

CISCO *Live!*

ALL IN

#CiscoLive



The bridge to possible

# Outdoor Wireless

A prospective from the field on Design | Build | Maintenance

Ian Procyk, Sr. Technical Solutions Architect

@VE7HHS & [iprocyk@cisco.com](mailto:iprocyk@cisco.com)

BRKEWN-2832

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# Cisco Webex App

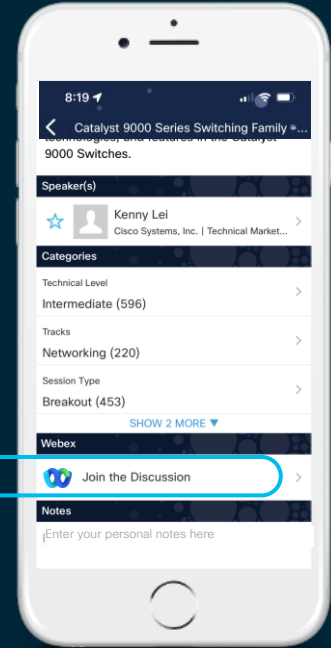
## Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

## How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install the Webex App or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated by the speaker until June 17, 2022.



<https://cislive.ciscoevents.com/cislivebot/#BRKEWN-2832>



# Agenda

- Fluid MESH (CURWB) vs 802.11 MESH
- Considerations when deploying outdoors
- 6GHz Outdoors?
- What makes the 9124AX(I,D,E) Different?
- Recent MESH Enhancements
- FAQ Rapid Fire

# Special Thanks:

## UBC Wireless Team

Geoff Armstrong VE7KA  
Matt Dodge VA7ROH  
Devin Kettle

## Pason Systems

Niall Sexton  
Jared Feniak



# Your Speaker – Ian Procyk (iprocyk@cisco.com)



- University of B.C. (WLAN team) 2005-2009
- Canadian Coast Guard (Telecom) 2009-2010
- GBIT Logistics (IT Consultancy) 2010-2011
- Cisco Systems (Wireless Guy) 2011-today

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- Ham Radio – Licensed 1997 – **VE7HHS**
- Help run a WISP for EMCOMM (BCWARN.net)
- Support many amateur radio clubs / repeater sites

# Let's Address Something Off the Top...



Cisco Ultra Reliable Wireless Backhaul  
CURWB

VS



Catalyst Wireless  
802.11 MESH

# Introducing Cisco Catalyst IW9167 Series

One hardware, two wireless technologies

Industrial and outdoor  
Wi-Fi 6E access point



Cisco Ultra-Reliable  
Wireless Backhaul

Improved data rate: up to 7.8Gpbs  
Improved availability: up to 99.999%



IP67, shock/vibration,  
extreme temperatures



Cisco secure



Flexible and sustainable



Tri-radio

2.4 GHz, 5GHz, 5/6GHz



4x4

4 spatial streams



Multigigabit

RJ45, M12 or SFP+



PoE and

DC power



GNSS, BLE,

Scanning Radio

Learn more, see product and demo at the WoS

# Consider CURWB on IW9167 IF:

- You are looking for a dedicated P2P or P2MP backhaul solution
- You don't want a WLC involved
- Your application requires high speed mobility and or seamless handoff
- Environmental (vibration, extended temp) are important

# Consider Catalyst Wireless MESH IF:

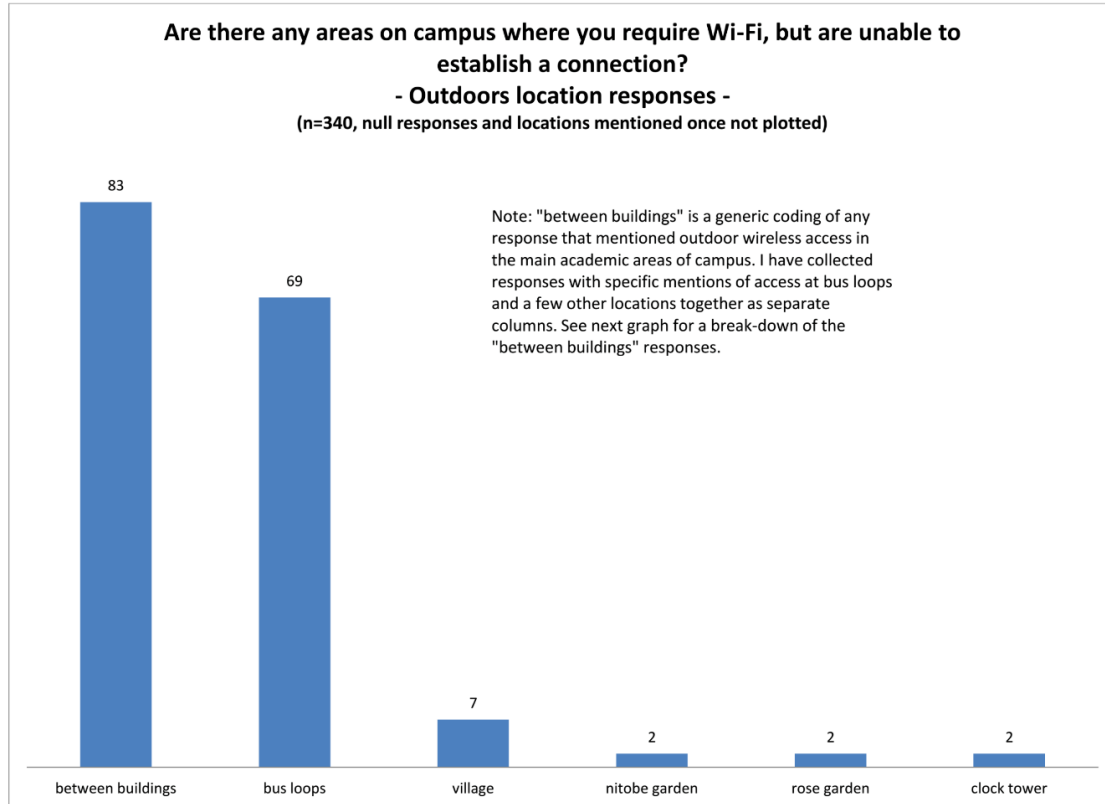
- You need to provide Wi-Fi & Backhaul in the same area (one box)
- You already have a WLC
- You are ok with “fixed portable” MESH operation

# Considerations when deploying outdoors



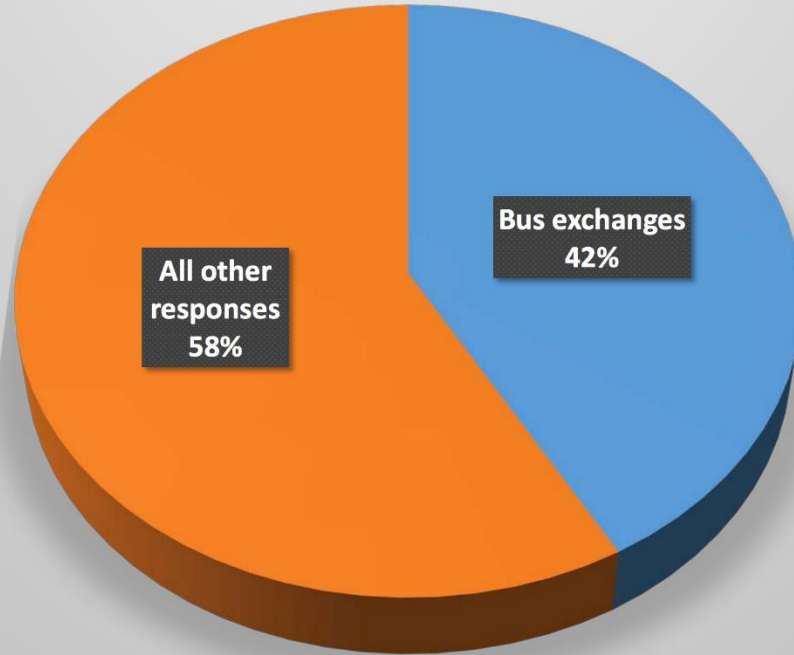


# On Campus? Where do I start?



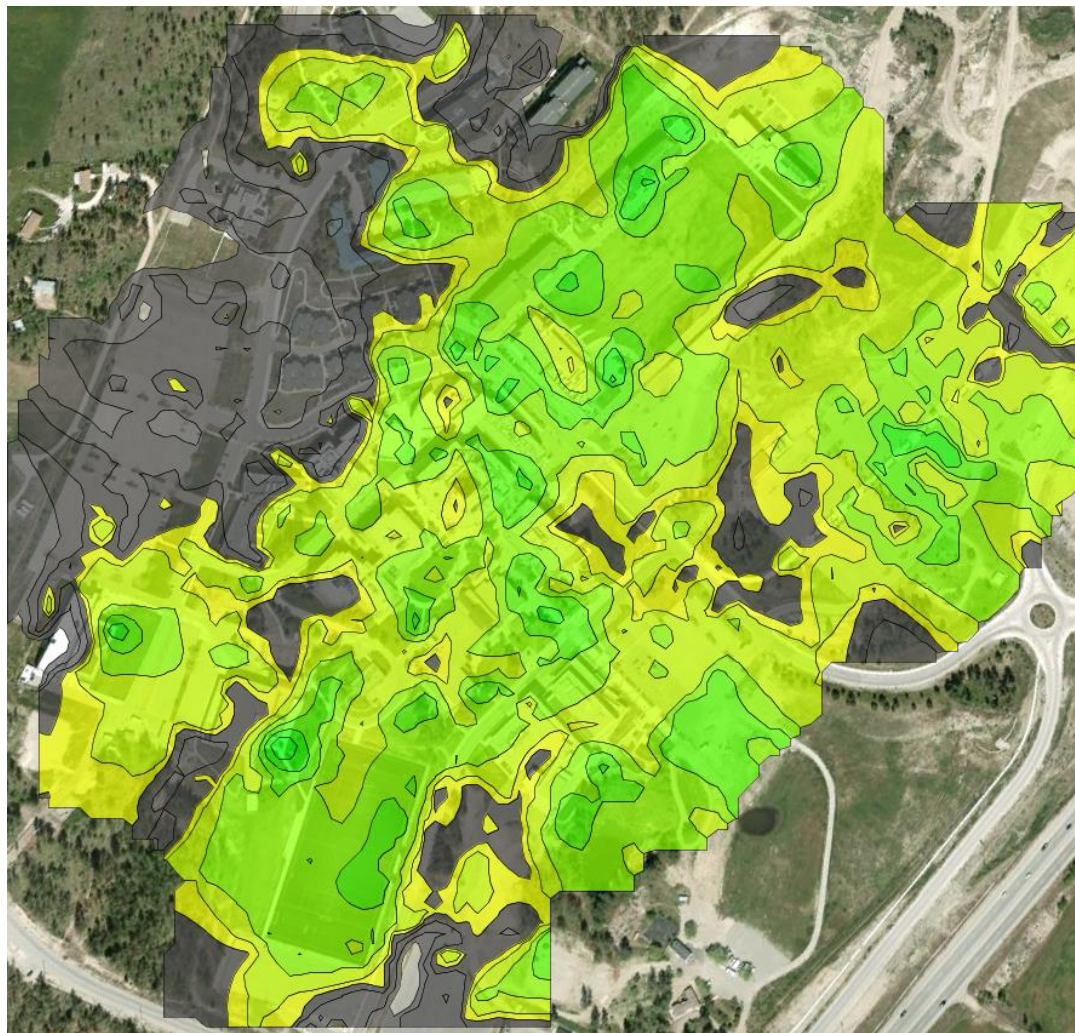
# Popular Places

Where would you like to see improvements in outdoor wireless coverage on campus?  
(n = 165)



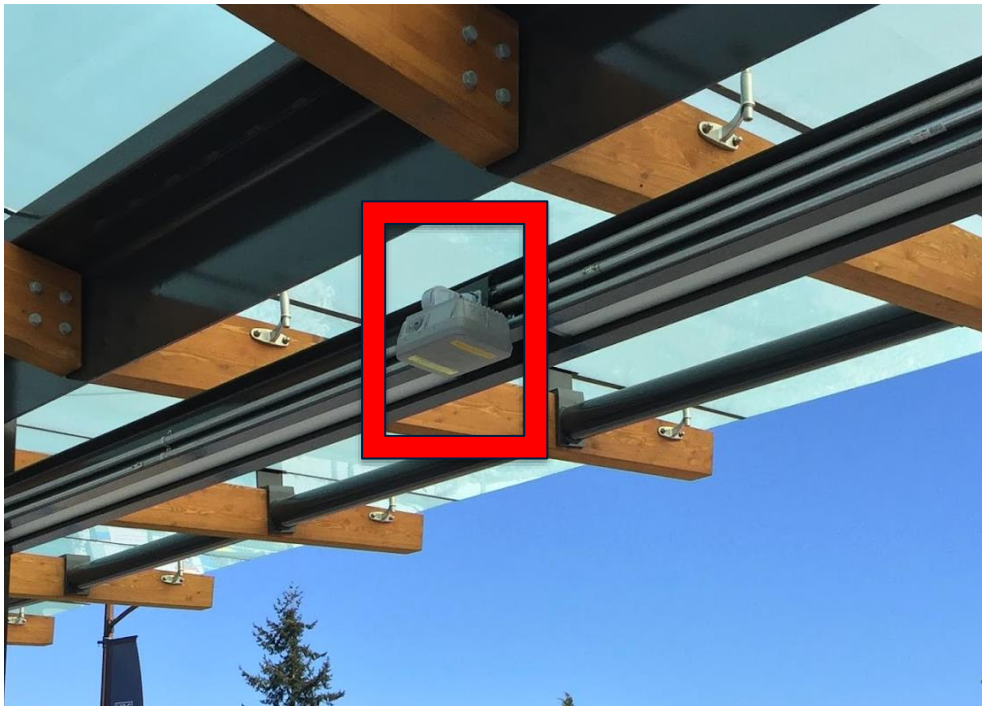


- 5ghz coverage











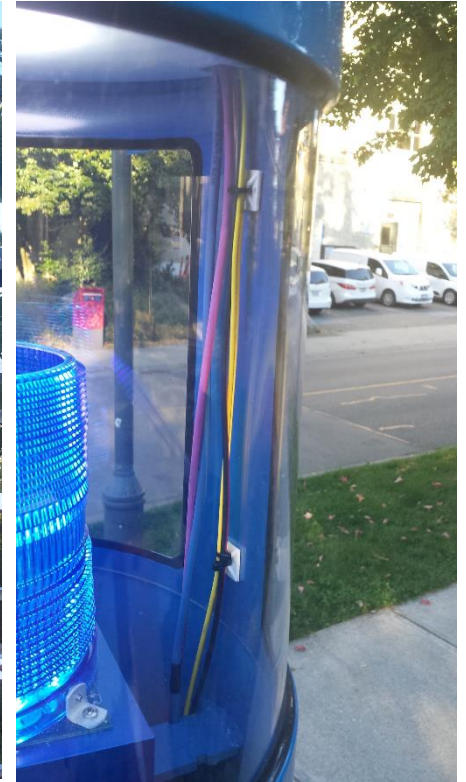
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# Mesh Backhaul



# Blue Light / Emergency Phones

- Retrofit campus blue lights to include APs directly connected to SM fiber.
- Ideal mounting location, close to ground, good line of sight.
- High capacity connection



# Why do I need an Outdoor AP?



Image Source:

<https://bboxblog.files.wordpress.com/2014/10/ipratings2-copy.jpg>

## SOLID OBJECT

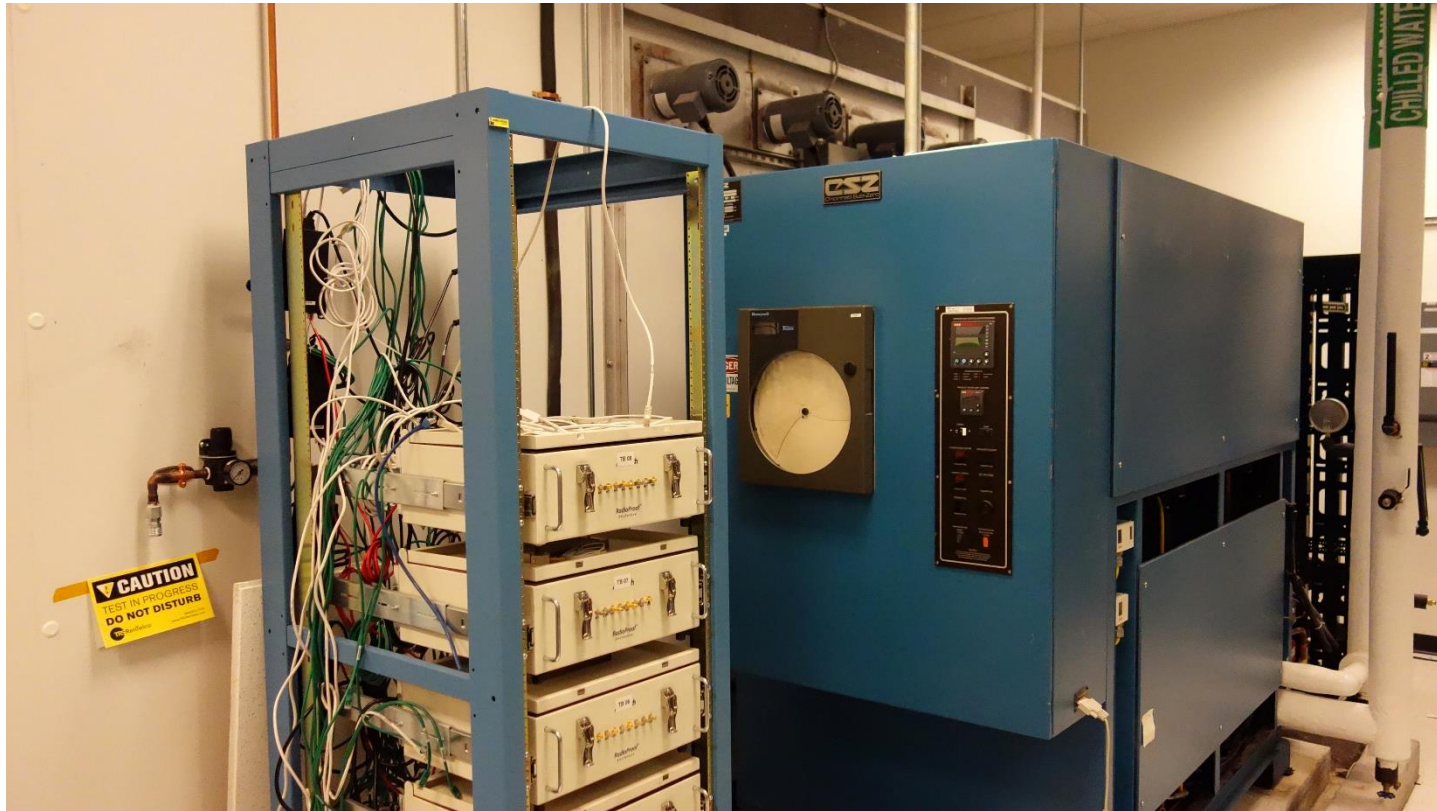
- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 | Protected against a solid object greater than 50mm such as a hand.                                     |
| 2 | Protected against a solid object greater than 12.5mm such as a finger.                                 |
| 3 | Protected against a solid object greater than 2.5mm such as a screwdriver.                             |
| 4 | Protected against a solid object greater than 1mm such as a wire.                                      |
| 5 | Dust protected. Limited ingress of dust permitted. Will not interfere with operation of the equipment. |
| 6 | Dust tight. No ingress of dust.  |

