



The bridge to possible

Automation and In-Depth Troubleshooting of Cat8k, ASR1k, ISR and SD-WAN Edge

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BRKTRS-3475

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Agenda

- How are packet forwarded (architecture)
- Dataplane Troubleshooting
- Network-level troubleshooting (SDWAN)
- Resource Monitoring
- Wrapping up...

Cisco Webex App

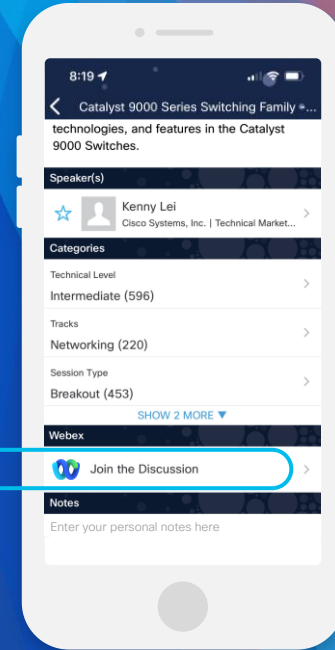
Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install the Webex App or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated by the speaker until June 9, 2023.

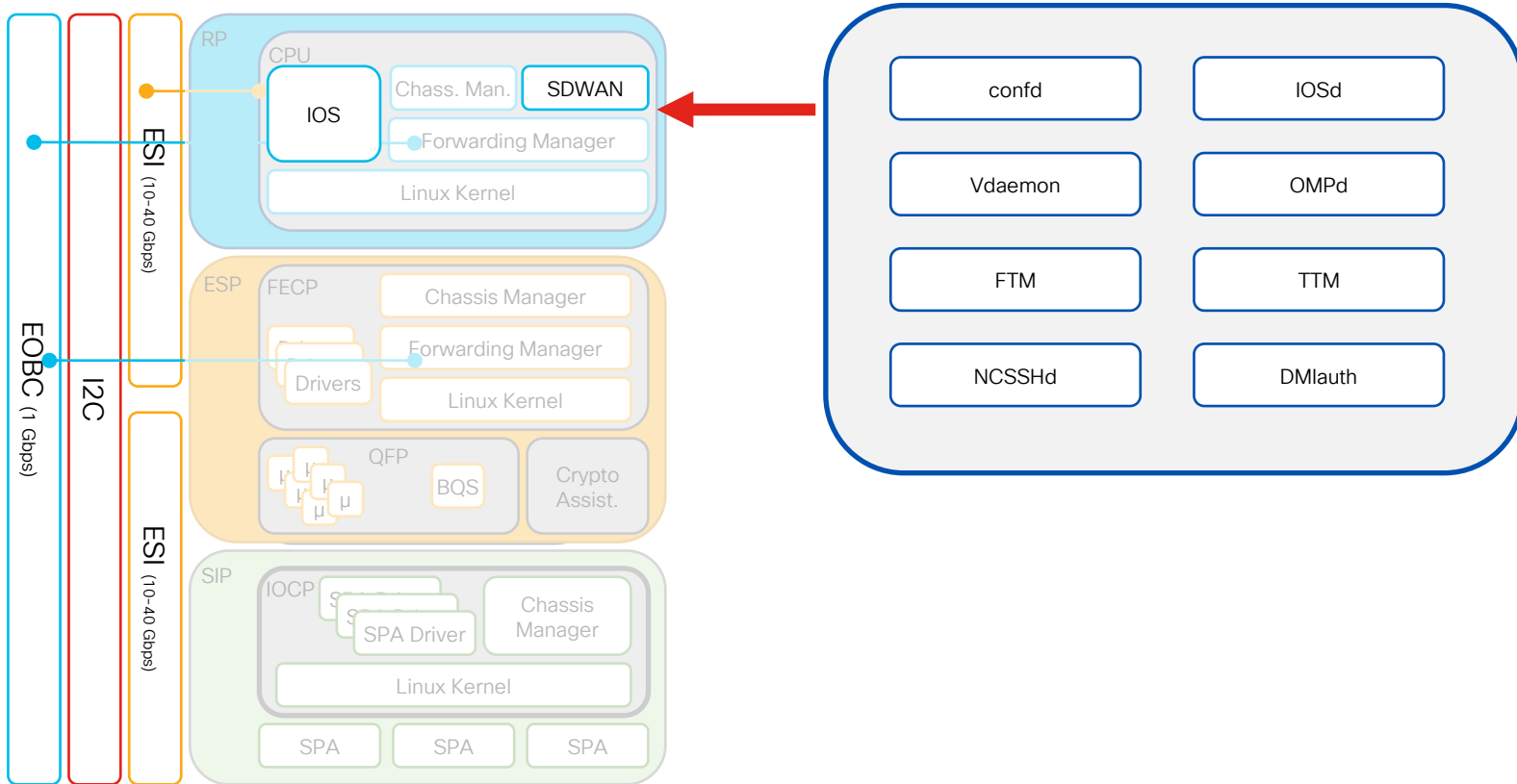


<https://cislive.ciscoevents.com/cislivebot/#BRKTRS-3475>

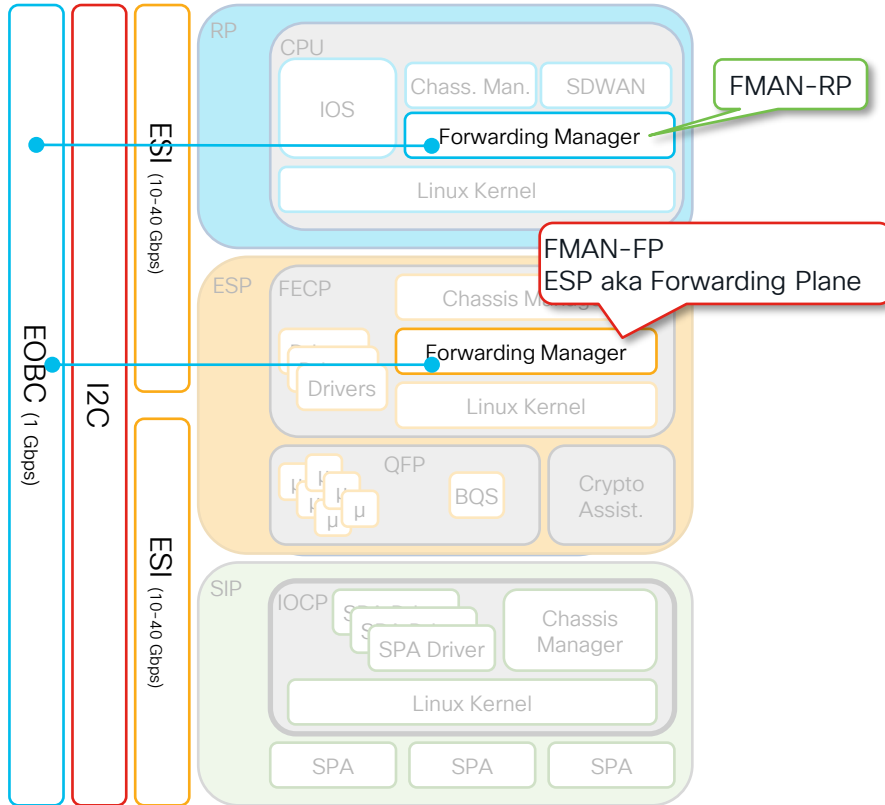
Software architecture



The Route Processor (General view)

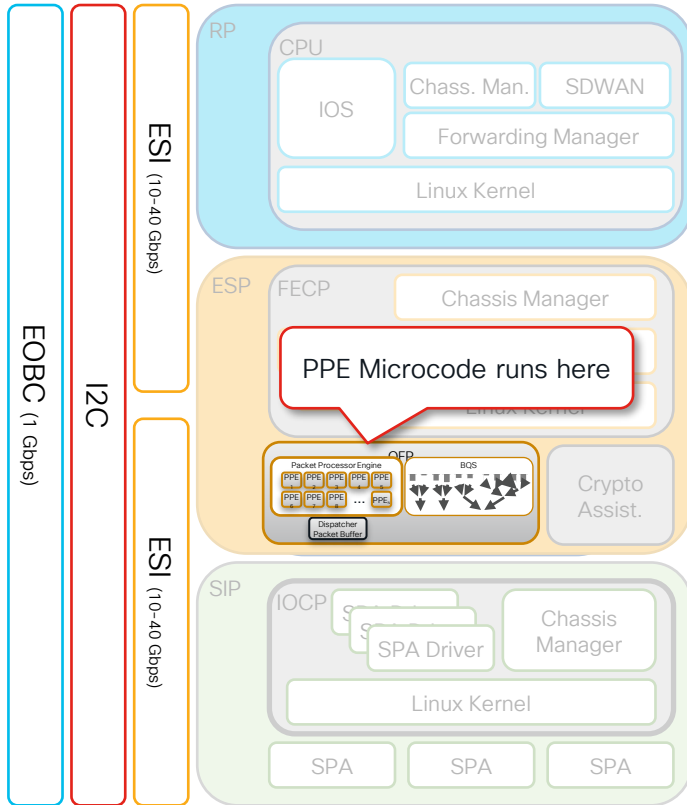


Forwarding Manager (FMAN)



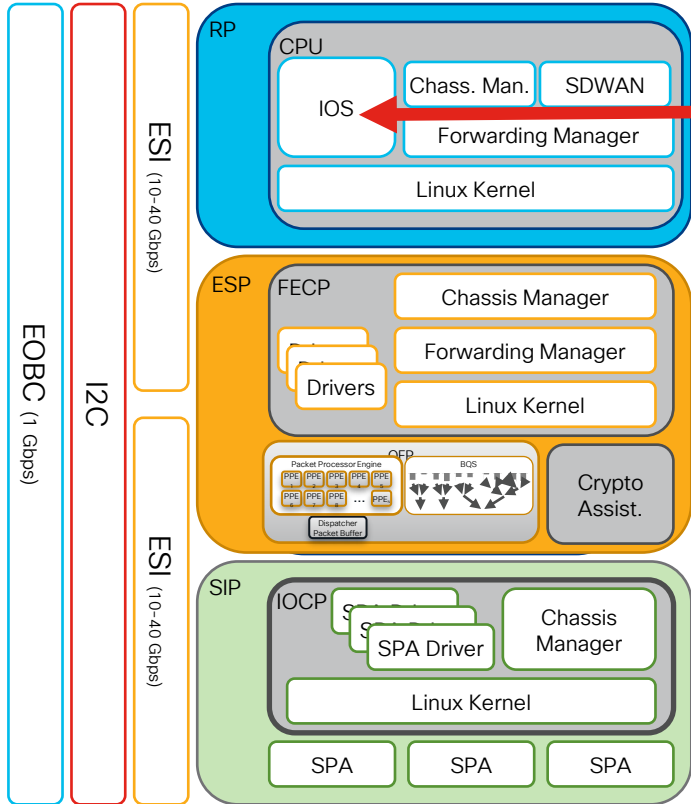
- FMAN on RP communicates with FMAN process on ESP
 - Distributed function
- Propagates control plane ops. to ESP
 - CEF tables, ACL's, NAT, SA's,...
- FMAN-FP communicates information back to FMAN-RP
 - e.g. statistics
 - FMAN-RP pushes info back to IOS
- FMAN on active RP maintains state for both active & standby ESP's
 - Facilitates NSF after re-start with bulk download of state information

PPE microcode



- Written in C
 - proper features, no hack
- Runs on each thread of the PPE
- Processes packets
 - run to completion
 - assisted by various memories
 - TCAM, DRAM,... various speeds
- Features applied via FIA
 - Feature Invocation Array
- FIA per interface
 - input FIA, output FIA
 - drop FIA (Null interface)
- on Cat8500 / ASR1k /ISR4400- running on bare metal
- Other platforms: running as Linux process

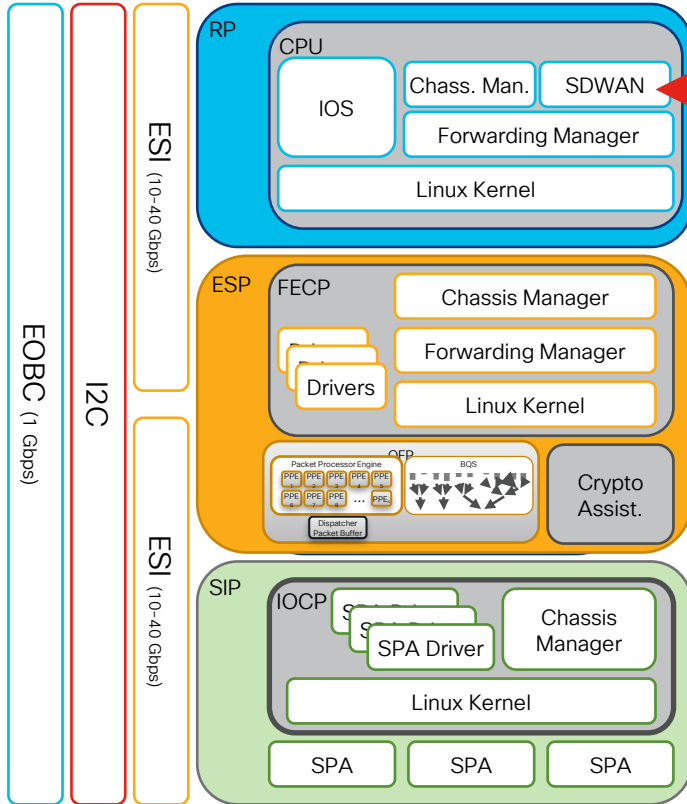
From Architecture to CLI



```
cedge1#show ip route
<removed>
Gateway of last resort is 192.168.4.1 to network 0.0.0.0

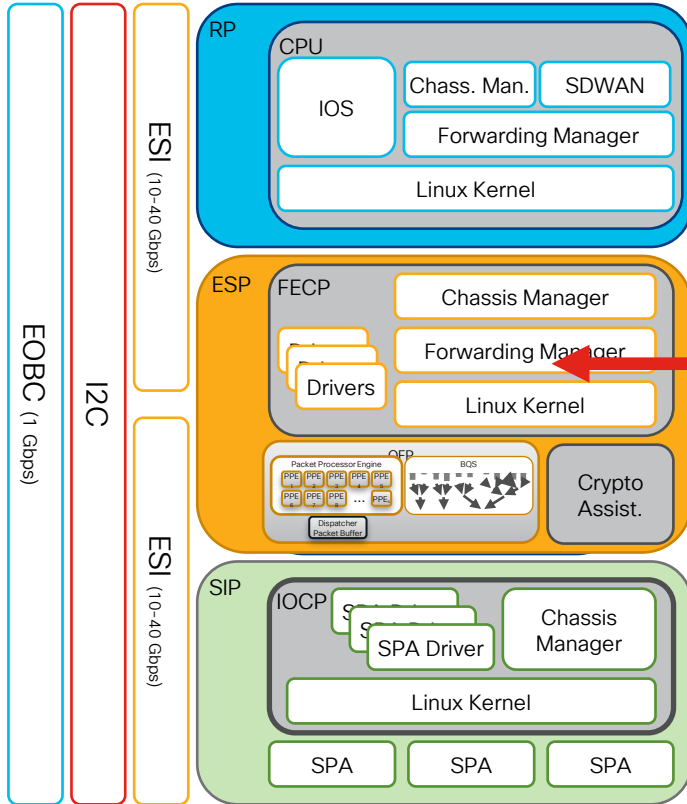
S*   0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.168.4.1
      [1/0] via 172.16.11.1
      172.16.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 12 subnets, 2 masks
C     172.16.11.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet3
L     172.16.11.254/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.12.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.13.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.14.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.15.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.16.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.17.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.18.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.41.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.119.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
O     172.16.120.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
      192.168.4.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C     192.168.4.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet1
L     192.168.4.31/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet1
O     192.168.8.0/24 [110/2] via 172.16.11.1, 2w0d, GigabitEthernet3
cedge1#
```

From Architecture to CLI



```
cedge6#show sdwan omp summary
oper-state          UP
admin-state         UP
personality         vedge
device-role         Edge-Router
omp-uptime          7:20:50:13
routes-received     316
routes-installed    91
routes-sent         8
tlocs-received      42
tlocs-installed     20
tlocs-sent          4
services-received   2
services-installed  0
services-sent       4
mcast-routes-received 18
mcast-routes-installed 2
mcast-routes-sent   4
hello-sent          67989
hello-received      67980
handshake-sent      2
handshake-received  2
alert-sent          0
alert-received      0
inform-sent         26
[...]
```

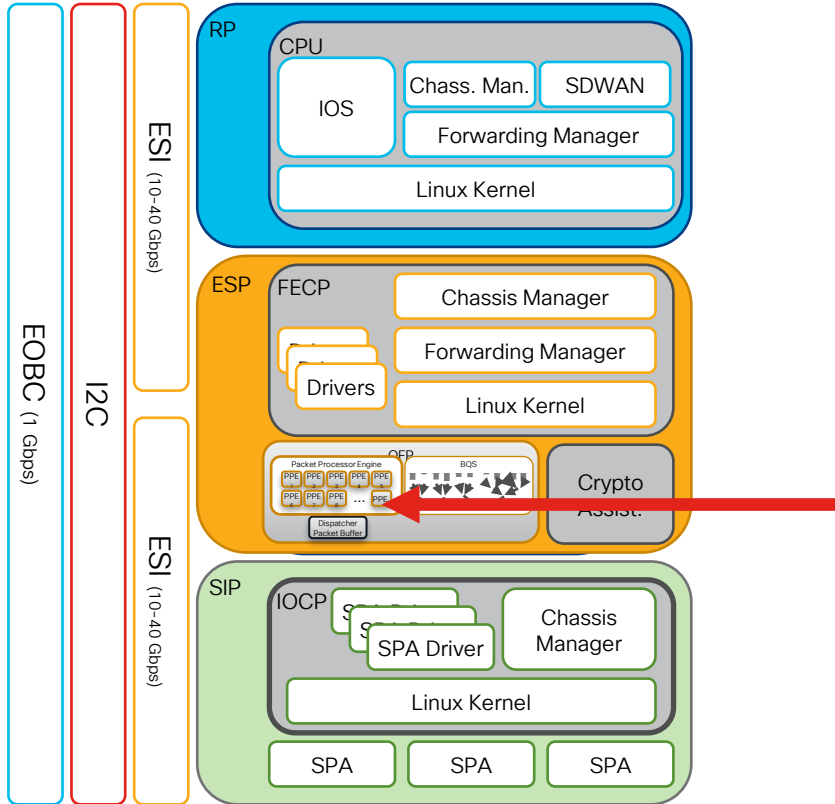
From Architecture to CLI



```

cedge7#show platform software ipsec fp active flow all
===== Flow id: 1
                mode: transport
                direction: inbound
                protocol: esp
                SPI: 0x0001bd
                local IP addr: 172.16.17.254
                remote IP addr: 172.16.12.254
                crypto map id: 1
                SPD id: 1
                cpp SPD id: 1
                ACE line number: 1
                QFP SA handle: 14
                crypto device id: 0
IOS XE interface id: 17
                interface name: Tunnel3
                object state: active
===== Flow id: 2
                mode: transport
                direction: outbound
                protocol: esp
                SPI: 0x000109
                local IP addr: 172.16.17.254
                remote IP addr: 172.16.12.254
                crypto map id: 1
                SPD id: 1
                cpp SPD id: 1
                ACE line number: 1
                QFP SA handle: 33
                crypto device id: 0
IOS XE interface id: 17
                interface name: Tunnel3
                use path MTU: 1480
                object state: active
                object bind state: active
    
```

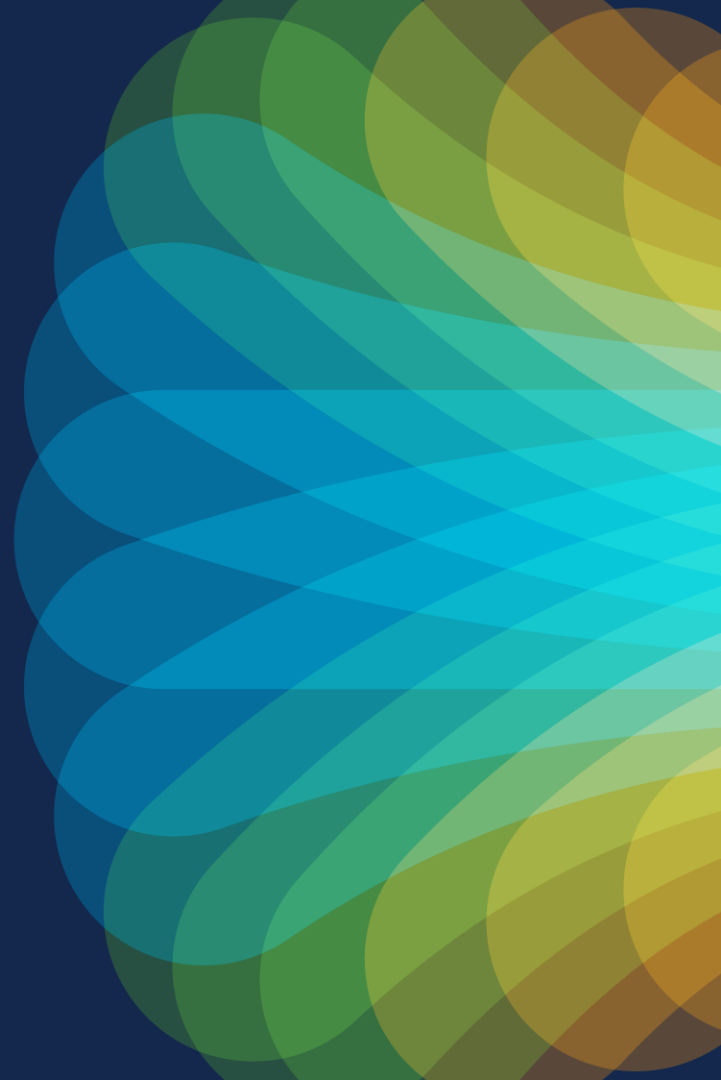
From Architecture to CLI



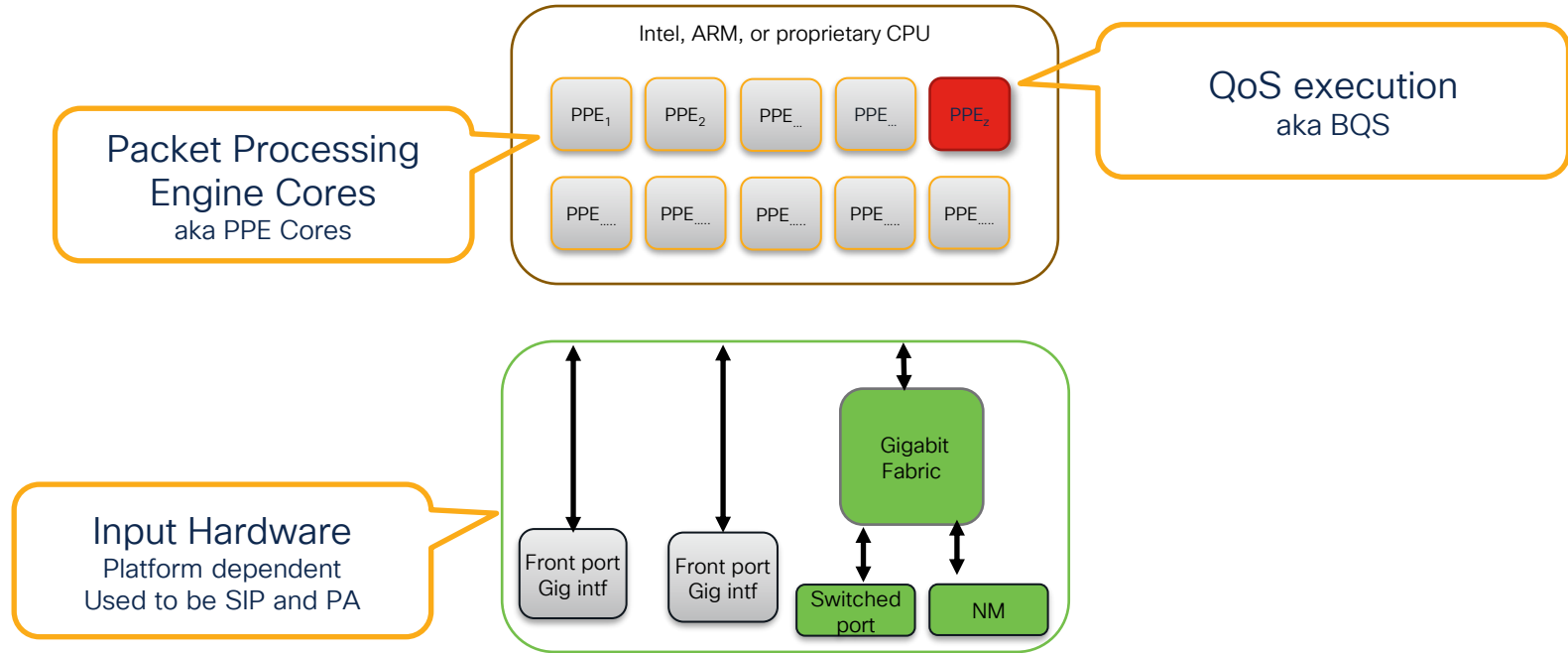
```

cedge6#show platform hardware qfp active feature acl control
Stats Poll Period: 0
Stats Entry Size: 16
Ha Init: 1
Fm Ready: 0
IPv4 Logging Threshold: 2147483647
IPv4 Logging Interval: 0
IPv6 Logging Threshold: 350000
IPv6 Logging Interval: 0
Maximum Aces Per Acl: 256000
Stats Update size: 180
Maximum Entries: 0
Maximum Entries per Classifier: 0
Result Bit Size: 0
Result Start Bit Pos: 0
Maximum Profiles: 0
Maximum Blocks per Profile: 0
Device Select: 0
Maximum Tree Depth: 0
Dimension: 0
Number Cuts: 0
    
```

