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IT
UP
#CiscoLive

The bridge to possible

Deploy and manage securely in AWS your 3 tiers App in 45 mins

Fabien Gandola – TSA Cyber Security for EMEA

BRKSEC-1041

What to expect and not to expect ?

- No deep dive AWS
- No deep dive Security
- No all scenarios (no EKS or lambda)
- Visibility and advanced session in BRKSEC-3008 and BRKSEC-2044

- Introduction to key concepts of AWS
- Questions related to security to deploy an application in AWS
- Some cisco security services useful

Agenda

- Security Challenges in public cloud
- Use case of today
- What type of service and architecture to deploy my application ?
- How do I perform access control and Segmentation ?
- How do I insert NGFW ?
- What about Remote Access ?
- Some extra steps
- Conclusion

About me...

Fabien Gandola – fgandola@cisco.com

TSA Cyber Security EMEAR

21 years in Cisco

TAG leader of Cloud Native Security and Application Security

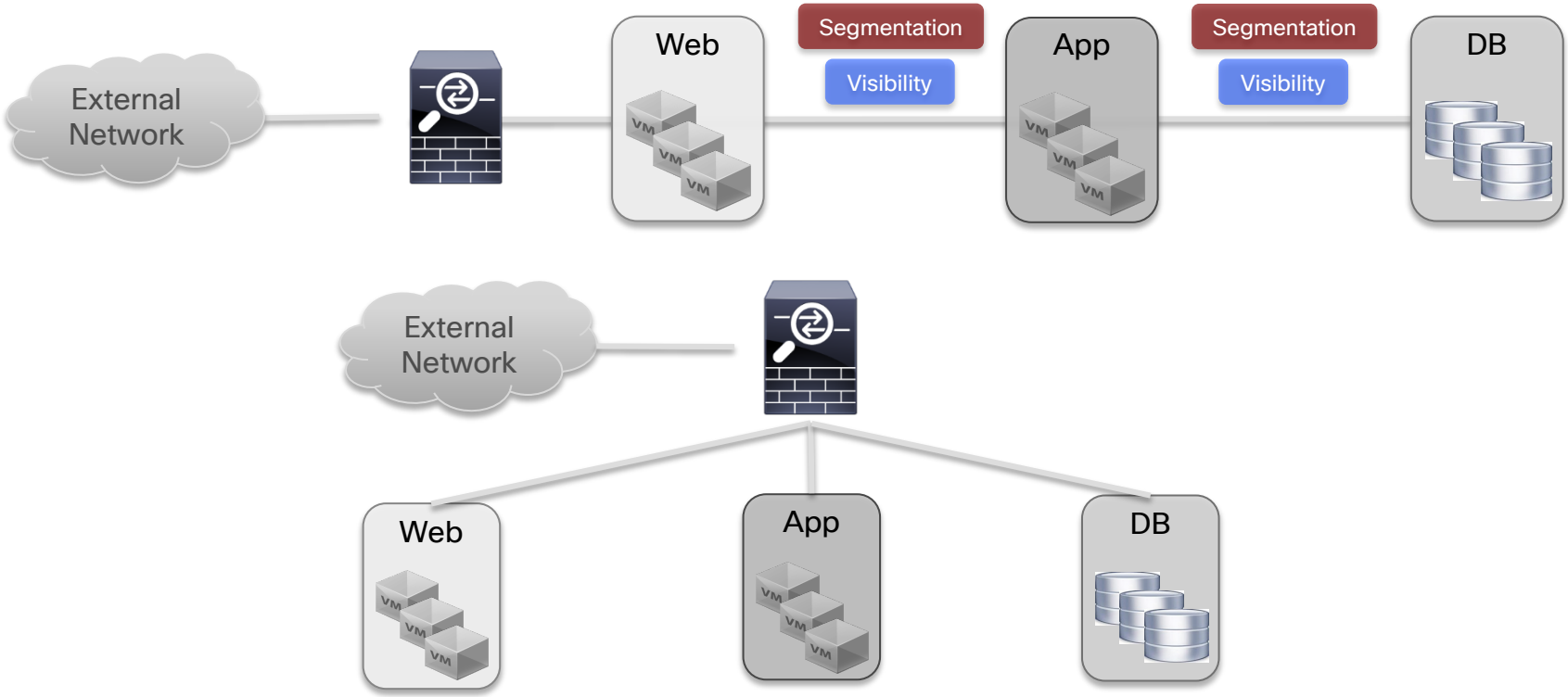
The Use Cases

- Enterprise with on prem DC launching a new service
- New company

The application

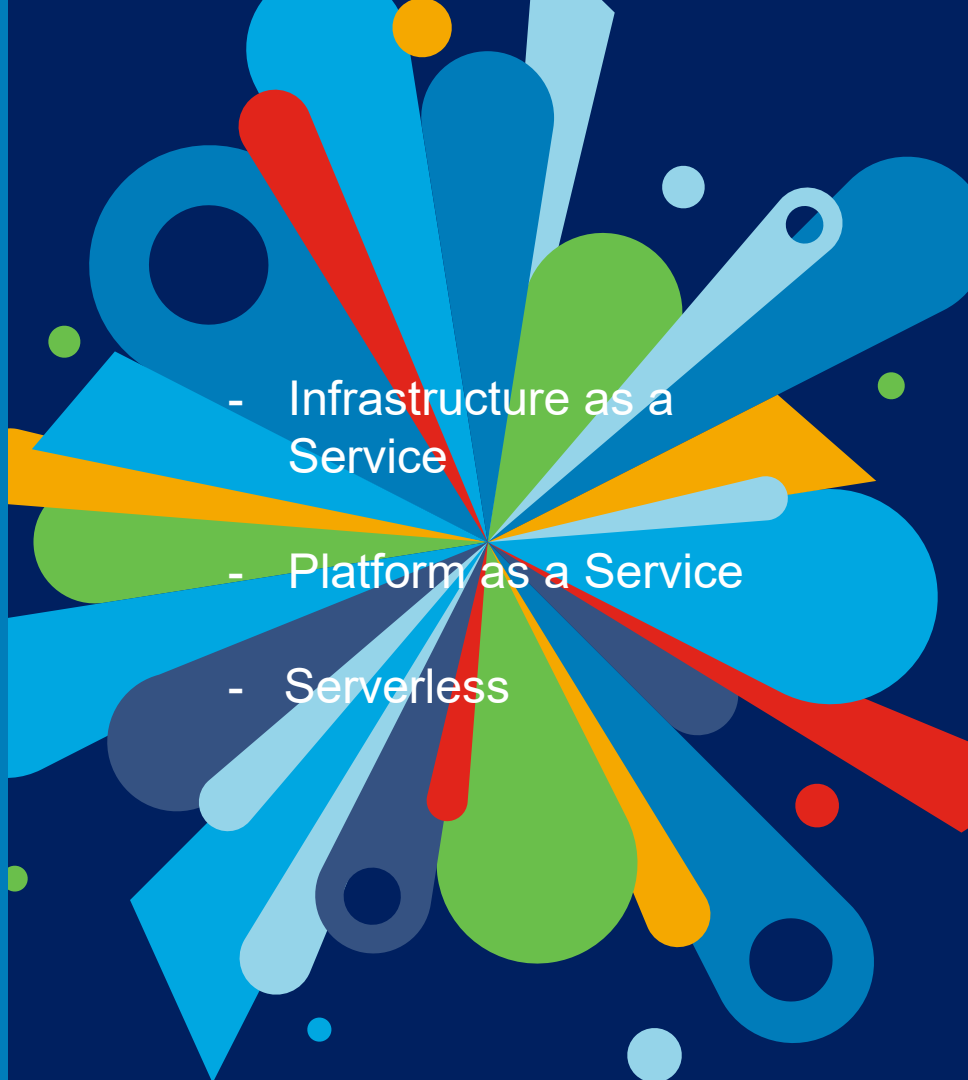
- FabAstro (store images)
  - Public can access images
  - Users can add their images
  - Admin manage the app
- 3 tiers:
  - Static Web page
  - Dynamic part with web + php and business logic
  - Database with mysql

What an application looks like in a traditional on-prem DC

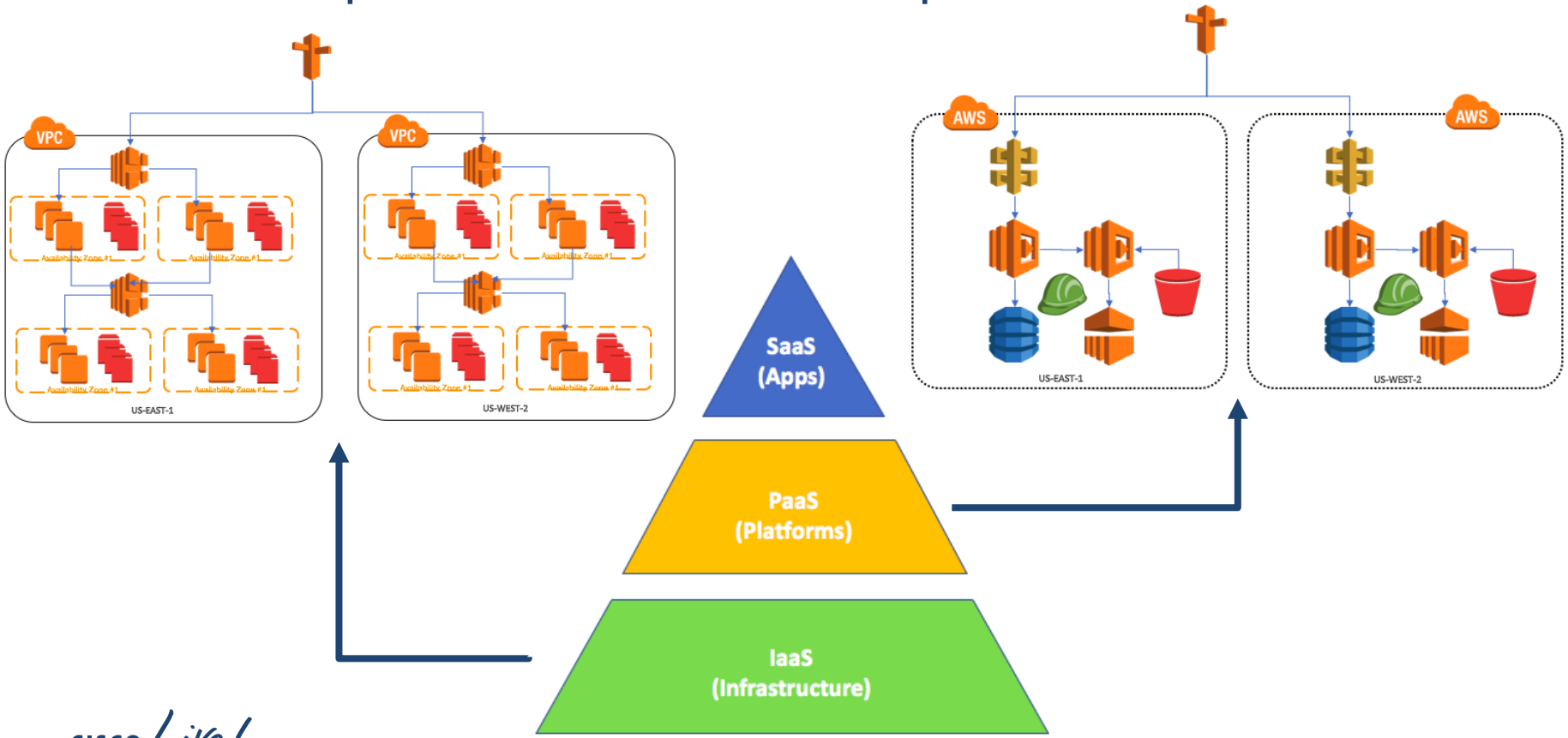


What type of service and architecture to deploy my application ?

What type of service and architecture to deploy my application ?



IaaS compared to PaaS Compared to SaaS

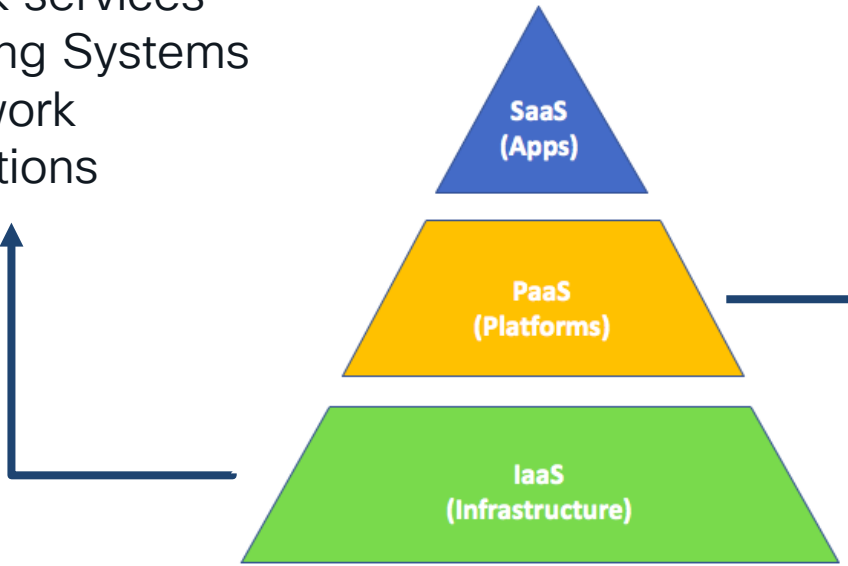


IaaS compared to PaaS Compared to SaaS

Manage :
- Nothing

Manage :
- Network services
- Operating Systems
- Framework
- Applications

Manage :
- Network limited
- Applications



What do all the XaaS options mean?

