

Catalyst 9000 Switching QoS Deep Dive

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Cisco Webex App

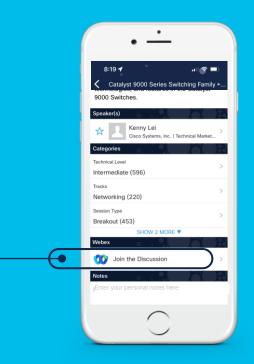
Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click "Join the Discussion"
- 3 Install the Webex App or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated until February 24, 2023.



Agenda

QoS Overview

UADP QoS

Silicon One Q200 QoS

Config migration examples



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Overview

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Do we need QoS?

User Experience

Guaranteeing voice quality

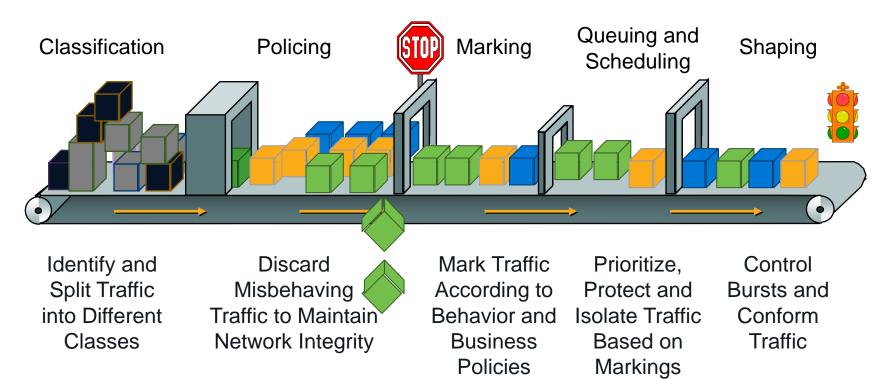
Bandwidth Savvy Business Applications protect network infrastructure to deal with abnormal events

Video Quality

de-prioritizing nonbusiness applications protecting the control planes

QoS helps define the latency priority for your traffic packets

The QoS Toolset



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Modular QoS CLI (MQC)

class-map What traffic do we care about?

policy-map What actions do we take on the classes?

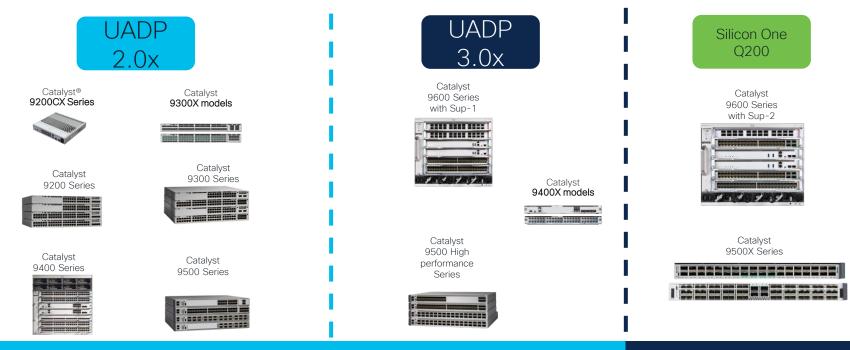
service-policy Where do we apply the policy? class-map match-any Voice
 match dscp ef
class-map match-any Video
 match dscp 34

Policy-map POLICY-QOS class Voice priority level 1 class Video set dscp 10

interface x/y
service-policy (input/output) POLICY-QOS



Catalyst 9000 family of Switches



Class-based Weighted Fair Queue (CBWFQ) QoS

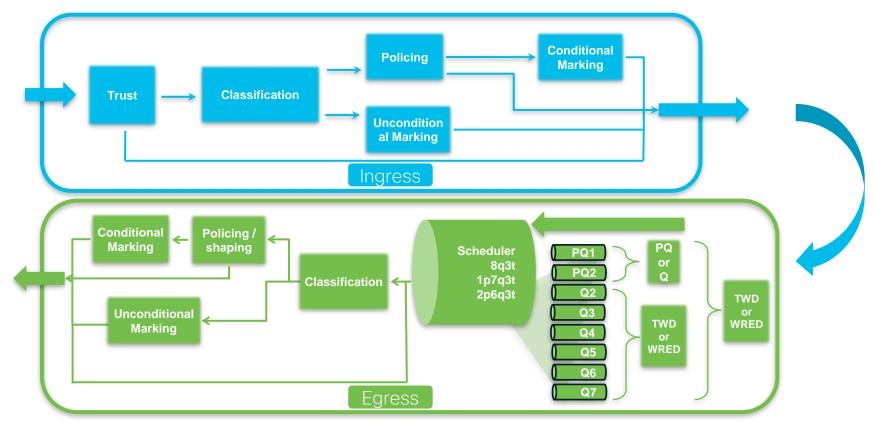
Virtual Output Queue (VoQ) QoS

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UADP QoS (CBWFQ)

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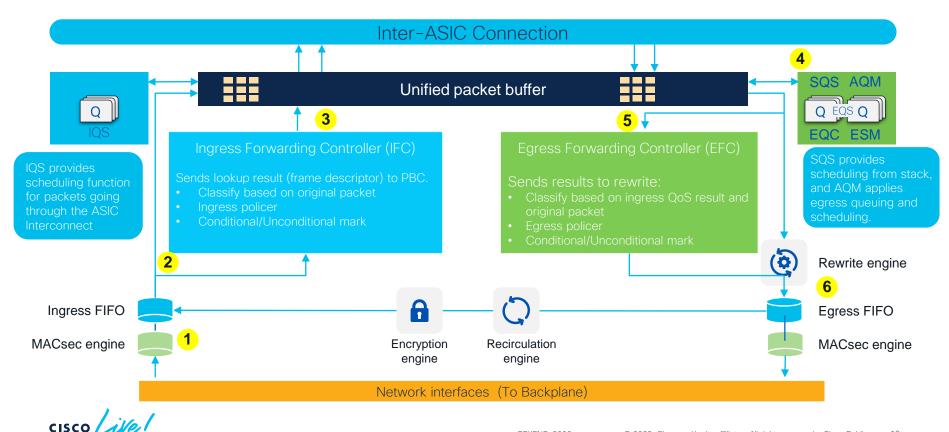
QoS Fundamental Actions in UADP



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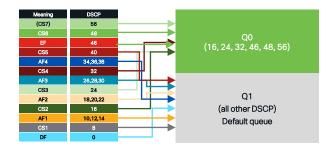
WRED: up to 4 queues with UADP 2.0x; up to 8 queues with UADP 3.0x

UADP QoS forwarding ingress and egress



UADP QoS Default

- Catalyst 9000 Switches with UADP ASICs
 - QoS enabled
 - All ports trust at layer2 and layer3
 - Two queues (neither set as priority)





Classification, Marking and Policing

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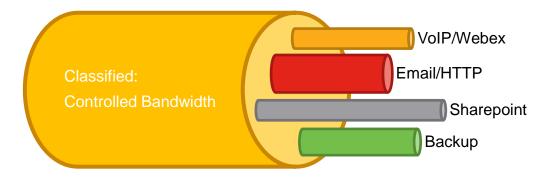
Classification and Marking

