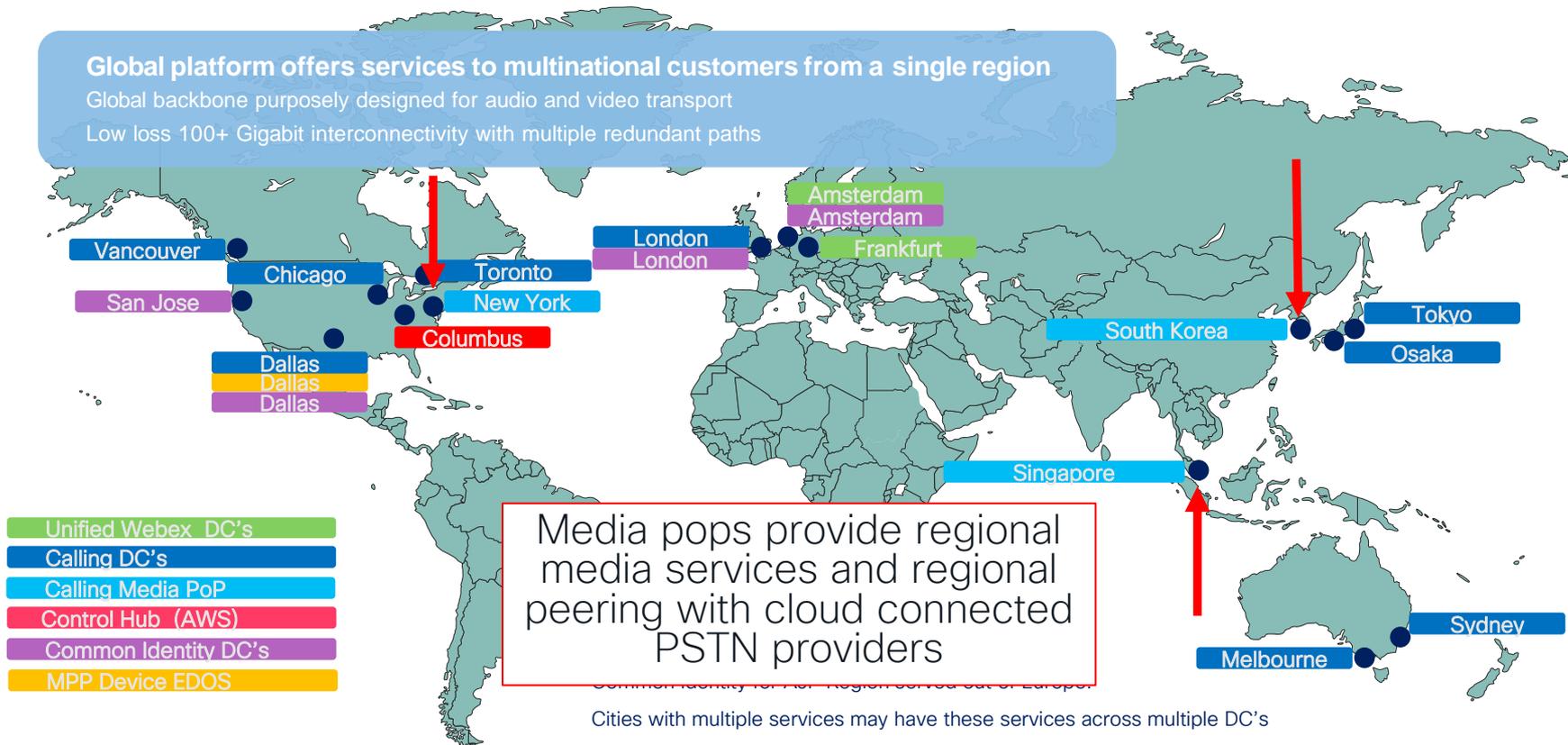
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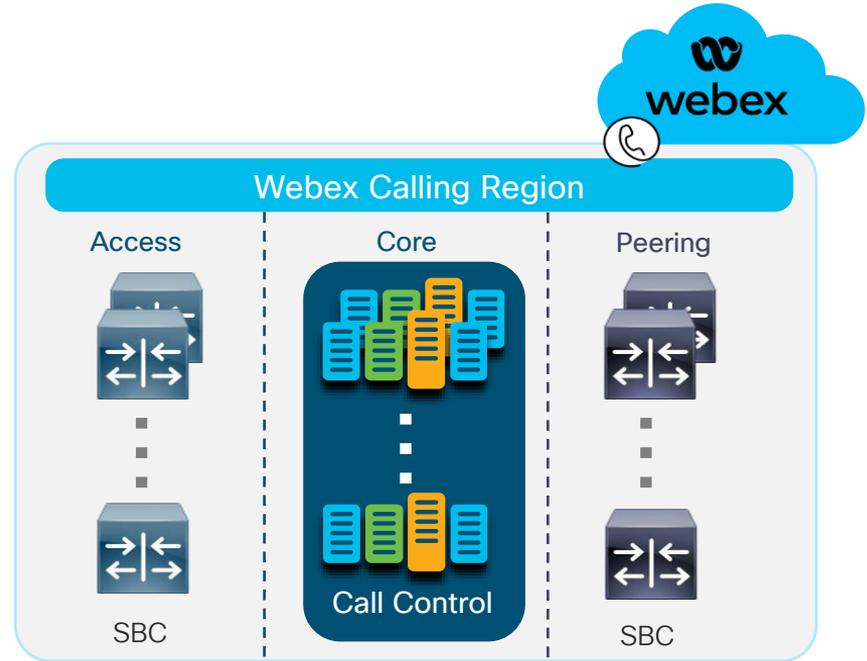
# Webex Calling regional scaling

Core call control scales horizontally

- Leveraging micro services to quickly deploy/expand

SBC Resources are separated from Access and Peering

- Access for Endpoints and Local Gateways
- Peering for CCPP integration to PSTN
- Access and Peer SBCs scale horizontally



# Headquarters' Location – First Time Setup Wizard (FTSW)

- **Required** – When a new Webex Calling Org is created, a first location is required to set up Webex Calling for customer use.
- Based off the country of the Location, this will define the regional platform used, “Home region”.
- All call signaling traffic is routed to this Home Region as well as the calling data is stored here. Media is supported globally with regional SBCs.
- It is highly recommended that the country or region with the majority of your users should be defined as your headquarters' location.
- You can edit or delete your headquarters' address any time in Control Hub. This changes will always be reflected by all Location dependent objects (e.g. Users).

● Set up Location — ○ Review — ○ Done

## Set up your headquarters' location

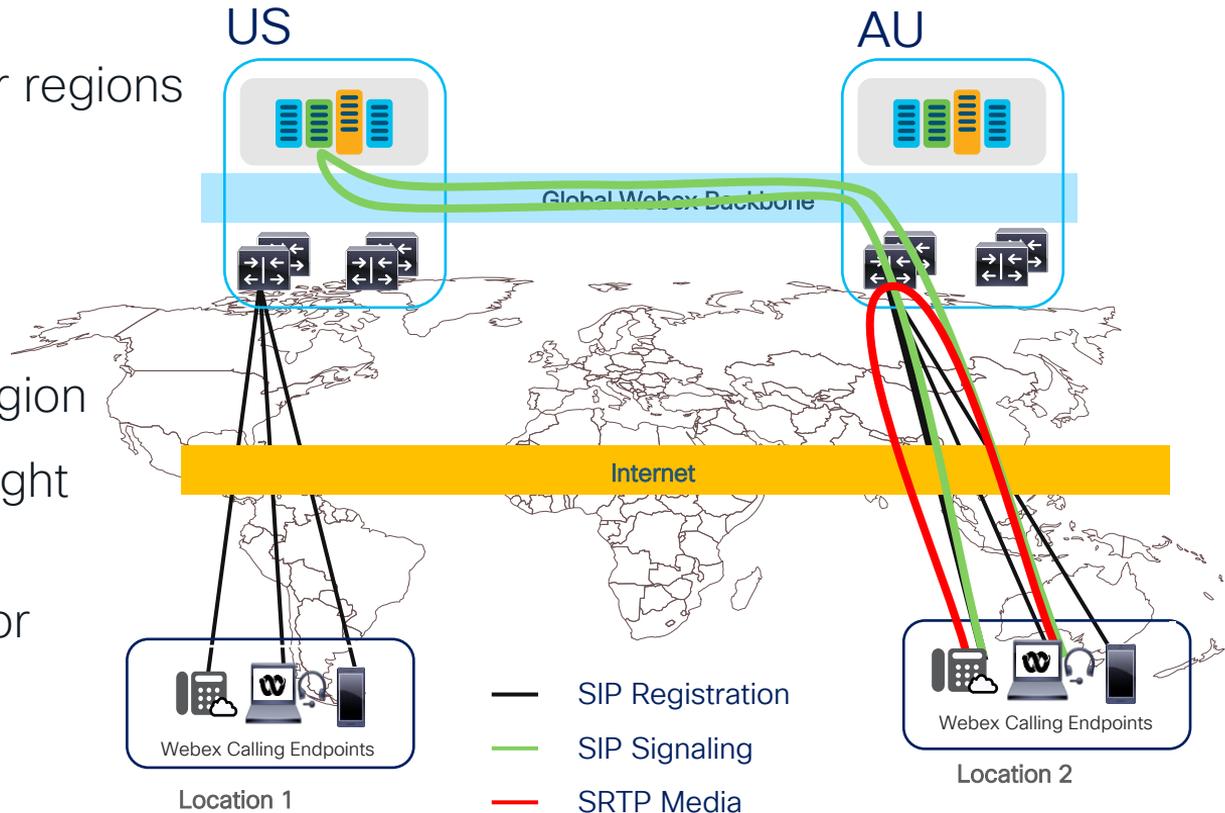
The country or region with the majority of your users is your headquarters' location. Calling data is stored here. Keep in mind that this first location is required to set up Webex Calling. You can edit or delete your headquarters' address any time in Control Hub.

Location name	Address
<input type="text" value="Ex: Headquarters"/>	<input type="text" value="Address"/>
Country or region ⓘ	<input type="text" value="Address line 2"/>
<input type="text" value="United States of America"/>	City / Town
Language ⓘ	<input type="text" value="City / Town"/>
<input type="text" value="Language"/>	State / Province / Region
Time zone	<input type="text" value="State / Province / Region"/>
<input type="text" value="Time zone"/>	ZIP / Postal Code
	<input type="text" value="ZIP / Postal Code"/>

The country of the headquarters' location or the regional platform cannot be changed after creation.

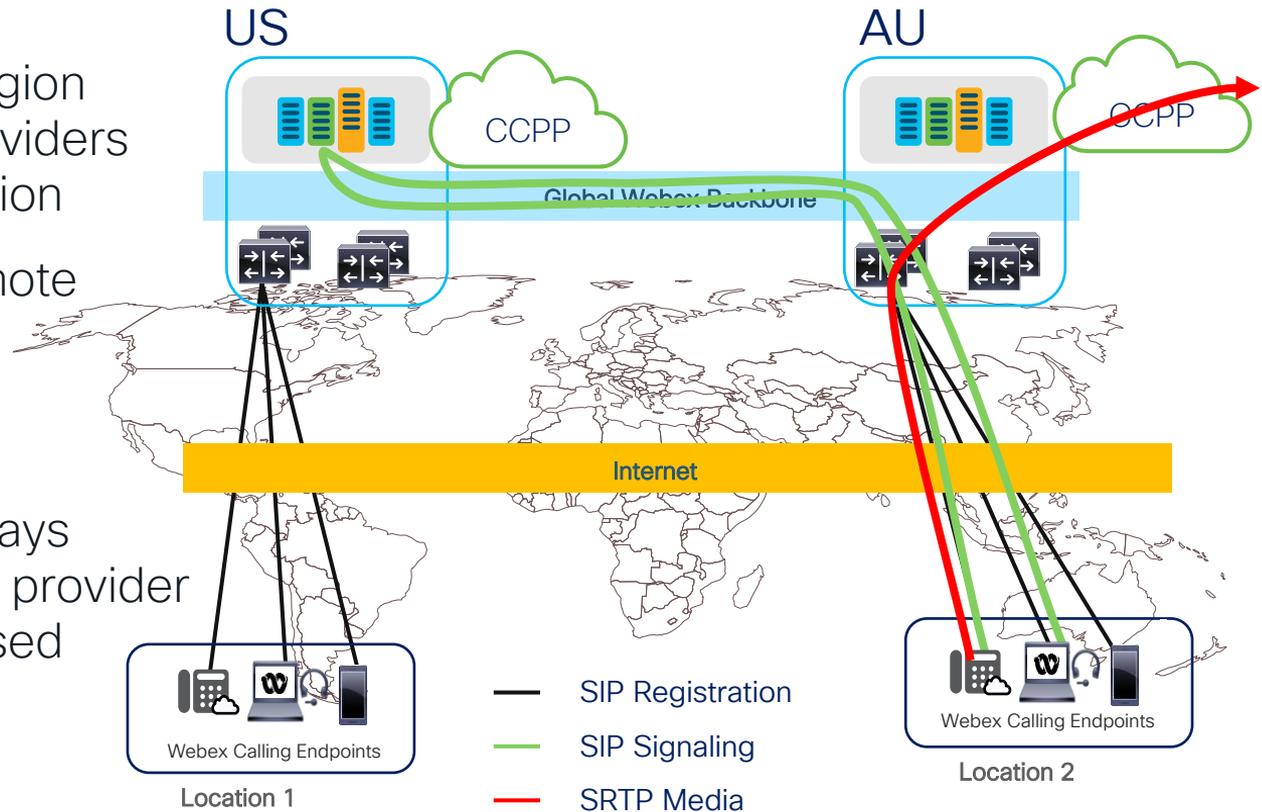
# Multi-region customer: Regional media

- Access SBCs in other regions can be used
- In-region registration
- In-region media
- Signaling still inter-region
- Cut-through delay might still occur
- Media RTT not a factor



# Multi-region customer: Regional media for Cloud Connected PSTN

- Locations in home region can use all CCPP providers available in home region
- New: locations in remote region can use CCPPs available in remote region
- PSTN media traffic stays within region if CCPP provider in remote region is used



# Singapore Media POP

- Two full Webex Calling deployments in APJC
  - JP: Osaka, Tokyo
  - AU: Sydney Melbourne
- Challenge: APAC region too large to keep RTT within acceptable bounds
- Mmdia POP in Singapore
  - Access: endpoint and Local Gateway registration, failover to JP (Osaka, Tokyo)
  - Peering: trunks to Cloud Connected PSTN providers
  - Media services (VM, conferencing)
  - Call Recording: local media server, call recording leg to JP (Osaka, Tokyo)





