



# Expedite your Troubleshooting with SD-WAN Manager Tools

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# Agenda

- The WW(What & Why) of SD-WAN
- Monitoring/Troubleshooting Challenges
- SD-WAN Manager Tools
  - Speed Test
  - Packet Capture
  - Upload admin-tech & TAC case
  - Underlay Measurement and Tracing Service
  - Network Wide Path Insight(NWPI)
- Build your own API Workflow
- Key-Takeaways



Courtesy : Google Images

# The WW<sub>(What & Why)</sub> of SD-WAN



# Session Objective :

This Session Focuses on :

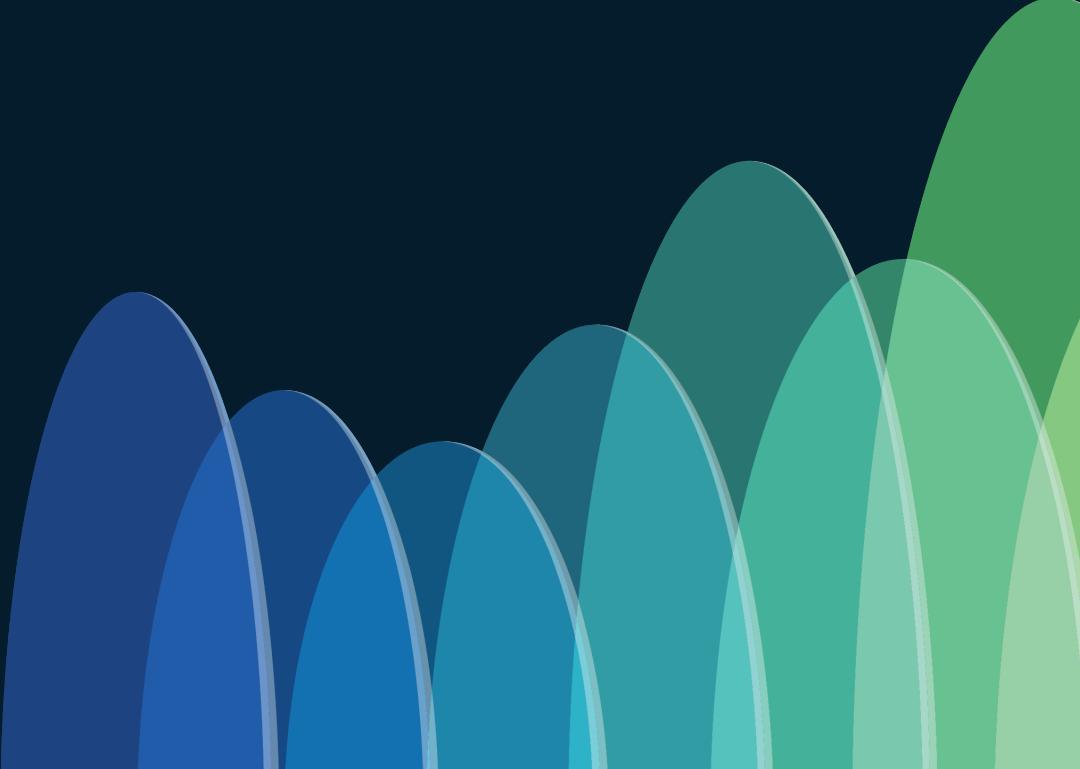
- Brief Overview of Cisco SDWAN.
- The session covers a whole package of tools that comes with the SD-WAN Manager which can help to expedite our troubleshooting approach.
- We will also touch upon how effectively we can use the rich set of SD-WAN Manager API's and design workflows to cater to our needs.

By the end, I hope everyone in this room gets a better understanding of these tools and utilize them in your troubleshooting approach to resolve issues much faster than the traditional methods.

# Session Non-Objective :

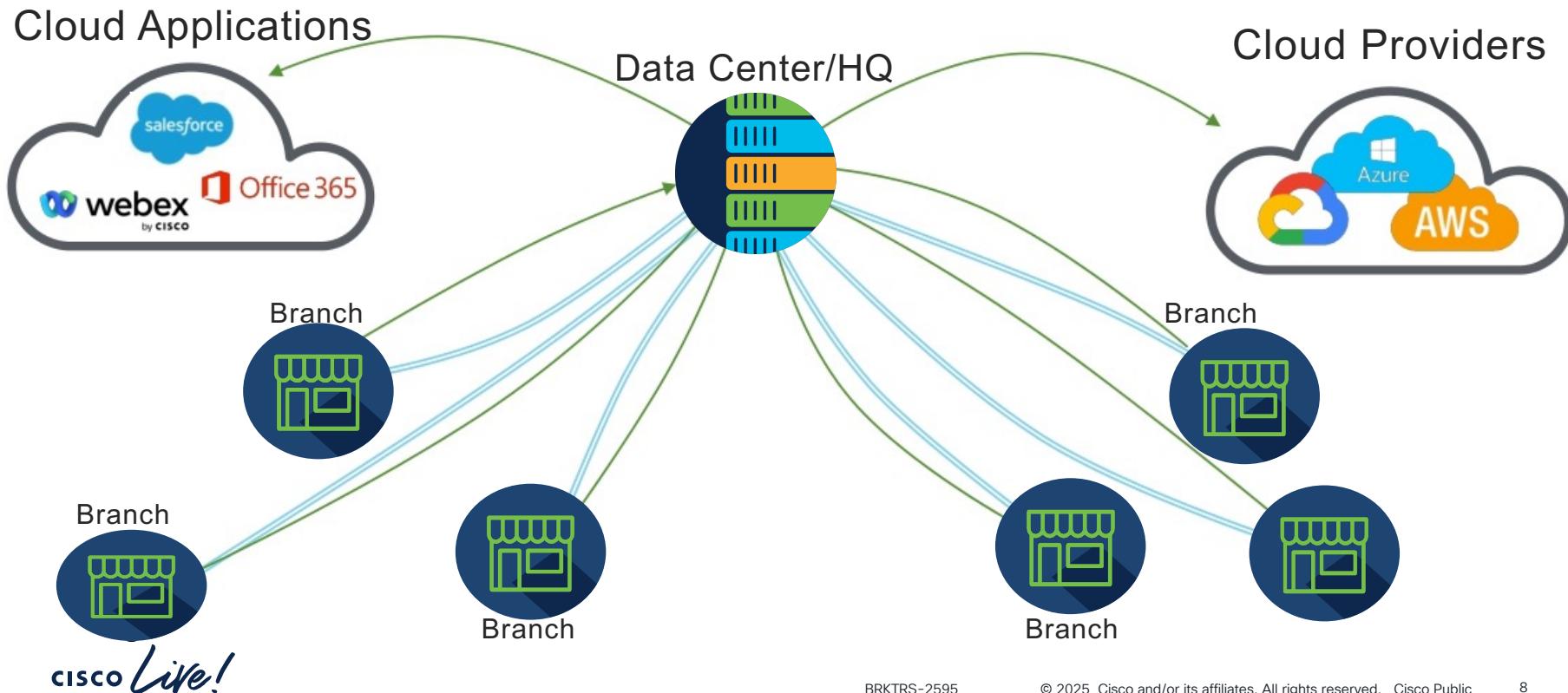
- We will not cover any of the installation aspects of these components.
- We will not focus on SD-WAN Analytics.