SaaS (Software as a Service)	FaaS (Functions as a Service)	PaaS (Platform as a Service)	CaaS (Container as a Service)	IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service)	On-Prem (private cloud)
Functions	Functions	Functions	Functions	Functions	Functions
Applications	Applications	Applications	Applications	Applications	Applications
Runtime	Runtime	Runtime	Runtime	Runtime	Runtime
Middleware or Containers	Middleware or Containers	Middleware or Containers	Middleware or Containers	Middleware or Containers	Middleware or Containers
Operating System	Operating System	Operating System	Operating System	Operating System	Operating System
Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization
Servers	Servers	Servers	Servers	Servers	Servers
Storage	Storage	Storage	Storage	Storage	Storage
Networking	Networking	Networking	Networking	Networking	Networking

Cloud Service Provider Responsible

Customer Responsible

Customer and Cloud Service Provider have Shared Responsibility

AWS Security Solutions

Identity

- AWS Identity & Access Management (IAM)
- AWS Organizations
- AWS Cognito
- AWS Directory Service
- AWS Single Sign-On

Detective control

- AWS Security Hub
- AWS CloudTrail
- AWS Config
- Amazon CloudWatch
- Amazon GuardDuty
- VPC Flow Logs

Infrastructure security

- AWS Control Tower
- Amazon EC2 Systems Manager
- AWS Shield
- AWS Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- Amazon Inspector
- Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

Data protection

- AWS Key Management Service (KMS)
- AWS CloudHSM
- Amazon Macie
- Certificate Manager
- Server Side Encryption

Incident response

- AWS Config Rules
- AWS Lambda

Securing the Cloud

FabAstro Application in AWS

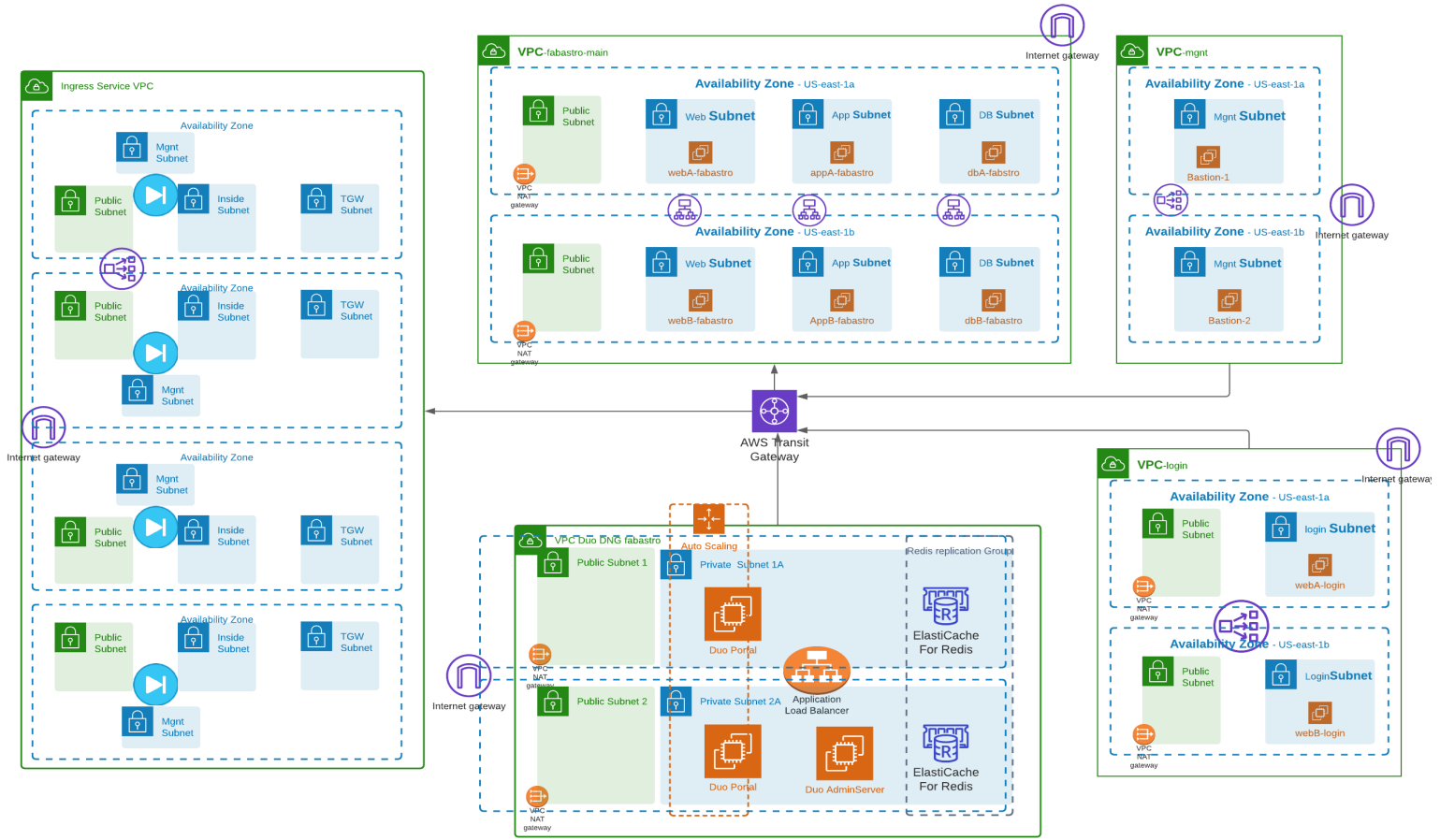
Amazon S3

AWS Route 53

AWS Certificate Manager

AWS CloudFormation

AWS IAM



First Step in AWS... IAM, EC2 and VPC

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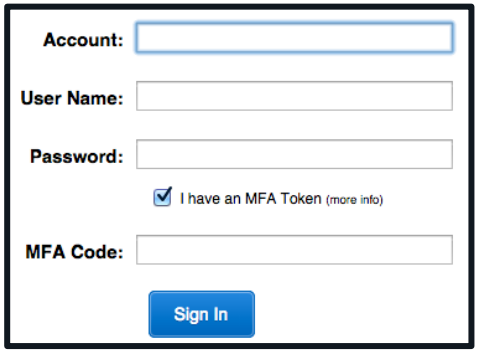
AWS Identity Authentication

AWS Management Console

Login with **Username/Password** with optional **MFA** (Cisco Secure Access)



For time-limited access: **a Signed URL can** provide temporary access to the Console

API access

Access API using **Access Key + Secret Key**, with optional MFA

ACCESS KEY ID

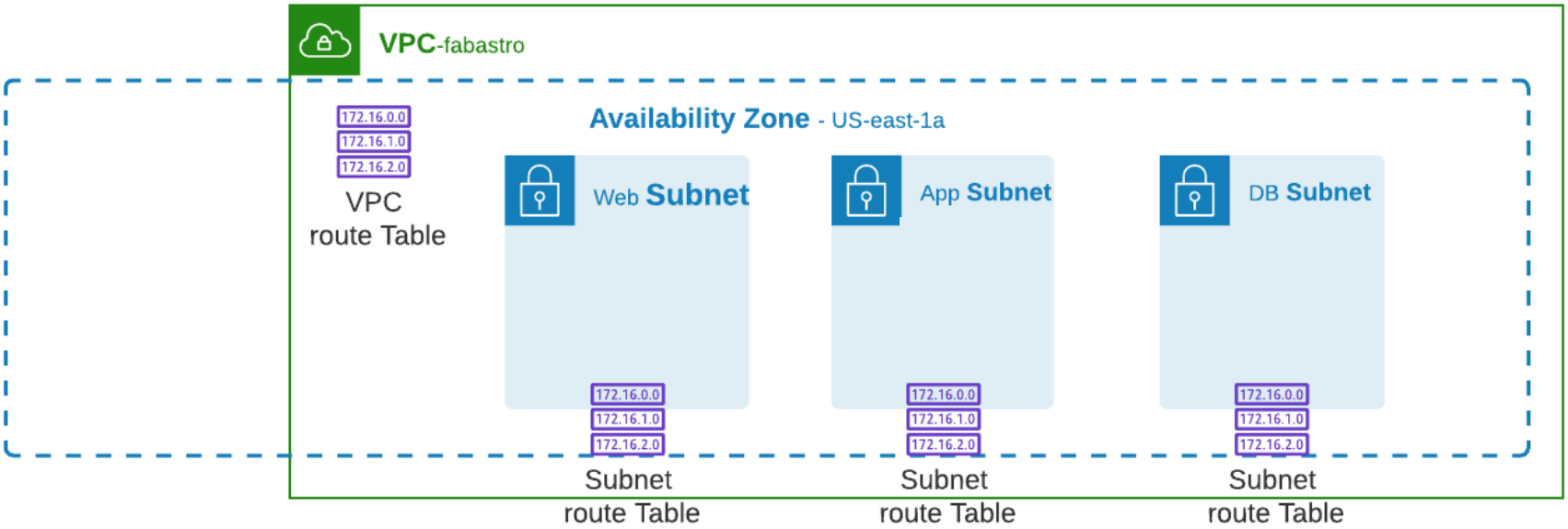
Ex: `AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE`

SECRET KEY

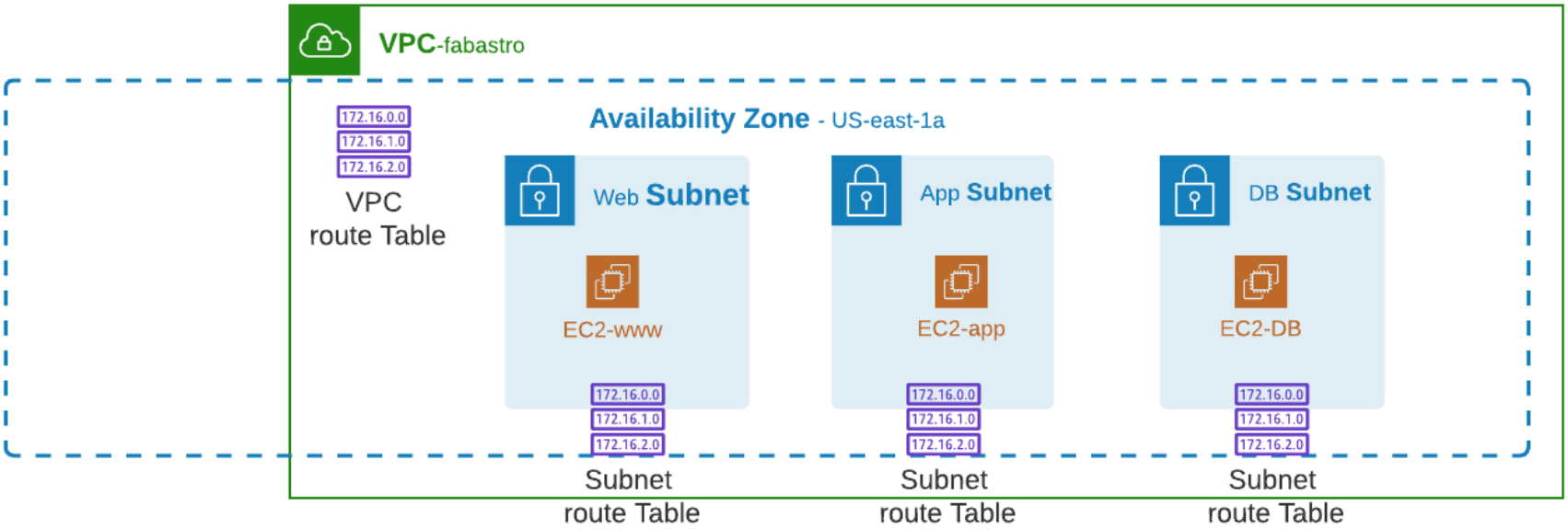
Ex: `UtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY`

For time-limited access: Call the AWS Security Token Service (STS) to get a temporary AccessKey + SecretKey + session token

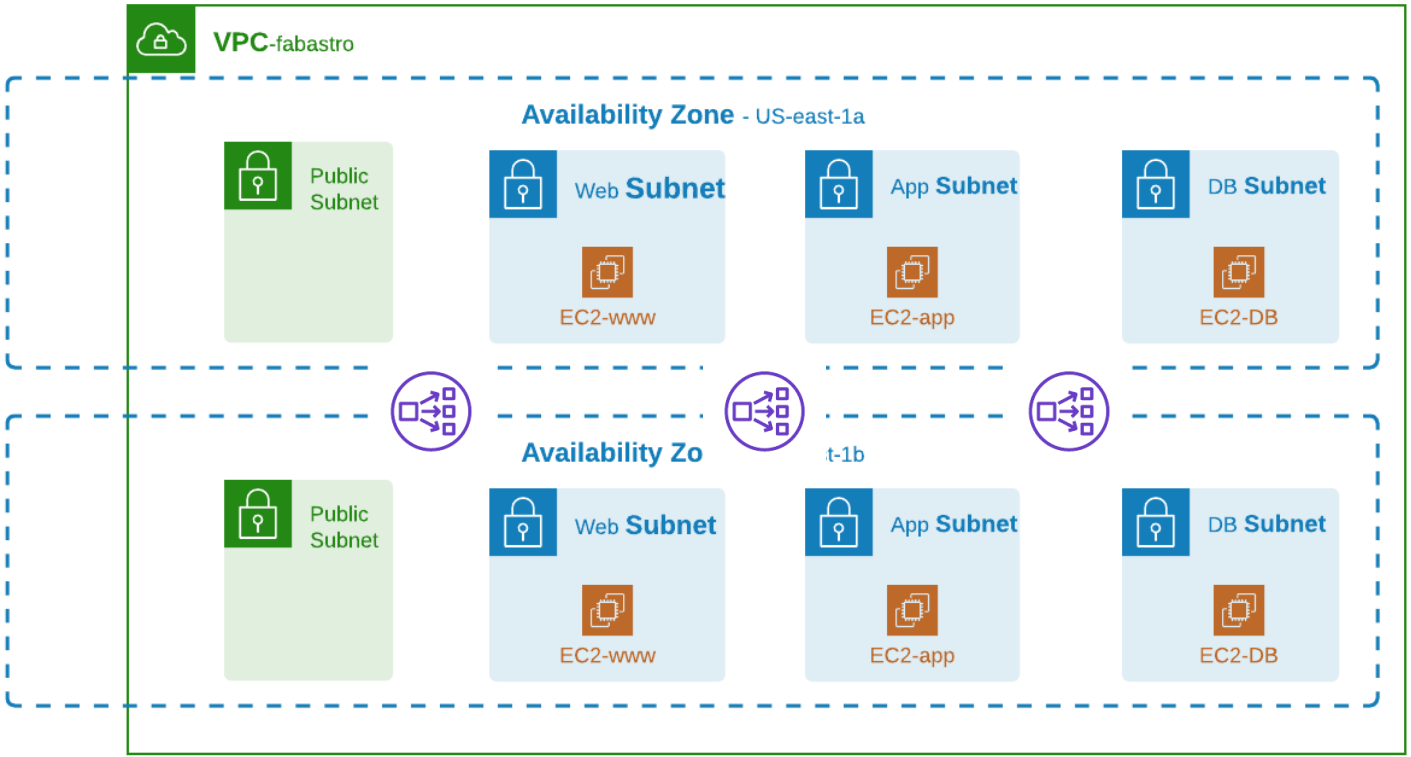
My VRF… VPC sort of (actually Route Tables)



In AWS IaaS… my workloads = Instances



HA with multiple AZ and LB



Quick demo

- EC2
- VRF
- S3
- IAM
- Cloudformation

How do I perform access control and Segmentation ?

How do I perform access control and Segmentation ?

But first : WHY access control ?