- Identify traffic
 - Access Control Lists (ACLs)
 - DSCP
 - IP precedence
 - CoS
 - QoS Group (local with the switch)
 - EXP (MPLS)
 - Network-Based Application Recognition (NBAR) protocols *
 - VLANs
- Marking
 - Conditional or unconditional
 - Table map (default-class)
 - QoS group (local within switch)

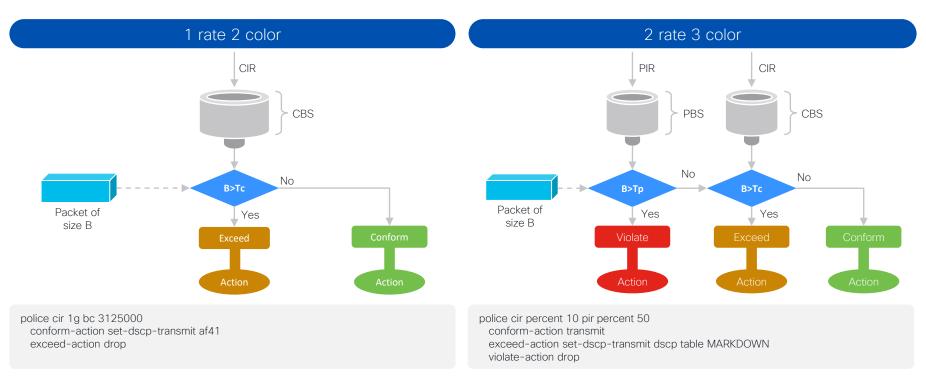
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* Access platforms





Policing – Limit the traffic



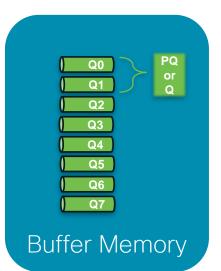
CIR – Committed Information Rate PIR – Peak Information Rate PBS- Peak Burst Size CBS - Committed Burst Size

Queueing, Scheduling and Shaping

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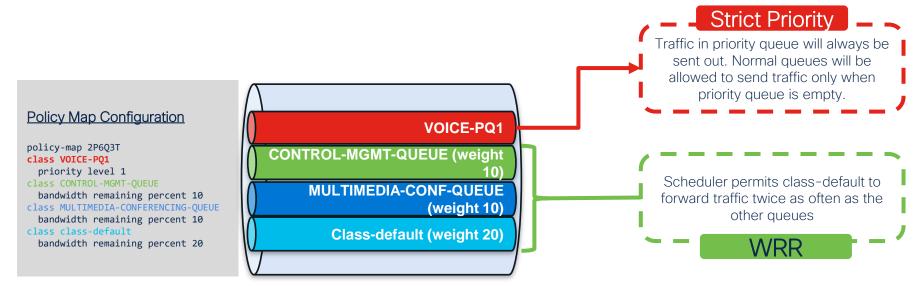
Queueing

- Separate the traffic into the queues
- Traffic in different queue can be treated differently
- Up-to 8 queues per interface, 2 of which can be priority-queues (PQ).
- Both priority-queues are strict priority queues.
- Policer or a shaper on the priority queue will limit the traffic to the configured value regardless of the traffic level on other queues.





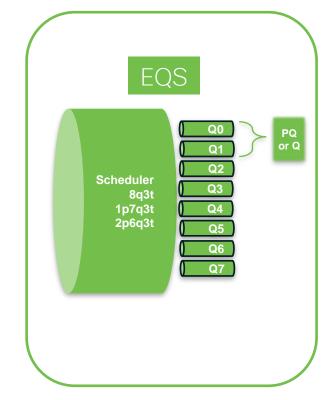
Queueing Terminology 1P3Q Example



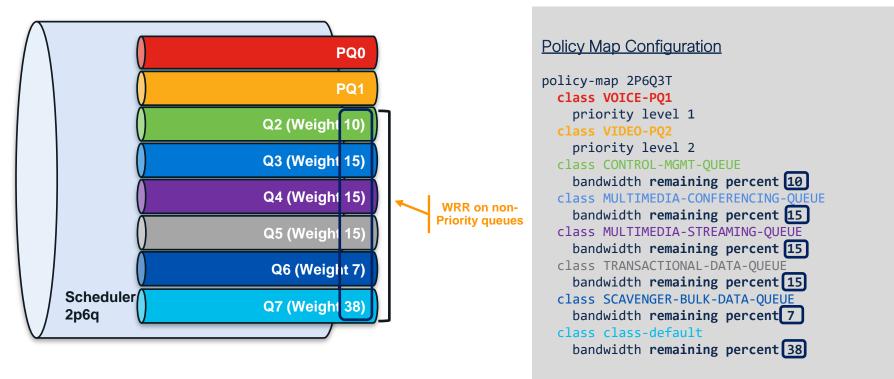


Scheduling - UADP

- Scheduling defines the order of transmission of traffic out of the queues
- Different type of queues are served differently
 - Strict priority queues
 - Always serviced first
 - With 2 PQs, level1 over level 2
 - Normal queues
 - Served only after priority queues are empty
 - Use Weighted Round Robin (WRR) for scheduling
- WRR servers normal queue based on the weight and packet size
- Egress Queue System (EQS) is the component on the UADP ASIC responsible for the scheduling



Scheduling - Example



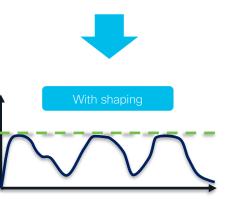
Shaping

- Smooth out traffic peaks, microburst, with preserving traffic
- Control traffic rate to the desired value with buffering.
- Usually in the egress direction

Shaping Example

policy-map Shaper class Transactions shape average percent 30



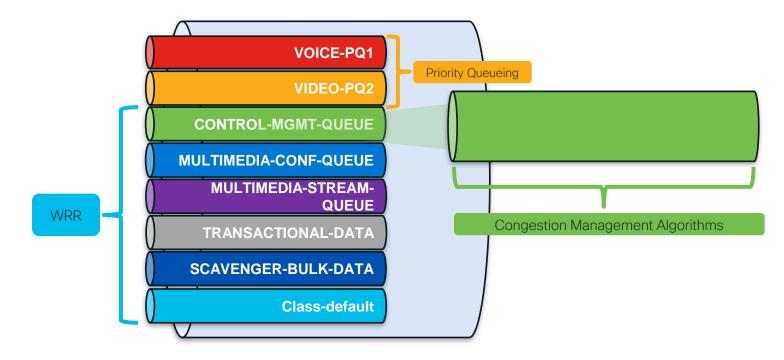


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UADP Congestion Management

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Where do we need congestion management? 2P6Q3T Example



UADP - Congestion Management

Weighted Tail Drop (WTD)

- Default
- For non-priority queues
- Up to 3 thresholds per queue, one threshold per QoS tag
- Each queue need to use same QoS tag type

Weighted Random Early Detection (WRED)

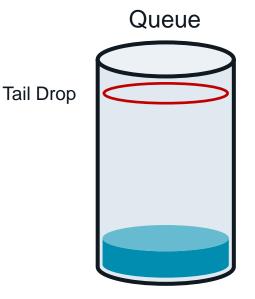
- For non-priority queues
- Up to 4 queues with UADP 2.0X and up to 8 queues with UADP 3.0X
- Up to 3 threshold pairs per queue
- Each queue need to same QoS tag type