# Why SD-WAN?

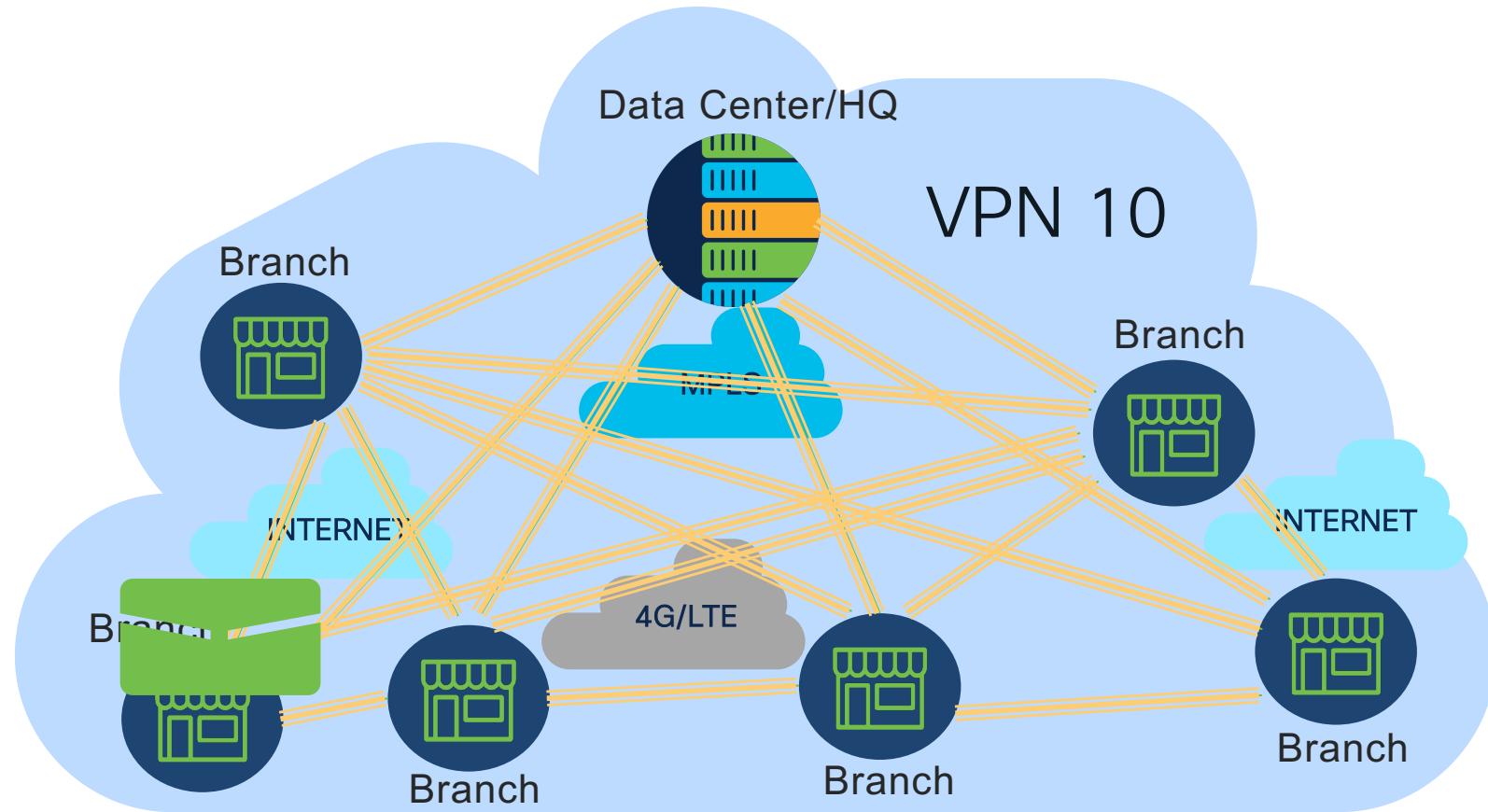


# The Hardware Based WAN of Yesterday

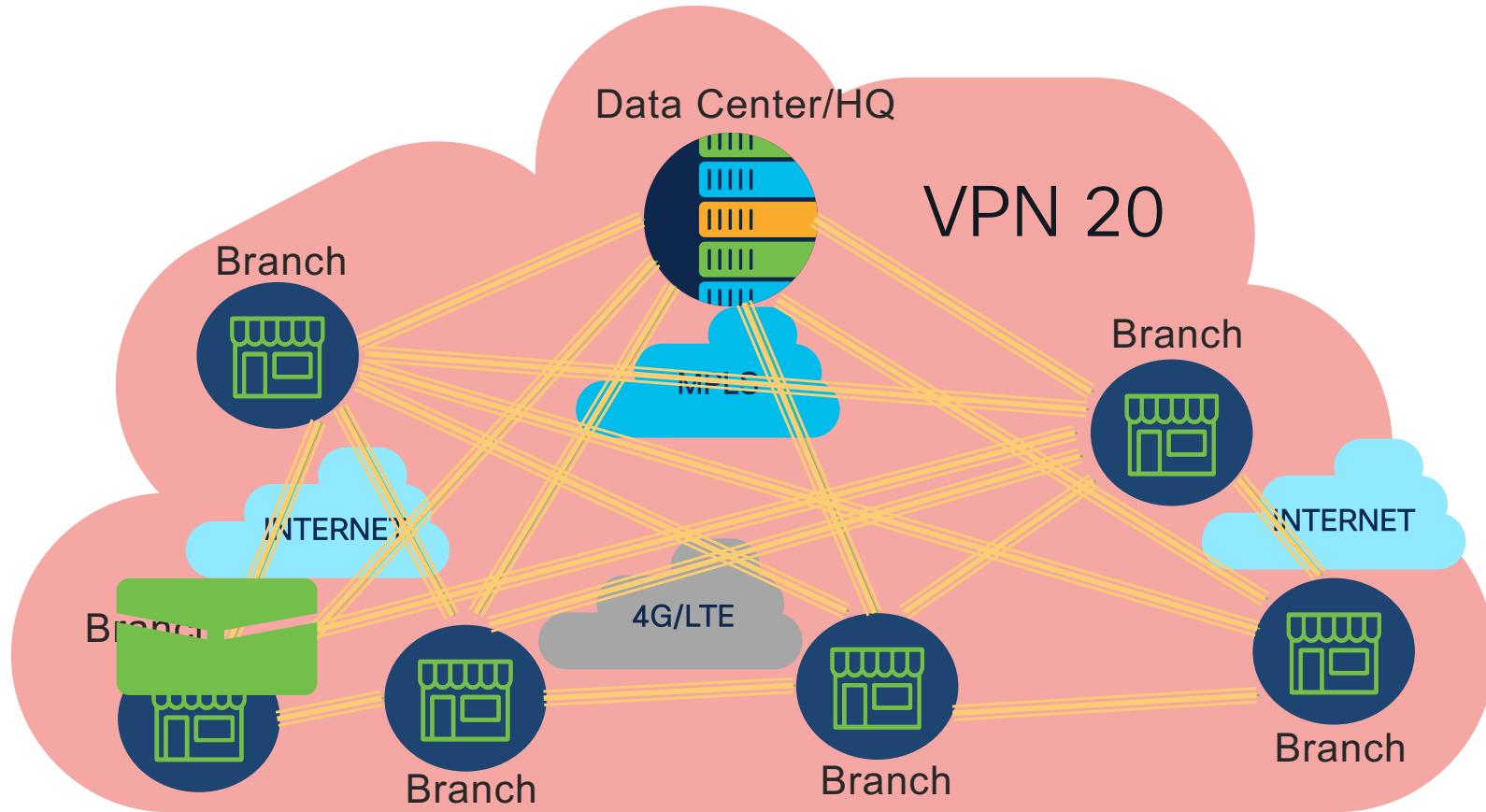
Doesn't Keep up with the Needs of Today



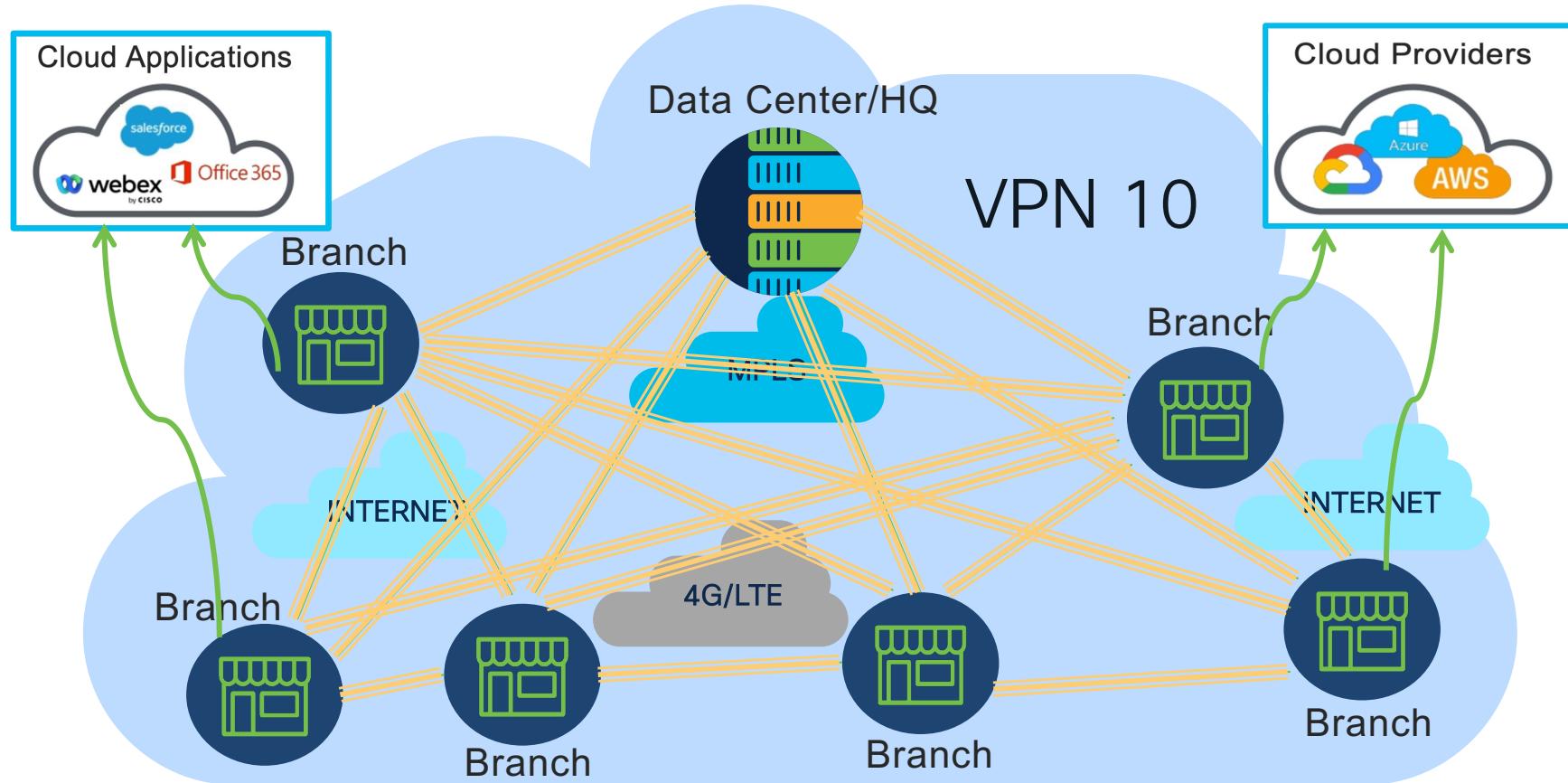
# Cisco SD-WAN: Software Approach



# Cisco SD-WAN: Software Approach



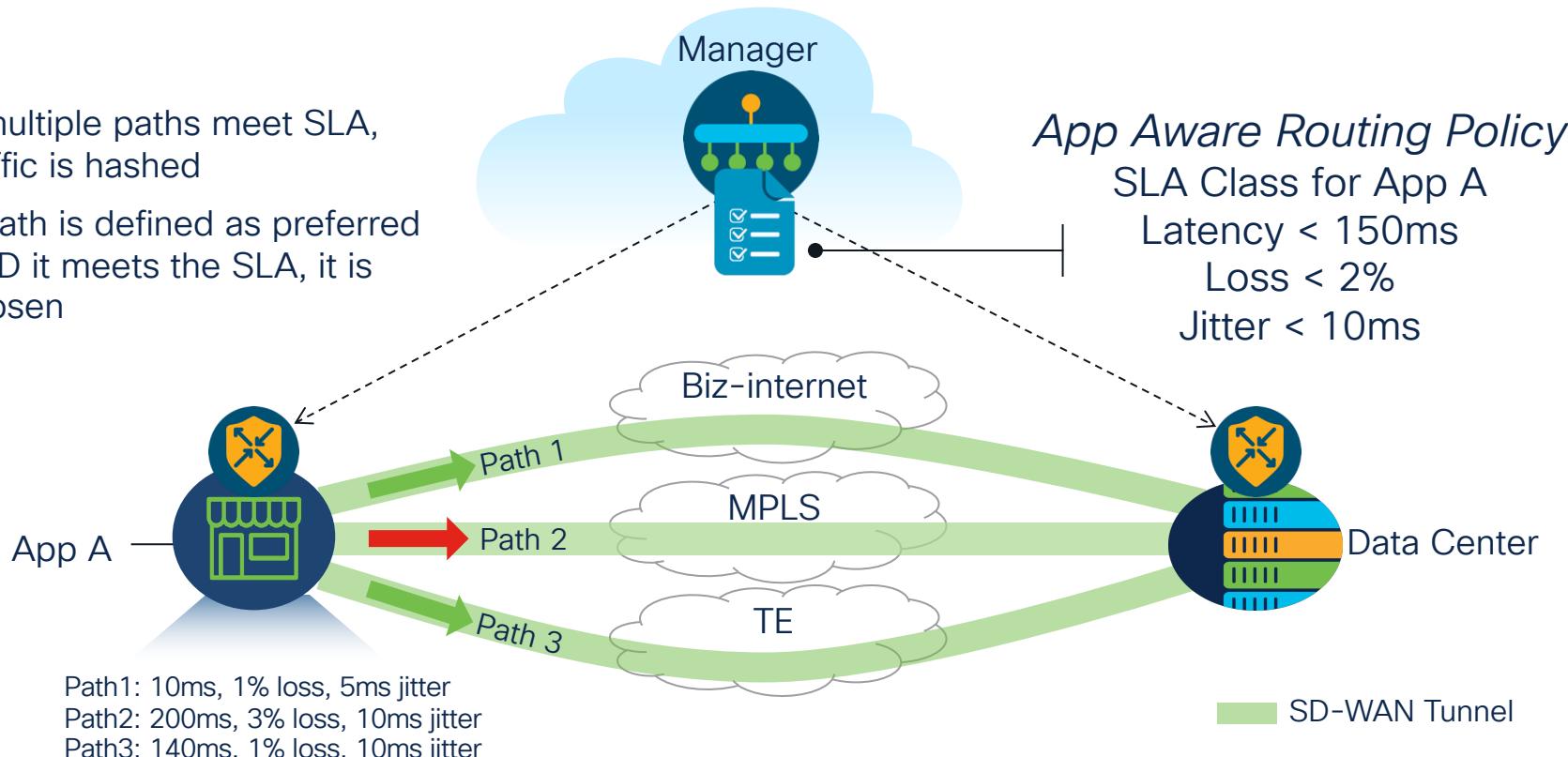
# Cisco SD-WAN: Software Approach



# Cisco SD-WAN: Software Approach

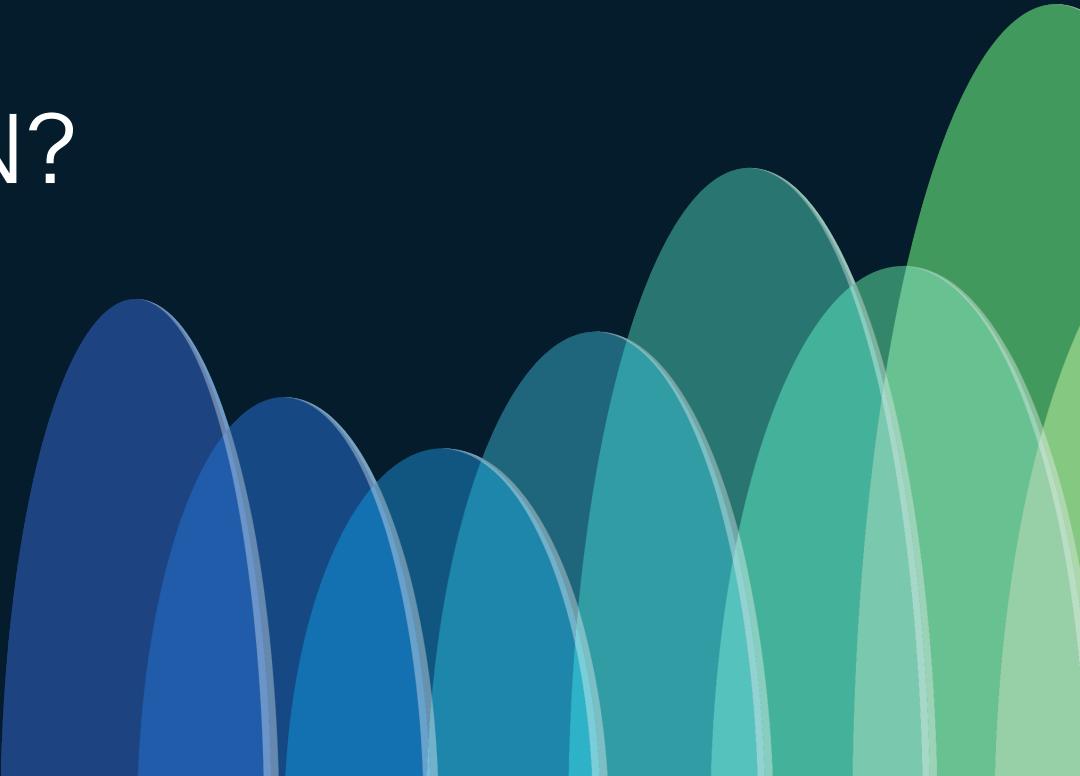
## Application Aware Routing

- If multiple paths meet SLA, traffic is hashed
- If path is defined as preferred AND it meets the SLA, it is chosen

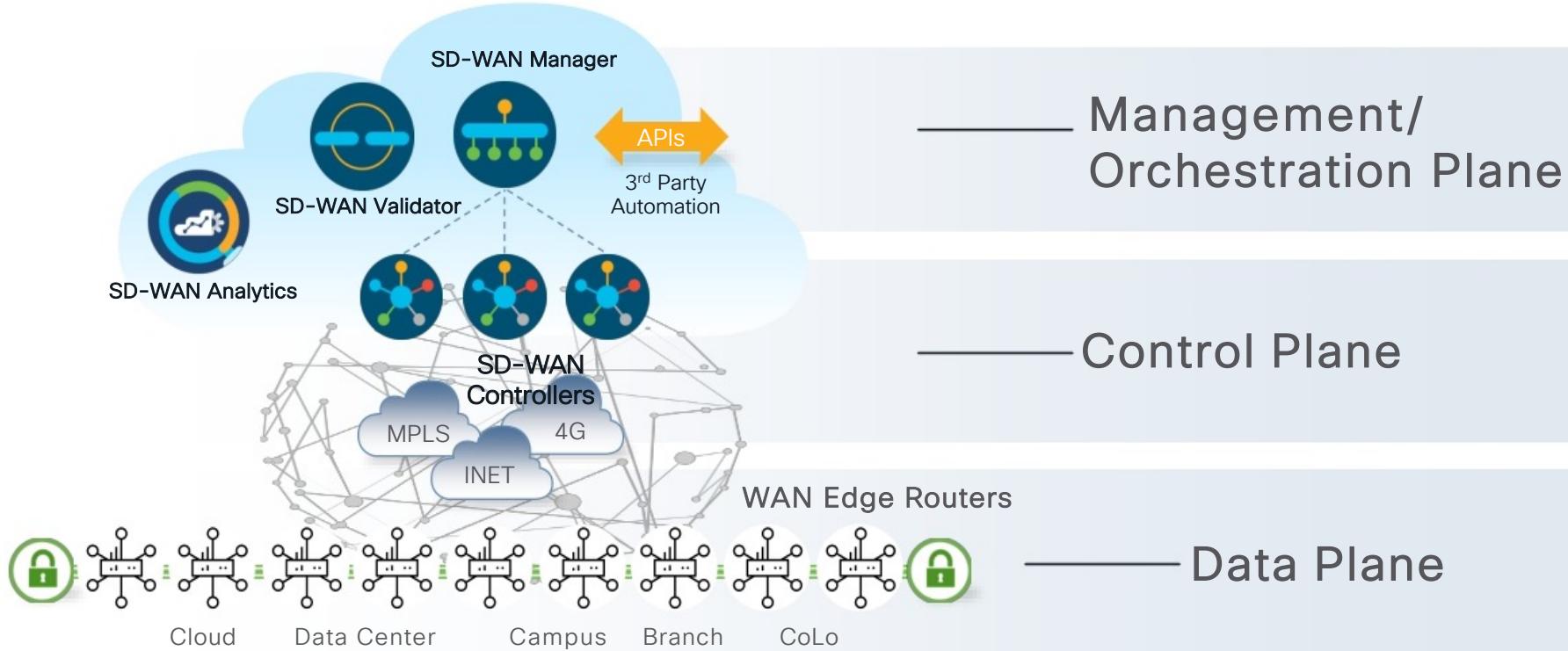


# What is SD-WAN?

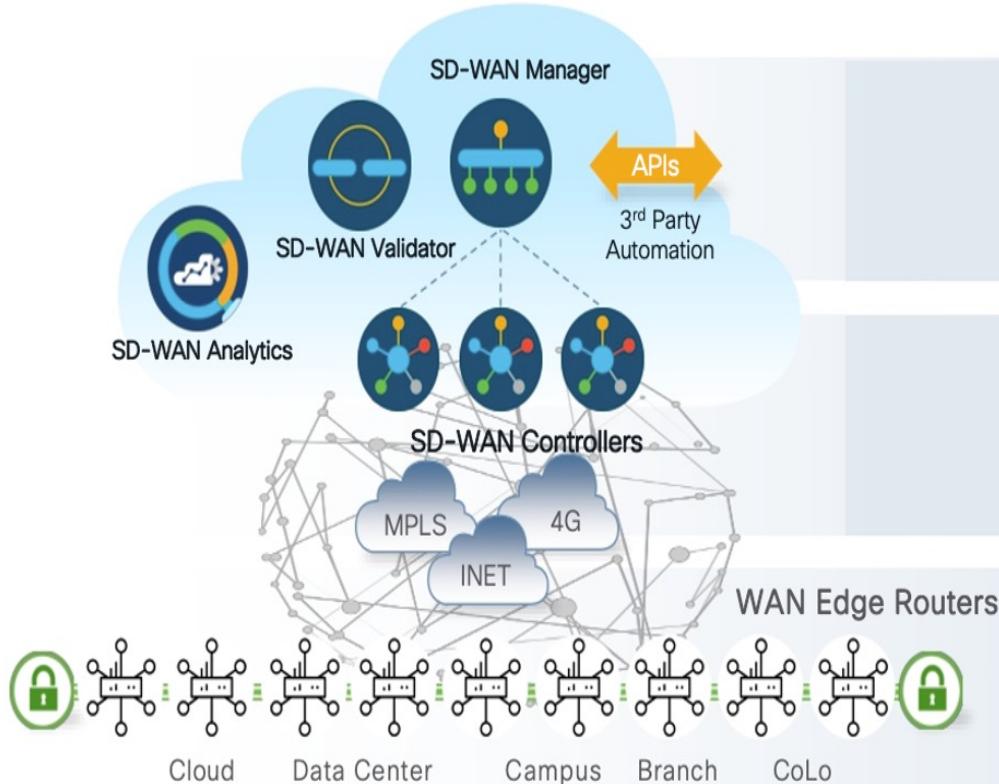
## Solution Architecture



# Cisco SD-WAN Solution Overview



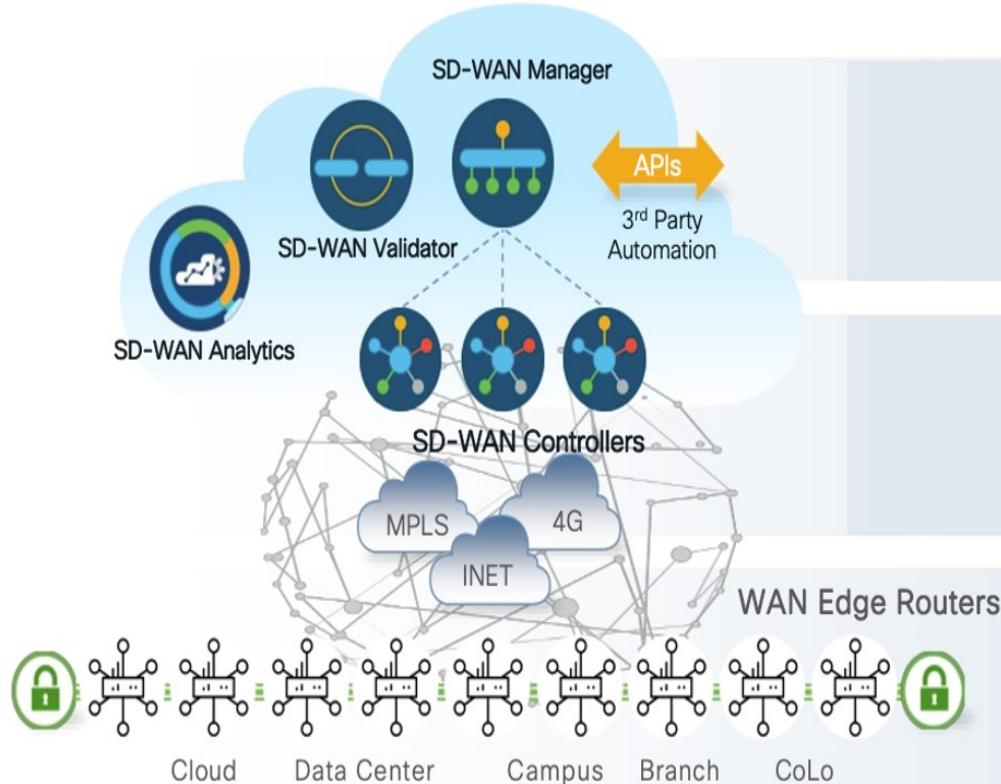
# Cisco SD-WAN Solution Elements



## Management Plane

- Single pane of glass for Day0, Day1 and Day2 operations
- Multitenant with web scale
- Centralized provisioning
- Policies and Templates
- **Troubleshooting and Monitoring**
- Software upgrades
- GUI with RBAC
- **Programmatic interfaces (REST, NETCONF)**
- Highly resilient

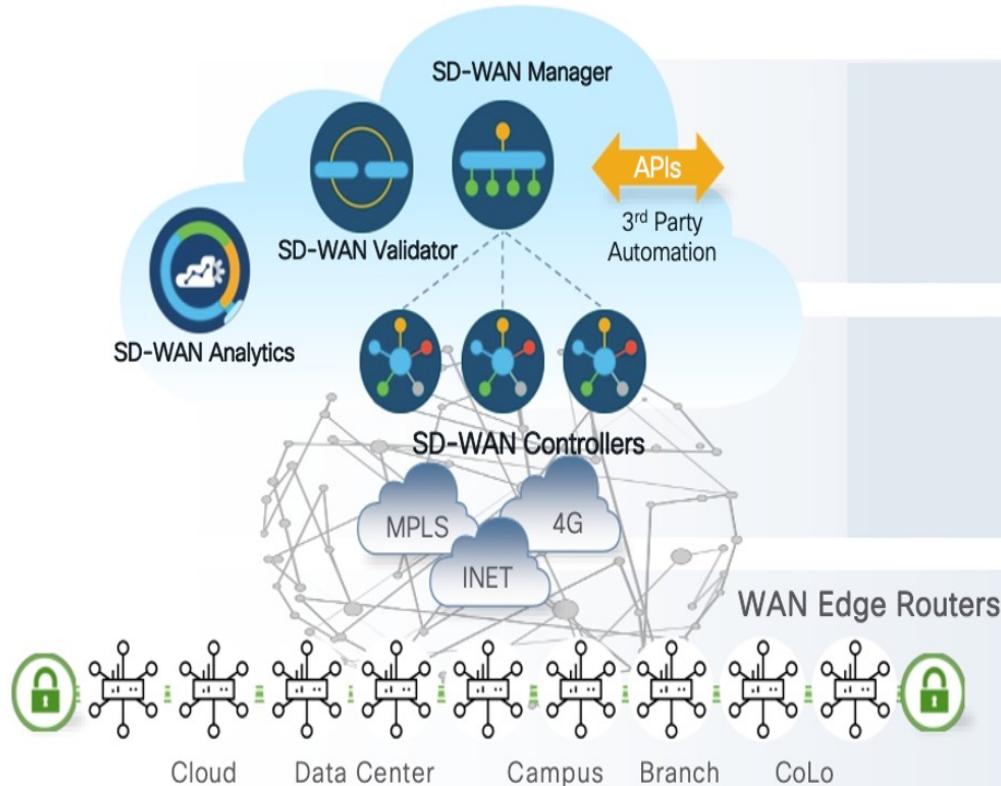
# Cisco SD-WAN Solution Elements



## Orchestration Plane

- First point of authentication (white-list model)
- Distributes list of Controllers/ Manager to all WAN Edge routers
- Facilitates NAT traversal
- Requires public IP Address. [could sit behind 1:1 NAT]
- Highly resilient

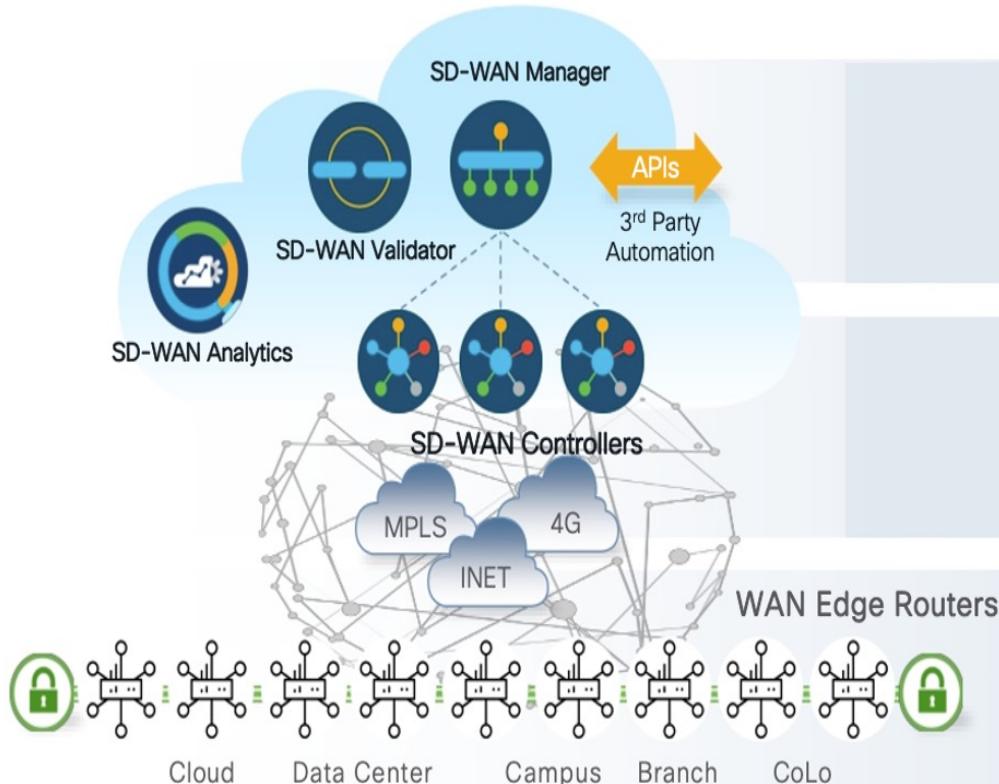
# Cisco SD-WAN Solution Elements



## Control Plane

- Facilitates fabric discovery
- Dissimilates control plane information between WAN Edge Routers
- Distributes data plane and app-aware routing policies to the WAN Edge routers
- Implements control plane policies, such as service chaining, multi-topology and multi-hop
- Dramatically reduces control plane complexity & highly resilient

# Cisco SD-WAN Solution Elements



## Data Plane

- WAN edge router
- Provides secure data plane with remote WAN Edge routers
- Establishes secure control plane with controllers (OMP)
- Implements data plane and application aware routing policies
- Exports performance statistics
- Leverages traditional routing protocols like OSPF, BGP, and EIGRP
- Support Zero Touch Deployment
- Physical or Virtual form factor(100Mb, 1Gb, 10Gb,40Gb, 100Gb)

# Controller Deployment Methodology

## On-Premise

Validator Manager Controller Controller



ESXi or KVM



Physical  
Servers

## Cisco or MSP/Customer Hosted

Validator Manager Controller Controller



AWS or Azure

Certified Cloud (PCI,  
SOC2/ISO/C5)\*

Gov. Cloud (FedRAMP)\*

\*Only Cisco hosted

# Monitoring/Troubleshooting Challenges





Know your Tools



What shall I look into ?