# Webex Calling MT Regional Configuration

Countries	Webex Calling MT DC
Country/Region selected during Customer creation in Control Hub (FTSW)	Home region for Webex Calling customer
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Australia</li> <li>New Zealand</li> <li>Indonesia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AU Sydney/Melbourne</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Canada</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CA Toronto/Vancouver</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Austria</li> <li>Bahrain</li> <li>Belgium</li> <li>Bulgaria</li> <li>Czech Rep.</li> <li>Croatia</li> <li>Cyprus</li> <li>Denmark</li> <li>Egypt</li> <li>Estonia</li> <li>Finland</li> <li>France</li> <li>Germany</li> <li>Ghana</li> <li>Greece</li> <li>Hungary</li> <li>Iceland</li> <li>Ireland</li> <li>Israel</li> <li>Italy</li> <li>Kuwait</li> <li>Latvia</li> <li>Lithuania</li> <li>Luxembourg</li> <li>Malta</li> <li>Netherlands</li> <li>Nigeria</li> <li>Norway</li> <li>Poland</li> <li>Portugal</li> <li>Qatar</li> <li>Romania</li> <li>Saudi Arabia</li> <li>Slovakia</li> <li>Slovenia</li> <li>South Africa</li> <li>Spain</li> <li>Sweden</li> <li>Switzerland</li> <li>Turkey</li> <li>UAE</li> <li>Ukraine</li> <li>United Kingdom</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EMEA London/Frankfurt Amsterdam/Frankfurt **</li> <li>** EU post Brexit</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hong Kong</li> <li>India</li> <li>Japan</li> <li>Malaysia</li> <li>Philippines</li> <li>Singapore</li> <li>South Korea</li> <li>Taiwan</li> <li>Thailand</li> <li>Vietnam</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>JP Tokyo/Osaka</li> </ul>



# Webex Calling MT Regional Configuration

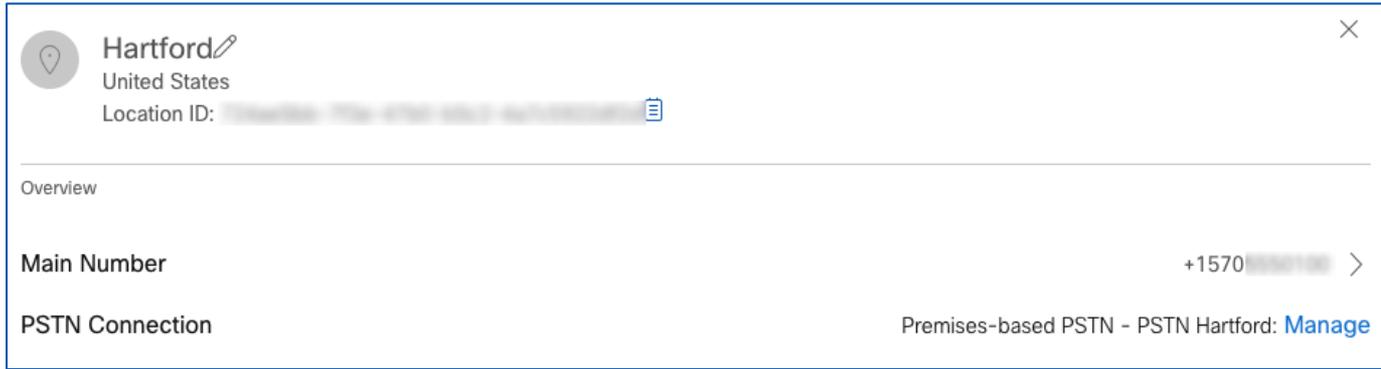
## Continued

Countries	Webex Calling MT DC
Country/Region selected during Customer creation in Control Hub (FTSW)	Home region for Webex Calling customer
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• American Samoa</li> <li>• Anguilla</li> <li>• Antigua &amp; Barbuda</li> <li>• Argentina</li> <li>• Bahamas</li> <li>• Barbados</li> <li>• Bermuda</li> <li>• Bolivia</li> <li>• Brazil</li> <li>• British Virgin Islands</li> <li>• Canada*</li> <li>• Cayman Islands</li> <li>• Chile</li> <li>• Columbia</li> <li>• Costa Rica</li> <li>• Dominica</li> <li>• Dominican Republic</li> <li>• Ecuador</li> <li>• El Salvador</li> <li>• Grenada</li> <li>• Guam</li> <li>• Guatemala</li> <li>• Honduras</li> <li>• Jamaica</li> <li>• Mexico</li> <li>• Montserrat</li> <li>• Nicaragua</li> <li>• Northern Mariana Islands</li> <li>• Panama</li> <li>• Paraguay</li> <li>• Peru</li> <li>• Puerto Rico</li> <li>• Saint Kits &amp; Nevis</li> <li>• Saint Lucia</li> <li>• Saint Vincent &amp; the Grenadines</li> <li>• Sint Maarten</li> <li>• Trinidad &amp; Tobago</li> <li>• Turks &amp; Caicos Islands</li> <li>• United States</li> <li>• Uruguay</li> <li>• US Virgin Islands</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• US      Dallas/Chicago/New York</li> <li>            *Toggled Behavior</li> </ul>

# Location Considerations



# PSTN Integration



- PSTN defined at the location level
- One PSTN choice per location (Cisco PSTN, CCPP, Premises PSTN)
- All PSTN calls originating from location use same PSTN
- Location main number is required for any calls to/from location.

# Emergency Calling

Two options to handle emergency calls:

- Enhanced emergency (E911) service

- Dynamic; support roaming device
- Only available in US/CAN

Only applies to US/CAN

- <https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/av6003/Enhanced-Emergency-Calling-for-Webex-Calling>

- Emergency Callback Number (ECBN) based

- Static configuration of ECBN per location (per user override)

- <https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/nzqvtyq/Emergency-Callback-Number-in-Control-Hub>

# Emergency Callback Number

- Set at location level
  - Can be main number
  - ... or any other assigned (and active) number in that location
- User level override
- Recommendations:
  - for users with phone number use that as ECBN
  - For users w/o phone numbers multiple ECBNs can exist within (large) locations
  - ECBNs must be live answering points (be careful with IVRs, queues, AAs, ...)

### Emergency Callback Number (ECBN)

Choose which phone number will be the default ECBN for a user without a phone number.

Use location main number: +1570555-1111 (Hartford)

Use assigned number from this location

+1575555-1111 (Anita Hunt) ▼

### Lester Ray

Active • jlester@csco.com • Location: Hartford

Profile General Meetings **Calling** Messaging Hybrid Services

< Calling

Emergency callback number

User's phone number: +1570-555-1111

Location default ECBN: +1570-555-1111

Assigned number from user's location

+1570555-1111 (Tomothy St... ▼)

# Feature / Location Dependencies

Calling features are configured at the location level ... and many features still work across locations

- **Numbers/extensions** – All numbers are accessible between locations. If an extension overlap exists, site codes can be used to allow extension dialing between locations.
- **Auto Attendants** – Assigned to a location, search scopes can be defined per Location or globally
- **Hunt Groups / Call Queues** – Assigned to a location, agents can be assigned from any location
- **Single Number Reach** – Assigned to a location, user access can be defined per Location or globally.
- **Paging Group** – Assigned to a location, paging targets and originators can be assigned from any location.
- **Receptionist Client** – Assign via user, searched filter available based on location.
- **Virtual Extension** – Can be defined per Location or globally.
- **Voicemail Group** – Assigned to a location and uses location voicemail settings. Any number within the customer can forward to the voicemail if required.

# Features with Cross Location Limitations

## Call Park

- **Call Park Extensions** – Call Park is used for a network hold and allows a user to park a call against an available user's extension or to a Call Park Extension
  - Call Park Extensions are configured within a specific location
  - Any user from any location can unpark the parked call (provided the extension is accessible)
  - Location level parameters for recall (parking user, hunt group, user/hunt), timers and ring pattern
- **Call Park Group** – The Call Park Group service allows a defined group of users to automatically park calls against other available members of a call park group
  - The members of this group can only be from the same Location and can be in a single group
  - Any user within the ORG can answer the parked call
  - Location level parameters for timers and ring pattern for parked calls
  - Call Park Group defines the recall options (parking user, hunt group, user/hunt)

# Features with Cross Location Limitations

## Call Pickup, Shared Lines

- **Call Pickup** – Users that are added to a call pickup can answer calls when another member of the call pickup is busy.
  - A user can only be assigned to one call pickup. A location may have multiple call pickups
  - A call pickup can only have users from the same location
  - Call Pickup requires FAC for use in Webex Calling; default Pickup softkey uses Directed Call Pickup
  - Directed call Pickup works across all locations
- **Shared Lines** – A user line that is assigned to multiple devices or other user's devices is a shared line. Scope of adding a shared line is limited to the numbers in a location\*.
  - Alternatives to shared lines are using features that are supported across location:
    - Virtual Lines\*
    - Hunt Group
    - Call Queue
    - Executive Assistant

\*cross-location limitation will be removed together with the release of virtual lines in Feb 2023



# Per Location Scale

- Users & workspaces – 30k combined
- Numbers – No hard limits, recommended: less or equal 3 times the number of users
- Trunks – 100
- Auto Attendants – 1000
- Virtual Extension – 1000
- Hunt Group – 1000
- Call Queue – 1000
- Authorization Codes – 1000
- Call Park Extensions – 100
- Call Pickup Groups – 1000
- Receptionist Client – 500

# Interworking Unified CM / Webex Calling



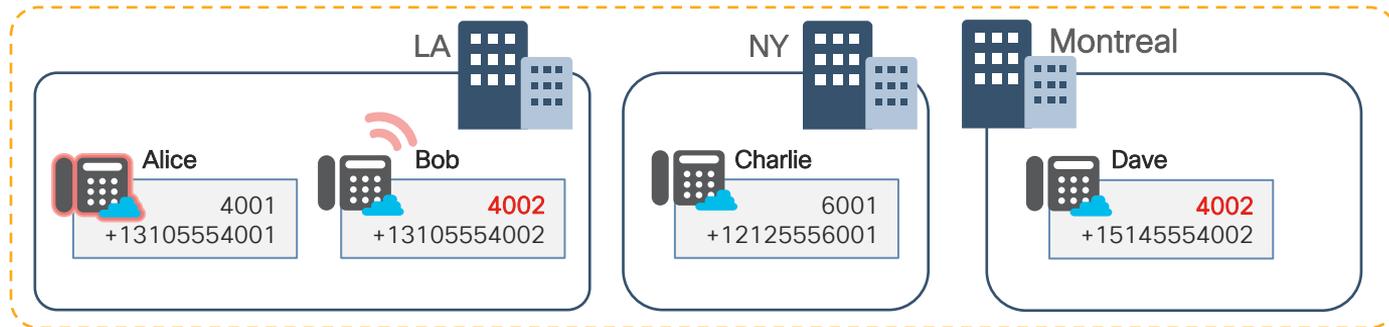
# Webex Calling Dialing Habits

- Extension dialing: 2-6 digits (default 4)
  - Inter- and intra-site; inter-site requires unique extensions
- ESN (Location routing prefix + user extension) using an optional location code: up to 7 digits
- +E.164
  - Telephone numbers defined in the Webex Calling system. Always resolvable by +E164 dialing
- Country Dial Plans
  - US, Canada, Puerto Rico:
    - National: 10 digit dialing or 1+10 digit dialing
    - 7 digit dialing:
      - Webex Calling will normalize to E.164 for external calls assuming NPA of originator
      - Dial plans in phones not optimized for 7D dialing □ timeout experienced when using off-hook dialing
      - Avoid conflict between abbreviated inter-site dialing (enterprise numbers) and 7D when integrating with PBX via Local Gateway; no 7D enterprise numbers
  - Other countries
    - Various digit lengths based on published national numbering plan: <https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/757iyo/Dial-plans-by-country>

# Understanding location codes

- What if extension ranges of sites overlap?
  - No extension dialing between sites
  - Alice can call Bob and Charlie using extension dialing
  - Alice cannot call Dave using extension dialing
  - What if Charlie dials 4002?

## Widgets, Inc.

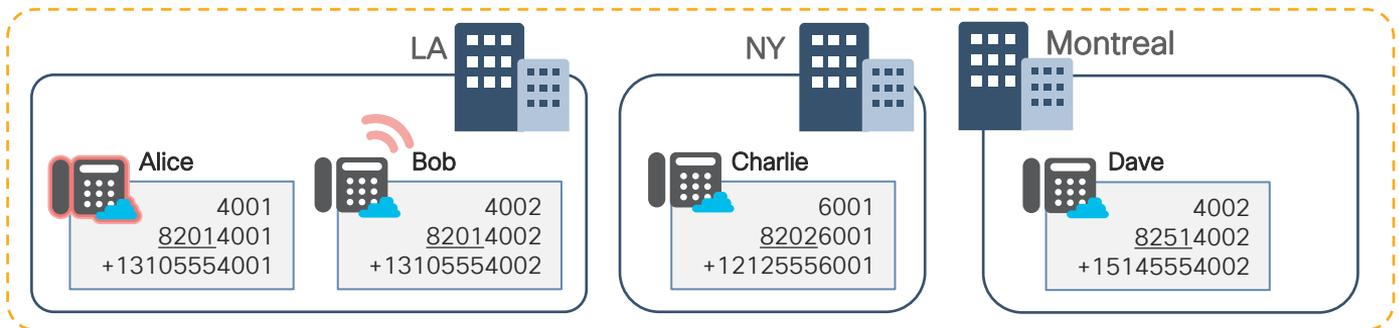


# Understanding location codes

- Solution: add location codes
  - Need to be unique!
  - Inter-site dialing using location code + extension
  - Location code + extension is unique
- Alice can call Dave (and the other users) using inter-site dialing

Location	Location Code
LA	8201
NY	8202
Montreal	8251

## Widgets, Inc.



# Enterprise Best Practices

- Goal: optimize dial plan handling in phones to minimize timeouts
  1. Outbound dialing digit (for example 9)
    - Per location
  2. Internal steering digit for inter-site (for example 8)
    - Different from PSTN
  3. Uniform location code length (for example 4)
    - Location code includes leading internal steering digit!
  4. Uniform extension length (for example 4)
- Uniform inter-site dialing: steering digit – location id – extension
  - Example: 8-496-9764

# Enterprise Best Practices

- Goal: optimize dial plan hierarchy
  - 1. Outbound dialing digit (for external dialing)
    - Per location
  - 2. Internal steering digit for external dialing
    - Different from PSTN
  - 3. Uniform location code length
    - Location code includes leading zero
  - 4. Uniform extension length
- Uniform inter-site dialing:
  - Example: 8-496-9764

### Edit External Dialing for Dallas

Outbound Dialing

Outbound Dial Digit

Specify the number which users must dial before placing an external call.  
8 is set as the internal dialing steering digit and cannot be used as the outbound digit.

9

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

Dialing Preview

Format for external dialing

9 - (external number)

Cancel Save

# Enterprise Best Practices

- Goal: optimize dial plan handling
  1. Outbound dialing digit (for example)
    - Per location
  2. Internal steering digit for inter-site dialing
    - Different from PSTN
  3. Uniform location code length (for example)
    - Location code includes leading inter-site dialing digit
  4. Uniform extension length (for example)
- Uniform inter-site dialing: steering digit
  - Example: 8-496-9764

### Edit Internal Dialing

**Routing Prefix**  
The format of the digits used for all location routing prefixes.

**Location Routing Prefix Length**  
Choose the number of digits to be used to connect with users at other locations.

**Set Steering Digit in Routing Prefix**  
Choose the number which will be set as the first digit of every routing prefix.