Stealthwatch Cloud has discovered 1 new or updated alert on your network since our last email to you. We have included the

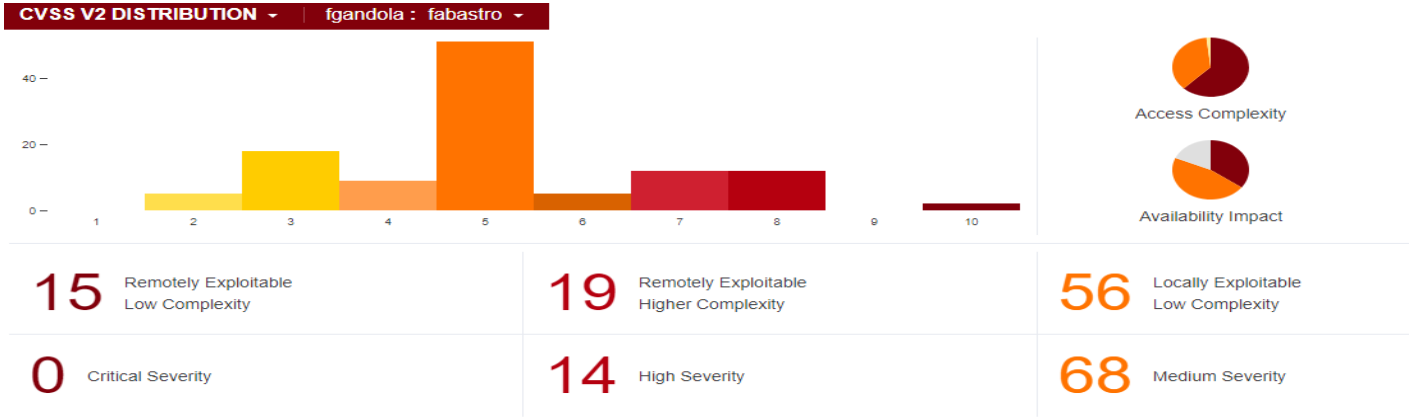
Alert	Source	Time	Description
Inbound Port Scanner	Network	Nov. 27, 2020, 10:19 a.m.	Device was port scanned by an external device. T

Alert	Source	Time	Description
Excessive Access Attempts (External)	Bastion_Host_1 (i-0f5c16650ace2e7ac)	Nov. 27, 2020, 7 a.m.	Device has many failed access attempts from an external device. For e The alert uses the Multiple Access Failures observation and may indica
Excessive Access Attempts (External)	virtualmachines/jumphost	Nov. 27, 2020, 7 a.m.	Device has many failed access attempts from an external device. For e The alert uses the Multiple Access Failures observation and may indica
Excessive Access Attempts (External)	virtualmachines/jumpbox	Nov. 27, 2020, 7 a.m.	Device has many failed access attempts from an external device. For e The alert uses the Multiple Access Failures observation and may indica

Alert	Source	Time	Description
Persistent Remote Control Connections	bastion1	Nov. 26, 2020, 11:59 p.m.	Device is receiving persistent connections from a new host observations and may indicate that a firewall rule or ACL is

--

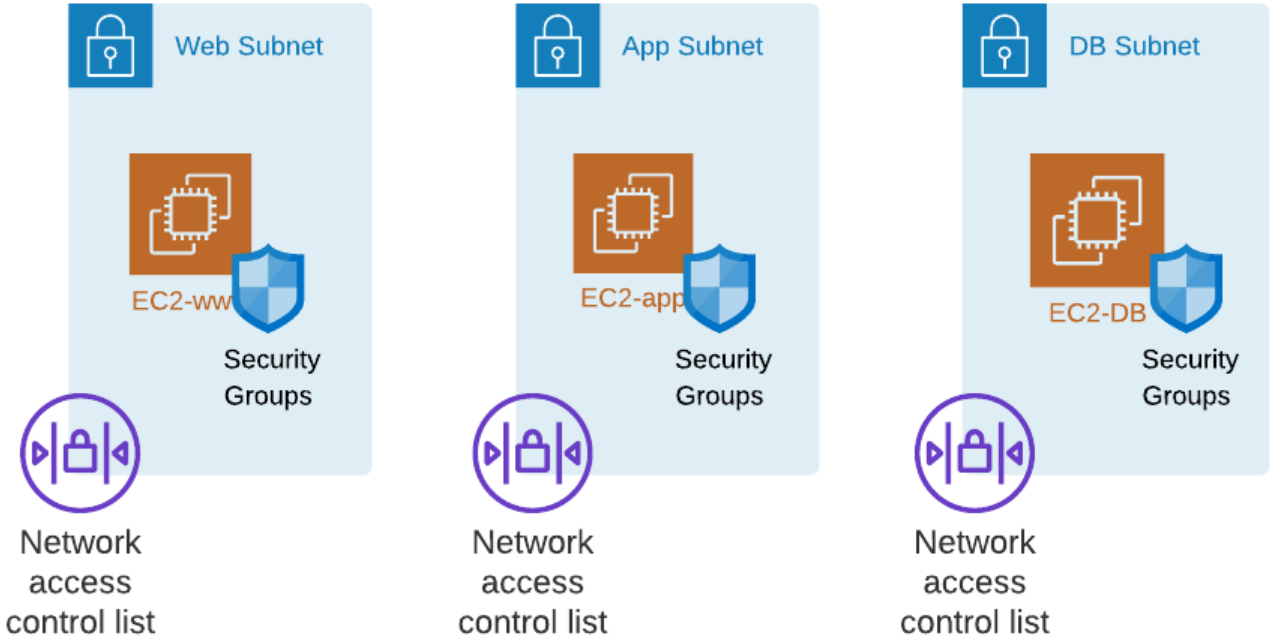
Tetration Vulnerability Assessment



CVE	Score (V2)	Score (V3)	Severity (V2)	Base Severity (V3)	Access Vector (V2)	Access Complexity (V2)
CVE-2019-13638	9.3	7.8	HIGH	HIGH	NETWORK	MEDIUM
CVE-2018-20969	9.3	7.8	HIGH	HIGH	NETWORK	MEDIUM
CVE-2020-25643	7.5	7.2	HIGH	HIGH	NETWORK	MEDIUM
CVE-2020-10878	7.5	8.6	HIGH	HIGH	NETWORK	LOW
CVE-2020-12464	7.2	6.7	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOCAL	LOW
CVE-2020-12465	7.2	6.7	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOCAL	LOW

AWS Segmentation solutions

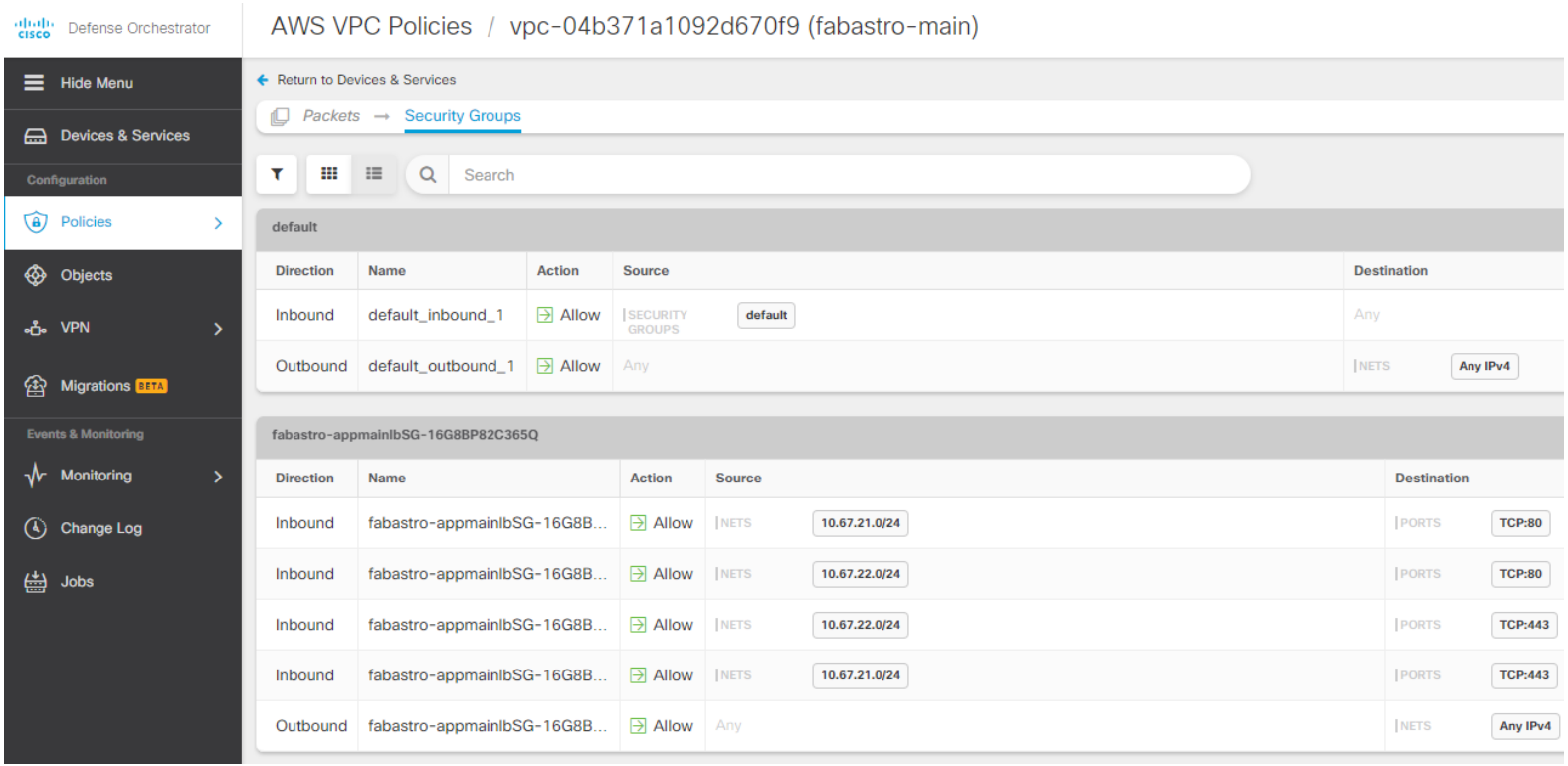
Security Groups and Network Access list



Network ACL and Security Groups

	 Network ACLs	 Security Groups
Scope	All the instances of a subnet	The instance it is attached
State	Stateless	Stateful
Rules action	Allow/Deny	Allow
Rule Process Order	Order matters. First match applied	All rules evaluated before decision
Occurence	Only 1 per Subnet	Multiple per Instance

Security Groups in CDO



Quick demo

- Network ACL
- Use security group

How do we address this with Secure Workload?

Contain lateral movement

Microsegmentation

Continuously track security compliance

Policy compliance

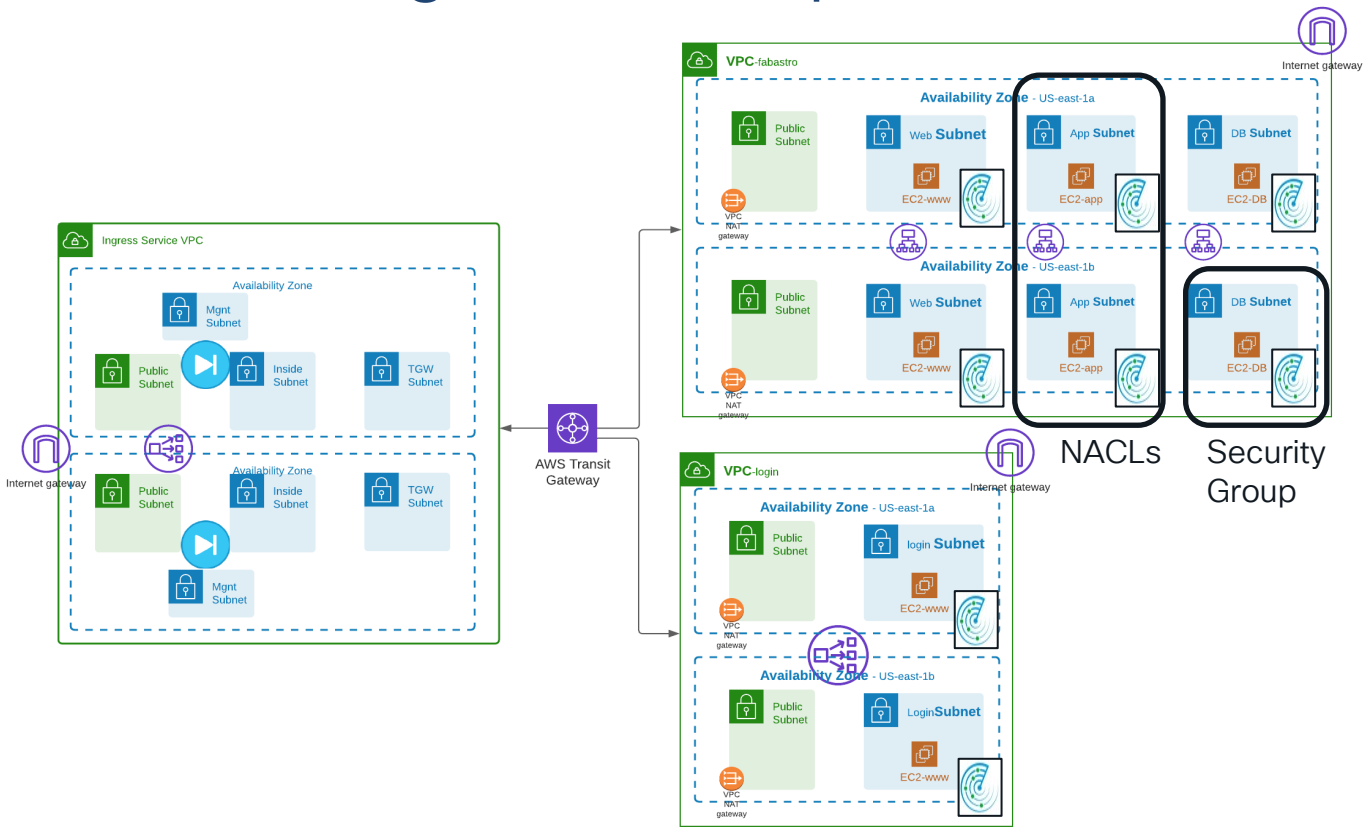
Identify behavior anomalies

Process and communication

Reduce attack surface

Software vulnerability

Another segmentation point?



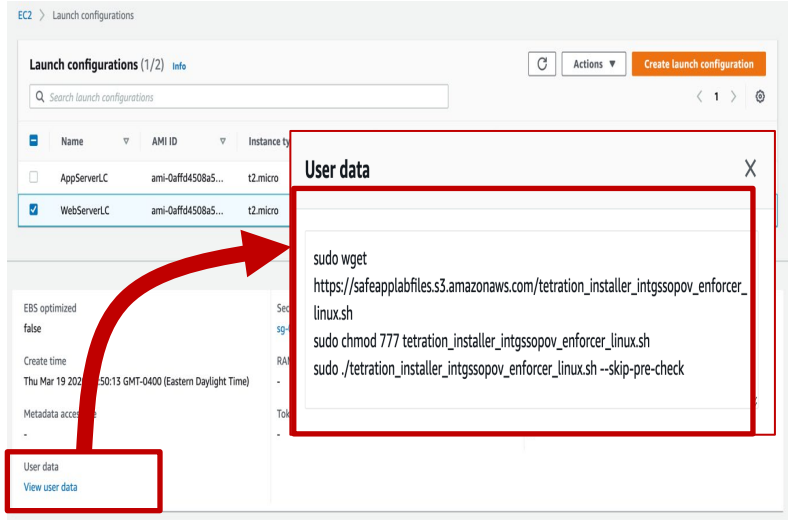
Micro-segmentation

Dynamic segmentation

Application discovery

No scaling issues

Deploy Enforcement Agent using AWS Launch Config or CloudFormation




```
webbfabastroinstance:
  Type: AWS::EC2::Instance
  DependsOn: NATgw4mainb
  Properties:
    KeyName: aws-Nvirginia-ec2
    ImageId: ami-0885b1f6bd170450c
    InstanceType: t2.micro
    IamInstanceProfile: fabastro_S3access
    SecurityGroupIds:
      - !GetAtt webSecurityGroup.GroupId
    SubnetId: !Ref webfabastroAZb
    UserData:
     Fn::Base64: !Sub |
      #!/bin/bash -ex
      sudo apt update -y
      sudo apt install awscli -y
      sudo apt install apache2  -y
      sudo systemctl enable apache2.service
      sudo systemctl start apache2.service
      sudo apt-get install curl -y
      sudo apt install net-tools
      sudo aws s3 cp s3://fabastro-init/www/index.html /var/www/html
      sudo mkdir /var/www/html/images
      sudo aws s3 cp s3://fabastro-init/www/team_ciel_austral_cropped.png /var/www/html/images
      sudo aws s3 cp s3://fabastro-init/www/landscape_milkyway_cropped.png /var/www/html/images
      sudo aws s3 cp s3://fabastro-init/www/fabastro-diapo.html /var/www/html/images
      sudo aws s3 cp s3://fabastro-init/tetration_installer_fgandola_enforcer_linux_tet-pov-rtp1.sh .
      sudo chmod u+x tetration_installer_fgandola_enforcer_linux_tet-pov-rtp1.sh
      sudo apt install unzip -y
      sudo apt install ipset -y
      sudo apt install rpm -y
      sudo hostnamectl set-hostname webB-fabastro
      sudo hostnamectl
      sudo ./tetration_installer_fgandola_enforcer_linux_tet-pov-rtp1.sh
```

How do I insert NGFW ?