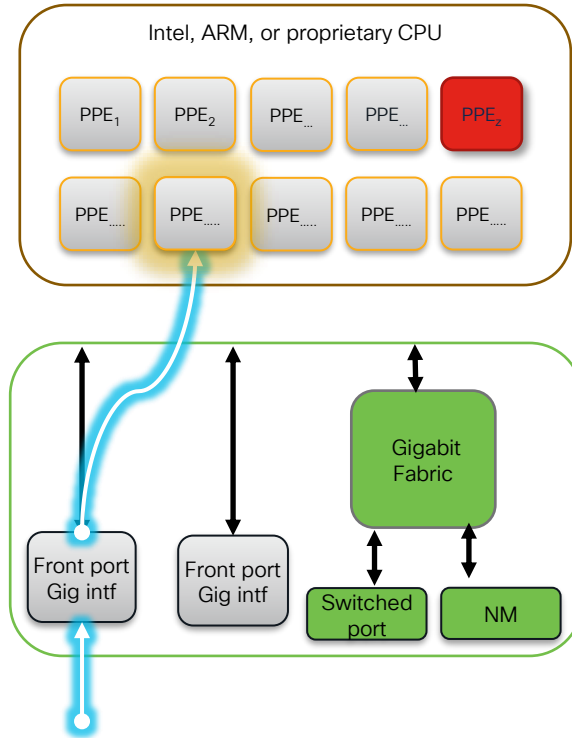
The forwarding plane



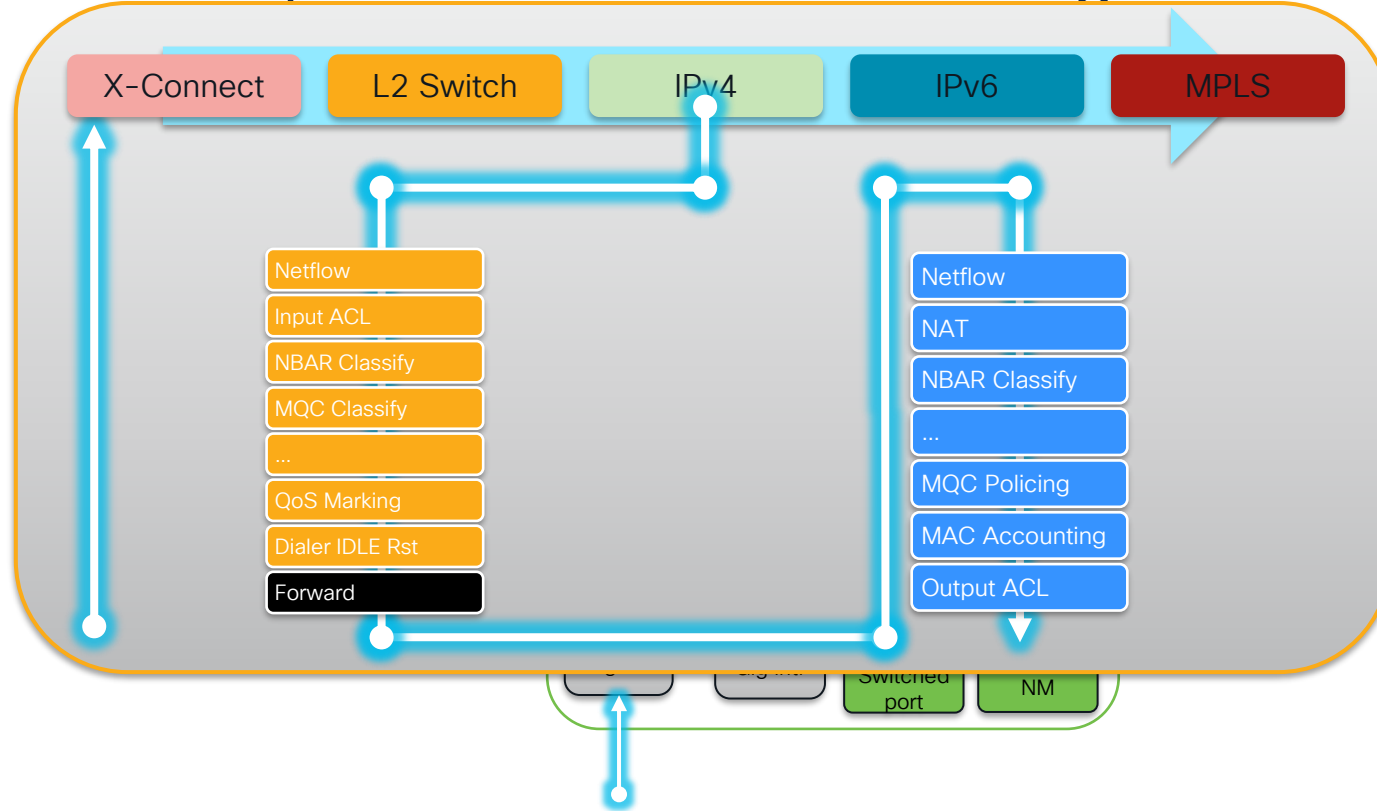
Life of a packet – Abstract Hardware



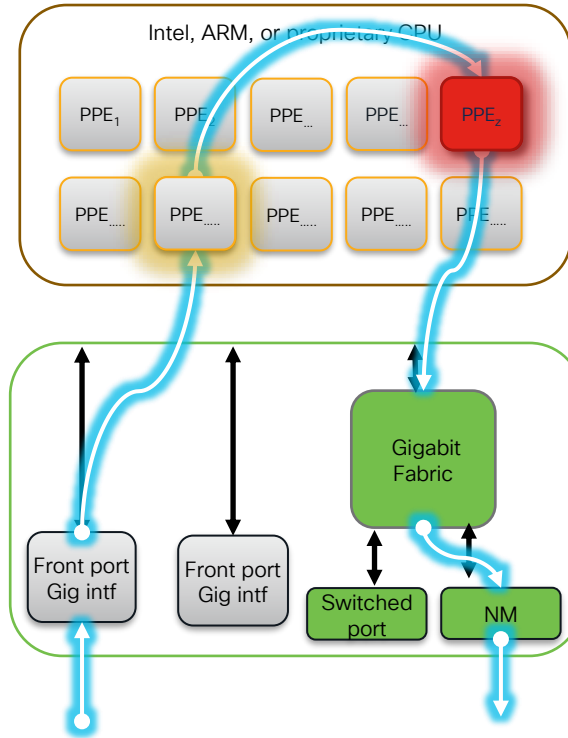
Life of a packet – Traffic entering interface



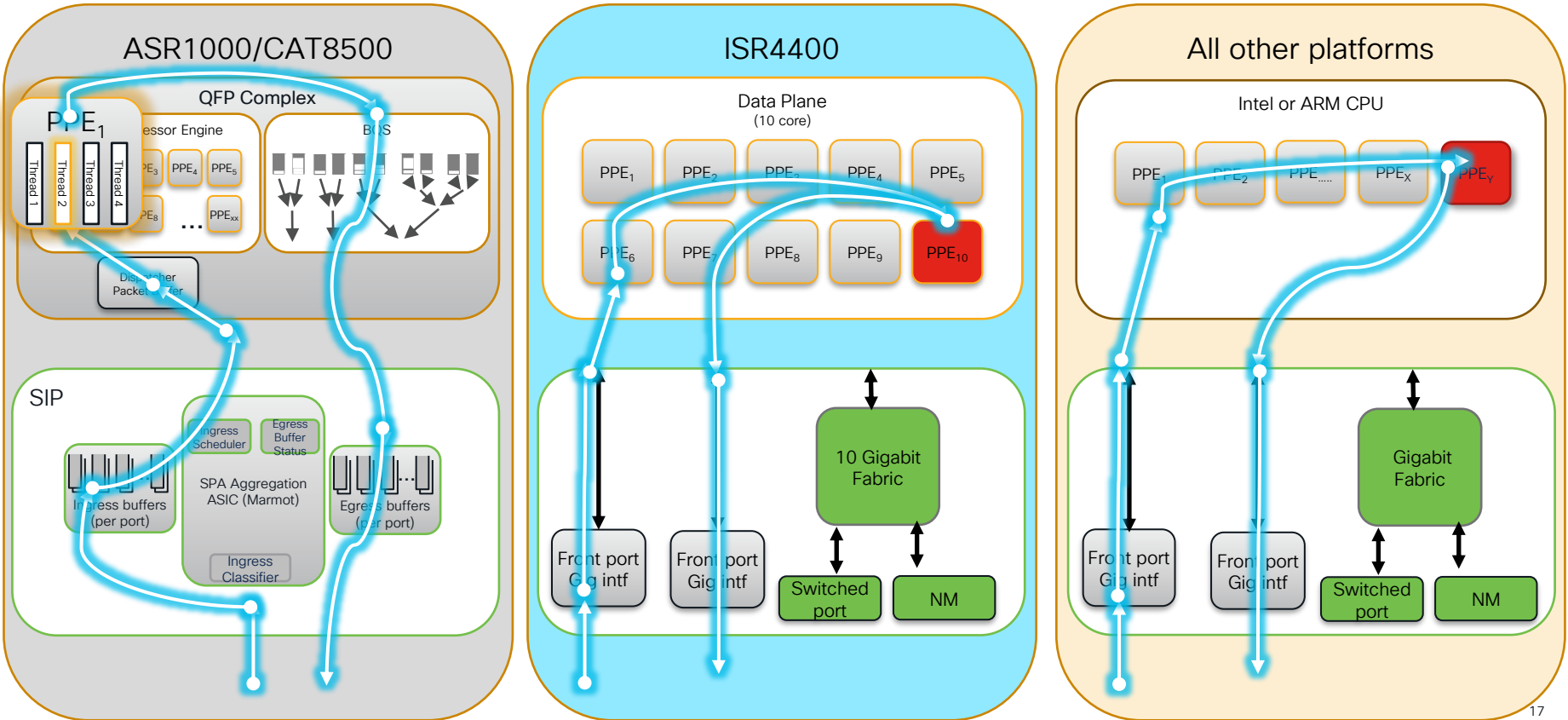
Life of a packet – Traffic entering interface



Life of a packet – BQS and Exit



Life of a packet – Various Platforms; Same Story



Interface FIA and Feature Order

show platform hardware qfp active interface if-name GigabitEthernet1

General interface information

Interface Name: GigabitEthernet1
Interface state: VALID
Platform interface handle: 7
QFP interface handle: 6
Rx uidb: 1023
Tx uidb: 65530
Channel: 30
Interface Relationships

BGPPA/QPPB interface configuration information

Ingress : BGPPA/QPPB not configured. flags: 0000
Egress : BGPPA not configured. flags: 0000

ipv4_input enabled.
ipv4_output enabled.
layer2_input enabled.
layer2_output enabled.
ess_ac_input enabled.

Features Bound to Interface:

2 GIC FIA state
57 PUNT INJECT DB
46 ethernet
44 VNIC Path
1 IFM
[...]

Protocol 0 - ipv4_input

FIA handle - CP:0x2fccfe0 DP:0xe73998c0
IPV4_INPUT_DST_LOOKUP_ISSUE (M)
IPV4_INPUT_ARL_SANITY (M)
CBUG_INPUT_FIA
DEBUG_COND_INPUT_PKT
IPV4_INPUT_DST_LOOKUP_CONSUME (M)
IPV4_INPUT_ACL
IPV4_INPUT_FOR_US_MARTIAN (M)
IPV4_INPUT_STILE_LEGACY
IPV4_INPUT_QOS
IPV4_INPUT_VFR
IPV4_NAT_INPUT_FIA
IPV4_INPUT_LOOKUP_PROCESS (M)
IPV4_INPUT_IPOPTIONS_PROCESS (M)
IPV4_INPUT_GOTO_OUTPUT_FEATURE (M)

Protocol 1 - ipv4_output

FIA handle - CP:0x2fcd4a8 DP:0xe7390840
IPV4_OUTPUT_VFR
IPV4_OUTPUT_INSPECT
IPV4_NAT_OUTPUT_FIA
IPV4_OUTPUT_THREAT_DEFENSE
IPV4_VFR_REFRAG (M)
IPV4_OUTPUT_L2_REWRITE (M)
IPV4_OUTPUT_STILE_LEGACY
IPV4_OUTPUT_QOS
IPV4_OUTPUT_FRAG (M)
IPV4_OUTPUT_DROP_POLICY (M)
MARMOT_SPA_D_TRANSMIT_PKT
DEF_IF_DROP_FIA (M)

Protocol 8 - layer2_input

FIA handle - CP:0x2fcd160 DP:0xe73976c0
LAYER2_INPUT_SIA (M)
CBUG_INPUT_FIA
DEBUG_COND_INPUT_PKT
LAYER2_INPUT_ARL (D)
LAYER2_INPUT_QOS
LAYER2_INPUT_LOOKUP_PROCESS (M)
LAYER2_INPUT_GOTO_OUTPUT_FEATURE (M)

Protocol 9 - layer2_output

FIA handle - CP:0x2fcd460 DP:0xe73910c0
LAYER2_OUTPUT_ARL (D)
LAYER2_OUTPUT_QOS
LAYER2_OUTPUT_DROP_POLICY (M)
MARMOT_SPA_D_TRANSMIT_PKT
DEF_IF_DROP_FIA (M)

Protocol 14 - ess_ac_input

FIA handle - CP:0x2fcd190 DP:0xe73965c0
CBUG_INPUT_FIA
PPPOE_GET_SESSION
ESS_ENTER_SWITCHING
PPPOE_HANDLE_UNCLASSIFIED_SESSION
DEF_IF_DROP_FIA (M)

QfpEth Physical Information

DPS Addr: 0x00000000038b7e48
Submap Table Addr: 0x00000000
VLAN Ethertype: 0x8100
QOS Mode: Per Link
VLAN AutoSense: No

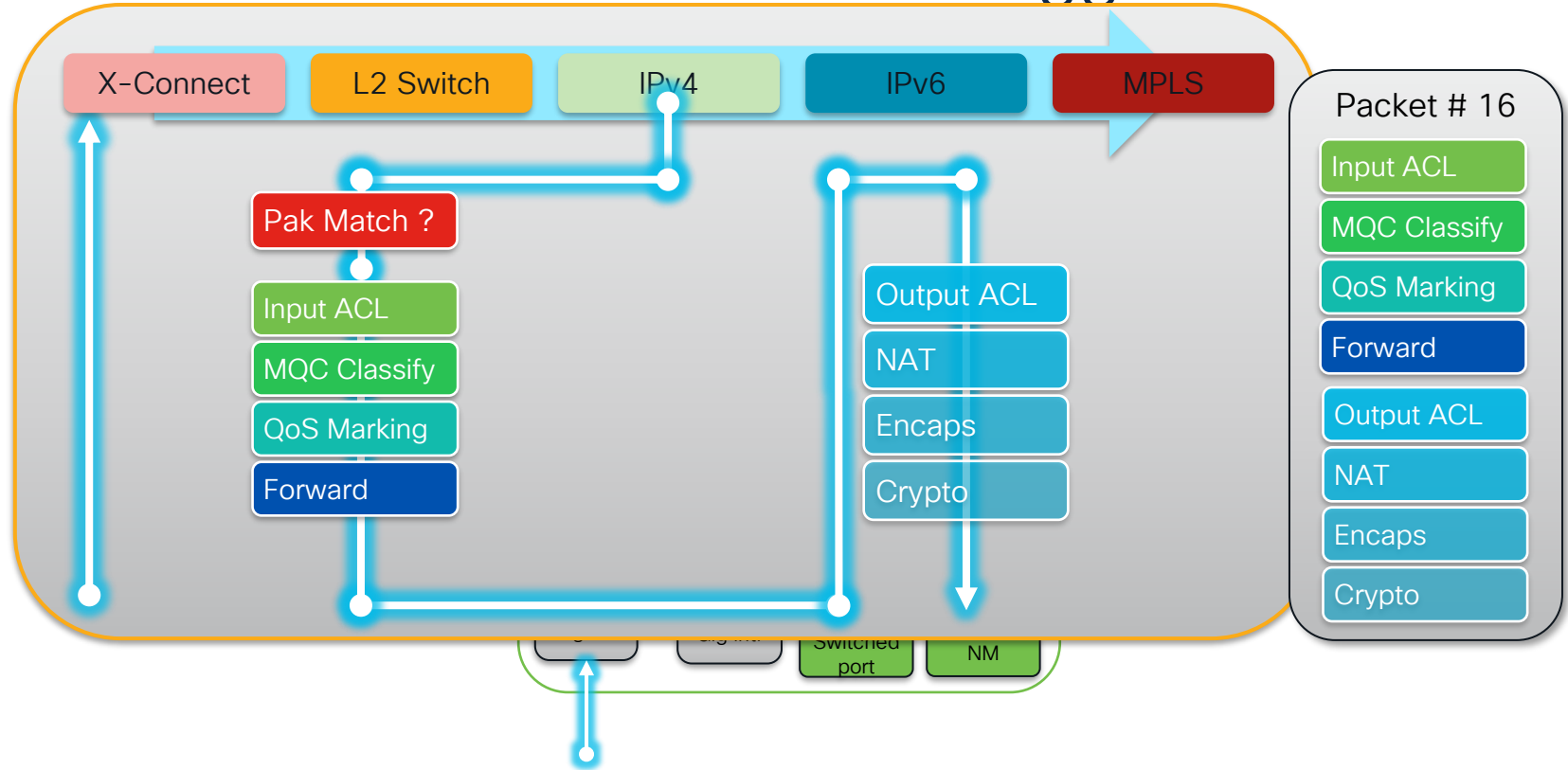
Per-Feature Drop Counters - show drop

```
cedge6#show drop
----- show platform hardware qfp active statistics drop detail -----
Last clearing of QFP drops statistics : never

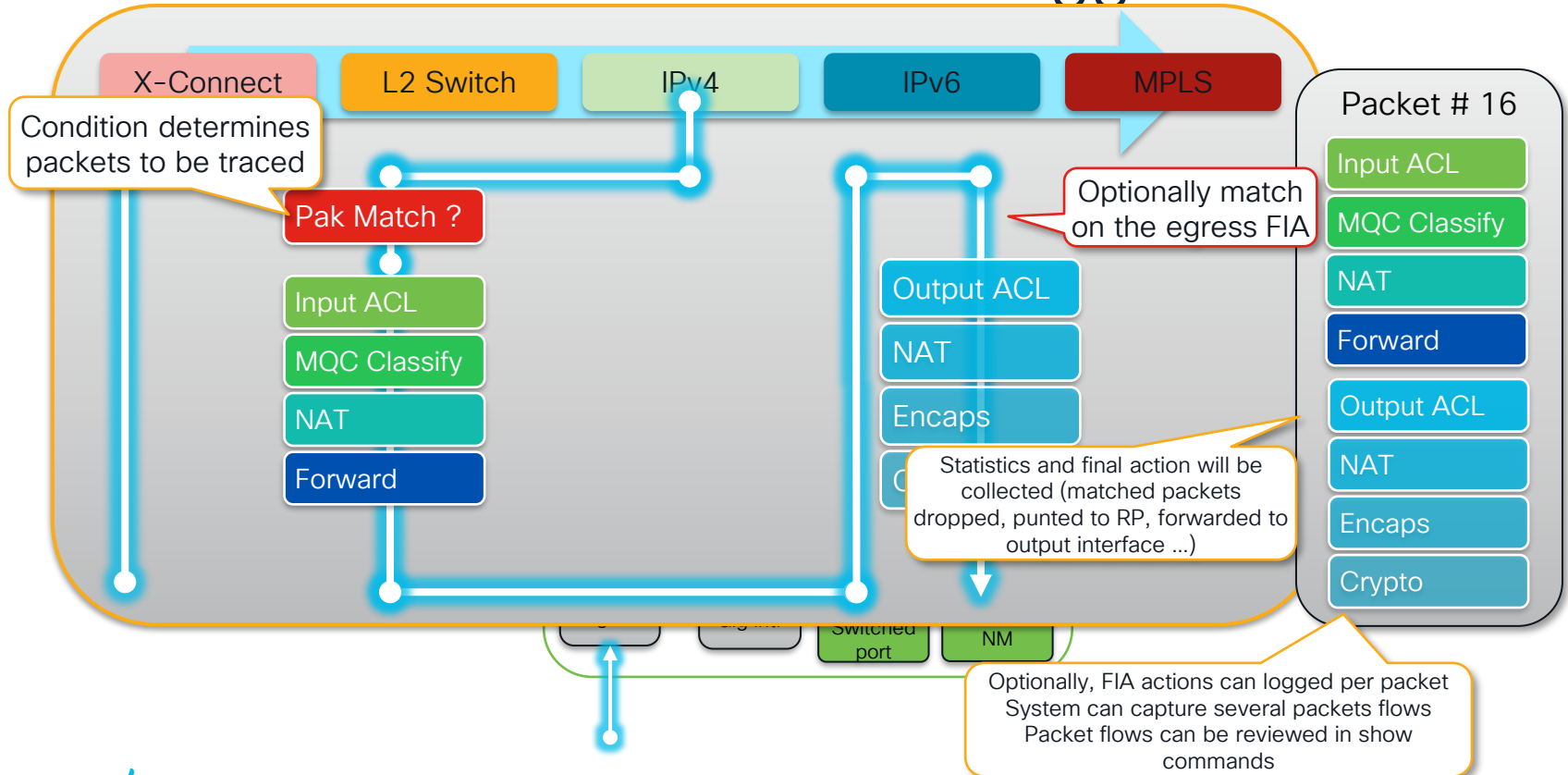
-----
  ID  Global Drop Stats                Packets                Octets
-----
 139  Disabled                          1376                   207022
  62  IpTtlExceeded                     13401                  2410871
  56  IpsecInput                          54                      8379
 134  IpsecOutput                          1                        91
  94  Ipv4NoAdj                          33635                  20883939
  19  Ipv4NoRoute                         937                    119941
  33  Ipv6NoRoute                          3                        168
  98  MplsFragReq                         7177                   10862378
 246  Nat64v6tov4                          6                        480
  20  QosPolicing                          166                    183128
 216  UnconfiguredIpv6Fia                 279862                 30355630

----- show platform hardware qfp active interface all statistics drop_summary -----
[...]
Interface                Rx Pkts                Tx Pkts
-----
GigabitEthernet1         94074                   166
GigabitEthernet2         18437                    0
[...]
Tunnel1                   2458                    0
Tunnel3                   34564                   0
NVI0                       0                        6
```

The Packet Tracer and FIA Debugger



The Packet Tracer and FIA Debugger



Conditionally Matching Packets

Identifying Interesting Packets

```
asr-1k# debug platform condition ?
debug platform condition ?
  both      Simultaneous ingress and egress debug
  egress    Egress only debug
...
  ingress   Ingress only debug
  interface Set interface for conditional debug
  ipv4      Debug IPv4 conditions
  ipv6      Debug IPv6 conditions
  mpls      Debug MPLS conditions
...
```

Match all ingress packets

```
asr-1k#debug platform condition ingress
asr-1k#debug platform condition interface gig0/0/3 ingress
asr-1k#debug platform condition ipv4 10.0.0.1/32 both
asr-1k#debug platform condition ipv4 access-list 100 egress
asr-1k#debug platform condition mpls 10 1 ingress
```

Match all ingress packets on interface gig0/0/3

Match in & out packets with source or destination 10.0.0.1

Match egress packets passing access-list 100

Match MPLS packets with top ingress label 10

Activating the Packet Tracer

Following packets through IOS-XE – Basic Statistics

```
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace ?
copy      Copy packet data
drop      Trace drops only
enable    Enable packet trace
packet    Packet count
```

The packet tracer follows a set of packets in details through the FIA

```
asr-1k# debug platform condition interface gig0/0/0 ingress
asr-1k# debug platform condition start
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace enable
asr-1k# ... !send traffic
asr-1k# show platform packet-trace statistics
```

Extraneous command - was suppressed in 16.3

Packets Summary

```
Matched 102
Traced 0
```

102 packets were matched by the condition

Packets Received

```
Ingress 12
Inject 90
```

```
Count Code Cause
90 9 QFP ICMP generated packet
```

Packets Processed

```
Forward 12
Punt 0
Drop 90
```

12 packets were forwarded

90 packets were dropped

```
Count Code Cause
13 92 Ipv4Null0
17 47 FirewallInvalidZone
60 184 FirewallL4
```

13 packets were dropped due to no route

60 packets dropped by L4 inspection (e.g. receiving window)

7 packets were dropped due to absence of zone pair

Packet Tracer – Tracing Packets...

The fate of 16 packets

```
asr-1k# debug platform condition interface gig0/0/0 ingress
asr-1k# debug platform condition start
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace packet 16
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace enable
asr-1k# ... !send traffic
asr-1k# show platform packet-trace summary
```

Automatically stops tracing after 16 packets

Extraneous command - was suppressed in 16.3

Pkt	Input	Output	State	Reason
0	Gi0/0/2	internal0/0/rp:0	PUNT	55 (For-us control)
1	Gi0/0/2	internal0/0/rp:0	PUNT	55 (For-us control)
2	Gi0/0/2	internal0/0/rp:0	PUNT	55 (For-us control)
3	Gi0/0/2	internal0/0/rp:0	PUNT	55 (For-us control)
4	INJ.7	Gi0/0/2	FWD	
5	INJ.7	Gi0/0/2	FWD	
6	Gi0/0/2	internal0/0/rp:0	PUNT	55 (For-us control)
7	INJ.7	Gi0/0/2	FWD	
8	...			

16 packets were traced; we can zoom in

INJ.7: Packet injected by the RP
internal0/0/rp:0: Packet punted to the RP

Packet Tracer – Tracing Packets...

The fate of an individual packet

```
asr-1k# show platform packet-trace packet 1
```

```
Packet: 1          CBUG ID: 109056985
```

Zooming on packet 1

```
Summary
```

```
Input      : GigabitEthernet0/0/2
```

```
Output     : internal0/0/rp:0
```

```
State      : PUNT 55 (For-us control)
```

```
Timestamp
```

```
Start      : 334771580191282 ns (04/29/2014 08:01:38.017738 UTC)
```

```
Stop       : 334771580487612 ns (04/29/2014 08:01:38.018035 UTC)
```

```
Path Trace
```

```
Feature: IPv4
```

```
Source     : 17.0.0.196
```

```
Destination : 172.18.0.1
```

```
Protocol   : 50 (ESP)
```

Feature specific details are displayed

```
Feature: IPSec
```

```
Action     : DECRYPT
```

```
SA Handle  : 753
```

```
SPI        : 0x30ba5940
```

```
Peer Addr  : 17.0.0.196
```

```
Local Addr : 172.18.0.1
```

Only major features are shown

Packet Tracer – Tracing Packets

... even keeping a copy of the packet if necessary

```
asr-1k# debug platform condition interface gig0/0/0
asr-1k# debug platform condition start
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace packet 16
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace copy packet both [12 | 13 | 14]
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace enable
asr-1k# ... !send traffic
asr-1k# show platform packet-trace packet 1
Packet: 1          CBUG ID: 109056985
Summary
  Input       : GigabitEthernet0/0/2
  Output      : internal0/0/rp:0
  State       : PUNT 55 (For-us control)
Path Trace
  Feature: IPV4
  Feature: IPSec
Packet Copy In
  45c00088 c5ee0000 ff32346f 11000313 ac120001 d4b46317 0000017c 68a60265
  0ef58135 650e2341 15cf6e81 dd434455 b42efef8 c6cf5ab1 44ad3f98 b165c3d5
Packet Copy Out
  45c0003c 00000000 015804f4 c0ab1301 e000000a 0205efc8 00000000 00000000
  00000000 0000000a 0001000c 01000100 0000000f 00040008 0a000200
```

Keep a copy of the packet in ingress and egress of the ESP (before and after the FIA)

Can store L2, L3 or L4... pick-a-choose

Display the stored packet copy

Packet Tracer – Tracing Packets...

The fate of a single packet... even more more more details

```
asr-1k# show platform packet-trace packet 1 decode
Packet: 1          CBUG ID: 109056985
Summary
  Input       : GigabitEthernet0/0/2
  Output      : internal0/0/rp:0
  State       : PUNT 55 (For-us control)
Path Trace
  Feature: IPV4
  Feature: IPSec
Packet Copy In
45c00088 c5ee0000 ff32346f 11000313 ac120001 d4b46317 0000017c 68a60265
0ef58135 650e2341 15cf6e81 dd434455 b42efef8 c6cf5ab1 44ad3f98 b165c3d5
IPV4
  Version      : 4
  Header Length : 5
  ToS          : 0xc0
  Total Length : 136
  Identifier   : 0xc5ee
  IP Flags     : 0x0
  Frag Offset  : 0
  TTL          : 255
  Protocol     : 50 (ESP)
  Header Checksum : 0x346f
  Source Address : 17.0.3.19
  Destination Address : 172.18.0.1
ESP
  SPI          : 0xd4b46317
  Sequence Number : 0x0000017c
...
```

Decode the stored packet copy

Here showing the input copy
(output copy follows)

Packet Tracer – Focus on Drops

Dropped packets – nothing else

```
asr-1k# debug platform condition interface gig0/0/0 ingress
asr-1k# debug platform condition start
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace packet 16
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace drop [code <dropcode>]
asr-1k# debug platform packet-trace enable
asr-1k# ... !send traffic
asr-1k# debug platform condition stop
asr-1k# show platform packet-trace summary
```

For drops, condition is optional...