## MOISTURE

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 | Protected against vertical falling drops of water. Limited ingress permitted.  |
| 2 | Protected against vertical falling drops of water with enclosure tilted up to 15 degrees from the vertical. Limited ingress permitted. |
| 3 | Protected against sprays of water up to 60 degrees from the vertical. Limited ingress permitted.                                       |
| 4 | Protected against water splashes from all directions. Limited ingress permitted.   |
| 5 | Protected against jets of water. Limited ingress permitted.  |
| 6 | Protected against powerful jets of water. Limited ingress permitted.   |
| 7 | Watertight against the effects of immersion in water between 15cm and 1m for 30 minutes.   |
| 8 | Watertight against the effects of immersion in water under pressure for long periods.  |

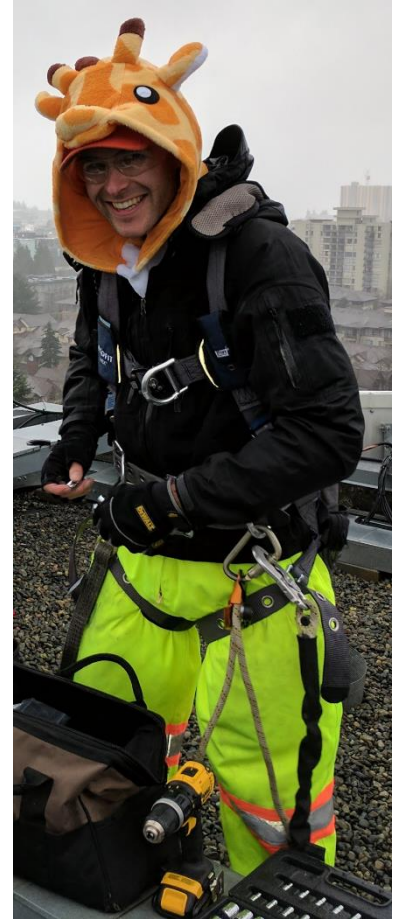
IP65  
Ingress protection

# Environmental Testing



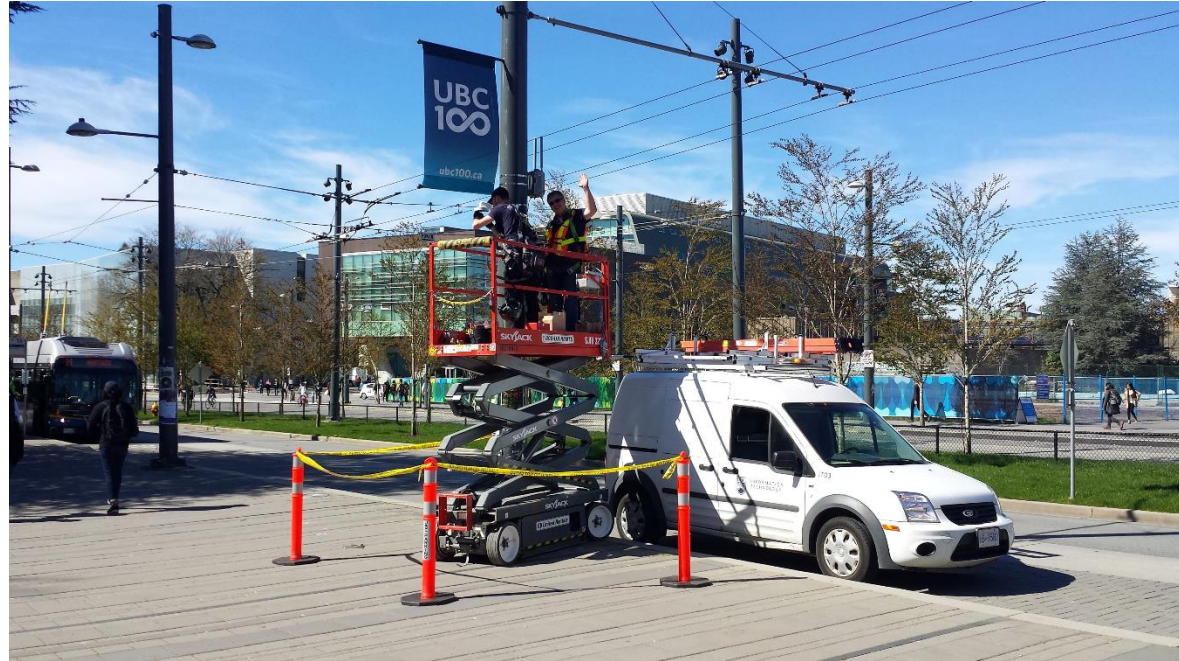
# Safety Considerations

- All staff trained in fall protection
- Current equipment
  - full body harness
  - horizontal lifelines
  - rope grabs
  - hardhats with chinstraps.



# Safety Considerations

- Eliminate use of ladders where possible and practical.
- Make sure to isolate work area, especially in public spaces where “stuff” dropping can be of concern.



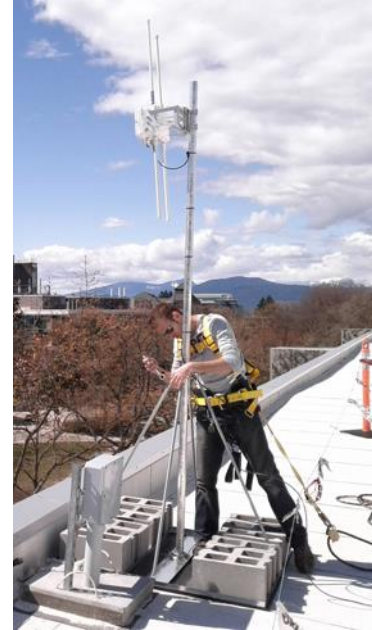
# Safety Considerations

- Staff trained on use of bucket trucks & boom lifts such as JLG's.
- Installations above 30' are very expensive and often impractical in high density areas.



# Non Penetrating Roof Mounts (NPRMs)

- Convenient, widely used in the cellular and satellite industry. Obtainable through telecom suppliers.
- No holes required in roof membrane as the supported load is counterweighted with paving bricks.
- Must sit on separate rubber mat to prevent damage to roof membrane. Suggest 1/2" rubber mat minimum.
- Building code may require seismic bracing of base and or engineering analysis of counterweight.



AP1552 shown with  
10 foot mast on  
on Wade antenna NPRM

# Non Penetrating Roof Mounts (NPRMs)



10x Tylon small ballast NPRMs (36"x36") shown knocked down on left along side rubber mats. One 36x36 NPRM assembled with 20cm concrete blocks on right.

# NPRM Suppliers

- Trylon-TSF (based in Ontario) makes some very nice heavy duty NPRMs made from hot dip galvanized steel angle. Easy to assemble, with large hardware and minimum number of parts. Trylon typically sells via partners such as Alliance Corp or Hutton.

Source:

<http://www.trylon.com/downloads/Roof%20Top%20Structures.pdf>

- Wade Antennas sells low-cost alternatives. They are significantly cheaper but take longer to assemble and aren't rated for as much window load. Also caution - sharp edges. SMI Industrial Electronics in Langley is a local Wade reseller.

Source:

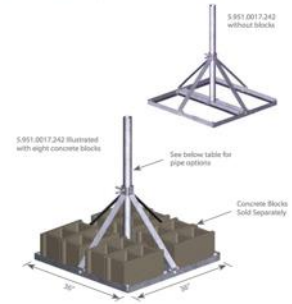
<http://www.wadeantenna.com/ius/resources/Tripods.pdf>

## Light Duty Ballast Mounts

The non-penetrating Light Duty Ballast Mounts can secure single wireless antennas while keeping the roof top surface free from damage.

The smooth underside of the 36" square base frame allows standard concrete blocks, 8" x 8" x 16" in size and sold separately, to be used as counterweight. Kits can be purchased with either a 1.90" OD or 2 1/4" OD pipes sizes in varying lengths.

All material is hot dip galvanized to weather the elements.



Quick Guide			
Size:	Four pipe options	Mounts to:	Non-penetrating design
Design:	Light Duty Mount	Material:	Hot dip galvanized steel
Feature:	Simple bolt-together design	Order Separately:	Concrete blocks and rubber mats

Kit #	Description	Qty	List Price	Wt
<b>Light Duty Ballast Mounts (36" x 36" square base)</b>				
5.951.0017.130	Light Duty Ballast Mount with a 1.90" OD x 30" pipe mount	Ea	\$231	54
5.951.0017.160	Light Duty Ballast Mount with a 1.90" OD x 60" pipe mount	Ea	\$247	61
5.951.0017.230	Light Duty Ballast Mount with a 2 1/4" OD x 30" pipe mount	Ea	\$236	57
5.951.0017.242	Light Duty Ballast Mount with a 2 1/4" OD x 42" pipe mount	Ea	\$245	60

# Wall Mounts

Using: Unistrut & conduit clamps



# Wall Mounts

Using: U-Bolts, clip mount with concrete anchors.



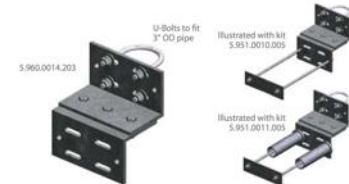
## Clip Mount Kits

Our Clip Mount Kits are an extension of the adjacent clip angle kits but come standard with an additional reversible bottom angle. For wall mounting applications and sold separately, we have standard bracket options available on page 80 that can connect to concrete walls (5.951.0010.005) or combined concrete/brick walls (5.951.0011.005) up to 16" thick. See page



Kit #	Description	Qty	List Price	Wt
<b>Small Clip Mount Kits</b>				
5.960.0011.200	Small Clip Mount Kit	Ea	\$40	6.6
5.960.0011.201	Small Clip Mount Kit fits 2 3/8" OD pipe	Ea	\$50	7.3
5.960.0011.202	Small Clip Mount Kit fits 3" OD pipe	Ea	\$52	7.4
5.960.0011.203	Small Clip Mount Kit fits 3 1/2" OD pipe	Ea	\$54	7.4

Note: Two 9/16" holes are spaced on 6" centers.



# Custom Wall Mount

Fabricated in-house @ University Customer.



Not the most ideal setup (omni antennas against a wall). Aesthetics concerns at this location prevented an alternate location or design.

Signal from this AP covers a wide-open field which ends 350 feet away.

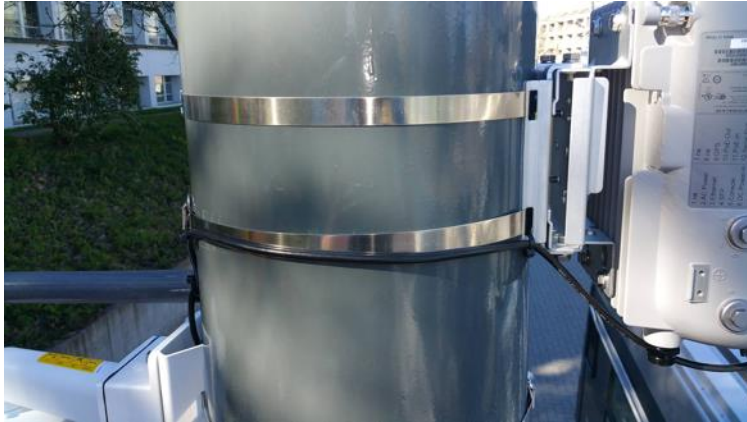
# Custom Ceiling Mount

Fabricated in-house @ University In Canada



# Pole / Pipe Mount

- AP 1572 is shown here using PMK1



AP1572 shown mounted to 8" diameter pole – providing power and connection to CCTV

# Ideas for roof penetrations



A hole big enough for a 3" conduit was cored through the roof during renovation. This hole was then covered over with a pre-cast slab which housed the CAT6 drop. An elevated conduit pathway was established to AP location using rubber roof blocks obtained from Wesco Distribution (electrical supplier).



An electrical service entrance weather head provides a path for cables in this rooftop application

# Installation Guides

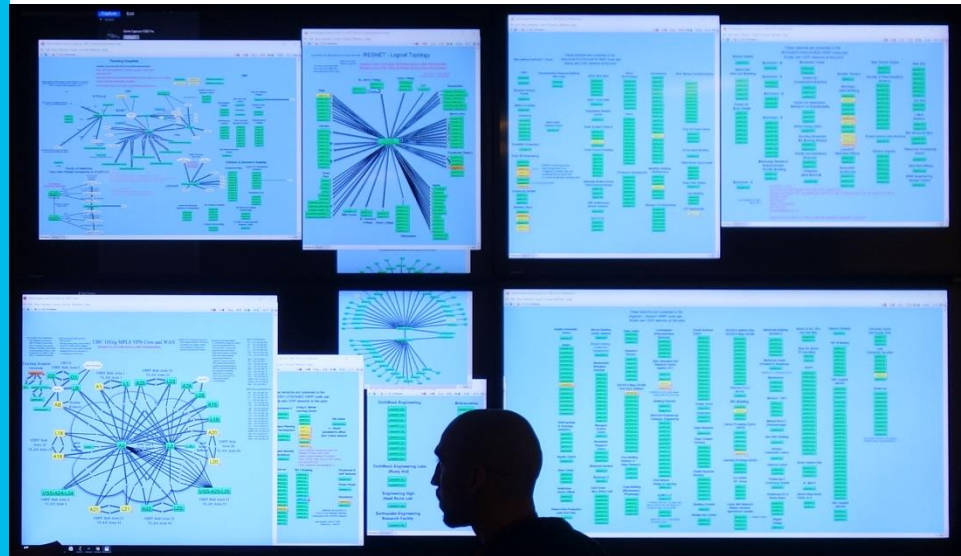
- A hardware deployment guide is published that accompanies each product Cisco makes.
- These guides are specifically helpful in understanding the various mounting brackets and installation options for each product.
- Grounding, lightning protection, antenna configurations and weatherproofing are also covered.



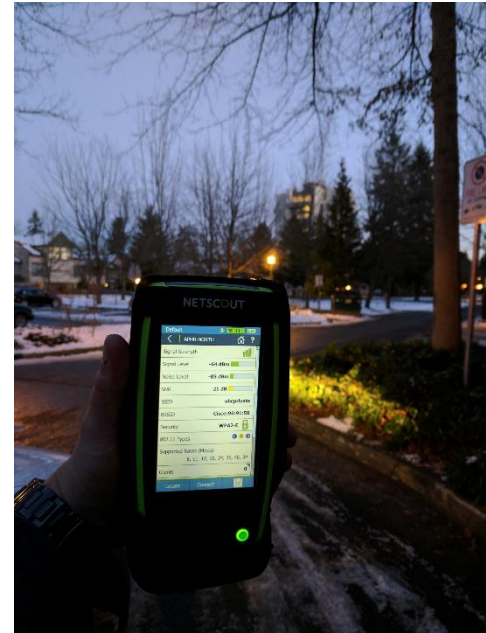
# Quick Summary

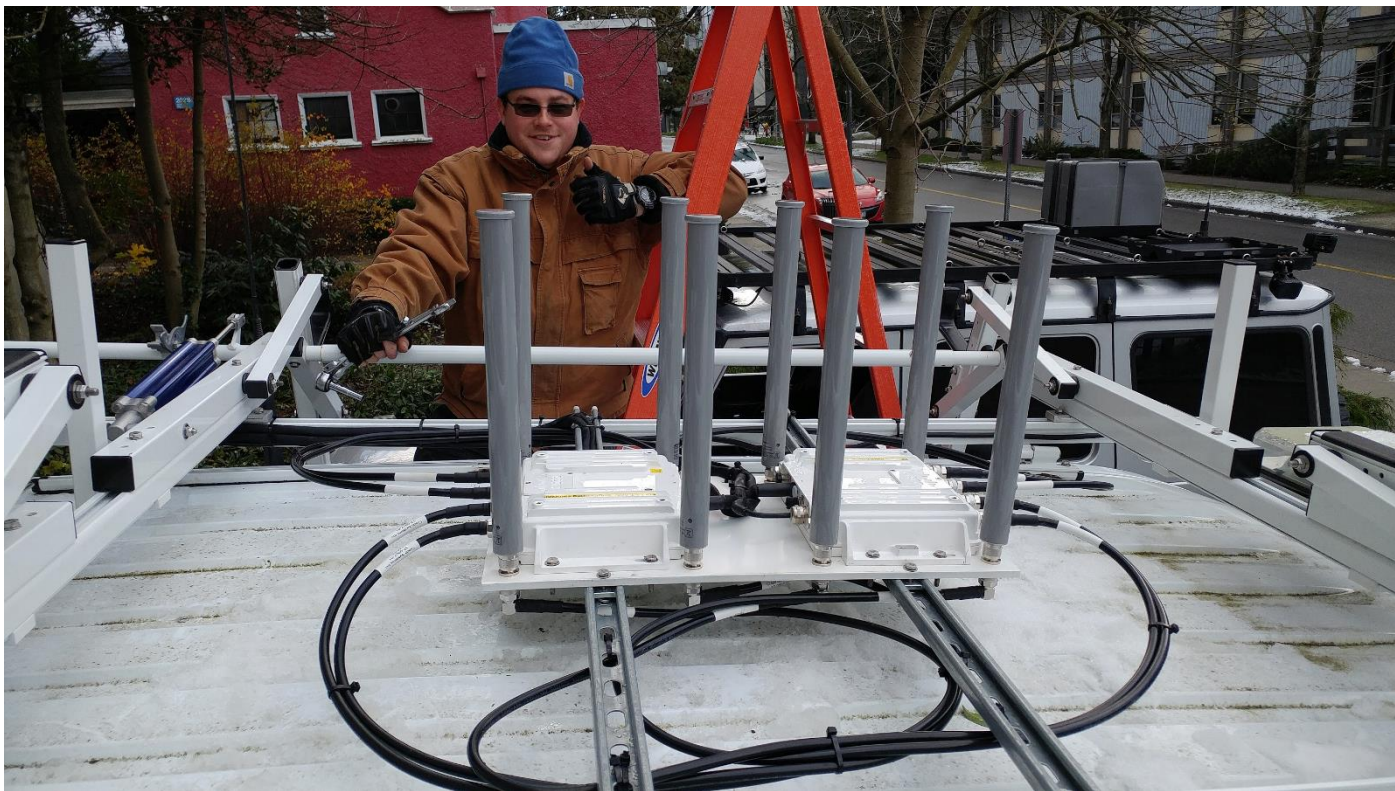
- The cost of deploying an AP outdoors is often **2-4x the cost of the hardware itself**.
- Fall protection training/equipment, engineering approval and pathway (coring etc.) drive installation cost up. As result, it is critical that time be spent up front to identify locations with the most “bang for buck”.
- Higher is not always better - ideal deployment height with Omni’s is often below 40’.
- Look to mount on building corners to maximum coverage areas
- Think about RF coverage like lighting - “where would I hang this light to minimize shadows? “

Looking at the data...