**Extension**  
The format of the digits used for extensions within locations.

**Internal Extension Length**  
Choose the number of digits for an internal call.

#### Dialing Preview

Format for internal dialing digits

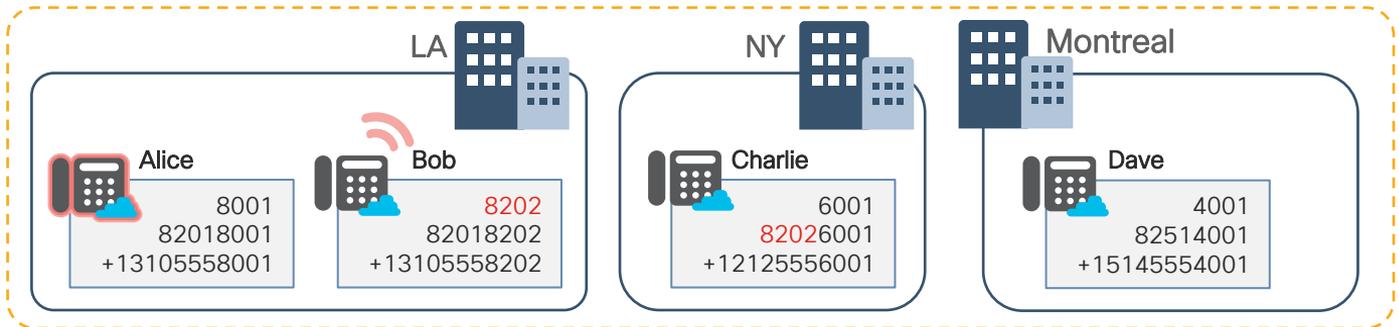
Routing Prefix   Extension

# Conflicts

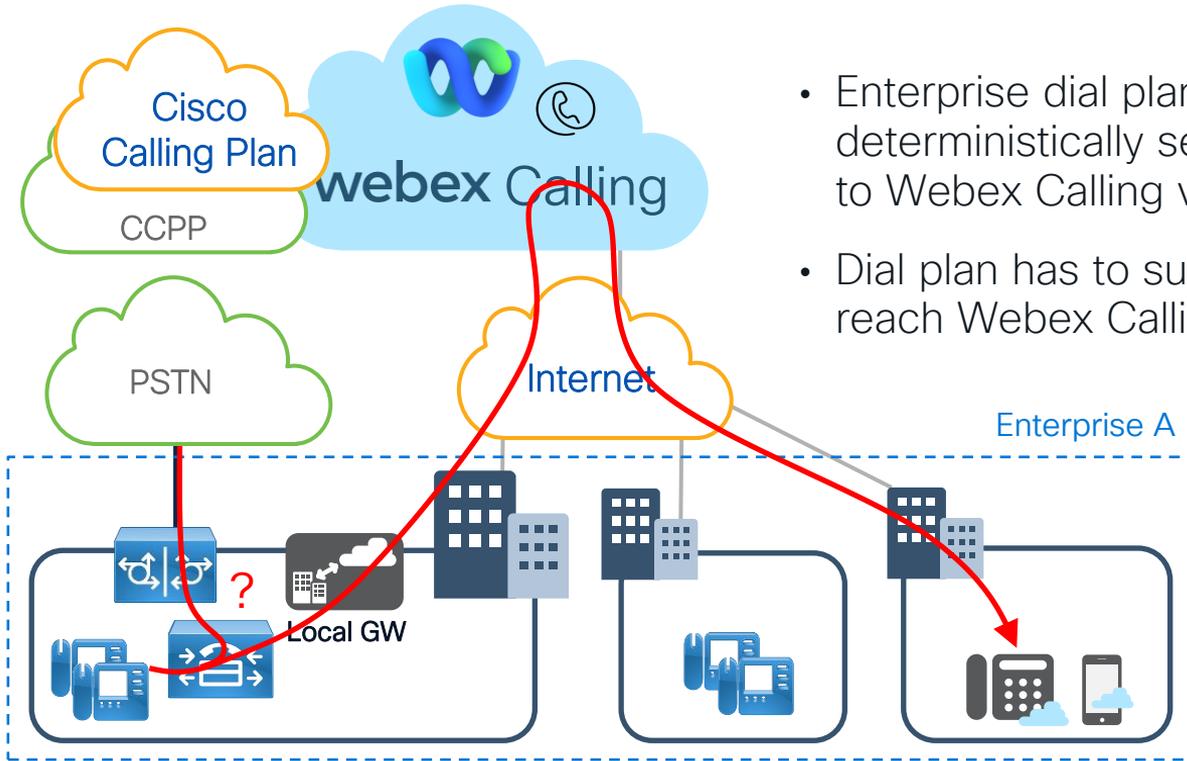
- To avoid timeouts conflicts need to be avoided between:
  - First digit of extensions
  - Internal steering digit
  - Outbound dial digit
- Example: steering digit 8, 4D extensions, 4D location code
- What if Alice lifts the handset and starts to dial 8, 2, 0, 2? Bob, Charlie?

Location	Location Code
LA	8201
NY	8202
Montreal	8251

## Widgets, Inc.



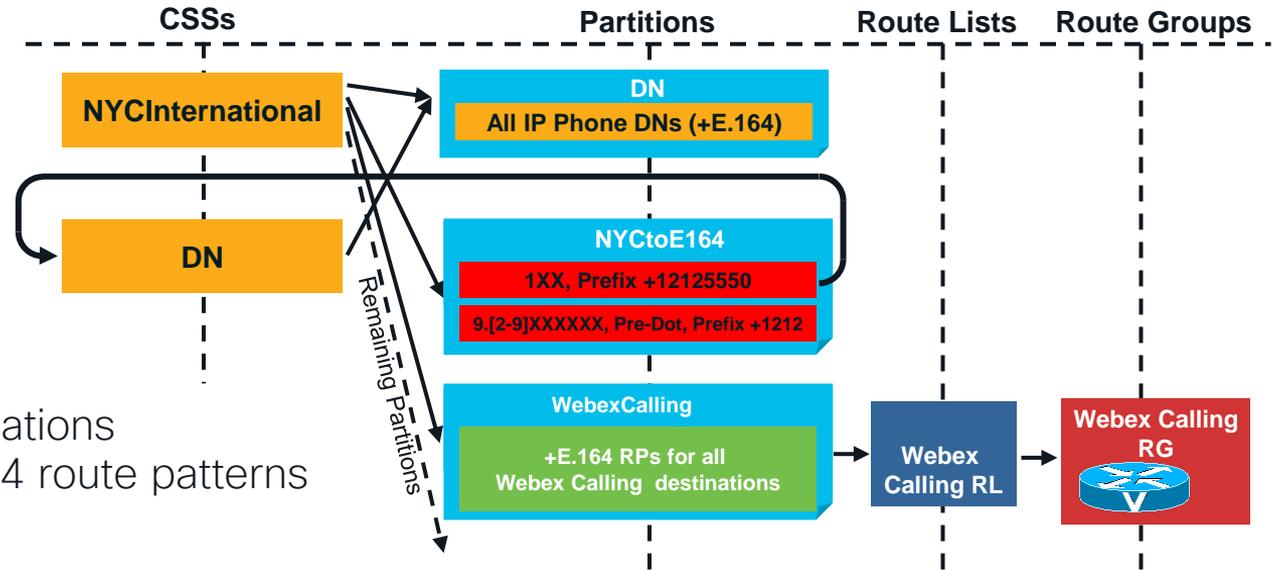
# Local Gateway Dial Plan Integration



- Enterprise dial plan on Unified CM needs to deterministically send Webex Calling destinations to Webex Calling via Local Gateway
- Dial plan has to support “typical” dialing habits to reach Webex Calling destinations
- Webex Calling destinations need to be regularly updated during transition period as users move to Webex Calling

# LGW Dial Plan Integration

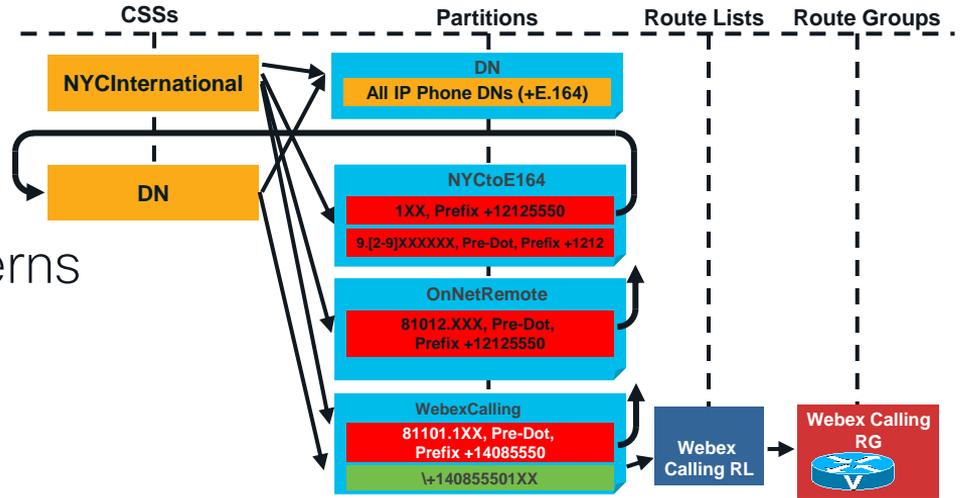
- With a single Egress LGW selection not site specific → no LRG based LGW selection required\*
- Multiple LGWs in multiple locations: RL and LRG
- Can use multiple LGWs for scale and redundancy
- Webex Calling destinations provisioned as +E.164 route patterns



\*For extension dialing w/ non-unique extensions site specific trunks are required so that Webex Calling can establish proper dialling context. LRG can be used for site specific egress trunk selection

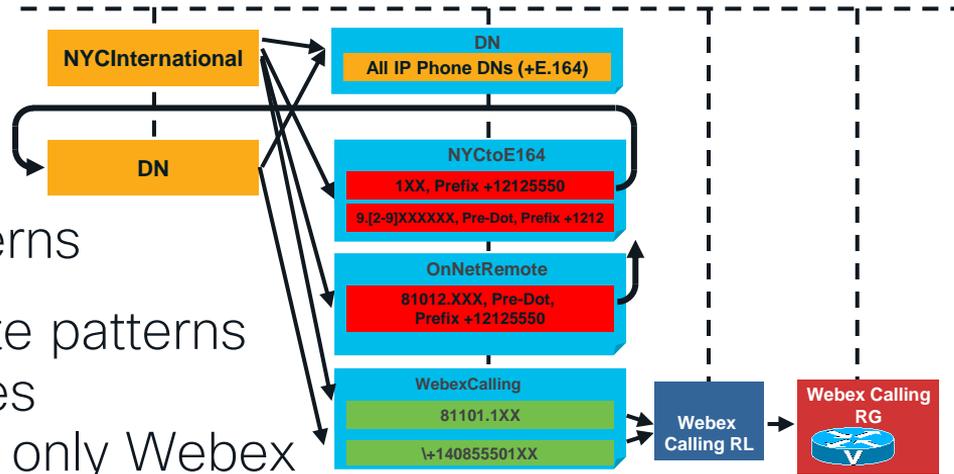
# UCM to WxC - ESN Outbound Route Patterns

- Any dialing habit can be transformed to +E.164 using dialing normalisation translations
- Dialing normalisation for Webex Calling ESN ranges to +E.164 in same partition as Webex Calling route patterns



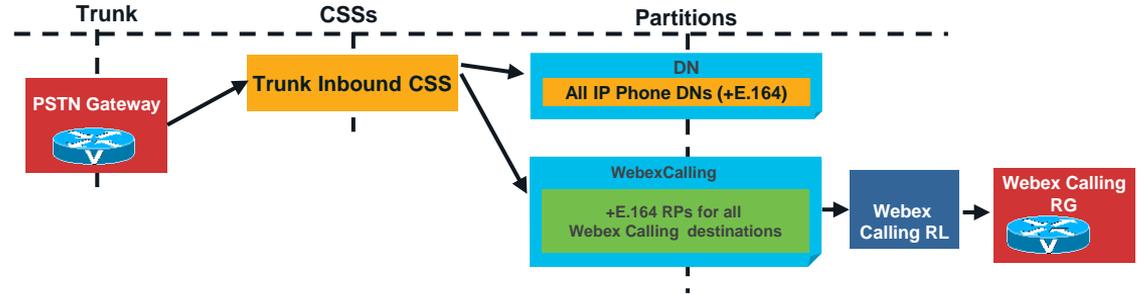
# UCM to WxC - ESN Outbound Route Patterns

- Any dialing habit can be transformed to +E.164 using dialing normalisation translations
- Dialing normalisation for Webex Calling ESN ranges to +E.164 in same partition as Webex Calling route patterns
- Better solution: use ESN route patterns for Webex Calling ESN ranges  
→ also works with extension only Webex Calling destinations



# UCM to WxC – PSTN Routing to Webex Calling

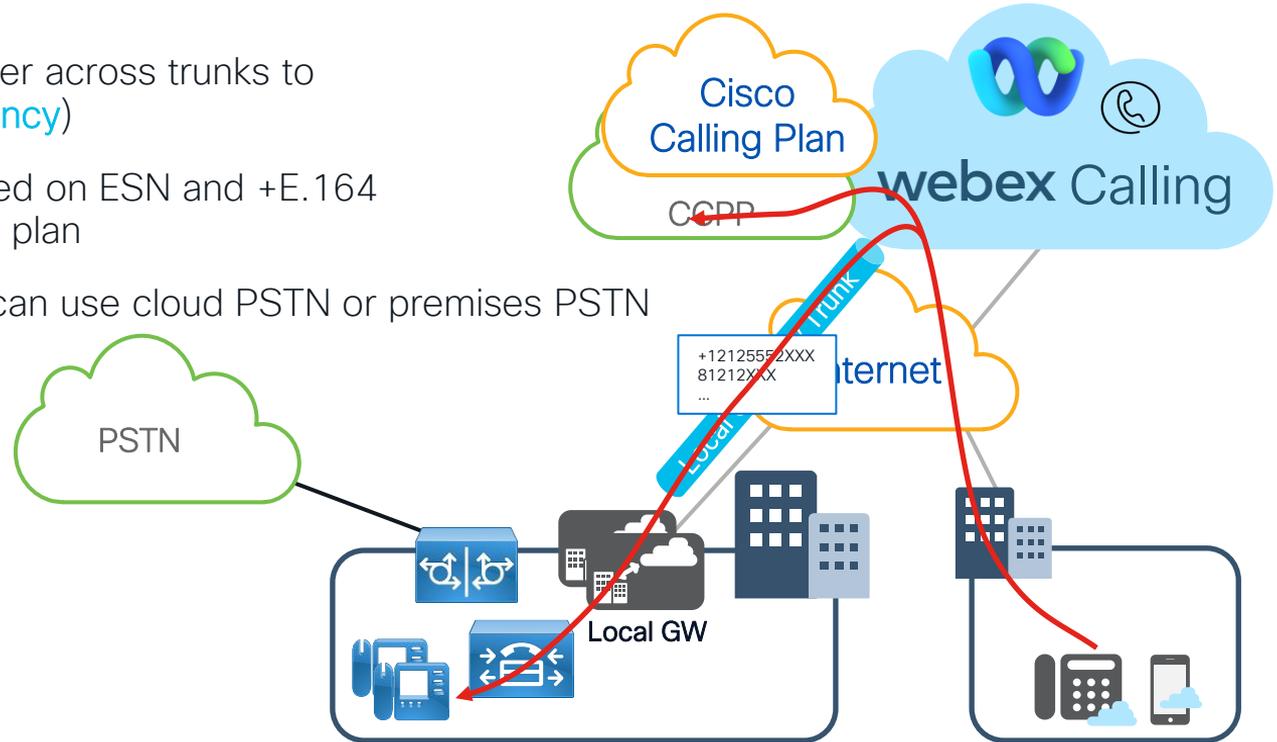
- PSTN Dial Plan can utilize the same Route Patterns for +E.164 dialing as UCM users.
- Called party globalization to +E.164 required if no +E.164 received from PSTN
- Multiple ways to do on UCM:
  - Incoming Called Party Transformation Patterns (preferred)
  - Translation Pattern
  - Route Patterns