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Weighted -> Multiple pair of thresholds

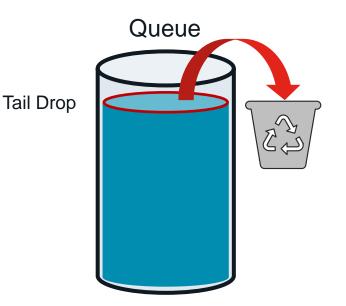
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- Tail Drop (TD)
 - Drop packets at tail of the queue
 - Single threshold per queue



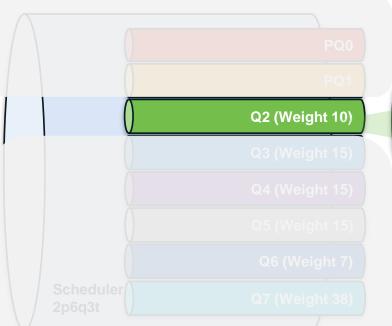
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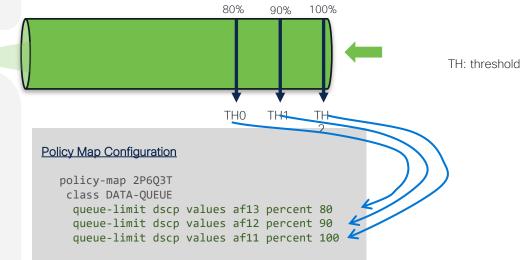


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WTD – UADP Example

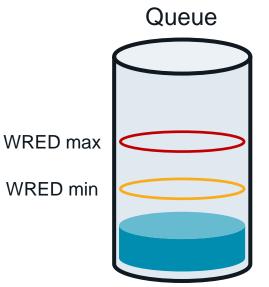


Three thresholds to conditionally drop specific traffic in the event of congestion



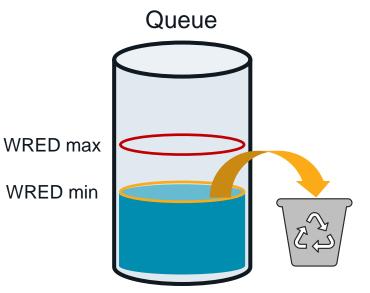


- Tail Drop (TD)
 - Drop packets at tail of the queue
 - Single threshold per queue
- Weighted Random Early Drop (WRED)
 - One or more thresholds per queue
 - Threshold associated with priority
 - Buffer usage below threshold no affect

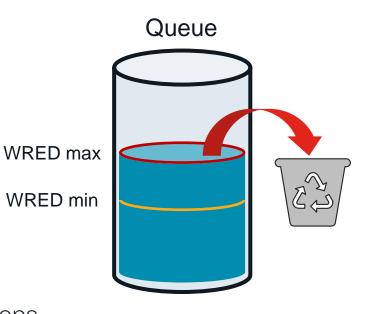




- Tail Drop (TD)
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 - Buffer usage over min threshold = random drops



- Tail Drop (TD)
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- Weighted Random Early Drop (WRED)
 - One or more thresholds per queue
 - Threshold associated with priority
 - Buffer usage below threshold no affect
 - Buffer usage over min threshold = random drops
 - Buffer usage over max threshold = all traffic drop



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WRED – UADP Example



• Shown two pairs of WRED thresholds

UADP supports up to 3 pairs of thresholds



Buffers

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Allocation

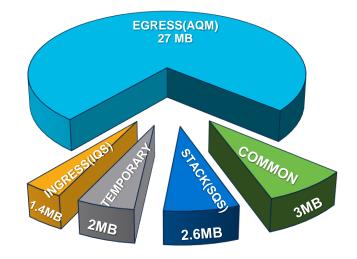
- Dedicated and shared: use dedicated first then shared
- Dynamic Threshold Scale (DTS): Algorithm to managed the shared buffer

Dedicated

- Allocated to each port on boot.
- Cannot be dynamically changed/edited

Shared

- Dynamically assigned to ports for burst absorption.
- Returned to common pool when not in use.

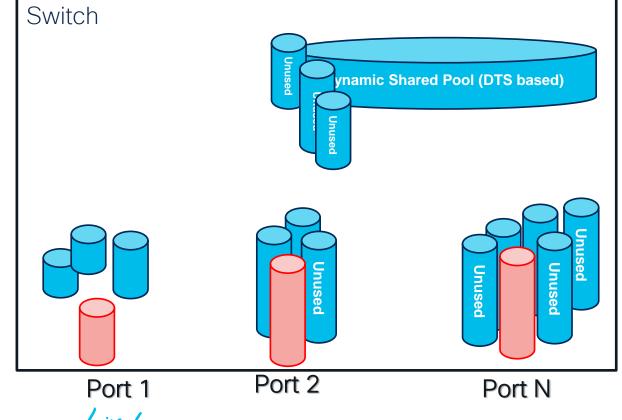




- UADP 3.0 specific
 - Buffer can be shared across two cores
 - "qos share-buffer" to enable the unified buffer

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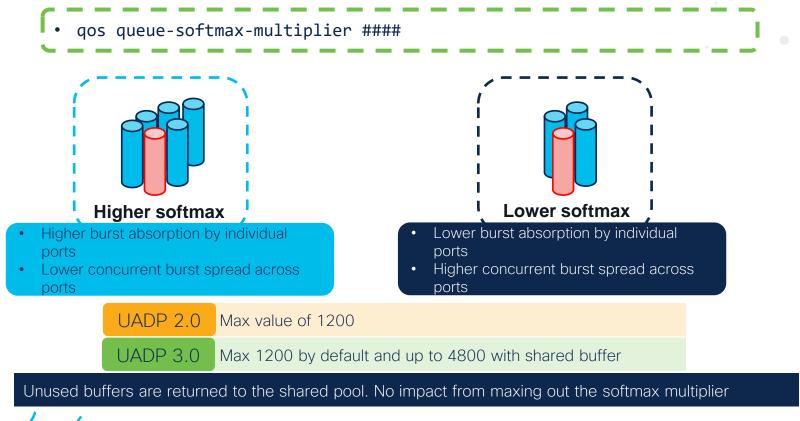
Dynamic Threshold Scale (DTS)



- Shared buffer is good for burst absorption.
- Dedicated buffer is good for predicated performance for each port.
- Buffer management is flexible: Dedicated plus shared.
- Configurable dedicated threshold per port/queue
- Configurable global maximum shared threshold
- Automatically adjusted depends on the available shared pool

The famous softmax multiplier

What does it do?