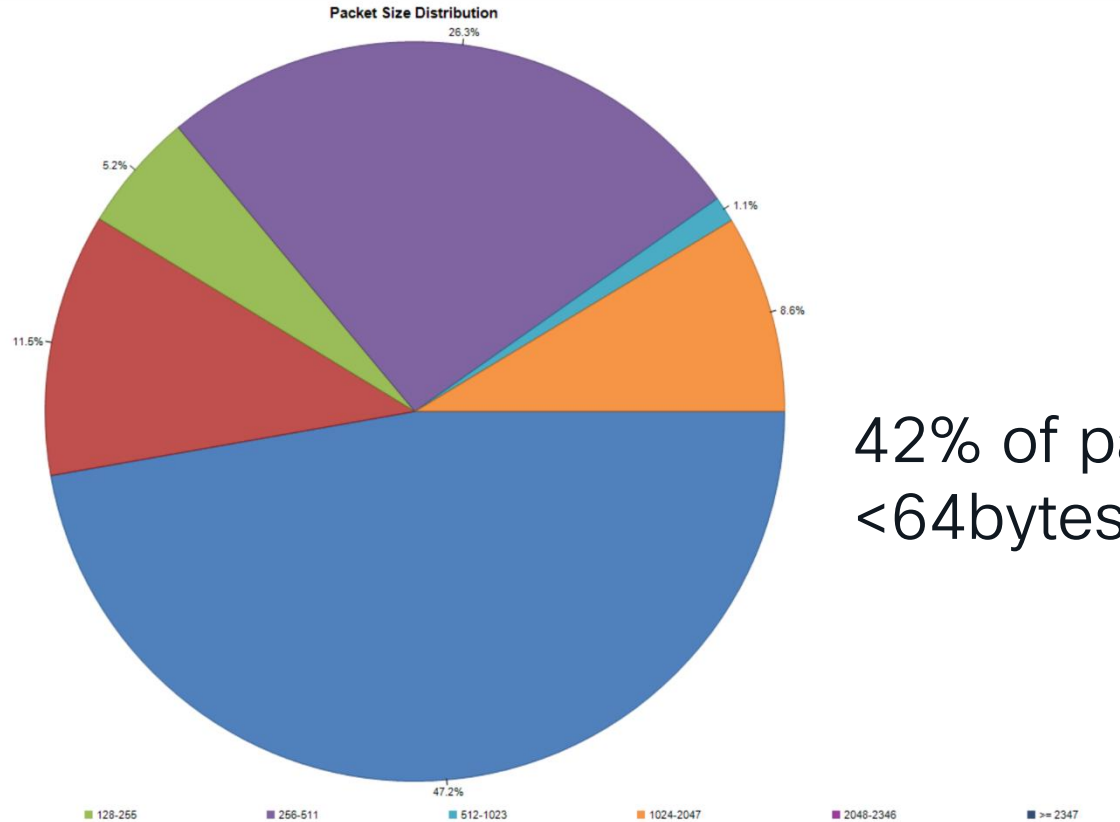


# Building an Outdoor Sniffer





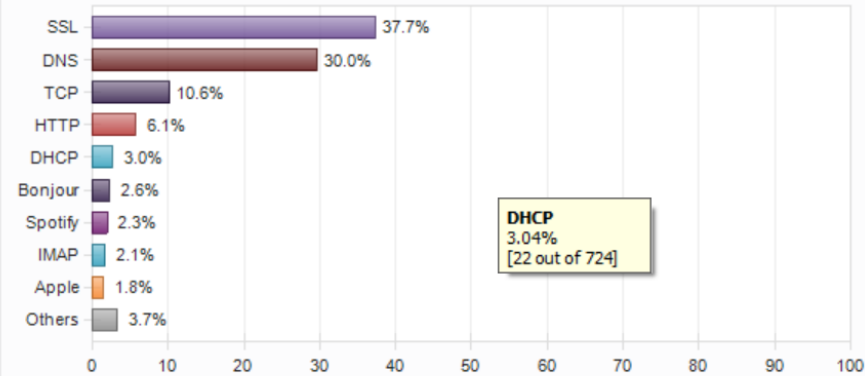
# What's in the air?



42% of packets  
<64bytes

# Protocol breakdown

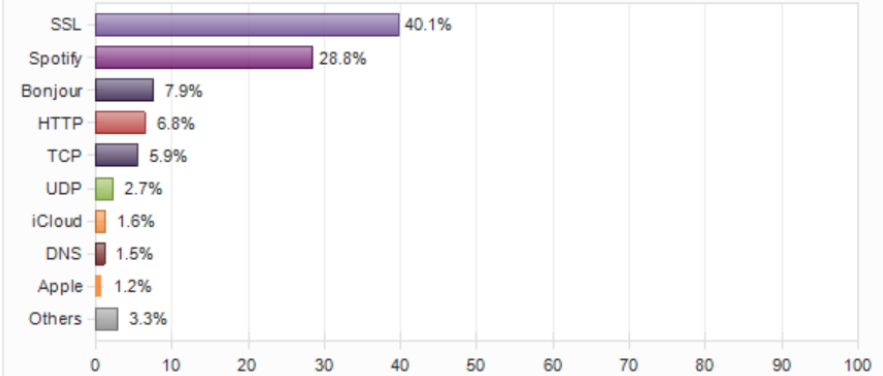
## ▼ Top Applications by Flows



## ▼ Application Utilization - 10 Minute Window (5 Second Average)

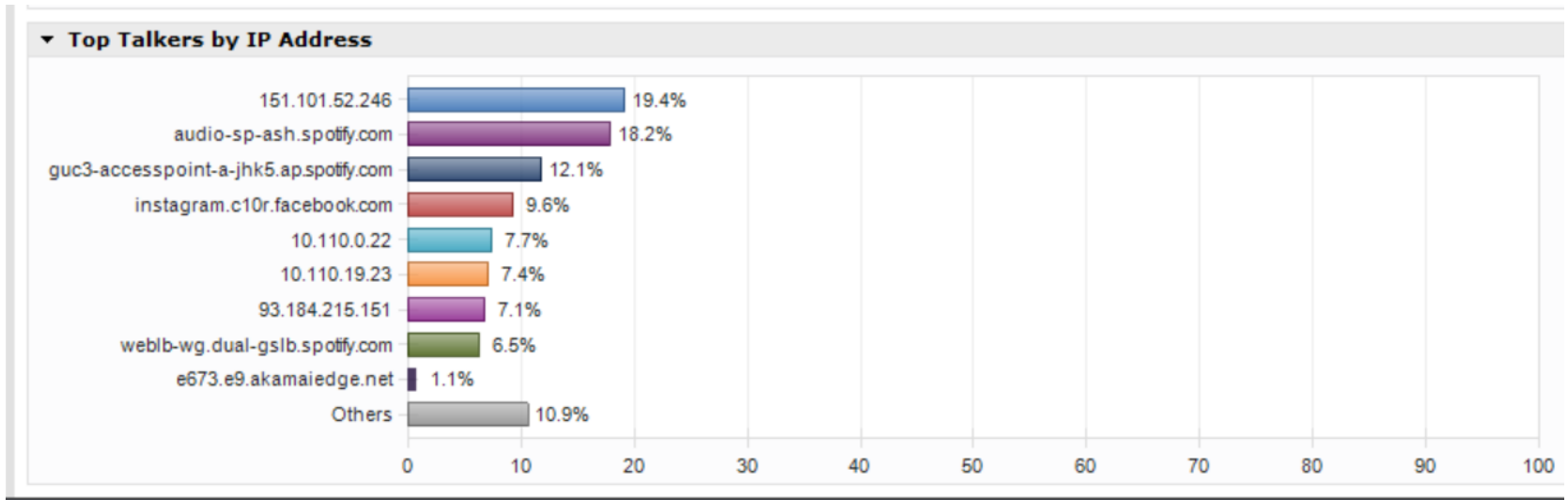
1.4

## ▼ Top Applications by Bytes



# Top Applications

- Near the bookstore (Spotify)



# Comparing Indoor vs Outdoor Retry Rate

▼ 802.11 Analysis	Packets	Bytes	Value
Average Signal Strength			39.525
Average Signal dBm			-63.133
Average Noise			36.857
Average Noise dBm			-82.469
802.11 Data	19.275%	29.371%	
802.11 Management	18.706%	13.110%	
802.11 Control	34.189%	1.764%	
Local	54.059%	14.988%	
From DS	11.837%	27.749%	
To DS	6.231%	2.098%	
DS-DS	0.043%	0.011%	
Retry	7.989%	13.112%	
Encrypted	16.409%	28.367%	
Decryption Errors	0.000%	0.000%	
Order	0.000%	0.000%	
Unprotected Data	1.440%	0.168%	
Minimum Data Rate Packets	0.043%	0.011%	

Indoor

	Packets	Bytes	Value
			28.164
			-59.092
			26.725
			-79.848
	18.357%	27.699%	
	21.168%	23.499%	
	34.525%	2.941%	
	56.635%	26.600%	
	10.397%	24.790%	
	6.895%	2.999%	
	0.123%	0.051%	
	19.453%	28.501%	
	7.723%	16.337%	
	0.000%	0.000%	
	0.000%	0.000%	
	1.455%	0.324%	
	0.167%	0.074%	

Outdoor

# Rate & Range Testing - 9124

## Base Station:

- 1x 9124AXE-A UNII-3 TX PWR 1
- 2x 14dBi 5114P2M-N Patches
- Tested out to 2.7KM / 1.6miles
- Mast @ 32ft

## On Vehicle:

- 1x 9124AXE-A
- 1x 13dBi patch ANT2513P4M-N



# Rate & Range Testing - 9124



# Rate & Range Testing - 9124



2513+9124 AXE on Vehicle



5114P2M-N x2 +9124 AXE on Mast

# Rate & Range Testing – 9124AXE

## Base Station:

- 1x 9124AXE-A 2.4GHz TX PWR 1
- 4x 4/7dBi 2547 Omni's
- Tested out 800'
- Mast @ 32ft

## Client:

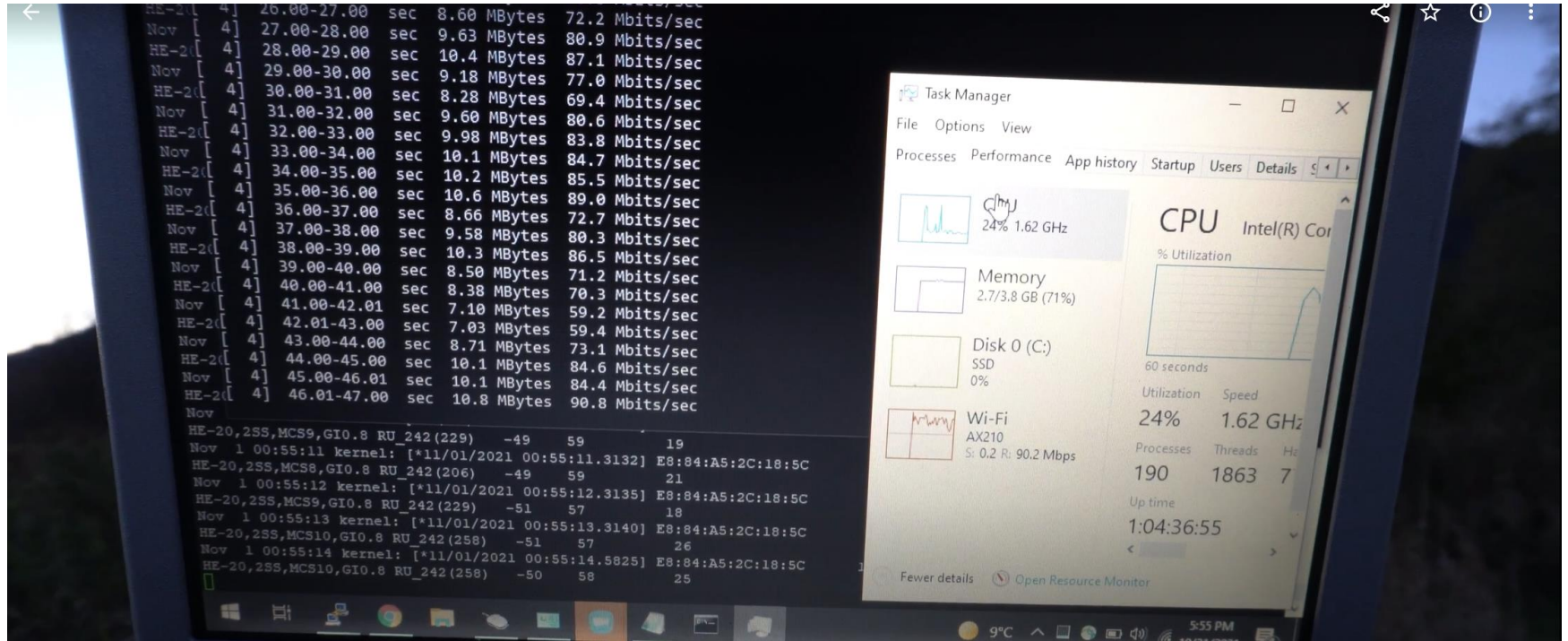
- Panasonic Toughbook CF-30MK2
- 1x Intel AX210 2SS



# Rate & Range Testing – 9124AXE /w Laptop @ 800ft



# Rate & Range Testing – 9124AXE /w Laptop @ 800ft



# Rate & Range Testing @ 800ft on 2.4GHz - 9124



# 6GHz Outdoors?



# 6E Regulatory Steps – FCC / USA Got things rolling...



## **Media Contact:**

Neil Grace, (202) 418-0506

neil.grace@fcc.gov

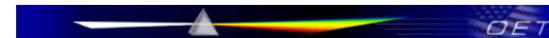
## **For Immediate Release**

### **FCC PROPOSES MORE SPECTRUM FOR UNLICENSED USE**

WASHINGTON, October 23, 2018—The Federal Communications Commission today proposed to make up to 1200 megahertz of spectrum available for use by unlicensed devices in the 6 GHz band (5.925-7.125 GHz). Unlicensed devices that employ Wi-Fi and other unlicensed standards have become indispensable for providing low-cost wireless connectivity in countless products used by American consumers.

<https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/DOC-354692A1.pdf>

# 6E Client Device Requirements – FCC



Federal Communications Commission  
Office of Engineering and Technology  
Laboratory Division Publication

Part 15 Subpart E U-NII 6 GHz  
General Guidance Bands 5, 6, 7, 8

February 4 2021

There are seven equipment classes<sup>6</sup> that are applicable to a Form-731 for Part 15 Subpart E for 6 GHz U-NII device certifications, as illustrated in Figure 1:

1. 6ID: 15E 6 GHz Low-power indoor access point.
2. 6PP: 15E 6 GHz Subordinate indoor device. These devices are under control of a Low-power indoor access point (P1<sup>7</sup>).
3. 6XD: 15E 6 GHz Low-power Indoor client. These devices are under control of a low-power indoor access point (P1).
4. 6CD<sup>2</sup>: 15E 6 GHz Dual client. These devices are under control of either a low-power indoor access point (6ID) (P1) or Standard power access point (P2<sup>7</sup>).
5. 6SD\*: 15E 6 GHz Standard power access point. These devices are managed by the Automatic Frequency Coordination (AFC) system.
6. 6FX\*: 15E 6 GHz Standard client. These devices are under control of a Standard power access point (P2).
7. 6FC\*: 15E 6 GHz Fixed client. These devices are associated with a standard power access point (P2).

\* Applications only accepted in Phase 2.