Critical/Intermittent issue - Less time



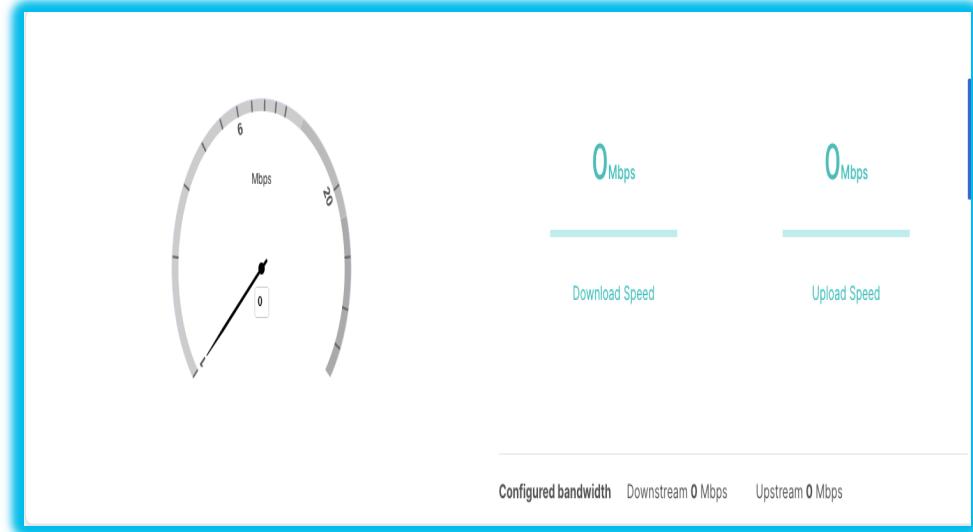
Automation

# SDWAN Manager Tools

## Speed Test

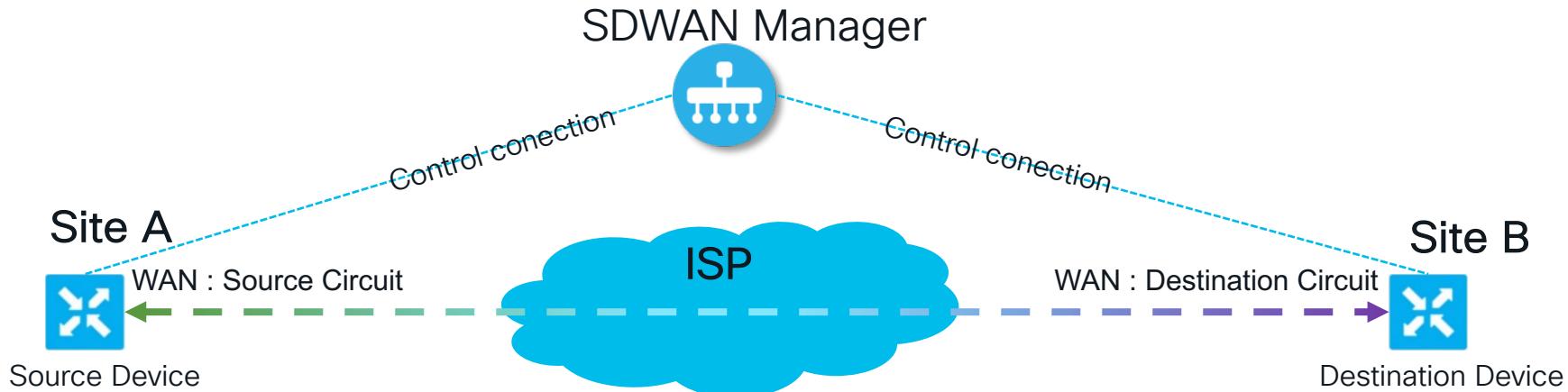
# Speed Test : Introduction

- Used to evaluate the WAN interface's bandwidth against a remote SDWAN edge or an iPerf3 server.
- Supported on cEdge since 17.3 & later releases.
- Two types of Speed Test
  - Site to Site Speed Test
  - Internet Speed Test



# Site to Site Speed Test

Used for testing speed from the specified WAN interfaces to a remote SDWAN site's specified WAN interface.



# Site to Site Speed Test

Device on which Speed Test needs to be performed

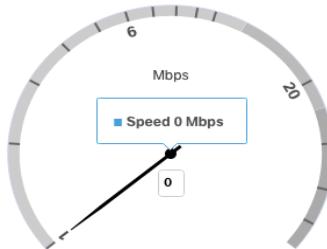
Devices > Troubleshooting > Speed Test

Select Device: DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name: 10020 Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X

Source Circuit\* Choose Destination Device\* Choose Destination Circuit\* Choose

Troubleshooting Start Test

Feedback



0 Mbps

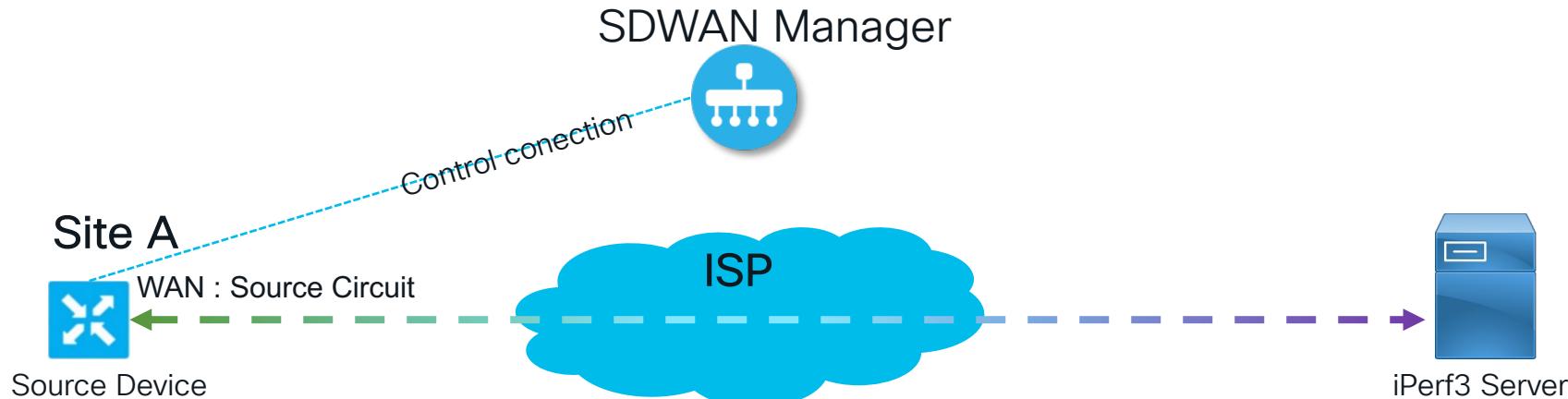
Download Speed

Upload Speed

Configured bandwidth: Downstream 0 Mbps, Upstream 0 Mbps

# Internet Speed Test

Used for testing speed from the specified WAN interfaces against a public iPerf3 server.



# Internet Speed Test

- iPerf3 server and Port fields provided beyond 20.10/17.10 release.
- Will use hardcoded iPerf3 server list if left blank

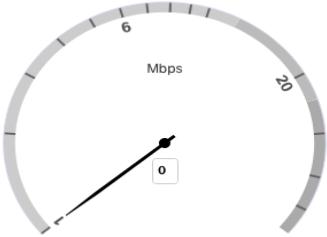
Devices > Troubleshooting > Speed Test

Select Device: DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name: 10020 Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X

Source Circuit\*: **biz-internet** Destination Device\*: **Internet** iPerf3 Server:  Server Port Range:

**Start Test**

Feedback



0 Mbps

Download Speed

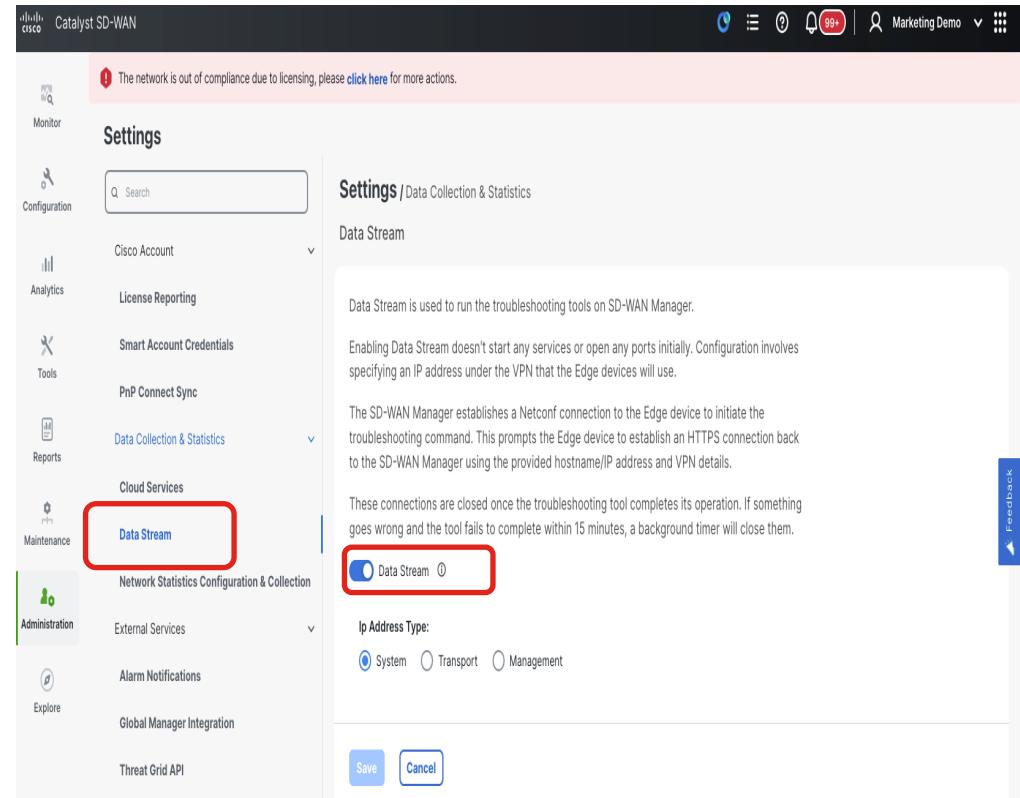
0 Mbps

Upload Speed

Configured bandwidth: Downstream 0 Mbps, Upstream 0 Mbps

# Prerequisites

- Speed test can only be run from the SDWAN Manager.
- No specific configurations to be done on the device.
- Ensure Data Stream is enabled  
Administration > Settings > Data stream



The network is out of compliance due to licensing, please [click here](#) for more actions.

## Settings

Search:

Cisco Account

License Reporting

Smart Account Credentials

PnP Connect Sync

**Data Collection & Statistics**

Data Stream

Data Stream is used to run the troubleshooting tools on SD-WAN Manager.

Enabling Data Stream doesn't start any services or open any ports initially. Configuration involves specifying an IP address under the VPN that the Edge devices will use.

The SD-WAN Manager establishes a Netconf connection to the Edge device to initiate the troubleshooting command. This prompts the Edge device to establish an HTTPS connection back to the SD-WAN Manager using the provided hostname/IP address and VPN details.

These connections are closed once the troubleshooting tool completes its operation. If something goes wrong and the tool fails to complete within 15 minutes, a background timer will close them.

**Data Stream**

IP Address Type:

System  Transport  Management

Save Cancel

# Let's run a Speed Test

Devices > Troubleshooting > Speed Test

Select Device ▾ DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name 10020 Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X ⓘ Troubleshooting ▾

Source Circuit\* ⓘ Destination Device\* ⓘ Destination Circuit\* ⓘ

biz-internet ▾ BR10-c8kv | 110.110.10.1 ▾ public-internet ▾

Start Test

Feedback

20 70  
6 Mbps  
300 1000  
110.78

218.8 Mbps  
Download Speed

110.78 Mbps  
Upload Speed

Configured bandwidth Downstream 0 Mbps Upstream 0 Mbps

# SDWAN Manager Tools

## Packet Capture

# Packet Capture made easy...

- Capture packets at the click of a button with no additional configs.
- Traffic can be captured with or without filters.
- 5 min or 5-MB file can be captured.
- 3-Step easy process to capture, prepare and download.



# Packet Capture made easy...

## Devices > Troubleshooting

Screenshot of the Cisco SD-WAN Troubleshooting interface for Device 360.

Header: Cisco SD-WAN, Select Resource Group, Monitor - Devices - Device 360, Cloud, List, Refresh, Bell.

Left sidebar (Devices > Troubleshooting):

- Select Device (button)
- BR2-C8200-4GB | 50.1.1.8 Site ID: 58 Device Model: C8200L-1N-4T (info)
- APPLICATIONS
  - SAIE Applications
  - Interface
  - Tracker
  - QoS
- ON-DEMAND TROUBLESHOOTING
  - FEC Recovery Rate
  - SSL Proxy
  - AppQoE TCP Optimization
  - AppQoE DRE Optimization
  - Connection Events
  - WAN Throughput
  - Flows
  - Top Talkers
- WAN
- TLOC
- Tunnel

Main content area:

- Connectivity (green hexagon icon)
- Traffic (orange hexagon icon)
- Logs (blue hexagon icon)
- Device Bringup (blue text)
- Tunnel Health (orange text)
- Debug Log (blue text)
- Control Connections(Live View) (blue text)
- App Route Visualization (blue text)
- Packet Capture (red box)
- Simulate Flows (blue text)
- Ping (blue text)
- Trace Route (blue text)
- Speed Test (blue text)

# Let's take some captures

Devices > Troubleshooting > Packet Capture

Select Device **DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name 10020** Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X ⓘ Troubleshooting

**VPN\*** **Interface for VPN - 10\***

VPN - 10 GigabitEthernet0/0/0.900 - ipv4 - 192.168.1.10

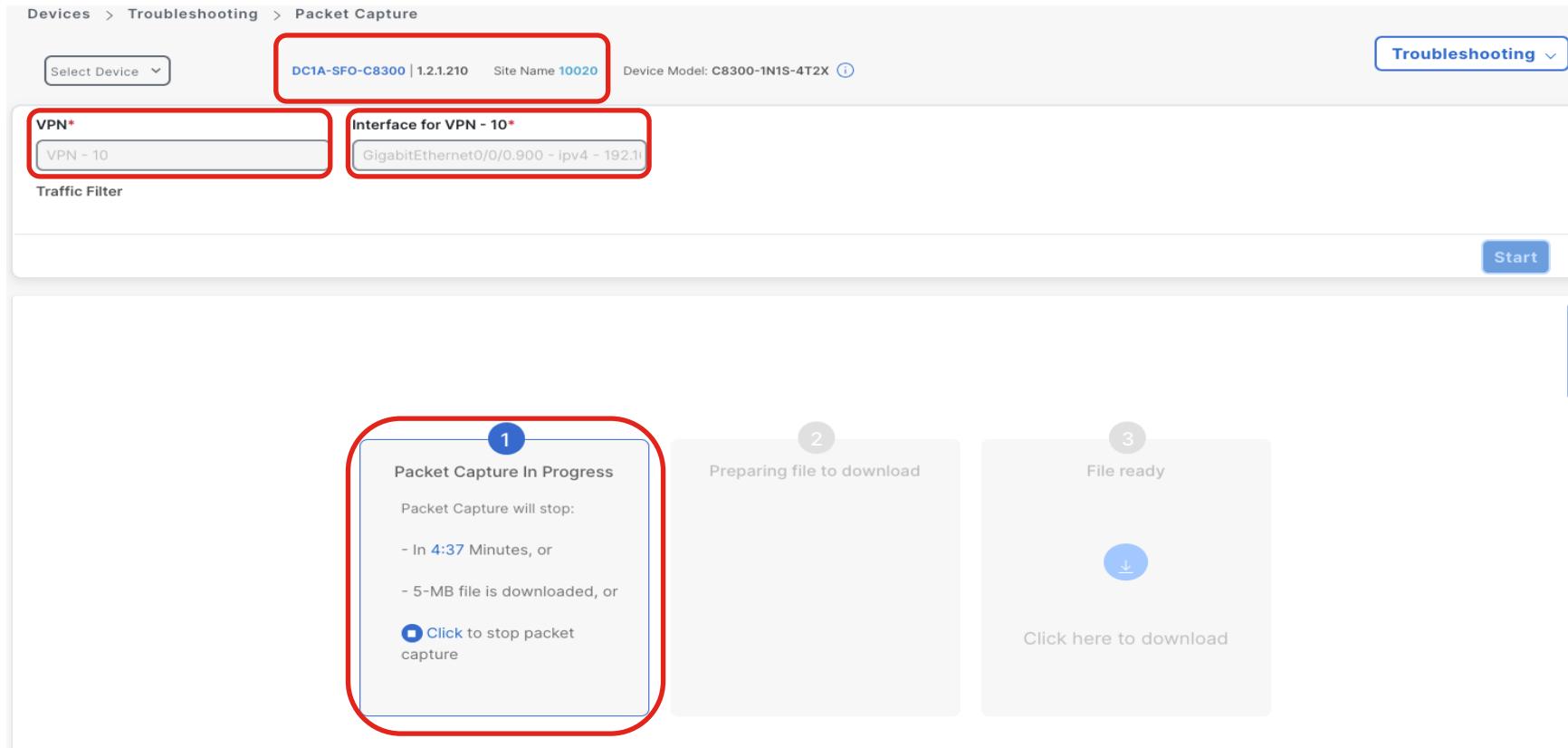
Traffic Filter

**Start**

1 **Packet Capture In Progress**  
Packet Capture will stop:  
- In **4:37** Minutes, or  
- 5-MB file is downloaded, or  
Click to stop packet capture

2 Preparing file to download

3 File ready  
Click here to download



# Let's take some captures

Devices > Troubleshooting > Packet Capture

Select Device ▾ DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name 10020 Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X ⓘ Troubleshooting ▾

VPN\* Interface for VPN - 10\*  
VPN - 10 GigabitEthernet0/0/0.900 - ipv4 ~ 192.168.1.10