AWS FW

High availability and automated scaling

Stateful firewall

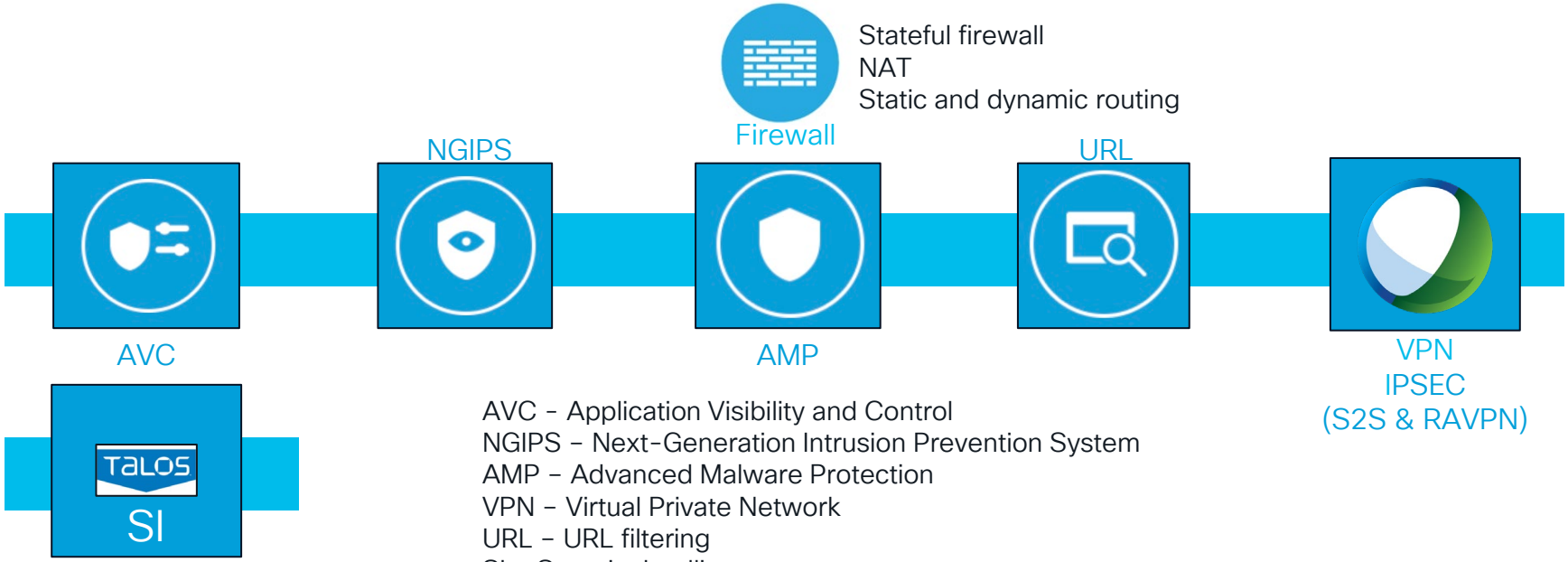
Web filtering

Intrusion prevention

Alert and flow logs

Central management and visibility

Cisco Secure Firewall – NGFWv

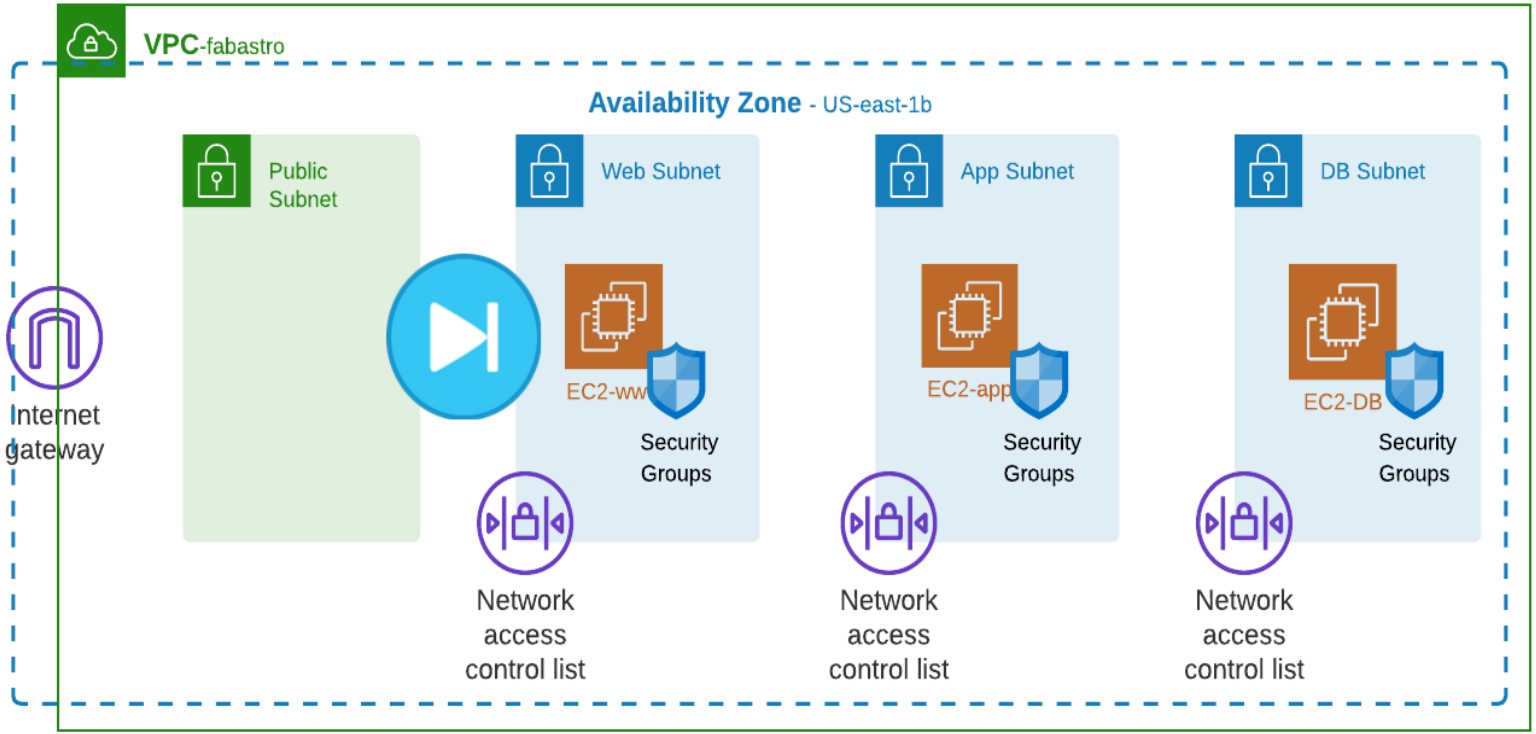


AVC – Application Visibility and Control
NGIPS – Next-Generation Intrusion Prevention System
AMP – Advanced Malware Protection
VPN – Virtual Private Network
URL – URL filtering
SI – Security Intelligence