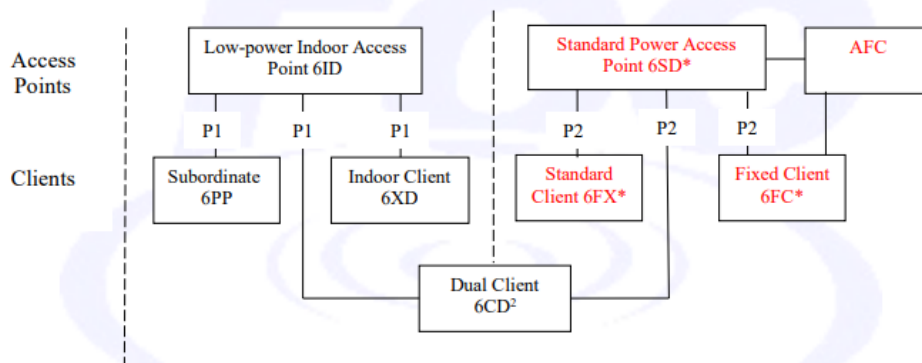


Figure 1 – Part 15 Subpart E Equipment Classes

## A low-power indoor access point ...

1. These devices may operate as a: bridge, peer-to-peer connection, connector between the wired and wireless segments of the network, or a relay between wireless network segments.
2. These devices are limited to indoor locations, have an integrated antenna, and cannot use a weatherized enclosure.
3. Low-power indoor access points devices are prohibited on oil platforms, cars, trains, boats, and aircraft, except large aircraft while flying above 10,000 feet.
4. Low-power indoor access points must be powered by a wired connection and not by battery power [7].
5. Low-power indoor access points may use battery backup only during power outages.

# Incumbent Users – Utilities / SCADA

## Background

The FCC's Report and Order (R&O) to open the 6 GHz band of spectrum to unlicensed usage went into effect in July 2020.

The R&O allows two types of unlicensed operations -- low powered indoor use and outdoor use protected with an automated frequency coordination (AFC) technology.

A broad coalition of incumbent license holders filed extensive comments raising concerns about interference to operations that could result from opening the band to unlicensed users and requesting further testing and protections from the FCC. Those concerns and comments were not addressed, leading APPA and others in the electric sector to file legal challenges.

In April 2021, investor-owned utility Southern Company and the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) acquired 6 GHz devices available on the market to conduct real world testing on impacts to electric utilities.

They operated them near a Southern Company microwave link operating between Fortson and Columbus, Ga., using the FCC thresholds for reportable interference. The tests showed that, even at low powered indoor use, the unlicensed devices would "cause harmful interference to licensed fixed microwave systems" greater than the FCC's acceptable levels. This report was filed and presented to FCC staff.

<https://www.publicpower.org/periodical/article/appa-other-groups-seek-fcc-rulemaking-6-ghz-low-power-indoor-devices>



APPA was joined in the filings by:

- The Utilities Technology Council
- American Gas Association
- Edison Electric Institute
- American Petroleum Institute
- American Water Works Association
- National Rural Electric Cooperative Association
- International Association of Fire Chiefs
- The Association of American Railroads
- APCO International
- Nuclear Energy Institute and
- The National Public Safety Telecommunications Council.

# AT&T vs. FCC on 6GHz in December 2021

## United States Court of Appeals FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIRCUIT

Argued September 17, 2021      Decided December 28, 2021

No. 20-1190

AT&T SERVICES, INC.,  
PETITIONER

v.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION AND UNITED  
STATES OF AMERICA,  
RESPONDENTS

APPLE INC., ET AL.,  
INTERVENORS

Consolidated with 20-1216, 20-1272, 20-1274, 20-1281,  
20-1284

On Petitions for Review of an Order  
of the Federal Communications Commission

*Jonathan E. Nuechterlein* argued the causes for petitioners  
Joint Issues. *Mark Reddish* argued the causes for petitioner  
APCO. With them on the joint briefs were *Jeffrey S. Cohen*,  
*C. Frederick Beckner III*, *Rick Kaplan*, *Jerianne Timmerman*,  
*Craig A. Gilley*, *Mitchell Y. Mirviss*, *Elizabeth C. Rinehart*, and  
*Russell P. Hanser*. *Michele Farquhar*, *Brett Kilbourne*, *Jay*



← Thread



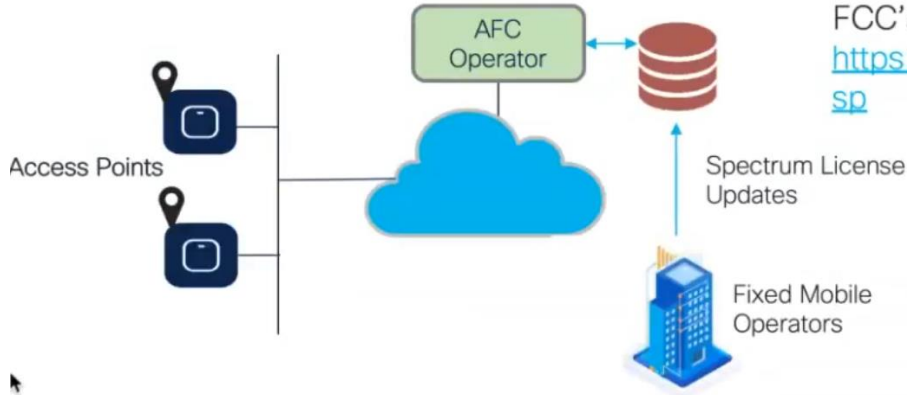
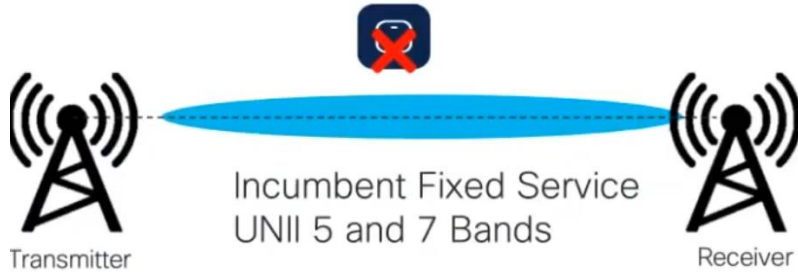
Jessica Rosenworcel ✓  
@JRosenworcel

Big news! Today the DC Circuit unanimously upheld the FCC's decision to free up the 6 GHz band for more unlicensed use. This decision = more Wi-Fi in more places and it matters because it comes at a time when being connected is more important than ever.  
[cadc.uscourts.gov/internet/opini...](https://www.cadc.uscourts.gov/internet/opini...)

11:42 AM · Dec 28, 2021 · Twitter Web App

<https://www.cadc.uscourts.gov/internet/opinions.nsf/7658F4CE919568A7852587B900589344/%24file/20-1190-1928330.pdf>

# Client-Side Behavior – AFC Example



Specified Search

State > California  
 County > SANTA CLARA  
 Frequency Upper Band >= 8425  
 Frequency Assigned <= 8925

Matches 1 - 10 (of 109)

Page 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Call Sign/Lease ID	Name	FIRN	Radio Service	Status	Expiration Date
1 KJ031	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	0029560497	MG	Active	05/31/2030
2 KJ036	SANTA CLARA, COUNTY OF	0001539824	FW	Active	01/17/2031
3 KJ039	SANTA CLARA, COUNTY OF	0001539824	FW	Active	08/15/2028
4 KJ124	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	0029560497	MG	Active	11/26/2021
5 KJ133	AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF CALIFORNIA INC	0003301702	CF	Cancelled	02/01/2010
6 KJ849	Pacific Gas and Electric Company	0029560497	MG	Active	12/24/2027
7 KJ956	PACIFIC BELL	0001551530	CF	Cancelled	08/01/2000
8 KJ172	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY	0001532608	CF	Active	11/19/2021
9 KJ279	AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF CALIFORNIA INC	0001532608	CF	Cancelled	02/01/2000
10 KJ027	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY	0001532608	CF	Active	01/18/2022

Call Sign/Lease ID Name FIRN Radio Service Status Expiration Date

Page 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

FCC's Universal Licensing System:

<https://wireless2.fcc.gov/UlsApp/UlsSearch/searchGeographic.jsp>

Automated Frequency Coordination (AFC):  
 Central database of frequencies, which are available in the AP's same geographical location, and where the AP does not risk to interfere with other systems (e.g. fixed satellites)

Where Does the  
9124 Fit in?

How are the  
models different?

9124AX(I,D,E)



# Old Family Photos...



1572IC



AP-IOS

Note: 1572IC has integrated cable modem and is powered via coax. Typically for cable operators only!

1572EAC



AP-IOS

**With GPS!**

GPS RX built in, external antenna optional. Cool feature for mining operators or people who move RAPs/MAPs.



1562E



1540

AP-COS for All three



1562I

# Catalyst 9124AX Outdoor Access Point

## C9124AXI(D) Integrated Omni & Directional



Powered by  
Cisco RF ASIC

### 9124AXI, 9124AXD

- 4x4 + 4x4 in both 2.4 and 5 GHz
- MU-MIMO, OFDMA
- Cisco RF ASIC for next-gen Cisco CleanAir®
- Integrated BLE/IoT radio
- 2.5G mGig Wired uplink + 1G SFP+ 1Gbe with 802.3af power out – 15.4 watts
- 30 dBm Transmit Power(Same as 1572)
- 1024 QAM, data rate of 2.5 Gbps

## C9124AX External Antennas

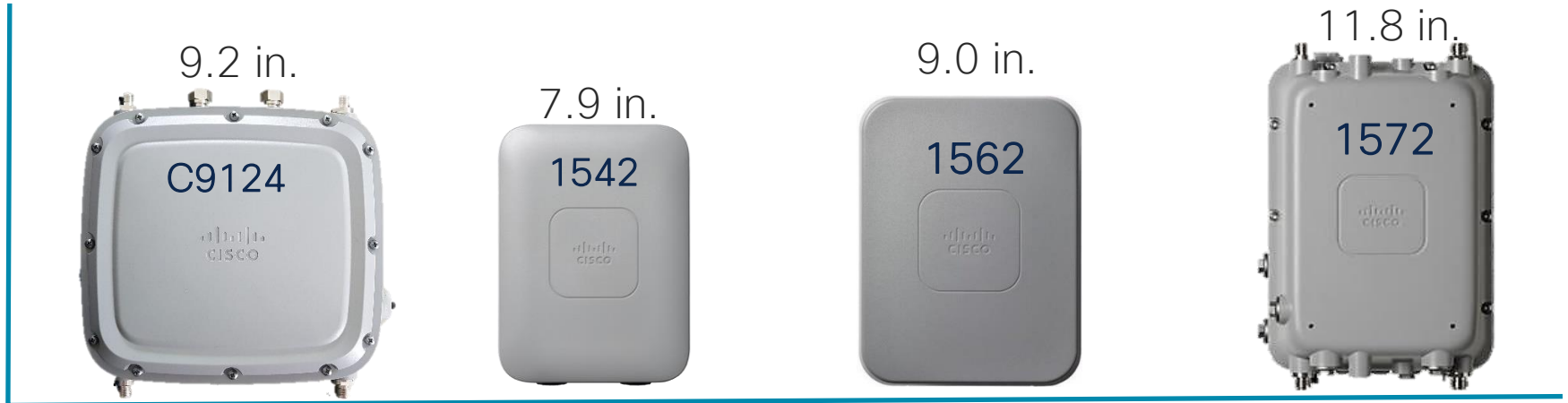


Powered by  
Cisco RF ASIC

### 9124AXE

- Dual Radio Mode: 4x4 + 4x4 in both 2.4 and 5 GHz
- Tri-Radio Mode: 2x2 + 2x2 + 2x2 in 2.4 Ghz, 5Ghz(Slot 1) & 5 Ghz(Slot 2)
- MU-MIMO, OFDMA
- Cisco RF ASIC for next-gen Cisco CleanAir
- Integrated BLE/IoT radio
- 2.5G mGig Wired uplink + 1G SFP + 1Gbe (802.3af power out-15.4 watts)
- 29 dBm Transmit Power
- Enhance Surge Protection & Lightning arrester for Ethernet ports and DC Input
- -E SKU: Six N-type connectors: Three ports support Self-Identifying Antenna (SIA)

# Cisco Outdoor AP Dimensions



**9124AXE:** 10.2 x 9.2 x 3.2 in.  
(25.9 x 23.3 x 8.1 cm)

**9124AXI/D:** 10.2 x 9.2 x 3.2 in.  
(25.9 x 23.3 x 8.1 cm)

**1542I/D:** 7.9 x 5.9 x 2.4 in.  
(20 x 15 x 6.1 cm)

**1562I:** 9.0 x 6.8 x 3.9 in.  
(22.9 x 17.1 x 9.8 cm)

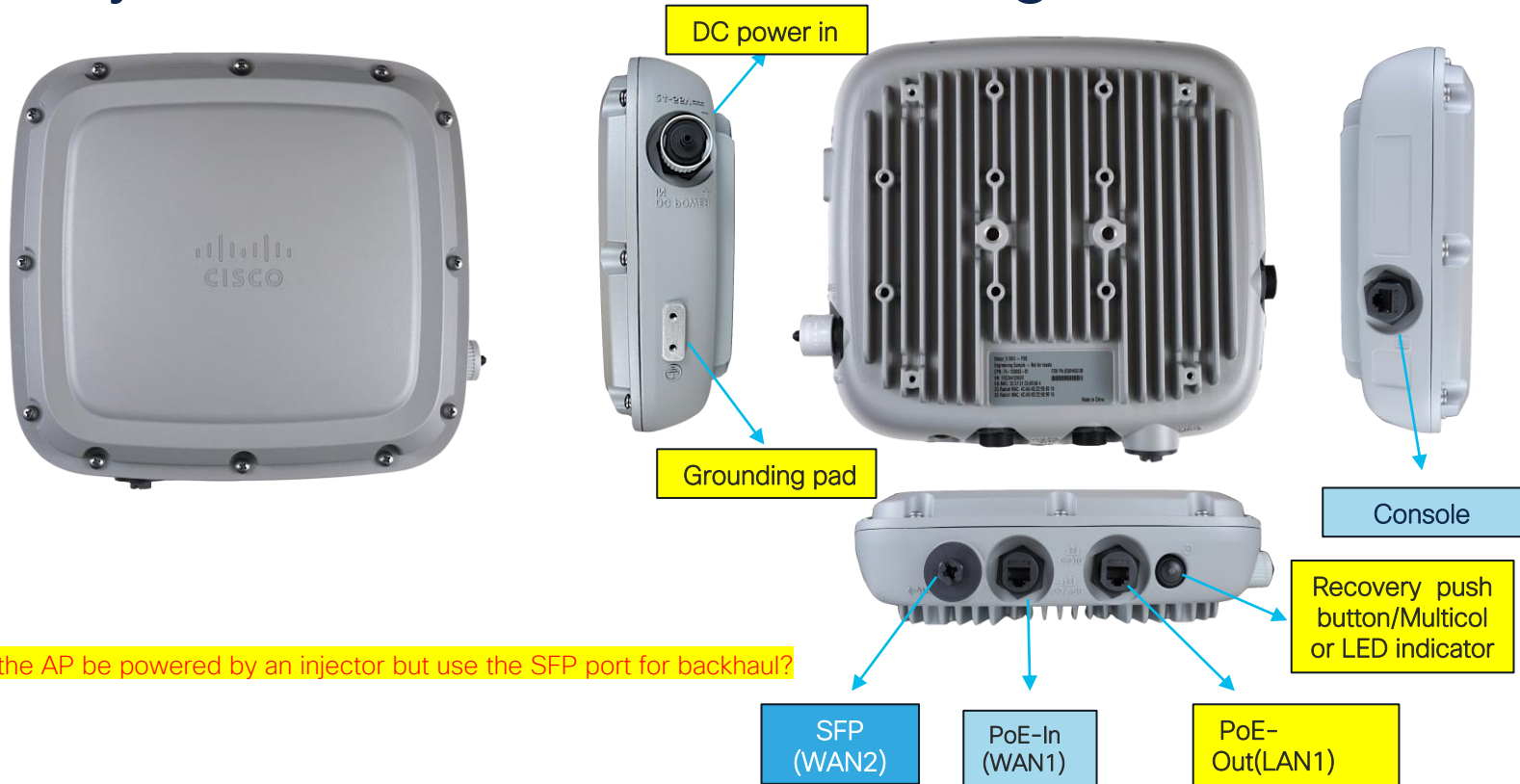
**1562D:** 9.0 x 6.8 x 4.3 in.  
(22.9 x 17.1 x 10.9 cm)

**1562E:** 9.0 x 6.8 x 3.9 in.  
(22.9 x 17.1 x 9.8 cm)

**1572EAC/1572EC:** 11.8 x 7.9 x 6.3 in.  
(30.0 x 20.1 x 16.0 cm)

**1572IC:** 11.8 x 7.9 x 7.9 in.  
(30.0 x 20.1 x 20.1 cm)

# Catalyst 9124AXI/D – Ports / Plugs / Etc.



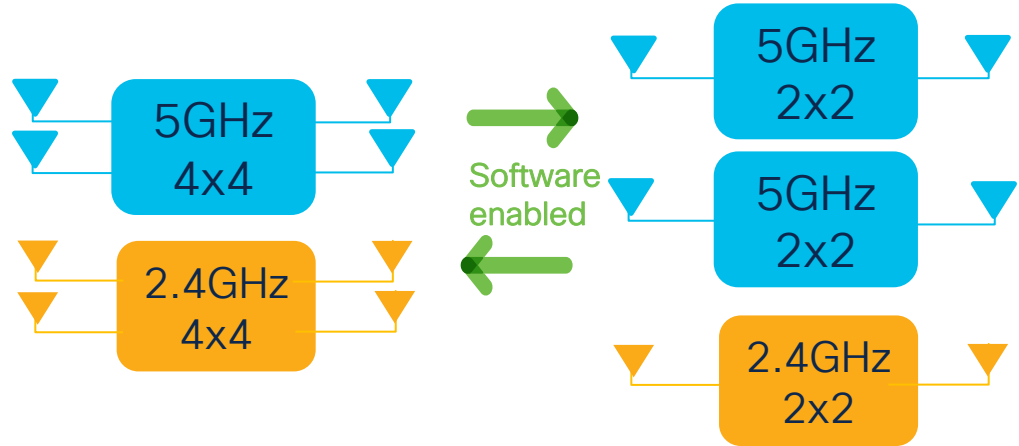
## FAQ:

Q1: Can the AP be powered by an injector but use the SFP port for backhaul?