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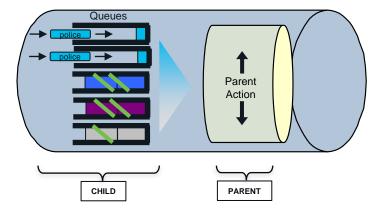
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UADP Hierarchical QoS (HQoS)

HQoS (two-level hierarchy) allows you to perform the following functions:

- Classification
- Policing
- Shaping



Child Policy	Parent Policy
Classification + Policing	Shaping
	Marking
Classification + Marking	Policing
	Shaping



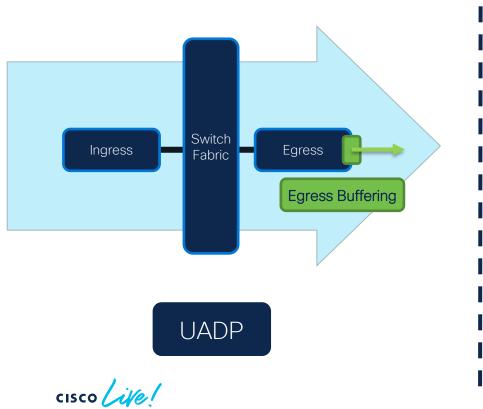
Silicon One Q200 QoS (VoQ)

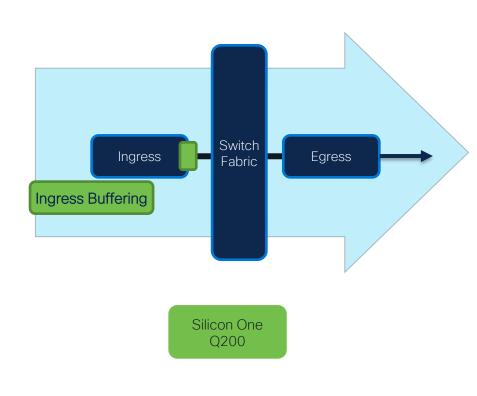
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VoQ and Head of Line Blocking (HoL)

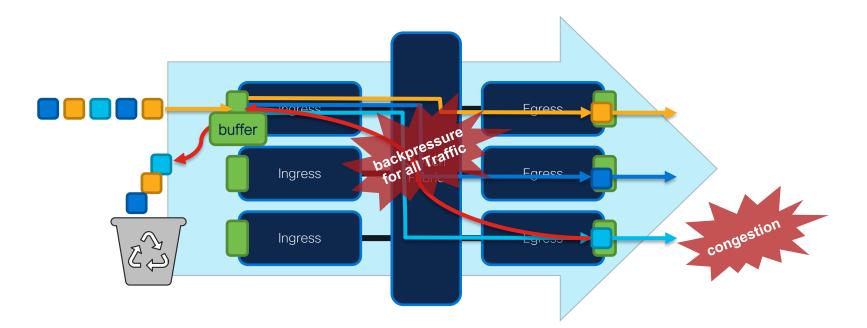
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Buffer types – Silicon One vs UADP



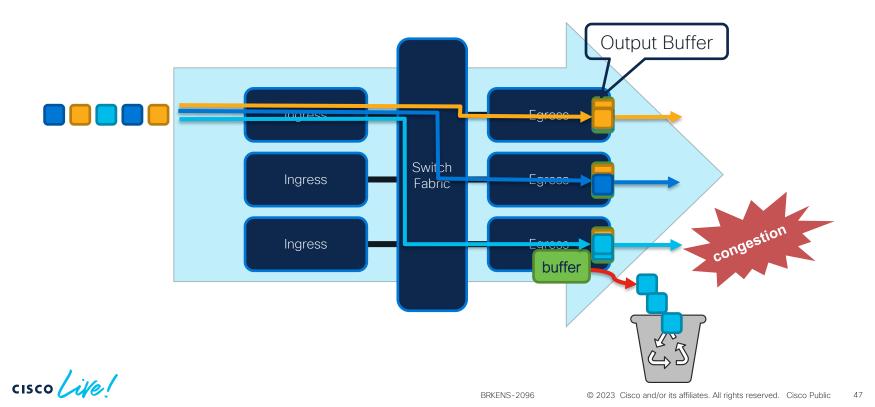


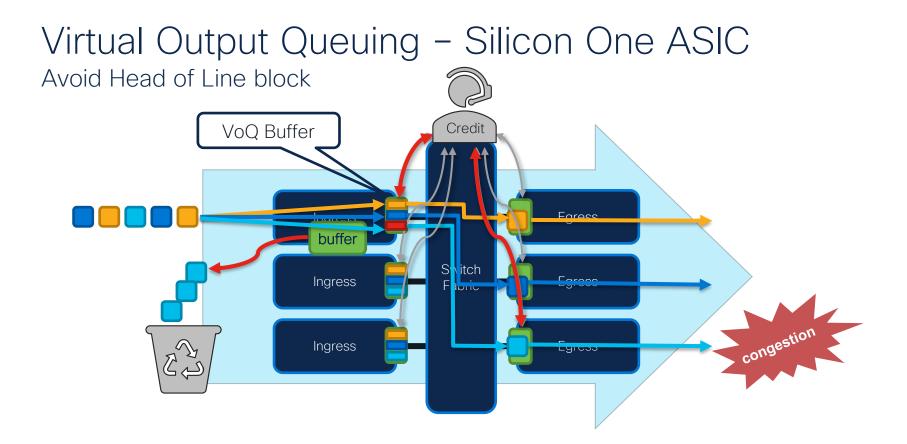
Ingress buffering – Head of Line Blocking What is the Problem?





Egress buffering – UADP Avoid Head of Line Blocking





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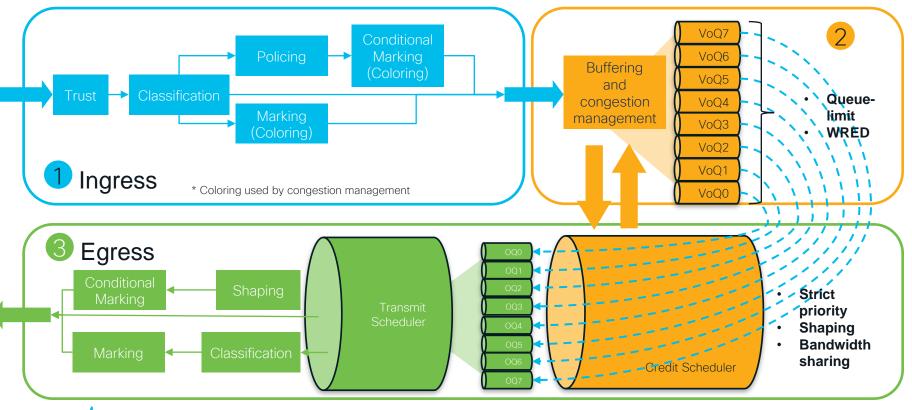
Silicon One QoS Overview

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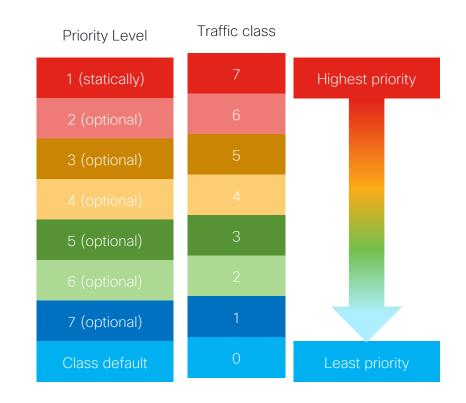
Silicon One