# Routing from Webex Calling to Unified CM

## Enterprise Dial Plans

- Load balancing and failover across trunks to premises (scale, redundancy)
- Deterministic routing based on ESN and +E.164 patterns in enterprise dial plan
- Webex Calling locations can use cloud PSTN or premises PSTN



# Caller ID Normalization

- Tool: Calling Party Transformation Patterns
- Can be done either
  - inbound on Trunk from Webex Calling
  - Outbound on Unified CM registered device
- Best practice: globalize on ingress, localize on egress
- ... but customer might have implemented other dial plans
- Unified CM caller ID is always based on RPID or From (in this priority)
- On dual identity trunks from Webex Calling profiles on CUBE or SIP normalization scripts (Lua) on Unified CM can be used to (selectively) copy From: to PAI

The screenshot shows the 'Calling Party Transformation Pattern Configuration' window. It includes a 'Save' button at the top left. Below that is the 'Status' section, which shows 'Status: Ready'. The 'Pattern Definition' section contains the following fields: 'Pattern\*' with the value '\+12135554XXX', 'Partition' with 'CnPtLocalizeFromWxC', 'Description' with 'Localize Caller ID inbound from WxC', 'Numbering Plan' with '< None >', and 'Route Filter' with '< None >'. There are also two checkboxes: 'Urgent Priority' (checked) and 'MLPP Preemption Disabled' (unchecked). The 'Calling Party Transformations' section includes 'Use Calling Party's External Phone Number Mask' (unchecked), 'Discard Digits' with '< None >', 'Calling Party Transformation Mask' with '83134XXX', and 'Prefix Digits' with an empty field.

Reference:

[https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice\\_ip\\_comm/cucm/srnd/collab12/collab12/dialplan.html](https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/cucm/srnd/collab12/collab12/dialplan.html)  
<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Collaboration/enterprise/12x/120/collbcvd/control.html>

# Interworking Limitations

- Local Gateway (registering) concurrent session limitations
- Integration between Webex Calling and Unified CM is pure call routing integration
  - No concept of sharing call state nor user (line) presence
- Impact on any feature relying on call state or presence:
  - Call pick-up (notifications)
  - Hunt: no way to determine state of line
  - BLF
  - ..
- Keep users of these features together on a single call control instance

# Cisco UCM and Webex Calling coexistence

- Proper dial plan design (see Enterprise PA\* for details) enables seamless transition of DNs from UCM to Webex Calling
  - All dialing habits are possible: ESN, DN and +E.164
- Detailed information in
  - “Transitioning from Cisco UCM to Webex Calling Deployment Guide”  
[https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/solutions/PA/mcp/DEPLOYMENT\\_CALLING\\_Unified\\_CM\\_to\\_Webex\\_Calling.pdf](https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/solutions/PA/mcp/DEPLOYMENT_CALLING_Unified_CM_to_Webex_Calling.pdf)
  - “Cisco Preferred Architecture for Webex Calling Overview”  
<https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Collaboration/hybrid/AltDesigns/PA-WbxCall.pdf>

\*<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Collaboration/enterprise/12x/120/collbcvd.html>

# Advanced Call Handling Group Functions



# Inbound Call Handling Options

- User's TN
  - Receptionist Client
  - Auto Attendant
  - Call Queue
  - Hunt Group
  - ...
- } Building block for "advanced" call handling

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/0r7a2z>

# Auto Attendant

- Primary and up to 10 alternate numbers
- (Selective) call forwarding
- (Custom) greeting
- Schedules: business/after Hours, holiday
- DTMF menu per schedule
  - Function per DTMF key
- Optional: DTMF extension dialing
- Transfer to: user, call queue, hunt group, ...
- Common use case:
  - Two-stage dialing if not all users have TNs
  - Callers select intent and get sent to intent specific group
- Adoption/acceptance depending on region/market

**Business Hours** After Hours

**Business Hours Menu**  
Assign different functions to each keypad number. These settings direct your customers where they need to go when they enter a specific number on their phone.

Enable extension dialing without requiring a menu item.

Press 0 to	Dial by name
Press 1 to	Transfer call without prompt
Press 2 to	Transfer call with prompt
Press 3 to	Transfer call to operator
Press 4 to	Dial by name
Press 5 to	Dial by name
Press 6 to	Dial by extension
Press 7 to	Repeat menu
Press 8 to	Exit menu
Press 9 to	Transfer call to voicemail
Press * to	
Press # to	Not Used

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/nsioxoi>

# Hunt Group, Call Queue: Common Features

- Agents: users and workspaces from any location
  - Can be extension only
- Call routing pattern
  - Circular
  - Top Down
  - Longest Idle
  - Weighted
  - Simultaneous
- Call queues also support skill based routing

- Circular (Max 1,000 agents)  
Send calls to the next available agent, cycling through all agents after the last one has taken a call.
- Top Down (Max 1,000 agents)  
Send calls through the queue of agents in order, starting from the top each time.
- Longest Idle (Max 1,000 agents)  
Send calls to the agent who has been idle the longest. If they don't answer, proceed to the next agent who has been idle for the second longest, and so on until the call is answered.
- Weighted (Max 100 agents)  
Send calls to idle agents based on the percentages you assign to each member of the hunt group. The total percentage of distributed calls must equal 100%.
- Simultaneous (Max 50 agents)  
Send calls to all the agents on call queue at once.

# Hunt Group, Call Queue: Call Forwarding

- Always or selective
- Selective based on schedule and calling party
  - Use case: switch call handling between groups based on schedule
- Destination can be any number or extension
  - .. But only in the same location
- Forward targets:
  - User, auto attendant, call queue, hunt group
  - Allows to build complex linked call handling
  - For example: set up night service handling

The screenshot shows the 'Add When to Forward' configuration page. It is titled 'Add When to Forward' and contains the following sections:

- Call Forwarding Selective Details**
  - Rule Name:** A text input field with the placeholder 'Enter a rule name'.
- When to Forward**
  - Text: 'Calls will be forwarded according to the schedule set here.'
  - Business Hours Schedule:** A dropdown menu with 'Every day all day' selected.
  - Holiday Schedule:** A dropdown menu with 'None' selected.
- Forward to**
  - Text: 'Enter the number to which your calls will be forwarded.'
  - Default Phone Number** +1312 [redacted]
  - Different Phone Number
- Calls from**
  - Text: 'Calls from the number(s) defined here will be forwarded.'
  - Any Number**
  - Selected Phone Numbers
- Calls to**
  - Text: 'Calls to the number(s) defined here will be forwarded.'
  -

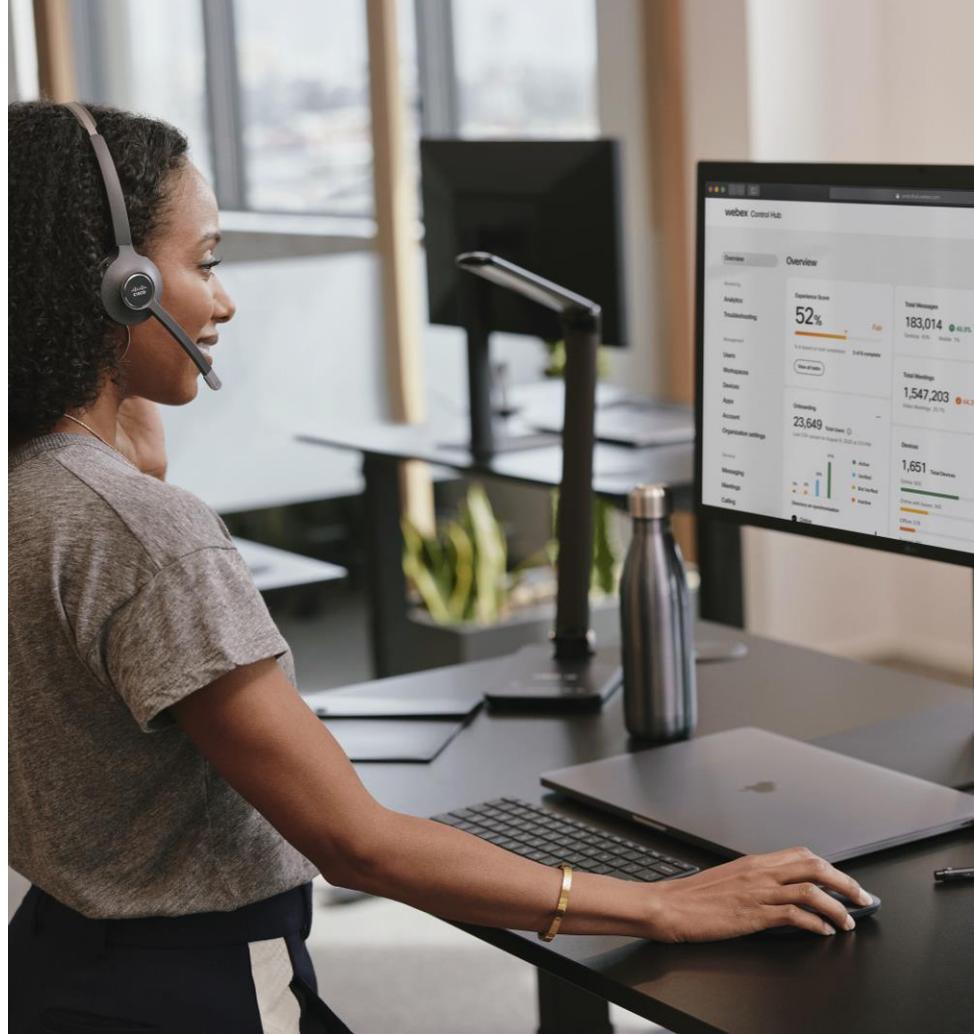
# Group Call Management Enhancing Call Queue Functionality

# Group Call Management

## Enhancing Call Queue Functionality

Out-of-box **informal** call center capabilities

- Easy setup and included with Webex Calling
- Advanced call queue capabilities (request call-back, skills-based routing)
- Supervisor managed: monitor, coach, barge-in, takeover
- Reporting & Analytics dashboard in Control Hub
- Use existing Webex Calling devices and app for agent & supervisor functions



# Benefits of a native experience

- Single pane of glass for administration
- No additional cost
- Use existing Webex App for agent and supervisor
- Self administered with limited special admin skills needed
- Scale agents as required

# What's available today ?

- Queues for up to 50 calls
- Circular, Top Down, Longest Idle, Weighted and Simultaneous routing policies
- Overflow configuration for size and time
- Bounce calls from non-responsive agents

## Treatments for callers in queue

- “Entrance” messages
- “Estimated wait time” messages
- “Comfort” messages
- Request callback
- Music on hold

# Group Call Management features

## Supervisor features

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- Associate Agents to Supervisor(s)
- Supervisor functionality (Monitor, Coach, Barge, Take-Over) via feature access code

## Call queue policy

---

- Policy (Night Service, Holiday Service, Forced Forward, Stranded calls)
- Announcements (Call whisper, Comfort bypass)
- Skill-based routing
- Outbound caller id selection for agent
- Customer call back

## App experience

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- Enhanced agent sign-in experience
- Enhanced agent join/unjoin experience

## Analytics

---

- Call queue stats
- Call queue agent stats
- Live queue stats

# Positioning

- Intended use
  - Help Desks
  - IT Support
  - Small number of users to monitor calls from customers
  - Primarily audio focused callers
- What it is not
  - A replacement for Webex Contact Center
  - A stand-alone service (requires WxC License)
- Doesn't include the following:
  - Omni-channel media handling
  - Work Force Management
  - Predictive Dialing
  - Advanced analytics
  - Artificial Intelligence / Chat bots
  - CRM integration

# Feature Overview

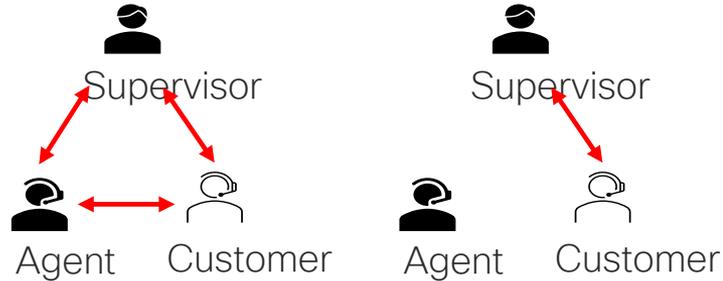
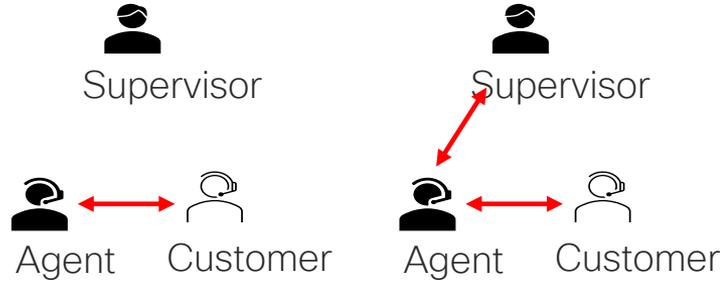
# Supervisor Functions

The screenshot shows the webex Control Hub interface. The left sidebar contains navigation menus for Overview, Getting Started Guide, Alerts centre, MONITORING (Analytics, Troubleshooting, Reports), MANAGEMENT (Users, Workspaces, Devices, Apps, Account, Organisation settings), and SERVICES (Updates & Migrations, Messaging, Calling, Connected UC). The main content area is titled 'Calling' and includes tabs for Numbers, Locations, Call Routing, Features, PSTN Orders, Service Settings, and Client Settings. Under the 'Features' tab, there are sub-tabs for Auto Attendant, Call Park Extension, Call Park Group, Call Pick-up, Call Queue, DECT Network, Hunt Group, and Single Number Reach. Below these are 'Call queues' and 'Supervisors' buttons. The 'Supervisors' section includes a description: 'Supervisors are users who manage agents. This enables them to perform functions like monitoring, coaching and more.' and an 'Add supervisor' button. A search bar for supervisors is present. A table lists the following supervisors:

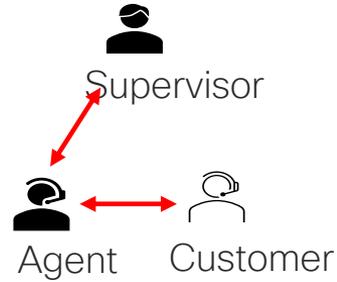
Supervisor name	Number of assigned ...	Primary Number	Extension	Actions
Supervisor BLR	3	+9179 26408903	8903	[User icon] [Close icon]
Agent1 Bangalore		+9179 26408904	8904	[User icon]
Agent2 Bangalore		+9179 26408905	8905	[User icon]
Agent3 Bangalore		+9179 26408906	8906	[User icon]
Supervisor NY	3	+1212290 8817	4917	[User icon] [Close icon]
Supervisor Richardson	3	+1567617 8871	6871	[User icon] [Close icon]
Supervisor SJ	3	+1951226 8883	1603	[User icon] [Close icon]

- Enable a user to be Supervisor for Agents
- Supervisor can manage agents for a seamless customer experience
- Supervisor to have additional capabilities such as Monitoring, Coaching, Barge-In, and Take-Over of Agents calls
- Supervisor functions via FACs and a dedicated app experience\*

# Supervisor Functions



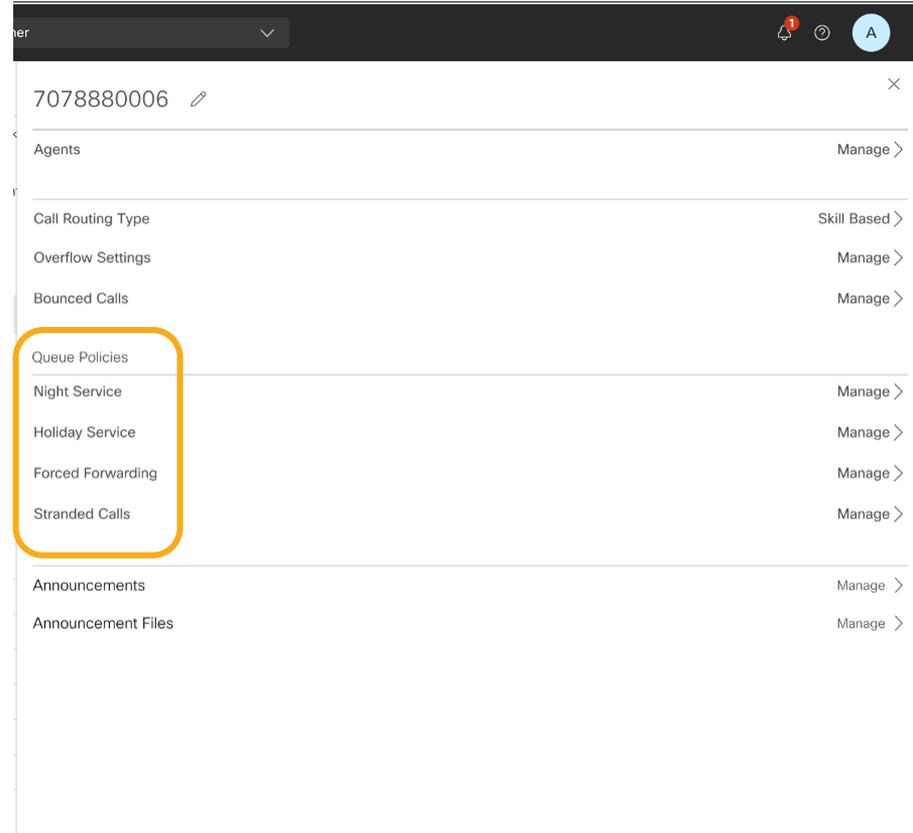
Barge



Take Over

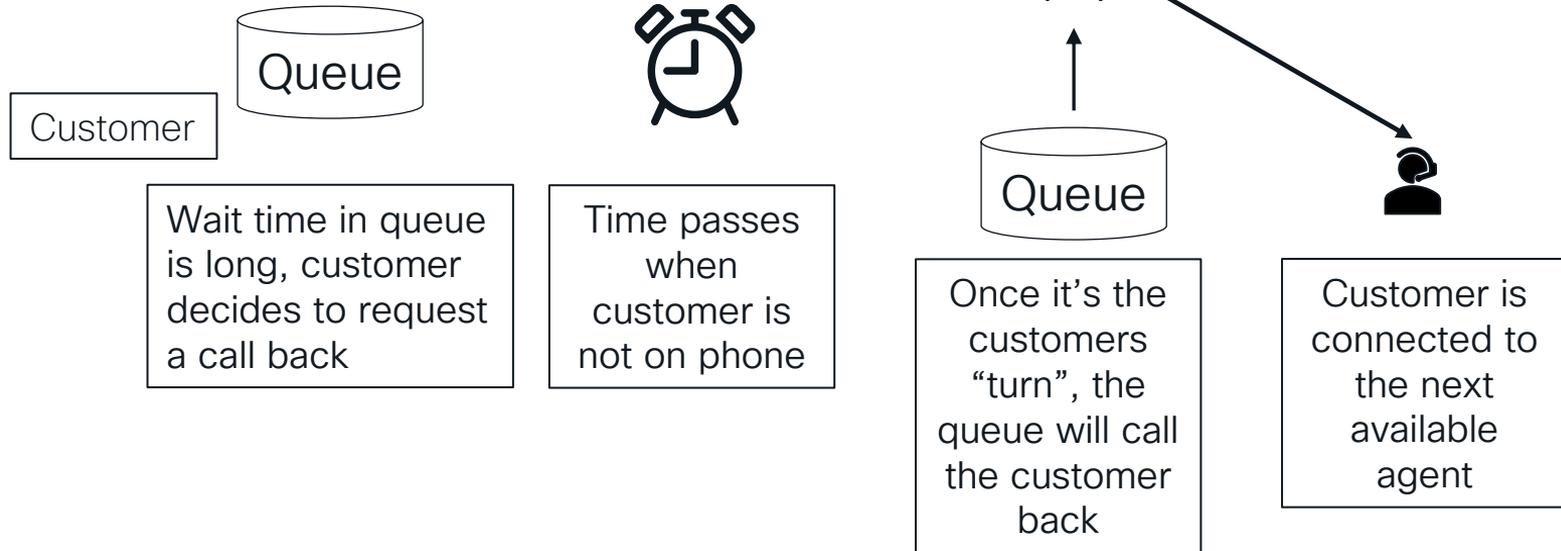
# Additional queue policies

- Accounts for special circumstances
  - Night Service – defines queue routing for non-business hours
  - Holiday Service – defines queue routing during holidays
  - Forced Forwarding – defines a "force forward" destination, in case of an emergency, or other event
  - Stranded – defines a routing destination in the event a call is in a queue with no agents staffing it
- Supports the existing policies
  - Call Back
  - Overflow (Size and Time)
  - Bounced



# Customer Call Back

- Allows customers in queues to request a call back instead of waiting
- Configurable based on estimated wait time



# Proper callback number for outbound call support

Allows agents to make outgoing calls using CLID of a call queue

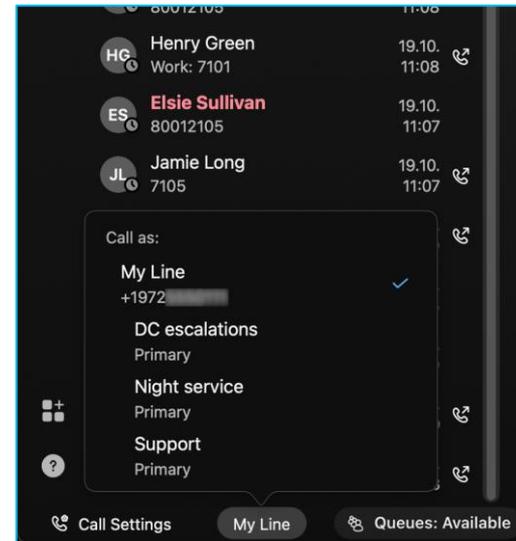


For customer callbacks, staff can present the business CLID of their call queue

- If you don't want the customer to call staff directly
- And want the customer to have the ability to reach an available, qualified staff member

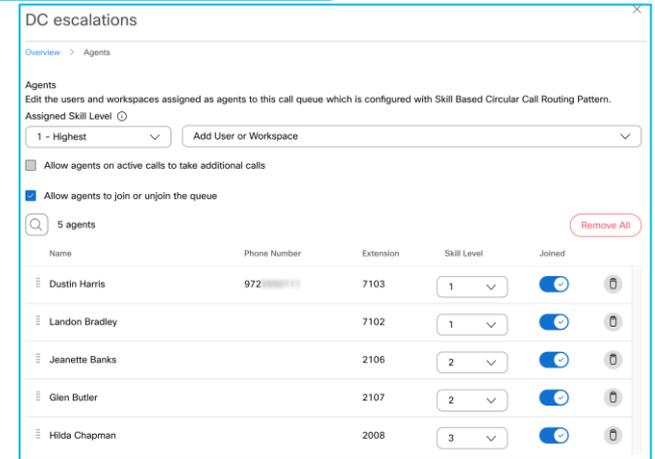
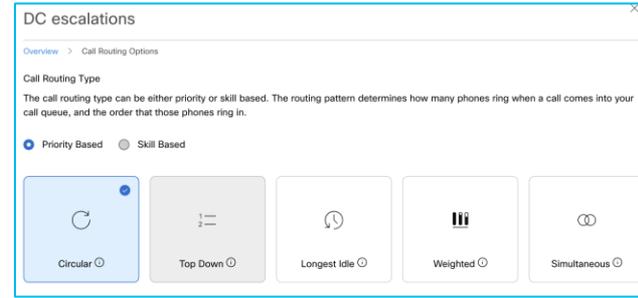
## FAC codes

Agent uses FAC Code to “override” the persistent configuration or input the queue CLID desired to be sent.



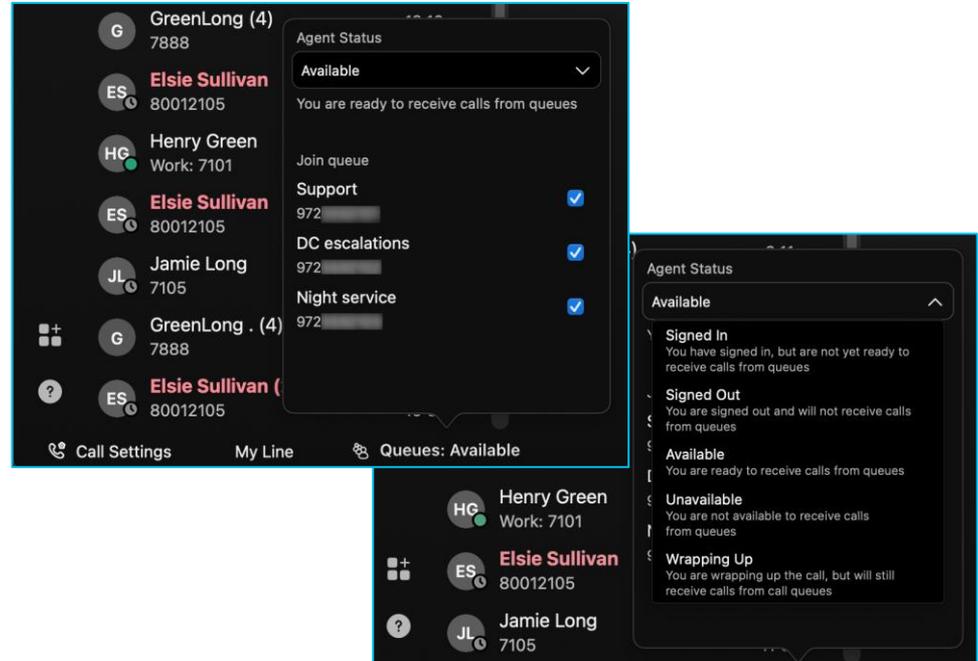
# Skills-based routing

- Call routing prioritization is based on agent skill level
  - Sends calls to the most "skilled" agent, instead of the "next" agent
  - Agents are rated on a 1-20 scale
  - Second layer routing algorithm options include Circular, Top Down and Longest Idle
- Agents can be staffed in skills-based and priority-based queues simultaneously



# Agent Join/Unjoin for specific call queues

- Allows agents to indicate which queues to receive / not receive a call from
- Administrators configure in Control Hub
- Agents may configure in App
- Improves user experience for agents

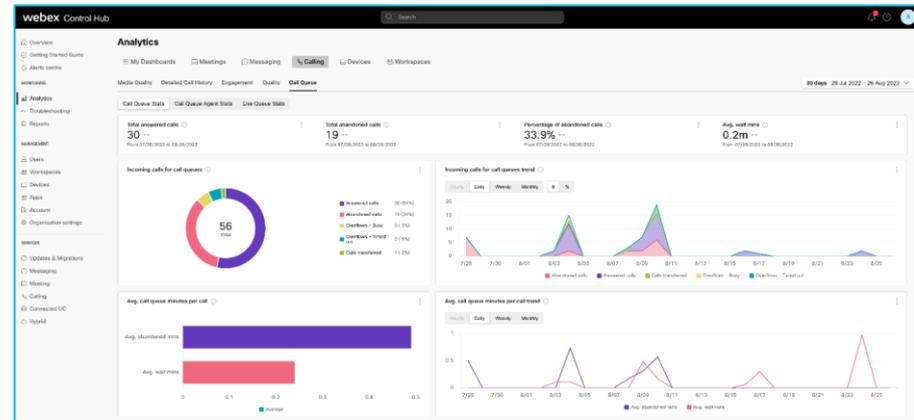


# Enhanced queue IVR capabilities

- Additional announcements to provide better management of incoming calls
  - Comfort Bypass – Provides an alternative comfort handling when calls are expected to be answered quickly
  - Whisper – Provides an announcement to the agent answering a call, indicating the queue the call is coming from
- Supports the existing announcements
  - Welcome (including mandatory)
  - Estimated Wait
  - Comfort
  - Music on hold

# Analytics

- Provides call queue performance reports for administrators
- Call Queue Stats
- Call Queue Agent Stats
- Live Queue Stats



The screenshot displays the 'Analytics' section of the webex Control Hub interface, focusing on agent performance. It includes two tables and a search section:

- Top 25 agents by inbound calls:**

Agent/Workspace name	Call queue	Location	Inbound calls
Agent 2	Queue Policy	Bangalore	15
Supervisor 1	Queue Policy	Bangalore	13
Agent 1	Booking	Demo	4
Agent 2	Booking	Demo	3
Agent 3	Booking	Demo	2
Agent 2	Support	Demo	1
Agent 2	Demo CQ Service	Bangalore	1
BLR WG	Queue Policy	Bangalore	1
- Top 25 agents by avg hold time:**

Agent/Workspace name	Call queue	Location	Avg. hold time
BLR WG	Queue Policy	Bangalore	00:02:48
Agent 2	Booking	Demo	00:01:37
Agent 2	Demo CQ Priority	Bangalore	00:00:35
Agent 1	Support	Demo	00:00:00
Bangalore Workspace	Booking	Demo	00:00:00
viveen@99@gmail.com	TQ Join Unlink 2	Bangalore	00:00:00
Agent 1	CQ	Bangalore	00:00:00
BWC Sofia 428	BLR CC No Number	Bangalore	00:00:00
- Call Queue agents:** A search bar and a table with columns: Agent/Workspace name, Call queue, Location, Total answered calls, Inbound calls, Total presented calls, Total talk time, Avg. talk time, Total hold time.
 