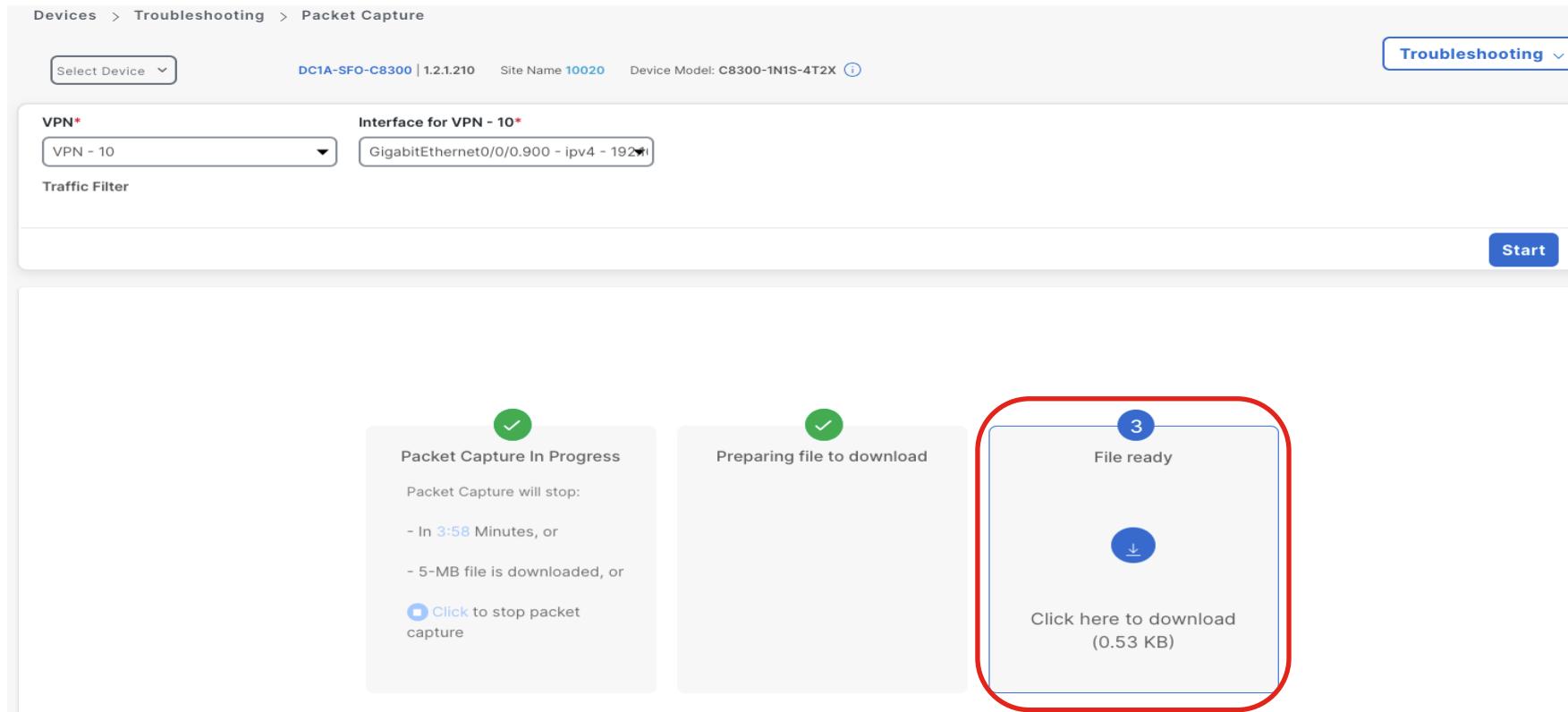
Traffic Filter

Start

Packet Capture In Progress  
Packet Capture will stop:  
- In 3:58 Minutes, or  
- 5-MB file is downloaded, or  
Click to stop packet capture

Preparing file to download

3 File ready  
Click here to download (0.53 KB)



# Using filters

Devices > Troubleshooting > Packet Capture

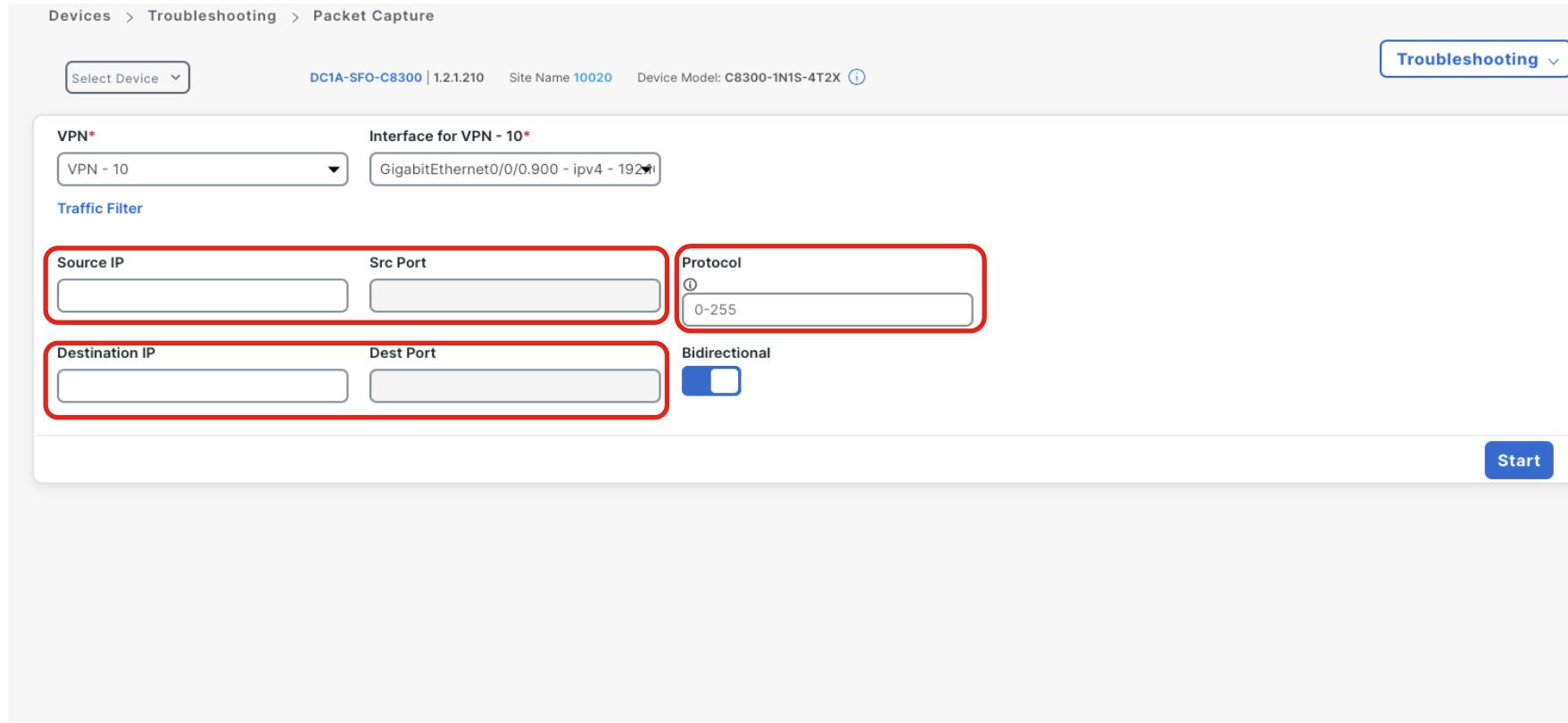
Select Device ▾ DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name 10020 Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X ⓘ Troubleshooting ▾

**VPN\*** Interface for VPN - 10\*  
VPN - 10 ▾ GigabitEthernet0/0/0.900 - ipv4 - 192.168.1.100

**Traffic Filter**

Source IP	Src Port	Protocol
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> 0-255
Destination IP	Dest Port	<b>Bidirectional</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

**Start**



# Upload admin-tech & TAC case



# Upload Admin-tech :

- Upload admin-tech directly to TAC case from SD-WAN Manager. Feature since 20.7.1/17.7.1a
- Requires internet access to [cxd.cisco.com](https://cxd.cisco.com) & upload token from TAC SR.
- Generate admin-tech from the vManage.

# Upload Admin-tech :

**List of Admin-techs**

**80.80.1-BR1-ASR1K-20241205-000123-admin-tech.tar.gz**  
Created at: Dec 4, 2024 23:50:12  
File size: 7.6 MB

[Show Admin Tech List](#)

Up Since	Device Groups	...
14 Feb 2024 6:13:00 PM IST	No groups	...
14 Feb 2024 7:06:00 PM IST	No groups	...
14 Feb 2024 7:11:00 PM IST	No groups	...
14 Feb 2024 7:17:00 PM IST	No groups	...
14 Feb 2024 7:23:00 PM IST	No groups	...
14 Feb 2024 6:58:00 PM IST	No groups	...
14 May 2024 9:06:00 AM IST	No groups	...
04 Dec 2024 10:48:00 AM IST	No groups	...
28 Aug 2023 5:54:00 PM IST	No groups	...

**Upload admin-tech file to CXD (cxd.cisco.com) for 10.0.0.12.**  
This process may take several minutes. After upload, you cannot interrupt the process even if you close this window.  
For each device, you can upload only one admin-tech file at a time.

**SR Number**  SR Number

**Token**  Token

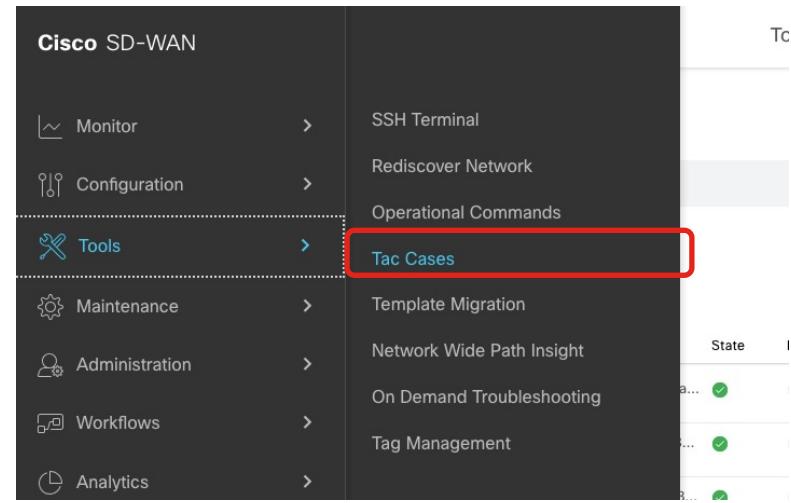
**VPN**  VPN

[Upload](#) [Cancel](#)

[Close](#)

# TAC Case :

- Access SCM portal from SD-WAN Manager. Feature since 20.9.1
- Requires internet access and reachability to Support case Manager (SCM)
- Active Cisco single sign-on (SSO) login credentials to access the SCM Wizard and the cloud server.
- Open or View TAC cases from SD-WAN Manager

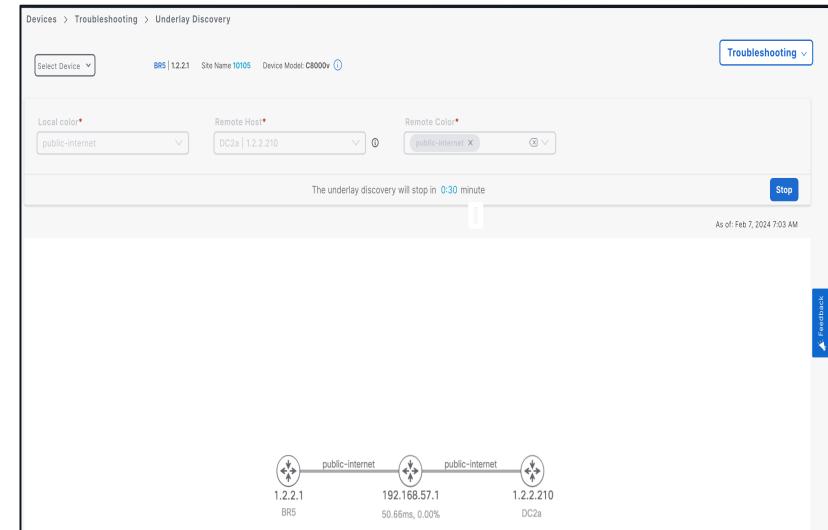


# Underlay Measurement and Tracing Service



# Underlay Measurement and Tracing Service

- From 17.10/20.10 release, XE-SDWAN routers can perform discovery (Tracing + Measurement) of underlay path.
- Determine exact node/provider is/are responsible for latency in underlay network.
- Displays the exact path which is being used by SD-WAN overlay tunnel.



# Underlay Measurement and Tracing Service

Path : Monitoring > Devices > Troubleshooting > Underlay Discovery



The screenshot shows the Underlay Discovery interface within a Cisco monitoring application. The top navigation bar includes 'Devices > Troubleshooting > Underlay Discovery'. On the left, a sidebar lists 'Monitor', 'Configuration', 'Analytics', 'Tools', and 'Reports'. The main area displays a selected device: 'DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name 10020' with 'Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X'. Below this, three dropdown fields are highlighted with red boxes: 'Local color\*' (set to 'biz-internet'), 'Remote Host\*' (set to 'BR10-c8kv | 110.110.10.1'), and 'Remote Color\*' (set to 'public-internet'). A search bar is also present. A 'Start' button is located on the right. The 'Troubleshooting' tab is selected in the top right corner.

# Underlay Measurement and Tracing Service

Devices > Troubleshooting > Underlay Discovery

Monitor Configuration Analytics Tools Reports Maintenance Administration Explore

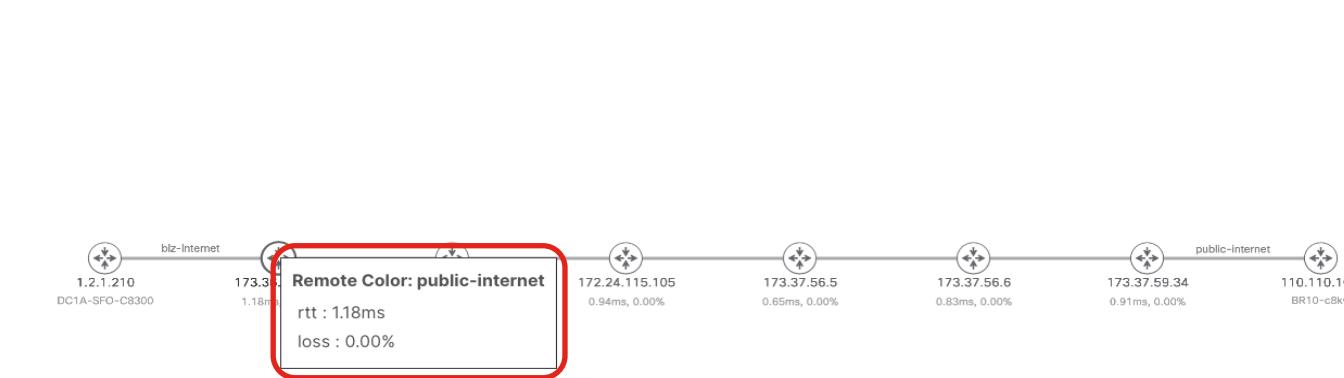
Select Device DC1A-SFO-C8300 | 1.2.1.210 Site Name 10020 Device Model: C8300-1N1S-4T2X ⓘ Troubleshooting

Local color\* Remote Host\* Remote Color\*

biz-internet BR10-c8kv | 110.110.10.1 public-internet

The underlay discovery will stop in 0:20 minute Stop

As of: Jan 14, 2025 1:21 AM



The diagram shows a traceroute path from a local device (1.2.1.210, DC1A-SFO-C8300) to a remote host (110.110.10.1, BR10-c8kv). The path consists of several intermediate nodes with their IP addresses and colors: 173.37.56.5 (public-internet), 173.37.55.6 (public-internet), 173.37.59.34 (public-internet), and 110.110.10.1 (public-internet). The first node, 173.37.56.5, is highlighted with a red box, and its details are displayed in a callout box: Remote Color: public-internet, rtt : 1.18ms, loss : 0.00%.

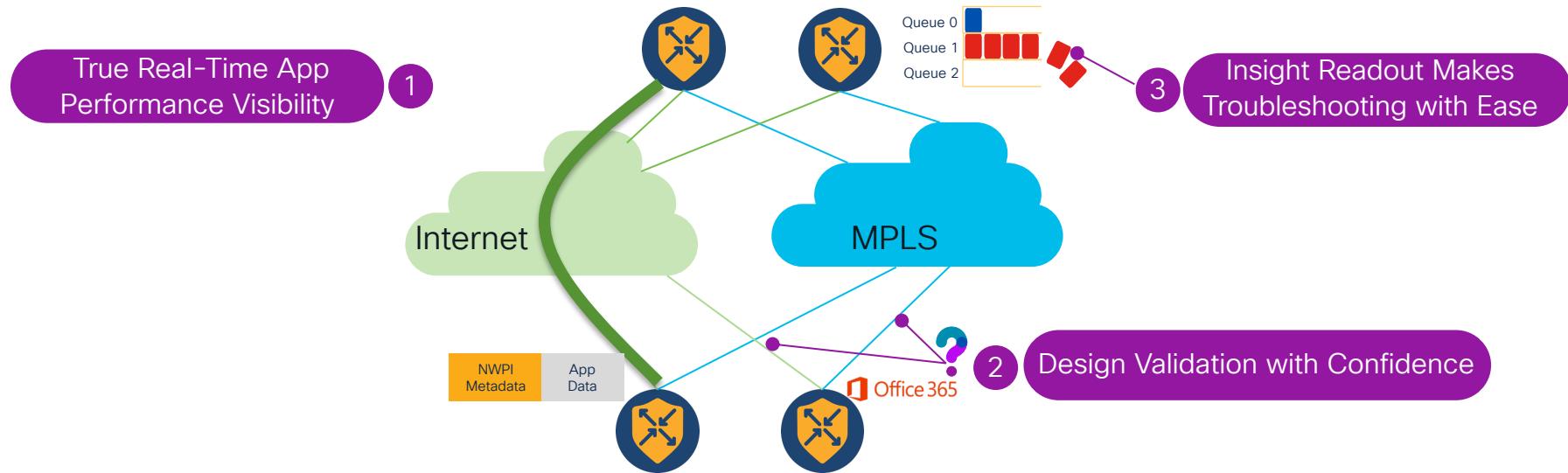
1.2.1.210  
DC1A-SFO-C8300  
173.37.56.5  
173.37.55.6  
173.37.59.34  
110.110.10.1  
BR10-c8kv

blz-internet public-internet

Remote Color: public-internet  
rtt : 1.18ms  
loss : 0.00%

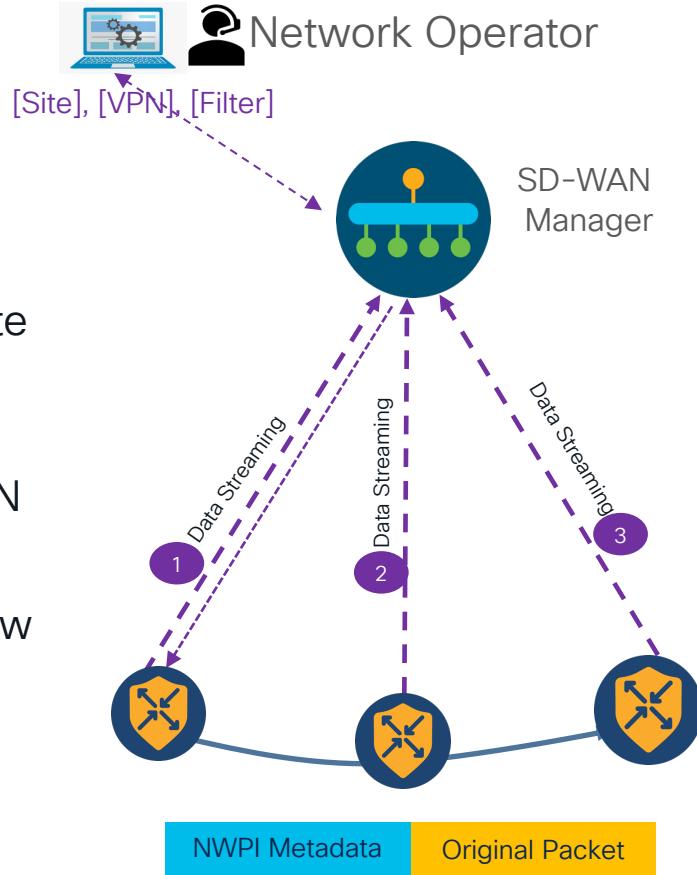
# Network Wide Path Insight (NWPI)

# NWPI: Confidant for SD-WAN Operations:



# How NWPI works?

- Network operator creates trace
- SD-WAN Manager instructs first router to write NWPI metadata into SD-WAN header
- Subsequent routers in path use NWPI metadata to send flow information to SD-WAN Manager
- SD-WAN Manager correlates into a single view



# NWPI Release Timeline

17.4/20.4

- NWPI Metadata Streaming integration with SD-WAN Manager
- On-demand Trace with basic filters
- Flow-level Insight
  - Flow path, DSCP, Loss, Delay and Jitter
  - Flow journey inside SD-WAN edge, e.g., data policy, queueing etc.