Only save dropped packets

Focus on specific drop codes
(find codes in packet-trace statistics)

Stop tracing before dumping the
summary (code limitation)

Admire dropped packets... real close

Pkt	Input	Output	State	Reason
0	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
1	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
2	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
3	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
4	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
5	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
6	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
7	Gi0/0/2	Gi0/0/2	DROP	53 (IpssecInput)
8	...			

```
asr-1k#show platform packet-trace packet 1
Packet: 1          CBUG ID: 148787639
Summary
  Input       : GigabitEthernet0/0/2
  Output      : GigabitEthernet0/0/2
  State       : DROP 53 (IpssecInput)
  Timestamp
    Start     : 361426338620013 ns (04/29/2014 15:25:52.785406 UTC)
    Stop      : 361426338684993 ns (04/29/2014 15:25:52.785471 UTC)
Path Trace
  Feature: IPV4
  Source   : 17.0.1.34
  Destination : 172.18.0.1
  Protocol  : 50 (ESP)
Packet Copy Out
002304bb 72020007 7dfbe301 080045c0 0088d135 0000fe32 2c191100 0122ac12
0001085e 1d620000 00c8172c e8010c3e 44726e6f 3eb231d5 166298c1 f519313c
```


Packet Tracing – FIA Trace (I)

```
asr1000#show platform packet-trace packet 0
```

```
Packet: 0      CBUG ID: 655
```

```
Summary
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : GigabitEthernet2
```

```
State  : FWD
```

```
Timestamp
```

```
Start : 5456699323393 ns (07/11/2016 23:30:28.244810 UTC)
```

```
Stop  : 5456699556099 ns (07/11/2016 23:30:28.245043 UTC)
```

```
Path Trace
```

```
Feature: IPV4
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : <unknown>
```

```
Source  : 192.168.3.1
```

```
Destination : 192.168.255.167
```

```
Protocol : 50 (ESP)
```

```
Feature: FIA_TRACE
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : <unknown>
```

```
Entry  : 0x8139f260 - DEBUG_COND_INPUT_PKT
```

```
Lapsed time : 9680 ns
```

```
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_DST_LOOKUP_CONSUME
```

```
Entry  : Input - 0x816999a8
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : <unknown>
```

```
Lapsed time : 9320 ns
```

```
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_ACL
```

```
Entry  : Input - 0x816999a4
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : <unknown>
```

```
Lapsed time : 60613 ns
```

```
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_FOR_US_MARTIAN
```

```
Entry  : Input - 0x816999a5
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : <unknown>
```

```
Lapsed time : 303133 ns
```

```
Feature: CFT
```

```
API      : cft_handle_pkt
```

```
packet capabilities : 0x0000008c
```

```
input vrf_idx      : 0
```

```
calling feature    : STILE
```

```
direction         : Input
```

```
triplet.vrf_idx    : 0
```

```
triplet.network_start : 0x00000000
```

```
triplet.triplet_flags : 0x00000000
```

```
triplet.counter    : 0
```

```
cft_bucket_number  : 2120447
```

```
cft_l3_payload_size : 100
```

```
cft_pkt_ind_flags  : 0x00000000
```

```
cft_pkt_ind_valid  : 0x00000935
```

```
tuple.src_ip       : 192.168.3.1
```

```
tuple.dst_ip       : 192.168.255.167
```

```
[...]
```

```
Feature: NBAR
```

```
Packet number in flow: N/A
```

```
Classification state: Final
```

```
Classification name: ipsec
```

```
Classification ID: [CANAL7:9]
```

```
Number of matched sub-classifications: 0
```

```
Number of extracted fields: 0
```

```
Is PA (split) packet: False
```

```
TPH-MQC bitmask value: 0x0
```

```
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_STILE_LEGACY
```

```
Entry  : Input - 0x80fa0f88
```

```
Input  : GigabitEthernet1
```

```
Output : <unknown>
```

```
Lapsed time : 396533 ns
```

Packet Tracing – FIA Trace (II)

Feature: **QOS**
Direction : Ingress
Action : SET
Fields : DSCP
Feature: **IPV4_INPUT_QOS**
Entry : Input - 0x814699a8
Input : GigabitEthernet1
Output : <unknown>
Lapsed time : **64586 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_INPUT_VFR**
Entry : Input - 0x816999a8
Input : GigabitEthernet1
Output : <unknown>
Lapsed time : **3653 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_NAT_INPUT_FIA**
Entry : Input - 0x816999r
Input : GigabitEthernet1
Output : <unknown>
Lapsed time : **303560 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_INPUT_LOOKUP_PROCESS**
Entry : Input - 0x816999a8
Input : GigabitEthernet1
Output : GigabitEthernet2
Lapsed time : **29306 ns**

Route lookup and output interface selection

Feature: **IPV4_INPUT_IPOPTIONS_PROCESS**
Entry : Input - 0x816999a8
Input : GigabitEthernet1
Output : GigabitEthernet2
Lapsed time : **2813 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_INPUT_GOTO_OUTPUT_FEATURE**
Entry : Input - 0x8166b2ec
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : 453 ns

Here, we **switch** from the input FIA of GigabitEthernet1 to the output FIA of GigabitEthernet2

Feature: **CBUG_OUTPUT_FIA**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b1e8
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **533 ns**

And **now** the packet proceeds along the output FIA.

Feature: **IPV4_VFR_REFRAG**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b354
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **320 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_OUTPUT_L2_REWRITE**
Entry : Output - 0x8166ad94
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **586 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_OUTPUT_QOS**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b2cc
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **1866 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_OUTPUT_FRAG**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b33c
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **320 ns**

Feature: **IPV4_OUTPUT_DROP_POLICY**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b2d0
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **3173 ns**

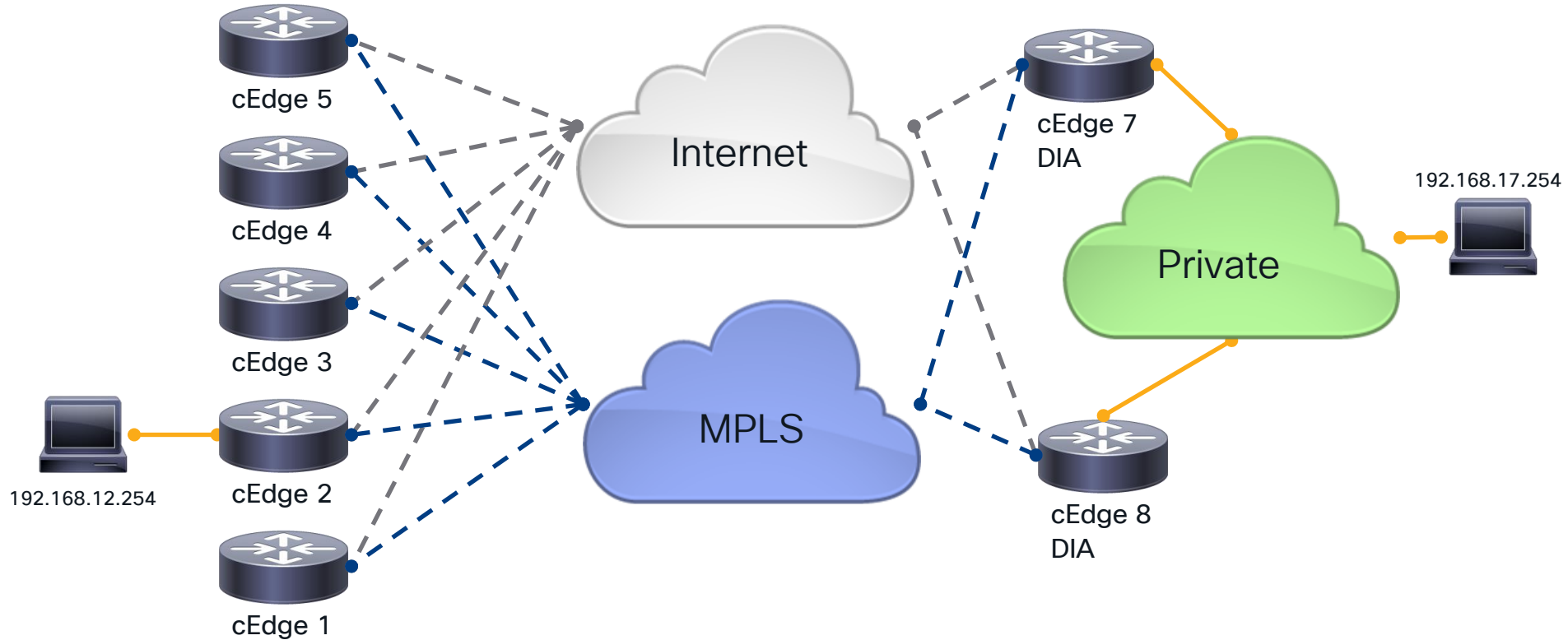
Feature: **DEBUG_COND_OUTPUT_PKT**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b1dc
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **346 ns**

Feature: **MARMOT_SPA_D_TRANSMIT_PKT**
Entry : Output - 0x8166b38c
Input : GigabitEthernet2
Output : GigabitEthernet3
Lapsed time : **5280 ns**

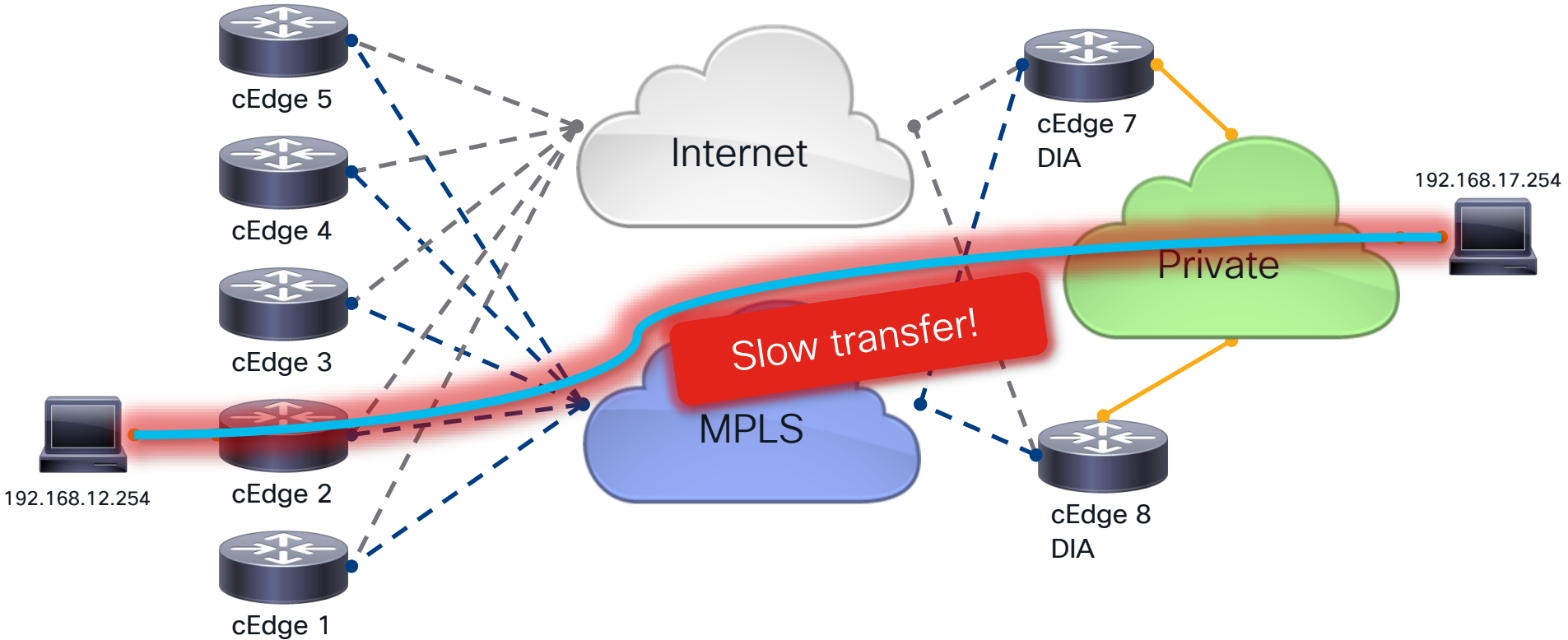
Packet Tracing Ressources

- Tech Note Article (with examples)
 - <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/content-networking/adaptive-session-redundancy-asr/117858-technote-asr-00.html>
- CCO Documentation
 - https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/asr1000/configuration/guide/chassis/asrswcfg/Packet_Trace.html

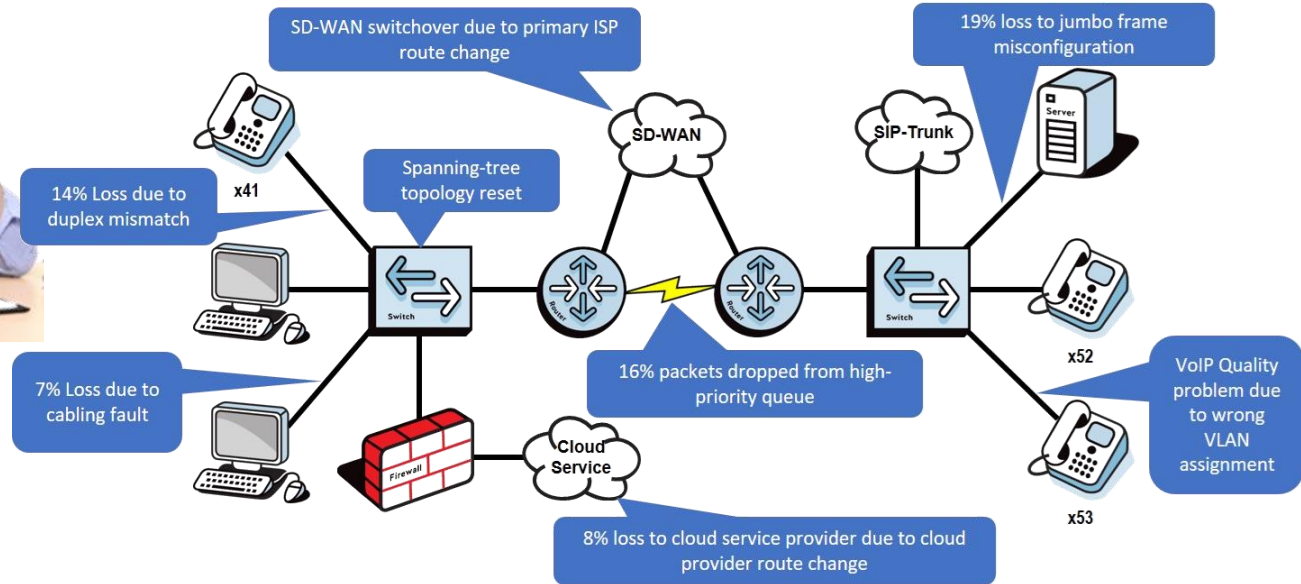
Network Topology



Network Topology



How painful is this ?



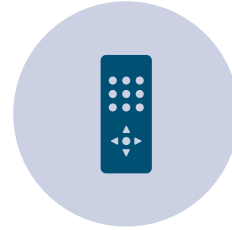
Demo



What is RADKit ?



RADKit is a Software Development Kit. It frees you from CVE monitoring of dozens of opensource packages.



The included tools allow your NetOps staff to interactively connect to remote terminals, WebUI's or desktops.



Use our powerful and easy to use our efficient and scalable APIs for remote and local automations.

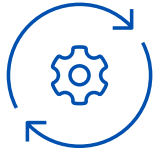


Full-on security with SSO, Certificates, data encryption at rest and in transit, exhaustive audit-logs,...

RADKit enhances all NetOps activities, streamlines incident escalation processes, and more!

Benefits from start to finish

Automate



Automate frequent or complex tasks

with network-wide API's and tap into SSH, REST, Open API, Netconf/YANG, etc.

Empower



Empower your staff

RADKit API's feature a smooth learning curve purpose-built for scripters and developers.

Secure



More Security, Less Effort

Cisco's Secure Development Lifecycle frees you from CVE monitoring of opensource software.

Simplify

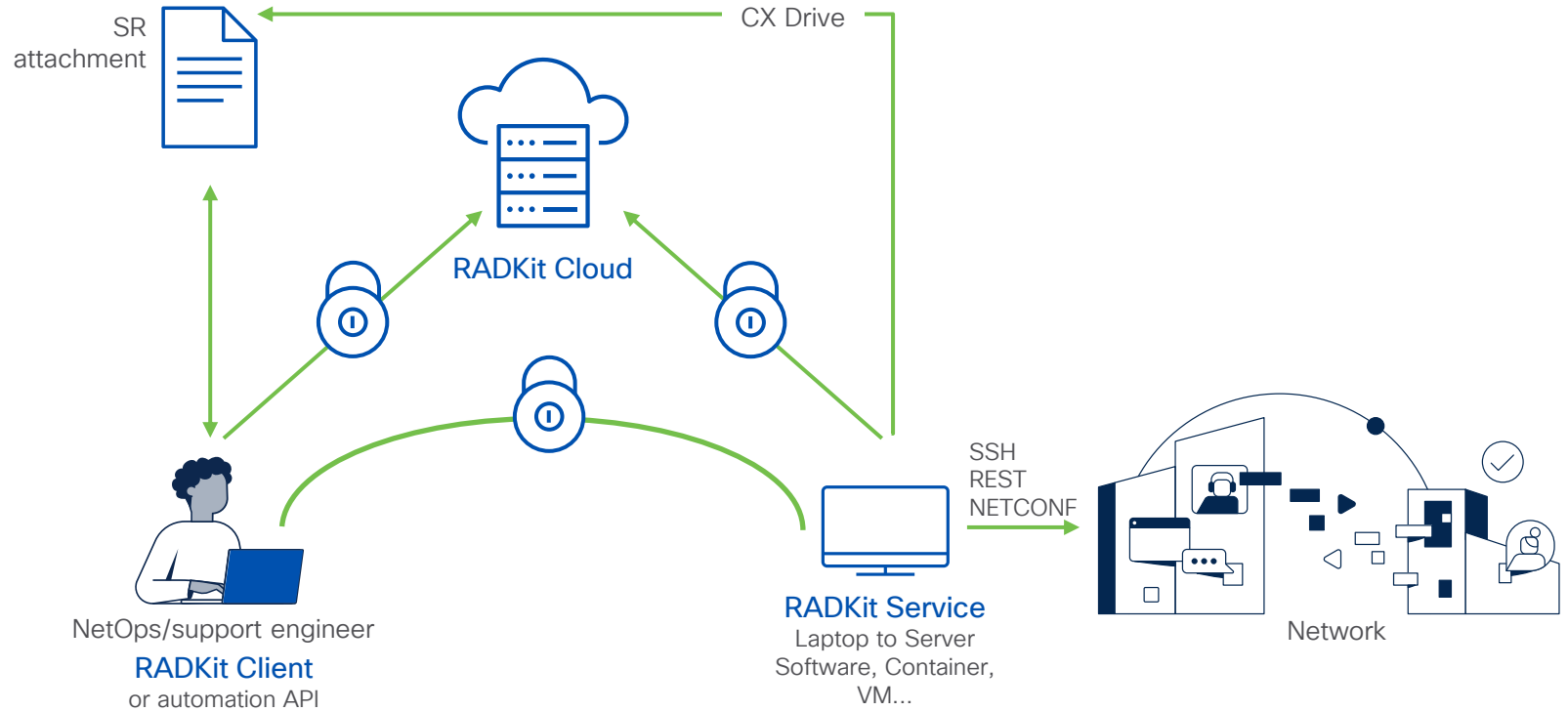


Experience a 10x reduction in process complexity

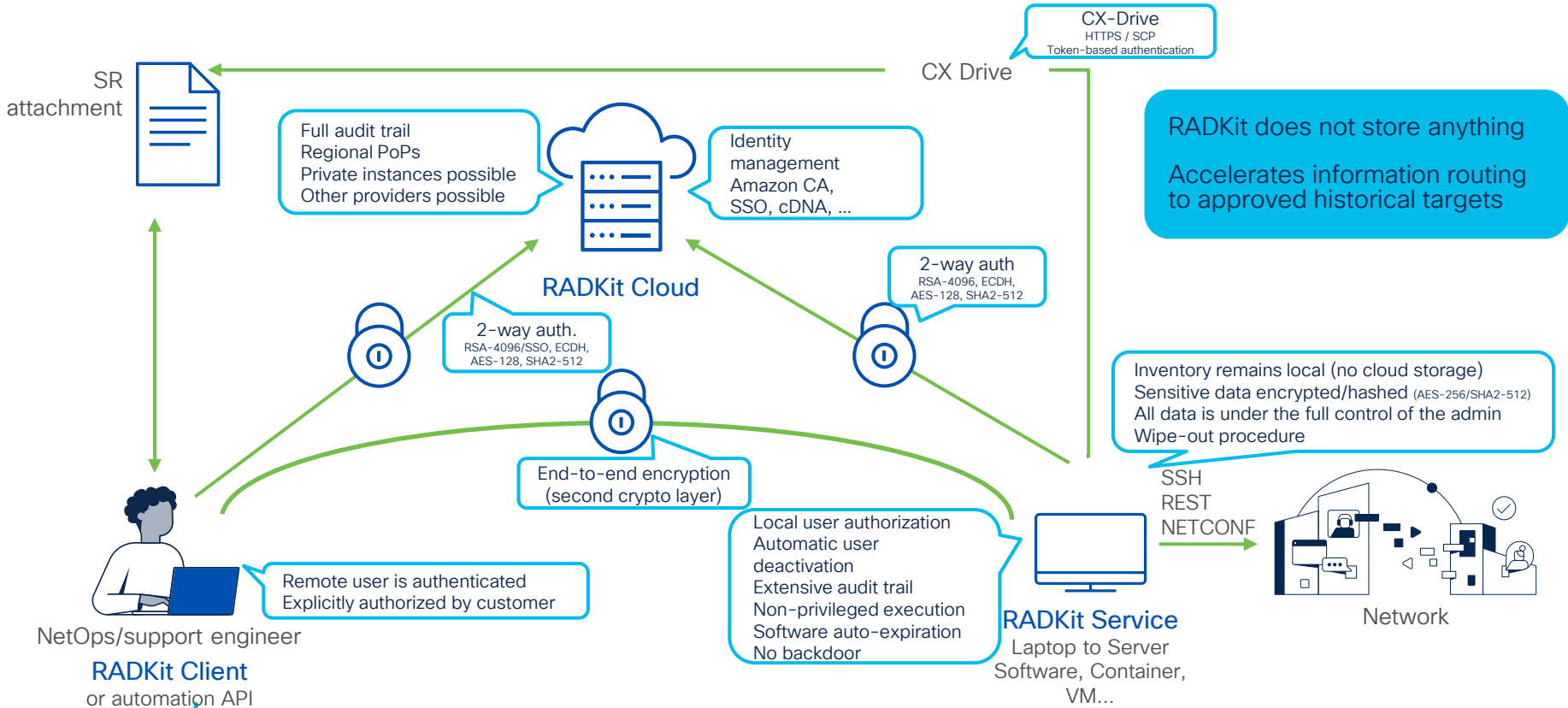
Focus on your workflows and eliminate busywork.

RADKit General Architecture

Visit
<https://radkit.cisco.com>



RADKit Architecture – Security & Data Privacy



RADKit Client
or automation API



See more, learn more at the World of Solutions



Visit <https://radkit.cisco.com>



Attend the dedicated RADKit session TACEN-2001



Try RADKit yourself at the walk-in lab LABARC-2543



Talk to one of our engineers and ask for a 1:1 RADKit demo at the CX booth

Demo 2

Optional
RADKit + drops on large lab

Breaking, Multiplying and Gluing Packets

Patterns of Interest



For
reference

Multicast Replication



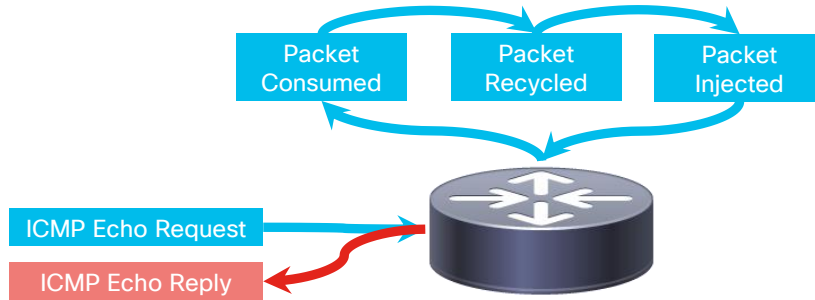
```
0 Gi1 <none> CONS Packet Consumed Silently
1 Gi1      Gi2  FWD
2 Gi1      Gi3  FWD
3 Gi1      Gi4  FWD
```

Fragmentation



```
0 Gi1 <none> CONS Packet Consumed Silently
1 Gi1      Gi2  FWD
2 Gi1      Gi2  FWD
```


ICMP Echo Request & Reply

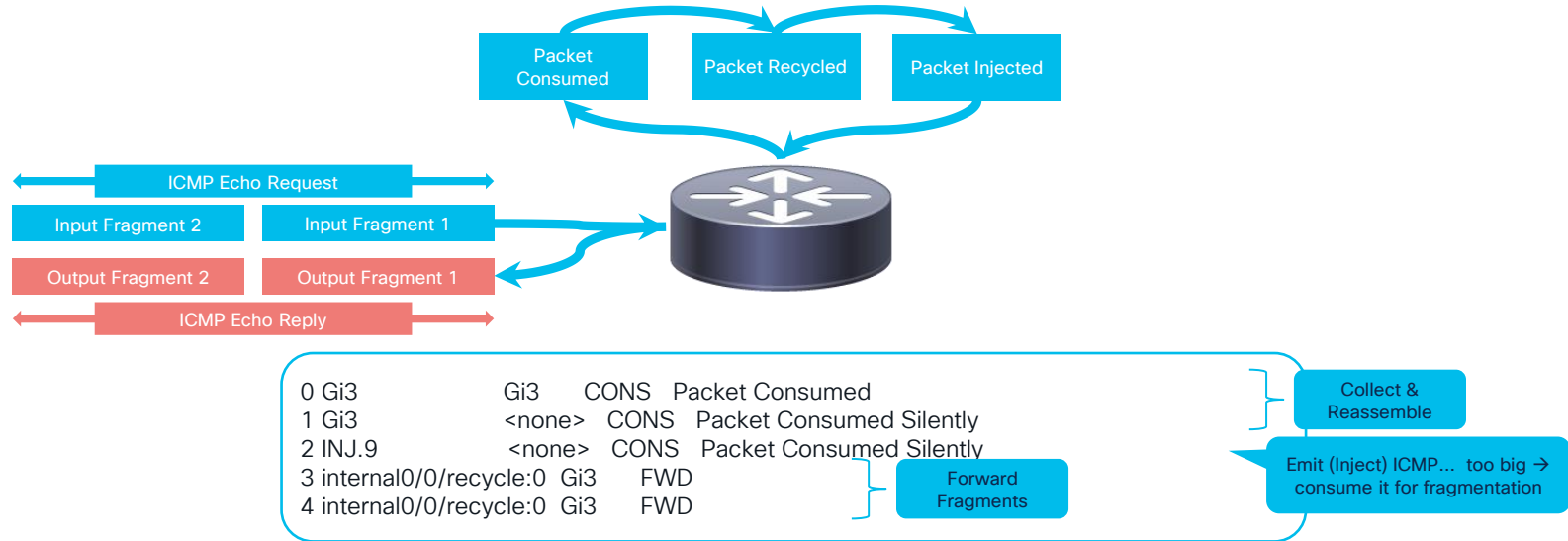


```
0 Gi3 Gi3 CONS Packet Consumed
1 Gi3 internal0/0/recycle:0 PUNT 26 (QFP ICMP generated packet)
2 INJ.9 Gi3 FWD
```

Punt to recycle path; not to RP.
Debug ip icmp will be mute

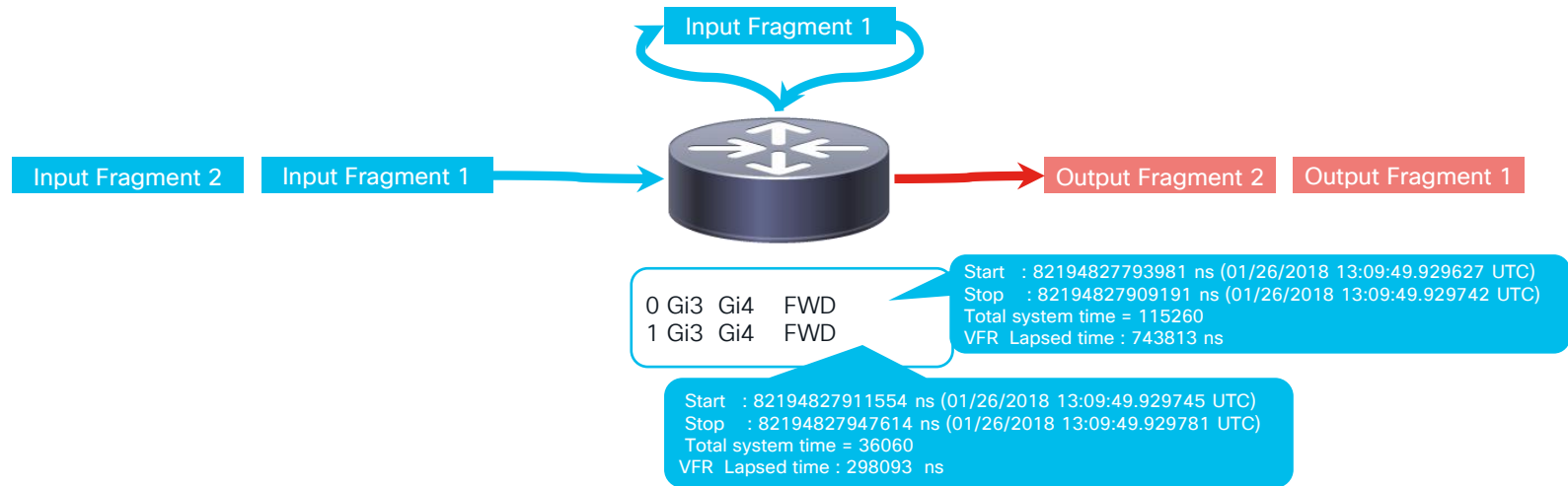
Reassembly of For-Us Packets

- (e.g. large ICMP Echo Request-Reply)



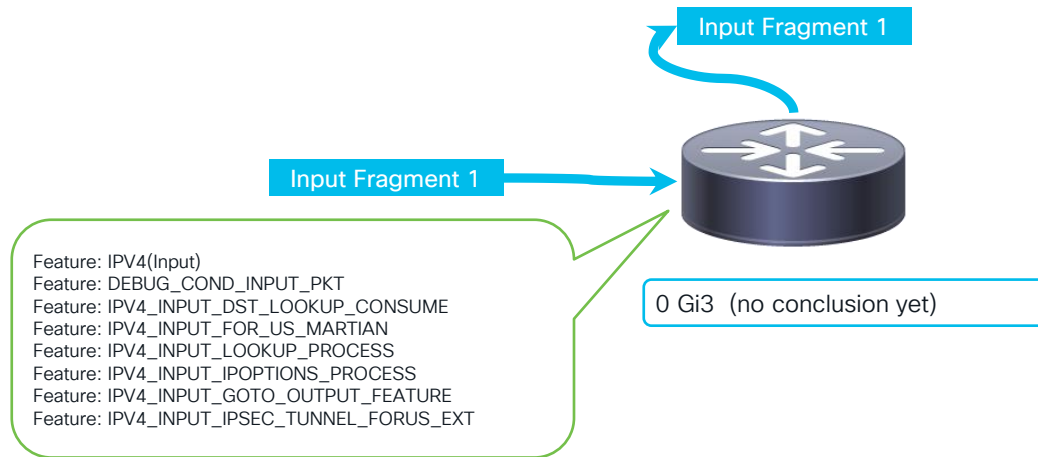
Virtual Reassembly of Pass-Thru Packets

- (e.g. with NAT)

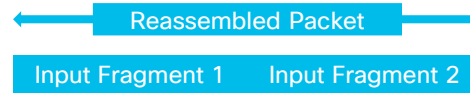


Fragment 1 enters and is processed until VFR. Then the packet freezes.
Fragment 2 enters until VFR at which point Fragment 1 is released and processing continues.