Features Mapping



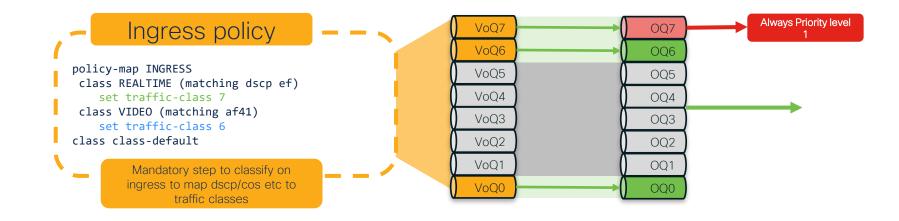
Traffic class

- S1 ASIC uses traffic classes to map traffic to different queues. "traffic-class" is local significant to the switch only
- 3-bit field => 8 values, traffic-class <0 7>
- Traffic-class 0 lowest priority (maps to classdefault); traffic-class 7 - highest priority (trafficclass 1 to 6 can be non-priority)
- Ingress policies classify packets to specific traffic classes
- Class-maps in egress queuing policy can only match traffic-class

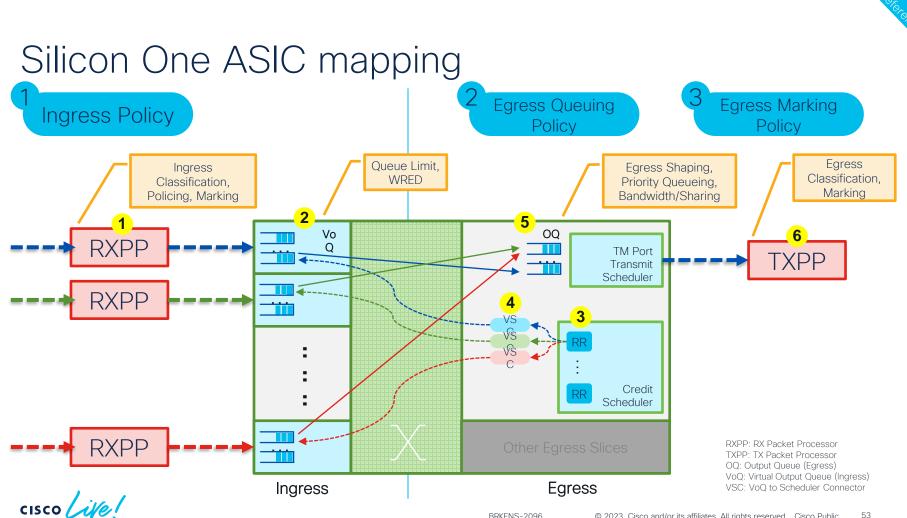




Traffic class to VoQ mapping



- Ingress policy determines how many VoQ are enabled.
- Each VoQ has a 1:1 mapping with corresponding OQ.



Traffic color – discard-class

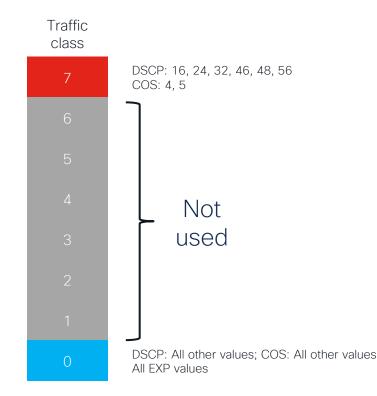
- S1 ASIC uses traffic color to assign priority for packets within a traffic-class. "discard-class" is local significant to the switch only
- 1-bit field => 2 values.
- discard-class < 0- 1> (0 green, 1 yellow)
- Ingress policies can color the packet unconditionally or conditionally with a policer
- Default traffic color is 0 (green)
- Yellow (marked with 1) packet will be dropped first in event of congestion





Silicon One Q200 QoS Default

- QoS enabled
- All ports trust at layer2 and layer3
- Two queues (traffic-class 7 and traffic-class 0, traffic-class7 is priority level 1)





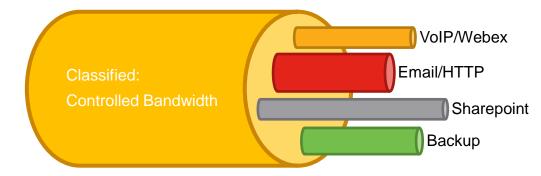
Classification, Marking and Policing

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Classification and Marking

- Identify traffic
 - Access Control Lists (ACLs)
 - DSCP
 - IP precedence
 - CoS
 - QoS Group (local with the switch)
 - EXP (MPLS)
 - VLANs
- Marking (coloring)
 - Conditional or unconditional
 - Table map *
 - OoS group (local within switch)
 - Traffic-class (local within switch)
 - Traffic-color (local within switch)

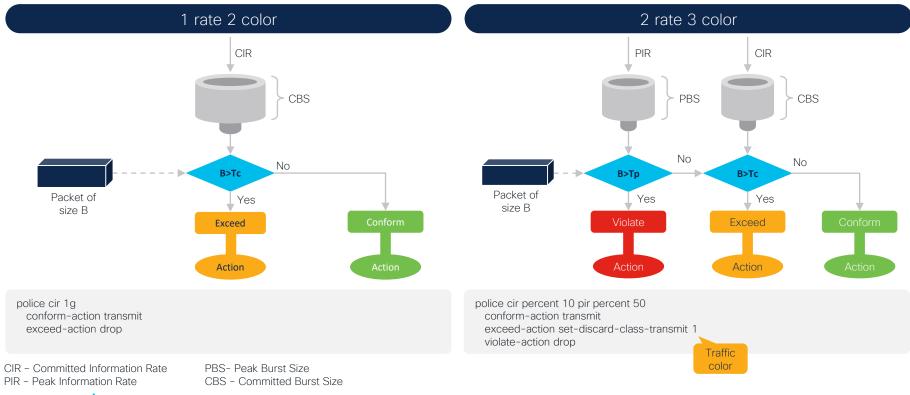






* for policer markdown

Policing – Limit the traffic



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Policing and marking/coloring example

Unconditional Traffic Marking/Coloring policy-map ingress-policy class class-5-green set traffic-class 5 class class-5-yellow set traffic-class 5 set discard-class 1

Different class-map Same traffic-class

1R2C Policing: policy-map test-police-1R2C class dscp1 set traffic-class 3 police rate 10g bps conform-action transmit exceed-action drop

Conditional Traffic Marking/Coloring

policy-map ingress-policy
class class-5
set traffic-class 5
police rate 5g bps peak-rate 10g bps

exceed-action set-discard-class-transmit 1

2R3C Policing: policy-map test-police-2R3C class dscp1 set traffic-class 3 police rate 10g bps peak-rate 20g bps conform-action transmit exceed-action set-discard-class-transmit 1 violate-action drop



Egress Toolset: Queueing, Shaping and Scheduling

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Queueing

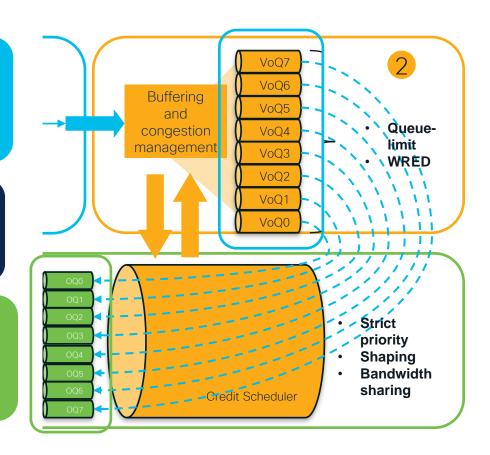
Virtual output Queue (VoQ)

- 8 VoQ on each ingress slices for each interface
- Each traffic-class maps to a VoQ (multiple trafficclasses can map to same VoQ)

• VoQ maps to output Queue.