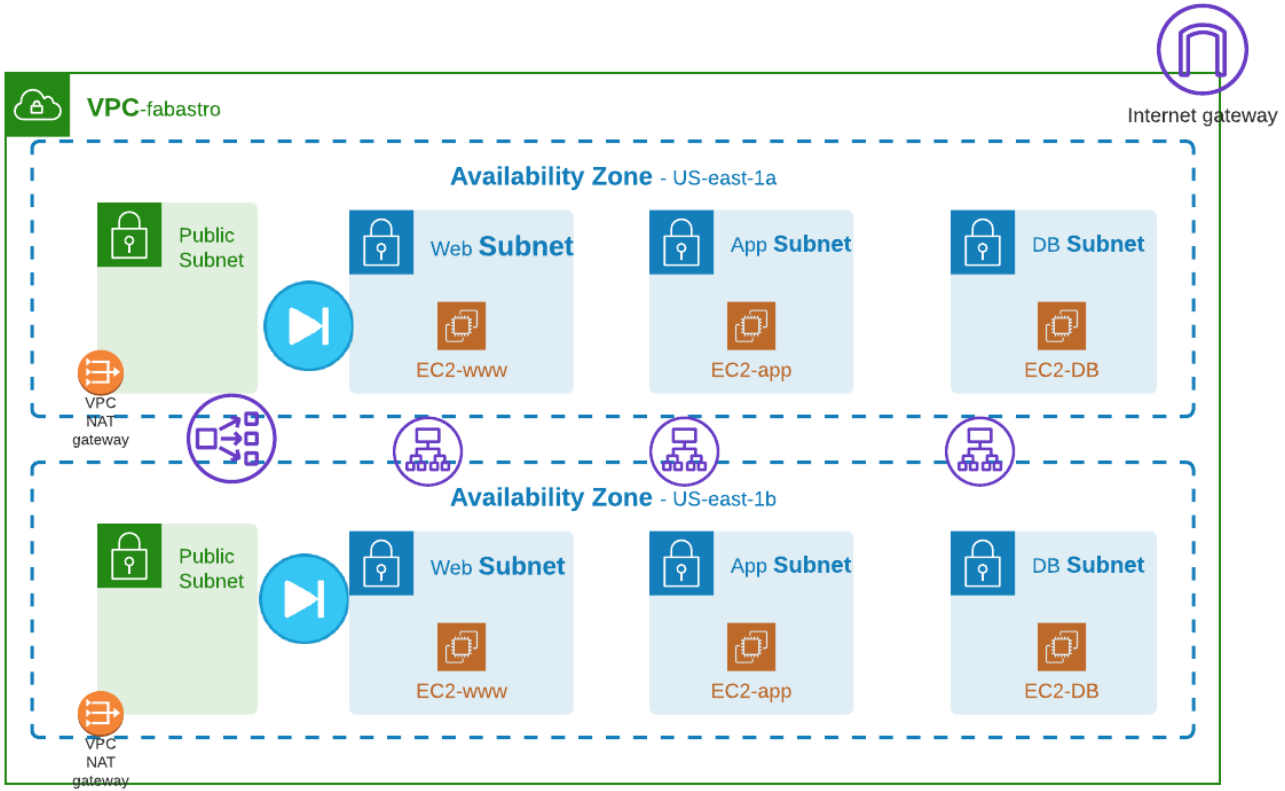
FTD Appliance

vmware aws KVM Microsoft Azure Google Cloud Platform ORACLE Cloud Infrastructure

Firewall in front of the “Application” VPC



FTD insertion with HA

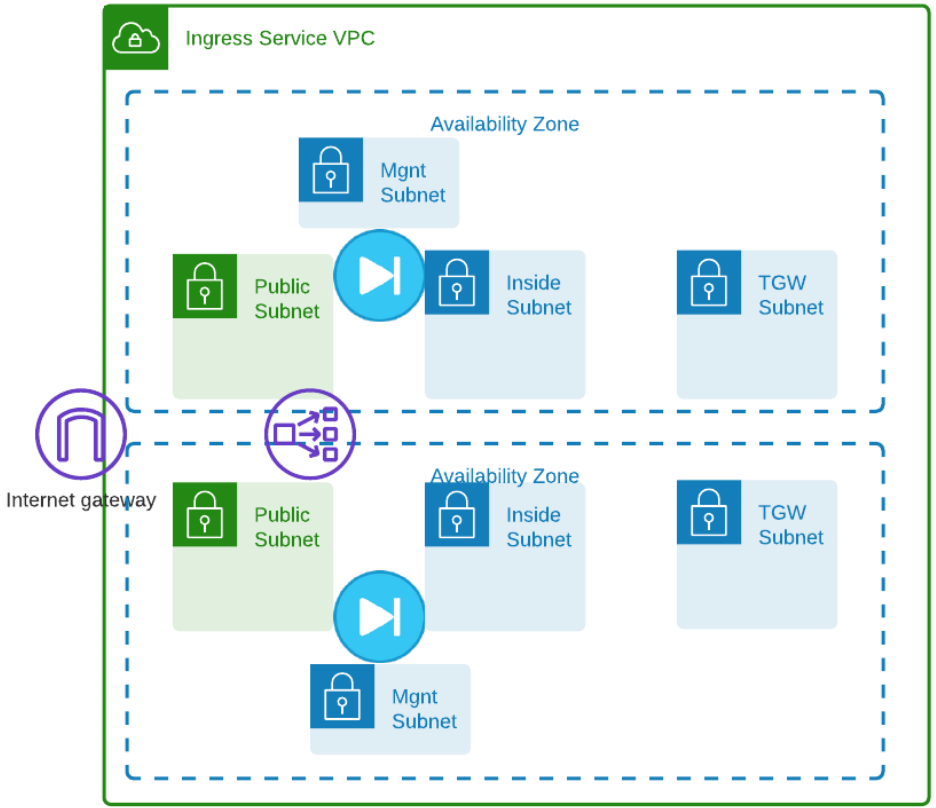


Limits of this design

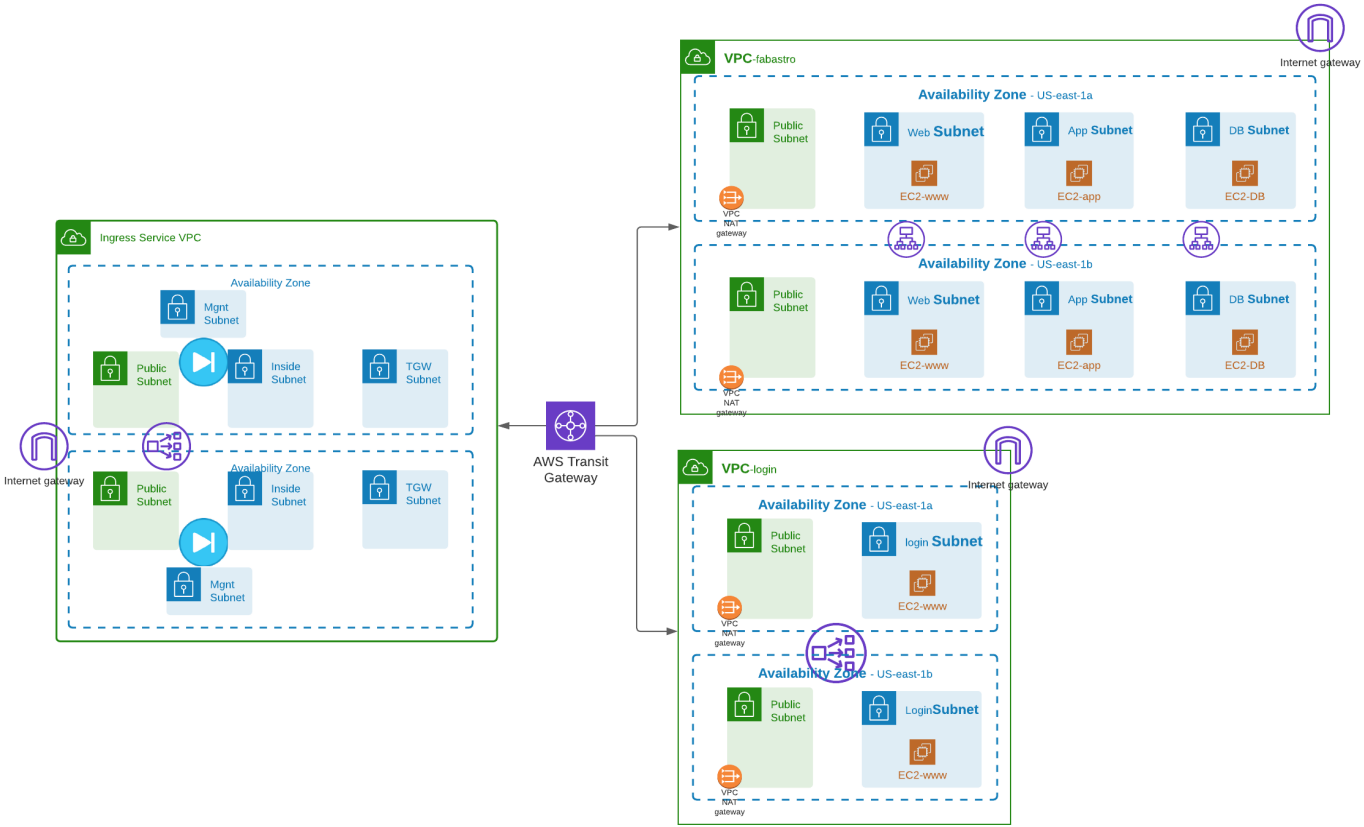
New Firewall pair for each applications

Double inspection for inter-VPC

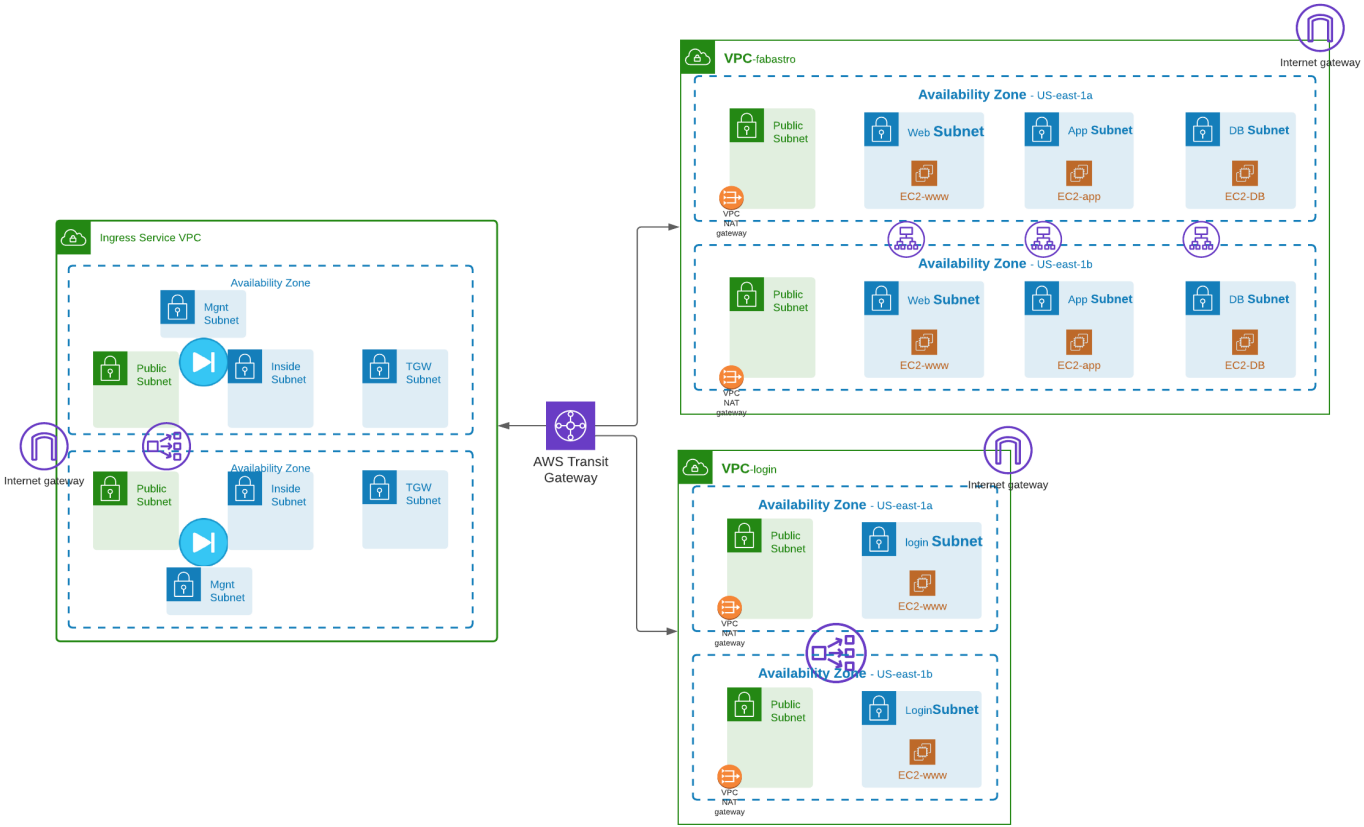
Ingress service VPC



Ingress Service VPC with FTD



North/South and East/West Service VPC



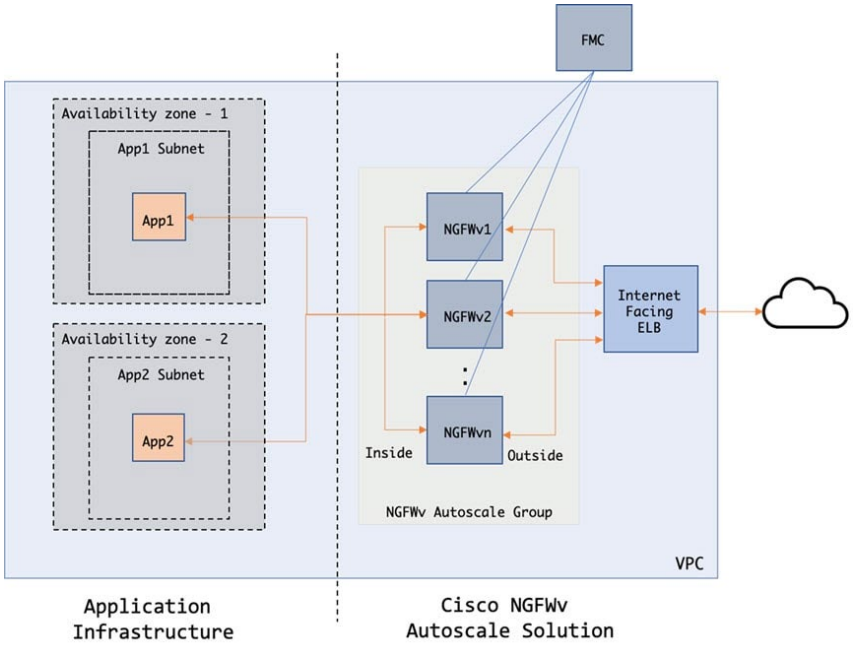
FTD AWS Insertion Configuration

- Create Ingress VPC
- Create Subnets (Outside, Inside, Management, TransitGateway)
- Create Interfaces (Outside, Inside, Management, Diagnostic)
- Create Security group policies for FTD interfaces
- Create FTD instances with 4 interfaces
- Create Network load-balancer

What to configure on FTD ?

- Interface outside and Inside
- Static route to DG outside and for the web server LB inside
- NAT Twice :
  - Destination NAT from Outside interface to destination web servers LB
  - Source NAT using FTD inside interface (for stickiness of the sessions)
- Access policy to allow web traffic

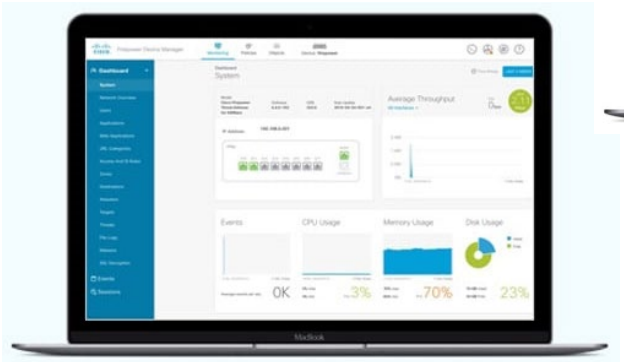
What about auto-scaling ?



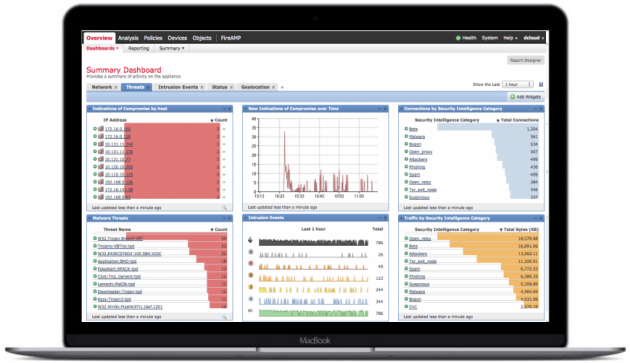
- Uses Lambda function
- Requires FMC
- Cloudformation templates provided

More information:
https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/quick_start/aws/ftdv-aws-gsg/ftdv-aws-autoscale.html

How do I manage my FTDs ?

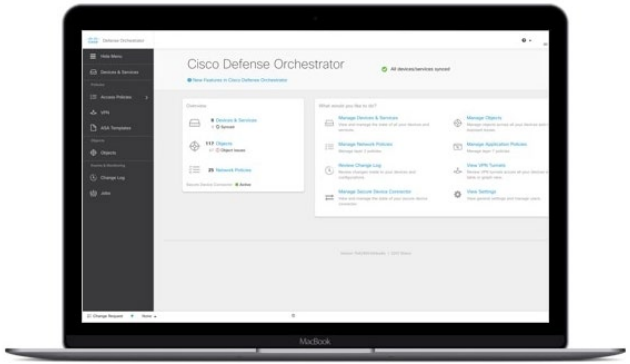


FDM



FirePower Management Center :

- On prem
- In AWS



CDO

Question about automation ?

In AWS

Ecosystem solutions

Quick demo

- FTD Insertion
- FTD configuration
- Cloudformation

What about Remote Access ?

What about Remote Access ?

- Access your EC2
- Super User with DNG
- Full access with RaVPN

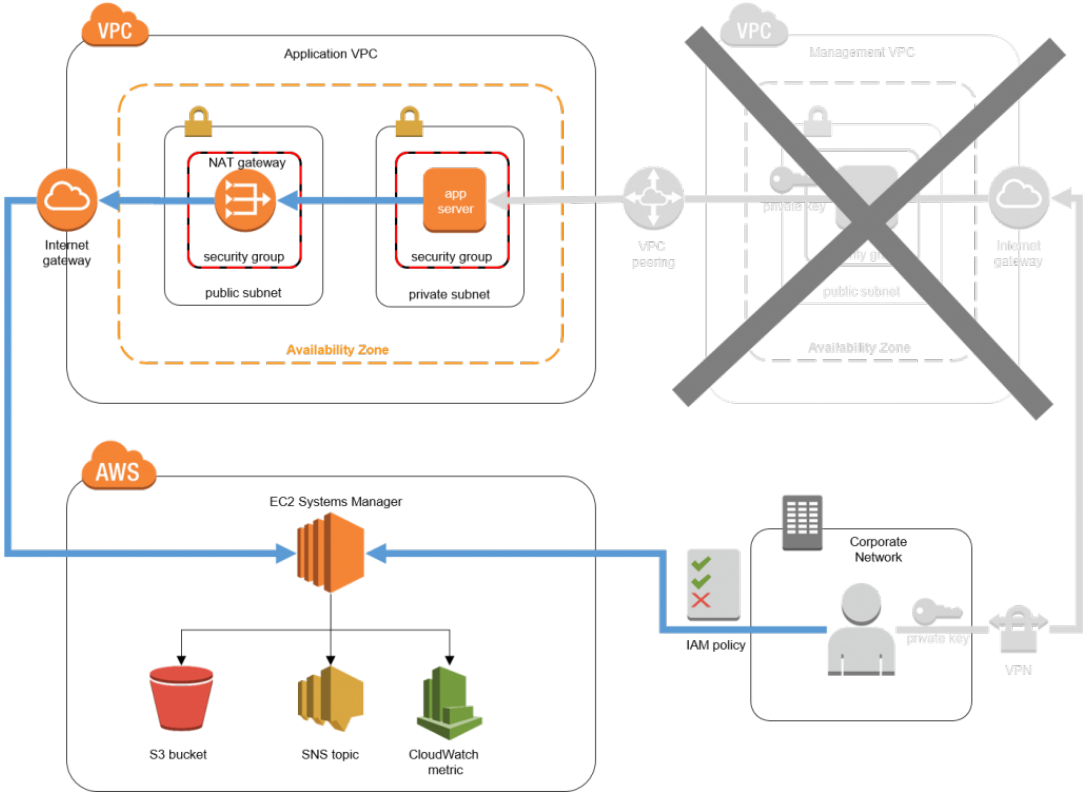
What about the EC2 instances management ?