Agent/Workspace name	Call queue	Location	Total answered calls	Inbound calls	Total presented calls	Total talk time	Avg. talk time	Total hold time
BWC Sofia 428	BLR CC No Number	Bangalore	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00
Agent 1	Bangalore Queue Chan...	Bangalore	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00

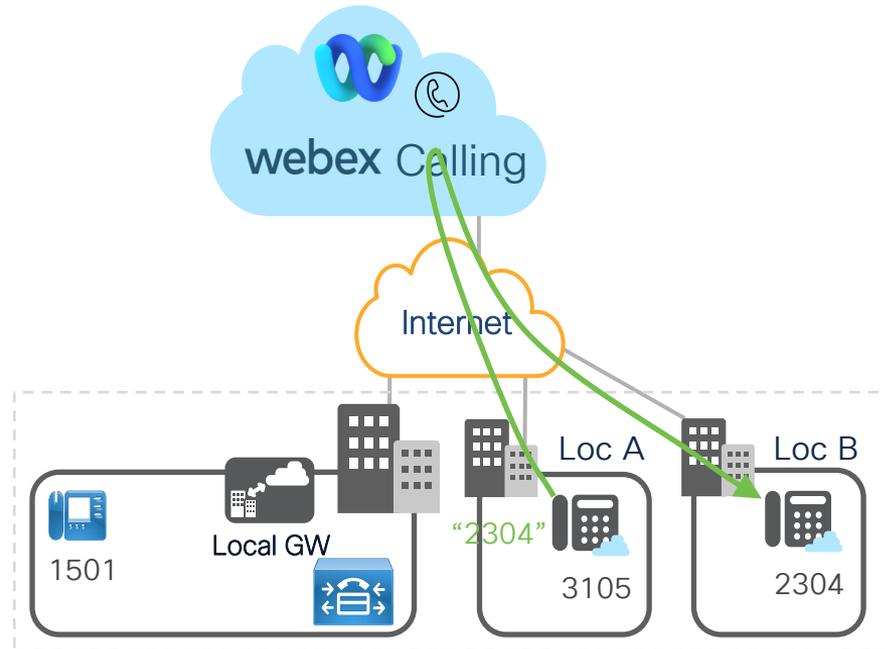
# Additional resources available

- [Group Call Management for Webex Calling FAQ](#)
- [Group Call Management At-a-Glance](#)
- [Configure and modify device settings in Webex Calling \(Enable Softkeys on MPP\)](#)

# Extension Dialing Considerations

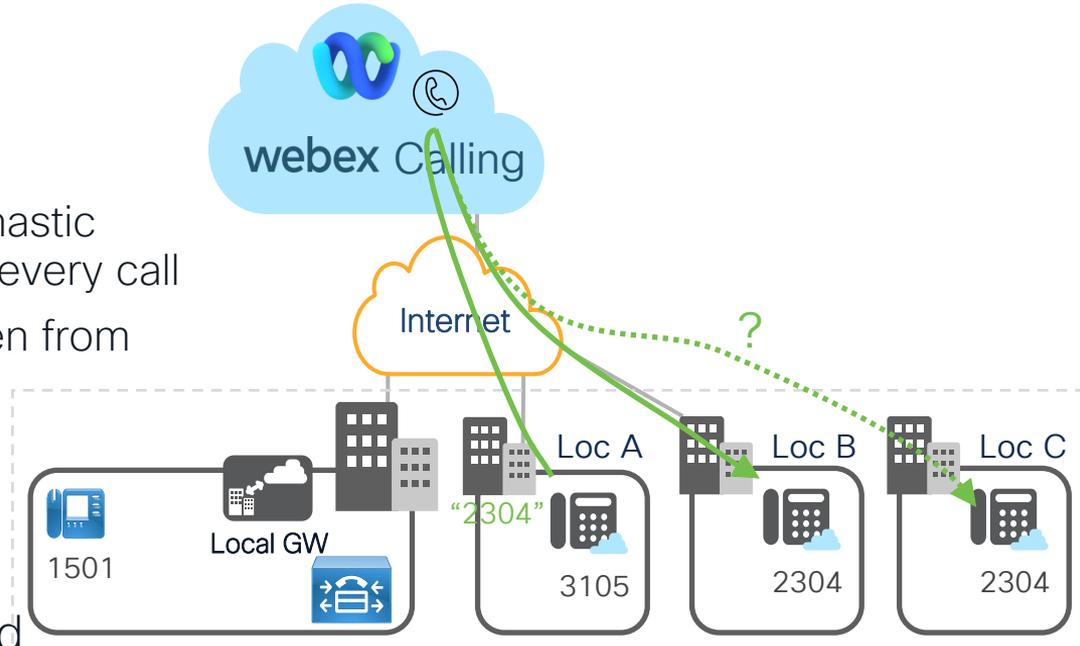
# Extension Dialling Between Locations

- User A in location A can call inter-location to user B in location B by dialing “2304”



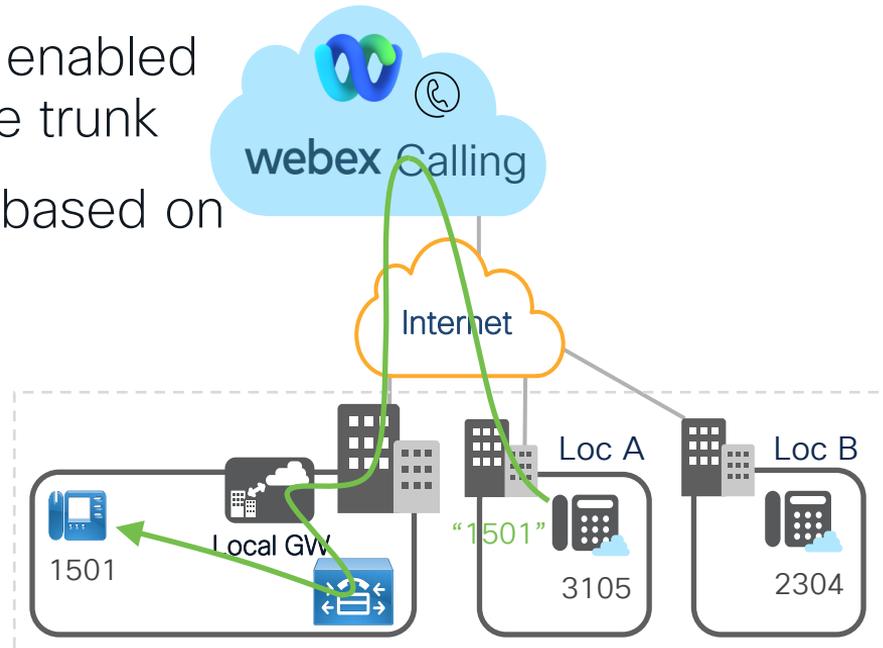
# Challenge 1: Overlap on Webex Calling

- User A in location A dials “2304”, an extension that exists in multiple locations
- The call is routed to one of the extensions, Location B or C
  - Deterministic: in contrast to stochastic the same destination will ring for every call
  - Hard to predict: preference hidden from admin/customer
- If overlapping extension ranges exist then cross-location extension dialling should not be advertised



# Extension Dialling to Unified CM (Split Sites)

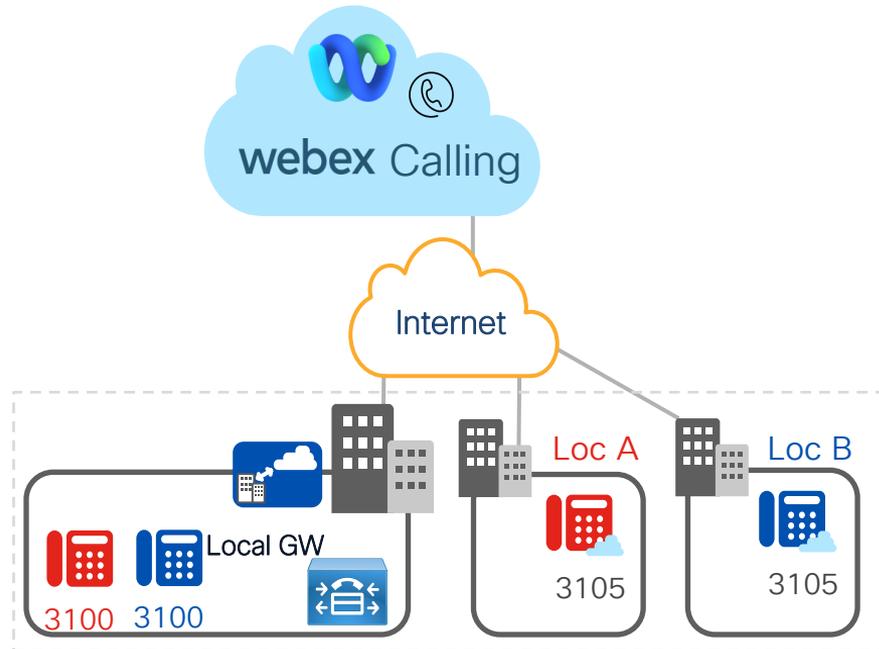
- User A in location A can call user C on Unified CM by dialing “1501”
- Unknown extension routing enabled on location A, routing choice trunk
- Unified CM dial plan routes based on extension



# Special Case: Multiple Split Sites

## Calling from Webex Calling to Unified CM

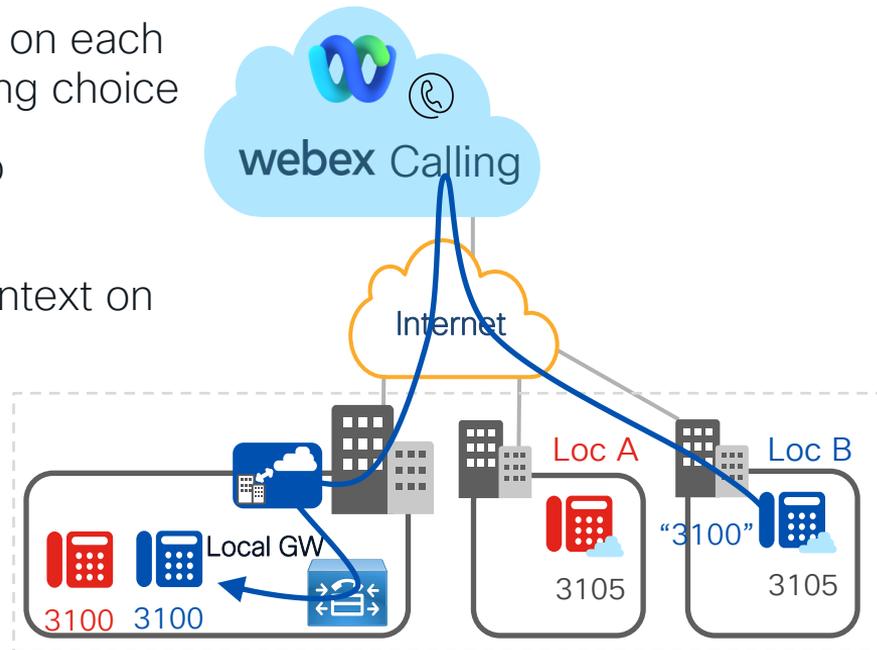
- Locations with users on UCM and WxC



# Special Case: Multiple Split Sites

## Calling from Webex Calling to Unified CM

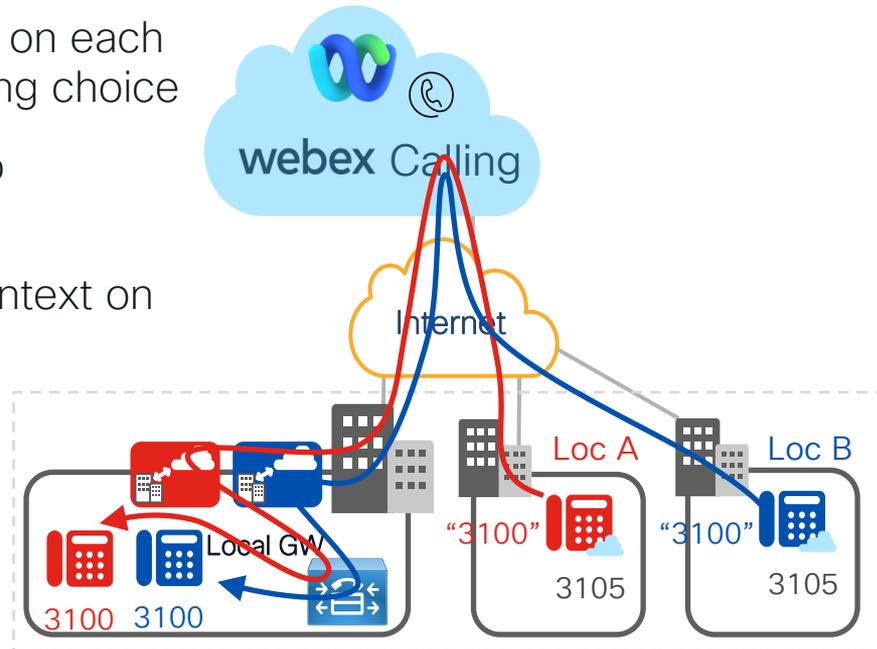
- Locations with users on UCM and WxC
- Unknown extension routing enabled on each location with location specific routing choice
- Location specific trunks on UCM to (re-)establish site routing context
- Alternative: re-establish routing context on Unified CM based on ESN caller ID
  - Possible but from the “department of dirty tricks”
  - .. and does not address the reverse direction



# Special Case: Multiple Split Sites

## Calling from Webex Calling to Unified CM

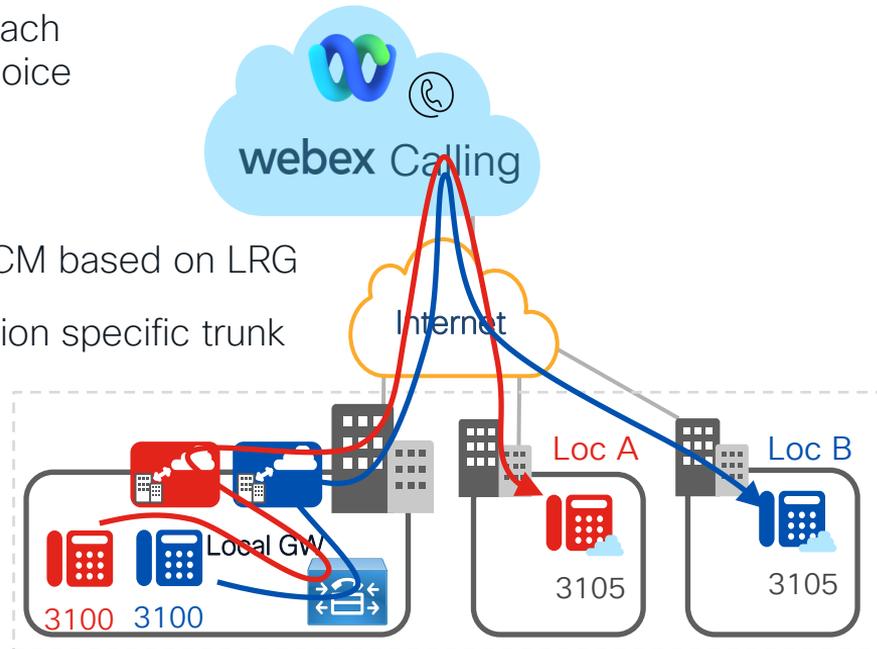
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# Special Case: Multiple Split Sites