Reassembly of Overlay VPN Packets (I) – e.g. FlexVPN



Reassembly of Overlay VPN Packets (II)



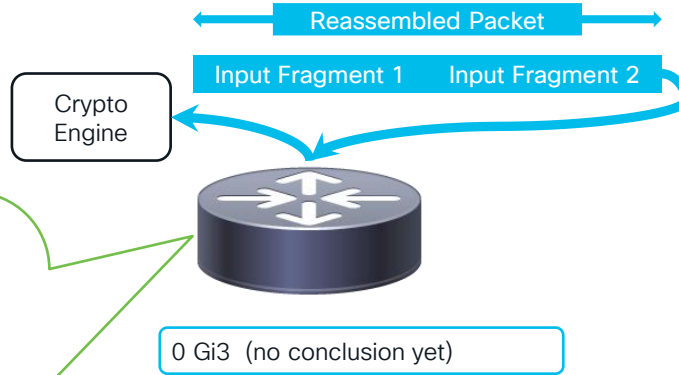
Input Fragment 2



Feature: IPV4(Input)
Feature: DEBUG_COND_INPUT_PKT
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_DST_LOOKUP_CONSUME
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_FOR_US_MARTIAN
Lapsed time : 258953 ns

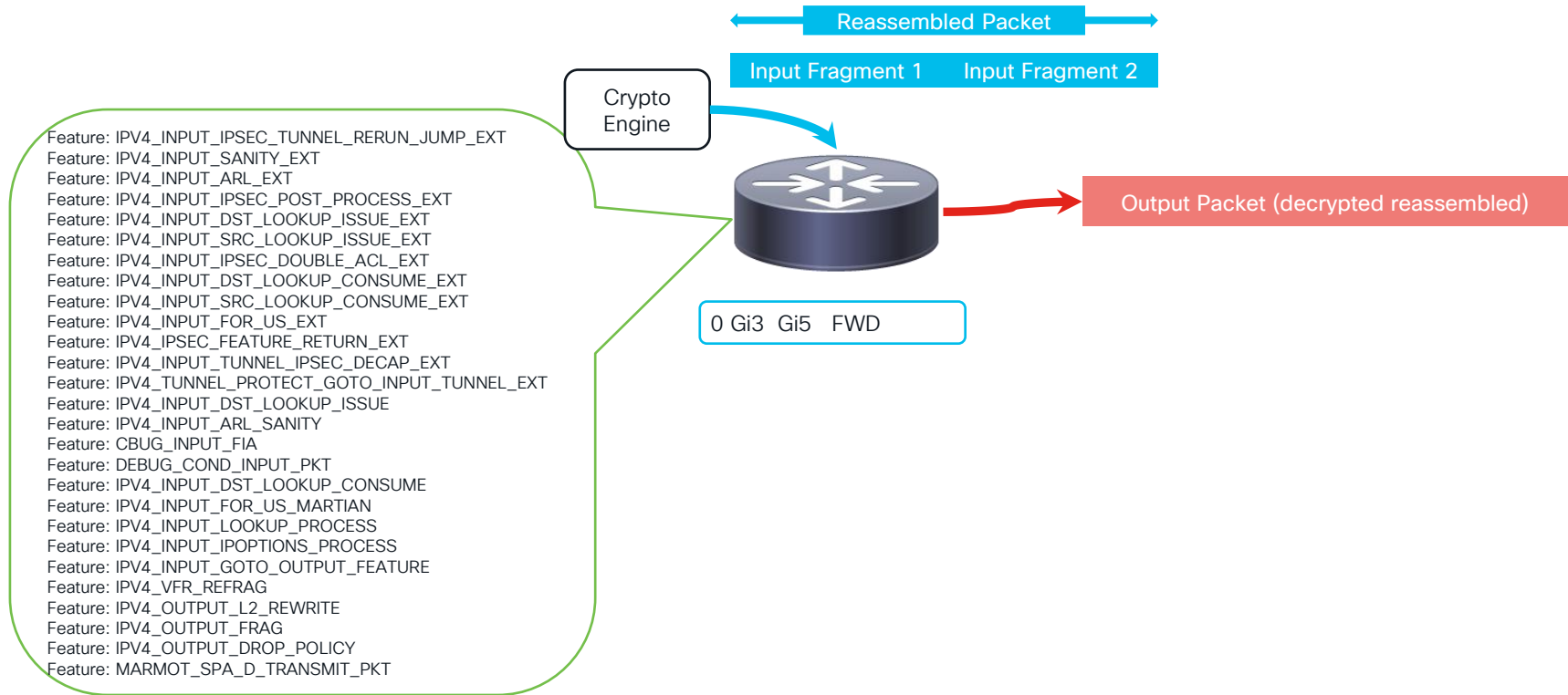
1 Gi3 <none> CONS Packet Consumed Silently

Reassembly of Overlay VPN Packets (III)

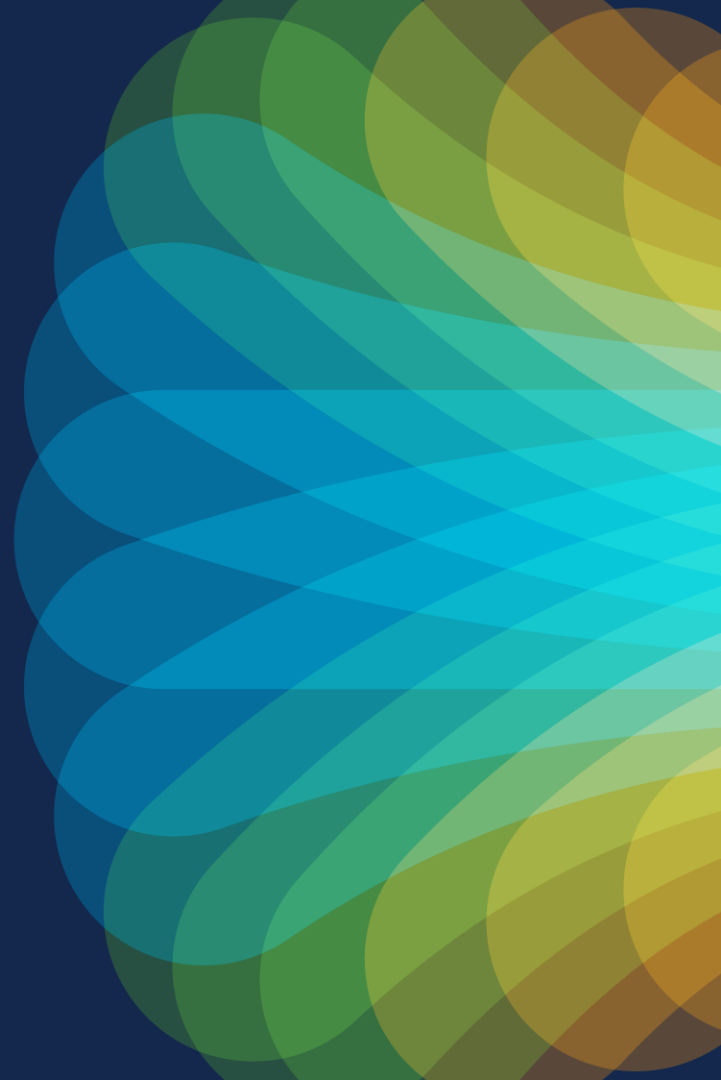


Feature: IPV4_INPUT_LOOKUP_PROCESS
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_IPOPTIONS_PROCESS
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_GOTO_OUTPUT_FEATURE
IPV4_INPUT_IPSEC_TUNNEL_FORUS_EXT
Feature: IPsec
Action : DECRYPT
SA Handle : 7
SPI : 0x209cd024
Peer Addr : 172.18.1.6
Local Addr: 172.18.1.5
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_IPSEC_CLASSIFY_EXT
Entry : Input - 0x816a0e3c
Input : Tunnel0
Output : <unknown>
Lapsed time : 10246 ns
Feature: IPV4_INPUT_IPSEC_INLINE_PROCESS_EXT

Reassembly of Overlay VPN Packets (IV)

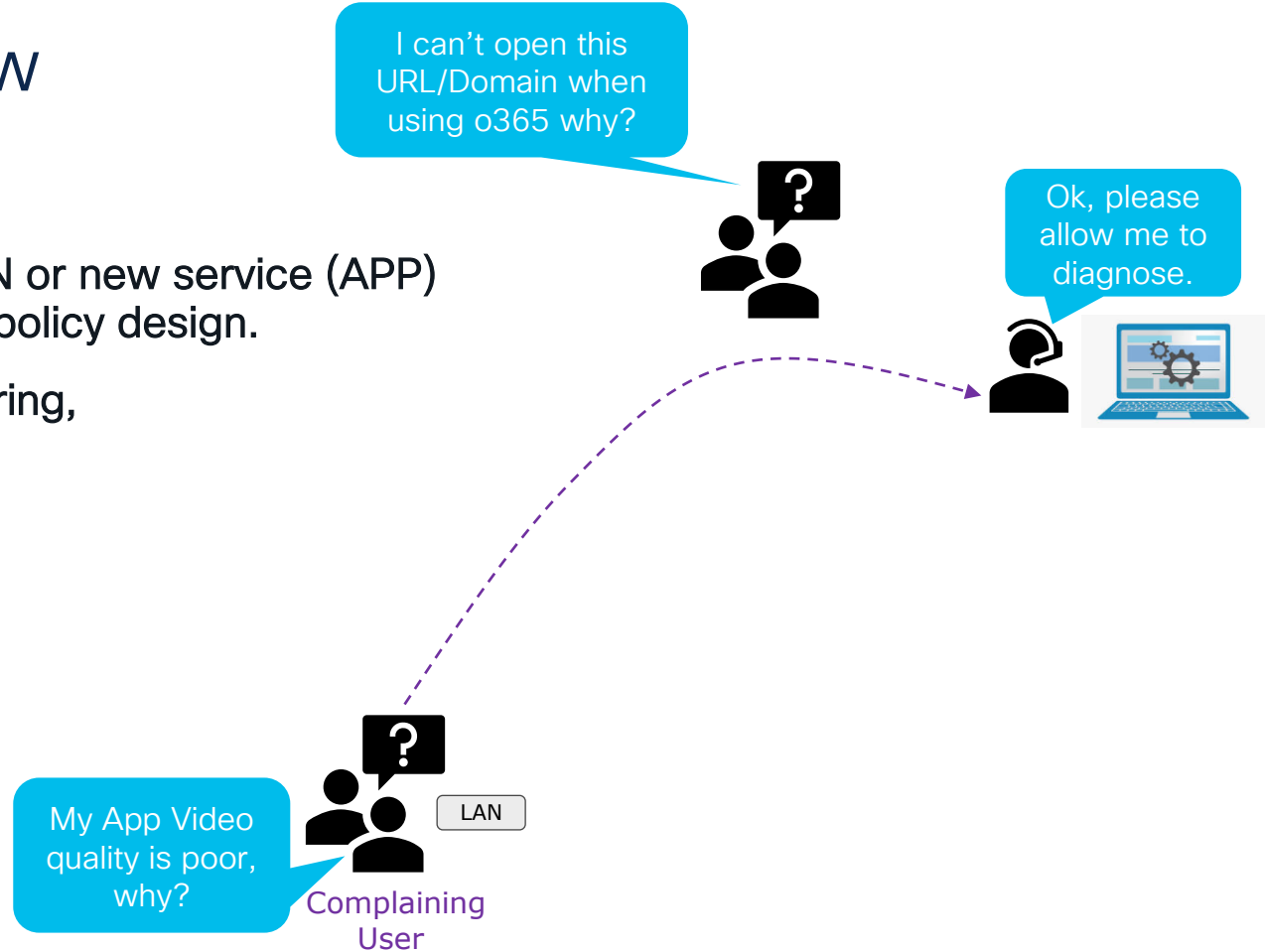


SDWAN's Network wide Path Insight



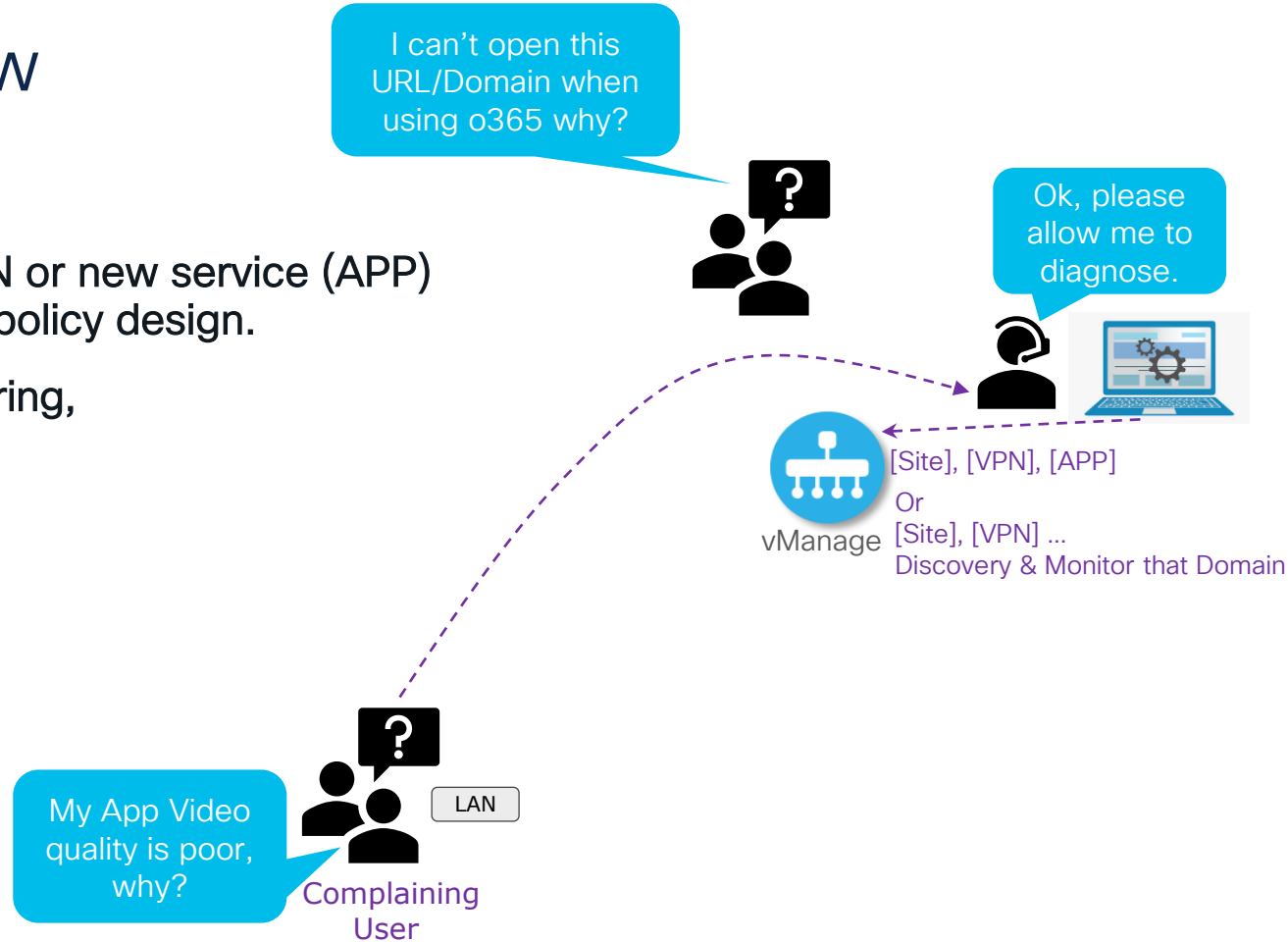
NWPI Workflow

- IT deploy new site, new VPN or new service (APP) and need to verify network/policy design.
- Daily network/policy monitoring, reaction to Events/Alarms.
- Customer Support, e.g. User from this [Site], [VPN], complaining about this [APP] or [Domain/URL].



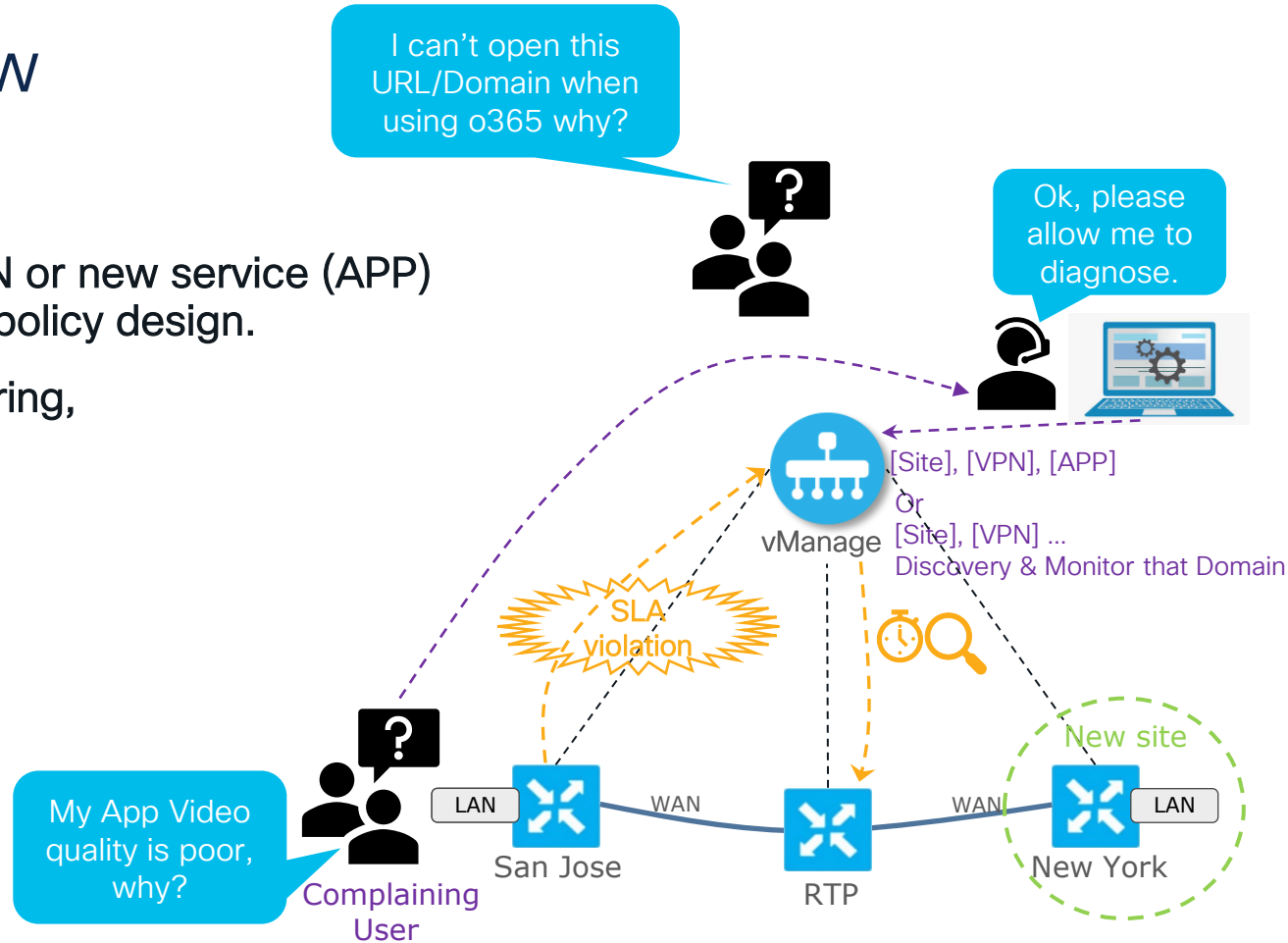
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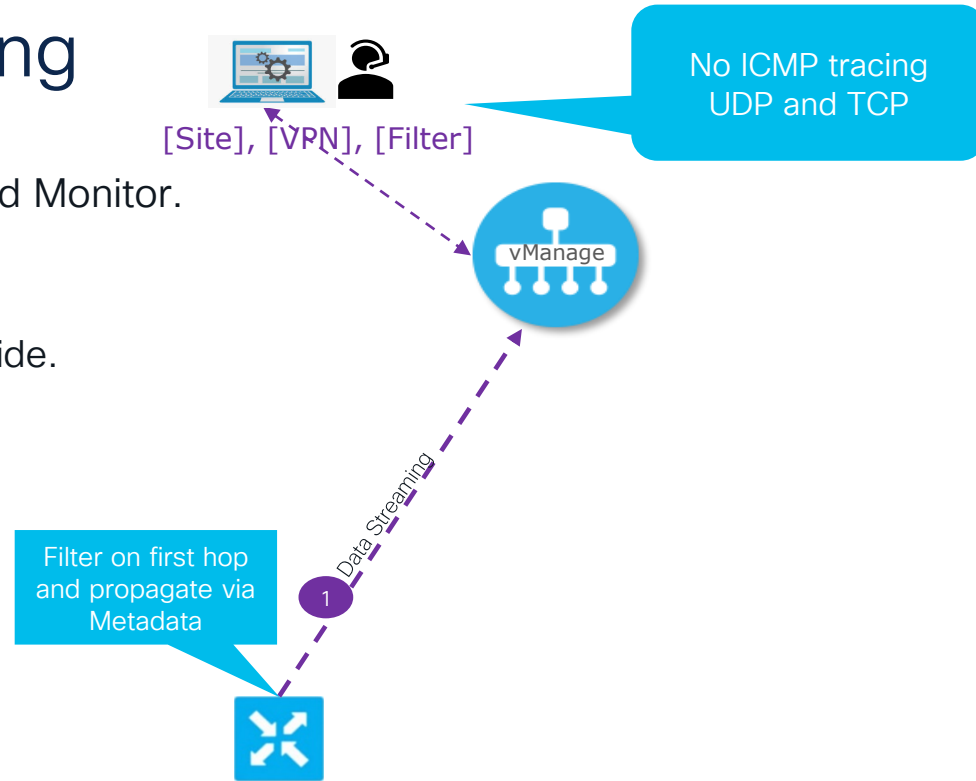
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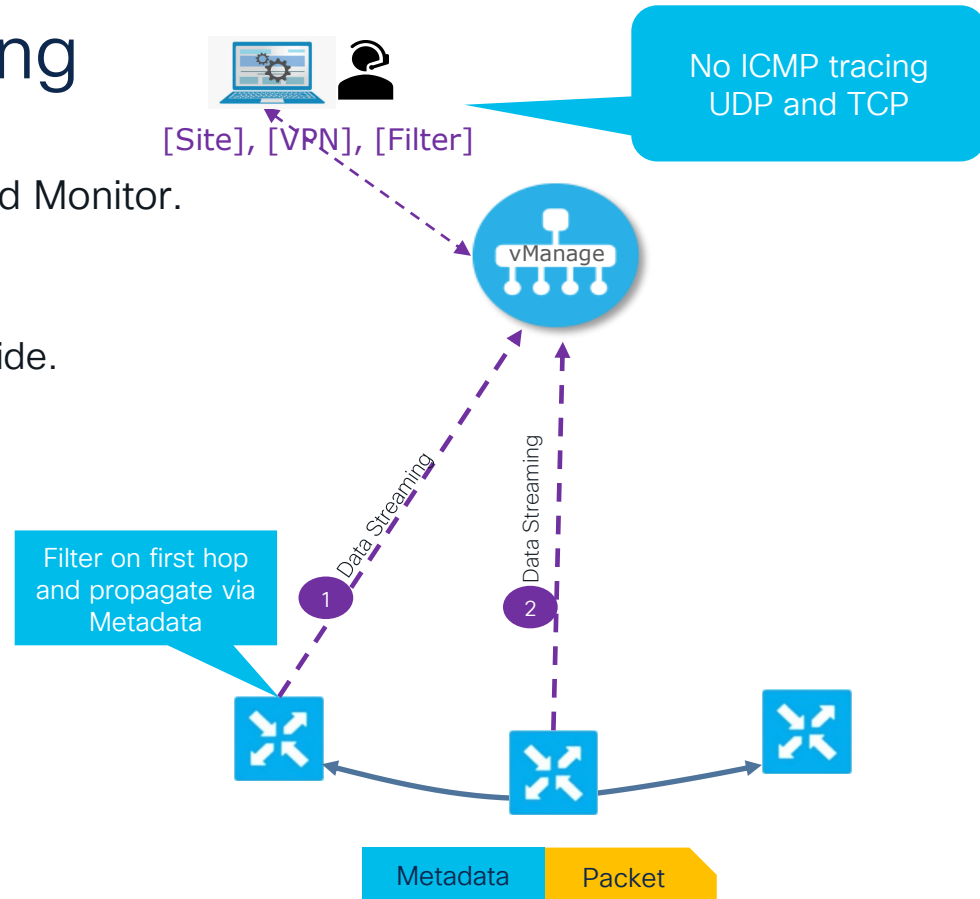
NWPI – Transitive Marking

- Currently works on demand: Trace and Monitor.
 - On demand enable filter **ONLY** on the **1st hop router**.
 - No persistent configuration network wide.
- Metadata triggered flow metrics and trace streaming to vManage.
- vManage correlates multiple devices and data sources to visualize per flow **End to End** insight views in UI.