- Direct access to the public IP Address?
- Bastion host

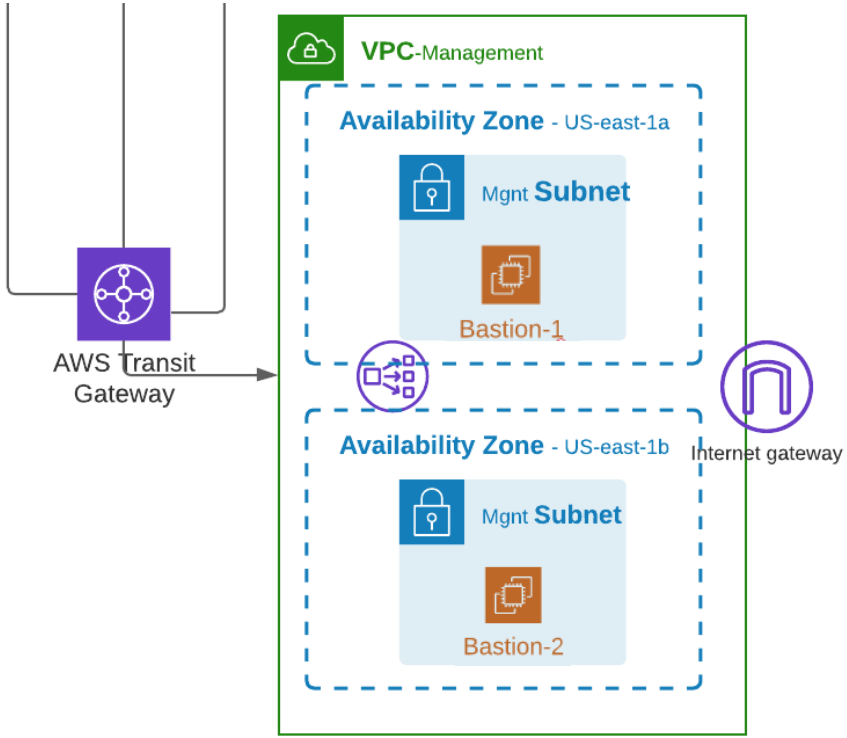
- Direct Connect from on-Prem or VPN

- Leverage AWS EC2 System Manager

AWS EC2 System Manager



Management VPC



Provide SuperUser secured Access

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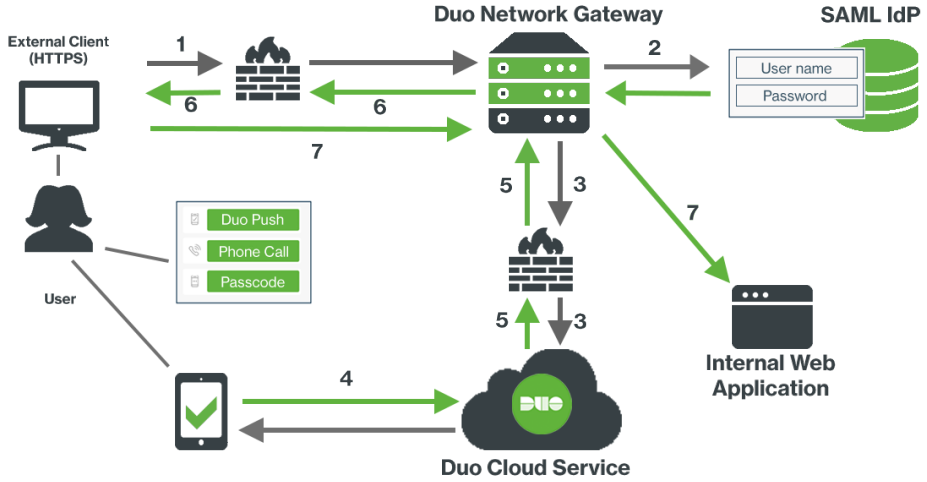
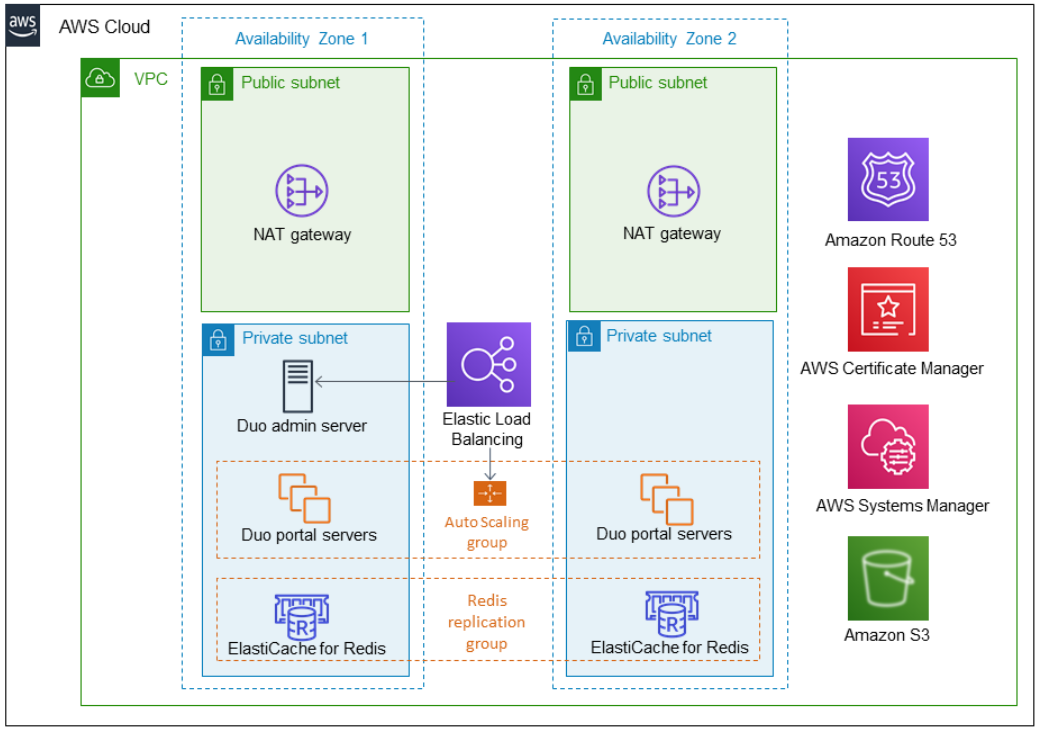
Provide SuperUser secured Access

What is Duo Network Gateway ?

The Duo Network Gateway enables organizations to provide Zero Trust Remote Access to web applications, web pages and SSH servers without the requirement of a VPN.

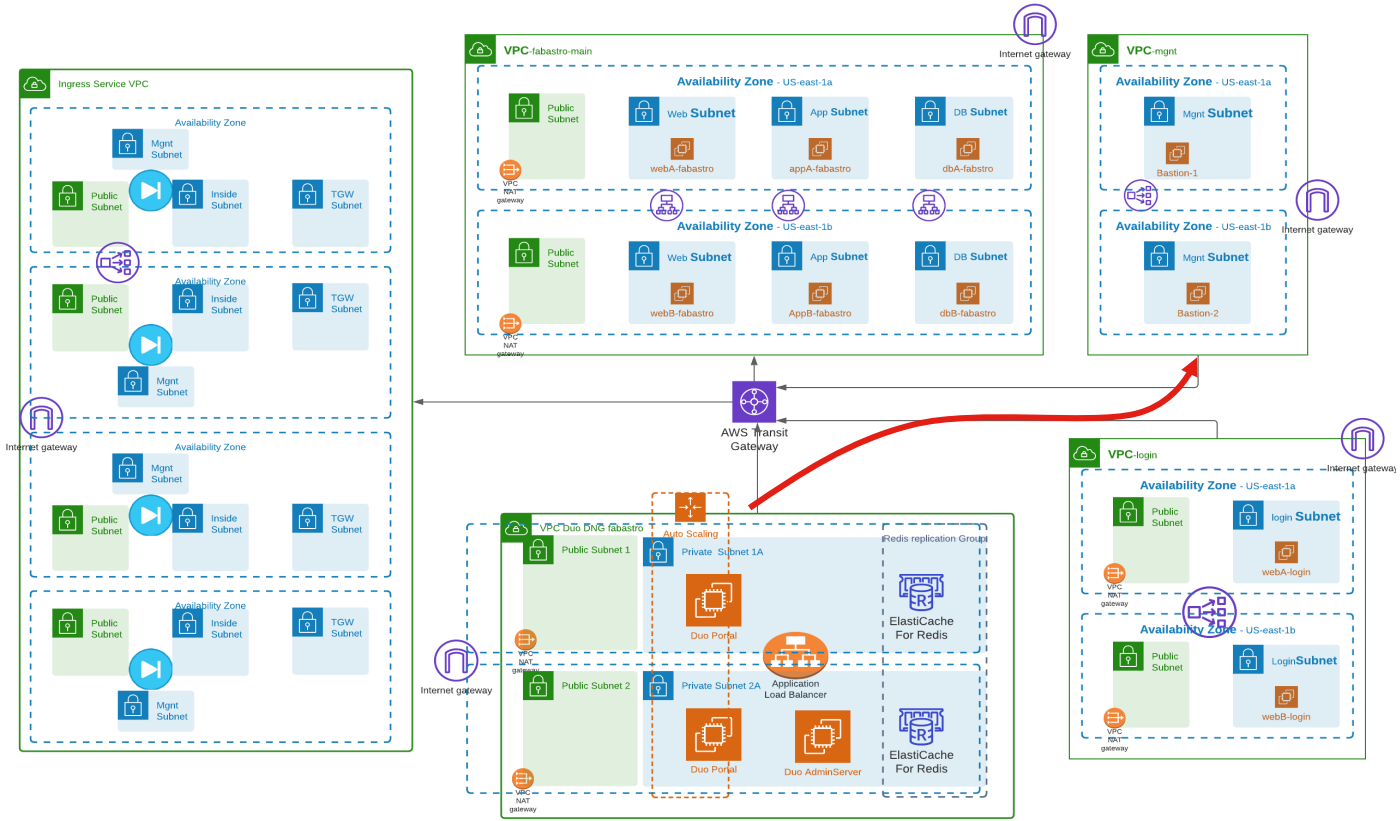




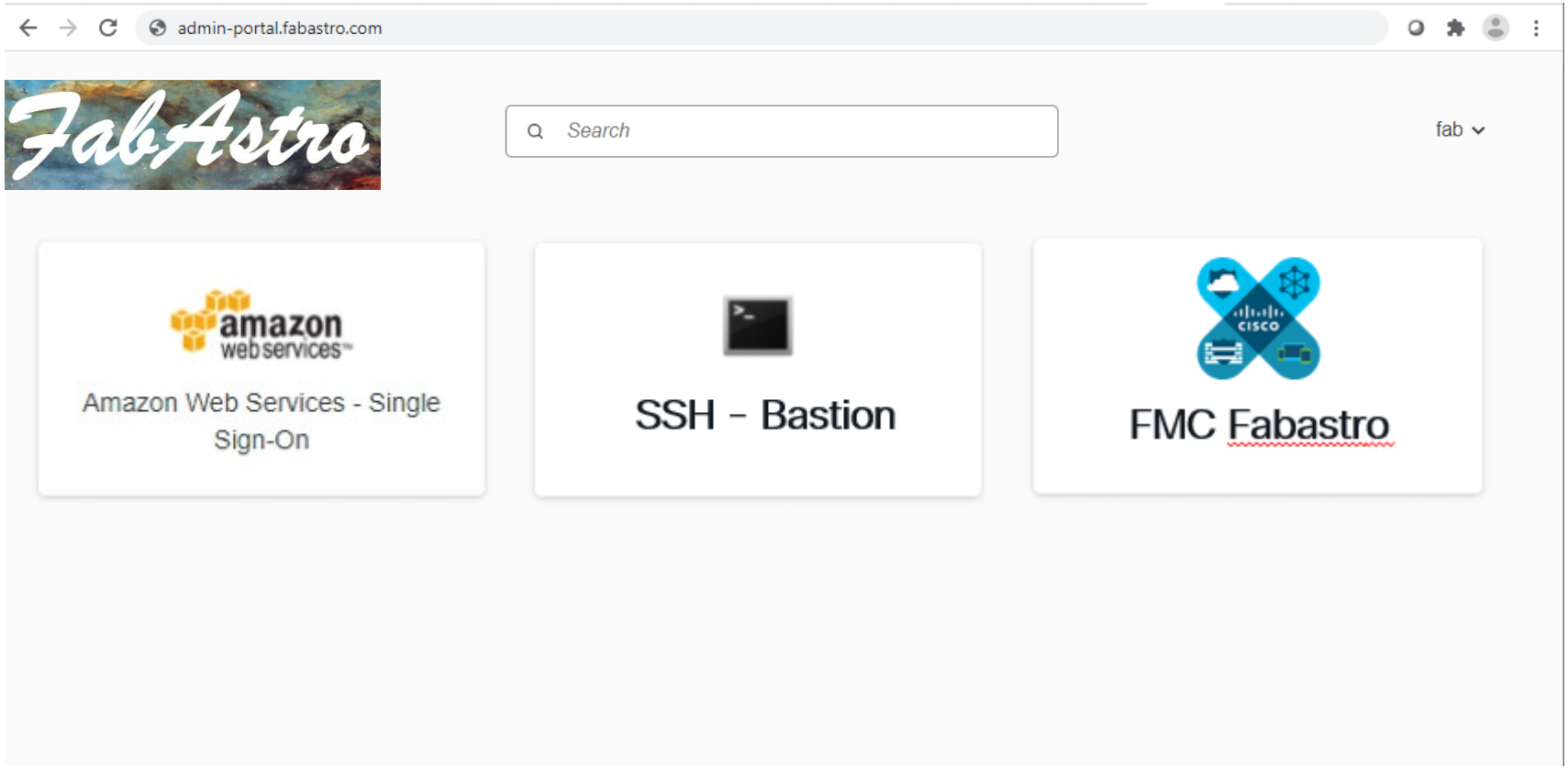
DNG Use Cases for FabAstro...or else

- An Accountant requires access to the on-premises Confluence instance to view internal documentation.
- A Software Engineer needs to push code to their internal repository.
- A Support Engineer needs access to a web portal that allows adjusting a feature flag for a customer.
- A Systems Architect wants to connect to a bastion host, switch, etc. without connecting to the VPN.