A1: YES.

# C9124AXE – Radio Mode

Mode	2.4 Ghz (Slot 0)	5 Ghz (Slot 1)	5 Ghz (Slot 2)
Dual Radio	4x4	4x4	Down
Tri-Radio	2x2	2x2	2x2



**Note: To enable Tri-Radio Mode, C9124AXE should be powered up by 802.3bt/UPOE/DC**

# Catalyst 9124AXE – RF Port Mapping



Mode	Ports Used For 2.4 Slot 0	Ports Used For 5GHz Slot 1	Ports Used for 5GHz Slot 2
2.4GHz 1ss 5GHz 1ss 5GHz 1ss	1	3	5
2.4GHz 2ss 5GHz 2ss 5GHz 2ss	1,2	3,4	5&6
2.4GHz 4ss 5GHz 4ss 5GHz 2ss	1,2,3,4	1,2,3,4	5&6

# Catalyst 9124AXE – Tri-Radio Mode

- To enable Tri-Radio globally in UI, Configuration > Radio Configurations > Network(5ghz)
- In Access Point(Configuration > Wireless > Access Points), Expand the 5 Ghz Radios and enable the Dual Radio Mode in Slot 1

The image displays three screenshots from the Cisco Catalyst 9124AXE configuration interface, illustrating the steps to enable Tri-Radio Mode.

**Screenshot 1: Configuration > Radio Configurations > Network(5ghz)**  
This screenshot shows the '5 GHz Band' configuration page. The 'General' section is expanded, and the 'Tri-Radio Mode' checkbox is checked. A warning message states: "5 GHz Network is operational. Configuring Beacon Interval Fragmentation Threshold, DTCP Support will result in loss of connectivity of clients." Other settings include Beacon Interval\* (100) and Fragmentation Threshold (bytes)\* (2346).

**Screenshot 2: Configuration > Wireless > Access Points**  
This screenshot shows the '5 GHz Radios' configuration page for AP C9124-3. The '5 GHz Radios' section is expanded, showing a table of radio configurations. The table has columns for AP Name, Slot No, Base Radio MAC, and Admin Status. Two entries are visible:

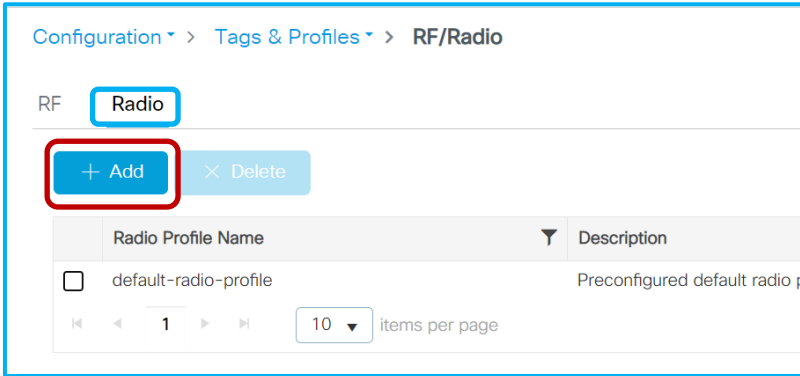
AP Name	Slot No	Base Radio MAC	Admin Status
C9124-3	1	4ca6.4d22.f6c0	Enabled
C9124-3	2	4ca6.4d22.f6c0	Disabled

**Screenshot 3: Edit Radios 5 GHz Band**  
This screenshot shows the 'Edit Radios 5 GHz Band' configuration page for AP C9124-3. The 'General' section is expanded, and the 'Dual Radio Mode' is set to 'Disabled'. The 'Admin Status' and 'CleanAir Admin Status' are both 'ENABLED'. The 'Global Tri-Radio Mode' is 'Disabled'. The 'Antenna Parameters' section shows the 'Antenna Type' set to 'External'.

Note: Make sure to power up C9124AXE with 60W source to operate in Tri-Radio Mode

# Catalyst 9124AX Series – Radio Profile

- In Cisco IOS-XE 17.6.1 SW, Catalyst 9124AX APs can operate in 1x1, 2x2 & 4x4 only
- With the introduction of Antenna Selection, Administrator can choose the mode manually and allowing the Access Point to choose the Antenna to be used



Step 1: Create a Radio Profile in UI,  
Configurations > Tags & Profiles > RF/Radio

# Catalyst 9124AX – Radio Profile

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Edit RF Tag

Policy Site **RF** AP

+ Add × Delete

RF Tag Name

- default-rf-tag

1 10 items

Name\* default-rf-tag

Description

5 GHz Band RF Profile

2.4 GHz Band RF Profile

Show slot configuration

2

Step 2: Click “show slot configuration” to expand the profile

Step 3: Map the Radio profile for each slots

Edit RF Tag

Changes may result in loss of connectivity for clients that are associated to APs with this RF Tag.

Name\* default-rf-tag

Description default RF tag

5 GHz Band RF Profile Global Config

2.4 GHz Band RF Profile Global Config

5 GHz Slot 1 Radio Profile Radio\_Profile

5 GHz Slot 2 Radio Profile Radio\_Profile

2.4 GHz Slot 0 Radio Profile Radio\_Profile

3

# Catalyst 9124AX – Radio Profile

Configuration > Wireless > Access Points

▼ All Access Points

Total APs : 2

Misconfigured APs

Tag	Country Code	LSC Fallback
0	: 0	0

AP Name	AP Model	Slots	Admin Status	IP Address	Base Radio MAC
C9124-2	C9124AXI-B	2	✓	192.168.1.203	4ca6.4d22.7020
C9124-1	C9124AXI-B	2	✓	192.168.1.202	4ca6.4d22.8140

1 10 items per page 1 - 2 of

### Edit Radios 5 GHz Band

Configure Detail

#### General

AP Name C9124-1

Admin Status **ENABLED**

CleanAir Admin Status **ENABLED**

#### Antenna Parameters

Antenna Type Internal

Antenna Mode Omni

Radio Profile Radio\_Profile

Number of antennae selected 2

4

Step 4: Check the **Radio Profile & Number of Antennae selected** in the Access Point slots

# Catalyst 9124AXE – Radio Profile

Edit Radios 5 GHz Band

**Antenna Parameters**

Antenna Type	External
Antenna Mode	Omni
Self-Identifying Antenna (SIA)	Not Present
Radio Profile	Radio_Profile
Number of antennae selected	2
Supported Antenna Modes	1x1, 2x2, 4x4
Antenna Port Mapping	3, 4
Antenna Gain (in .5 dBi units)	8

Step 5 & 6: Antenna Port Mapping is also displayed in respective radio slots

5

6

Edit Radios 5 GHz Band

Antenna Type	External
Antenna Mode	Omni
Self-Identifying Antenna (SIA)	Not Present
Radio Profile	Radio_Profile
Number of antennae selected	2
Supported Antenna	1x1, 2x2
Antenna Port Mapping	5, 6
Antenna Gain (in .5 dBi units)	8

Download [Core Dump](#) to bootflash

# Catalyst 9124AXI/D: Antenna Configuration

- Catalyst 9124AXI/D APs support 4 Antenna Paths in both 5 Ghz and 2.4 GHz. A separate internal Antenna for IoT and pair of Antenna for AUX. Below table explains the different Antenna modes supported in C9124I/D.

Mode	5Ghz Radio				2.4Ghz Radio				IoT	CW	
	Path-0 Ant-1	Path-1 Ant-2	Path-2 Ant-3	Path-3 Ant-4	Path-0 Ant-1	Path-1 Ant-2	Path-2 Ant-3	Path-3 Ant-4	Path-0	Path-0	Path-1
1x1	Y	-	-	-	Y	-	-	-	Y	Y	Y
2x2	Y	Y	-	-	Y	Y	-	-	-	-	-
4x4	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	-	-	-
2x2(160)	Y	Y	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4x4(160)	Y	Y	Y	Y	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



# Catalyst 9124AXE: Dual Radio Antenna Configuration

- The -E SKU supports one to six antenna configurations
- -E SKU IoT radio has internal dedicated Antenna, and the Aux radio will share the same antennas with serving radios through splitters

Catalyst® 9124AXE Dual-Radio Antenna Configurations:

Mode	5Ghz Radio 1 (Primary)				5Ghz Radio 2 (Secondary)		2.4Ghz Radio				IoT
	Path-0 Ant-3	Path-1 Ant-4	Path-2 Ant-1	Path-3 Ant-2	Path-0 Ant-5	Path-1 Ant-6	Path-0 Ant-1	Path-1 Ant-2	Path-2 Ant-3	Path-3 Ant-4	Path-0
1x1 (20/40/80)	Y	-	-	-	-	-	Y	-	-	-	Y
2x2 (20/40/80)	Y	Y	-	-	-	-	Y	Y	-	-	Y
4x4 (20/40/80)	Y	Y	Y	Y	-	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y



# Catalyst 9124AXE: Tri-Radio Antenna Configuration

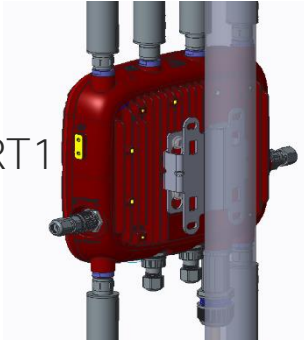
Catalyst® 9124AXE Tri-Radio Antenna Configurations: Channel Bandwidth <=80 Mhz

	5Ghz Radio 1 (Primary)				5Ghz Radio 2 (Secondary)		2.4Ghz Radio				IoT
Mode	Path-0 Ant-3	Path-1 Ant-4	Path-2 Ant-1	Path-3 Ant-2	Path-0 Ant-5	Path-1 Ant-6	Path-0 Ant-1	Path-1 Ant-2	Path-2 Ant-3	Path-3 Ant-4	Path-0
1x1 (20/40/80)	Y	-	-	-	Y	-	Y	-	-	-	Y
2x2 (20/40/80)	Y	Y	-	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	-	-	Y

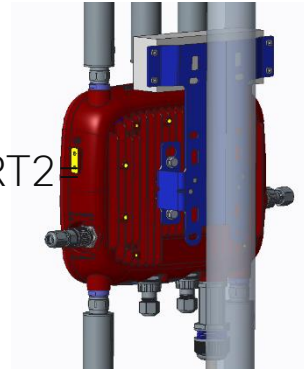


# Catalyst 9124AX Series: Mounting Brackets

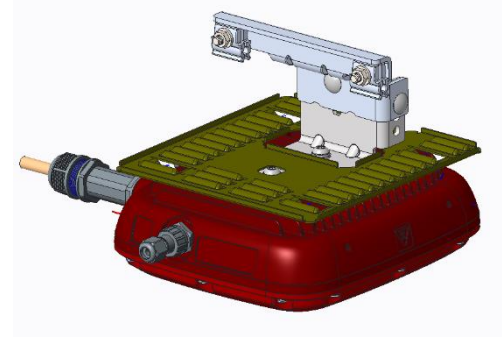
AIR-MNT-VERT1



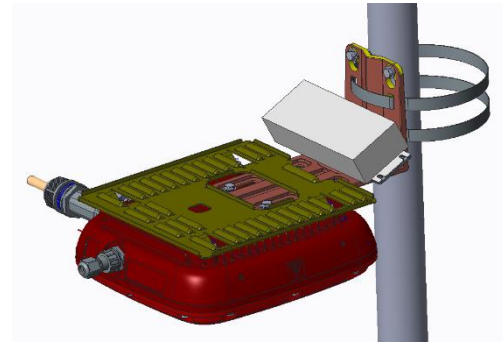
AIR-MNT-VERT2



AIR-MNT-ART1=



AIR-MNT-STRAND1=

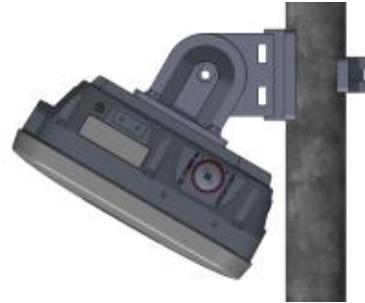


AIR-MNT-HORZ1=  
& AIR-MNT-HORZ1-PSU

# Catalyst 9124AX Series: Re-usable Mounting kits

Mounting kit - Reusable	9124AXI	9124AXD	9124AXE
AIR-ACC1530-PMK1=	✗	✓	✓
AIR-ACC1530-PMK2=	✗	✓	✓

AIR-ACC1530-PMK1=  
Fixed vertical mount



AIR-ACC1530-PMK2=  
Tilting mount

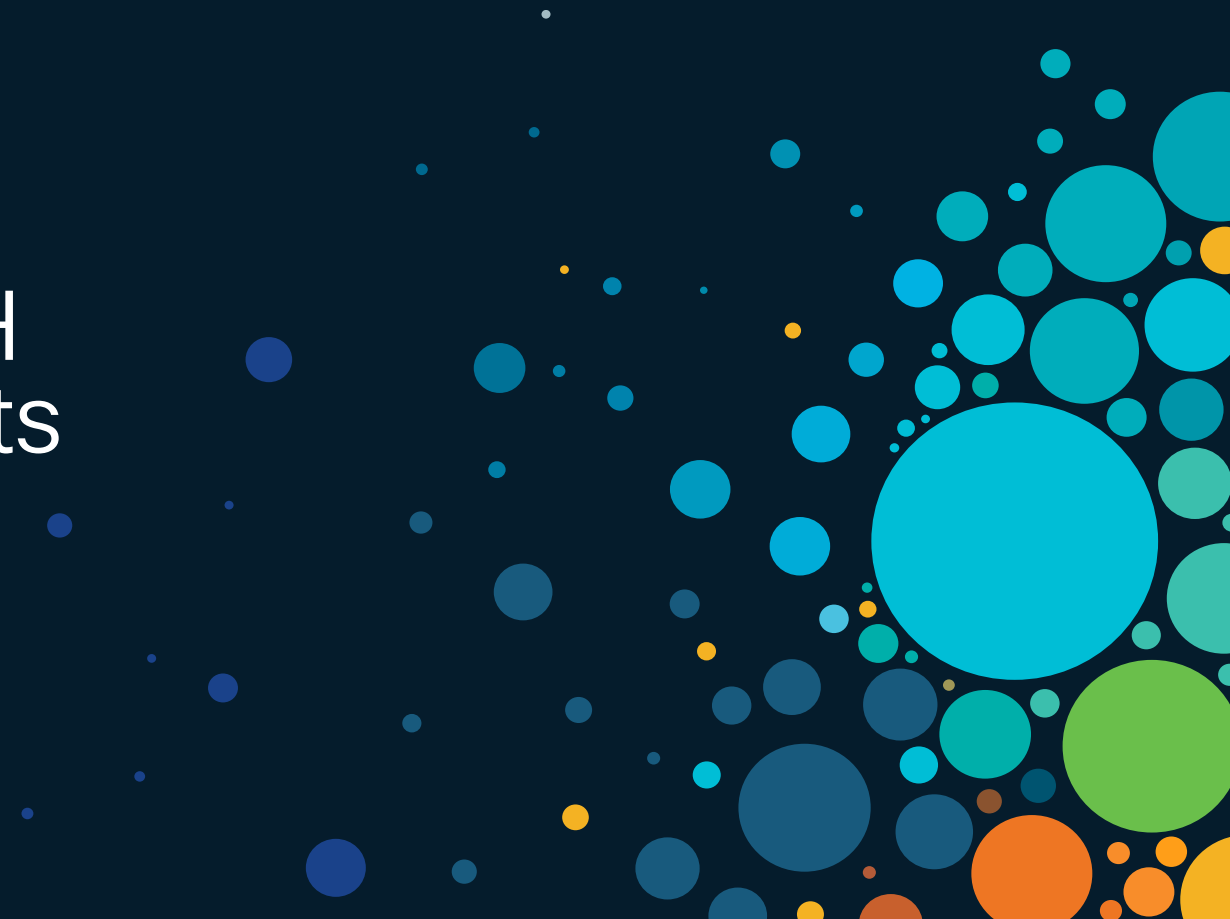
# Catalyst 9124AXE: Antenna options

- Antennas (most of them) used in AP1562E can be re-used in C9124AXE access points. In addition, support for the new SIA Antenna(highlighted below) is also available in same band and gain

Product ID	Description	Gain
AIR-ANT2547V-N	Omnidirectional dual band (2.4/5 GHz)	2.4 Ghz: 4 dBi 5 Ghz: 7 dBi
AIR-ANT2547VG-N/ <b>AIR-ANT2547VG-NS</b>	Omnidirectional dual band (2.4/5 GHz)	2.4 Ghz: 4 dBi 5 Ghz: 7 dBi
AIR-ANT2568VG-N/ <b>AIR-ANT2568VG-NS</b>	Omnidirectional dual band (2.4/5 GHz)	2.4 Ghz: 6 dBi 5 Ghz: 8 dBi
AIR-ANT2588P3M-N=	3-port wall/pole mount directional (wide)	2.4 Ghz: 8 dBi 5 Ghz: 8 dBi
<b>AIR-ANT2588P4M-NS=</b>	4-port wall/pole mount directional (wide)	2.4 Ghz: 8 dBi 5 Ghz: 8 dBi
AIR-ANT2513P4M-N/ <b>AIR-ANT2513P4M-NS=</b>	4-port wall/pole mount directional (narrow)	2.4 Ghz: 13 dBi 5 Ghz: 13 dBi
AIR-ANT2450V-N=	Omnidirectional (2.4 GHz)	2.4 Ghz: 5 dBi
AIR-ANT2480V-N=	Omnidirectional (2.4 GHz)	2.4 Ghz: 8 dBi
AIR-ANT2413P2M-N=/ <b>AIR-ANT2413P2M-NS=</b>	2-port directional (2.4 GHz)	2.4 Ghz: 13 dBi
AIR-ANT5180V-N=	Omnidirectional (5 GHz)	5 Ghz: 8 dBi
AIR-ANT5114P2M-N=/ <b>AIR-ANT5114P2M-NS=</b>	2-port directional (5 GHz)	5 Ghz: 14 dBi

- ✓ Support Self-Identifying Antennas (AP ANT ports 1, 3, 5) in Antennas:  
AIR-ANT2547VG-NS, AIR-ANT2568VG-NS, AIR-ANT2413P2M-NS=, AIR-ANT5114P2M-NS=, AIR-ANT2568VG-NS, AIR-ANT2513P4M-NS=

# Recent MESH Enhancements



# Problem: Bandwidth drops the deeper my MESH gets

**Problem:** Every time I “hop” through a MESH node, my bandwidth half's and my latency doubles. This sucks. How can I fix this?