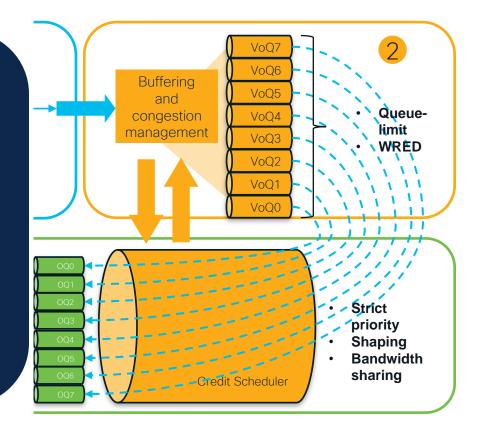
Output Queue

- 8 output queues (egress) for each interface
- Up to 7 strict priorities (level 1 highest)
- Traffic-class 7 is always priority level 1, priority level is optional for other traffic-classes



Scheduling

- Packet schedule from VoQ to OQ based on a credit scheduling system
- Packets are buffered at ingress (VoQ)
- Different type of queues are served differently
 - Strict priority queues
 - Always serviced first
 - Up to 7 PQs
 - Normal queues (without priority configured)
 - Served only after priority queues are empty
 - Use Weighted Round Robin (WRR) for scheduling





Scheduling - Example

class-map match-any tc-7
match traffic-class 7
class-map match-any tc-6
match traffic-class 6

class-map match-any tc-1
 match traffic-class 1

policy-map egress-policy class tc-7 priority-level 1 class tc-6 Priority-level 2 class tc-5 bandwidth remaining ratio 1 class t-4 bandwidth remaining ratio 1 class tc-3 bandwidth remaining ratio 1 class tc-2 bandwidth remaining ratio 1 class tc-1 bandwidth remaining ratio 1 class class-default bandwidth remaining ratio 4

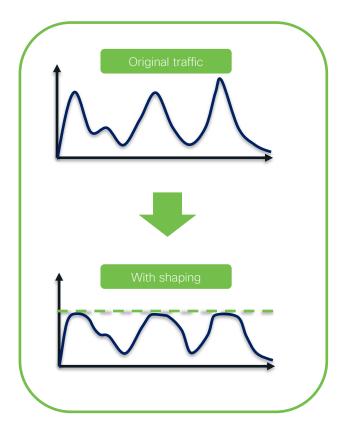
Map traffic to the queues

- Two priority queues here
- Level 1 has the absolutely priority over level 2
- Use "bandwidth remaining ratio" to assign weight
- This example gives a higher weight to classdefault and same weight to rest of the queues
- Served round robin around 6 queues if there isn't any traffic on the two PQs

Shaping

- Smooth out traffic peaks, microburst, with preserving traffic
- Control traffic rate to the desired value with buffering.
- Usually in the egress direction
- Can be applied on all classes, regardless of priority level.

```
Shaping Example:
policy-map type queueing egress-queueing
class tc7
    priority level 1
    shape average 1g
    class tc6
    priority level 2
    shape average 5g
...
    class class-default
    shape average 5g
```



Egress Marking

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Egress Marking Policy

interface interface <#>
 service-policy type queueing output test

service-policy output egress-map

class-map match-any dscp-af41
match dscp af41
!
policy-map egress-map

class dscp-af41 set dscp af31 Can match dscp/cos tags directly

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Cannot match acl for egress marking



Can apply two policy-maps on

for marking.

policy

interface. One for queueing and one

Marking policy applied after queueing

Congestion Management

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Silicon One Q200 - Congestion Management

Weighted Tail Drop (WTD)

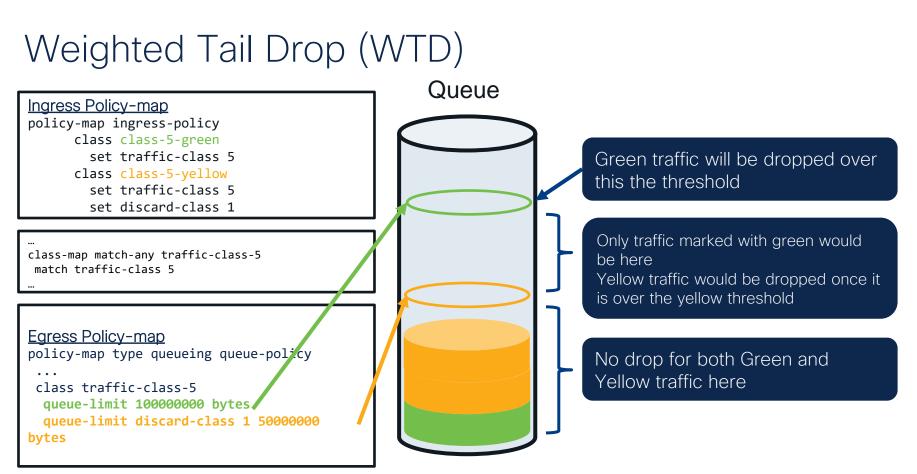
- Default
- For non-priority queues
- Up to 2 thresholds per queue, one threshold per packet color
- Only packet color-based congestion management supported.

Weighted Random Early Detection (WRED)

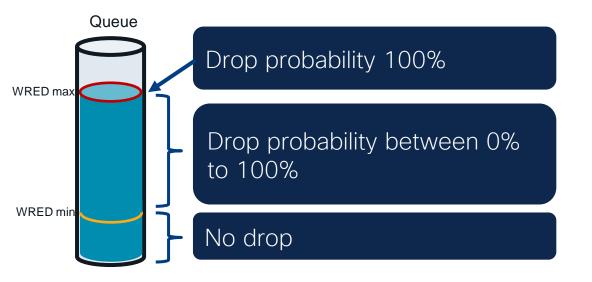
- For non-priority queues
- Up to 7 queues (traffic-class 7 always strict priority)
- Up to 2 threshold pairs per queue based on packet color.
- Only packet color-based congestion management supported.

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Weighted -> Multiple pair of thresholds

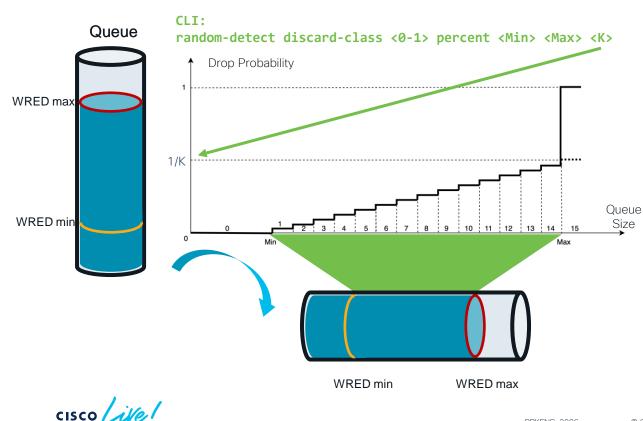


Weighted Random Early Drop (WRED)



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WRED – Drop probability



- Drop probability increases as the queue utilization increases
- Silicon One ASIC provides 16 regions (drop probabilities)
- Silicon One ASIC provides a knob to influence the drop probability