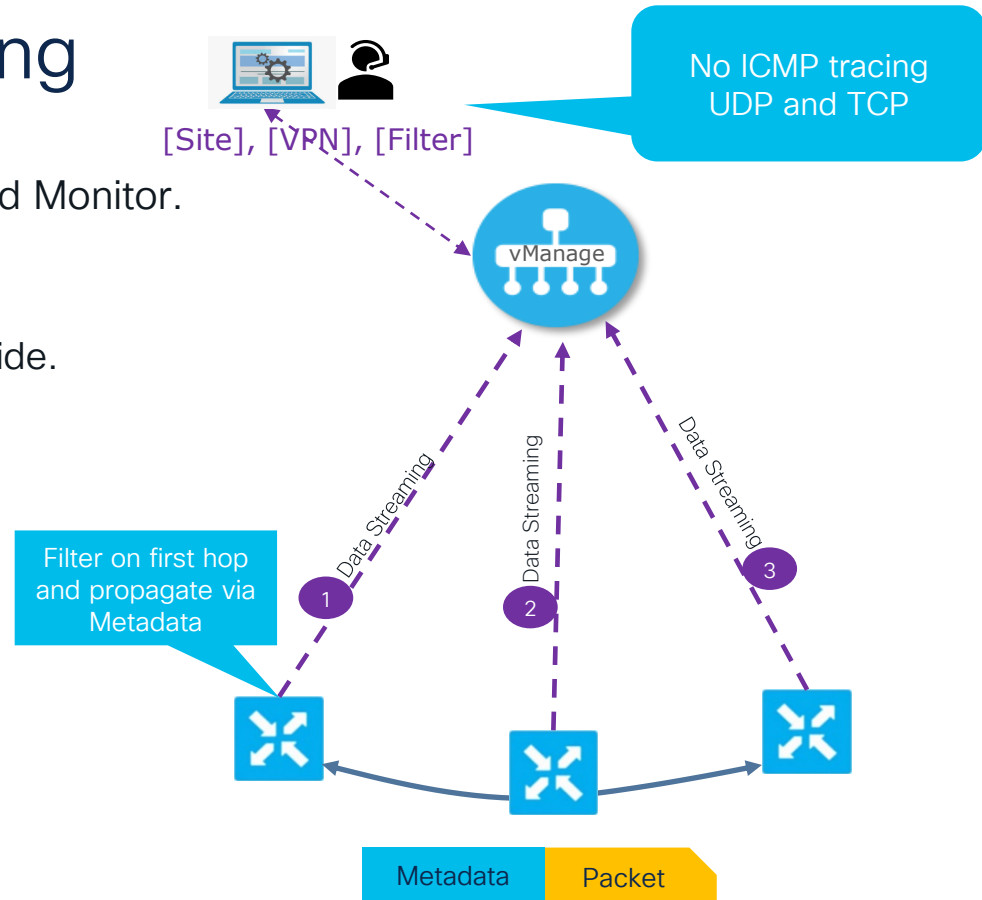
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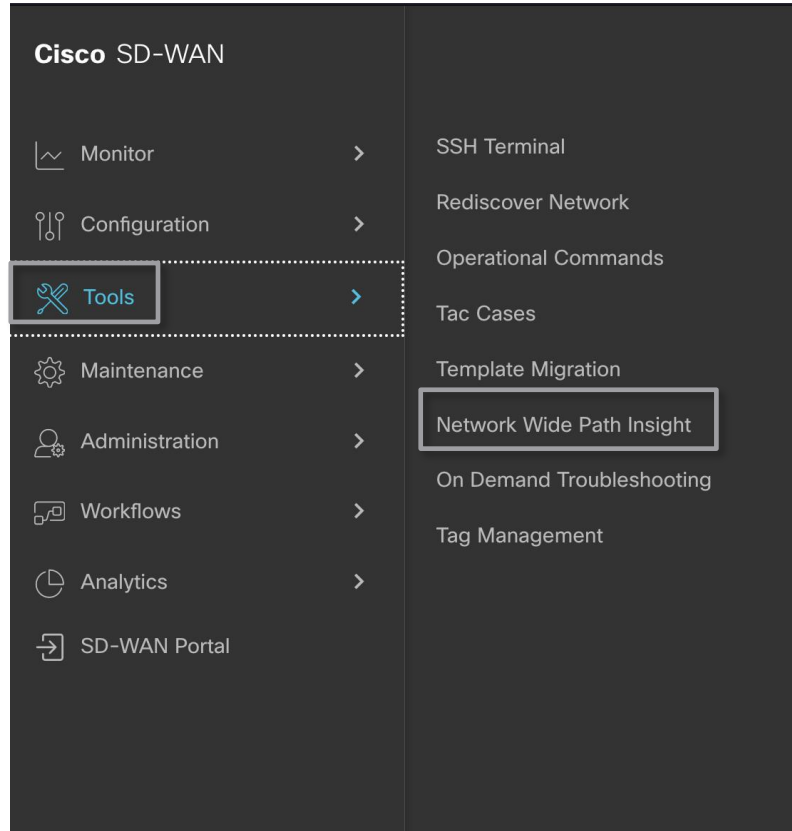


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Navigating to NWPI



Navigating to NWPI

The screenshot displays the Cisco SD-WAN Network Wide Path Insight (NWPI) interface. The top navigation bar includes the Cisco SD-WAN logo, a 'Select Resource Group' dropdown, and the title 'Tools · Network Wide Path Insight'. The interface is divided into two main sections: TRACE and INSIGHT.

TRACE Section:

- Buttons: 'New Trace' and 'Enable DNS Domain Discovery' (checkbox).
- Search bar: 'Search'.
- Summary: 'Total Rows: 116' with refresh, download, and settings icons.
- Table with columns: Trace Name, Trace ID, Start Time, Stop Time, Src. Site, VPN ID, Application/App Group, Domain Monitor, Trace State, Action.

Trace Name	Trace ID	Start Time	Stop Time	Src. Site	VPN ID	Application/App Group	Domain Monitor	Trace State	Action
Insight Summary trace_864	864	28 Jun 2022 5:14:19 PM	28 Jun 2022 6:16:26 PM	12	1	N/A	enabled	stopped	View Insight Delete
Insight Summary trace_848	848	23 Jun 2022 10:15:19 AM	23 Jun 2022 11:16:25 AM	12	1	N/A	disabled	stopped	View Insight Delete
Insight Summary trace_816	816	21 Jun 2022 10:50:09 AM	21 Jun 2022 11:51:15 AM	12	1	N/A	enabled	stopped	View Insight Delete
Insight Summary trace_768	768	21 Jun 2022 8:45:46 AM	21 Jun 2022 8:54:16 AM	12	1	N/A	enabled	stopped	View Insight Delete
Insight Summary trace_752	752	21 Jun 2022 8:44:37 AM	21 Jun 2022 8:46:32 AM	12	1	N/A	disabled	stopped	View Insight Delete

INSIGHT Section:

- Navigation tabs: 'DNS Domains' (selected), 'Applications', 'Active Flows', 'Completed Flows'.
- Sub-sections: 'Discovered Domains' (selected), 'Monitored Domains'.
- Search bar: 'Search'.
- Summary: '0 Rows Selected'.
- Table with columns: Domain, Update Time, Application, App Group, DNS Server, DNS Redirect, Resolved IP, DNS Transport, DNS Egress, TTL(sec), Request, Monitor State.

Demo

Setting a
condition –
activate tracing
[without DNS
discovery]

Create new trace

The screenshot shows the Cisco SD-WAN Network Wide Path Insight interface. The top navigation bar includes the Cisco SD-WAN logo, a 'Select Resource Group' dropdown, and the title 'Tools · Network Wide Path Insight'. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'TRACE' and 'INSIGHT'.

In the 'TRACE' section, a 'New Trace' button is highlighted with a red box. To its right is a checkbox labeled 'Enable DNS Domain Discovery' with an information icon. An arrow points from the text 'DNS discovery is covered later in the presentation' to this checkbox. Further right, there are links for 'How to Get Started' and 'FAQ', and a note: 'Please click 'View Insight' to load data for 'INSIGHT''. Below this is a search bar and a 'Total Rows: 116' indicator with refresh, download, and settings icons.

Trace Name	Trace ID	Start Time	Stop Time	Src. Site	VPN ID	Application/App Group	Domain Monitor	Trace State	Action
Insight Summary trace_864	864	28 Jun 2022 5:14:19 PM	28 Jun 2022 6:16:26 PM	12	1	N/A	enabled	stopped	View Insight Delete
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Insight Summary trace_768	768	21 Jun 2022 8:45:46 AM	21 Jun 2022 8:54:16 AM	12	1	N/A	enabled	stopped	View Insight Delete
Insight Summary trace_752	752	21 Jun 2022 8:44:37 AM	21 Jun 2022 8:46:32 AM	12	1	N/A	disabled	stopped	View Insight Delete

The 'INSIGHT' section is currently empty, showing '0 Rows Selected' and 'Total Rows: 0'. It has tabs for 'DNS Domains', 'Applications', 'Active Flows', and 'Completed Flows'. Under 'DNS Domains', there are sub-tabs for 'Discovered Domains' and 'Monitored Domains'. A search bar is present, and the bottom of the section shows a table header with columns: Domain, Update Time, Application, App Group, DNS Server, DNS Redirect, Resolved IP, DNS Transport, DNS Egress, TTL(sec), Request, and Monitor State.

Create new trace

The screenshot displays the Cisco SD-WAN Network Wide Path Insight interface. At the top, the breadcrumb navigation shows 'Tools · Network Wide Path Insight'. Below this, the 'TRACE' section is active, with a 'New Trace' button highlighted. A text annotation 'DNS discovery is covered later in the presentation' points to the 'Enable DNS Domain Discovery' checkbox. The configuration form includes:

- Mandatory:** A blue box labeled 'Mandatory' points to the 'New Trace' button.
- Optional:** A blue box labeled 'Optional' points to the 'Enable DNS Domain Discovery' checkbox.
- Filters:** A blue box labeled 'Optional' points to the 'Filters' section, which includes fields for Site ID(*), VPN(*), Source Address/Prefix, and Destination Address/Prefix.
- Advanced Filters:** A blue box labeled 'Optional' points to the 'Advanced Filters' and 'Monitor Settings' expandable sections.

At the bottom of the interface, a table header is visible with columns: Domain, Update Time, Application, App Group, DNS Server, DNS Redirect, Resolved IP, DNS Transport, DNS Egress, TTL(sec), Request, and Monitor State. The table currently shows 0 rows selected.

Create new trace (Optional filters)

TRACE

[New Trace](#) Enable DNS Domain Discovery ⓘ

Trace Name: Trace Duration (minutes):

Filters:

Site ID(*): VPN(*): Source Address/Prefix: ⓘ Destination Address/Prefix: ⓘ Application ⓘ Application Group

Advanced Filters: ⌵

Device: Source Interface: Source Port: Destination Port: Protocol: DSCP:

Monitor Settings: ⌵

QoS Insight ⓘ ART Visibility ⓘ APP Visibility ⓘ DIA Visibility ⓘ Hub WAN Visibility ⓘ Sampling ⓘ

0 Rows Selected

Total Rows: 0

>	<input type="checkbox"/> Domain	Update Time	Application	App Group	Over Server	Over Redirect	Resolved IP	Over Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State
---	---------------------------------	-------------	-------------	-----------	-------------	---------------	-------------	----------------	------------	----------	---------	---------------

To enable in case of DIA tracing

Activate tracing

Cisco SD-WAN Select Resource Group Tools · Network Wide Path Insight

TRACE

New Trace Enable DNS Domain Discovery [How to Get Started](#) | [FAQ](#)
Please click 'View Insight' to load data for 'INSIGHT'.

Search

New Trace Enable DNS Domain Discovery [How to Get Started](#) | [FAQ](#)
Please click 'View Insight' to load data for 'INSIGHT'.

Trace Name: Trace Duration (minutes): Default: 60

Filters:

Site ID(*): VPN(*): Source Address/Prefix: Destination Address/Prefix: Application Application Group

12 VPN - 1 192.168.12.220/32 e.g v4: 10.0.0.0/8 or v6: 2001:0:0:1::/64 Select one or more applications

Advanced Filters: >

Monitor Settings: >

Start **Cancel**

Discovered Domains Monitored Domains

Search

0 Rows Selected

Total Rows: 0 [Refresh](#) [Download](#) [Settings](#)

>	<input type="checkbox"/> Domain	Update Time	Application	App Group	DNS Server	DNS Redirect	Resolved IP	DNS Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State
---	---------------------------------	-------------	-------------	-----------	------------	--------------	-------------	---------------	------------	----------	---------	---------------

Activate tracing

Tracing and metadata marking enabled only on 1 device

Start Trace

Trace id: 880
Start Time: Wed Aug 24 2022 11:28:28 GMT+0200 (Central European Summer Time)
Source Site: 12
***** Device List *****
Device IP: 172.16.255.12
Status: success
Message: Trace Starting

Close

Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group
No data available							

Domain Monitor	Trace
disabled	start
enabled	stopp
disabled	stopp
enabled	stopp
enabled	stopp

Please expand a flow/d

* Readou

First look at the tracing results



Active flows

INSIGHT Selected trace: trace_880 (Trace Id: 880)

Applications **Active Flows** Completed Flows

Please expand a flow/domain to load data for 'INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS'.

Search by Domain, Application, Readout, etc. ⓘ * Readout Legend: ❌ - Error, ⚠️ - Warning, ✅ - Information.

Search

Total Rows: 2

>	Start - Update Time	Flow id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)
>	11:28:51 AM-11:28:51 AM	1	⚠️	192.168.12.220	40564	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT +	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	N/A
>	11:28:51 AM-11:28:51 AM	2	⚠️	192.168.12.220	45044	52.97.144.178	443	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT +	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	Unknown	N/A

Flow readout

Green: Undamaged symmetric flow

Yellow: Deviation from green (eg flow asymmetry / color mismatch / ...)

Red: Damaged flow

Completed flows

Configurable time window

INSIGHT Selected trace: trace_880 (Trace Id: 880)

Applications **Completed Flows** Please expand a flow/domain to load data for 'INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS':

Filter: None Aug 24, 2022 11:28:51 AM Aug 24, 2022 11:52:39 AM Aug 24, 2022 0:26:36 AM

Search by Domain, Application, Readout, etc. * Readout Legend: ✖ - Error, ⚠ - Warning, ✔ - Information.

Search Total Rows: 51

Overall 98 flows traced, 51 flows traced during Aug 24, 2022 11:28:51 AM to Aug 24, 2022 11:52:39 AM

Start - Update Time	Flow Id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)
> 11:48:48 AM-11:52:24 AM	50	✔	192.168.12.220	35316	52.97.250.226	443	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	cedge2: 1/17
> 11:50:21 AM-11:50:21 AM	51	⚠	192.168.12.220	36588	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	N/A
> 11:48:48 AM-11:48:48 AM	49	⚠	192.168.12.220	60533	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	N/A
> 11:43:48 AM-11:48:24 AM	47	⚠	192.168.12.220	45926	52.97.201.98	443	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	cedge2: 0/19
> 11:45:45 AM-11:45:45 AM	48	⚠	192.168.12.220	39361	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	N/A
> 11:43:48 AM-11:43:48 AM	46	⚠	192.168.12.220	45910	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	N/A
> 11:38:48 AM-11:41:42 AM	44	⚠	192.168.12.220	49398	40.101.18.18	443	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	cedge2: 0/18
> 11:38:51 AM-11:38:51 AM	45	⚠	192.168.12.220	58388	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	N/A

Applications

INSIGHT Selected trace: trace_880 (Trace Id: 880)

Applications Active Flows Completed Flows Please expand a flow/domain to load data for 'INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS':

Search by Domain, Application, Readout, etc.

Search

Total Rows: 3

>	Last Update Time	App Name	App Group	Upstream Flow Count	Downstream Flow Count	Upstream Bytes(K)	Downstream Bytes(K)
>	24 Aug 2022 11:32:42 AM CEST	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	2	2	8.11	9.29
>	24 Aug 2022 11:32:42 AM CEST	ssl	other	6	6	12.55	7.17
>	24 Aug 2022 11:32:42 AM CEST	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	1	1	0	0

Classification by app name or groups
Downstream / upstream bandwidth

Deeper in NWPI tracing: Flow analysis

Flow analysis

Expand by clicking on arrow

Total Rows: 2

>	Start - Update Time	Flow Id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)		
▼	0:54:44 AM-0:54:59 AM	24	!	192.168.12.220	51714	10.48.66.216	80	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	http	other	Unknown	cedge2: 0/2		
Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	Local Drop(%)	Wan Loss(%)	Remote Drop(%)	Jitter(ms)	Latency(ms)	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Queue Id	QDepth Limit/Max /Min/Avg
Upstream	0	(Gi2) cedge2	cedge7	BIZ_INTERNET	BIZ_INTERNET	0.67	N/A	0.00	< 1	1	cedge2: 0/2	25544	1687884	2	64/0/0/0
Upstream	1	cedge7 (Gi3)	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	cedge7: 1/0	25373	2793010	N/A	N/A
Downstream	0	Internet	(Gi3)cedge7	N/A	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	157904	217016502	N/A	N/A
>	0:53:23 AM-0:54:32 AM	22	✓	192.168.12.220	60140	52.97.179.194	443	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	cedge2: 0/19		

DROPS!

Traffic volume
QOS information

Flow analysis

Expand by clicking on arrow

The screenshot shows a network flow analysis interface. A modal dialog titled "Drop Details" is open, displaying the following information:

Drop Cause Details:
=====



FirewallL7: 2 packets

The background interface shows a table with columns for "Start - Upd", "Direction", and "Time". The "Direction" column has values "Upstream" and "Downstr". The "Time" column has values "0:54:44 AM" and "0:53:23 AM". A "Total Rows: 2" indicator is visible in the top right corner of the table area.

Flow analysis - readout

Expand by clicking on arrow

Total Rows: 2

>	Start - Update Time	Flow Id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)			
∨	0:54:44 AM-0:54:59 AM	24		192.168.12.220	51714	10.48.66.216	80	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	http	other	Unknown	cedge2: 0/2			
	Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	Local Drop(%)	Wan Loss(%)	Remote Drop(%)	Jitter(ms)	Latency(ms)	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Queue Id	QDepth Limit/Max /Min/Avg
	Upstream	0	(Gi2) cedge2	cedge7	BIZ_INTERNET	BIZ_INTERNET	0.67	N/A	0.00	< 1	1	cedge2: 0/2	25544	1687884	2	64/0/0/0
	Upstream	1	cedge7 (Gi3)	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	cedge7: 1/0	25373	2793010	N/A	N/A
	Downstream	0	Internet	(Gi3)cedge7	N/A	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	157904	217016502	N/A	N/A
>	0:53:23 AM-0:54:32 AM	22		192.168.12.220	60140	52.97.179.194	443	TCP	DEFAULT ↑ / DEFAULT ↓	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	cedge2: 0/19			

Traffic volume
QOS information

Flow analysis - readout

Expand by clicking on a

>	Start - Update Time	Flow Id																
✓	0:54:44 AM-0:54:59 AM	24																
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Direction</th> <th>HopIndex</th> <th>Local Edge</th> <th>Remote Edge</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Upstream</td> <td>0</td> <td>(Gi2) cedge2</td> <td>cedge2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Upstream</td> <td>1</td> <td>cedge7 (Gi3)</td> <td>cedge7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Downstream</td> <td>0</td> <td>Internet</td> <td>Internet</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Upstream	0	(Gi2) cedge2	cedge2	Upstream	1	cedge7 (Gi3)	cedge7	Downstream	0	Internet	Internet
Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge															
Upstream	0	(Gi2) cedge2	cedge2															
Upstream	1	cedge7 (Gi3)	cedge7															
Downstream	0	Internet	Internet															
>	0:53:23 AM-0:54:32 AM	22																

Flow Readout

Overview
Path Insight

Trace: trace_896 (ID: 896), Flow ID: 124 (Application:ms-office-365)
 Upstream From 192.168.12.220:59746 to 40.101.18.18:443
 Downstream From 40.101.18.18:443 to 192.168.12.220:59746

Overall Status 🟡

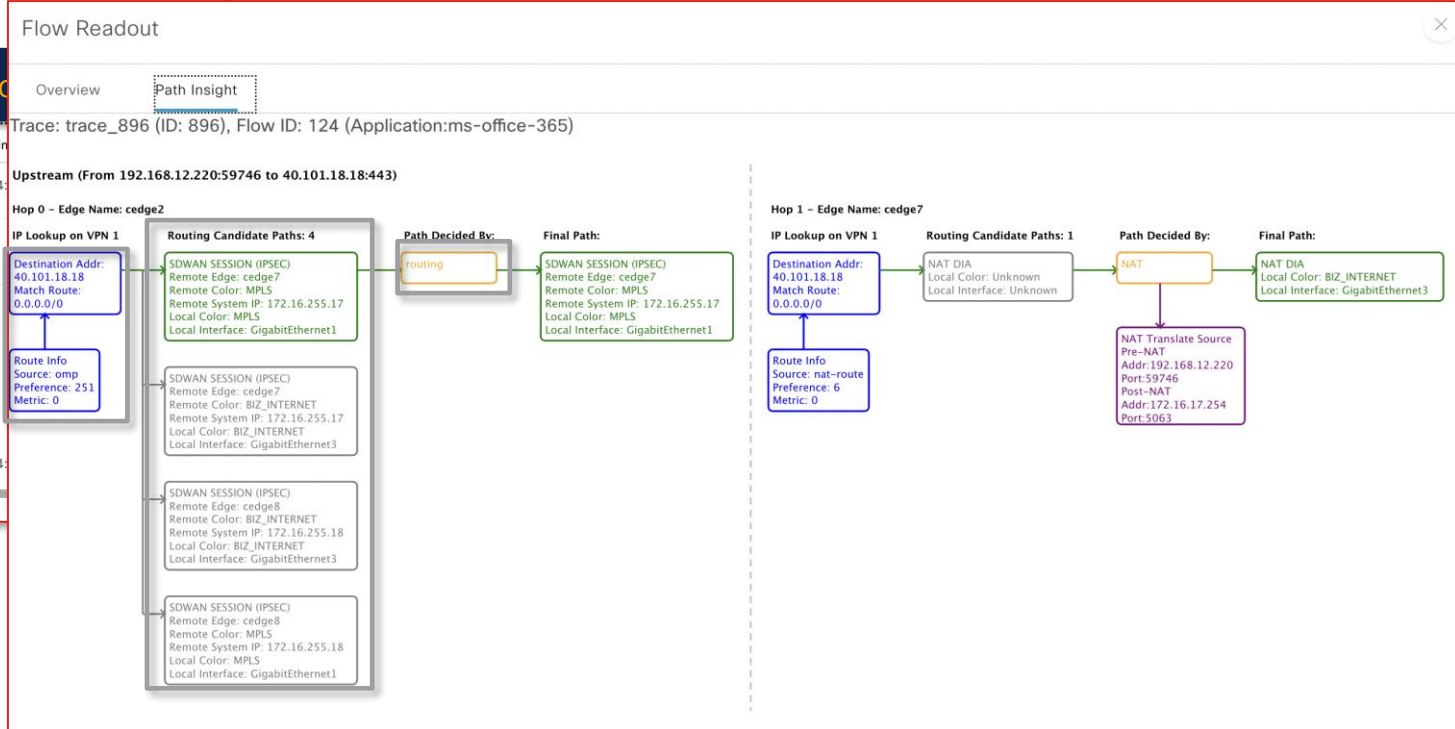
- ✅ Flow TCP RESET: Yes
24/8/2022, 13:52:08, downstream TCP RESET on cedge7
- =====
- ✅ NAT Translation: Yes
* Upstream hop(cedge7 (Gi3) -> NAT_DIA:GigabitEthernet3)
Translate Source:
pre-nat: 192.168.12.220, port: 59746
post-nat: 172.16.17.254, port: 5063
* Downstream hop(NAT_DIA -> (Gi3)cedge7)
Translate Destination:
pre-nat: 172.16.17.254, port: 5063
post-nat: 192.168.12.220, port: 59746
- =====
- 🟡 WAN Color Inconsistency: Yes
* Downstream hop(cedge7:BIZ_INTERNET -> cedge2(Gi2) :BIZ_INTERNET)
cedge7:
Egress Color: BIZ_INTERNET,
Ingress Color: MPLS

Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	
	other	Unknown	cedge2: 0/2	
D(ms)	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Queue Id	QDepth Limit/Max /Min/Avg
	25544	1687884	2	64/0/0/0
	25373	2793010	N/A	N/A
	157904	217016502	N/A	N/A
office-365	ms-cloud-group	outlook.office.cor	cedge2: 0/19	

Traffic volume
QOS information

Flow analysis - readout

Expand by c



Total Rows: 2

ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	QDepth Limit/Max /Min/Avg
cedge2: 0/2	64/0/0/0

ce.cor cedge2: 0/19

Time
 Information

Flow analysis – Going deeper in router processing

The screenshot displays the Cisco IINSIGHT interface for flow analysis. At the top, it shows the selected trace 'trace_928' and the selected flow ID '4'. The main view is a table of completed flows for the period of August 24, 2022, from 2:56:40 PM to 2:58:49 PM. A callout box points to an arrow icon in the 'Readout' column, with the text 'Expand by clicking on arrow'. Below the main table, an 'Advanced view analysis' section is shown, which is split into two panels for 'cedge2' and 'cedge7'. The 'cedge2' panel shows 'Ingress Feature' (with sub-items 'NBAR' and 'IPSec') and 'Egress Feature'. The 'cedge7' panel shows 'Ingress Feature' (with sub-items 'SDWAN Forwarding' and 'CEF Forwarding') and 'Egress Feature' (with sub-items 'UTD Policy (First FIA)' and 'ALG PARSER').