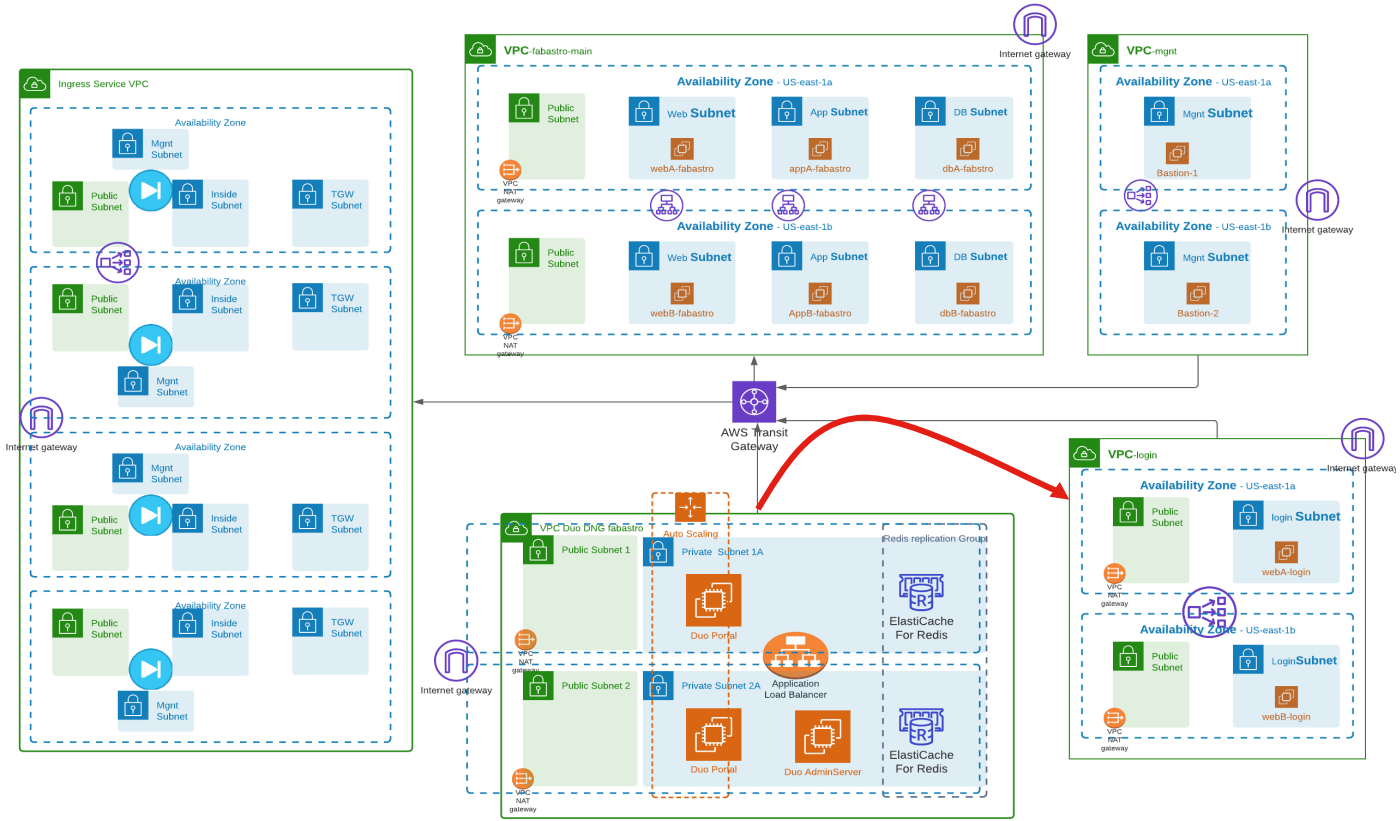
DNG in FabAstro: Access for Admins



Using DNG to access FabAstro Admin Portal



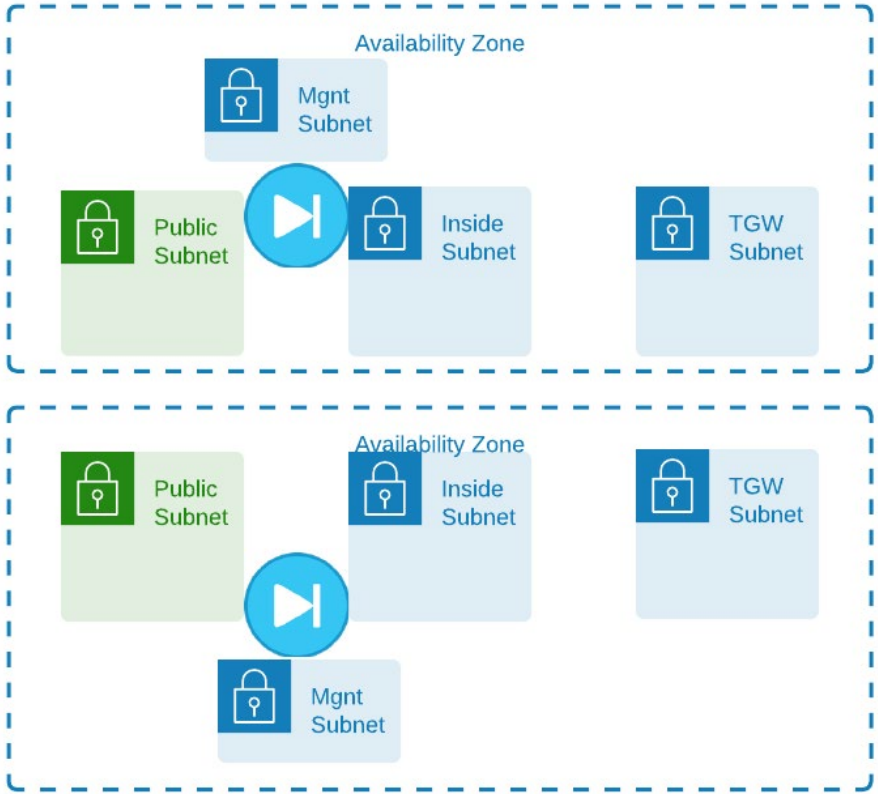
DNG in FabAstro: Web portal for Privileged Users



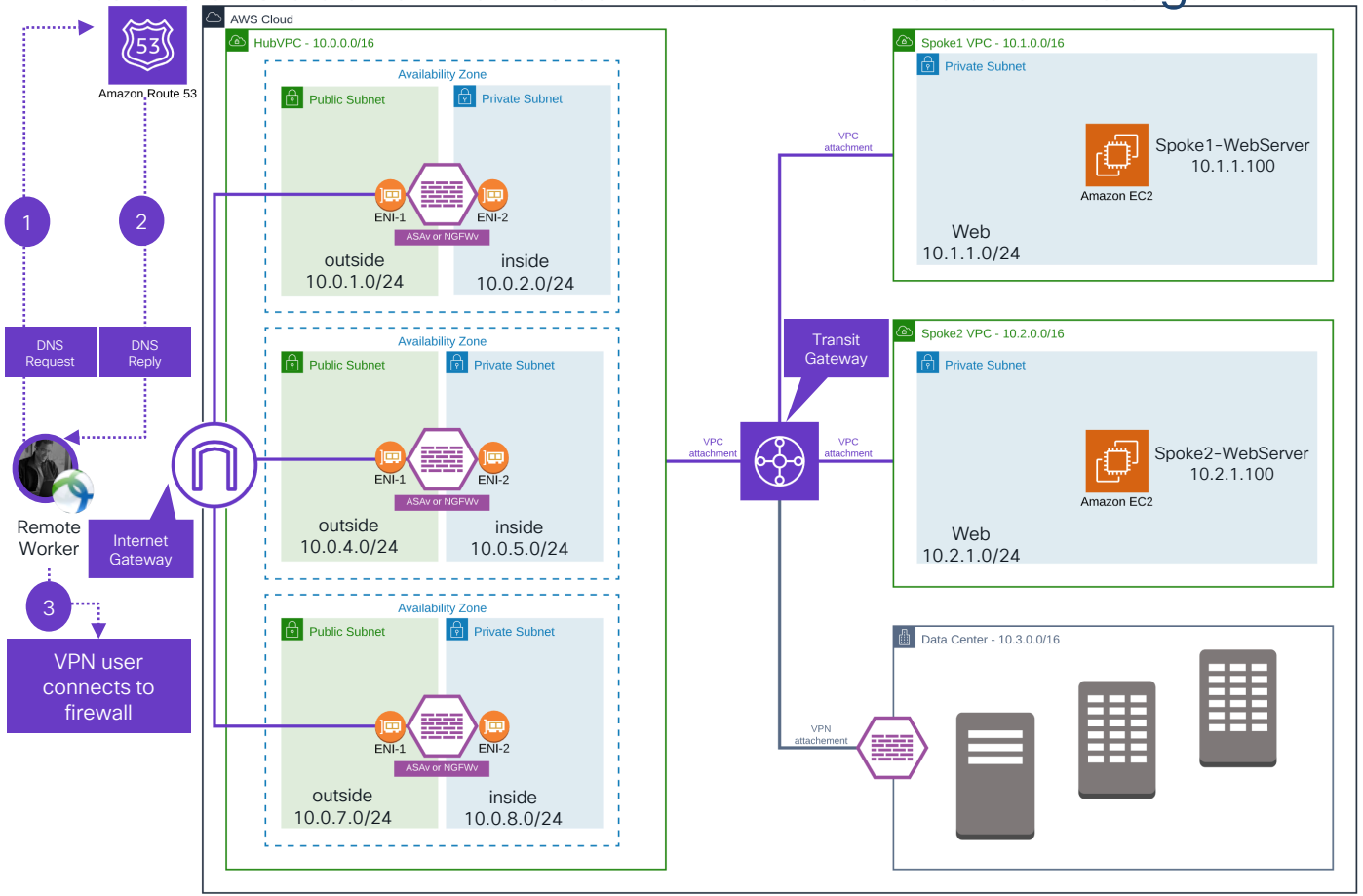
Quick demo

Deploy and configure remote access VPN

Remote Access to Management VPC

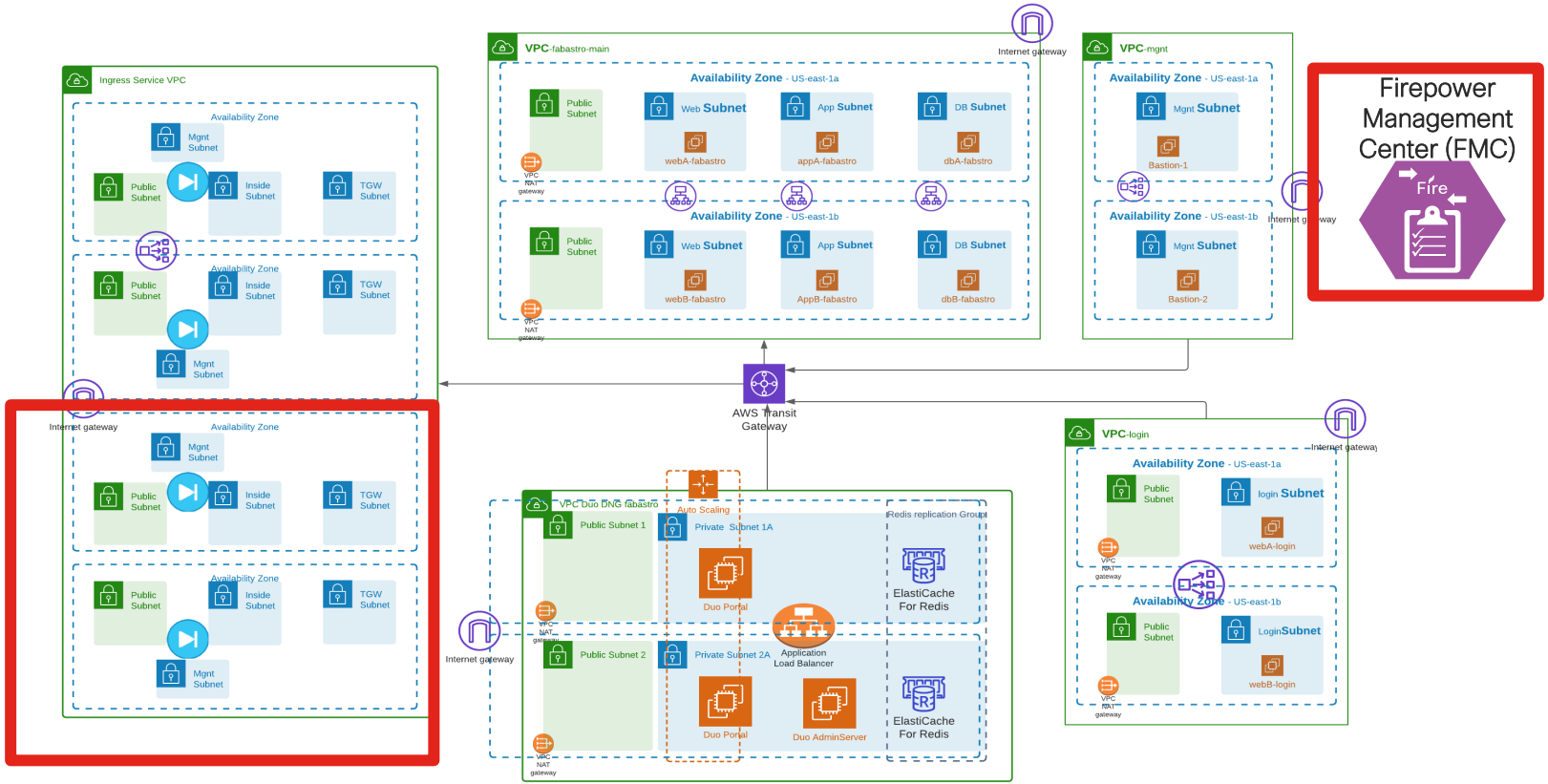


Cisco Secure Remote Worker Validated Design



- VPN Load balancing using Route53
- AWS Route 53 maintains host record for each firewall
- TTL is defined on AWS Route 53
- AWS Route53 health check to monitor firewall
- Each AZ may have multiple firewalls
- Cisco ASAv or NGFWv acts as a VPN concentrator
- Transit Gateway connects VPC using VPC attachment
- Transit Gateway connects to Data Center using VPN attachment