WRED – Example

Ingress Policy-map
policy-map ingress-policy

class class-5-green set traffic-class 5 class class-5-yellow set traffic-class 5 set discard-class 1

class-map

class tc5 match traffic-class 5

Egress Policy-map

policy-map type queueing queue-policy

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class tc5 random-detect discard-class-based random-detect discard-class 0 percent 80 90 5 random-detect discard-class 1 percent 40 70 2

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Ingress policy with marking/coloring of packets

Map the ingress class to one of the traffic-class

- Green traffic has higher Min and Max threshold comparing to yellow traffic
- Green traffic also has higher forwarding probability (lower drop probability) comparing to yellow traffic

Buffers

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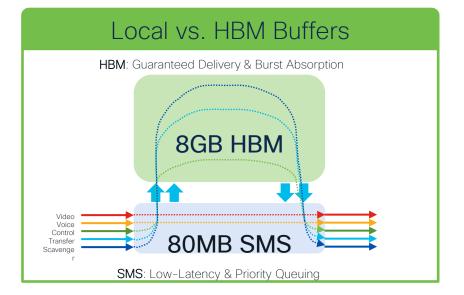
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Silicon One Buffers

- Two different buffers to address two different requirements.
 - 80 MB of Shared Memory Sub-system (SMS) buffers:
 - Low latency packet queueing (video/voice packets)
 - · Shallow specialized pool of buffers for quick queueing.
 - 8 GB of High Bandwidth Memory (HBM) buffers:
 - Deep pool of on-demand buffers for guaranteed delivery.
 - Reserve to absorb occasional bursts or address speed over-subscription between ingress and egress.



- Packet will always hit the SMS buffers first.
- SMS send the packet to HBM if additional buffers are needed.
- HBM <u>CANNOT</u> send the packet to the output queue, it has to be sent to the SMS again to be sent to the egress.



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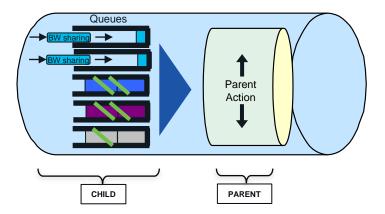
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Silicon One Hierarchical QoS (HQoS)

HQoS (two-level hierarchy) allows a parent and child policies on an interface for greater granularity. The Cisco Silicon One supports shaping as parent action.



Child Action	Parent Action
Bandwidth sharing + Priority	Shaping



Silicon One vs UADP QoS

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QoS tools on UADP and Silicon One ASICs 1/2

Features	UADP ASIC	Silicon One ASIC (Q200)	
Trust	Trust all ports by default	Trust all ports by default	
******		••••••••••••••••••	
Classification	Based on Packet header and ACL for both ingress and egress	Based on packet header and ACL for ingress Based on packet header for egress. Must classify to traffic-classes at ingress.	
Marking	Header, Table-map, QoS-Group for ingressHeader, Table-map, QoS-group, class, discard-class for ingressHeader and table-map for egressHeader and table-map for egress		
Policing	Both ingress and egress	Ingress only	

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QoS tools on UADP and Silicon One ASICs 2/2

Features	UADP ASIC	Silicon One ASIC (Q200)	
Queueing	Based on header or QoS group Bandwidth and Bandwidth remaining	Based on traffic-class Bandwidth remaining	
Buffering	Dedicated and shared buffer with DTS	SMS: Low-latency & priority queueing HBM: Guaranteed Delivery & Burst Absorption	
Shaping	Egress	Egress	
Congestion Management	WTD: three thresholds per class WRED: three thresholds' pairs per class	WTD: two threshold per class WRED: two thresholds' pairs per class	

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QoS Config Migration

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Config Migration steps

Define the problem/behavior addressed with QoS.

Simply copy-pasting existing configs between platform families will always throw errors due to differences in syntax and supported actions between platforms.

How many times do you want to split your traffic – Upto 8 queues possible with our ASIC

Its often not as much as you think you need. Broad generalized splits often are more efficient than granular splits

Do you want multiple strict priority classes?

Know what strict means. All traffic coming into it will be serviced at the expense of other classes.

4 Define traffic shaping/policing or sharing between queues.

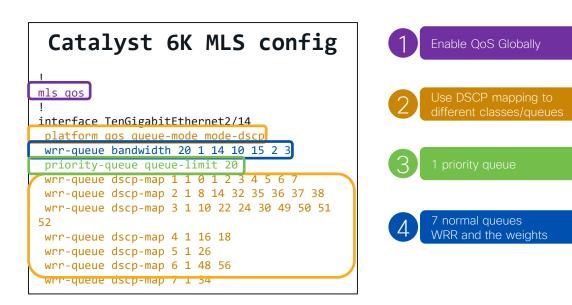
Police/shape priority queues. Use weights to control bandwidth sharing with remaining queues



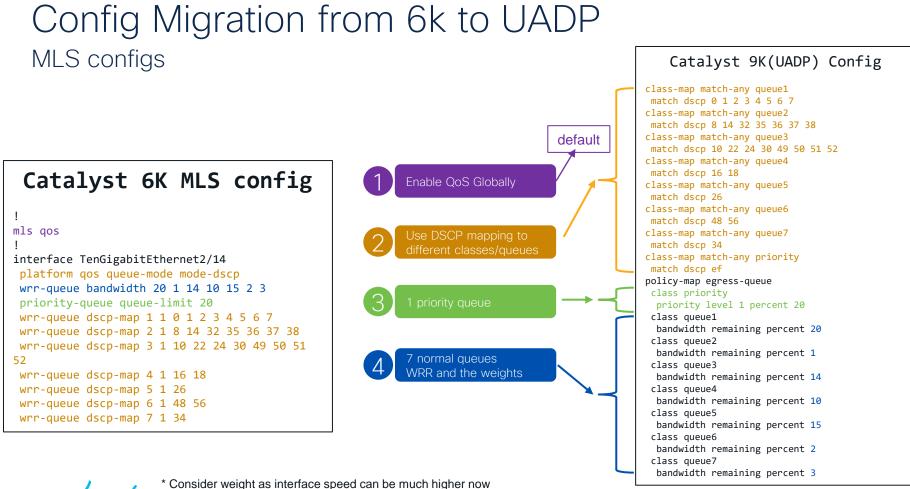
Do you want differential priority for packets within same class? - Use WTD or WRED

Advanced configuration options, not required for most use cases.