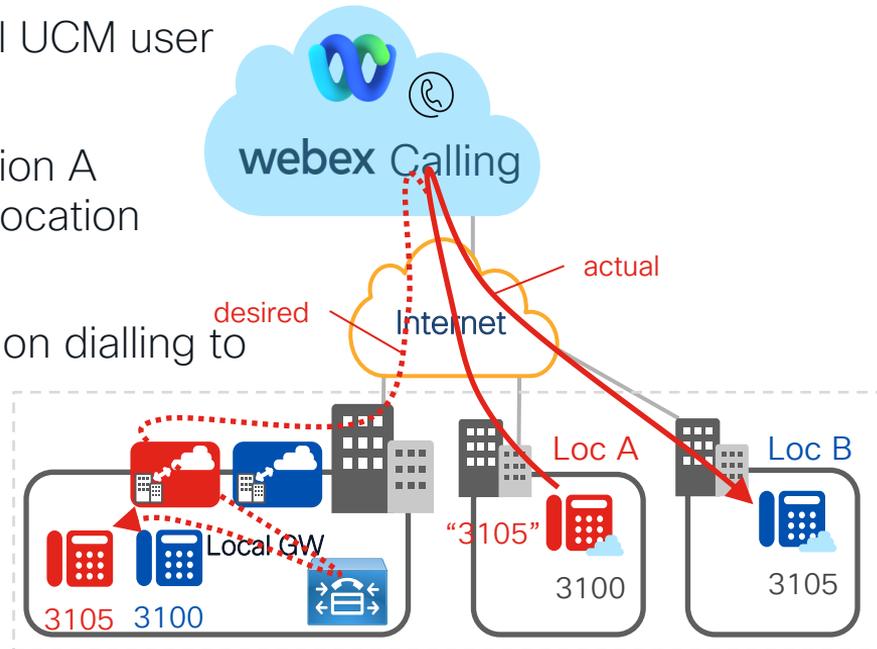
## Calling from Unified CM to Webex Calling

- Locations with users on UCM and WxC
- Unknown extension routing enabled on each location with location specific routing choice
- Location specific trunks on UCM to (re-)establish site routing context
- Site specific egress GW selection on UCM based on LRG
- Routing context on WxC based on location specific trunk and pilot user
- Unified CM could also globalize the called address to ESN so that Webex Calling can route on that address



# Challenge: Inter-Location Overlap between Unified CM and Webex Calling

- Locations with users on UCM and Webex Calling
- User 3100 in location A tries to call UCM user 3105
- Unknown extension policy on location A not triggered b/c there is an inter-location match for 3105 (in location B)
- Impossible to use unknown extension dialing to reach users on Unified CM if the same extension also exists in Webex Calling



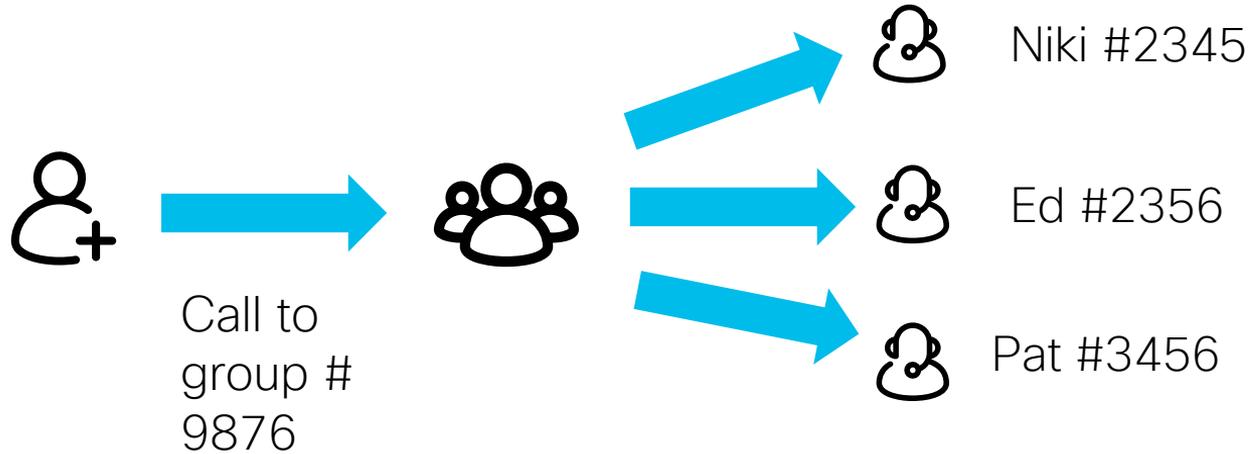
# Sharing Numbers



# Ways to share a number for inbound calls with multiple users

- Hunt Group
  - Simplest of configurations
- Call Queue
  - More options than Hunt Group (see Group Call Management section)
- Shared Line Appearance
  - Number of another licensed user in your organisation as an additional line
  - Must be a line within the same location as the user
- Executive Assistant Feature
  - Assistants may support multiple Executives
  - Assistants may place outbound calls for executives

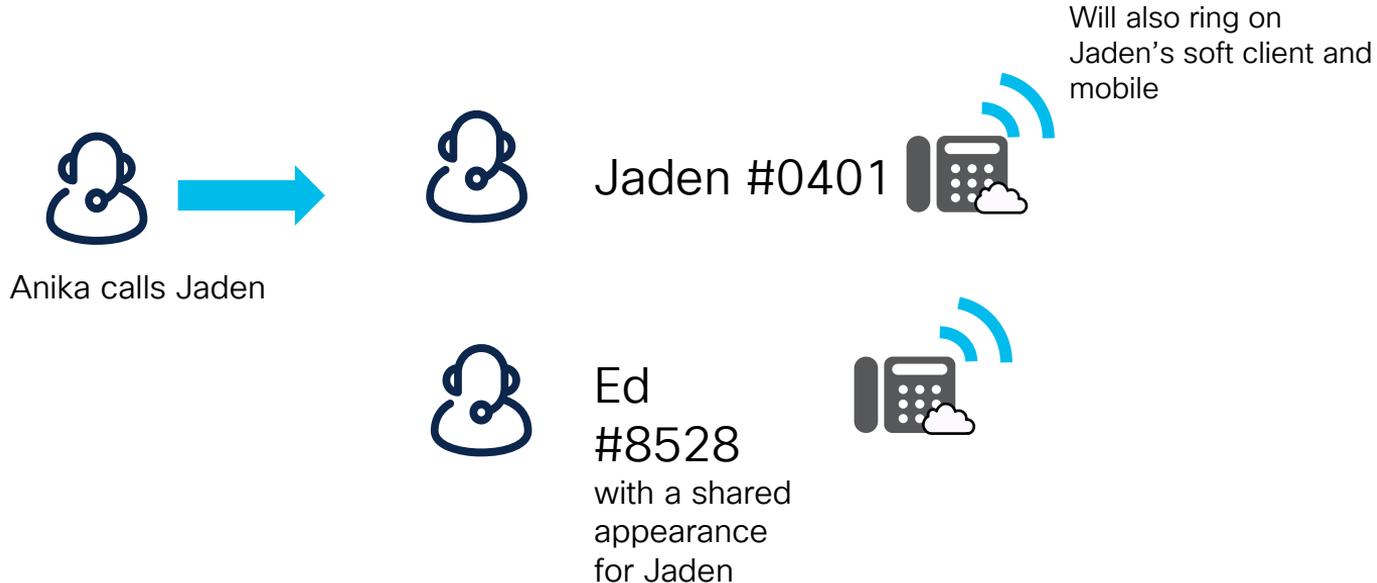
# Users in Hunt Group or Call Queue



Directs calls to Niki, Ed, or Pat on both MPP phones and Webex app

[Hunt Group configuration](#)  
[Call Queue configuration](#)

# Shared Line Appearance- Inbound calls



Both devices ring and can answer on either device

[Shared Line Appearance configuration](#)

# Shared Line Appearance - Outbound calling

Jaden is able to  
"Pull Call" once the  
call is placed



Jaden  
#0401



Ed  
#8528  
with a shared  
appearance  
for Jaden



Ed places call to Anika  
using Shared Line  
Appearance for Jaden



"Jaden is  
calling me"

Anika

Note: It is not possible today for a user to have 2 different numbers of their own identity to make outbound calls

[Shared Line Appearance configuration](#)

# Shared Line Appearance maximum use

Maximum of 35 devices for a single user's number

(with a Professional User license)

\*Changing the number of user's personal devices will adjust number available to be shared with other user's phones

Sample user's devices (5)



Office



Home



Computer

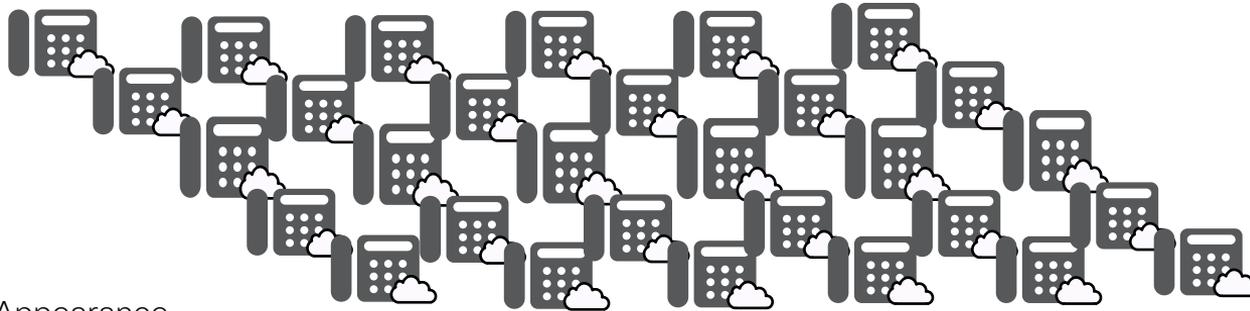


Tablet



Mobile

\*One of each type concurrently



Shared Line Appearance on other phones(30)

# Executive Assistant Function

Jaden configured as executive and Ed as assistant with Call Filtering enabled



Kelly calls Jaden

Jaden  
#2345



Ed  
#2356



The incoming call will appear on all of Ed's phone or apps

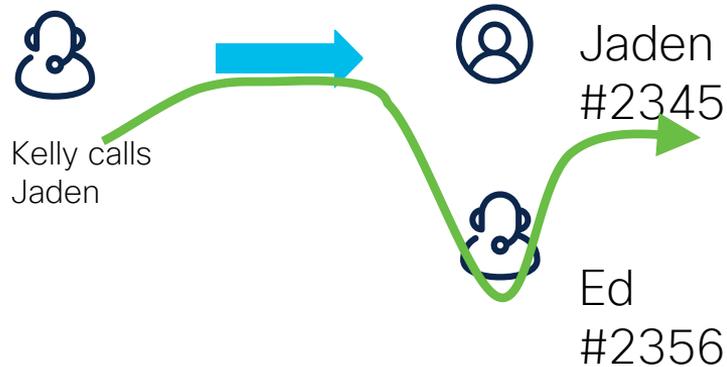


Executive and Assistant do not need to be in the same defined location

[Configuration steps](#)

# Executive Assistant Function

In addition to filtering calls, the function provides additional value to the users



Even when Ed (the assistant) answers Jaden's call, the call is still anchored on Jaden's user

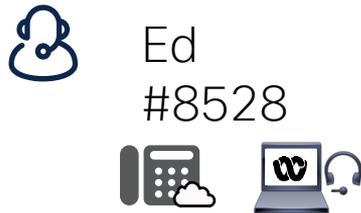
- Call Pull
- Webex for Developers events

Assistant may also use Feature Access Codes on behalf of executive

[Feature Access Codes](#)

# Executive Assistant Function

Ed places outbound calls for Jaden



Ed places call to Anika for Jaden

“Jaden is calling me”

Jaden is able to “Pull Call” once the call is placed

Ed is able to push the call to Jaden’s phone

# “Executive” as Flexible Shared Line

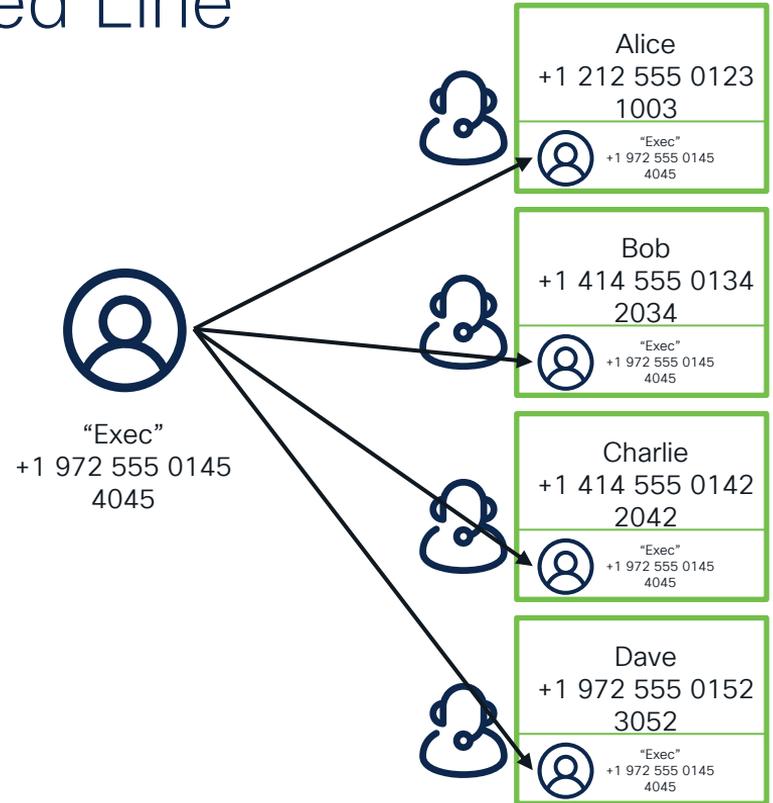
- Create “dummy” exec



“Exec”  
+1 972 555 0145  
4045

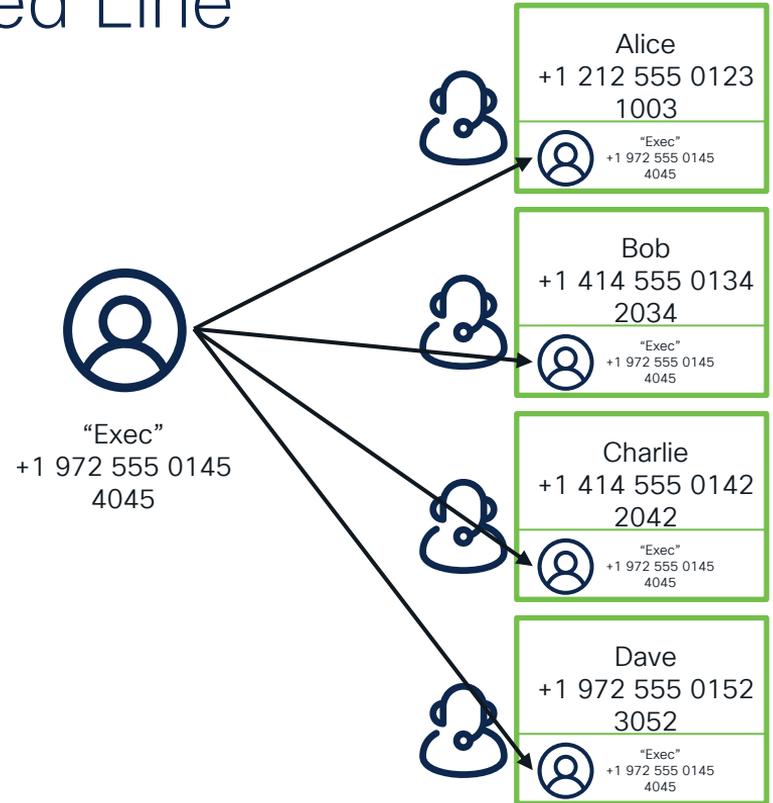
# “Executive” as Flexible Shared Line

- Create “dummy” exec
- .. and assign a bunch of assistants



# “Executive” as Flexible Shared Line

- Create “dummy” exec
- .. and assign a bunch of assistants
- Assistants can place calls on behalf of Executive
- Assistants get notification for incoming calls to Executive  
→ can answer calls
- Exec and assistants don’t need to be in same location