17.6/20.6

- DNS Domain Discovery
- More advanced filters and options (e.g., ART and app visibility)
- App Domain Insight
- Flow-level Insight- Advanced View
  - App Trend, Flow Trend
  - Intelligent Readout for Critical Use Cases

17.9/20.9

- Insight Summary
  - Overview
  - App Performance Insight
  - Event Insight
  - QoS Insight
- Flow-level Path Insight

# NWPI Release Timeline

17.12/20.12

- Synthetic Traffic for Design Validation
- Multiple VPNs Trace Supported
- UX 2.0 Global Topology and NWPI Integration
- Auto On NWPI Tasks for SLA Violation and QoS Congestion events

17.13/20.13

- NWPI and ISE Integration.
- User ID Grouping field

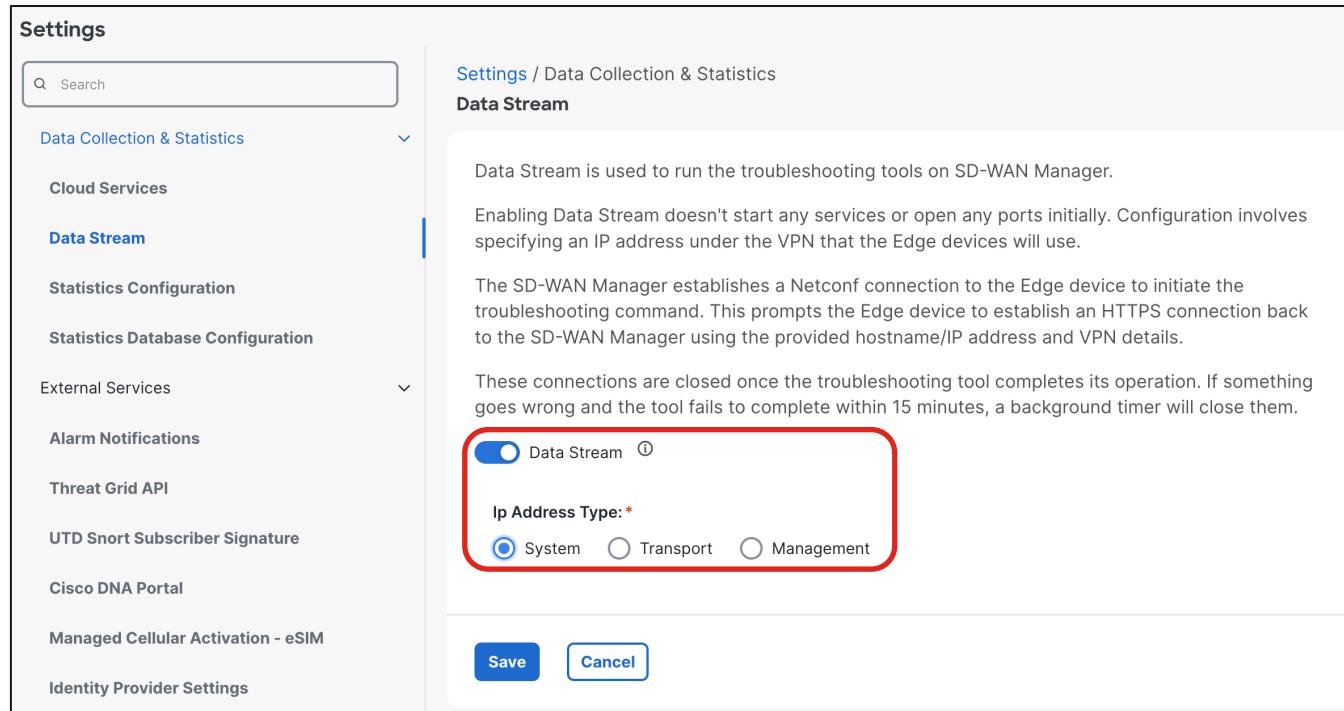
17.14/20.14

- NWPI and ThousandEyes Integration

# Prerequisites

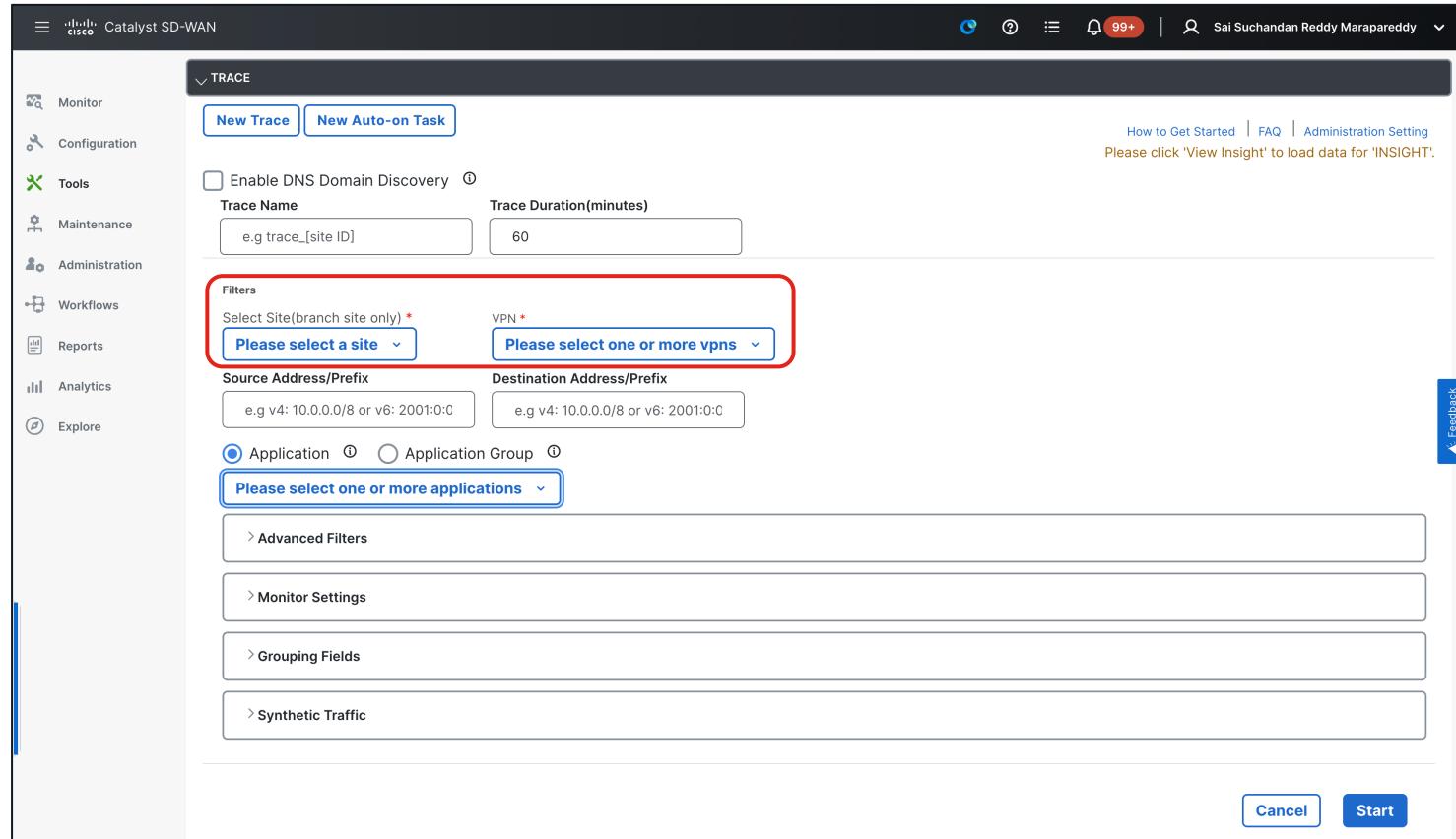
In SD-WAN Manager,

Administration->  
Settings->  
Data Stream ->  
Select  
System



The screenshot shows the SD-WAN Manager Settings page. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: Data Collection & Statistics, Cloud Services, Data Stream (which is selected and highlighted in blue), Statistics Configuration, Statistics Database Configuration, External Services, Alarm Notifications, Threat Grid API, UTD Snort Subscriber Signature, Cisco DNA Portal, Managed Cellular Activation - eSIM, and Identity Provider Settings. The main content area is titled "Data Stream" under "Settings / Data Collection & Statistics". It contains a description: "Data Stream is used to run the troubleshooting tools on SD-WAN Manager. Enabling Data Stream doesn't start any services or open any ports initially. Configuration involves specifying an IP address under the VPN that the Edge devices will use." It also states: "The SD-WAN Manager establishes a Netconf connection to the Edge device to initiate the troubleshooting command. This prompts the Edge device to establish an HTTPS connection back to the SD-WAN Manager using the provided hostname/IP address and VPN details. These connections are closed once the troubleshooting tool completes its operation. If something goes wrong and the tool fails to complete within 15 minutes, a background timer will close them." A red box highlights the "Data Stream" toggle switch and the "Ip Address Type:" section, which includes radio buttons for "System" (selected), "Transport", and "Management". At the bottom are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

# Start NWPI Trace



The screenshot shows the 'TRACE' configuration page in the Catalyst SD-WAN interface. The 'Tools' menu is selected on the left. The main area has a 'Filters' section highlighted with a red box, containing fields for 'Select Site(branch site only)' and 'VPN'. Below this are sections for 'Source Address/Prefix' and 'Destination Address/Prefix', and radio buttons for 'Application' and 'Application Group'. At the bottom are buttons for 'Cancel' and 'Start'.

How to Get Started | FAQ | Administration Setting  
Please click 'View Insight' to load data for 'INSIGHT'.

Enable DNS Domain Discovery

Trace Name: e.g trace\_[site ID]

Trace Duration(minutes): 60

Filters

Select Site(branch site only) \*

VPN \*

Source Address/Prefix: e.g v4: 10.0.0.0/8 or v6: 2001:0:0

Destination Address/Prefix: e.g v4: 10.0.0.0/8 or v6: 2001:0:0

Application  Application Group

Please select one or more applications

Please select one or more sites

Please select one or more vpns

Advanced Filters

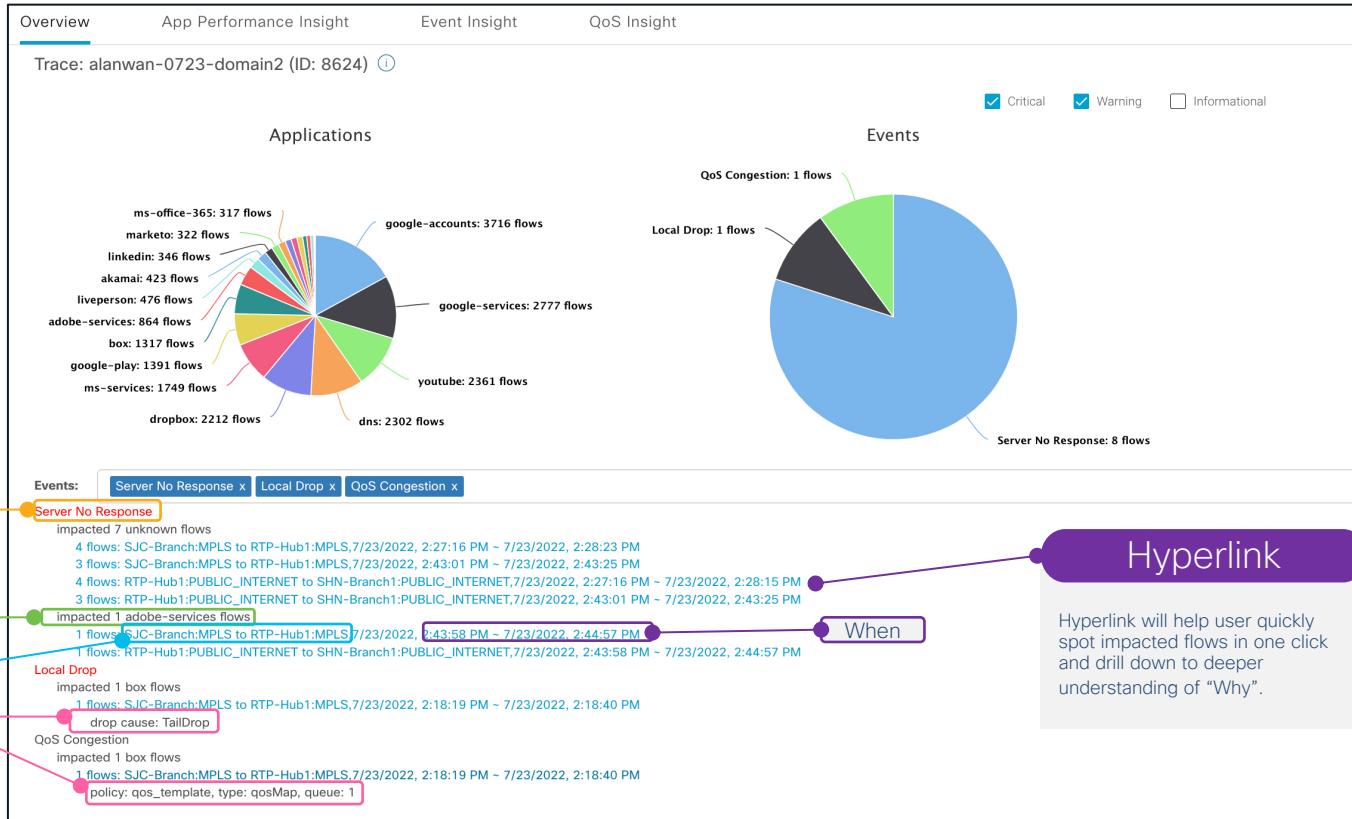
Monitor Settings

Grouping Fields

Synthetic Traffic

Cancel Start

# Insight Summary - Overview



# Insight Summary - App Performance Insight



## Readout

M365: SJC-Branch local breakout to SaaS Cloud via INET(DIA).

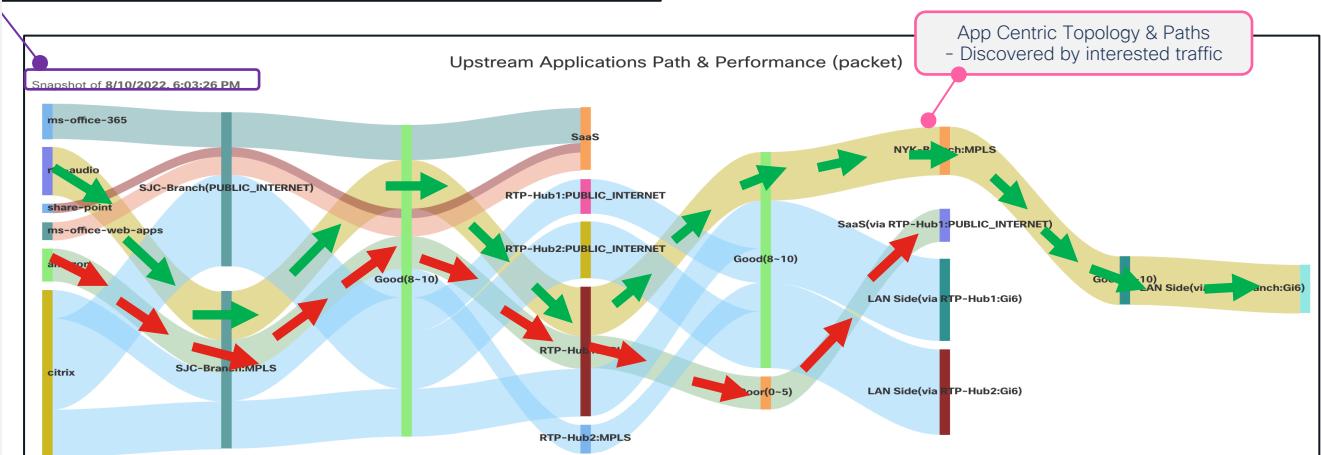
Amazon: Backhaul from SJC-branch to RTP-Hub1 via MPLS, then breakout to SaaS Cloud via INET(DIA).

Poor performance on the hop:

RTP-Hub1 to SaaS (via INET)  
high server network delay, score 3

rtp-audio: SJC-Branch to NYK-Branch via RTP-Hub1 (MPLS)

Citrix: Load balance from SJC-branch to RTP-Hub1/Hub2 via MPLS/INET, then toward Campus/DC via LAN.



# Insight Summary - Event Insight



# Insight Summary - QoS Insight

Queue	Application	Bandwidth
Queue0	Voice, Video	15%
Queue1	Webex	20%
Queue2(Default)	HTTP, SSL, Adobe-service etc.	20%
Queue3	SaaS(Box/Dropbox/Google/Office365/Amazon etc.) SMTP, POP3 ,Citrix, Exchange	45%

## Tips

### QoS Insight - Use case 1

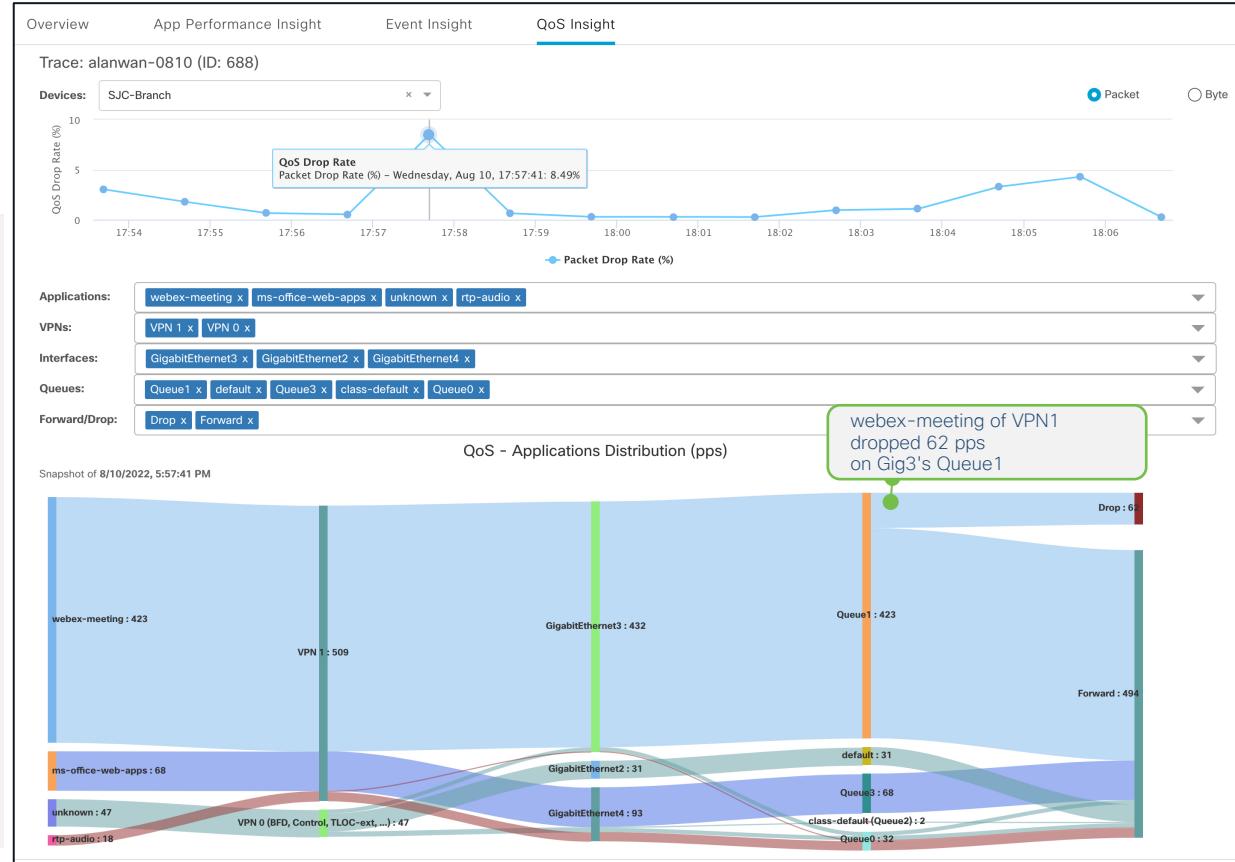
CIO's Webex meeting run into bad quality. Finally, root cause was:

More attendees joined the Webex meeting from same site and run out of planned bandwidth.