**Solution:** Use an AP with 2x 5GHz slots that supports “Serial Backhaul”

Serial Backhaul enables the use of different channels on different backhauls, which helps in reducing interferences and maximizes the throughput. Intention is that in units with 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> radio, two of the radios are reserved for backhaul.



# Configurations – Serial Backhaul

## Config

```
C9800(config)#wireless profile radio mesh-downlink
C9800(config)#mesh backhaul
C9800(config)#[no] mesh designated downlink

C9800(config)#wireless tag rf map-tag
C9800(config)#dot11 5ghz slot2 radio-profile mesh-downlink
```

Associate the RF Tag to the Access Point

## Verify

```
C9800# show wireless profile radio detailed <profile>
Radio Profile name: <profile>
Description:
Beam-Selection: Not configured
Mesh
  Backhaul: <true/false>
  Designated downlink: <true/false>
```

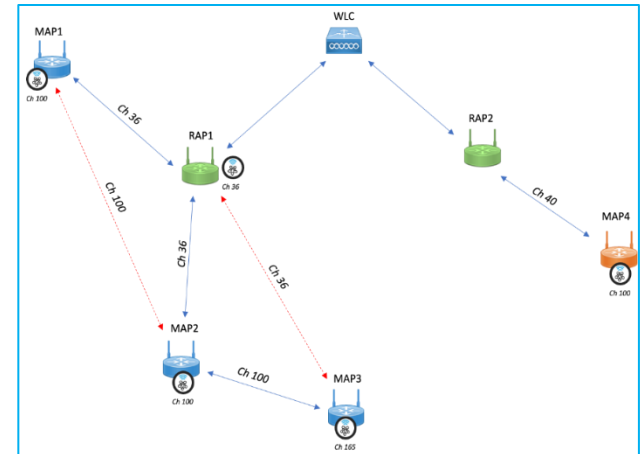
- ✓ Executed in CLI radio profile config mode
- ✓ Enables/Disables the serial backhaul feature
- ✓ Once configured following warning is printed:  
“Warning! Designated downlink supported only on slot2 of mesh APs, associate in the rf tag accordingly”

# Mesh Config – Serial Backhaul

```
C9800# # show mesh config
AP Specific Configuration:
AP Role: Mesh AP
Backhaul Mode: 802.11a
Internal DHCP Running Status: Disabled
Strict Wired Uplink: Disabled
Background Scanning: Disabled
Strict Matching BGN: Disabled
Convergence Method: Standard Convergence, CCN mode: Disabled
Ethernet Bridging BPDU Allow: Disabled
Daisy Chain Mode: Disabled
```

```
.....
Preferred Parent: 00:00:00:00:00:00
CAPWAP Join Mode: Not configured
Daisychain STP Redundancy: Disabled
Bridge Group Name:
Mesh Block Child State: Allowed
Serial backhaul: Enabled
Radio config:
```

```
Slot0: [ backhaul:Enabled supported_downlink:Disabled
designated_downlink:Disabled ]
Slot1: [ backhaul:Enabled supported_downlink:Enabled
designated_downlink:Disabled ]
Slot2: [ backhaul:Enabled supported_downlink:Enabled
designated_downlink:Enabled ]
```



# Channel Assignment – Initial Phase – Serial Backhaul

## Design

- Uplink and Downlink channels shall be different
- All 5G radios shall respect a frequency guard between their operating channel (HW dependent, for example Ithaca (AP9124) 100Mhz)
- DFS channels shall be supported

## RAP

- Uplink is Wired. The RAP uses the channel given by WLC

## MAP

- The MAP connects to a Parent as first step. Once uplink is ready, then the MAP will select the best channel to be used. Different from Uplink, that respects frequency guard of the platform.

# Channel Assignment – Serial Backhaul

## Radio Assignment

- ❑ No per-AP configuration, Uplink and Downlink radios are statically assigned as radio profiles. (e.g., radio 1 => Uplink, radio 2 => Downlink). Provides a control over field deployment on radio selection for uplink and downlink and connect antennas accordingly

## Client Access

- ❑ Basic client access will be offered on 2.4 Ghz radio and 5 Ghz radio (not used by serial backhaul)
- ❑ Universal client access will be available only on the downlink backhaul radio

## Role of WLC

- ❑ WLC provides configuration knob to enable/disable this feature. WLC does check if the AP supports serial backhaul feature by looking at AP capabilities

# Channel Assignment – Events – Serial Backhaul

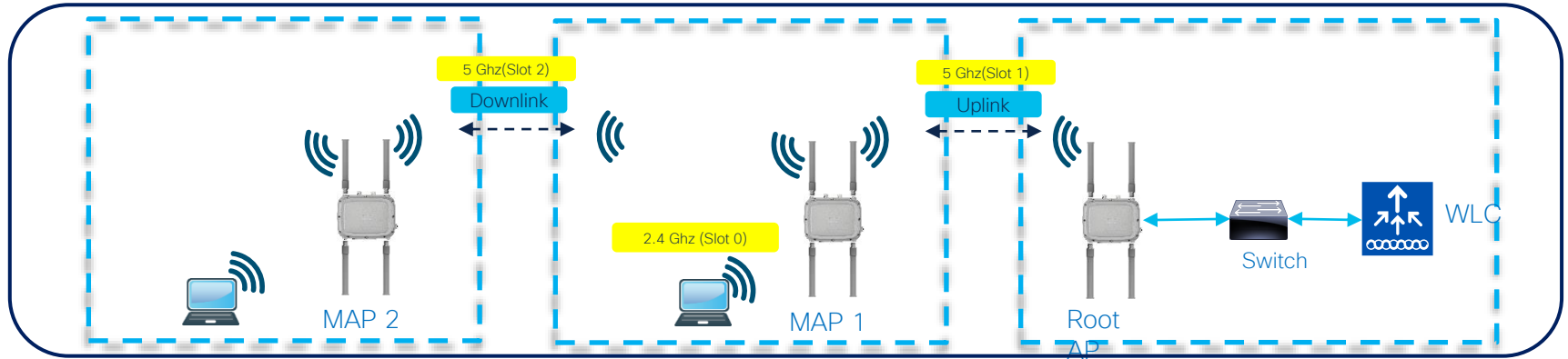
## Radar

- ❑ Each mesh node shall perform radar detection on DFS channel. In non-serial-backhaul mesh networks WLC receives DFS event and assigned a new channel to RAP.
- ❑ When a serial backhaul detects a radar event on its downlink channel, it sends this radar event to WLC, then the AP will select a new channel (by using FreqGuardFx({Channel list – { uplink-channel – DFS\_radar\_channel} }))

## Roaming

- ❑ When MAP roams to a new parent, it follows the initialization procedure:
  - ✓ Select the best downlink channel
  - ✓ Notify children of the change (CCA)

# Mesh – Designated Downlink



- Mesh Serial Backhaul(SBH) allows us to maximize throughput over multiple mesh hops
- Allows network segregation.
- Enables us to use different channels on different backhauls, which helps in avoiding localized link interferences
- In above deployment, Slot 1 is used for Uplink, Slot 0 is for Client Access and Slot 2 is the designated Downlink

# Problem: I need faster Uplink Loss Detection

**Problem:** In current Cisco IOS-XE Mesh design, if the RAP uplink is down, the entire sector loses connectivity. The customer must implement alternate way to detect failures and steer the MAP forcefully towards another parent (Implementing manual tear down)

**Solution:** RAP uplink detection is made simple, and the teardown is automatically triggered from the RAP upon backhaul failure.

- Reduce detection time for RAP uplink backhaul failure by pinging the gateway at frequent interval to monitor the uplink
- Introduce Latency check as another criteria: Gateway link check to confirm whether the latency is within the threshold
- When RAP loses uplink, it should stop serving clients (disconnect client and do not broadcast SSID)

# Solution Overview – Mesh Forced Roam

## What?

- ❑ Detects the Uplink failure on Root AP (RAP) in the Mesh Sector

## How?

- ❑ Periodic Ping Test to Gateway at frequent intervals
- ❑ Latency check of Ping Test

## Action

- ❑ When there are Ping Failures (Configured Retries) or Ping Latency is higher than the configured threshold, the RAP triggers a de-auth in the MAP
- ❑ MAP roams to next available parent and resumes service

# Forced Roam – Configurations

## Base Config

- ❑ All these configurations are part of IOS-XE Mesh profile

## Configurable options

- ❑ Ping Interval – At what interval should the Ping to GW be sent
- ❑ Ping Retries – Acceptable number of failures to conclude Uplink down
- ❑ Ping Latency – Latency threshold to take decisions

## Fallback

- ❑ Option to configure the wait time – Allow RAP backhaul to stabilize
- ❑ Configure time during which RAP should not accept MAPs

# Forced Roam – Configurations

## Config

```
C9800(config)#wireless profile mesh default-mesh-profile
C9800(config-wireless-mesh-profile)#fast-teardown
C9800(config-wireless-mesh-profile-fast-teardown)#
```

## Verify

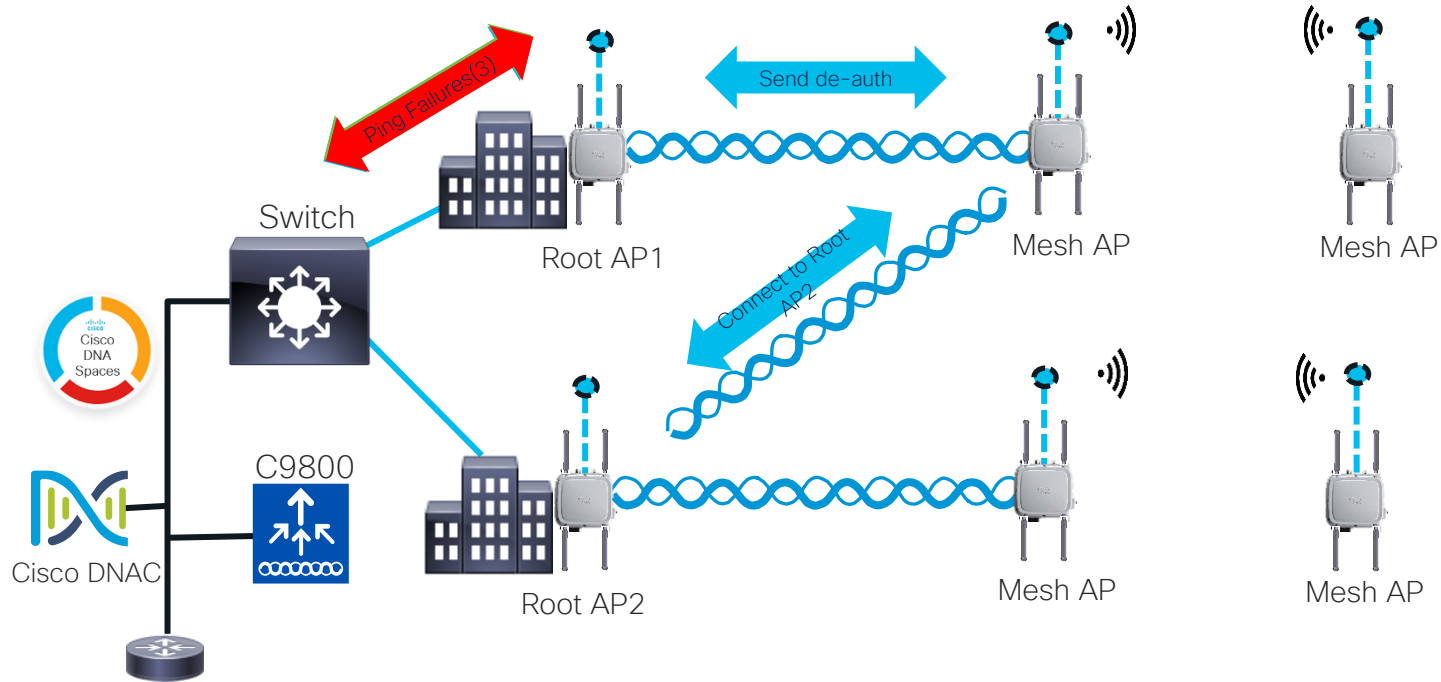
```
C9800#show wireless profile mesh detailed default-mesh-profile
Mesh Profile Name      : default-mesh-profile
-----
Description            : Default multi bssid profile
Bridge Group Name      : unconfigured
.....
Fast Teardown          : ENABLED
Number of Retries      : 4
Interval in sec        : 1
Latency Threshold in msec : 10
Latency Exceeded Threshold in sec : 8
Uplink Recovery Interval in sec : 60

C9800#
```

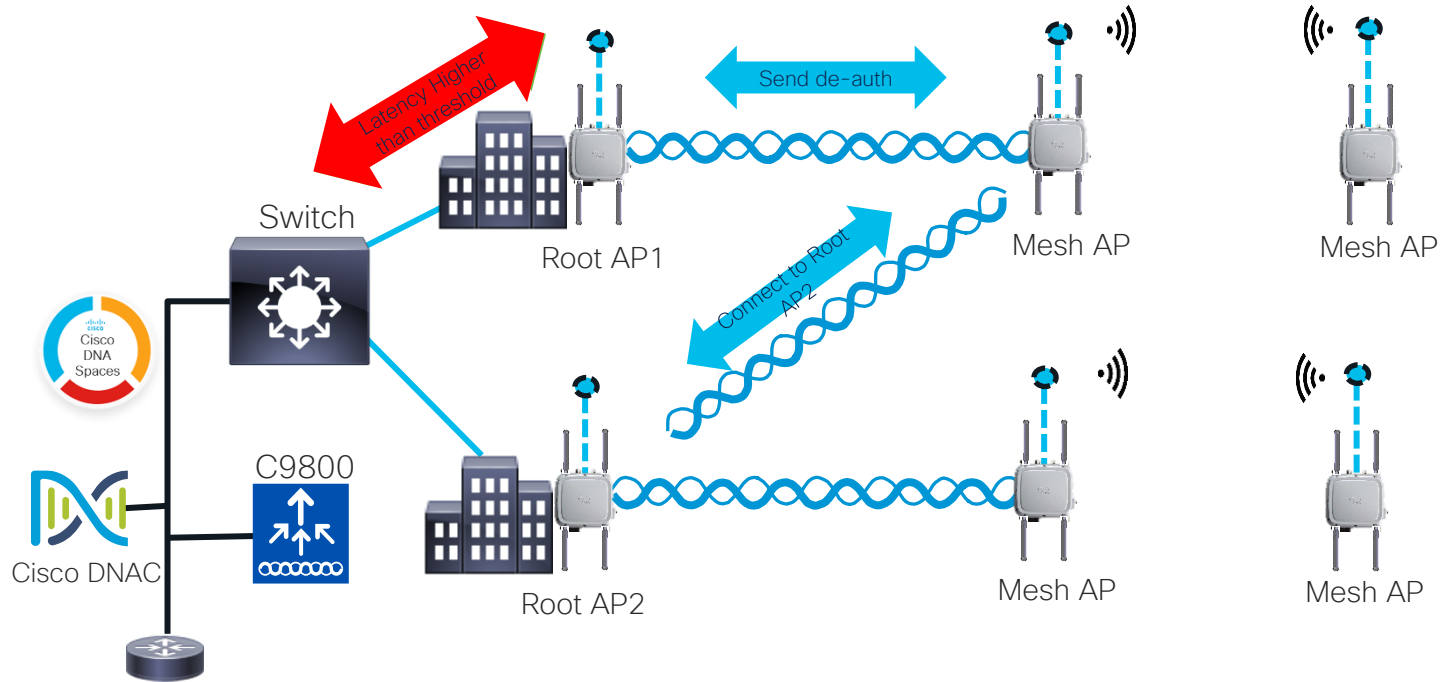
## Options

- **interval** : Retry interval
- **latency-exceeded-threshold** : Interval in which at least one ping must succeed in less than threshold time
- **latency-threshold** : Ping latency threshold
- **Retries** : Number of retries until gateway is considered unreachable
- **uplink-recovery-interval** : Time during which RAP uplink must be stable to accept child connections