Start - Update Time	Flow Id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)
2:56:40 PM - 2:56:45 PM	1	60114	192.168.12.220	60114	40.99.204.146	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	Unknown	N/A
2:57:49 PM - 2:57:49 PM	4	602450	192.168.12.220	50595	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	dns	other	debian10-cedge2.cisc	N/A

Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	Local Drop(%)	Wan Loss(%)	Remote Drop(%)	Jitter(ms)	Latency(ms)	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Queue Id	QDepth Limit/Max/Min/Av
Upstream	0	(Gi2) cedge2	cedge7	MPLS	MPLS	0.00	0.00	0.00	N/A	N/A	cedge2: N/A	2	170	2	64/0/0/0
Upstream	1	cedge7 (Gi3)	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	cedge7: N/A	2	258	N/A	N/A
Downstream	0	Internet				N/A	0.00	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	272	N/A	N/A
Downstream	1	cedge7				0.00	0.00	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	360	N/A	N/A

Flow analysis – Upstream router(s) processing

The screenshot displays the Cisco Flow Analysis tool interface, showing the 'Upstream Feature' tab selected. The interface is divided into two main panels, one for router 'cedge2' and one for 'cedge7', connected by a right-pointing arrow. Each panel has a header with 'Flow Trend', 'Upstream Feature', 'Downstream Feature', and 'Geography'. Below the header, there's a section for 'Hostname: cedge2' and 'Hostname: cedge7' respectively, with an 'Event List' dropdown set to 'FIRST_PACKET/DPL_DONE' and an 'Expand All Features' link. The main content area is split into 'Ingress Feature' (blue background) and 'Egress Feature' (green background). For 'cedge2', the Ingress features include Ingress Report, CEF Forwarding, SDWAN ACL IN, NBAR, SDWAN App Route Policy, and SDWAN Forwarding. The Egress features include NBAR, IPSec, SDWAN QoS Output, QOS, and Transmit Report. For 'cedge7', the Ingress features include SDWAN Forwarding, CEF Forwarding, NBAR, SDWAN Data Policy OUT, and NBAR. The Egress features include UTD Policy (First FIA), ZBFW, CFT, NAT, and Transmit Report. Below each panel, there are two dark blue callout boxes with yellow text. The first callout box under 'cedge2' says 'Ingress feature processing on first upstream router'. The second callout box under 'cedge2' says 'Egress feature processing on first upstream router'. The third callout box under 'cedge7' says 'Ingress feature processing on last upstream router'. The fourth callout box under 'cedge7' says 'Egress feature processing on last upstream router'.

Flow Trend **Upstream Feature** Downstream Feature Geography

Hostname: **cedge2** Event List: FIRST_PACKET/DPL_DONE Expand All Features
Version: 17.09.01.0.1487, Input: GigabitEthernet2, Output: GigabitEthernet3

Ingress Feature **Egress Feature**

- > Ingress Report
- > CEF Forwarding
- > SDWAN ACL IN >> View Policy <<
- > NBAR
- > SDWAN App Route Policy >> View Policy <<
- > SDWAN Forwarding

- > NBAR
- > IPSec
- > SDWAN QoS Output
- > QOS >> View Policy <<
- > Transmit Report

Ingress feature processing on first upstream router

Egress feature processing on first upstream router

Hostname: **cedge7** Event List: FIRST_PACKET/DPL_DONE Expand All Features
Version: 17.09.01.0.1487, Input: GigabitEthernet3, Output: GigabitEthernet3

Ingress Feature **Egress Feature**

- > SDWAN Forwarding
- > CEF Forwarding
- > NBAR
- > SDWAN Data Policy OUT >> View Policy <<
- > NBAR

- > UTD Policy (First FIA)
- > ZBFW >> View Policy <<
- > ZBFW >> View Policy <<
- > CFT
- > NAT
- > Transmit Report

Ingress feature processing on last upstream router

Egress feature processing on last upstream router

Flow analysis – Upstream router(s) processing

The screenshot displays the Cisco Flow Analysis tool interface, showing the 'Upstream Feature' tab selected. The interface is divided into two main panels for upstream routers: cedge2 and cedge7. Each panel is split into 'Ingress Feature' (blue) and 'Egress Feature' (green) sections. A blue arrow points from the 'Ingress Feature' section of cedge2 to the 'Ingress Feature' section of cedge7, indicating the flow of traffic from the first upstream router to the last upstream router.

Router: cedge2

- Ingress Feature:**
 - Ingress Report
 - CEF Forwarding
 - SDWAN ACL IN >> View Policy <<
 - NBAR
 - SDWAN App Route Policy >> View Policy <<
 - SDWAN Forwarding
- Egress Feature:**
 - NBAR
 - IPSec
 - SDWAN QoS Output
 - QOS >> View Policy <<
 - Transmit Report

Router: cedge7

- Ingress Feature:**
 - SDWAN Forwarding
 - CEF Forwarding
 - NBAR
 - SDWAN Data Policy OUT >> View Policy <<**
 - NBAR
- Egress Feature:**
 - UTD Policy (First FIA)
 - ZBFW >> View Policy <<
 - ZBFW >> View Policy <<
 - CFT
 - NAT
 - Transmit Report

Annotations:

- Ingress feature processing on first upstream router** (pointing to the Ingress section of cedge2)
- Egress feature processing on first upstream router** (pointing to the Egress section of cedge2)
- Ingress feature processing on last upstream router** (pointing to the Ingress section of cedge7)
- Egress feature processing on last upstream router** (pointing to the Egress section of cedge7)

Flow analysis – Upstream router(s) processing – Checking policy sequence

The screenshot displays two side-by-side views of the Cisco Flow Analyzer interface for upstream routers. The left view is for router 'cedge2' and the right view is for 'cedge7'. Both views show a navigation bar with 'Upstream Feature' selected. The main content area is split into 'Ingress Feature' (blue) and 'Egress Feature' (green) sections. An arrow points from the 'Ingress Feature' section of 'cedge2' to the 'Ingress Feature' section of 'cedge7', indicating the flow of traffic.

cedge2 Ingress Feature:

- > Ingress Report
- > CEF Forwarding
- > SDWAN ACL IN >> View Policy <<
- > NBAR
- > SDWAN App Route Policy >> View Policy <<
- > SDWAN Forwarding

cedge2 Egress Feature:

- > NBAR
- > IPSec
- > SDWAN QoS Output
- > QOS >> View Policy <<
- > Transmit Report

cedge7 Ingress Feature:

- > SDWAN Forwarding
- > CEF Forwarding
- > NBAR
- > SDWAN Data Policy OUT >> View Policy <<
- > NBAR

cedge7 Egress Feature:

- > UTD Policy (First FIA)
- > ZBFW >> View Policy <<
- > ZBFW >> View Policy <<
- > CFT
- > NAT
- > Transmit Report

Four dark blue callout boxes are overlaid on the interface:

- Top-left: Ingress feature processing on first upstream router
- Top-right: Egress feature processing on first upstream router
- Bottom-left: Ingress feature processing on last upstream router
- Bottom-right: Egress feature processing on last upstream router

Flow analysis – Upstream router(s) processing – Checking policy sequence

The screenshot displays two side-by-side panels for upstream routers. The left panel is for 'cedge2' and the right panel is for 'cedge7'. Both panels show a 'Flow Trend' view with 'Upstream Feature' selected. The 'Ingress Feature' column (blue) and 'Egress Feature' column (green) are visible. An arrow points from the 'Ingress Feature' of 'cedge2' to the 'Ingress Feature' of 'cedge7', indicating the flow direction. Below each panel, there are two dark blue callout boxes with yellow text.

Router	Ingress Feature	Egress Feature
cedge2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">> Ingress Report> CEF Forwarding> SDWAN ACL IN >> View Policy <<> NBAR> SDWAN App Route Policy >> View Policy <<> SDWAN Forwarding	<ul style="list-style-type: none">> NBAR> IPSec> SDWAN QoS Output> QOS >> View Policy <<> Transmit Report
cedge7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">> SDWAN Forwarding> CEF Forwarding> NBAR> SDWAN Data Policy OUT >> View Policy <<> NBAR	<ul style="list-style-type: none">> UTD Policy (First FIA)> ZBFW >> View Policy <<> ZBFW >> View Policy <<> CFT> NAT> Transmit Report

Ingress feature processing on first upstream router

Egress feature processing on first upstream router

Ingress feature processing on last upstream router

Egress feature processing on last upstream router

Flow analysis – Upstream router(s) processing – Checking policy sequence

The screenshot displays the Cisco Flow Analyzer interface for two upstream routers, **cedge2** and **cedge7**. The interface is divided into sections for **Ingress Feature** and **Egress Feature**. A callout window shows the details of an **SDWAN Data Policy OUT** on the second router, including:

- VPN ID : 1
- VRF : 1
- Policy Name : **_VPN_1_protect-site7-8-VPN_1 (CG:2)**
- Seq : Default
- DNS Flags : (0x8) NONE
- Policy Flags : 8x18800
- Nat Map ID : 148
- SNG ID : 129

Four callouts at the bottom of the interface describe the processing flow:

- Ingress feature processing on first upstream router** (pointing to the Ingress Report on cedge2)
- Egress feature processing on first upstream router** (pointing to the Egress Report on cedge2)
- processing on last upstream router** (pointing to the Ingress Report on cedge7)
- Egress feature processing on last upstream router** (pointing to the Egress Report on cedge7)

Flow analysis – Downstream router(s) processing

The image displays two side-by-side screenshots of Cisco IOS flow analysis for routers `cedge2` and `cedge7`. Both screenshots show the flow analysis for the event list `FIRST_PACKET/DPL_DONE` on interface `GigabitEthernet3`. The left screenshot for `cedge2` shows Egress Features including `NBAR` and `Transmit Report`, and Ingress Features including `SDWAN Forwarding`, `CEF Forwarding`, and `NBAR`. The right screenshot for `cedge7` shows Egress Features including `NBAR`, `UTD Policy (First FIA)`, `ZBFW`, `IPSec`, `UTD Policy (First FIA)`, and `Transmit Report`, and Ingress Features including `Ingress Report`, `CEF Forwarding`, `SDWAN Implicit ACL`, `NAT`, `CFT`, `NBAR`, `SDWAN App Route Policy`, `SDWAN Data Policy OUT`, and `SDWAN Forwarding`. A blue arrow points from the `cedge7` screenshot back to the `cedge2` screenshot. Below each screenshot is a dark blue callout box with yellow text: "Egress feature processing on last downstream router" for `cedge2` and "Ingress feature processing on last downstream router" for `cedge7`. Similarly, "Egress feature processing on first downstream router" and "Ingress feature processing on first downstream router" are associated with the `cedge7` screenshot.

Flow analysis – Policy analysis

The image displays two side-by-side screenshots of a network flow analysis tool interface. Both screenshots show the configuration for a host named 'cedge' with the event list 'FIRST_PACKET/DPL_DONE' and version '17.09.01.0.1487'. The interface is divided into two main sections: 'Egress Feature' (green header) and 'Ingress Feature' (blue header).
The left screenshot is for 'cedge2' and shows the following features:
- Egress Feature: > NBAR, > Transmit Report
- Ingress Feature: > SDWAN Forwarding, > CEF Forwarding, > NBAR
The right screenshot is for 'cedge7' and shows the following features:
- Egress Feature: > NBAR, > UTD Policy (First FIA), > ZBFW (with a '>> View Policy <<' link highlighted), > IPSec, > UTD Policy (First FIA), > Transmit Report
- Ingress Feature: > Ingress Report, > CEF Forwarding, > SDWAN Implicit ACL, > NAT, > CFT, > NBAR, > SDWAN App Route Policy (with a '>> View Policy <<' link highlighted), > SDWAN Data Policy OUT (with a '>> View Policy <<' link highlighted), > SDWAN Forwarding
A blue arrow points from the right screenshot back to the left one.

Flow analysis – Policy analysis

ZBFW

```
name:To_Internet_copy_2
type:zoneBasedFW
description:Description
isActivatedByVsmart:false
zones:
  sourceZone:1      vpn: 1
  destinationZone:Internet  vpn: 0
sequences:
  sequenceId: 1
  sequenceType: zoneBasedFW
  baseAction: inspect
  sequenceIpType N/A
  match sourceDataPrefixList LAN
    prefixes: 192.168.0.0/16
  match appList Internet-apps
    app: N/A
    app: gtalk
    app: gtalk-chat
    app: google-services
    app: google-plus
    app: google-earth
    app: google-docs
  sequenceId: 11
  sequenceType: zoneBasedFW
  baseAction: drop
  sequenceIpType N/A
  match sourceDataPrefixList LAN
    prefixes: 192.168.0.0/16
  match destinationPort 22
  match protocol 6
  sequenceId: 21
```

Close

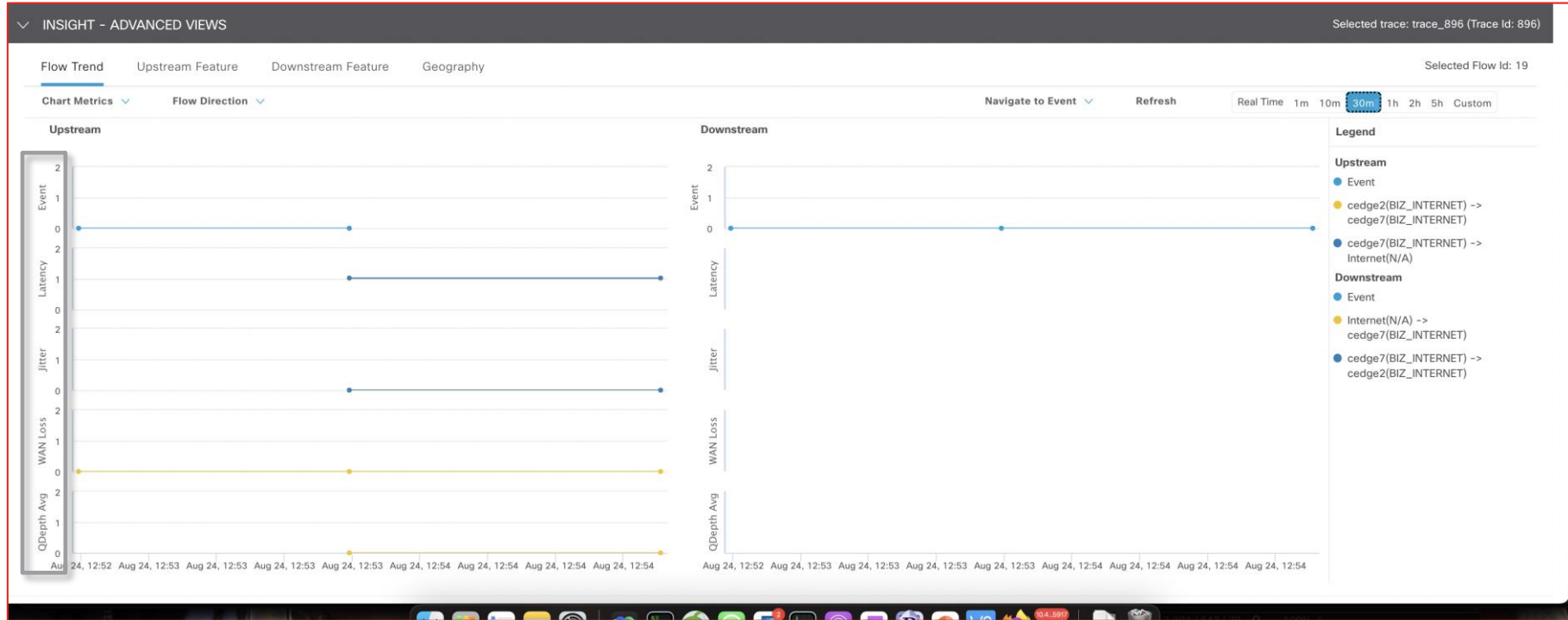
SDWAN App Route Policy

```
name:web-ssh-AAR
type:appRoute
description:web-ssh-AAR
isActivatedByVsmart:true
sequences:
  sequenceId: 1
  sequenceType: appRoute
  sequenceIpType ipv4
  match appList SSH_policy
    apps: sshell
  action
    slaClass:TEST1
    latency:100
    loss:10
    jitter:10
    preferredColor biz-internet
  sequenceId: 11
  sequenceType: appRoute
  sequenceIpType ipv4
  match appList web_services
    appFamily: instant-messaging
  action
    slaClass:TEST1
    latency:100
    loss:10
    jitter:10
    preferredColor biz-internet
```

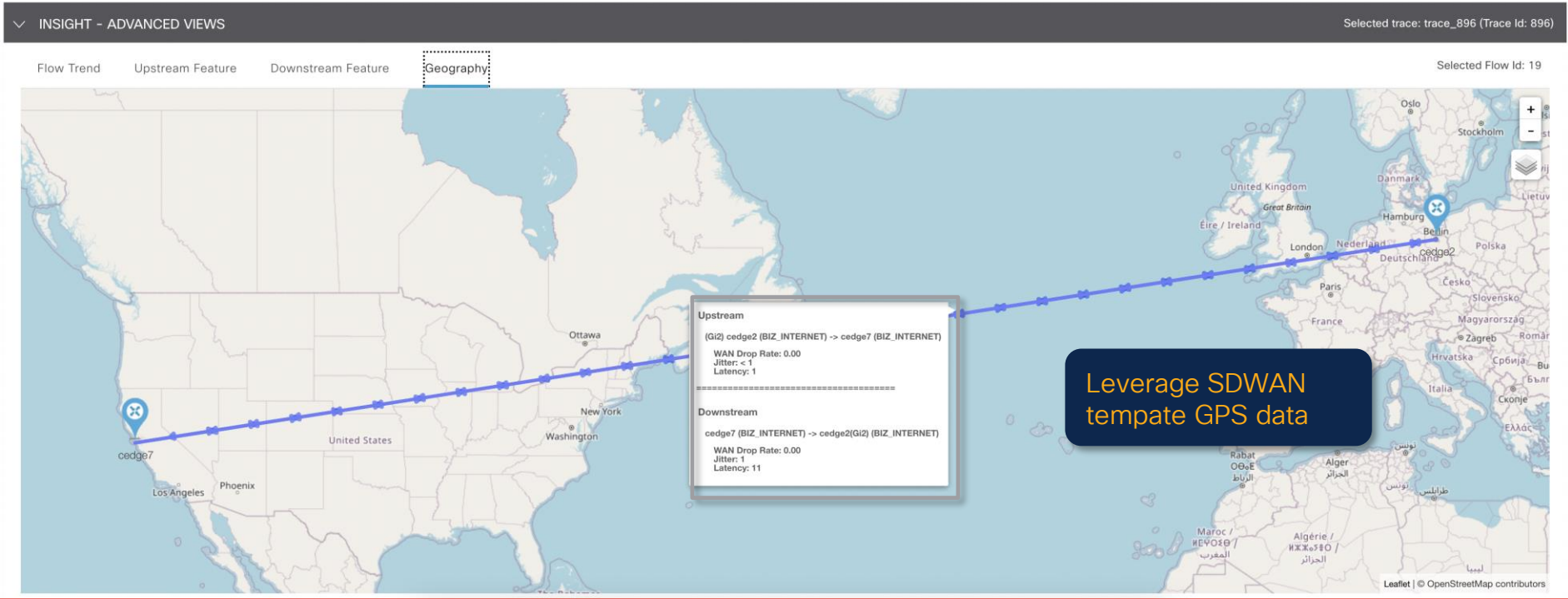
* The latency Configured in the App-Route policy is RTT Round-Trip-Delay and the latency of each hop in the flow table is One-Way-Delay.

Close

Flow analysis – Flow trends



Flow analysis – Geography



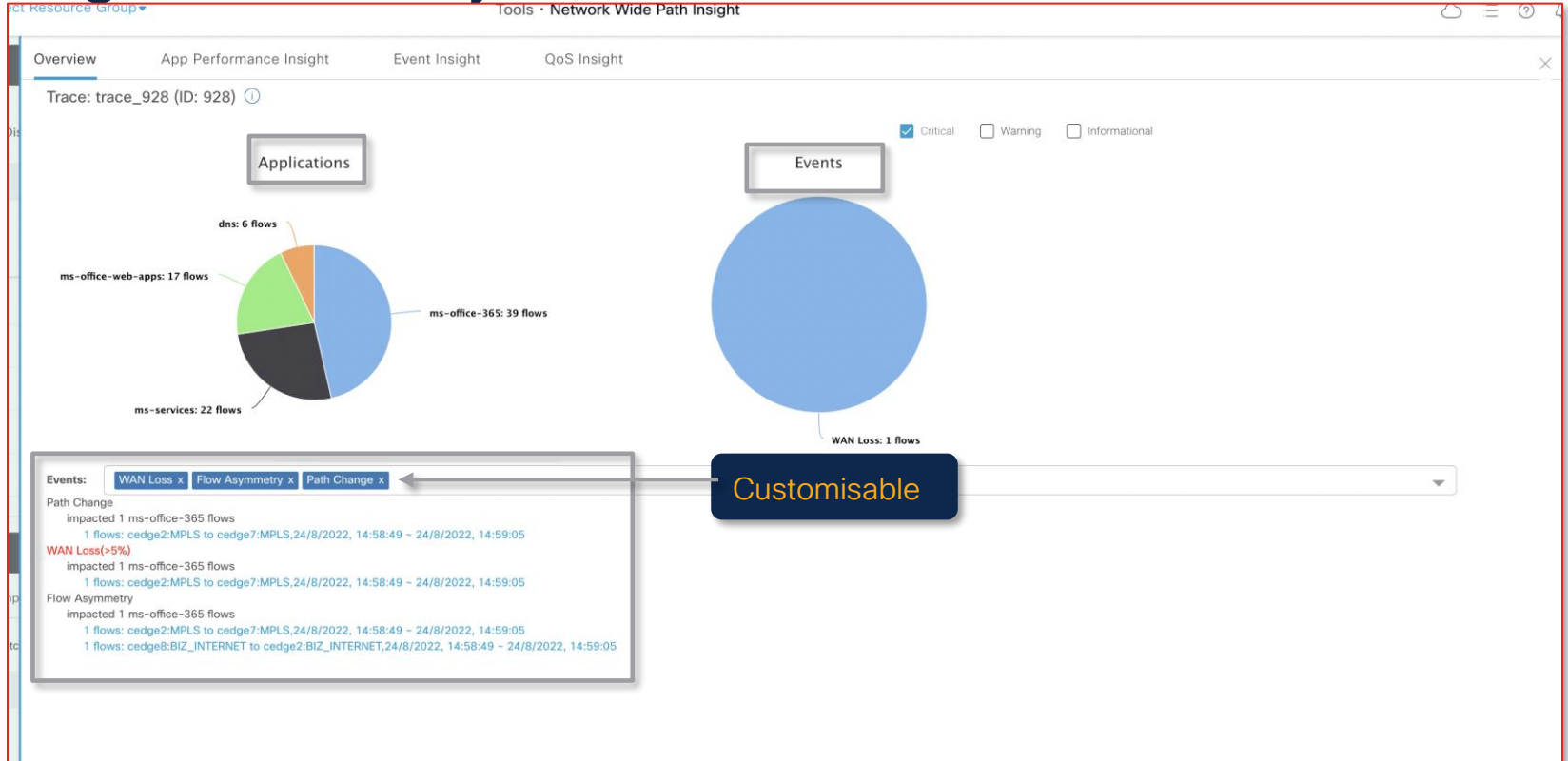
Insight summary – integrated view

Insight summary

The screenshot shows the 'TRACE' section of a Cisco interface. At the top, there is a 'New Trace' button and a checkbox for 'Enable DNS Domain Discovery'. A search bar is present with the text 'Search'. On the right, there are links for 'How to Get Started' and 'FAQ', and a note 'Selected trace: trace_928 (Trace Id: 928)'. Below the search bar, it says 'Total Rows: 120' with refresh, download, and settings icons. A table lists trace details with columns: Trace Name, Trace ID, Start Time, Stop Time, Src. Site, VPN ID, Application/App Group, Domain Monitor, Trace State, and Action. The first row shows 'Insight Summary | trace_928' with a red box around the 'Insight Summary' link. The 'Trace ID' column has a dropdown arrow.

Trace Name	Trace ID	Start Time	Stop Time	Src. Site	VPN ID	Application/App Group	Domain Monitor	Trace State	Action
Insight Summary trace_928	928	24 Aug 2022 2:55:49 PM	N/A	12	1	N/A	disabled	starting	View Insight

Insight summary: Overview



Insight Summary: App Performance insight



Below metrics all based on sampled application flows:
 Hop: SJC-Branch:MPLS to RTP-Hub2:MPLS

- Local Drop:** Packet drop on hop's local Edge
- Remote Drop:** Packet drop on hop's remote Edge (WAN underlay drop on remote Edge excluded)
- WAN Loss:** Packet loss on WAN from hop's local Edge to remote Edge (includes WAN underlay drop on remote Edge, eg. IPSec Anti-Replay drop)
- Jitter:** Jitter on the hop
- Delay:** Half of round trip delay on the hop
- CND(Client Network Delay):** TCP round trip delay between hop's local Edge and the client
- SND(Server Network Delay):** TCP round trip delay between hop's local Edge and the server

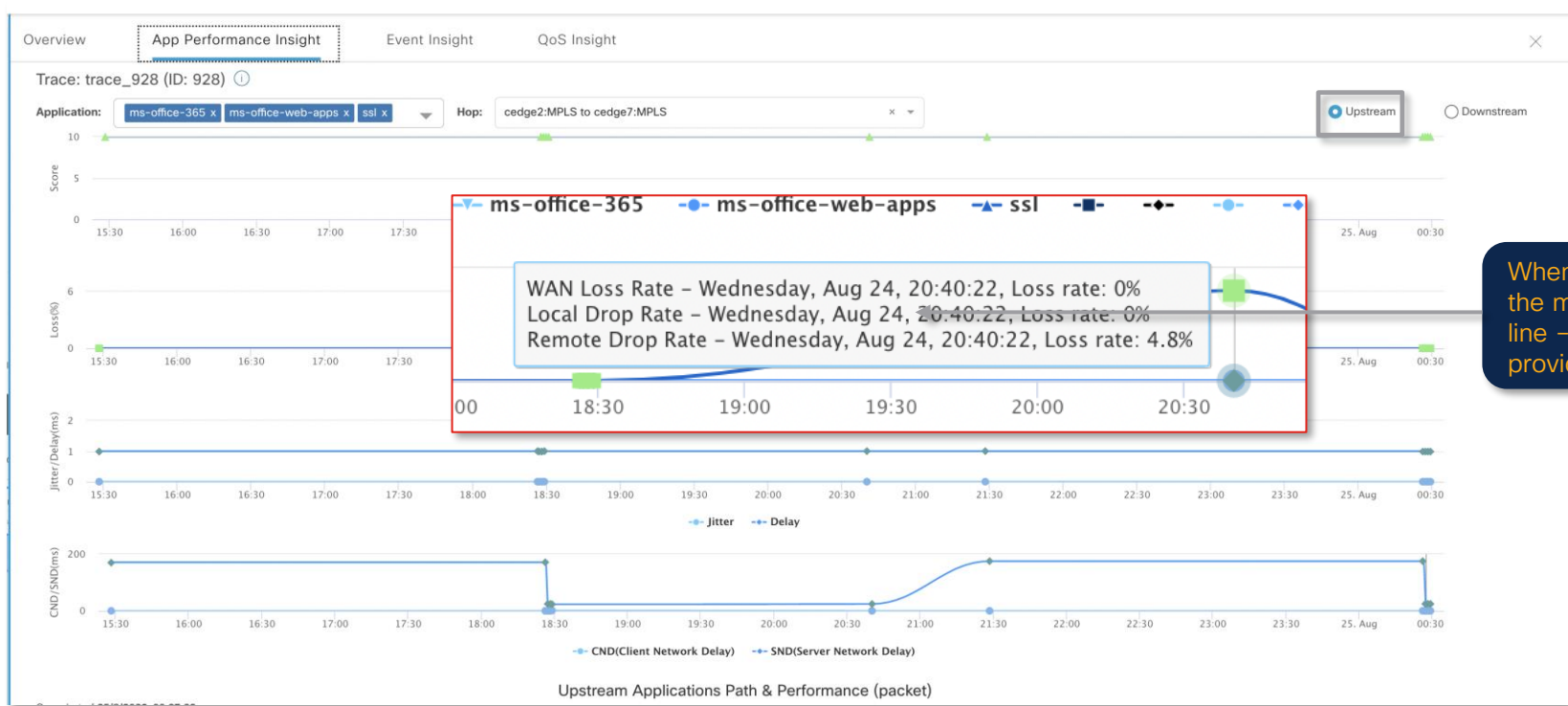
Score:
 SDWAN overlay hop: Calculated based on Loss/Jitter/Latency
 Other hop(Internet/SaaS/SIG/LAN etc.): Calculated based on SND

Let's deep dive into it...