"QoS insight", for QoS congestion debug or bandwidth capacity planning.

### Remediation Actions:

1. Allocate more bandwidth for Webex/Queue1
2. Buy more bandwidth for circuit Gig3.
3. Allocate other apps to different queue if competing bandwidth is in same queue
4. Revisit traffic steering policy, for example not to prefer MPLS, load-balance to other WAN circuits.



# Scenario 1

## Integration with NWPI and ISE

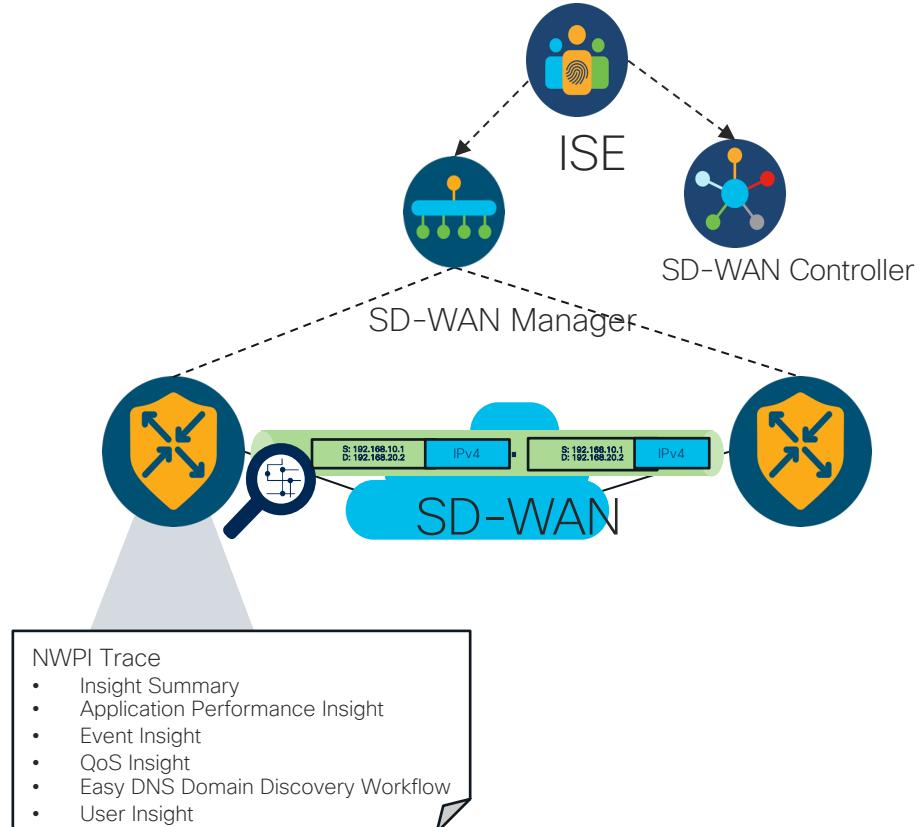
# Network Wide Path Insights (NWPI)

NWPI provides network wide insights such as

- Path insight overview,
- Application Performance Insight,
- Event Insight,
- QoS Insight,
- Flow Level Path Insights,
- DNS domain discovery,
- Path performance metrics.

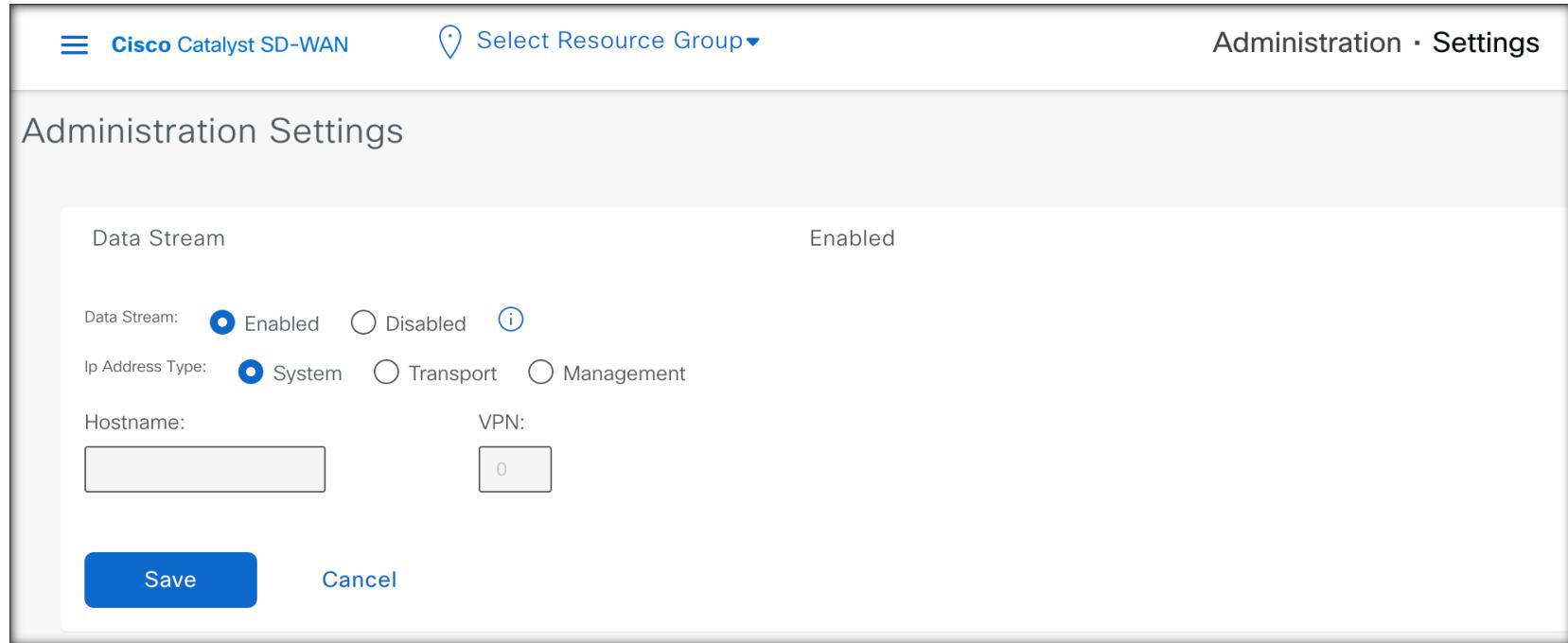
NWPI helps to validate policy design and insights for various application performance issues.

In 20.13/17.13, in NWPI trace settings we can trigger trace for specific user and group Insight summary based on user filter.



# Prerequisites

In SD-WAN Manager UI, go to Administration-> Settings-> Data Stream to enable Data Stream configuration.



The screenshot shows the 'Administration Settings' page in the Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN UI. The top navigation bar includes the Cisco logo, a 'Select Resource Group' dropdown, and the 'Administration · Settings' link. The main section is titled 'Administration Settings' and contains a 'Data Stream' configuration. The 'Data Stream' status is set to 'Enabled'. Below this, there are two radio button groups: 'Data Stream' (Enabled is selected) and 'Ip Address Type' (System is selected). There are also input fields for 'Hostname' (empty) and 'VPN' (value 0). At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN

Select Resource Group

Administration · Settings

## Administration Settings

Data Stream

Enabled

Data Stream:  Enabled  Disabled [i](#)

Ip Address Type:  System  Transport  Management

Hostname:

VPN:

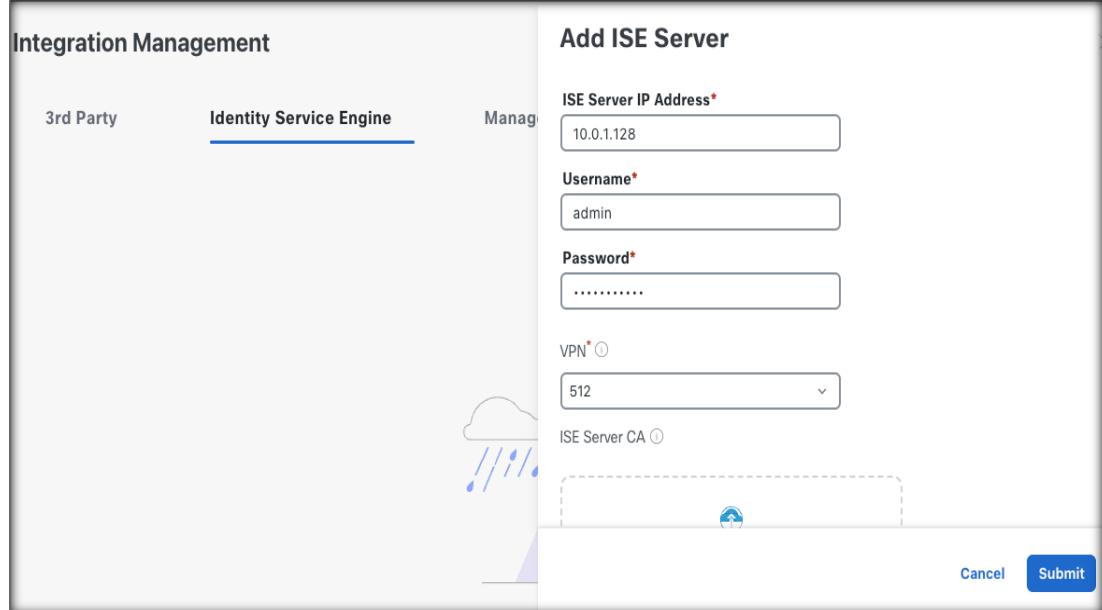
[Save](#) [Cancel](#)

# Add ISE Server

Before Adding ISE Server, make sure SD-WAN controller (vSmart) is in SD-WAN Manager (vManage) mode

Add the ISE connection details

- Server IP
- Admin username, password
- VPN to connect to ISE from SD-WAN Manager (0 or 512)



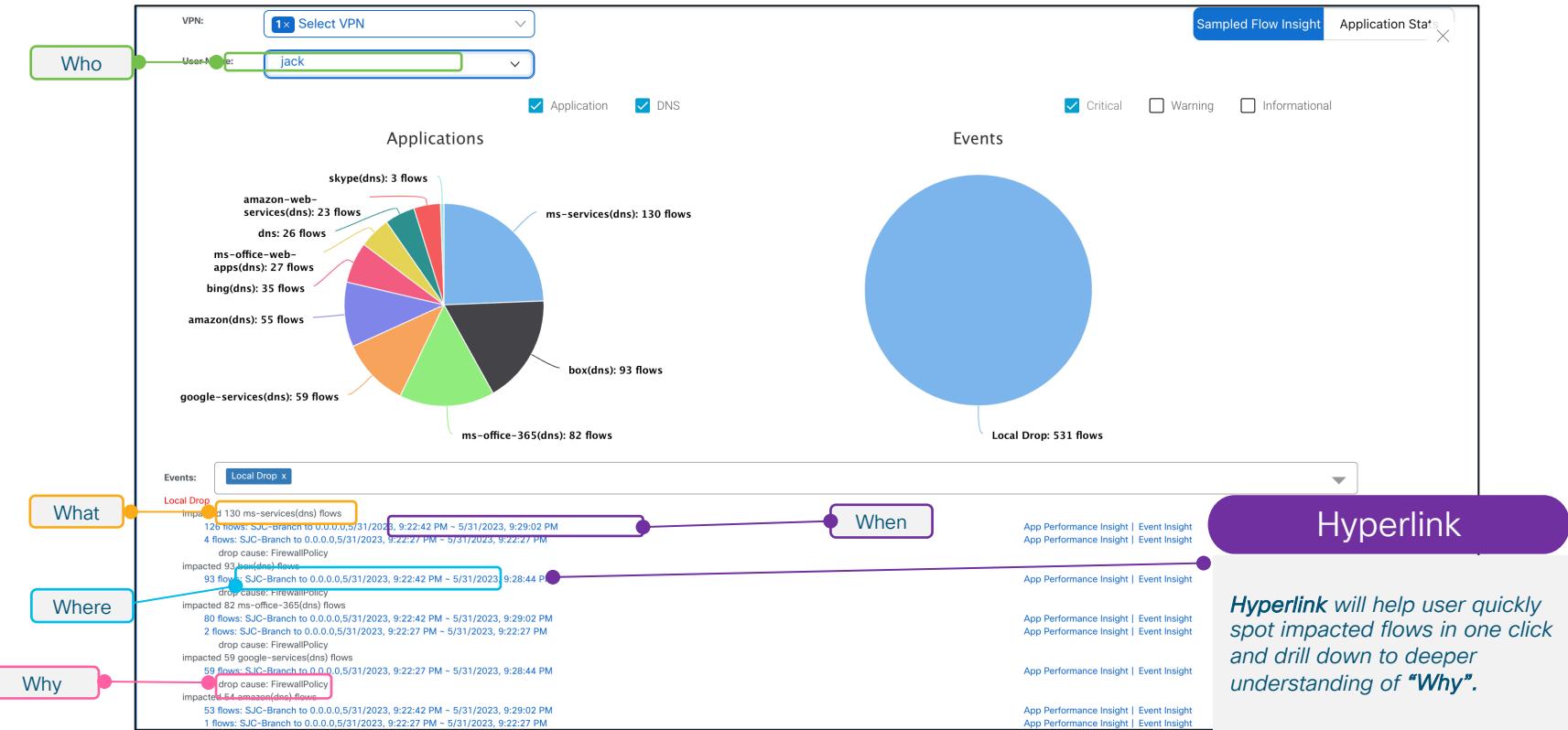
The screenshot shows the 'Add ISE Server' configuration dialog. The dialog is divided into two main sections: 'Integration Management' on the left and 'Add ISE Server' on the right. The 'Add ISE Server' section contains the following fields:

- ISE Server IP Address\*:
- Username\*:
- Password\*:
- VPN\*:
- ISE Server CA

At the bottom right of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Submit' buttons.

# User Unable To Access Application!!

User Jack complains internet access issue



# User(Jack) traffic is dropped on SJC-Branch

INSIGHT

Selected trace: ISE\_FW\_Demo (Trace Id: 21792)

Completed Flows

May 31, 2023, 9:22:42 PM - May 31, 2023, 9:28:44 PM

Selected Flow Id: 221

Filter: VPN Id:10 | Application:box(dns) | Event:Local Drop

Search by Domain, Application, Readout, etc. ⓘ

\* Readout Legend: X - Error, ⓘ - Warning, ✓ - Information, ⚡ - Synthetic Traffic, ⚡ - ThousandEyes.

Overall 3093 flows traced, 93 flows traced during May 31, 2023 9:22:42 PM to May 31, 2023 9:28:44 PM

Total Rows: 93

Start - Update Time Flow Id Readout \* VPN Id Source IP Src Port Destination IP Dest Port Protocol Username DSCP Upstream/Downstream Application App Group Domain ... AF

9:22:42 PM-9:22:42 PM 221 X 10 192.168.1.32 59784 208.67.222.222 53 UDP(DNS) jack DEFAULT ↑ / N/A ↓ box(dns) box-group www.box.com N

Direction HopIndex Local Edge Remote Edge Local Color Remote Color Local Drop(%) Wan Loss(%) Remote Drop(%) Jitter(ms) \* Latency(ms) \* ART CND(ms)/SND(ms) \* Total Packets Total Byte

Upstream 0 SJC-Branch 0.0.0.0 INVALID INVALID 100.00 N/A N/A N/A 1 71

Jack is accessing box app

Local drop

9:22:42 PM-9:22:42 PM 222 X 10 192.168.1.32 61689 208.67.222.222 53 UDP(DNS) jack DEFAULT ↑ / N/A ↓ box(dns) box-group Unknown N/

# View Policy & Config applied for user traffic

Hostname: SJC-Branch Event List: FIRST\_PACKET/DPLONGOING i Expand All Features

Version: 17.13.01.0.1247, Input: GigabitEthernet4, Output: Tunnel2 i

Ingress Feature	Egress Feature
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>+ Ingress Report</li><li>+ CEF Forwarding</li><li>+ SDWAN ACL IN &gt;&gt; View Policy &lt;&lt;</li><li>+ NBAR</li><li>+ SDWAN App Route Policy &gt;&gt; View Policy &lt;&lt;</li><li>+ SDWAN Data Policy IN &gt;&gt; View Policy &lt;&lt;</li><li>+ SDWAN Forwarding</li></ul>	<p>Early cls priority: 20 Permit apps list id: 0 Sdavc Early priority as app: 0 Classification visibility name: google-service Classification visibility ID: 1456 [CANA-L7:52] Number of matched sub-classifications: 0 Number of extracted fields: 0 Is PA (split) packet: False Is FIF (first in flow) packet: False TPH-MQC bitmask value: 0x0 Source MAC address: 00:50:56:83:59:13 Destination MAC address: 00:50:56:45:82:C9 Traffic Categories: N/A</p> <p>⊖ ZBFW &gt;&gt; View Policy &lt;&lt;</p> <p>Action : Drop Reason : Policy drop: classify result Zone-pair name : ZB_vpn10_vpn10_yicliu Class-map name : yicliu-unified-policy Policy name : yicliu-unified-policy Input interface : GigabitEthernet4 Egress interface : Tunnel2 Input VPN ID : 10 Output VPN ID : 10 Input VRF ID:Name : 1:10 Output VRF ID:Name : 1:10 AVC Classification ID : 0 AVC Classification name: N/A UTD Context ID : 0</p> <p>+ DROP_REPORT</p>

ZBFW

```
name:yicliu-unified-policy
type:zoneBasedFW
description:yicliu-unified-policy
isActivatedByVsmart:false

sequences:
sequencId: 1
sequenceType: zoneBasedFW
baseAction: drop
sequencepType ipv4
  match sourcelentityList yicliu-user-block-list
  user: jack

default-aciton
  pass
```

# Scenario 2

Integration with ThousandEyes &  
Underlay Measurement & Tracing Service

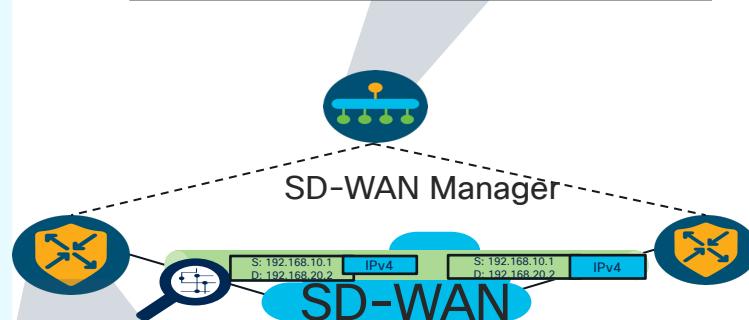
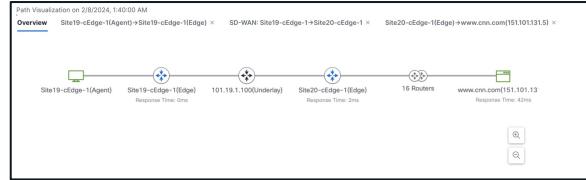
# Network Wide Path Insights

## Problem

NWPI provides Network Wide Insights such as

- Path Insight overview,
- Application Performance Insight
- Event Insight, QoS Insight etc.