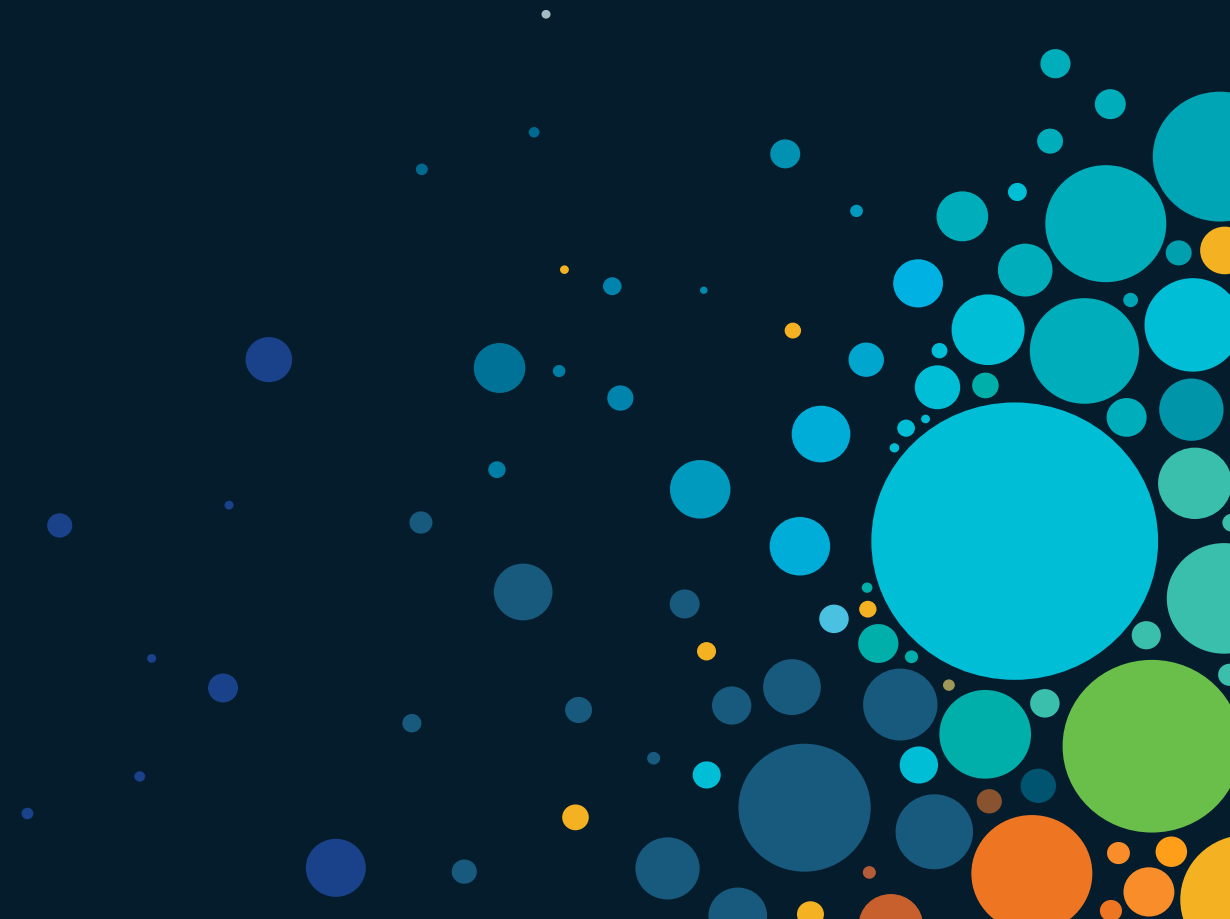
# Forced Roam - Gateway Down



# Forced Roam - Latency High



# F.A.Q Rapid Fire



# FAQ-1

- MESH data rates do not decrease linearly with each hop but if they did and we use 20Mhz channels with a data rate of 234Mbps the actual backhaul how would the data rates between the root MAPS work out?
  - After 1st hop Mesh AP = 117Mbps
  - After 2nd hop Mesh AP = 58.5Mbps
  - After 3rd hop Mesh AP = 29.25Mbps
  - After 4th hop Mesh AP = 14.63Mbps
- How is this different if I use a dual 5GHz design?
- For the 9124 using .11ax does that increase the bandwidth per hop vs 11ac?

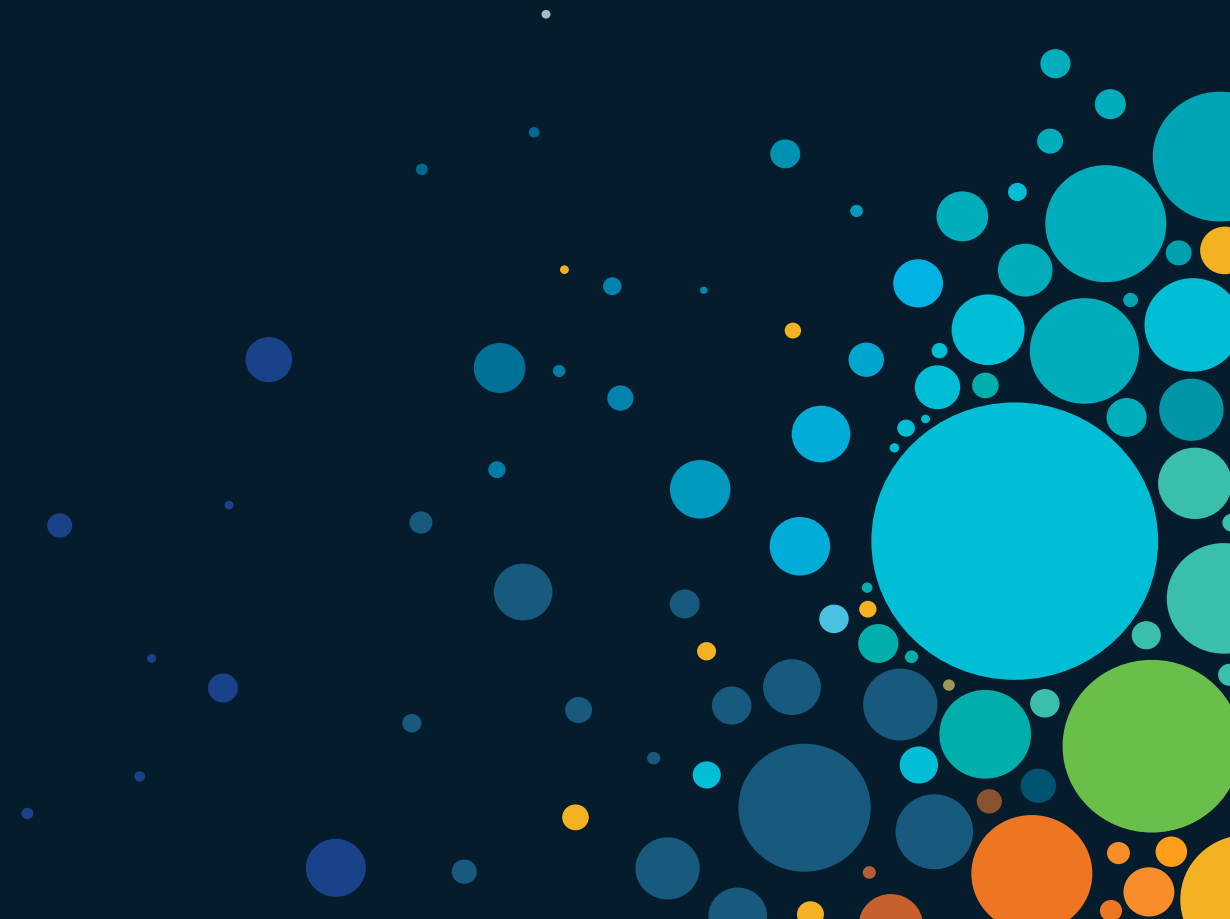
# FAQ-2

- If a client uses up all the 4th hop bandwidth, how does it affect hops before it and the bandwidth they can use?
- How quick is the failover to a secondary RAP for a MAP? Do you lose pings or is it not really noticed? Does the client associated to the MAP notice the failover?
- What antennas can I use? What is supported?
- When will DNAC support outdoor MAPS?
- Can I power my 9124 via PoE but use the SFP port for backhaul?

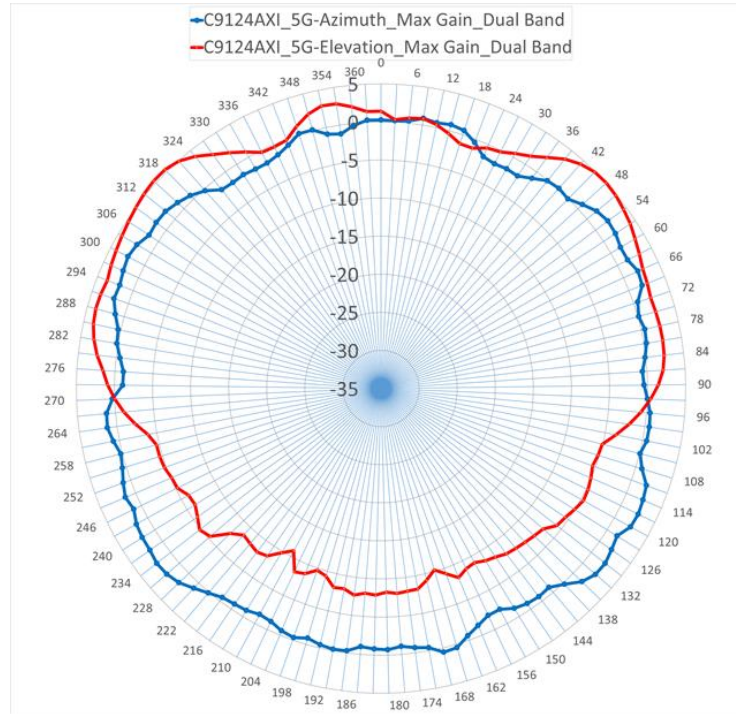
# FAQ-3

- Is the coverage of the 9124 the same as it's predecessors?
- Is a Solar Shield Required?
- Are lightening arrestors required?
- Does the 9124 support WGB mode?
- How many MESH hops can I have?
- Can the 9124 interop with older MESH APs?
- When should I use VLAN transparent in Ethernet Bridging?
- What code version should I be using if I want the best performance?

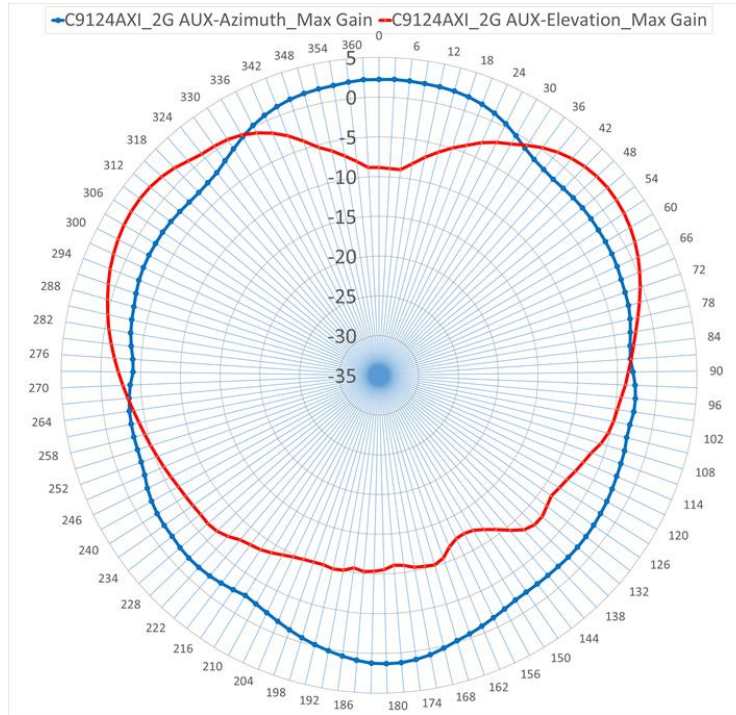
# Additional Resources



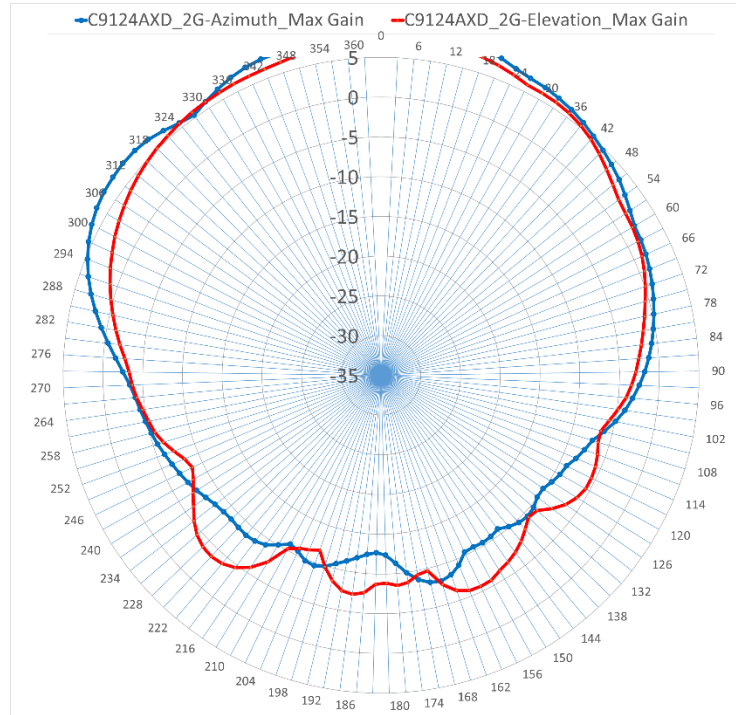
# Catalyst 9124AXI: Dual-band 5 GHz azimuth/elevation



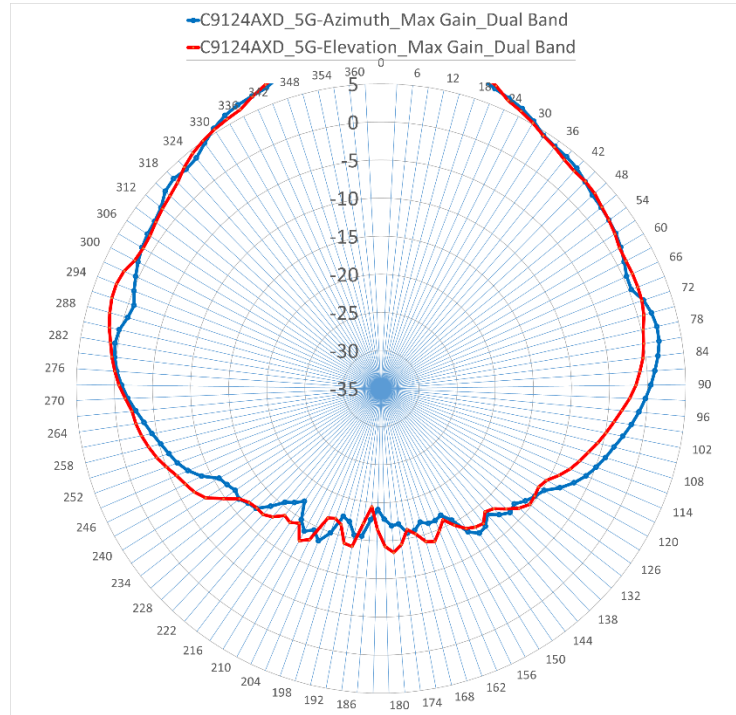
# Catalyst 9124AXI: 2 GHz Aux azimuth/elevation



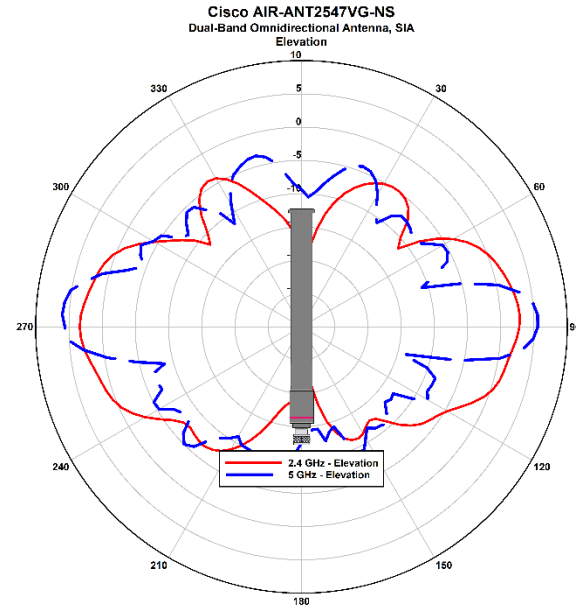
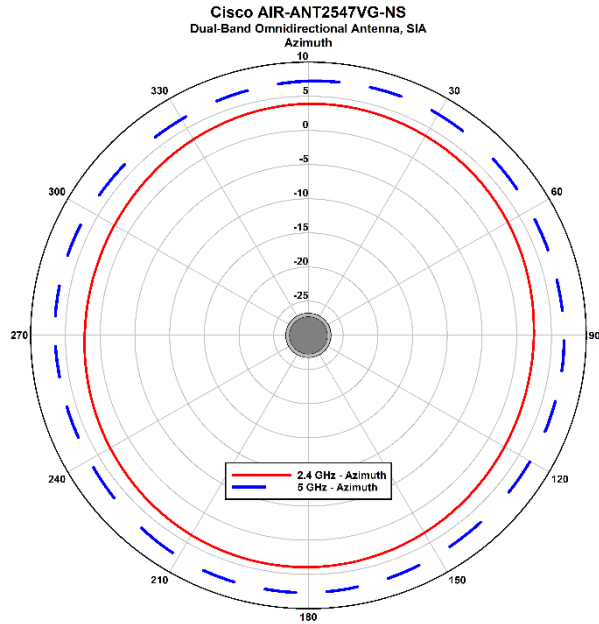
# Catalyst 9124AXD: Dual-band 2 GHz azimuth/elevation