Insight Summary: App Performance insight



Insight Summary: App Performance insight

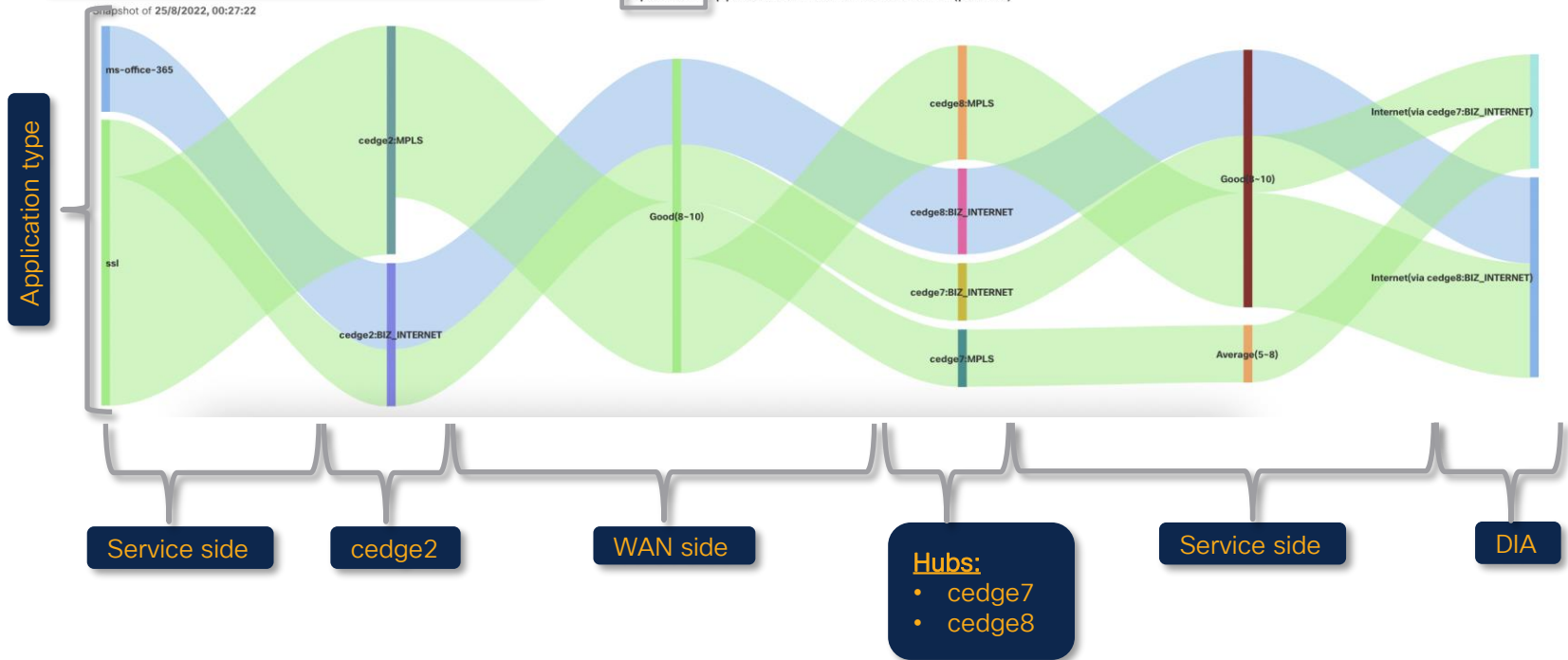


When hovering with the mouse over the line - drop rate is provided

Insight Summary: Applications path and performance

Downstream can be selected as well

Upstream Applications Path & Performance (packet)



Insight Summary: Application path and performance

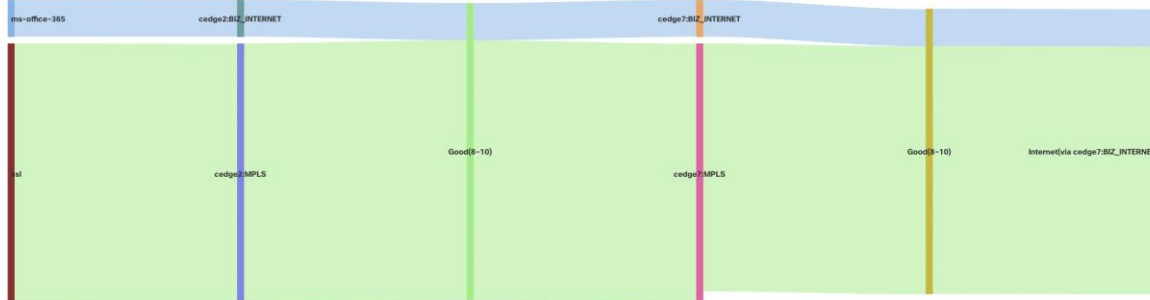
Trace: trace_928 (ID: 928) ⓘ



Clicking on the graph will display the application path and performance taken at that exact time.

Snapshot of 24/8/2022, 20:40:22

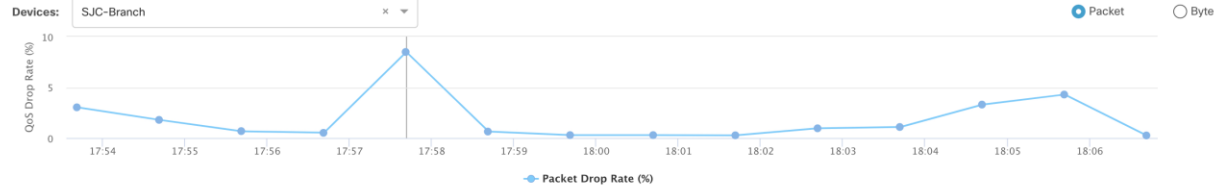
Upstream Applications Path & Performance (packet)



Insight Summary - QoS Insight

Overview App Performance Insight Event Insight **QoS Insight**

Trace: alanwan-0810 (ID: 688)



Applications: webex-meeting x ms-office-web-apps x unknown x rtp-audio x

VPNs: VPN 0 x

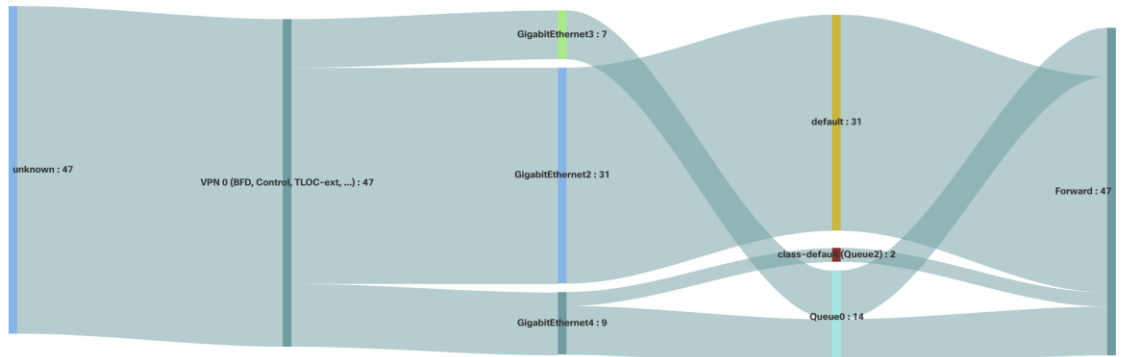
Interfaces: GigabitEthernet3 x GigabitEthernet2 x GigabitEthernet4 x

Queues: Queue1 x default x Queue3 x class-default x Queue0 x

Forward/Drop: Drop x Forward x

QoS - Applications Distribution (pps)

Snapshot of 8/10/2022, 5:57:41 PM



Tips

Traffic in VPN0 may compete bandwidth with user traffic.

- Control messages, DPI/FNF records within TLS/DTLS to vManage
- BFD over SDWAN
- TLOC extension, Routing protocols over WAN underlay

Gap: Can't classify these VPN0 traffic:

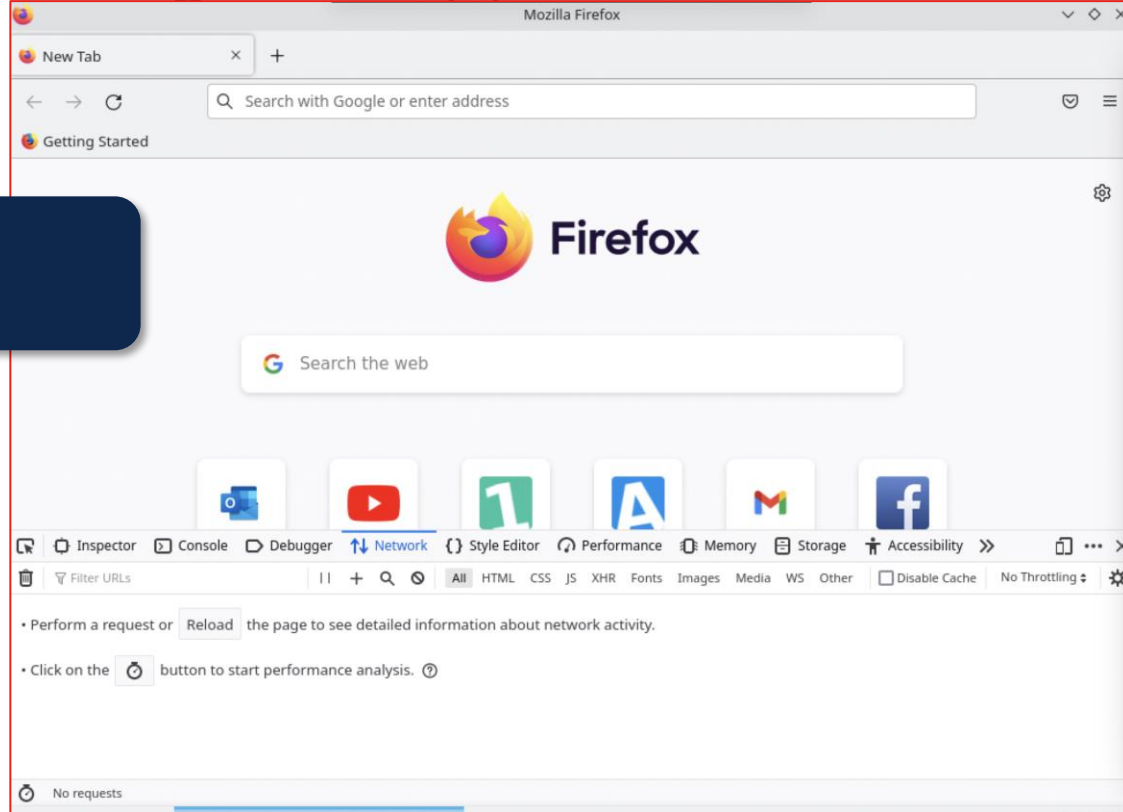
- Gig3(MPLS), Gig4(INET): QoS configured queue0(priority) for BFD etc. queue2(class-default) for what VPN0 traffic?

Gig2(WAN w/o color, QoS)
no class queues, all into interface default

DNS discovery tracing

Troubleshooting web application

- 1) Enabling web developer tools
- 2) Look at the network tab



Troubleshooting web application

Stack by size

The screenshot shows the Outlook web application interface with the Network Inspector tool open. The Network Inspector displays a list of requests, sorted by size. The requests are all GET requests to service workers from the domain res.cdn.office.net. The largest request is owa.MailRibbon.js (2.07 MB), followed by owa.42170.js (1.55 MB), owa.11877.js (1.51 MB), owa.Addins.js (1.30 MB), owa.MailBoot.js (0.98 MB), and owa.ReadingPane.js (846.95 KB).

Status	Method	Domain	File	Initiator	Type	Transferred	Size	0 ms	1.37 min
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.ReadingPane.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	846.95 ...	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.MailBoot.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	0.98 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.Addins.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	1.30 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.11877.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	1.51 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.42170.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	1.55 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.MailRibbon.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	2.07 MB	0 ms	

632 requests 27.99 MB / 26.13 MB transferred Finish: 7.50 min DOMContentLoaded: 1.45 s load: 36.47 s

Troubleshooting web application

Stack by size

The screenshot shows the Outlook web application interface with the Chrome DevTools Network tab open. The network tab displays a list of requests, with the 'Size' column sorted in descending order. The requests are all GET requests to service workers from the domain 'res.cdn.office.net'. The largest service worker is 'owa.MailRibbon.js' at 2.07 MB, followed by 'owa.42170.js' at 1.55 MB, 'owa.11877.js' at 1.51 MB, 'owa.Addins.js' at 1.30 MB, 'owa.MailBoot.js' at 0.98 MB, and 'owa.ReadingPane.js' at 846.95 KB. The status bar at the bottom of the network tab shows 632 requests, 27.99 MB / 26.13 MB transferred, and a finish time of 7.50 min.

Status	Method	Domain	File	Initiator	Type	Transferred	Size	ms	1.37 min
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.ReadingPane.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	846.95 ...	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.MailBoot.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	0.98 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.Addins.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	1.30 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.11877.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	1.51 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.42170.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	1.55 MB	0 ms	
200	GET	res.cdn.office.net	owa.MailRibbon.js	/mail/junkemail/3...	js	service worker	2.07 MB	0 ms	

Starting NWPI

TRACE

[New Trace](#) Enable DNS Domain Discovery ⌵

[How to Get Started](#) | [FAQ](#)
Please click 'View Insight' to load data for 'INSIGHT'.

Trace Name: Trace Duration (minutes): Default: 60

Filters:

Site ID(*): VPN(*): Client Address/Prefix: Application Group: ⌵

12 VPN - 1 192.168.12.220/32 Select one or more App Groups

Monitor Settings: >

[Start](#) [Cancel](#)

Monitoring dns traffic

DNS Domains Applications Active Flows Completed Flows

Please expand a flow/domain to load data for 'INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS'.

Discovered Domains Monitored Domains

Search

0 Rows Selected

Total Rows: 21

Domain	Update Time	Application	App Group	DNS Server	DNS Redirect	Resolved IP	DNS Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State
<input type="checkbox"/> res.cdn.office.net	02 Sep 2022 10:02:04 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2a02:28f0:fe00:4b7::1e0f:2a02	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	4	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> safebrowsing.googleapis.co...	02 Sep 2022 10:00:04 AM C...	google-services	google-group	173.38.200.100,144.254.71.18	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	18	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> safebrowsing.googleapis.com	02 Sep 2022 9:59:34 AM CEST	google-services	google-group	173.38.200.100,144.254.71.18	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	18	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> contile.services.mozilla.com	02 Sep 2022 9:56:04 AM CEST	dns	other	173.38.200.100	-	34.117.237.239	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	3	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> outlook.office.com	02 Sep 2022 10:02:01 AM C...	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	40.99.204.66,52.97.179.194,4	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	19	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> login.microsoftonline.com	02 Sep 2022 10:01:49 AM C...	ms-services	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	2	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> r4.res.office365.com	02 Sep 2022 10:01:49 AM C...	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	2	never started

Select interested application domains to start/stop monitoring related flows.

Start Flow Monitor

Lots of "stuff" let's focus on o365

Start monitoring to effectively trace TCP or UDP flows to those fully qualified domain names [FQDN]

Monitoring dns traffic

DNS Domains Applications Active Flows Completed Flows

Please expand a flow/domain to load data for 'INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS'.

Discovered Domains Monitored Domains

Search

0 Rows Selected

Total Rows: 21

Domain	Update Time	Application	App Group	DNS Server	DNS Redirect	Resolved IP	DNS Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State
<input type="checkbox"/> res.cdn.office.net	02 Sep 2022 10:02:04 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2a02:28f0:fe00:4b7::1e0f:2a02	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	4	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> safebrowsing.googleapis.co...	02 Sep 2022 10:00:04 AM C...	google-services	google-group	173.38.200.100,144.254.71.18	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	18	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> safebrowsing.googleapis.com	02 Sep 2022 9:59:34 AM CEST	google-services	google-group	173.38.200.100,144.254.71.18	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	18	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> contile.services.mozilla.com	02 Sep 2022 9:56:04 AM CEST	dns	other	173.38.200.100	-	34.117.237.239	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	3	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> outlook.office.com	02 Sep 2022 10:02:01 AM C...	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	40.99.204.66,52.97.179.194,4	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	19	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> login.microsoftonline.com	02 Sep 2022 10:01:49 AM C...	ms-services	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	2	never started
<input type="checkbox"/> r4.res.office365.com	02 Sep 2022 10:01:49 AM C...	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	-	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-3	0	2	never started

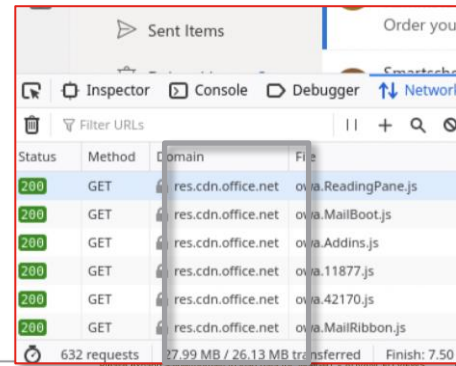
Select interested application domains to start/stop monitoring related flows.

Start Flow Monitor

Lots of "stuff" let's focus on o365

Start monitoring to effectively trace TCP or UDP flows to those fully qualified domain names [FQDN]

Drill down and enable flow tracing



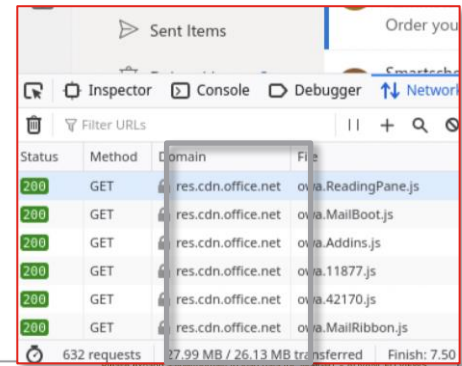
The screenshot shows the Cisco Flow Tracing interface. At the top, there are tabs for DNS Domains, Applications, Active Flows, and Completed Flows. Under DNS Domains, there are sub-tabs for Discovered Domains and Monitored Domains. A search bar contains 'cdn' and shows 3 rows selected. Below the search bar is a table with the following columns: Update Time, Application, App Group, DNS Server, DNS Redirect, Resolved IP, DNS Transport, DNS Egress, TTL(sec), Request, and Monitor State. Three rows are visible, each with a checkbox in the Monitor State column that is currently unchecked.

Update Time	Application	App Group	DNS Server	DNS Redirect	Resolved IP	DNS Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State
02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	104.85.0.113,2a02:26f0:fe00:4	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-	0	7	<input type="checkbox"/> never started
02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2a02:26f0:fe00:4b7::1e0f,2a02	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-	0	6	<input type="checkbox"/> never started
02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM C...	ms-services	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2620:1ec:46:67,2620:1ec:bdf	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-	0	2	<input type="checkbox"/> never started

At the bottom right, there is a button labeled 'Start Flow Monitor' and a note: 'Select interested application domains to start/stop monitoring related flows.'

Select flows to be traced

Drill down and enable flow tracing



The screenshot shows the Cisco Flow Tracing interface. At the top, there are tabs for DNS Domains, Applications, Active Flows, and Completed Flows. Below these are sub-tabs for Discovered Domains and Monitored Domains. A search bar contains 'cdn' and shows 3 rows selected. A table lists discovered domains with columns for Update Time, Application, App Group, DNS Server, DNS Redirect, Resolved IP, DNS Transport, DNS Egress, TTL(sec), Request, and Monitor State. Three domains are listed: res-1.cdn.office.net, res.cdn.office.net, and amcdn.msftauth.net. A blue callout box on the left says 'Select flows to be traced'. A blue callout box at the bottom right says 'Select interested application domains to start/stop monitoring related flows.' and contains a 'Start Flow Monitor' button.

Update Time	Application	App Group	DNS Server	DNS Redirect	Resolved IP	DNS Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State
02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	104.85.0.113,2a02:26f0:fe00:4	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-	0	7	(V)never started
02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2a02:26f0:fe00:4b7::1e0f,2a02	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-	0	6	(V)never started
02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM C...	ms-services	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2620:1ec:46:67,2620:1ec:bdf	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD-	0	2	(V)never started

Confirm and start monitoring

Please confirm following domains will be monitored

Search

3 Rows Selected Total Rows: 3

Domain	Update Time	Application	App Group	Request	Monitor State
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> res-1.cdn.office.net	02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM CEST	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	7	(√)never started
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> res.cdn.office.net	02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM CEST	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	6	(√)never started
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> amcdn.msftauth.net	02 Sep 2022 10:02:34 AM CEST	ms-services	ms-cloud-group	2	(√)never started

[Close](#) [Confirm](#)

Confirm and start monitoring

Please confirm following domains

3 Rows Selected

- Domain
- res-1.cdn.office.net
- res.cdn.office.net
- amcdn.msftauth.net

Start Monitor

Trace id: 1008
Start Time: Fri Sep 02 2022 10:18:11 GMT+0200 (Central European Summer Time)
Domain Monitor State: update-initiated
===== Started Domain List =====
["res-1.cdn.office.net", "amcdn.msftauth.net", "res.cdn.office.net"]
===== Device List =====
Device IP: 172.16.255.12
Status: update-initiated
Message: Domain monitor start_initiated
=====

Close Confirm

Close

Select flows to be traced

Switch to monitored domains

The screenshot shows the Cisco Insight interface for DNS Domains. The 'Monitored Domains' tab is selected. A table lists domains with columns for Domain, Update Time, Application, App Group, DNS Server, DNS Redirect, Resolved IP, DNS Transport, DNS Egress, TTL(sec), Request, and Monitor State. The first domain, 'res.cdn.office.net', is expanded to show a detailed table of performance metrics.

Domain	Update Time	Application	App Group	DNS Server	DNS Redirect	Resolved IP	DNS Transport	DNS Egress	TTL(sec)	Request	Monitor State																														
res.cdn.office.net	02 Sep 2022 10:23:04 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-	2a02:26f0:fe00:4b7::1e0f:2a02	UDP	GigabitEthernet1 IPSEC - SD	0	6	running																														
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Egress Interface</th><th>Local Edge</th><th>Remote Edge</th><th>Local Color</th><th>Remote Color</th><th>App CND(ms)</th><th>App SND(ms)</th><th>HTTP Probe Response Time(ms)</th><th>HTTP Probe Loss(%)</th><th>Path Score</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>(C) GigabitEthernet3</td><td>cedge2</td><td>Internet</td><td>BIZ_INTERNET</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>83</td><td>0</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>(C) GigabitEthernet1</td><td>cedge2</td><td>Internet</td><td>MPLS</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>82</td><td>0</td><td>10</td></tr></tbody></table>												Egress Interface	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	App CND(ms)	App SND(ms)	HTTP Probe Response Time(ms)	HTTP Probe Loss(%)	Path Score	(C) GigabitEthernet3	cedge2	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET	N/A	N/A	N/A	83	0	10	(C) GigabitEthernet1	cedge2	Internet	MPLS	N/A	N/A	N/A	82	0	10
Egress Interface	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	App CND(ms)	App SND(ms)	HTTP Probe Response Time(ms)	HTTP Probe Loss(%)	Path Score																																
(C) GigabitEthernet3	cedge2	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET	N/A	N/A	N/A	83	0	10																																
(C) GigabitEthernet1	cedge2	Internet	MPLS	N/A	N/A	N/A	82	0	10																																
res-1.cdn.office.net	02 Sep 2022 10:23:04 AM C...	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	173.38.200.100	-																																				

Router is sending HTTP probes to destination in order to evaluate:

- Loss score %
- Path score

Switch to active flows or completed flow for further analysis

DNS Domains Applications **Active Flows** Completed Flows

Search by Domain, Application, Readout, etc. ⓘ * Readout Legend

Search

Start - Update Time	Flow Id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain
10:26:52 AM-10:27:22 AM	3	✓	192.168.12.220	40590	152.199.21.175	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	res.cdn.office...
10:27:10 AM-10:27:10 AM	7	✗	192.168.12.220	33790	104.85.0.113	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	r4.res.office36...
10:27:10 AM-10:27:10 AM	8	●	192.168.12.220	57174	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	res-1.cdn.offic...
10:27:10 AM-10:27:10 AM	9	●	192.168.12.220	34494	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	res-1.cdn.offic...
10:27:07 AM-10:27:07 AM	10	●	192.168.12.220	33806	104.85.0.113	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	res-1.cdn.offic...
10:27:10 AM-10:27:10 AM	11	●	192.168.12.220	51269	173.38.200.100	53	UDP(DNS)	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	res-1.cdn.offic...

INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS

Domain Trend Flow Trend **Upstream Feature** Downstream Feature Geography

Same functionality as "non dns based" tracing
Check readout per application / fqdn / destination IP
Check advanced view for further drill down

Switch to active flows or completed flow for further analysis

INSIGHT Selected trace: trace_1008 (Trace Id: 1008)

DNS Domains Applications Active Flows **Completed Flows** Selected Flow Id: 3 and Domain: res-1.cdn.office.net

Filter: None Search by Domain, Application, Readout, etc.