However, it doesn't provide insights in to Underlay Path and Performance metrics at each hop.



### NWPI Trace

- Insight Summary
- Application Performance Insight
- Event & QoS Insight
- User Insight
- ThousandEyes Insight

## Solution

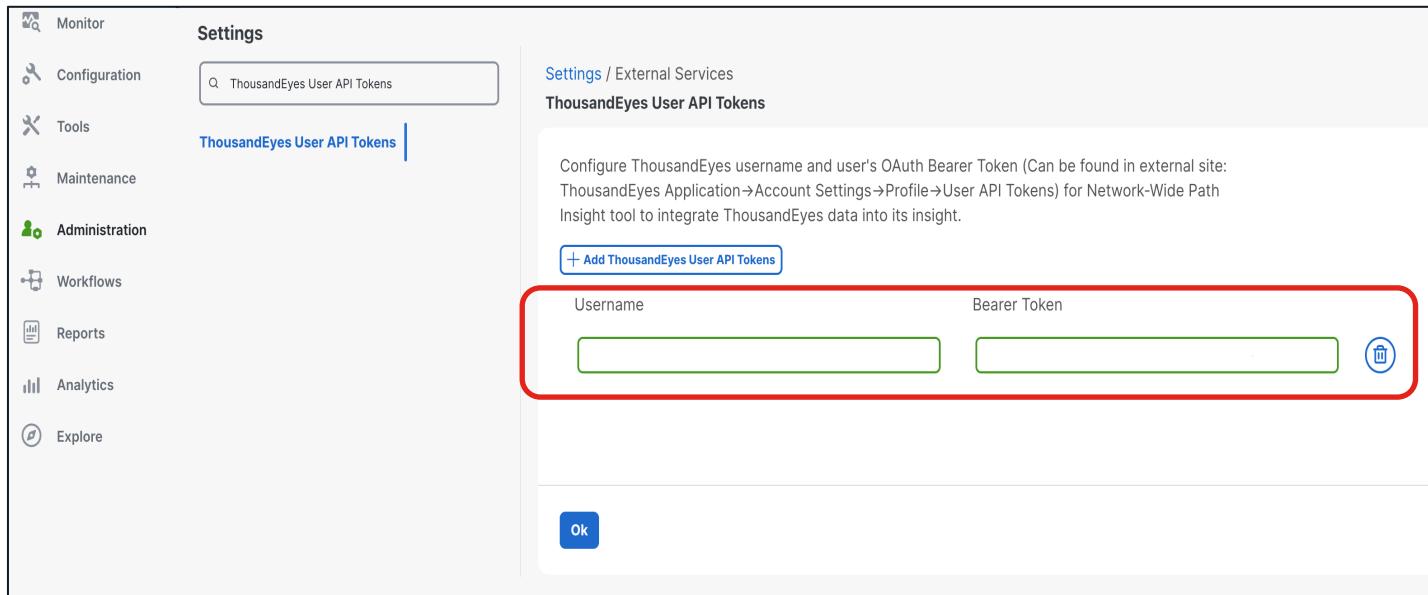
With ThousandEyes Integration, NWPI Trace data and TE probe tests results are auto co-related.

ThousandEyes Path Visualization provides visibility into Internet hops used when accessing the Public/SaaS apps.

NWPI is integrated with Underlay Measurement and Tracing Service (UMTS) to provide underlay insights corelated with TE Insights

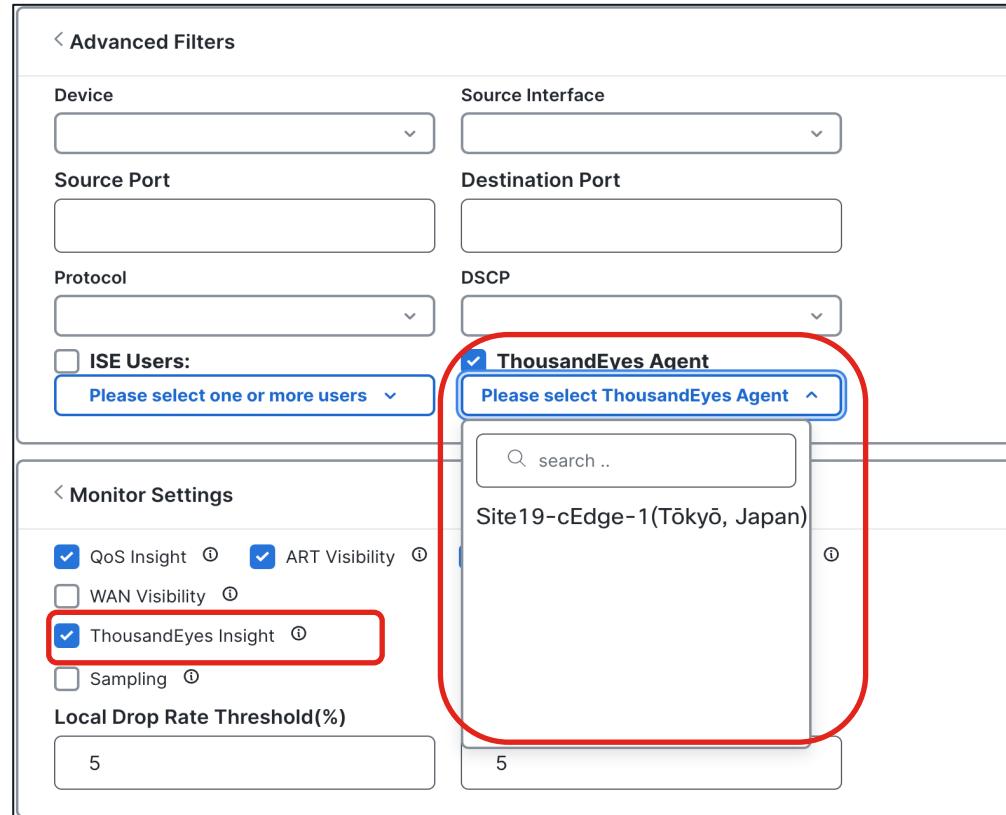
# Configure ThousandEyes API Token

- For ThousandEyes Insights, configure ThousandEyes Username and OAuth Bearer Token.
- API Token can be fetched from ThousandEyes Dashboard in below path.
  - ThousandEyes Application → Account Settings → Profile → User API Tokens

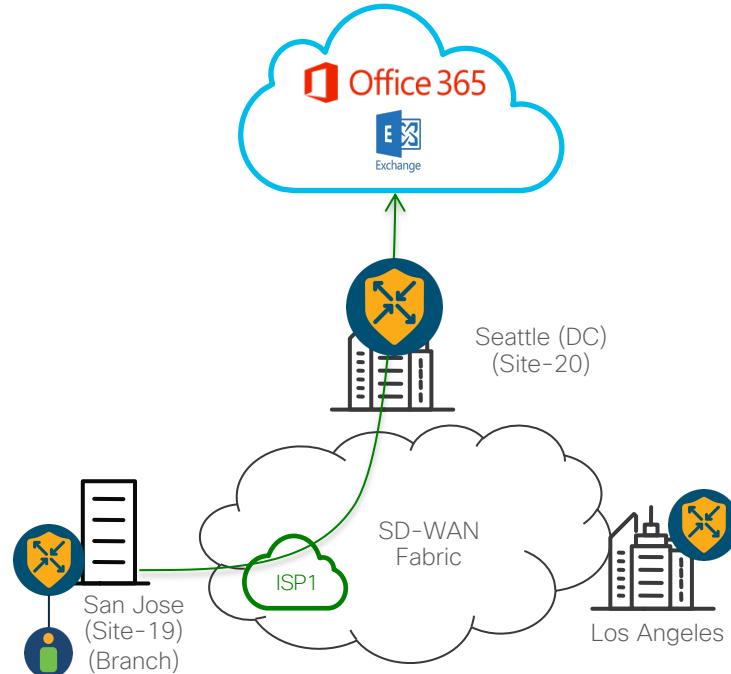


# Start NWPI Trace

- Select ThousandEyes Agent from Advanced Filters
- TE Agent can be running on the XE SDWAN router or TE Agent can be located behind the router on Service Side.
- Enable ThousandEyes Insights Flag in Monitor Settings. (It is optional, With TE account configured in SD-WAN Manager Admin Settings, this flag is enabled by default)



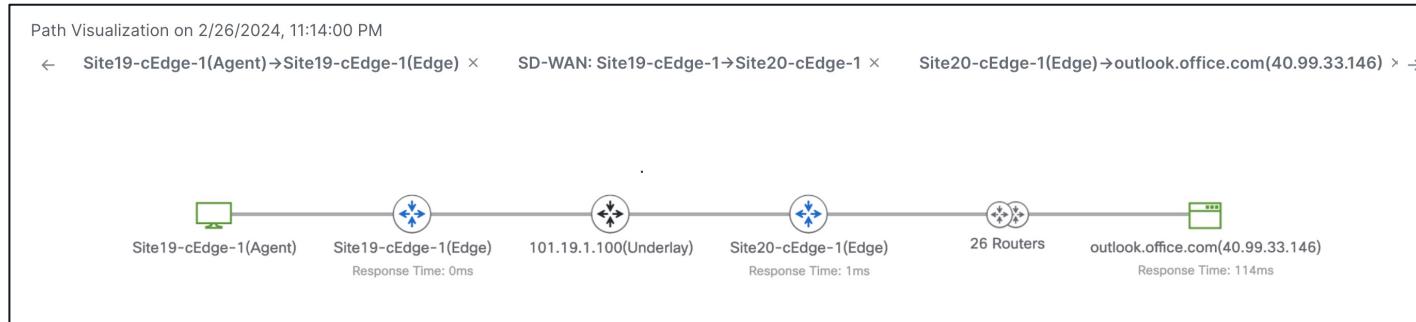
# User in San Jose Branch complains that they experience slowness when accessing Outlook



# End-to-End Path Visualization

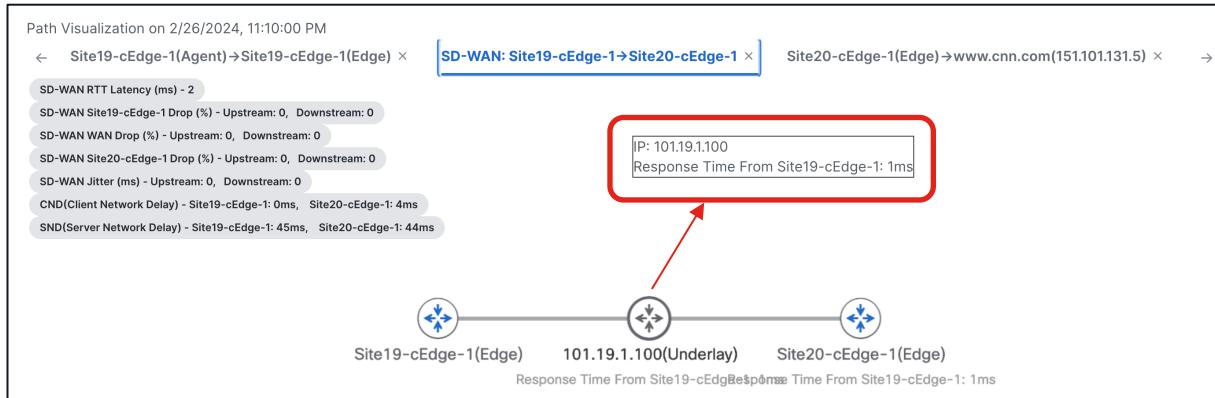
In below scenario, Path Visualization is represented for each segments such as

- SD-WAN Branch -> SD-WAN DC
- SD-WAN DC -> SaaS Endpoint

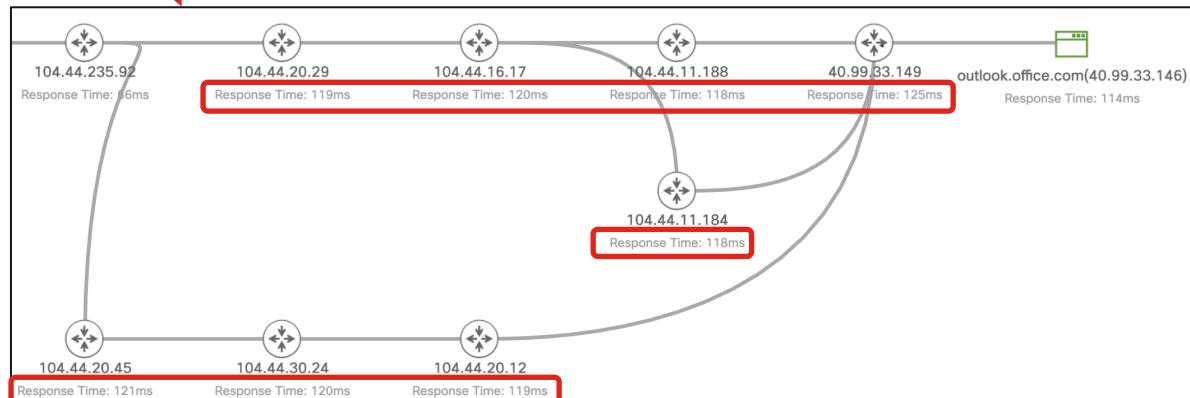
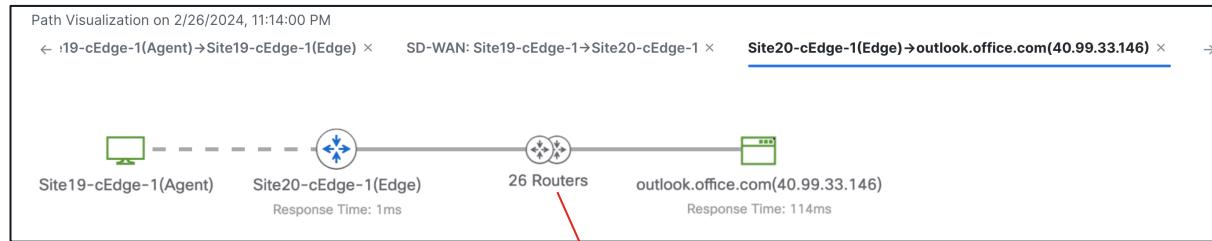


# Underlay Visibility for SD-WAN Tunnels

- Latency in Underlay Hops corresponding to SD-WAN Tunnel between Branch and DC



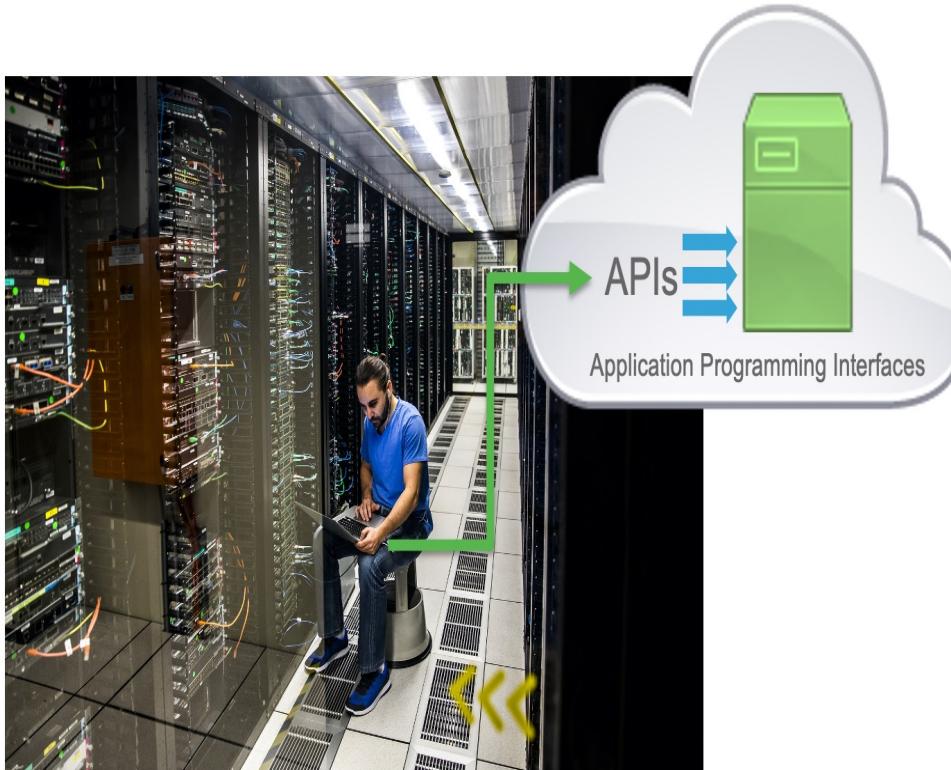
# ThousandEyes Path Visualization for Internet Hops



\*Only part of Internet Path is shown in this screenshot

# Build your own API-Workflow

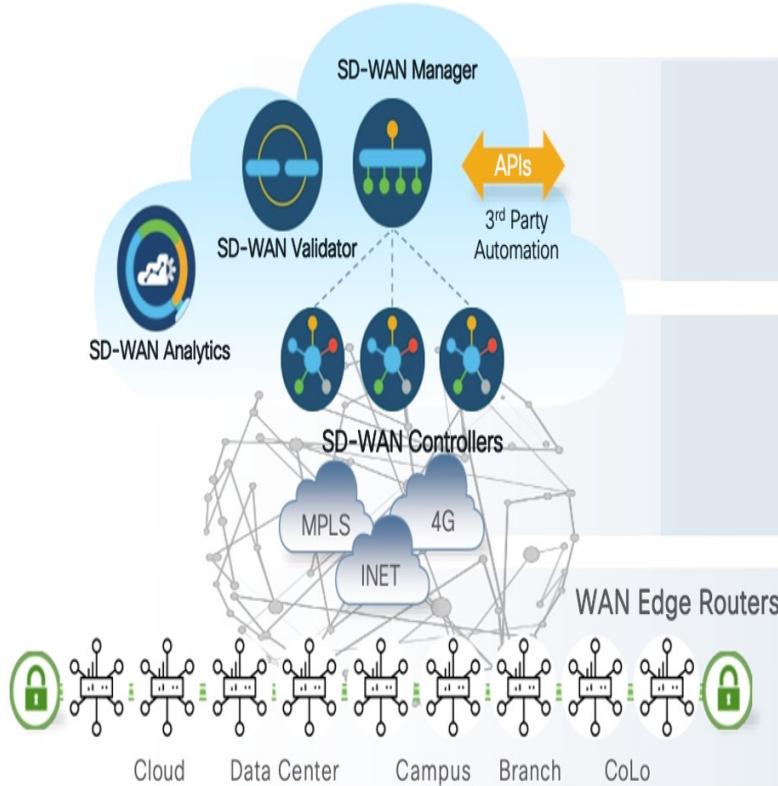
# Why API's ?