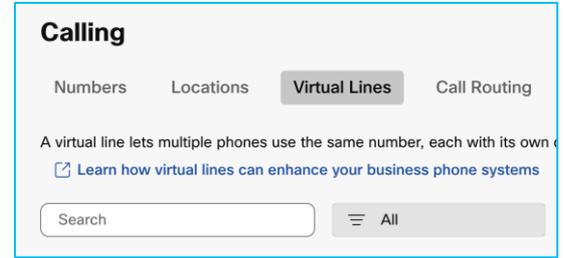


# Outbound Calling with Different Caller ID

- Some options are available for Webex Calling users to dial out with a different caller ID than the users assigned number
  - Defined outbound caller ID for user in Control Hub by administrator as explained [here](#)
  - Shared Line Appearance on MPP or app
  - Virtual Line on MPP or app
  - With Executive Assistant feature configured and using Shared Line Appearance or Feature Access Codes
  - Caller ID of call queue (see Group Call Management)

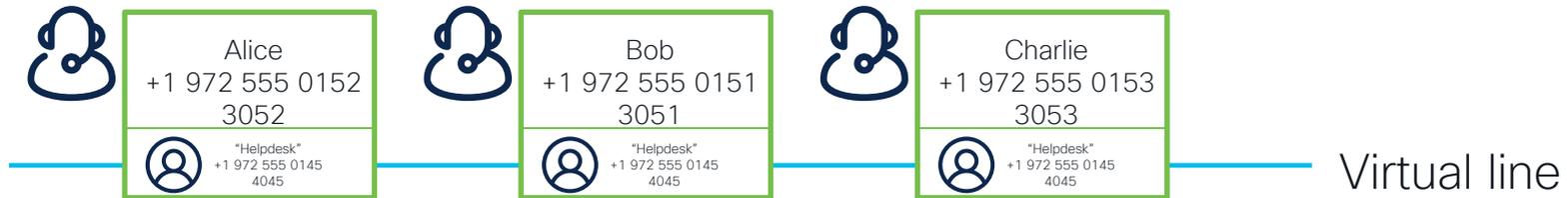
# Virtual Lines

- Virtual Lines act like “dummy” users
  - Attributes: first/last/display name, TN and/or extension
  - Live in a location
  - Settings: caller ID, ECBN, incoming/outgoing permissions, intercept, barge, ...
  - ... like calling settings of a user
- Virtual lines can be added to MPPs and app instances as additional lines
- Can be used for incoming/outgoing calls
- No location restriction: MPP and app can have lines from multiple locations



# Virtual Lines vs Shared Lines

- Virtual lines don't remove the user centric concept of Webex Calling
- ... but remove a lot of the original restrictions
- For example: sharing a helpdesk line across a group of users now is really easy



# Webex Calling Provisioning APIs

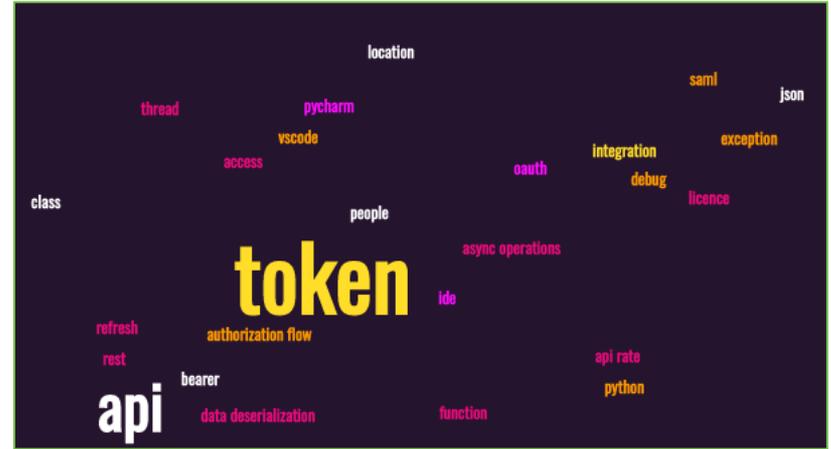
# Comprehensive Set of Provisioning APIs

- Locations, People
- Organisation Settings
  - announcement language, auto attendants, call parks, call park extensions, call pickups, call queues, call recording settings, hunt groups, location intercept, location internal dialing, location incoming/outgoing permissions, paging groups, phone numbers, schedules, voicemail settings, voice portal, MoH, voicemail groups, dial plans, trunks, route groups, route lists
- Person Settings
  - calling behaviour, barge settings, call forwarding, call intercept, recording, caller id, DND, voicemail, schedules, monitoring, phone numbers, privacy, executive assistant, PTT, hoteling, incoming/outgoing permissions, call queue caller id
- Voice Messaging

Reference: <https://developer.webex.com>

# Using Webex APIs

- Documentation at: <https://developer.webex.com/>
- But: Steep learning curve
- A lot of concepts to master
- SDK helps to abstract from the “dirty details”
- <https://pypi.org/project/webex-team-sdk/>: great framework, but no support for Webex Calling specific provisioning



# Calling an Webex API Endpoint

## Listing Webex Calling Locations

### List Locations

List locations for an organization.  
Use query parameters to filter the response.  
Long result sets will be split into [pages](#).

GET /v1/locations

```
11 def main():
12     # load .env file
13     load_dotenv()
14
15     # after reading .env file all variables defined in the file are accessible as environment variables
16     access_token = os.getenv('WEBEX_TOKEN')
17     if access_token is None:
18         raise
19
20     url = 'https://webexapis.com/v1/locations'
21     with requests.Session() as session:
22         headers = {'Authorization': f'Bearer {access_token}'}
23         response = session.get(url=url, headers=headers)
24         response.raise_for_status()
25         data = response.json()
26         print(f'{len(data["items"])} locations found')
27         for location in data['items']:
28             print(location)
29
30     # look for locations in California
31     ca_locations = [location for location in data['items']
32                    if location['address']['state'] == 'CA']
33     print(f'{len(ca_locations)} locations in CA')
34     print(', '.join(loc['name'] for loc in ca_locations))
```

URL of the endpoint

Session() from requests module is used

Fabricate the Authorization header

Call the endpoint

Check for errors

Parse the JSON response into a dict

Accessing the response values as dict keys

# Calling an Webex API Endpoint

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22     with requests.Session() as session:
23         headers = {'Authorization': f'Bearer {access_token}'}
24         response = session.get(url, headers=headers)
25         response.raise_for_status()
26         data = response.json()
27         print(f'len(data)={len(data)}')
28         for location in data:
29             print(location)
30
31     # look for locations
32     ca_locations = [loc for loc in data if loc.get('type') == 'calling']
33     print(f'len(ca_locations)={len(ca_locations)}')
34     print(', '.join(loc['name'] for loc in ca_locations))
```

That was easy, but..

- Accessing dictionary values by key is hard and error prone
- Missing handling of 429 responses (throttling)
- Missing pagination handling
- Handling of additional parameters (name, id)

There has to be a better way?!

requests module is used  
for authentication header

response into a dictionary  
response values as dict keys

# wxc\_sdk: SDK for Webex Calling APIs

- PyPi: <https://pypi.org/project/wxc-sdk/>
- Homepage: [https://github.com/jeokrohn/wxc\\_sdk](https://github.com/jeokrohn/wxc_sdk)
- Documentation: <https://wxc-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>
- Simple SDK to work with Webex APIs
  - Focus on Webex Calling specific endpoints ... and more
- Takes care of all the “ugly” stuff
  - JSON (de-)serialisation, authentication, 429 retries,
  - Pagination, ...
  - Logging
- Python objects for all API objects
  - Tab completion → efficient coding
- Actively maintained
  - New API endpoints will be added
- Foundation for your provisioning automation and other projects around Webex Calling

```
"""
Example script
Get all calling users within the org
"""

from dotenv import load_dotenv

from wxc_sdk import WebexSimpleApi

load_dotenv()

api = WebexSimpleApi()

calling_users = [user for user in api.people.list(calling_data=True)
                 if user.location_id]
print(f'{len(calling_users)} users:')
print('\n'.join(user.display_name for user in calling_users))
```

# wxc\_sdk: Comprehensive Coverage

- SDK covers all Webex Calling specific API endpoints
- Additionally:
  - Licenses, memberships, messages, people, teams, team memberships, webhooks, ...
- Easy token management

The screenshot displays the documentation for the `wxc_sdk` package. On the left, a sidebar lists various API endpoints under the `WebexSimpleApi` class, including `cdr`, `devices`, `events`, `groups`, `licenses`, `locations`, `memberships`, `messages`, `organizations`, `person_settings`, `people`, `reports`, `rooms`, `room_tabs`, `teams`, `team_memberships`, `telephony`, `webhook`, `workspaces`, `workspace_locations`, `workspace_settings`, `session`, `access_token`, and `close()`. The main content area shows the package name `wxc_sdk package` and a description: "Simple SDK for Webex APIs with focus on Webex Calling specific endpoints". Below this, the class signature is shown: `class wxc_sdk.WebexSimpleApi(*, tokens: Optional[Union[str, Tokens]] = None, concurrent_requests: int = 10)`. The main API object is described as `object`. Parameters are listed: `tokens` (token to be used by the API) and `concurrent_requests` (number of concurrent requests). A list of sub-objects is provided: `cdr: DetailedCDRApi`, `devices: DevicesApi`, `events: EventsApi`, `groups: GroupsApi`, `licenses: LicensesApi`, and `locations: LocationsApi`.

<https://wxc-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

# Examples

- Examples available at:

<https://wxc-sdk.readthedocs.io/en/latest/examples.html>

[https://github.com/jekrohn/wxc\\_sdk/tree/master/examples](https://github.com/jekrohn/wxc_sdk/tree/master/examples)

```
(wxc-sdk-NNVrdgRm-py3.9) jkrohn@JKROHN-M-942M examples % ./reset_call_forwarding.py
```

```
api = WebexSimpleApi()

# get all calling users
start = time.perf_counter_ns()
calling_users = [user for user in api.people.list(calling_data=True)
                 if user.location_id]
print(f'Got {len(calling_users)} calling users in '
      f'{{(time.perf_counter_ns() - start) / 1e6:.3f}} ms')

# set call forwarding to default for all users
with ThreadPoolExecutor() as pool:
    # default call forwarding settings
    forwarding = PersonForwardingSetting.default()

    # schedule update for each user and wait for completion
    start = time.perf_counter_ns()
    list(pool.map(
        lambda user: api.person_settings.forwarding.configure(person_id=user.person_id,
                                                               forwarding=forwarding),
        calling_users))
    print(f'Reset call forwarding to default for {len(calling_users)} users in '
          f'{{(time.perf_counter_ns() - start) / 1e6:.3f}} ms')
```

Closing



# Recap / Q & A

- Webex Calling PSTN options
- Regional footprint, design considerations
- Location considerations
- Interworking between Unified CM and Webex Calling
- Call Handling Group Functions – Group Call Management
- Extension Dialing Considerations
- Sharing Numbers
- Provisioning APIs

# Collaboration

## Cloud Calling and Phones

Learn about cloud and hybrid calling design and troubleshooting, calling endpoints for those seeking to use cloud calling or migrating from an existing on-premise environment.

START

- Feb 6 | 08:45  
**TECCOL-2191**  
Troubleshooting Cisco Webex Calling
- Feb 6 | 14:15  
**TECCOL-2010**  
News in Webex Cloud Collaboration Security  
Learning maps online : <https://www.ciscolive.com/emea/learn/technical-education/learning-maps.html>

START

- Feb 6 | 14:15  
**TECCOL-2180**  
Webex Collaboration Interoperability – Video and Calling Integrations
- Feb 7 | 11:30  
**BRKCOL-3818**  
Troubleshooting UCM Calling in the Webex App
- Feb 7 | 17:00  
**BRKCOL-2787**  
Planning and Designing Successful Cloud Calling Deployments with Webex Calling
- Feb 8 | 08:30  
**BRKCOL-2198**  
Deploying the Webex App to your Organization
- Feb 8 | 10:30  
**BRKCOL-2312**  
High Capacity Premises-based PSTN Option for Webex Calling
- Feb 8 | 11:45  
**IBOCOL-2420**  
Calling Migrations: an Interactive Session to Share Experiences, Ideas, Solutions, and Best Practices

FINISH

- Feb 9 | 08:30  
**BRKCOL-2812**  
Troubleshooting Webex Calling Premises-based PSTN
- Feb 9 | 10:45  
**BRKCOL-2481**  
Successful Migrations from Unified CM to Webex Calling
- Feb 9 | 12:00  
**BRKCOL-2993**  
Enabling Site Survivability for Webex Calling
- Feb 9 | 12:30  
**BRKCOL-2066**  
Top Ten Tips for Deploying Cisco Phones in the Cloud
- Feb 9 | 13:45  
**BRKCOL-2990**  
Webex platform infrastructure: Where, How and Why we do it like this?

If you are unable to attend a live session, you can watch it [On Demand](#) after the event

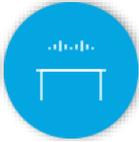
# Complete your Session Survey

- Please complete your session survey after each session. Your feedback is important.
- Complete a minimum of 4 session surveys and the Overall Conference survey (open from Thursday) to receive your Cisco Live t-shirt.
- All surveys can be taken in the Cisco Events Mobile App or by logging in to the Session Catalog and clicking the "Attendee Dashboard" at



<https://www.ciscolive.com/emea/learn/sessions/session-catalog.html>

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The bridge to possible

Thank you

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ALL IN