Overall 11 flows traced, 11 flows traced during Sep 2, 2022 10:26:52 AM to Sep 2, 2022 10:30:26 AM Total Rows: 11

Start - Update Time	Flow Id	Readout *	Source IP	Src Port	Destination IP	Dest Port	Protocol	DSCP Upstream/Downstream	Application	App Group	Domain	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)			
10:26:52 AM-10:30:43 AM	3	✓	192.168.12.220	40590	152.199.21.175	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	res.cdn.office.net(ts)	cedge2: 0/62			
Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	Local Drop(%)	Wan Loss(%)	Remote Drop(%)	Jitter(ms)	Latency(ms)	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Queue Id	QDepth Limit/Max/Min/Avg
Upstream	0	(Gi2) cedge2	cedge7	BIZ_INTERNET	BIZ_INTERNET	0.00	0.00	0.22	< 1	26	cedge2: 0/62	916	105381	2	64/0/0/0
Upstream	1	cedge7 (Gi3)	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	0.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	cedge7: 45/17	916	145685	N/A	N/A
Downstream	0	Internet	(Gi3)cedge7	N/A	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	765	662090	N/A	N/A
Downstream	1	cedge7	cedge2(Gi2)	BIZ_INTERNET	BIZ_INTERNET	0.00	1.70	0.00	< 1	24	N/A	752	681495	N/A	N/A
10:27:07 AM-10:27:31 AM	10	✓	192.168.12.220	33806	104.85.0.113	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-web-apps	ms-cloud-group	res-1.cdn.office.net(ts)	cedge2: 0/69			
10:27:10 AM-10:27:10 AM	7	✗	192.168.12.220	33790	104.85.0.113	443	TCP	DEFAULT + / DEFAULT +	ms-office-365	ms-cloud-group	r4.ms.office365.com(ts)	cedge2: 0/72			

In case of congestion – qdepth will be reported
Tool useful to monitor QOS performance

Workflows – validating a AAR policy

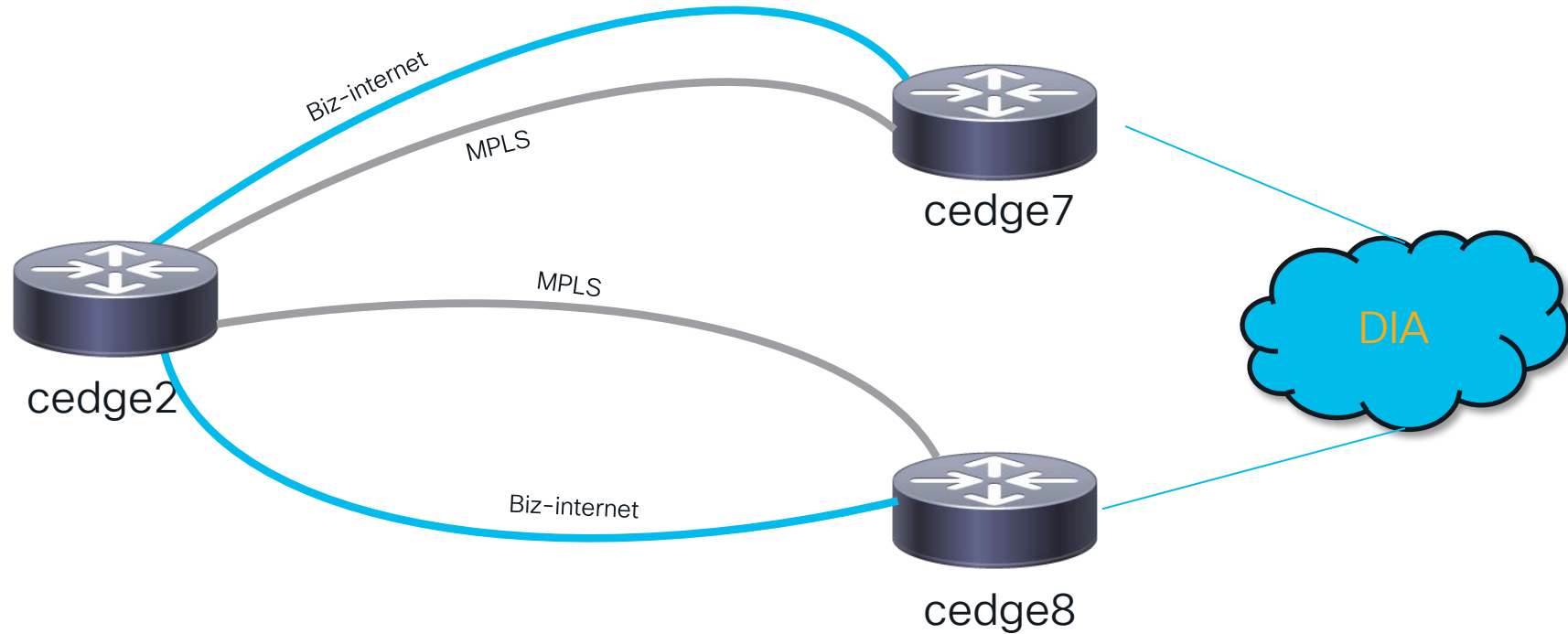
AAR policy

```
cedge2#show sdwan policy from-vsmart
from-vsmart sla-class TEST1
  loss 10
  latency 100
  jitter 10
from-vsmart app-route-policy _VPN_1_web-ssh-AAR
vpn-list VPN_1
  sequence 1
  match
  source-ip 0.0.0.0/0
  app-list SSH_policy
  action
  sla-class TEST1
  no sla-class strict
  sla-class preferred-color biz-internet
sequence 11
  match
  source-ip 0.0.0.0/0
  app-list Microsoft_Apps
  action
  sla-class TEST1
  no sla-class strict
  sla-class preferred-color mpls
sequence 21
  match
  source-ip 0.0.0.0/0
  app-list web_services
  action
  sla-class TEST1
  no sla-class strict
  sla-class preferred-color biz-internet
```

0365 apps should flow through MPLS until:

- drop is greater than 10 %
- Jitter greater than 10msec
- Latency greater than 100msec

Preparing the UCS lab - topology



Preparing the UCS lab

```
root@UCS-Olivier:/home/olpeleri# virsh domiflist cedge2
```

Interface	Type	Source	Model	MAC
vnet183	bridge	br0	virtio	52:54:00:56:9c:b3

<removed>

vnet185	bridge	WAN-CEDGE2	virtio	52:54:00:06:43:f8
----------------	---------------	-------------------	---------------	--------------------------

<removed>

```
root@UCS-Olivier:/home/olpeleri# virsh domiflist cedge7
```

Interface	Type	Source	Model	MAC
vnet207	bridge	br0	virtio	52:54:00:d6:37:d4

<removed>

vnet209	bridge	WAN-CEDGE7	virtio	52:54:00:e4:fa:df
----------------	---------------	-------------------	---------------	--------------------------

<removed>

```
root@UCS-Olivier:/home/olpeleri# virsh domiflist cedge8
```

Interface	Type	Source	Model	MAC
vnet212	bridge	br0	virtio	52:54:00:27:95:89

<removed>

vnet214	bridge	WAN-CEDGE8	virtio	52:54:00:74:f0:9c
----------------	---------------	-------------------	---------------	--------------------------

<removed>

MPLS link

Internet link

MPLS link

Internet link

MPLS link

Internet link

Some words about netem

<https://wiki.linuxfoundation.org/networking/netem>

Amazing network emulation tool to recreate real life network problems.

netem

netem provides [Network Emulation](#) functionality for testing protocols by emulating the properties of wide area networks. The current version emulates variable delay, loss, duplication and re-ordering.

If you run a current 2.6 distribution, ([Fedora](#), [OpenSuse](#), [Gentoo](#), [Debian](#), [Mandriva](#), [Ubuntu](#)), then netem is already enabled in the kernel and a current version of [iproute2](#) is included. The netem kernel component is enabled under:

```
Networking -->
Networking Options -->
  QoS and/or fair queuing -->
    Network emulator
```

Netem is controlled by the command line tool 'tc' which is part of the [iproute2](#) package of tools. The tc command uses shared libraries and data files in the `/usr/lib/tc` directory.

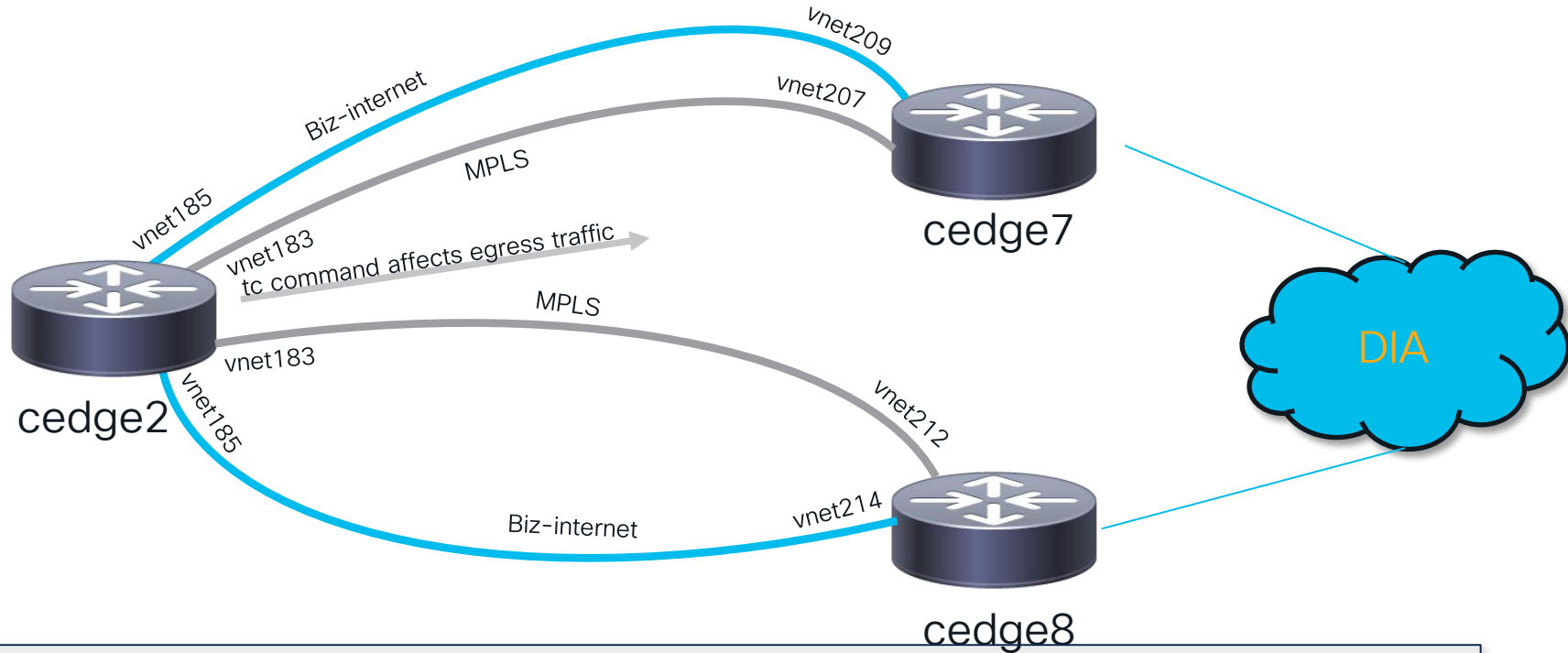
Contents

- 1 Examples
 - 1.1 Emulating wide area network delays
 - 1.2 Delay distribution
 - 1.3 Packet loss
 - 1.3.1 Caveats
 - 1.4 Packet duplication
 - 1.5 Packet corruption
 - 1.6 Packet re-ordering
 - 1.6.1 Caveats
 - 1.7 Rate control
 - 1.8 Non FIFO queuing
 - 1.9 Delaying only some traffic

Table of Contents

- * netem
- * Contents
- * Examples
 - * Emulating wide area network delays
 - * Delay distribution
 - * Packet loss
 - * Packet duplication
 - * Packet corruption
 - * Packet re-ordering
 - * Rate control
 - * Combining netem with other qdiscs
 - * Non FIFO queuing
 - * Delaying only some traffic
- * FAQ
 - * How come first ping takes longer?
 - * How come TCP is so slow over netem?
 - * How can I use netem on incoming traffic?
 - * How to reorder packets based on jitter?
 - * How does the value of HZ impact Netem?
- * Links
- * Contact Info

Some words about netem (cont) -



```
root@UCS-Olivier:/home/olpeleri# tc qdisc replace dev vnet183 root netem delay 30msec 10msec drop 0%
```

Interface name

Delay and jitter in msec

Drop rate in %

Preparing the crime scene

Internet delay to 30 msec in each direction [60msec total delay] – 2msec delay in each direction

```
tc qdisc replace dev vnet185 root netem delay 30msec 2msec drop 0%
tc qdisc replace dev vnet209 root netem delay 30msec 2msec drop 0%
tc qdisc replace dev vnet214 root netem delay 30msec 2msec drop 0%
```

mpls delay to 20 msec in each direction [40msec total delay] – 5msec delay in each direction

```
tc qdisc replace dev vnet183 root netem delay 20msec 2msec drop 0%
tc qdisc replace dev vnet207 root netem delay 20msec 2msec drop 0%
tc qdisc replace dev vnet212 root netem delay 20msec 2msec drop 0%
```

Run NWPI – everything seems normal

Increasing MPLS delay WAY above 100msec

```
tc qdisc replace dev vnet183 root netem delay 110msec 2msec drop 0%  
tc qdisc replace dev vnet207 root netem delay 110msec 2msec drop 0%  
tc qdisc replace dev vnet212 root netem delay 110msec 2msec drop 0%
```

Looking at NWPI

The screenshot displays a flow record in the NetFlow Analyzer interface. The flow is identified by ID 15, starting at 1:59:31 PM on 2-19-58. It originates from source IP 192.168.12.220 on port 42972 and is destined for IP 52.97.250.226 on port 443 via TCP. The application is identified as 'ms-office-365' and belongs to the 'ms-cloud-group' domain 'outlook.office.com(tls)'. The flow is associated with the 'cedge2' interface, with a readout status of 'OK'.

Direction	HopIndex	Local Edge	Remote Edge	Local Color	Remote Color	Local Drop(%)	Wan Loss(%)	Remote Drop(%)	Jitter(ms)	Latency(ms)	ART CND(ms)/SND(ms)	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Queue Id	QDepth Limit/Max/Min/Avg
Upstream	0	(G)2 cedge2	cedge7	BIZ_INTERNET	BIZ_INTERNET	0.00	N/A	0.00	< 1	34	cedge2: 0/168	356	80129	2	64/0/0/0
Upstream	1	cedge7 (G)3	Internet	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	cedge7: 134/46	158	56181	N/A	N/A
Downstream	0	Internet	(G)3/cedge7	N/A	BIZ_INTERNET (NAT_DIA)	N/A	N/A	0.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	160	45519	N/A	N/A
Downstream	1	cedge7	cedge2(G)2	BIZ_INTERNET	BIZ_INTERNET	0.00	N/A	0.00	< 1	26	N/A	460	323351	N/A	N/A

The 'INSIGHT - ADVANCED VIEWS' section shows the 'Upstream Feature' tab selected. It displays a tree view of network features. A red box highlights the 'SDWAN App Route Policy' under the 'SDWAN ACL IN' feature. The details for this policy are shown below:

```
SDWAN App Route Policy -- View Policy --
-----
VRF ID      : 1
VRF        : 1
Policy Name : _PWR_1_m... (1642)
Seq        : 13
Req SLA    : TEST1 (1)
Act SLA    : TEST1 (1)
Policy Flgs : Bc2
Fallback to best Path : no
SLA Strict  : 1 No
Actual Color : biz-Internet (4)
Preferred Color : spb1 (Red)
Tunnel Match Reason : MATCHED_SLA_AND_COLOR_BY_BICAP
-----
SDWAN Forwarding
```

Two callout boxes provide additional context:

- Matching seq 11 from AAR policy**: Points to the 'Seq' field in the policy details.
- Policy in red - We fallback [loadbalance because the SLA is not met].**: Points to the 'Preferred Color' field in the policy details.

NWPI over releases

17.4.1 (Phase I)

- Network wide bidirectional application
 - flow visibility, inclunetwork path,
 - network metrics (loss, latency, jitter), and SD-WAN policy
 - enforcement details in an on-demand manner

17.6.1 (Phase II)

Local & WAN drop
TCP Reset
NAT Translated
Network Path Changed
DPI First Packet Classification failed
SLA Violated
QoS Congested
DNS domain discovery for APP / SAAS troubleshooting

17.9.1 (Phase III)

Enhancing Phase II
Monitoring over time

Multi-dimensional Insight Summary of aggregation dashboard and readout

“Overview” , “QoS insight” “App Performance Insight”, “Event Insight” .

Application flow’s domain visibility (w/o DNS Discovery)

Flow level readout of “Path Insight”

Use cases

Poor application performance

Cloud-on Ramp
SAAS validation

Provider performance problems

[any] Policy validation

Cloud on-Ramp
SAAS troubleshooting

DIA troubleshooting

Learning SDWAN forwarding

Problem isolation

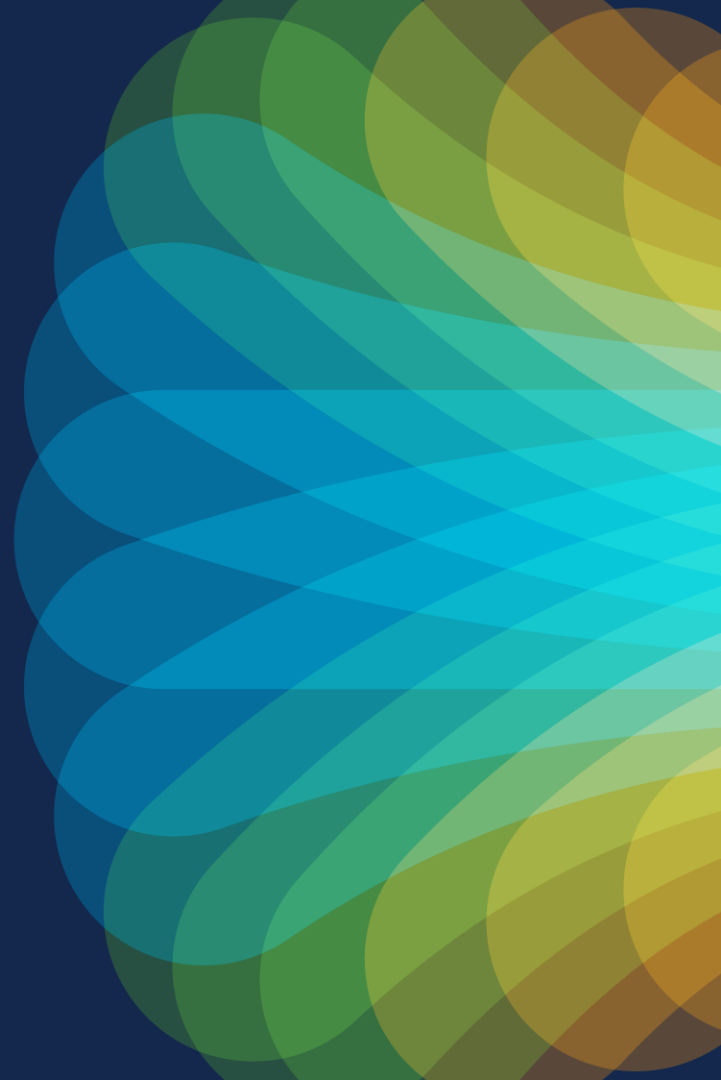
[any] overlay/underlay dataplane

Thousand Eyes versus NWPI

<u>Thousand Eyes</u>	<u>NWPI</u>
Probe based	Real™ traffic traced
Network wide visibility based on agents /tests distributed on each sides	Network transitive condition applied initially on a single site ID
No packet processing visibility	packet processing visibility

Thousand Eyes and NWPI are complementary:
Thousand eyes gives a network-wide overview
NWPI is the magnifying glass that explains drops for a particular set of flows

Platform Resource Monitoring and Troubleshooting



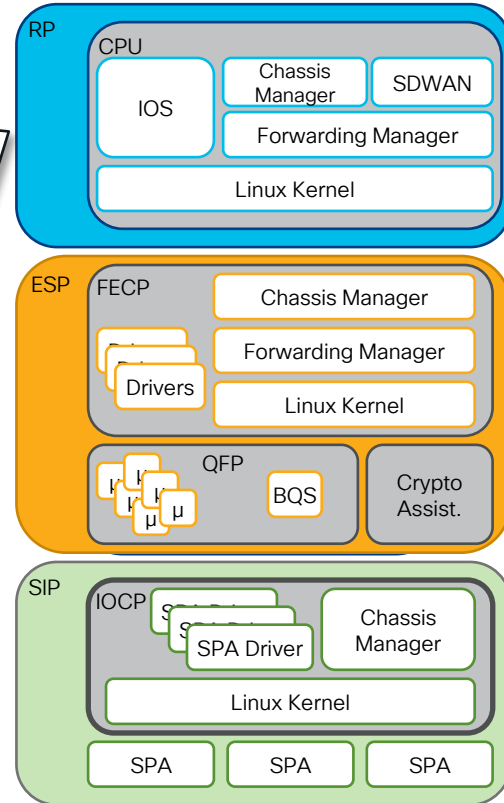
Resources: simplified view

```
cat8000v#show platform resources
```

```
**State Acronym: H - Healthy, W - Warning, C - Critical
```

Resource	Usage	Max	Warning	Critical	State

RP0 (ok, active)					H
Control Processor	27.44%	100%	80%	90%	H
DRAM	4122MB (52%)	7897MB	88%	93%	H
ESP0 (ok, active)					H
QFP					H
DRAM	188960KB (36%)	524288KB	85%	95%	H
IRAM	207KB (10%)	2048KB	85%	95%	H
CPU Utilization	1.00%	100%	90%	95%	H
B4Q Pool 124	5KB (0%)	1587KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 128	2KB (0%)	1966KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 256	8KB (0%)	3932KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 512	15KB (0%)	5767KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 1024	43KB (0%)	8155KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 1536	54KB (0%)	9678KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 2048	58KB (0%)	8634KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 4096	128KB (1%)	8260KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 10240	230KB (3%)	6470KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q Pool 16384	0KB (0%)	1296KB	75%	85%	H
B4Q PMD	8553KB (3%)	236544KB	75%	85%	H



Interpret QFP Usage with QFP profiling (new in 17.11)

```
cedge2#debug platform condition both
cedge2#debug platform packet-trace packet 8192 data-size 4096 fia-trace
cedge2#debug platform condition start
```

Sorted by average utilization

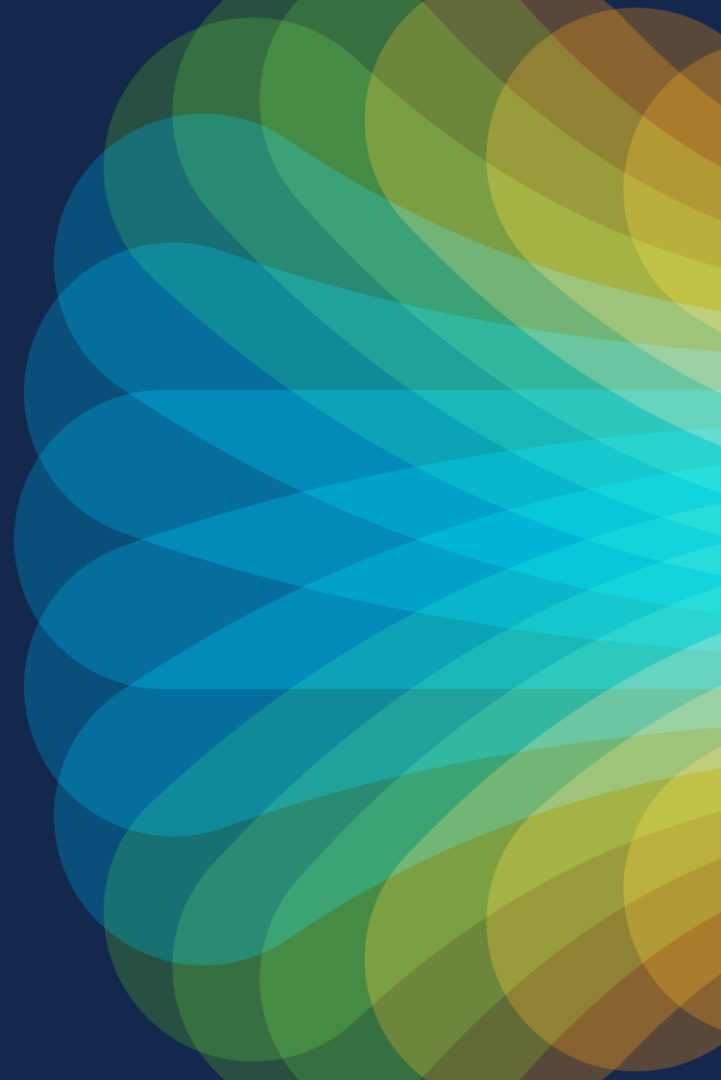
```
cedge2#show platform packet-trace fia-statistics
Feature                               Count   Min (ns)   Max (ns)   Avg (ns)
-----
IPV4_OUTPUT_STILE_SDWAN_LAN_EXT       1       11828      11828      11828
IPV4_INPUT_IPSEC_INLINE_PROCESS       4546    1407       89575      4480
MARMOT_SPA_D_TRANSMIT_PKT_EXT         8       1232       9387       4028
SDWAN_POLICY_FIA                      8123    70         45532      3949
SDWAN_BFD_TX_FEATURE                  7       2671       5993       3673
INTERNAL_TRANSMIT_PKT_EXT             41      900        17700      3484
IPV4_INPUT_STILE_LEGACY               8123    841        187112     3073
IPV4_OUTPUT_QOS_EXT                   7       755        4928       2923
IPV4_OUTPUT_IPSEC_INLINE_PROCESS      3595    862        35475      2170
BFD_SDWAN_CALL_QOS_TX_FIA            7       61         13914      2120
SDWAN_ACL_IN                          3590    513        27001      1966
INPUT_FNF_DROP                        8       356        7261       1803
LAYER2_INPUT_LOOKUP_PROCESS_EXT       1       1569       1569       1569
...
```

Relative QFP consumption by individual features

Demo



Wrapping up...



New Debugging Strategy



IOS Control Plane

- show interface, show ip route, show bgp ...
- Feature debugging

Platform Control Plane

- Unified show commands
- Platform show commands
- Future: control plane conditional debugging

Data Plane

- Packet Tracer
- Forwarding plane conditional debugging
- Embedded Packet Capture

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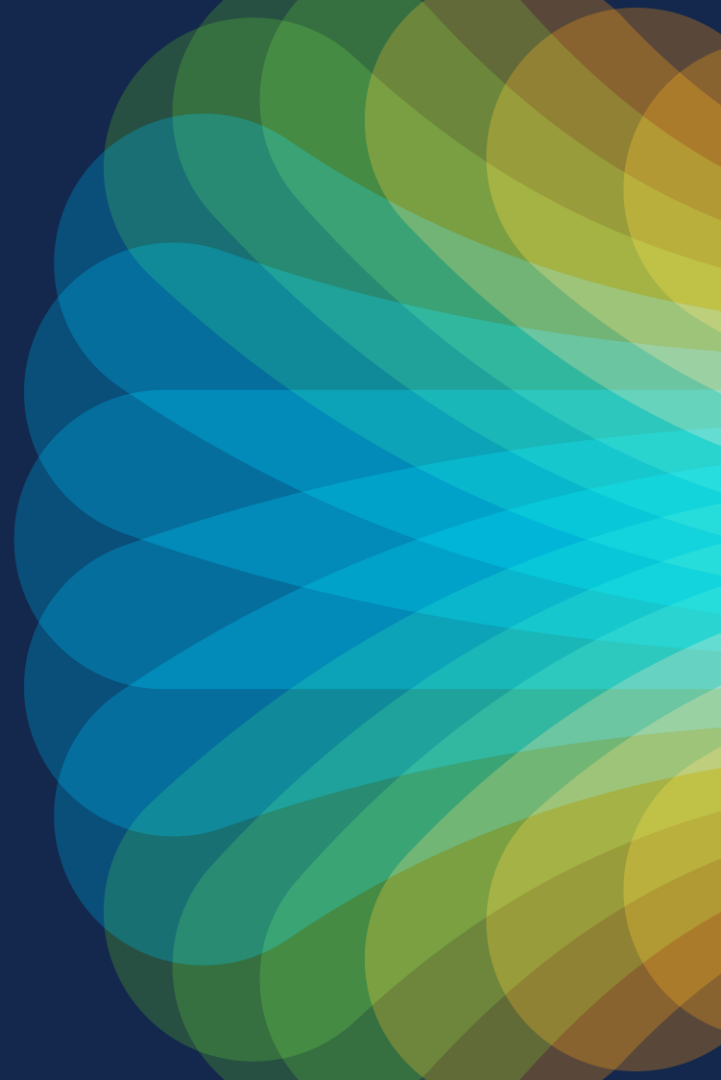


The bridge to possible

Thank you

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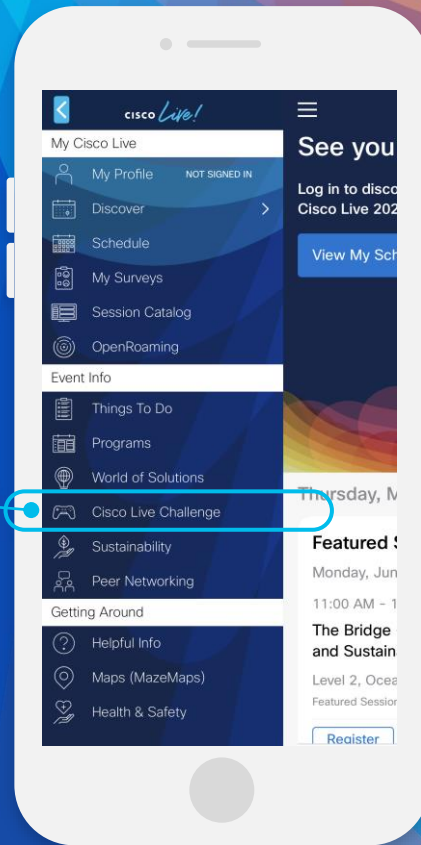
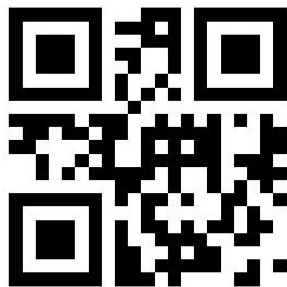


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The background features a vibrant, multi-colored abstract design. On the left, there are overlapping, wavy bands of color in shades of red, orange, yellow, and green. On the right, a bright white light source radiates outwards, creating a starburst effect with rays of light in various colors including blue, cyan, and yellow. The overall composition is dynamic and energetic.

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