## Challenges

- Manually Performing the Tasks
- Repetition of Tasks
- Prone to Human Errors
- Time consuming
- Need dedicated Human resource

# SD-WAN Manager API's



Cisco SD-WAN vManage API is a REST API interface for controlling, configuring, and monitoring the Cisco devices in an overlay network.

- Monitoring device status
- Configuring a device, such as attaching a template to device
- Querying and aggregating device statistics

Base URI:

<https://<vmanage-server>/dataservice>

# SD-WAN Manager API's

Try it out! Hide Response

Request URL

```
https://10.29.43.31:443/dataservice/device
```

Response Body

```
{
  "header": {
    "generatedOn": 1540335618852,
    "viewKeys": {
      "uniqueKey": [
        "system-ip"
      ],
      "preferenceKey": "grid-Device"
    },
    "columns": [
      {
        "title": "Hostname",
        "property": "host-name",
        "display": "iconAndText",
        "iconProperty": "device-type",
        "hideable": false,
        "icon": [
          {
            "key": "vmanage",
            "value": "images/vmanage_table.png"
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

Response Code

```
200
```

Response Headers

```
{
  "date": "Tue, 23 Oct 2018 23:00:18 GMT",
  "content-encoding": "gzip",
  "x-frame-options": "DENY",
  "vary": "Accept-Encoding",
  "x-csrf-report-set": "true",
  "max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains",
  "content-type": "application/json",
  "cache-control": "no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate",
  "transfer-encoding": "chunked",
  "connection": "keep-alive"
}
```

GET	/device/unreachable	Retrieve list of unreachable devices
GET	/device/models	Retrieve all device models

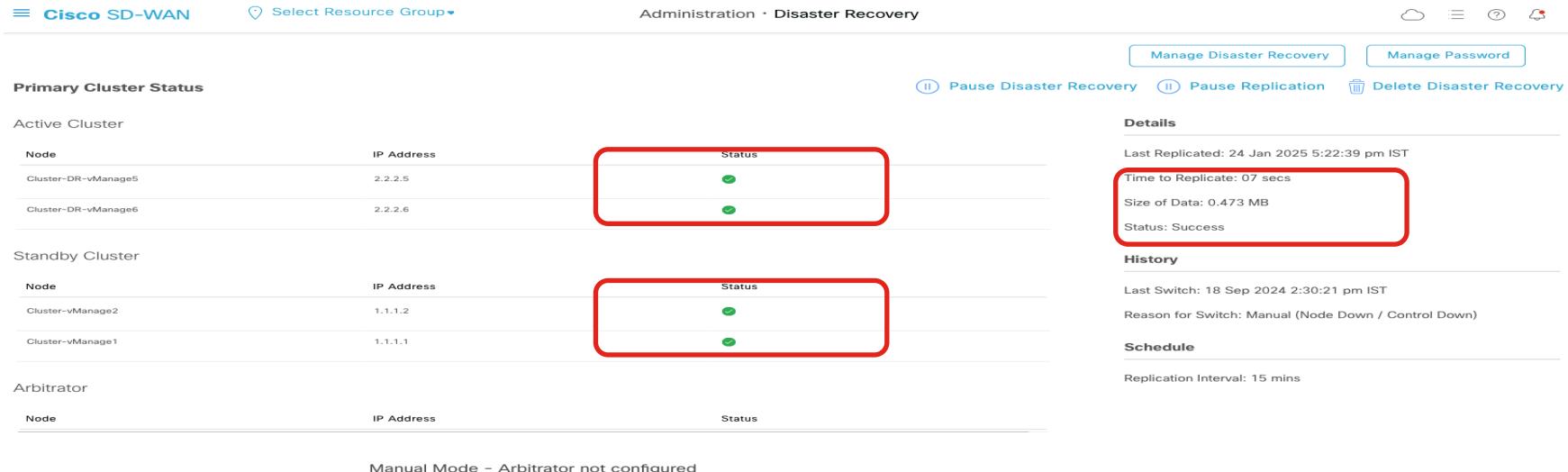
- Swagger-based documentation is accessible through your vManage instance at <https://IP-ADDRESS:port/apidocs>.

# Need of Workflow



# Precheck MOP(Method of Procedure)

1. Perform a status check by choosing Administration > Disaster Recovery.  
(On both Active & Standby)
  - Status is seen as green
  - Details section should be showing “Success”



The screenshot shows the Cisco SD-WAN Administration - Disaster Recovery interface. The Primary Cluster Status section is displayed, divided into Active Cluster, Standby Cluster, and Arbitrator. The Active Cluster table lists two nodes: Cluster-DR-vManage5 (IP 2.2.2.5) and Cluster-DR-vManage6 (IP 2.2.2.6). The Standby Cluster table lists two nodes: Cluster-vManage2 (IP 1.1.1.2) and Cluster-vManage1 (IP 1.1.1.1). The Arbitrator section is empty, stating "Manual Mode - Arbitrator not configured". The Details section on the right shows the last replicated time (24 Jan 2025 5:22:39 pm IST), time to replicate (07 secs), size of data (0.473 MB), and status (Success). The History section shows the last switch time (18 Sep 2024 2:30:21 pm IST) and reason (Manual (Node Down / Control Down)). The Schedule section shows a replication interval of 15 mins. The Status and Details sections for the Active and Standby Clusters are highlighted with red boxes.

Node	IP Address	Status
Cluster-DR-vManage5	2.2.2.5	Green
Cluster-DR-vManage6	2.2.2.6	Green

Node	IP Address	Status
Cluster-vManage2	1.1.1.2	Green
Cluster-vManage1	1.1.1.1	Green

Manual Mode - Arbitrator not configured

Details

Last Replicated: 24 Jan 2025 5:22:39 pm IST

Time to Replicate: 07 secs

Size of Data: 0.473 MB

Status: Success

History

Last Switch: 18 Sep 2024 2:30:21 pm IST

Reason for Switch: Manual (Node Down / Control Down)

Schedule

Replication Interval: 15 mins

# Precheck MOP(Method of Procedure)

2. Perform a check on the services by choosing Administration > Cluster Management
  - Service Configuration should show status of the Nodes as “Ready”
  - Service Reachability should show all the services as reachable.

**Administration - Cluster Management**

**Service Configuration** (highlighted with a red box)

Hostname	IP Address	Configure Status	Node Persons	UUID
Cluster-vManage3	1.1.1.3	Ready	COMPUTE_AND_DATA	267cbd28-fbbe-48d2-bc59-86f0af1e8ae2
Cluster-vManage6	1.1.1.6	Ready	DATA	0762e5c6-01b9-46ad-92ce-a180940a52f3
Cluster-vManage5	1.1.1.5	Ready	DATA	65a6f926-173a-4a39-9498-c71dda6d6b51
Cluster-vManage4	1.1.1.4	Ready	DATA	5561497c-9cad-429e-b37b-78d1327d41da
Cluster-vManage1	1.1.1.1	Ready	COMPUTE_AND_DATA	c2a61626-1690-4ff9-b659-fc8436a7755b
Cluster-vManage2	1.1.1.2	Ready	COMPUTE_AND_DATA	f93bc490-0399-4d11-ba33-99e46a9ad98d

**Administration - Cluster Management**

**Service Reachability** (highlighted with a red box)

IP Address	Application Server	Statistics Database	Configuration Database	Messaging Server	SD-AVC
1.1.1.1	reachable	reachable	reachable	reachable	-
1.1.1.2	reachable	reachable	reachable	reachable	-
1.1.1.3	reachable	reachable	reachable	reachable	-
1.1.1.4	reachable	reachable	-	-	-
1.1.1.5	reachable	reachable	-	-	-
1.1.1.6	reachable	reachable	-	-	-

# Precheck MOP(Method of Procedure)

## 3. Controller full mesh verification

- Serial list check :

In vbond “show orchestrator valid-vsmart” should be same across all validators  
[ total = no. of vmanage nodes + vsmart nodes]

## 4. Send to controller should pass without any issues

# API Workflow

1. Check the status of the Nodes on the DR page :

/dataservice/disasterrecovery/localdc

Sample Output :

```
[  
  {  
    "dcName": "DC2",  
    "nodes": [  
      {  
        "hostName": "Cluster-vManage2",  
        "deviceIP": "1.1.1.2",  
        "state": "UP"  
      },  
      {  
        "hostName": "Cluster-vManage1",  
        "deviceIP": "1.1.1.1",  
        "state": "UP"  
      },  
      <Snipped>  
      {  
        "dcName": "DC1 (Primary)",  
        "nodes": [  
          {  
            "hostName": "Cluster-DR-vManage5",  
            "deviceIP": "2.2.2.5",  
            "state": "UP"  
          },  
          {  
            "hostName": "Cluster-DR-vManage6",  
            "deviceIP": "2.2.2.6",  
            "state": "UP"  
          },  
          <Snipped>  
        ]  
      }  
    ]  
}
```

# API Workflow

2. Check the Status if it is Success :

/dataservice/disasterrecovery/details

3. Check the status of the Nodes  
who's Primary and who's Secondary :

/dataservice/disasterrecovery/drstatus

Sample output :

```
{  
  "replicationDetails" : [  
    {  
      "lastReplicated" : 1729598480308,  
      "exportDuration" : "07 secs",  
      "exportSize" : "0.312 MB",  
      "replicationStatus" : "success"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

<<< Check for Success

Sample Output :

```
[  
  {  
    "mgmtIPAddress" : "1.1.1.1",  
    "dcPersonality" : "secondary"  
  },  
  {  
    "mgmtIPAddress" : "2.2.2.1",  
    "dcPersonality" : "primary"  
  }  
]
```

# API Workflow

## 4. Check for Cluster health : (Check if state for all nodes is Ready)

/dataservice/clusterManagement/list

Sample Output :

```
"data": [
  {
    "isIPConfigured": true,
    "data": [
      {
        "vmanageID": "3",
        "configJson": {
          "uuid": "1158cc4d-b77d-4d96-8e68-5d41a13b57b9",
          "host-name": "Cluster-DR-vManage4",
          "deviceIP": "2.2.2.4",
          "state": "Ready",
          "container-manager": false,
          "persona": "DATA"
        }
      },
      {
        "vmanageID": "4",
        "configJson": {
          "uuid": "80740a8c-170c-4a43-8b62-3a8d6174eafe",
          "host-name": "Cluster-DR-vManage5",
          "deviceIP": "2.2.2.5",
          "state": "Ready",
          "container-manager": false,
          "persona": "DATA"
        }
      },
      <Snipped>
    ]
  }
]
```

# API Workflow

## 5. Check for the Cluster services health : (Check if all services are True)

```
"data": [
  {
    "deviceIP": "2.2.2.1"
  },
  {
    "statistics-db": true,
    "application-server": true,
    "messaging-server": true,
    "configuration-db": true,
    "deviceIP": "2.2.2.1"
  },
  {
    "statistics-db": true,
    "application-server": true,
    "messaging-server": true,
    "configuration-db": true,
    "deviceIP": "2.2.2.2"
  },
  {
    ...
  }
<Snipped>
```

# API Workflow

6. Check for Serial list (show orchestrator valid-vsmart) :

`dataservice/device/orchestrator/validvsmarts?deviceid=192.168.88.21`

**NOTE : Need to run this for all the SD-WAN Validator system IP's.**

**The Serial list should match on all the Validators**

```
"data": [
  {
    "vdevice-dataKey": "192.168.88.21-16DEA96BCF940761954EA5AEE34F25735A399180",
    "vdevice-name": "192.168.88.21",
    "serial-number": "16DEA96BCF940761954EA5AEE34F25735A399180",
    "lastupdated": 1729600844665,
    "vdevice-host-name": "Cluster-vbond1-DC"
  },
  {
    "vdevice-dataKey": "192.168.88.21-1D08B5AA3D691FFF1A575472DC09A8E8327EC858",
    "vdevice-name": "192.168.88.21",
    "serial-number": "1D08B5AA3D691FFF1A575472DC09A8E8327EC858",
    "lastupdated": 1729600844665,
    "vdevice-host-name": "Cluster-vbond1-DC"
  },
  <Snipped>
```

# API Workflow

<https://github.com/umohanty/DR-Precheck>

```
(base) UMOHANTY-M-WGFX:Downloads umohanty$ python3 DC-DR-Precheck-v01.py
```

#### Device List:

Data Center Name	Host Name	Device IP	State
DC2	Cluster-vManage2	1.1.1.2	UP
DC2	Cluster-vManage1	1.1.1.1	UP
DC2	Cluster-vManage5	1.1.1.5	UP
DC2	Cluster-vManage4	1.1.1.4	UP
DC2	Cluster-vManage3	1.1.1.3	UP
DC2	Cluster-vManage6	1.1.1.6	UP
DC1 (Primary)	Cluster-DR-vManage5	2.2.2.5	UP
DC1 (Primary)	Cluster-DR-vManage6	2.2.2.6	UP
DC1 (Primary)	Cluster-DR-vManage3	2.2.2.3	UP
DC1 (Primary)	Cluster-DR-vManage2	2.2.2.2	UP
DC1 (Primary)	Cluster-DR-vManage1	2.2.2.1	UP
DC1 (Primary)	Cluster-DR-vManage4	2.2.2.4	UP

#### Replication Details:

Last Replicated	Export Duration	Export Size	Replication Status
2025-01-24 17:37:39	07 secs	0.474 MB	Success

#### Disaster Recovery Status:

Management IP	Data Center Personality
1.1.1.1	secondary
2.2.2.1	primary

```
vBond Check 0 Passed
vBond Check 1 Passed
vBond Check 2 Passed
vBond Check 3 Passed
```

```
Send to Controller :
```

```
Task Successful
{'id': '4cccd613a-2e91-4830-84a8-701c221c0d77'}
```

# Key Takeaways

# Key Takeaways

- Overview of SD-WAN
- Monitoring & Troubleshooting Challenges
- Cisco SD-WAN Manager Tools & Use case scenario's
- Build your own API workflow

DR Failover prechecks



# Webex App

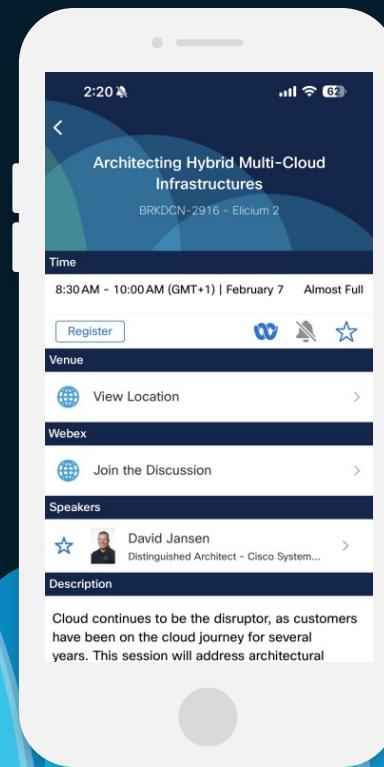
## Questions?

Use the Webex app to chat with the speaker after the session

## How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Events mobile app
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install the Webex app or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated by the speaker until February 28, 2025.



# Fill Out Your Session Surveys



Participants who fill out a minimum of 4 session surveys and the overall event survey will get a unique Cisco Live t-shirt.

(from 11:30 on Thursday, while supplies last)



All surveys can be taken in the Cisco Events mobile app or by logging in to the Session Catalog and clicking the 'Participant Dashboard'



Content Catalog



# Continue your education

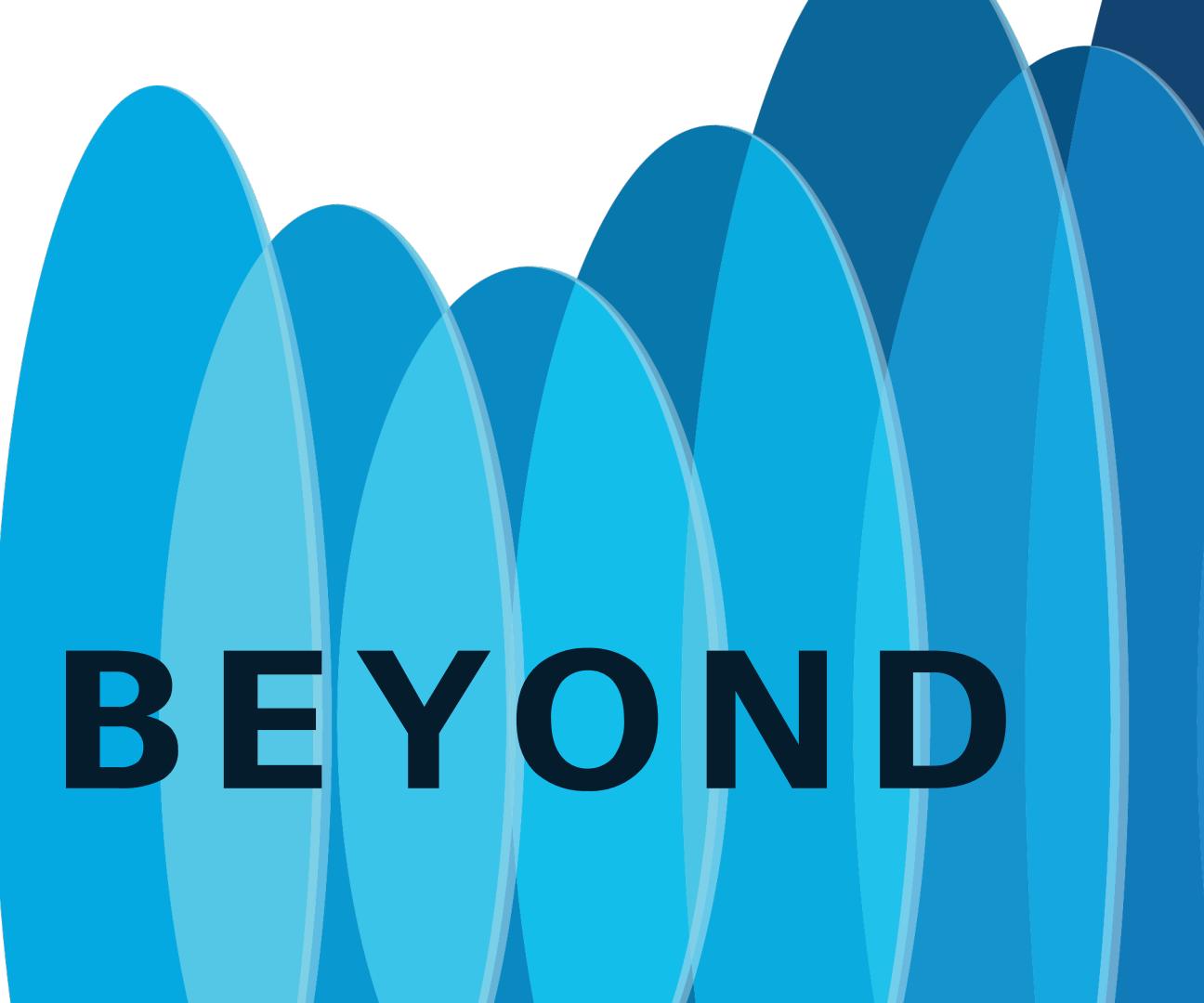
- Visit the Cisco Showcase for related demos
- Book your one-on-one Meet the Engineer meeting
- Attend the interactive education with DevNet, Capture the Flag, and Walk-in Labs
- Visit the On-Demand Library for more sessions at [ciscolive.com/on-demand](https://ciscolive.com/on-demand). Sessions from this event will be available from March 3.

Contact me at: [umohanty@cisco.com](mailto:umohanty@cisco.com)



# Thank you

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