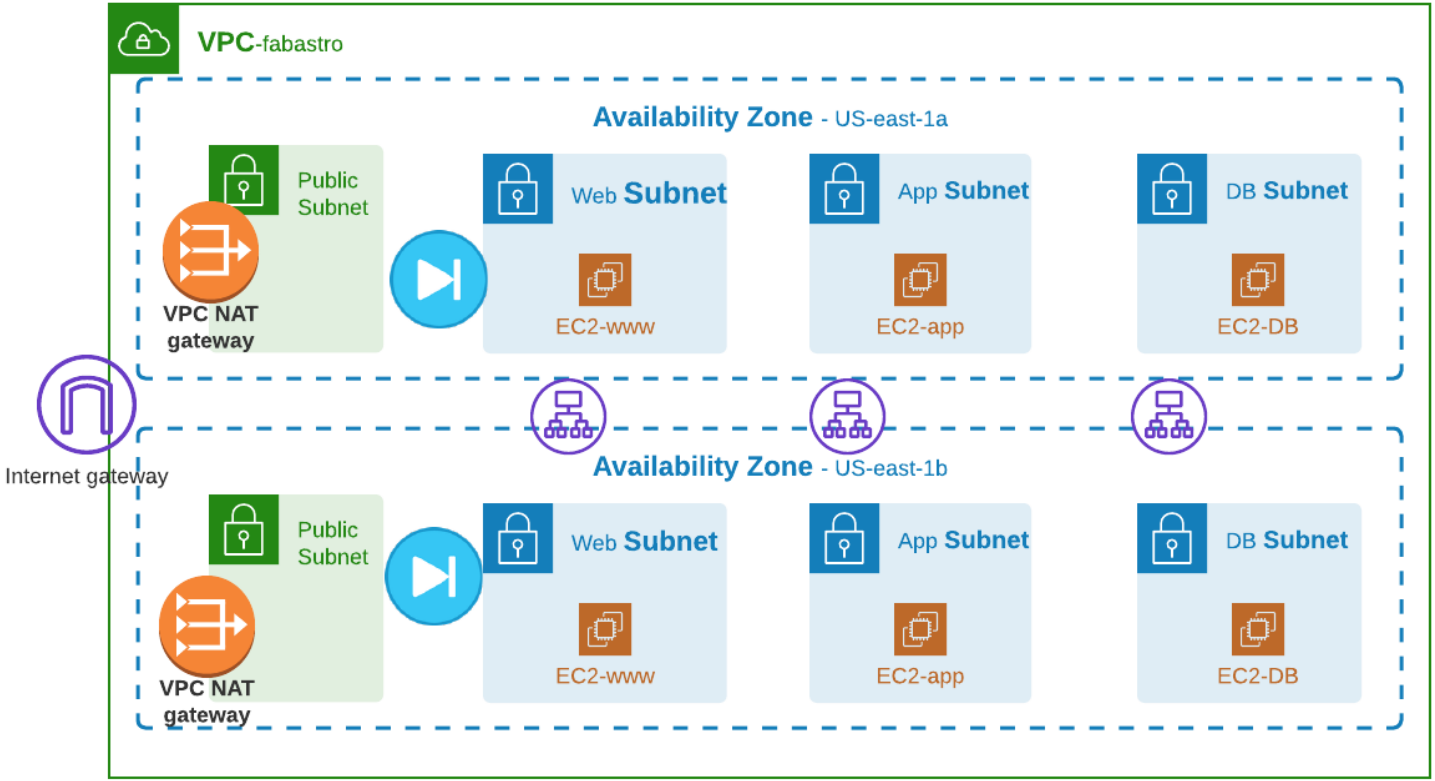
RAvpn with FTD and FMC in FabAstro



EC2 Instances Outgoing sessions

- Nat Gateway for each availability Zone
- Egress transit VPC

Example using Nat Gateway



Challenges with per VPC Nat Gateway

Scalability

Internet gateway and NatGateway per AZ for each VPC

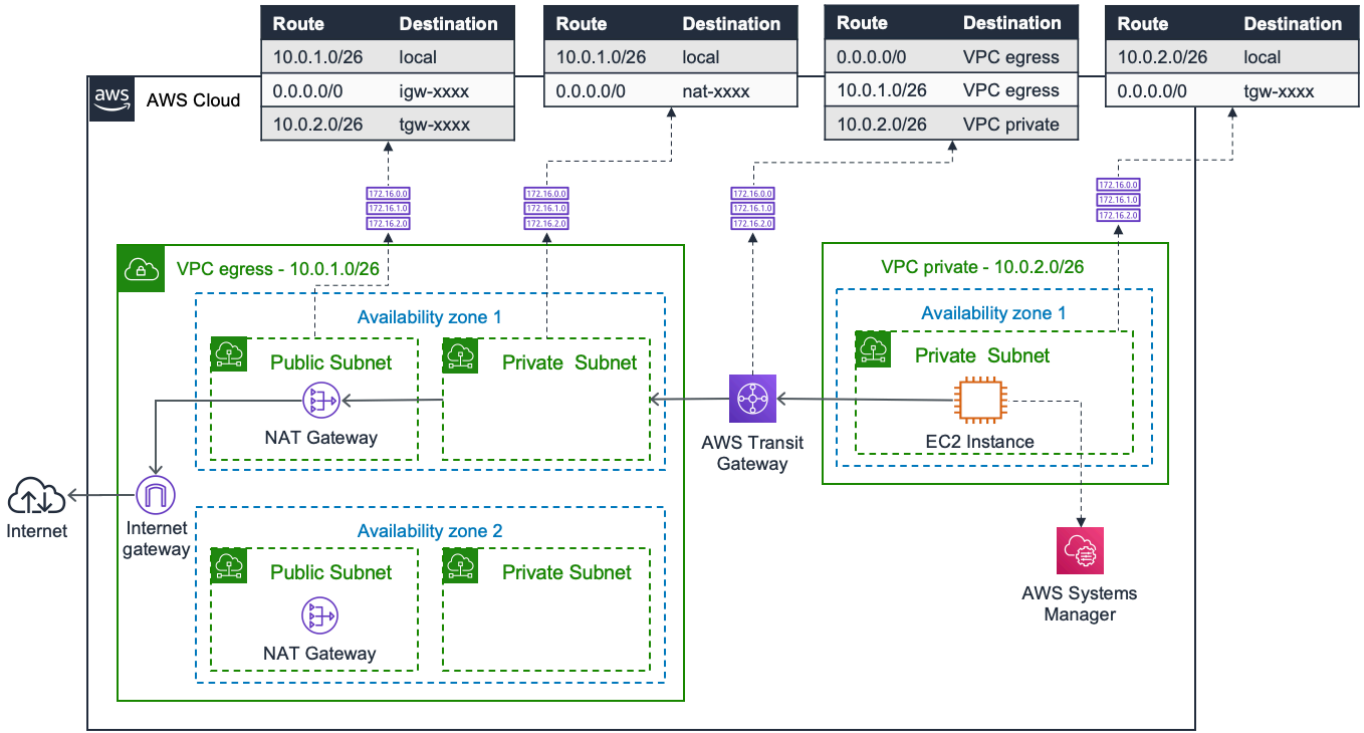
Financial

Refer to Scalability challenge

Security

No control nor visibility over outgoing sessionsh

Example using Egress Transit VPC



Possible to insert a single instance of NGFW per AZ

Security through visibility

- Native to AWS
- Cisco Secure Cloud
- Cisco Secure Workload

AWS Security Solutions

Identity

- AWS Identity & Access Management (IAM)
- AWS Organizations
- AWS Cognito
- AWS Directory Service
- AWS Single Sign-On

Detective control

- AWS Security Hub
- AWS CloudTrail
- AWS Config
- Amazon CloudWatch
- Amazon GuardDuty
- VPC Flow Logs
- AWS Detective

Secure Cloud Analytics

Infrastructure security

- AWS Control Tower
- Amazon EC2 Systems Manager
- AWS Shield
- AWS Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- Amazon Inspector
- Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

Secure Cloud Workload

Data protection

- AWS Key Management Service (KMS)
- AWS CloudHSM
- Amazon Macie
- Certificate Manager
- Server Side Encryption

Incident response

- AWS Config Rules
- AWS Lambda

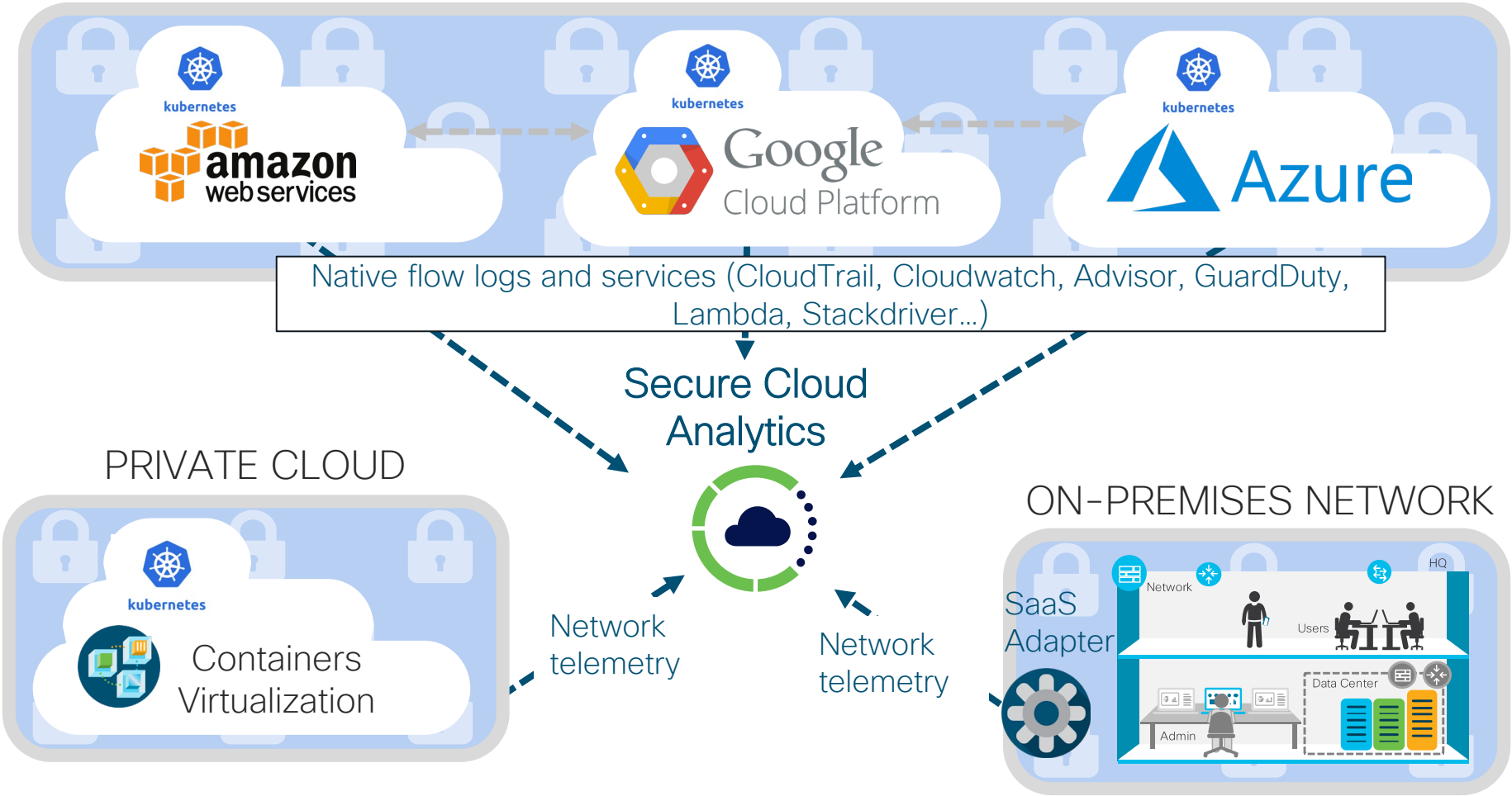
AWS GuardDuty Analytics

- ✓ DNS Detections with DNS logs
- ✓ Detections on EC2, S3, IAM
- ✓ Easy to activate & out-of-box detections
- ✓ Unsupervised Analytics

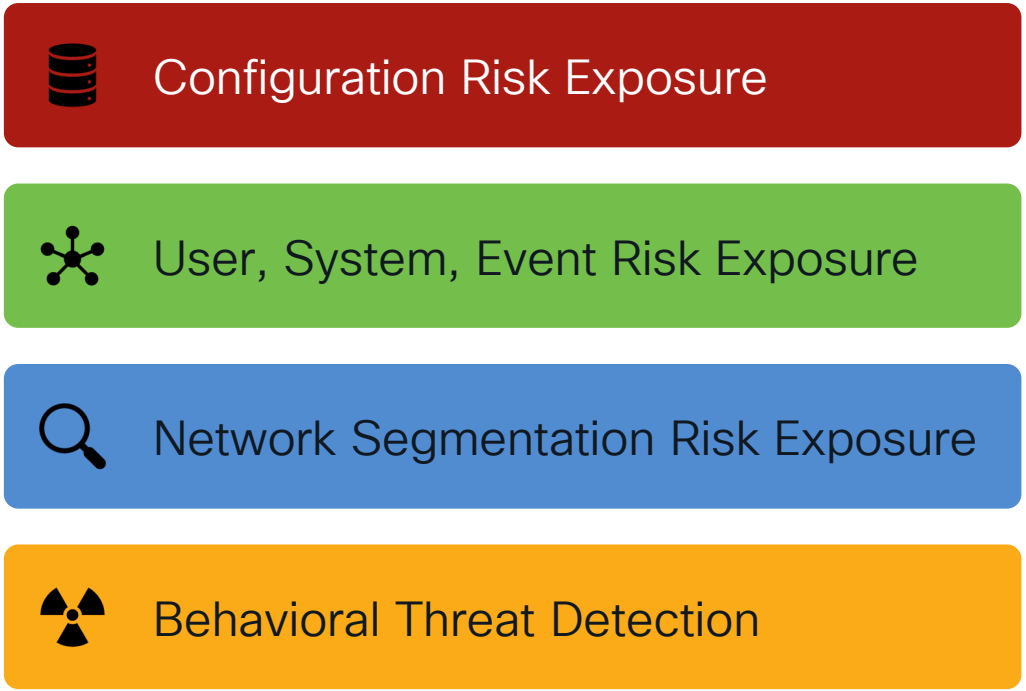
& Secure Cloud

- ✓ Correlation of SCA Detections & GuardDuty
- ✓ Unsupervised & Supervised Analytics
- ✓ Advanced detections on network traffic (baselining >30 days)
- ✓ Encrypted Traffic Analytics
- ✓ Combined visibility of all logs
- ✓ Customized alerts for compliance
- ✓ Enhanced investigation with drill-down into dataset

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/apn/cloud-posture-and-threat-analytics-with-cisco-secure-cloud-analytics/



Secure Cloud Analytics Engine



Cloud Security Maturity

- **Visibility**
  What do we have, and how important is it to our business?
- **Compliance**
  Am I following best practices and regulatory guidelines?
- **Security Posture**
  Are resources being locked down properly?
- **Internal Policy**
  Are resources & users following our established guidelines?
- **Advanced Detection and Response**
  How effectively can I detect and respond to a breach?

Host based security

Tetration

How do we address this with Secure Workload?

Contain lateral movement

Microsegmentation

Identify behavior anomalies

Process and communication

Continuously track security compliance

Policy compliance

Reduce attack surface

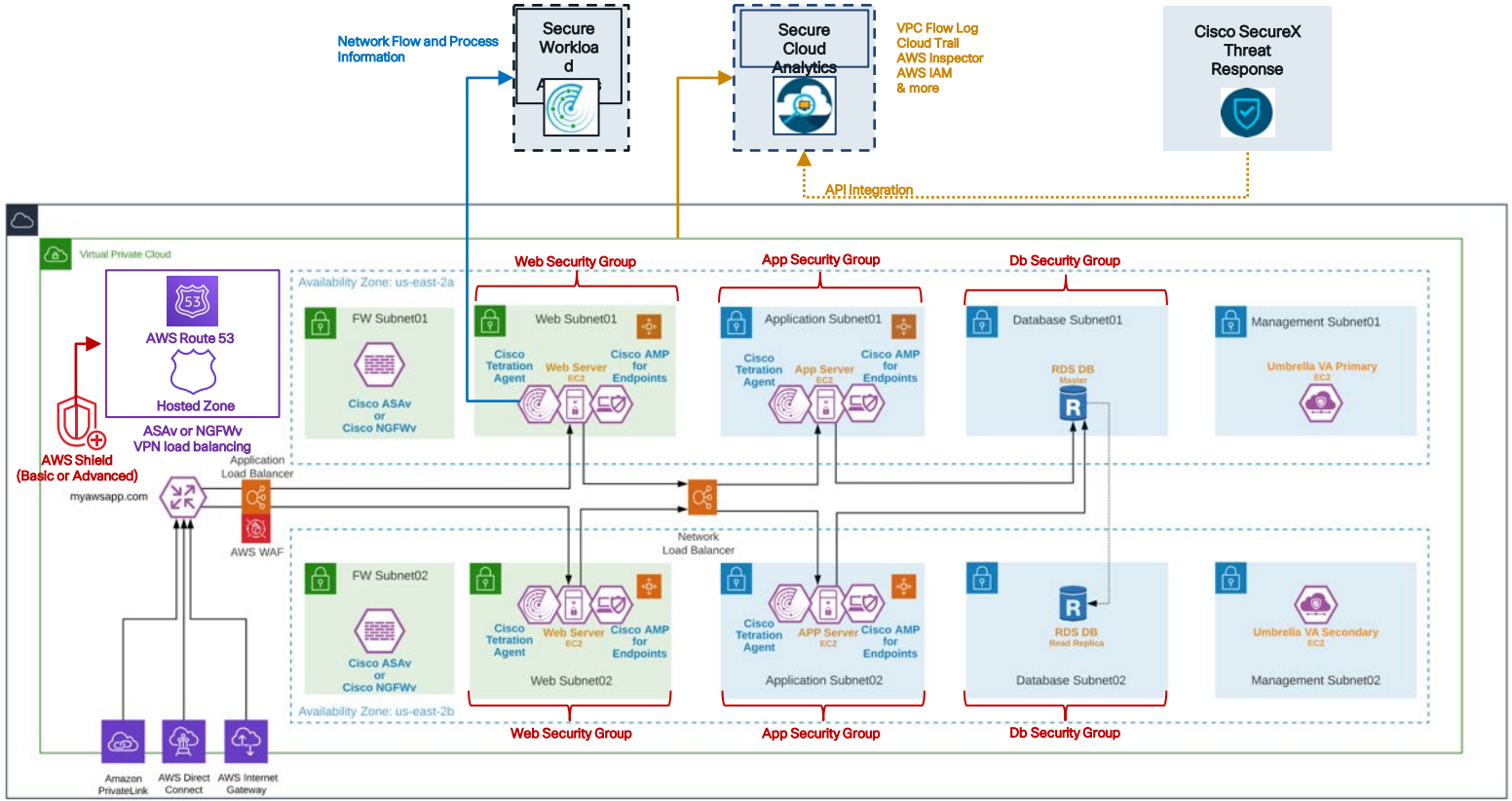
Software vulnerability

Conclusion

Cisco Validate Design Guide for AWS / Azure

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/solutions/collateral/enterprise/design-zone-security/secure-aws-design.pdf
https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/solutions/collateral/enterprise/design-zone-security/safe-azure-design-guide.pdf

Cisco Secure Cloud Architecture for AWS



The bridge to possible

Thank you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