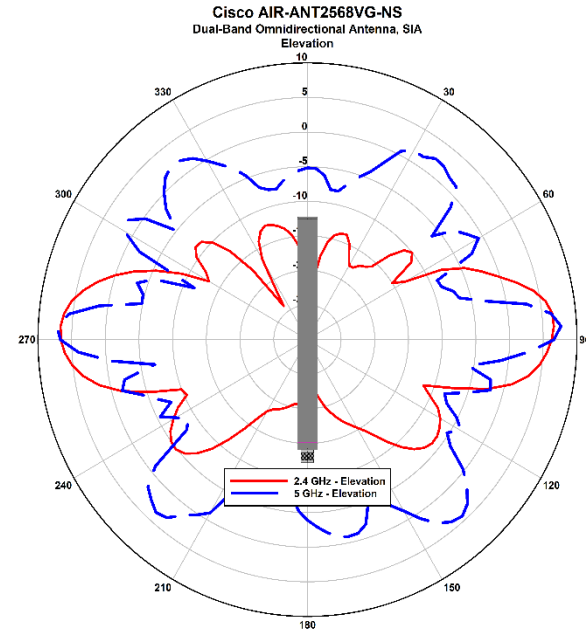
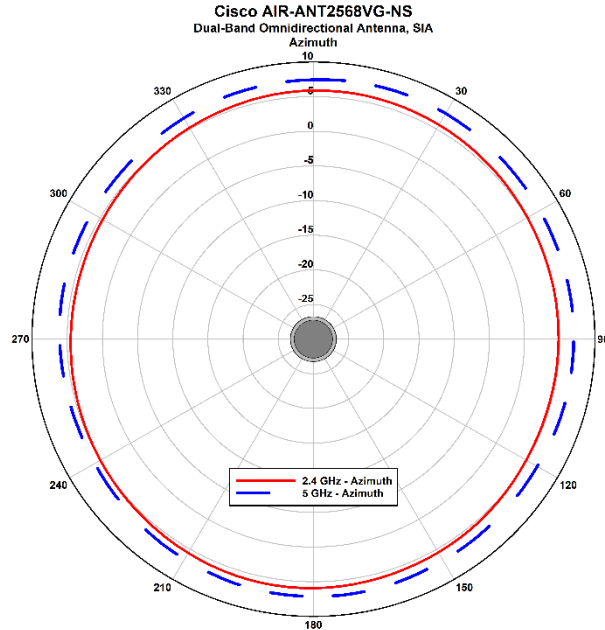
# Catalyst 9124AXD: Dual-band 5 GHz azimuth/elevation



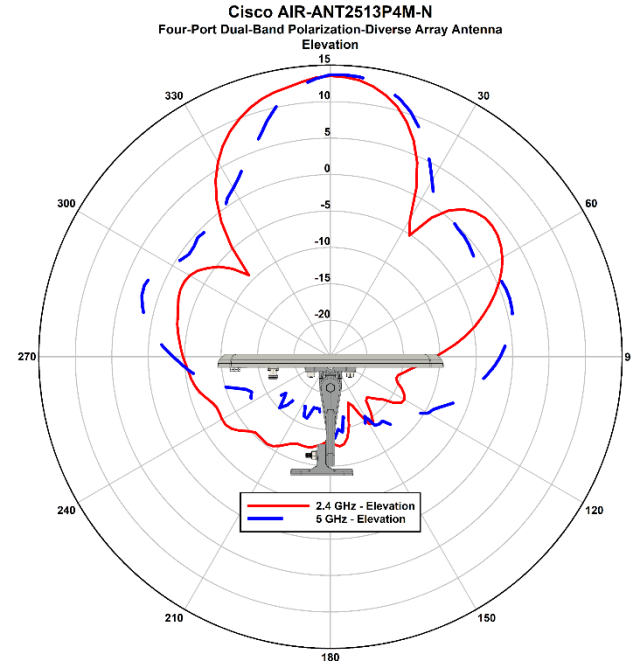
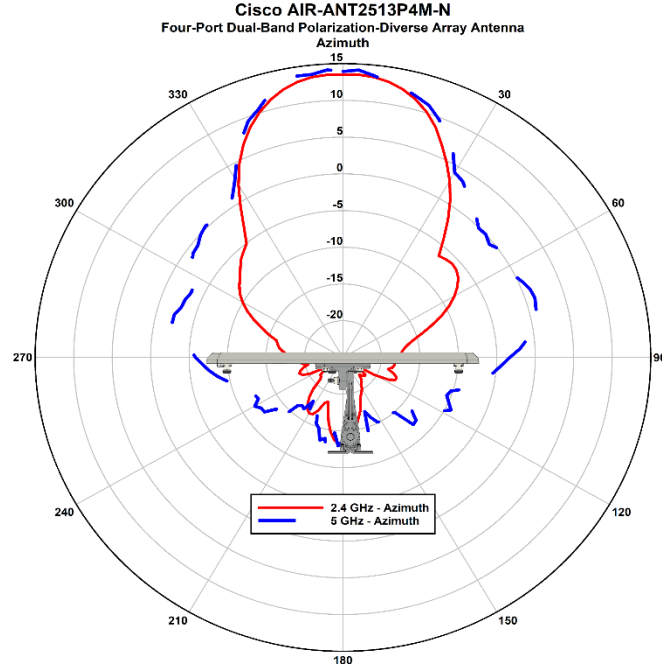
# Antenna AIR-ANT2547VG-NS



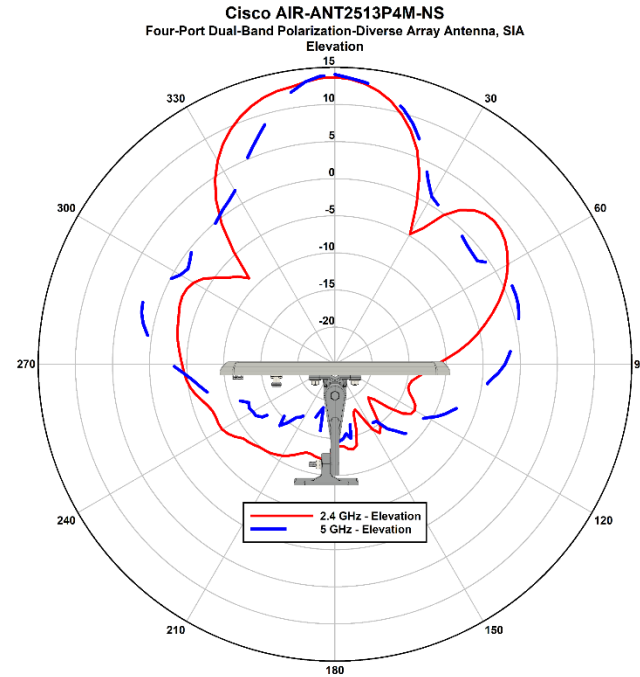
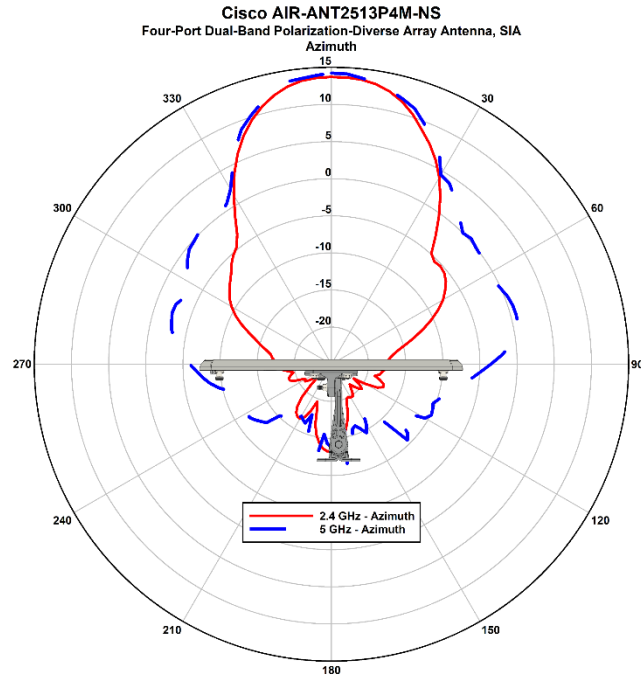
# Antenna AIR-ANT2568VG-NS



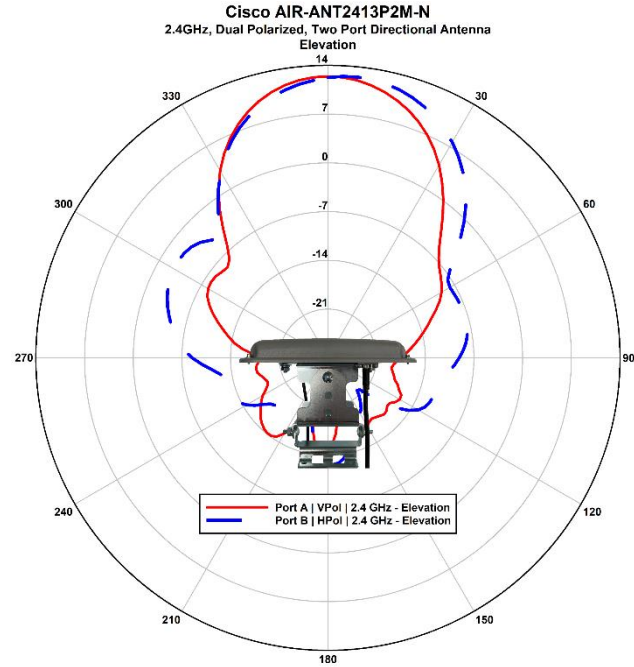
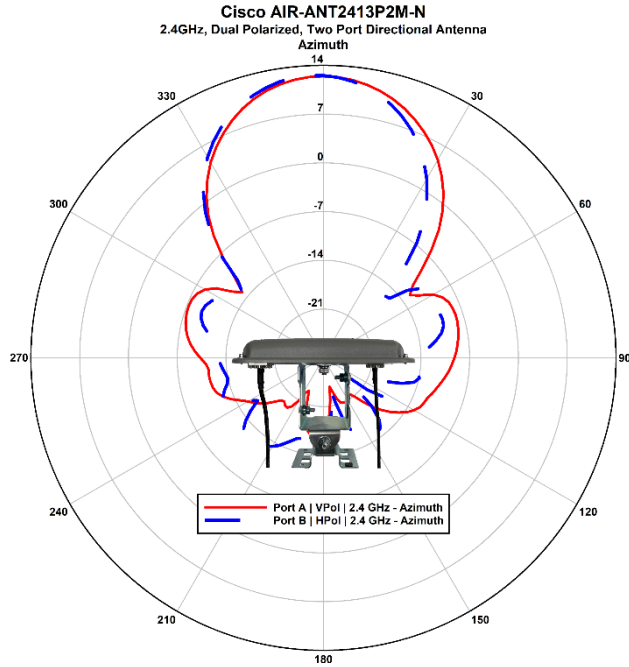
# Antenna AIR-ANT2513P4M-N



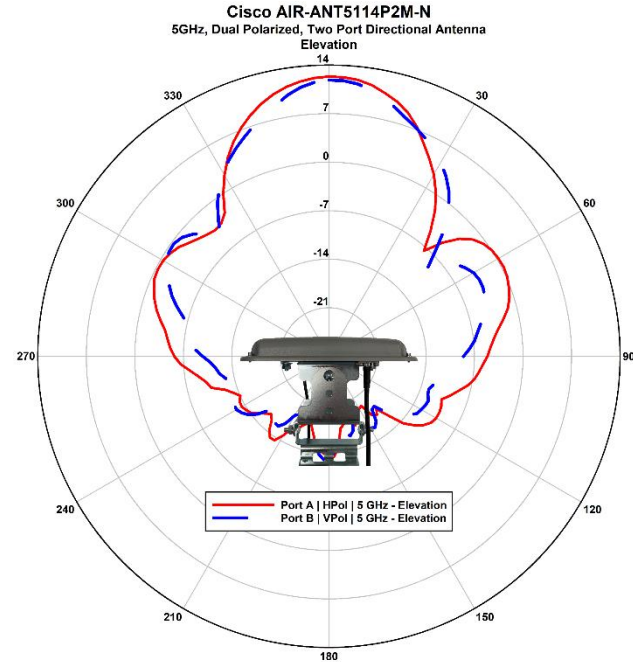
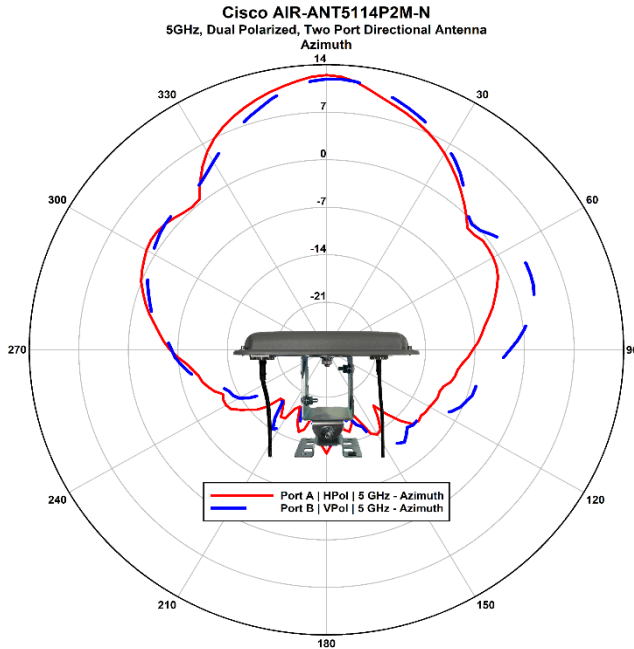
# Antenna AIR-ANT2513P4M-NS



# Antenna AIR-ANT2413P2M-N



# Antenna AIR-ANT5114P2M-N



Outdoor AP	1532I	1532E	IW3702	1562I	1562D	1562E	1572EAC
Type	802.11n	802.11n	802.11ac W1	802.11ac W2	802.11ac W2	802.11ac W2	802.11ac W1
Radios	2.4G: 3x3:3 5G: 2x3:2	2.4G: 2x2:2 5G: 2x2:2	2.4G: 4x4:3 5G: 4x4:3	2.4G: 3x3:3 5G: 3x3:3	2.4G: 2x2:2 5G: 2x2:2	2.4G: 2x2:2 5G: 2x2:2	2.4G: 4x4:3 5G: 4x4:3
Clients per radio	100	100	200	200	200	200	200
RF output power	Up to 27/29 dBm	Up to 27/29 dBm	Up to 23 dBm	Up to 29 dBm	Up to 27 dBm	Up to 27 dBm	Up to 30 dBm
ClientLink			n	n	n	n	n
CleanAir			n	n	n	n	n
BandSelect	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
FlexConnect	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
Wireless mesh	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
Antennas	Internal	Flexible Antenna Port (dual band/single band)	Flexible Antenna Port (dual band/single band)	Internal	Internal - Directional	Flexible Antenna Port (dual band/single band)	Flexible Antenna Port (dual band/single band)
Network interface(s)	2 x RJ-45	2 x RJ-45	2 x M12	1 x RJ-45, 1 x SFP	1 x RJ-45, 1 x SFP	1 x RJ-45, 1 x SFP	2x RJ-45, 1 x SFP
SPF Port				n	n	n	n
PoE Power options	PoE+/UPoE	PoE+/UPoE	PoE/PoE+	PoE+/UPoE	PoE+ (802.3at)	PoE+ (802.3at)	UPoE
DC power options	24-57 VDC	24-57 VDC	9.6 to 60 VDC	48 VDC	48 VDC	48 VDC	AC, 10 to 16 VDC
PoE (802.3af) out			n				n
Dimensions	9" x 7" x 4"	10" x 7" x 4"	11.3" x 8.0" x 2.3"	9.0" x 6.8" x 3.9"	9.0" x 6.8" x 4.3"	9.0" x 6.8" x 3.9"	11.8" x 7.9" x 6.3"
Temp Range °C	-30° to 65°	-30° to 65°	-50° to +75° (DC Powered)	-40° to 65°	-40° to 65°	-40° to 65°	-40° to 65°
Weight	5.0 lbs	5.5 lbs	6.7 lbs	5.6 lbs	5.7 lbs	5.6 lbs	13.5 lbs
Rating	IP67	IP67	IP67, Cold, Vibration, Shock, Freefall, Seismic	IP67	IP67	IP67	IP67, NEMA 4X

# Sources for Aluminum Pipe / Tube

- If using your own mast for wall mount applications, then Metal Supermarkets is a good source for low volume orders of aluminum pipe and tube.

Source: <https://www.metalsupermarkets.com>



A person wearing a brown knit beanie and sunglasses is visible in the bottom left corner, looking towards the right. In the center, a metal utility pole stands on a rooftop covered in snow. Two white rectangular equipment boxes are mounted on the pole. A white cable loops around the pole. The background shows a cityscape with buildings, trees, and a parking lot, all under a warm, golden sunset sky. The text "Thank You." is overlaid in the center of the image.

**Thank You.**

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- These points help you get on the leaderboard and increase your chances of winning daily and grand prizes.



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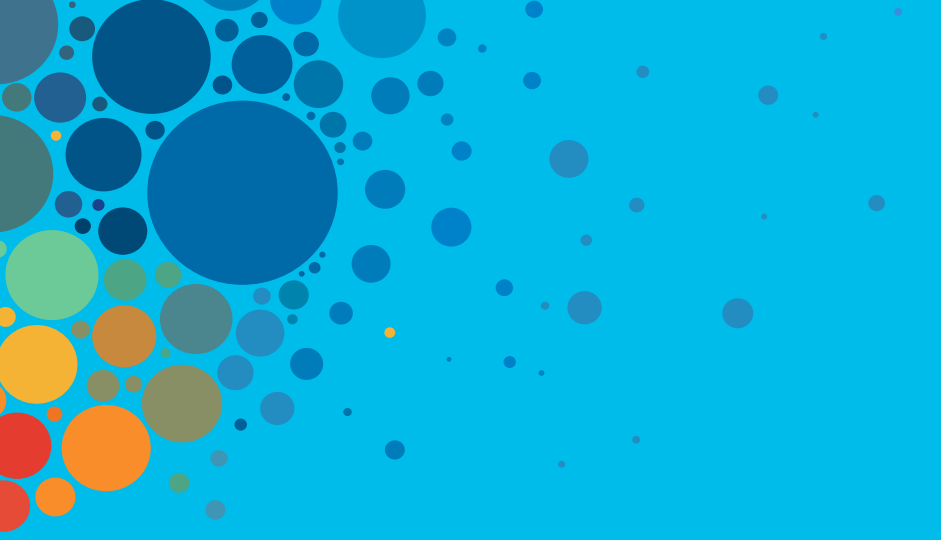
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