Config Migration from 6k to UADP MLS configs







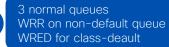
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Config Migration from 6k to UADP MQC Configs

Catalyst 6K Configuration class-map type lan-queuing match-all REALTIME match dscp ef class-map type lan-queuing match-all NETWORK CONTROL match dscp cs6 cs7 class-map type lan-queuing match-all VIDEO match dscp cs3 af31 af32 af33 policy-map type lan-queuing CAMPUS EGRESS 6800 POLICY class type lan-queuing REALTIME priority level 1 class type lan-queuing NETWORK_CONTROL bandwidth remaining percent 10 class type lan-queuing VIDEO bandwidth remaining percent 20 class class-default random-detect dscp-based random-detect dscp af11 percent 80 100

Interface gig1/0/1 service-policy type lan-queueing output CAMPUS_EGRESS_6800_POLICY





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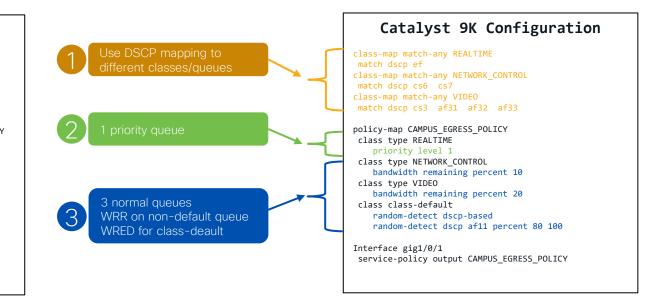
Config Migration from 6k to UADP

Catalyst 6K Configuration

class-map type lan-queuing match-all REALTIME
match dscp ef
class-map type lan-queuing match-all NETWORK_CONTROL
match dscp cs6 cs7
class-map type lan-queuing match-all VIDEO
match dscp cs3 af31 af32 af33

policy-map type lan-queuing CAMPUS_EGRESS_6800_POLICY
class type lan-queuing REALTIME
 priority level 1
class type lan-queuing NETWORK_CONTROL
 bandwidth remaining percent 10
class type lan-queuing VIDE0
 bandwidth remaining percent 20
class class.default
 random-detect dscp-based
 random-detect dscp af11 percent 80 100

Interface gig1/0/1
service-policy type lan-queueing output
CAMPUS_EGRESS_6800_POLICY



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Migration from Catalyst 6K to Silicon One Q200

Catalyst 6K Configuration

```
class-map type lan-queuing match-all REALTIME
match dscp ef
class-map type lan-queuing match-all NETWORK_CONTROL
match dscp cs6 cs7
class-map type lan-queuing match-all VIDE0
match dscp cs3 af31 af32 af33
...
policy-map type lan-queuing CAMPUS_EGRESS_6800_POLICY
class type lan-queuing REALTIME
    priority level 1
class type lan-queuing NETWORK_CONTROL
    bandwidth remaining percent 10
class type lan-queuing VIDE0
```

```
bandwidth remaining percent 20 class class-default
```

```
random-detect dscp-based
```

```
random-detect dscp af11 percent 80 100
```

Classified Based on DSCP value
 4 classes (3 defined + default)

- 3. 4 queues
- 4. 1 priority queue
- 5. Scheduling is WRR with "bandwidth remaining"
- 6. Congestion management is WRED with the default class

Config Migration from Catalyst 6K to Silicon One Q200

Catalyst 6K Configuration class-map type lan-queuing match-all REALTIME match dscp ef class-map type lan-queuing match-all NETWORK_CONTROL

match dscp cs6 cs7
class-map type lan-queuing match-all VIDE0
match dscp cs3 af31 af32 af33

```
policy-map type lan-queuing CAMPUS_EGRESS_6800_POLICY
class type lan-queuing REALTIME
    priority level 1
class type lan-queuing NETWORK_CONTROL
    bandwidth remaining percent 10
class type lan-queuing VIDE0
    bandwidth remaining percent 20
class class-default
    random-detect dscp-based
    random-detect dscp af11 percent 80 100
```

- 1. Classified Based on DSCP value
- 2. 4 classes (3 defined + default)
- 3. 4 queues (traffic-class), traffic-7 is priority level 1

Apply policy on the ingress interface

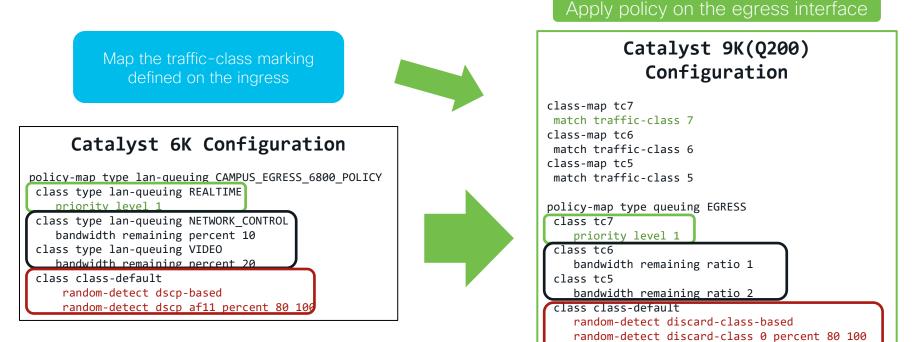
Catalyst 9K(Q200) Configuration

class-map match-all REALTIME
match dscp ef
class-map match-all NETWORK_CONTROL
match dscp cs6 cs7
class-map match-all VIDE0
match dscp cs3 af31 af32 af33
class-map match-all default-green
match dscp af11

```
policy-map INGRESS
class REALTIME
set traffic-class 7
class NETWORK_CONTROL
set traffic-class 6
class VIDEO
set traffic-class 5
class default-green
set traffic-class 0
class class-default
set discard-class 1
```

Note: class-default is always assigned with traffic-class 0

Config Migration from Catalyst 6K to Silicon One Q200



- 3. 1 priority queue
- 4. Scheduling is WRR with "bandwidth remaining"
- 5. Congestion management is WRED with the default class

random-detect discard-class 1 percent 40 100

Note: C6K WRED default min is 40, max is 100.

Summary

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Do we need QoS?

User Experience

Guaranteeing voice quality

Bandwidth Savvy Business Applications protect network infrastructure to deal with abnormal events

Video Quality

de-prioritizing nonbusiness applications protecting the control planes

QoS helps define the latency priority for your traffic packets

Catalyst 9K Switching sessions @ CL23, Amsterdam

Session Title	Session ID	Session Time
Catalyst 9000 Switching Family Architecture	TECARC-2446	Monday, 8:30 AM -1:00 PM
Designing High Availability for your Network with Resiliency	TECENS-2001	Monday, 8:30 AM -1:00 PM
Catalyst 9000 Switching Software Innovations and Solutions	TECENS-2618	Monday, 2:00 PM - 6:00 PM
123 - Enterprise Campus Wired Design Fundamentals	BRKENS-1501	Tuesday,1:30 PM - 2:30 PM
Service Assurance with ThousandEves on Catalyst 9000	BRKENS-1095	Tuesday,1:30 PM - 2:30 PM
Catalyst Powered SmartBuildings - Beyond PoE Connectivity	BRKENS-2091	Tuesday, 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM
Designing Highly Available Networks Using Catalyst 9000 Switches	BRKENS-2095	Tuesday, 2:30 PM - 3:30 PM
Catalyst 9000 SiliconOne and IOS XE Architecture and Innovation	BRKARC-2092	Tuesday, 5:00 PM - 6:30 PM
The Catalyst 9000 Switch Family - An Architectural View	BRKARC-2035	Wednesday, 8:30 AM - 10 AM
Migrating Classical Enterprise Campus Networks to VXLAN EVPN Based Networks	BRKENS-3096	Wednesday, 8:30 AM - 10 AM
Catalyst Switching Innovations Lab	LTRENS-2256	Wednesday, 8:30 AM - 12:30 PM
Catalyst 9000 Innovations & Roadmap	CCP-1308	Thursday 2:30 PM - 3:30 PM
BGP EVPN in Enterprise Campus with Catalyst 9000 Switches	BRKENS-2092	Friday, 9 AM - 10:30 AM
Catalyst 9000 Switching QoS Deep Dive	BRKENS-2096	Friday, 12:15 PM - 1:45 PM

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Cisco Guided Study Groups

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Thank you

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